THE DAILY PRESS.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Big ripe tomatoes are being plucked from gardens in various parts of the city.

—The exempt firemen of this city will hold a meeting in the Truck House this evening at eight o'clock.

—A dog, which is supposed to have been attacked with the rabies, was shot on West Sixth street, yesterday.

—Turtles ranging in age from twenty to one hundred and fifty years, are being found in various sections of the State.

—Mr. Milton A. Craft will lead the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms this evening. Topic: "Abiding in Christ." John 15.

—Several times on Saturday our presses were started up after the regular edition was run off, to supply the increased demand for THE PRESS.

—The burning question of the hour is whether the person who sits next to the car window or some other fellow has the right to control said window.

—On Saturday before Justice Austin, in the case of Drake *vs.* Christi, on motion of Jackson & Codington, attorneys for the defendant Christi, a non suit was granted with costs.

—Those who found fault because of the day's heat will be finding an equal amount of fault six months hence because they are compelled to shovel ice and snow from their sidewalks. So the world goes.

—A band of gypsies are encamped at Round Park near the Fair Grounds. During the day the women folks go about the city telling fortunes, and the men transact their usual business of trading horses.

—A farmer named McFall, living near the ten-mile lock, between Bound Brook and New Brunswick, had a valuable horse struck by lightning and instantly killed on Friday. Messrs. Jones & Co., of this city, removed the animal to their fertilizing pits.

—The attendance at Warren Mission Chapel yesterday numbered about 300 scholars. Councilman Dunham superintended the exercises, in his usual pleasing manner, and the extreme heat did not seen to lessen the interest in the service in the least.

—A bay horse attached to a sulky was being driven along Belvidere avenue on Saturday afternoon about five o'clock, when the animal dropped dead. The horse is said to have been owned by a young man in North Plainfield, and is thought to have been over driven. It was worth about $150.

—The Elizabeth *Journal* of Saturday said: "The grocery clerks of Plainfield will celebrate the first anniversary of their early closing association by a street parade with a band of music." As it was just a year ago to-day that the grocers and jewelers adopted the early closing scheme, we have held this issue back to give the celebration the full report it deserves. But the day has almost passed and the band has not yet begun to play.

—"Stretcher," a valuable pet horse belonging to ex-President of the Common Council B. F. Coriell, was taken suddenly ill with colic early on Saturday morning. A veterinary Surgeon labored with the sick animal all day, but he died in great agony during the evening. Mr. Coriell says the horse has been owned in the family for the past fifteen or sixteen years, and that he had refused an offer of $350 for him, so great had become the attachment between animal and owner.

—The regular monthly meeting of the City Council will take place this evening, provided a sufficient number of the Councilmen to constitute a quorum can be induced to face the oppressive heat and spend a few hours in the sweat-box, otherwise known as the Council Chamber. One of the most important features of the meeting will be the resurrecting of the dog ordinance, the appointing of dog catchers and the establishment of a pound for the incarceration of the brutes.

Arrested for Stealing Rides on Trains.

When the "owl train" arrived at the depot in this city at 1:25 o'clock a. m. yesterday, officers Grant and McCue gathered in three young men who were found beating their way on the front platform of one of the cars. They were all locked up over Sunday, and this morning arraigned before Judge Ulrich at the station house. The first one brought out gave his name as Robert Reed, and his residence as Somerville. He looked like a genuine countryman, and was very nervous. The young man's mother and some relatives had been summoned from Somerville by telegram, and when the Judge put the customary questions to the prisoner, the latter broke completely down and wept like a child. He said that in company with another young man he had walked to Cranford to visit his aunt. They were without money and boarded the train to ride home. Judge Ulrich told him that he was old enough to know better, and said that stealing rides on the cars was as bad as stealing a pocketbook. The prisoner's mother cried loudly while the Judge was giving her son a bit of sound advice, which it is thought will prove a lesson to him in the future. He was fined five dollars.

Max Bartow was the next prisoner arraigned. He was a companion of Reed, and also gave way to his feelings. He pleaded the baby act, by stating that he did not know it was in violation of the law to beat his way on a passenger train. Judge Ulrich led him to believe, however, that he had violated the law when he also imposed a five dollar fine on him. A collection was taken up among the women which resulted in a shortage of thirty-five cents for "Robbie's fare home" which the Judge kindly loaned them.

"Francis Gilhooley," answered the next prisoner when Judge Ulrich asked him his name. "He was drunk and beating his way," said officer Grant who lodged the complaint against him. "Five dollars or thirty days," said the Judge. He took the latter.

Reform Club Meeting.

Considering the state of the weather Reform Hall last night held a large audience. President French was in the chair, and Freeholder Vanderbeek at the head of his most excellent choir. The devotional exercises were conducted by Doctor Ketcham, the well-known pastor of the First Presbyterian church, who afterwards, as speaker of the evening, delivered a pleasing and instructive address. Doctor Ketcham with his accustomed power antagonized intoxicating liquors as the cause of human misery and degredation, and urged his hearers to work for the day when the traffic should be denied lawful authority. The reverend gentleman sustained many points of his argument by apt illustrations drawn from foreign travel, and made the pleasant remark, that he saw nothing abroad more attractive than the beautiful city of Plainfield. President French followed with a few energetic remarks, in course of which he called special attention to the Rockaway excursion of Tuesday, August 9th., promising great enjoyment and asking for liberal patronage. Benediction by Doctor Ketcham brought the meeting to a close.

Malicious Mischief.

In another column will be found a notice offering a reward of ten dollars for information that will lead to the conviction of the person or persons who maliciously broke the windows in the Holy Cross church on Saturday last. Many of the handsome and costly stained glass windows in the church were demolished, and the cost of replacing the same will be considerable. Inside the building many stones were picked up measuring from one-and-a-half inches to five inches in diameter. Such lawlessness should not be tolerated, and will not if the names of the guilty parties can be ascertained. Only a few days ago we told of an instance where nine gasoline lamps were broken in one night in various parts of the city, and the offenders have as yet been allowed to go unpunished.

Netherwood Chapel Affairs.

The vestry of Grace church, in response to the request of the Netherwood people for their consent to organize a diocesan mission, passed a resolution consenting "to the holding of services at Netherwood chapel under such regulations as may be considered necessary by the bishop of the diocese and rector of this parish." We understand that this action is not regarded by the Netherwood people as acquiescing in their wishes for a diocesan mission, as it leaves the services under the control of Grace church. What the ambitious suburb desires is an organization independent of any parish control.

A Dividend Declared.

The City National Bank of this city is being run on a paying basis. As will be seen by the notice in another column, the Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of three and one-half per cent. out of the earnings of the past six months. The dividend is payable on and after to-morrow, August 2nd.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Sophie Westerfield, of Easton, Penn., is visiting her cousin, Miss Lottie Westerfield, of North Plainfield.

Mr. W. H. Baker, a druggist from Clinton, N. J., spent Sunday with his father, Rev. Mr. Baker, of Second street.

Mrs. J. W. Jackson and daughter, Miss Carrie, of Crescent avenue, have returned from their Summer house at the seashore.

Assistant Postmaster John L. Force and Henry Willett, are guests of the Surf House, Asbury Park, for the next two weeks.

Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh's name appeared on the blotter as among those registered at the Globe Hotel, Red Bank, yesterday.

Messrs. M. Estil and G. A. Hallock made their customary weekly trip to the seashore on Saturday; stopping over Sunday at the Coleman House, Asbury Park.

Mr. C. W. Hillman, Superintendent of the Warren Mission Sunday School, and family of Second place, have gone to Ocean Grove for the remainder of the season.

Rev. Messrs. Goodrich and Richards both occupied their pulpits yesterday morning, the former in the Congregational church and the latter in the Crescent Avenue church.

Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, the pastor, conducted the usual service in the First Baptist church yesterday morning, and at its close administered the right of baptism to one candidate.

Rev. Wm. Day a former pastor of the M. E. church, but now of Elizabeth, occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church in this city, yesterday, in the absence of the Rev. J. B. Van Meter, the pastor.

Mr. Joseph W. Savage with his bride *nee* Miss Lottie Pike of East Front street, sail to-day for California going by the Isthmus of Panama. Mr. Savage is interested in the Napa Railway, now building.

Charles F. Randolph, an infant son of Sylvester and Catherine Randolph, died at his parent's residence at Evona, yesterday, aged eight months and eighteen days. Cholera infantum was the cause of death. Funeral from the house to-morrow at 2:30 p. m.

David, the infant son of David and Catherine Levers of Pamrapo, N. J., died at the residence of his uncle, Mr. John Levers, Dunellen, during Saturday morning last. The funeral services were held at the house this afternoon at one o'clock, and the body was taken on the 2:10 train to Phillipsburg for interment.

The young men in Plainfield and many other places are discovering that Mr. John Leal can store their minds with sound and lasting knowledge, ably fitting them for business or collegiate lives. This is Mr. Leal's sixth school year, and all young men who have attended his school, speak in the most flattering terms of his ability as a teacher.

Alexander Shotwell of Pearl street, North Plainfield, was for about fifteen years a clerk in the employ of the late Dr. Lewis Craig, when the drug store and post office was located at the corner of Front street and Park avenue. The Second Presbyterian Church, now the Crescent avenue, was at that time standing on the sites now occupied by Messrs. S. H. Whitney and J. G. Miller on East Front street.

George Coleman, a former resident of North Plainfield, but now of Orange, and at present a brakeman on the Watchung railroad, while in the act of coupling cars at the Main Street Station, in that place on Friday last, was caught between the bumpers of the cars and sustained serious injury to his hips. He was taken to the Coleman House, which is kept by his brother John, and from last reports he was improving rapidly.

A private telegram from Mr. George Thatcher, of the Thatcher, Primrose & West minstrel combination, to Postmaster Force, dated Milwaukee, Wis., says:

"New departure glorious success. Houses packed to suffocation."

The combination opened at Milwaukee, the 30th. The many friends of Mr. Thatcher in this section will be pleased to learn of the success attending their new and expensive venture.

Rev. Cornelius Schenck, the recently installed pastor of Trinity Reformed church, will leave town to-morrow morning for a month's recreation in upper New York State. During his absence his address will be at the Hilton House, Haines' Corners, Greene county, N. Y., the present location of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. VanNest of East Second street. Mr. L. L. Martin and family of North Plainfield are also Summering there.

County Clerk Crowell has received a postal from J. M. Kennedy, an attorney-at-law at Marysville, Ohio, stating that a reward of $100 will be paid for any information that will lead to the finding of Adolphus P. Ruggles and Frank Ruggles, who signs his name as "Frank C. Stickney." It is further stated that a fortune awaits the men, and the reward will be paid as soon as they are identified by their mother who resides at that place.

Base Ball.

Plainfield base-ballers won twice in one day, Saturday, and cleaned the clocks of teams from Orange and at Elizabeth. In spite of the weather it was a cold day for the nines that stood up against those of the city and the Borough. Following are the results in full:

NORTH PLAINFIELD *vs.* ELIZABETH.

When the "Actives" of the Borough of North Plainfield arrived at Elizabeth on the 2:25 train from this city, Saturday afternoon, the ball players of that bankrupt town turned up their noses at the slim athletes that came from over-the-brook. The principal backer of the "Madisons" was surprised that his bets were all covered so quickly—but he's been more sorry than surprised ever since. The captain of the "Madisons" laughed at the idea of "such a lot of Plainfield kids" playing against his nine—but he stopped laughing after the first inning, and took a walk home after the seventh. The following score, however, tells the story:

ACTIVES.	R.	O.	MADISONS.	R.	O.
R. Townley, p.	4	2	C. Titus, 1b.	0	3
Truss, rf.	3	3	Geimer, p.	0	4
Cadmus, c.	2	3	H. Titus, 2b.	0	3
W. Townley, cf.	1	5	Carter, 3b.	0	4
Young, ss.	3	3	Baker, 1b.	1	3
Talliant, 1b.	2	3	Smith, rf.	0	4
Voehl, 3b.	3	3	Sauer, ss.	1	1
Dawe, rf.	2	2	Cowell, cf.	0	3
Mattox, 2b.	2	3	Gratin, lf.	0	2
	22	27		2	27

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Actives	2	4	2	3	7	1	2	1	0	—22.
Madisons	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	— 2.

PLAINFIELD *vs.* SOUTH ORANGE.

A little more practice together and the Y. M. C. A.'s of Plainfield are the equal of any like nine in the State. Good material and plenty of it, is its stock—and it is all of the church militant. The members are muscular and strike from the shoulder, and in Saturday's game against the "Actives" of South Orange, gathered in 45 runs while giving their adversaries but 7. Amid the sweltering heat the visitors were called upon to be most *active* in the field, but nowhere else. Pinckney was knocked to smithereens, and his support chased the ball over every inch of the ground. He sent eight men to first by hitting them, and the umpire sent eight more because of his wild pitching. The Y. M. C. A.'s played excently and deserved their victory. We understand that having faithfully attended to home missions, they will next devote themselves to foreign and visit Newark on Saturday next. We trust they will not there find the Cannibal Isles. The score in detail is as follows:

Y. M. C. A.

	AB	R	O	1B	Po	A
Cornwell, c. f.	9	7	1	5	0	0
Demarest, l. f.	9	6	3	5	0	0
Dilts, s. s.	8	7	1	4	1	4
McMurray, c.	8	4	3	4	7	1
Gavett, 1 b.	8	2	5	5	7	0
Doane, 3 b.	8	4	4	1	1	0
Murray, r. f.	8	5	2	4	7	1
Chamberlain, 2 b.	8	5	2	4	3	2
Cadmus, p.	8	5	3	5	1	3
	74	45	24	37	27	11

ACTIVES.

C. Pinckney, r. f.	5	2	3	2	0	0
Spear, s. s.	5	3	2	1	0	1
J. Pinckney, p.	5	0	2	2	2	4
Vanderkeef, 2 b.	5	0	3	0	2	3
L. Byron, c.	5	0	4	0	5	4
C. Byron, l. f.	5	0	4	0	4	0
Hamlin, 1 b.	4	1	3	2	8	0
Rutherford, c. f.	4	1	3	0	0	0
W. Pinckney, 3 b.	4	0	3	2	3	1
	42	7	27	9	24	13

Y. M. C. A.	3	8	10	6	11	2	1	4	*	—45
ACTIVE.	1	0	0	0	4	0	1	0	1	— 7

Home Runs—Demarest: Two Base Hits—Cadmus, 2, Dilts, Chamberlain, J. Pinckney: Struck out by Cadmus—L. Byron, 3, C. Byron, 2, Hamlin, 2, Vanderkeef, 2, Spear, 1, Rutherford, 1, J. Pinckney, 1; by "Actives"—Demarest; Base on Balls—Cadmus, 2, Dilts, 2, Murray, 2, Cornwell, 1, Doane, 1, Hamlin, 1, W. Pinckney, 1; Hit with Ball—Dilts, 3, Chamberlain, 2, Demarest, 1, Murray, 1; Left on Bases—Y. M. C. A., 5, Actives, 8.

Time of Game—3 hours.

Umpire—H. Stover.

Cranford's First Regatta.

The first regatta of the season on the Cranford River, was held, after two postponements, during last Saturday afternoon. An extensive programme of twelve races had been arranged, but in many instances both the contestants failed to appear, or one of the two boats was rowed over the course without a competitor. There was almost as large an attendance of spectators as upon other like occasions, but there was less interest among the participants. Only one race resulted in a struggle, and that was between visitors from Westfield and Roselle. The latter pair won, but Westfield's bow oar almost carried his boat to victory, and would have won with a little help from his stroke.

Opening of Music Hall.

On Monday, of next week, Stillman Music Hall will be reopened with Sweatnam, Rice and Fagan's United Minstrels. The organization is a new one, having only been on the road about a week, but the members comprising it are all old to the profession and rank among the best of minstrels now before the public. A prosperous season is anticipated at the Temple, as among the bookings are some of the best drawing attractions procurable.

700 Miles to Home.

This morning at six o'clock from Charleston, S. C., Captain Doane of the S. S. "Cherokee," will release the "Silver Hen" homing pigeon of Mr. Sydney Dorman. Former successful flys of this valuable bird we have already recorded, but this journey of 700 miles is a most unusual one. She is expected to reach her home on Central avenue by Wednesday.

OBITUARY.

ELIZA MARSH.

At about twenty minutes past eleven o'clock of yesterday morning, Mrs. Elston Marsh died at her residence on Madison avenue, after a lingering illness. Within the past few months the deceased had seemed often to be nearing her end, but the tireless care and the faithful nursing of her children had brought convalesence. Her patience through long suffering was followed by a peaceful passing away—a quiet ending of a long life of earnest christianity. The deceased was born in 1816, and had lived in Plainfield since her childhood. She was married early in life to the late Elston Marsh who died in 1876 at the same hour and minute of the day as his widow breathed her last. She was a life long member of the Baptist church, and was thus identified with it as most all her ancestry have been. Her surviving children are: Francis E. Marsh, Esq., President of the Common Council; Mrs. O. B. Leonard, wife of the City Clerk; Mrs. McCutchen, wife of S. St. J. McCutchen of the Borough Council; Miss Anna O. Marsh; Miss Florence I. Marsh, and Miss Minnie S. Marsh.

The funeral services will be held at the late residence of the deceased's, on Madison avenue, Wednesday afternoon at three o'clock. The remains will be interred at the convenience of the family.

Tribute in Memorium.

At a special meeting of the Plainfield Medical Association, held at the residence of Dr. J. T. Fritts, on Saturday evening last, the following resolutions were offered and adopted:

"WHEREAS, God in His wisdom has removed from us our venerable brother—Dr. Lewis Craig,

Resolved, That as practitioners of medicine in Plainfield we desire to pay a tribute of grateful remembrance to his life, and feel assured that he has well finished his work and fulfilled his appointed time and was ready to receive the rewards in store for one who has served well his God and his fellow men. For over a half century Dr. Craig has been known to the citizens of this vicinity as a skillful physician, and held in high esteem; truly may it be said of him—'he faithfully served his day and generation.' He was always gentlemanly, polite, dignified and cordial; we are grateful for his long life of usefulness, and that at last he was ready in peace to be gathered to his fathers; may we all imitate his faith and virtues!

Resolved, That the Plainfield Medical Association attend the funeral in a body;

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family, and also be published in the Plainfield papers.

T. H. TOMLINSON,
EDWARD RUSHMORE,
J. B. PROBASCO,
E. W. HEDGES,
Committee."

An Injustice to the Taxpayers.

EDITORS OF THE PRESS:—I see by your issue of Saturday that the Town Committee of North Plainfield had passed a resolution to the effect that if the Colthar suit could be settled for $250 the Township would pay that amount. Now it seems to me that the Committee have no right to pay any amount out of the Township funds on a claim of that nature, as the Township has already paid more money for the support of Mr. Colthar than they have ever received from Colthar or his property, and why more should be paid, the taxpayers fail to see. It would look to me that if the Committee does pay that, they do it on their own responsibility, unless acting under advise of counsel. Whether counsel has adviced such action or not, I don't know, but can see no reason why the taxpayers should pay any such claim. A TAXPAYER.

Broke his Arm.

Edward Ramonetti, the North avenue ice cream caterer, met with a painful accident yesterday, which will render one of his hands useless for a long time. His supply of ice was nearly exhausted, and through the courtesy of Messrs. Fleming and Angleman, the butchers next door, was given permission to take ice from their refrigerator. Mr. Ramonetti was standing on an improvised platform handling the heavy cakes of ice, when he fell to the floor, a distance of about eight feet, severely injuring his right arm. Dr. Fritts, who was summoned, found that the arm had been broken at the wrist. He re-set the bone and bandaged the arm, and today the patient is reported as improving.

To-morrow's Excursion.

The excursion of "Engine Company No. 2" to Oriental Grove, on Long Island sound, which takes place to-morrow, promises to be one of the largest of the season. The Committee of Arrangements are doing all in their power to make the occasion a memorable one, and judging from the success of the efforts on former occasions, the excursion to-morrow will be no exception to the rule. The train will leave this city at 8:15 a. m., stopping at Netherwood and Fanwood each way. The sail up the Sound is said to be most delightful, and ample time will be given at the grove for boating, bathing and fishing. Dancing will be a prominent feature of the trip.

The Horrid Torrid July.

Yesterday ended the hottest July in ages, and the most wretched for humanity in centuries. Each day seemed the worst, yet strange to say, when the thermometer ranged the highest we were not the most miserable. The middle day of the month and the midsummer day of the year was the hottest of all, if temperature alone is considered. The thermometer stood at 99 deg. in the shade. Yet the weather that day was by no means so distressing as on other days when the registered heat was from fifteen to twenty degrees lower. As we consult the averages we learn that the mean—and the meanest kind of mean—temperature for the month has been about 77 deg. The mean temperature of the Julys of the last fifteen years has been 73 deg. Four degrees, taken by itself, isn't much, but four degrees added to the record of a hot day, is adding insult to injury. The temperature alone has been bad enough, but there has also been an unusual percentage of humidity, the average for the month being about 71 per cent.—far above the normal figure. The average heat as shown below has been 88.5 degrees. The present hot spell began in June. From the 20th of that month until the present time there have been but seven days in which the maximum temperature has been below 80 deg. Much of the time it has been 90 deg. The 5th, 20th, 21st, and 22d are the days in July on which it registered between 70 and 80 degrees. The rainfall has been enormous, as shown by the table published in THE PRESS of Saturday, but the frequent and heavy showers have always failed to bring comfort. They have been dreaded in consequence, and not welcomed as in past Summers. Another fault in which we had reposed, we have been awakened from—the predictions of the Weather Bureau. It is not responsible for the humidity and electricity, but it should not hereafter talk as if it knew anything about it. Here is the month's record of each day's hotness.

July 1	95°	July 12	90°	July 23	86°
July 2	95°	July 13	96°	July 24	83°
July 3	95°	July 14	90°	July 25	90°
July 4	94°	July 15	82°	July 26	91°
July 5	82°	July 16	99°	July 27	90°
July 6	82°	July 17	91°	July 28	92°
July 7	92°	July 18	90°	July 29	93°
July 8	93°	July 19	78°	July 30	93°
July 9	88°	July 20	86°	July 31	93°
July 10	85°	July 21	76°		
July 11	84°	July 22	83°	Average	85.5°

Light on the Subject.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Your article headed "Bad Judgment—or What?" is, to say the least, incorrect. The next arc light to Fourth street is at Seventh street and not Eighth street, and the only reason this lamp has not been lighted is on account of the recent disabling of one of the electric light company's dynamos and previously to that I suppose to show their incandescent street system to better advantage, but through no fault of the committee. Further, you well know that it is through no fault of either the council or their committee that the "liberal citizen" feels it incumbent on him to burn a gas lamp. If said citizen did not object there would be an arc lamp at Fifth street. If I am correctly informed the city also supports the gasolene lamp at Sixth street. S.

Horse Thieving in Middlesex County.

The operations of horse thieves have become alarmingly extensive throughout Middlesex county, and a few days ago another robbery was added to the list. The stable of Elijah Sheddon, who resides on the road leading from New Brunswick to Old Bridge, was forced open and a valuable bay horse stolen. The thieves appear to have proceeded with the work as if they were acquainted with the premises, but departed with the horse without leaving any clue. It is believed that these thieves belong in Philadelphia, and are runners for an establishment there where stolen horses go through the hands of expert handlers, who change their appearance by clipping and the use of dyes.

—The four o'clock Women's Meeting, in the Warren Mission chapel yesterday afternoon was well attended. Mrs. Dr. Tomlinson conducted the service, and much interest was manifested throughout the meeting. During the month of August these Sunday afternoons meetings will be discontinued.

—One of the Front street dry goods merchants is reported to have had such a "rush" of customers on Saturday night that he was unable to attend to their wants, and in justice to himself and his young lady clerks, (the latter, however, being limited,) closed his store about nine o'clock, while business was yet at its height.

—One drunken man, two partly inebriated individuals and a bottle of "Jersey lightning," was the cause of great commotion at the corner of Front and Somerset streets, about eleven o'clock last evening. One of the men dropped the bottle, scattering the contents over the sidewalk, and another one was so overcome by the unfortunate occurrence that he sat down on the sidewalk, and could not be induced to budge an inch until an officer loomed up in the distance.

SWEPT BY A TIDAL WAVE

THE UMBRIA EXPERIENCES A VERY ROUGH VOYAGE.

She is Attacked by a Towering Mass Fifty Feet High Which Sweeps Her from Bow to Stern—A Fearful Moment

NEW YORK, Aug., 1.—The steamship Umbria, of the Cunard line, arrived in port yesterday, after a voyage of exceptionally rough weather and fogs.

On Wednesday morning about 4:45 o'clock the ship was ploughing along almost in the teeth of a west-northwest gale. The barometer had been falling gradually all night, and at the change of the watch at 4 o'clock was down to 28.30. There was a very nasty sea on, but it amounted to nothing more serious than to retard the speed of the racer, whose master, Captain McMickan, was anxious to reach port on Saturday night.

She was then 1,200 miles from Sandy Hook. Second Officer King and Third officer Bennett were on the bridge, and there were the usual lookouts forward and in the crow's nest, thirty feet or more above the deck on the foremast. The ship had swung off a bit to the south of her course, one of the quartermasters says, and the man at the wheel was just bringing her up again when Mr. King shouted to the lookouts.

"Look out for yourselves there forward; there's a wave going to board us!"

With that he rang for the engines to slow down, and then twined his arms and legs about a big stanchion near the middle of the bridge on which he stood, while Mr. Bennett, the third officer, grasped another stanchion.

One of those phenomenal accumulations of water sometimes erroneously called tidal waves, where half a dozen ordinarily large waves seem to roll together and unite their powers, had gathered just ahead of the ship and was rolling toward them, looking somewhat like a huge wall, although traveling toward them more rapidly than they were advancing on it. It was not above two ship's length away when first seen, but before it reached them it towered up so high that the officers standing on the bridge forty feet above the water were unable to see over it. The speed of the ship was only perceptibly slackened when she rushed down the further side of a long swell, and plunged her bow out of sight into the huge mass of water.

With a deafening roar the wave broke across the ship. Then came the crash of breaking timbers and the shouts of men about the decks. The officers on the bridge, who had been buried in the water, shook the brine from their eyes, and, taking a new hold on the bridge, gave orders that restored quiet, but they clung to the bridge stanchions themselves while the ship plunged into a second big wave that followed the first. This one did not break over her, however, and an investigation to ascertain the damage was begun.

The stout brass rods, an inch in diameter, that formed the railing about the bridge, had been twisted and bent like straw. At the port end they had been broken off. The railing about the house on deck had been torn away on the port side forward. Down on the spar deck the fore hatch had been torn away from the combings and hurled against the cabin bulkhead with such force that it had been crushed into splinters. The stays that supported the port light tower were carried away and the lamp itself destroyed. The crow's nest, where one lookout stands before daylight, was broken all to pieces, but in some way the lookout himself escaped injury. Even the big white light which the steamer carrid at least sixty feet above the water line to let other vessels know that she was a steamer, was extinguished.

A number of sailors who were going forward from amidship and on the lee side of the house were caught by the flood and hurled against the rail, but beyond bruises which sailors do not mind, no damage was done. A steerage passenger did not fare so well. The flood that poured down the hatchway knocked him across the deck. When he was picked up there was a deep gash in the front part of his left leg, above the knee.

It was at an hour in the morning when few passengers were astir. A dozen or more men were in the cabin when the hatch was crushed out of shape against the forward bulkhead. Some of them were pretty badly frightened, and two made haste to put on life preservers.

The ship was run at a very low speed until a survey was made of the damage and a new hatch rigged. Then she resumed her speed, and made port without further incident.

Third Officer Bennett, who has had a lot of fun in Canada, said last night that he felt, as the ship rushed down the watery gulf and plunged into the big wave, just as he did the first time he rode down a toboggan slide when the toboggan jumped the track, and flung him breathless into a snow bank. The wave seemed to tower above him, he said, much as a covered pier towers above a man in a small boat in a North river slip.

Count Phra Darun Raksha, secretary of the Siamese legation, who was one of the passengers, said last night: "Only a few of us were up when the ship ran into the wave. There was a terrible sea, and the ship was plunging right ahead through the waves. Presently there came a bigger one than ever, and the head of the ship was buried in it. It seemed as though the ship was going down by the head right to the bottom. Everything loose on the deck was dashed about, and the ironwork of the bridges, one of them forty-five feet above the water line, was twisted and bent as though it was of common rope. It seemed a long time that the water was dashing over us, but at last the ship shook herself free and rode on top again. After that the engines stopped awhile, and the ship did not plunge into the waves so."

None of the officers of the Umbria had ever met such a wave before, but they are not infrequent on the Atlantic. The steamer Westernland run into one some time ago, and when it broke on board it cut down through the turtle back much as a cleaver would cut through the ribs in a side of mutton.

The Hazleton Saengerfest.

HAZLETON, Pa., Aug., 1.—The singing societies, Liederkranz, of Philadelphia, Enterpe, of New York, and Orion of New Jersey, arrived yesterday to take part in the grand saengerfest of the Hazleton Maennerchor, which will be opened this evening with a concert in the Casino rink at which 200 singers will participate. On Tuesday a large parade and picnic will be given, and on Wednesday the festival will close with an excursion to Glen Onoko.

Thunder and Hail Storm.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug., 1.—A severe thunder and hail storm, accompanied by a high wind yesterday afternoon, did great damage to corn, tobacco, and other crops in South Glastonbury and the neighboring towns. Large trees were blown down and the river road was badly washed, rendering it impassable.

A GRAVEYARD UNDER WATER.

How the Missouri Plowed Through and Covered Up a City of the Dead.

OMAHA, Aug. 1.—The approaching completion of the new Union Pacific bridge calls to mind the fact that the turbid waters of the Missouri are gleefully flowing over nearly two hundred graves, unknown, unmarked, and unhonored. Resting peacefully in the sand, the bones are gradually crumbling into dust, and unless Gabriel's trumpet is blown unusually loud at Omaha there they will remain forever. Two hundred graves at the bed of a great river is unusual, but 200 graves of unknown men, all dying of the same disease, is a circumstance almost unparalled. Nature is responsible for their being under fifty feet of water, and the art of bridge building is the cause of their being there at all.

In 1869 the first bridge across the Missouri, between Council Bluffs and Omaha, was begun. At that time Omaha had a population of 4,000 one day, 7,000 the next, or vice versa. It was the half-way house of the continent—a sort of one-day-to-look-around-in place. Men on their way to the Pacific coast who had, by some of the multifarious ways of spending money, exhausted their capital, stopped in Omaha to replenish. In the vernacular of the time, they were after "grub stakes." Many of them came from good families in the east, but Brown, Smith, or Jones were as good names as were De Vere or Howard, and less likely to cause trouble in the future. Labor, skilled and unskilled, was at a premium, and in no place were wages so high as in the caisons of the Union Pacific bridge under the bed of the Missouri river. People who had been in Omaha any length of time had some hesitation about working in the caisons. They had seen men descend the ladder in the full bloom of health, and had been scarcely able to recognize them as they came up after a few hours' labor, with their backs in the form of a tightly strung bow, their limbs partially paralyzed, and their pulses throbbing at the rate of 100 a minute. Big pay afforded no inducement to them to subject their mortal frames to the pressure of several atmospheres in order to fall down in a faint, with blood streaming from their noses and ears, and be carried away to die. Strangers, however—and nearly every one in Omaha was a stranger—had not received such object lessons. They had never heard of the dread caisson disease, and the subterranean work had no terrors for them. The engineers in charge of the work did not conceal the danger that they were undergoing, but they laughed at it.

Enter Smith, Jones or Robinson. He is taken into a receiving vault, where the pressure of the air is gradually increased till it equals that of the atmosphere in the sepulphire where the work is done. The uncomfortable feeling gradually wears away, and he works with pick and shovel for an hour, perhaps, without feeling any ill effects. Suddenly his spinal cord seems to snap and his head droops until it is nearly on a level with his loins. His blood, feeling like moulten iron, courses through his veins with meteoric swiftness, and his skull seems too small to contain his brain. He is removed from the sepulchre and taken to the hospital. If he recovers he is a cripple for life. If not, he is buried in the sand on the sloping bank of the river, and a shingle marked Jones, Smith or Robinson, as the case may be, is stuck at the head of the grave. A portion of the machinery of the bridge has given out. That is all. Lives are cheap, and other pistons and levers take the place.

It was the intention of the Union Pacific officials to mark the graves in an appropriate manner—in fact, to have a private cemetery of their own. The river gods were not consulted, however, and the Missouri one day took a notion to change its course. With a fixidity of purpose worthy of emulation its three parts of mud to one of water, suddenly swerved and submerged the grass, taking the headstones down to Kansas City, where they doubtless served to shingle houses for the early settlers, and destroying all marks of identity.

The names of the men now buried in the Missouri can never be known. Back in the east, among their own families, their names have become merely a recollection of days gone by.

A Schooner Sunk in Collision.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—The brig Energy, Capt. McBride, from Arecibo, P. R., yesterday reports that when about twelve miles northwest by north from Highland Light, during a dense fog, she came in collision with the fishing schooner Monmouth, of Gloucester, bound for Georges. The brig struck the schooner amidship, cutting her down below the water and sinking her in about five minutes. The Monmouth came out of Provincetown Saturday afternoon, having put in there under thick weather. When the collision occurred the crew of the Monmouth, twelve in number, jumped on board the Energy, having had barely time to save their lives. The Energy had her jibboom, cutwater, starboard, cathead, foreyard and maintopmast carried away.

Special Indian Agents Appointed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 1.—The president has appointed the following named persons special agents of the interior department, to make allotments of land in severalty to the Indians: James H. Howard, of Washington, D. C., for the Crow Indians, on the Crow reservation in Montana; Henry R. West, of Woodsfield, Ohio, for the Indians on the Yankton reservation in Dakota; Miss Alice C. Fletcher, of Washington, D. C., for the Indians on the Winnebago reservation in Nebraska; Michael C. Connolly, of Petersburg, Ill., for the Indians on the Siletz reservation in Oregon; Major Isaiah Lightner, of Nebraska, for the Indians on the Sisseton reservation in Dakota.

Probably Killed the Wrong Man.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 1.—Two men named Peters and Johnson are reported to have been killed in the Indian territory on Friday night by a gang of desperadoes, who surprised them while camped on a creek in the Choctaw Nation. Two men who were with Peters and Johnson escaped. It is believed the party in camp were mistaken for a United States Marshal's posse. The assailants rode up and demand that they surrender, following the demand with a shower of bullets, when the two men fell mortally wounded. The assassins galloped away. Peters and Johnson were from Arkansas.

Mangled by Car Wheels.

NEWARK, N. J., August 1.—Car No. 9 on the Clinton avenue line, driven by William Thompson, aged 65 years, of No. 12, Mt. Pleasant avenue, ran over Joseph France, a bootblack, aged 12 years, yesterday. France jumped off the car while in motion, and, falling, went under the wheels.

Wrecked on the Tortugas.

KEY WEST, Fla., Aug. 1.—Intelligence has been received here that the schooner Joshua H. Marveil, Capt. Shaw, from Cedar Keys for New York, with a cargo of lumber, struck on Tortugas during a cyclone on the 25th inst. and became a total loss. The crew were all saved.

STEAM omnibuses to run on country roads without rails have been introduced into Saxony. The achievements of the traction steam engine suggest great possibilities for such an enterprise in localities where roads are good and without steep inclines. The Saxony omnibuses are built with seats for forty-six passengers, besides freight, and engines have been built to run them economically. Possibly in time steam omnibuses may appear on some of our country roads, though horses now are lower in price and more cheaply kept than in Europe. Wherever regular trips have to be made the great advantage of running the cars on rails must be apparent. But when this feature is added the novelty is worn off. In no country does the railroad reach so nearly to every place as here, and quite possibly many of our leading driveways will be laid with rails and used for both steam cars and vehicles drawn by horses as now.

THE Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Hamid, is said to be thirty-eight years of age, and is described as an intelligent looking, though not handsome, person, with dark beard and swarthy complexion. He is progressive for a Turk, and wishes to introduce some of the useful inventions that are known in more civilized countries, but in this he is opposed by his ministers. He has been much struck by the extraordinary progress of the United States in wealth and population in so short a time, and wishes to improve the material interests of Turkey by building railroads and making other internal improvements. Abdul Hamid lives in Oriental seclusion. He is an inveterate smoker, and shows his European taste by smoking cigarettes instead of Turkish pipes. His palace surpasses in beauty and magnificence the rich descriptions in the "Arabian Nights." The immense army of cooks, attendants, and others required to keep up the Sultan's large household is a constant drain upon the people. Abdul Hamid's personal expenses are sixty million francs ($12,000,000) a year. His favorite attendant, Kishlar Agra, the Black Eunuch, receives two hundred and forty thousand francs as his salary, with many rich perquisites. He bears the high-sounding title of Gardien de la Porte de la Felicite.

DEATHS.

MARSH—At Plainfield, N. J., Sunday morning, July 31, Eliza Marsh, widow of the late Elston Marsh, aged 70 years.
Funeral services from her late residence on Madison avenue, Wednesday afternoon, August 3d, at 3 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

$10 REWARD

Offered for information which will lead to the conviction of the parties who maliciously smashed the windows of the Church of the Holy Cross, on Saturday last.
8-1-d2 T. LOGAN MURPHY, Rector.

CITY NATIONAL BANK.

PLAINFIELD, July 30, 1887.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a dividend of three and one-half (3½) per cent. out of the earnings of the past six months, payable on and after August 2d, 1887.
8-1-d1 F. H. GARDNER, Cashier.

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

EXCURSION

OF THE

1st Presbyterian,
Trinity Reformed,
Park Ave. Baptist
SUNDAY SCHOOLS
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
AND
FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
OF DUNELLEN,

Friday, Aug. 5th,

TO
OCEAN GROVE
AND
ASBURY PARK,

Stopping at Long Branch both ways. Tickets—Adults, $1.25; Children (5 to 12 years) 90 cts. First section leaves Plainfield, 7.50; second section leaves Plainfield, 8.05 a. m. Returning—leave Asbury Park, 6.00 p. m. 7-29-d6

DON'T FAIL TO GO ON THE

EXCURSION

OF

Engine Co. No. 2,

TO
ORIENTAL GROVE,
(LONG ISLAND SOUND.)
ON

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 1887.

Train leaves at 8.15 a. m., stopping at Netherwood and Fanwood.

TICKETS ..... $1.25.
HALF TICKETS ..... 90c.

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
☞ No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JULY 29, 1887.

Aldrich, A Mrs	Hagerty, M T Mrs
Achin, Augusta Miss	Hart, Lena Miss
Bertorn, John	Lewis, A H
Burnett, C M Miss	Muller, Otto
Baker, Ella Miss	Moore, Anna Miss
Bowers, Agnes B Mrs	Murwich, H J
Baldwin, Asa	Nicholson, Mr
Bule, C Dr	Nourrie, Cath Mrs
Caedmas, Martha Mrs	Rose & Co
Cain, Sarah Miss	Runion, Mary E Miss
Canaran, Annie E Miss	Read, M & H
Clack, J B	Terger, Sue
Gerbhart, Susie Miss	Tyler, N E
Gormley, Thomas	Taylor, Chas W & Sons
	Wilson, L N Mrs

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.
Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.
Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.
Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.
Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A GIRL AS NURSE AND CHAMbermaid. Apply at 68 Mercer avenue, North Plainfield. 8-1-d1

NOTICE—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME will find their accounts made up, and by calling and settling same, will confer a favor. Respectfully, B. BACHMAN. 8-1-tf

$6,666 WILL BUY NO. 18 E. SEVENTH street. If it is a bargain, apply to Jos. T. VAIL, Real Estate Agent, North ave.—26-7

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

PECK'S CORNER.

Without doubt the prices

PECK

has marked down his

FLOUNCINGS,

Are more value for the money than ever before known.

CABRIOLETS.

HOMAN & RYERSON, —FINE— CARRIAGES, AND Business Wagons, Plainfield, N. J.

SURRYS. BUGGIES.

29 & 31 SOMERSET STREET.
7-1-tf

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS.

22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

STOP AT

No. 33 Park Avenue

For Musical Instruments and Sporting Goods. Violin Strings and Musical Merchandise. A good Assortment of
HAMMOCKS,
CHILDREN'S WAGONS AND CARTS
CAN BE HAD A

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

We can show TO FISHERMEN
A Fine Line of RODS, REELS, LINES, HOOKS, NETS and ARTIFICIAL BAITS.

Agents for the New King Bicycle, the Latest and Best Wheel in the market.

Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.
my10tf

ROYALTY VISITS US.

A PRINCE OF SIAM COMES TO SEE UNCLE SAM.

Four Little Princes and an Envoy from King Chaulalonkorn, the First, Accompanies the Prince.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—When his royal highness Prince Kreng Luang Devawongse Varoprakan of Siam woke up yesterday morning, he was pleased to discover that the American continent was in sight on the lee bow of the steamship Umbria. The Umbria's big anchor was dropped, and the ship swung around to the ebb tide to wait for high water. The Princee's flag—a white elephant on a red ground—was hoisted at the main truck, and the news flashed by wire from Sandy Hook to the city. The revenue cutter Grant had been placed at the disposal of Isaac T. Smith, consul general of Siam, and went down the bay at noon to meet the royal visitors.

There was so much sea out there that several attempts were made before the cutter's boat succeeded in getting the consul and his friends aboard the Umbria. They had to remain there until the steamer got underweigh at 2 o'clock, and the prince's party of twenty could only be transferred with difficuly and some danger after lower quarantine was passed.

The prince, who is 31 years old, and a dapper little fellow about five feet tall, was dressed in a light tweed suit of English make, a high collar and small, white silk tie, tiny patent leather shoes and derby hat. He has a round, tan-colored face, broad forehead, small mouth, and eyes with much more expression in them than those of the ordinary chinaman. He speaks excellent English, and has the manners of a gentleman.

Accompanying him are four young princes—his cousins, dressed in sailor costumes—Kitiya, aged 13, Rabi 13, Pravit 9 and Clive 9. His suite are the Marquis de Moutri, minister to Washington; Count Plira Daum Reaka, the prince's secretary; Captain Phan, aid-de-camp; Lieutenant Saat, attache; Chow Bhinn and Khoon Vichit, Siamese tutors; Nai Chit, student; Mr. Chan, attache to the Siamese legation; Frederick Verney, English secretary to the Siamese legation; Mr. Loftus, interpreter, and Mr. Williams, English tutor.

Determined that the prince's first impressions of New York should be good ones Captain Davis of the Grant "let her go slow," and was as proud to hear his royal guest exclaim, "What a grand statue you have," while the princelets gazed with awe at Miss Liberty.

Hell gate was the next objective point, and as the Grant neared the East river bridge the prince was both delighted and astonished at the wonderful span. The naval yard and other points were all admired by his royal highness. Blackwell's island, with its sombre buildings and the groups of convicts, seemed to interest him greatly, while the swift eddying tide of Hell Gate was a source of wonder to him.

Round the Battery and up the North river came the Grant to Twenty-second street, where the Minnesota's commander ordered the marines in line on the rail, and received the prince and his party with a "drum salute." After inspecting the ship fore and aft, they were driven in carriages to the Fifth Avenue hotel, where a suite of twenty rooms had been engaged for them, the prince occupying a parlor and bedroom on the second floor facing Twenty-third street.

The prince is half brother to the king of Siam, whose name is not easy to memorize. Here it is: Phra-Bat-Somdetch-Phra-Paramindr-Maha-Chulalonkorn-Phra-Chulachom. He is generally referred to, however, as Chulalonkorn.

The prince spoke in tones of sadness when describing the trip across, and little wonder, for Captain McMickan said it was one of the roughest western passages he had ever made. A gale of wind from W. N. W. struck the ship on Monday, lasted through Tuesday with a fearful heavy sea, and at 5 o'clock on Wednesday morning the Umbria shipped a big sea that stove in the fore hatch, smashed and twisted the lookout bridge and washed some of the steerage passengers half the length of the upper deck. Luckily no one was seriously hurt, and the prince, the captain said, behaved "like a little man."

The prince left Siam on May 2, and went to London via Brindisi as the special representative of the king to the queen's jubilee, her majesty assigning him a suite of rooms at the Alexandria hotel. After an introduction to the queen the prince attended the services at Westminster abbey, occupying the sacrarium chair specially set apart for royal personages. On that occasion he wore the full dress of the "family order" of the king of Siam—silk stockings and knickerbockers and a "parnung," which is a beautiful garnet silk garment wound about the body like a scarf.

From London he made flying visits to Stockholm and Berlin. He says he will remain in New York about forty-eight hours. He will go to Washington in a few days and from there to Niagara, north to Winnepeg, and he sails from Victoria, B. C., on Aug. 20.

Rolling Mills Shut Down.

PITTSBURG, Aug 1.—Three of the rolling mills at Youngstown, Ohio, did not light up last night by reason of a strike ordered by the amalgamated association, the mill owners refusing to accede to the demand for an abolition of the two job system. The mills are those of Brown Bonnell & Co., Cartwright, McCurdy & Co., and the Mahoning Valley iron company. The strike will cause 4,000 men in this city to be thrown idle to-morrow morning with little prospect of a resumption of work during August. The two job system now in vogue in these works is against a cardinal principal of the amalgamated association, because it tends to centralization of power and a decrease in the number of men.

A $150,000 Blaze in Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Aug. 1.—A disastrous fire occurred on the South side yesterday morning by which the glass manufacturing firms of S. McKee & Co. and King, Son & Co. sustained heavy losses. The fire started in the packing house of King's factory and quickly spread to the machine shops and mould rooms, destroying them all. It then communicated to the offices of S. McKee & Co. on the opposite side of the street, and in a short time had entirely consumed them, together with the company's extensive warehouse, which was filled with new and valuable stock. The fire was discovered this morning in the packing house of King, Son & Co., and is supposed to have originated from the sparks of a passing locomotive.

A Freight Train Wrecked.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Aug. 1.—Yesterday a south-bound freight train on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad jumped the track near Shamokin. Twenty cars were destroyed, the railroad torn up, and the bridge damaged. Traffic was delayed six hours. The damage is great.

HE SAFELY ARRIVED

BOODLER M'GARIGLE ON CANADIAN SOIL.

He Lands Almost in Sight of the Detectives—Only the St. Clair River Separates Them.

SARNIA, Ont., Aug. 1.—Boodler McGarigle of Chicago landed here yesterday morning from the schooner Ed Blake. The Blake and Marsh were in the same tow, and while in American waters the tug Oriole, with Chicago detectives on board, steamed up to the Marsh, apparently with the intention of having them drop the Blake's tow line. After a short conversation the Blake's tow line was let go, but at the same instant a yawl left the schooner with McGarigle and quickly rowed for the Canada side, landing at Point Edward.

McGarigle at once drove to Courtright, twelve miles down the river, ostensibly to catch a boat. He was, however, driven back, and is now here. It is believed that he is nervous over his safety in Canada, as he keeps away from the river, apparently fearing attempts at kidnapping.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—Now that the convicted boodler McGarigle has safely reached Canadian shores, speculation has turned to the question of how, if at all, his return may be brought about. His extradition on the charge on which he was convicted is, of course, out of the question. It has been suggested, however, that out of some of his "crooked" work on various county bills, estimates, &c., a case of forgery might be made. This would bring the matter under the provision of the treaty. States Attorney Grinnell was unable to say to-day whether the matter would bear that construction or not, but thought the point well worth looking into.

"Another question which has been asked me," continued he, "also suggested a rather important train of thought. It may turn out upon investigation that there is more involved in McGarigle's supposed escape by the schooner Blake than a mere question of the extradition treaty. The Blake was owned in part by a Canadian and in part by an American citizen. The schooner itself was plying between two friendly countries, and it strikes me that in such an outrageous breach of the comity of nations the Federal government might very well take a hand. I am not up in international or admiralty law well enough to express a positive opinion, but it's a good question for Sheriff Matson and his lawyers to settle."

It is said that the sheriff has asked Gov. Oglesby to communicate with the authorities at Washington and see if they will not take some action toward securing the return of the escaped convict.

Despatches from Port Edward say McGarigle looks bronzed after his trip on the lakes. He is apparently nervous as to his safety here, but the chief of police says he has no authority to arrest him. The detectives have arranged for communication all night between Port Edward and Port Huron, in the hopes of being able to get him over the river, but McGarigle keeps away from the river, and has been walking about some of the back streets. About 7 o'clock he hunted up a dry goods merchant to purchase a new hat. He is fairly well dressed.

Mr. Drexel's Gift to the G. A. R.

MADISON, Wis., Aug. 1.—Joseph W. Drexel, the New York banker, has written Commander-in-chief Fairchild a letter tendering free of expense, through him, to the surviving union soldiers of the late war, in perpetuity, the cottage on Mount McGregor in which Gen. Grant died. There is no stipulation as to how it shall be used, but it is specified that the trustees shall consist of the commander-in-chief of the grand army, president of the Mount McGregor railway, and such other person as Mr. Drexel, or his successor, as president of the Drexel & Morgan banking company, may designate. Commander-in-chief Fairchild has laid the generous proposition before the executive committee of the National council of administration of the grand army, which is now in correspondence with Mr. Drexel with regard to it.

Ruined by the Corner in Wheat.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1.—The long-looked-for statement of the affairs of the defunct wheat clique house of C. J. Kershaw & Co. was given to the public yesterday, and shows that their liabilities aggregate $1,800,000, gross assets $1,750,000 due from Wilshire, Eckert & Co. and other Cincinnati parties. This leaves assets outside of the Cincinnati parties of only $280,000. The Cincinnati claims are regarded by many creditors as worth 10 to 20 cents on the dollar, while others place the estimate higher.

BOULANGER AND FEERY.

They Are Expected to Fight a Duel with Pistols To-day.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—The duel between Gen. Boulanger and ex-Premier Ferry will probably take place to-day. Gen Boulanger allows M. Ferry the choice of weapons, and pistols will probably be selected.

The friends of Gen. Boulanger take a serious view of the affair. Boulanger has more experience as a duellist than Ferry.

Mr. Ferry's seconds are absent from Paris, and he may be obliged to appoint others, or postpone the duel until Tuesday.

Fighting in an Anarchists Meeting.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—At an anarchists meeting yesterday M. Soudet had a desperate fight with M. Lockroy. Toward the end of the scrimmage Clovis Hugues carried Soudet to the platform. The latter's face was covered with blood, his clothes were torn to rags, and his breast was gashed. Hughues brought water, but Soudet fainted.

Premier Depretis' Successor.

ROME, Aug. 1.—The death of Premier Depretis will not affect the political situation. His successor, Signor Crispi, has long been the guiding spirit of the cabinet. The widow has received an affectionate message of condolence from the German Crown Prince.

Cassagnac Wants the Particulars.

PARIS, Aug. 1.—The Cassagnac-Laur affair has proved a fiasco. Cassagnac refusing to fight unless Laur publishes the names of the eighty-four generals who, he alleges, proposed a *coup d'etat* to General Boulanger. Cassagnac publishes articles daily ridiculing Laur.

He Did Not Plan a Coup d'Etat.

PARIS, Aug.—M. Delafosse denies the truth of Deputy Laur's accusation to the effect that he made overtures to General Boulanger to head a *coup d'etat* in favor of the restoration of the monarchy. M. Delafosse has challenged M. Laur to fight a duel.

Gold Discovered in India.

SIMLA, Aug. 1.—A large and rich bed of gold quartz has been discovered in the Kula valley, in the Punjab.

ATTACKING OUR GOVERNMENT.

A Mexican Newspaper Says We Have Designs on that Country.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 1.—The *Tiempo* today reopens its attacks upon Americans, although the editor-in-chief is still in prison. It says that forty years have not been sufficient to extinguish the absorptionist views of the United States with regard to Mexico; that the same greedy and hypocritical tendencies exist to-day. It condems what it terms the vile conduct of successive administrations in Mexico since 1847 with regard to the United States. It is not, the *Tiempo* says, to be wondered at that a nation relatively weak, as is Mexico in comparison with the strength of a colossus, should be a target for the ambition of its neighbor. The *Tiempo* asserts that the United States counts on the Mexican Central railway as an avenue to Mexico, and that its management is altogether more favorable to American interests than to those of Mexico.

As the leading organ of the clerical party the *Tiempo* gives the cue to the minor papers of that party in its bitter assault on the people and government of the United States. It attacks the administration of President Diaz for its American sympathies and friendly attitude toward the United States. It is evident that the policy of the clerical party is to be bitterly anti-American. On the contrary, the newspapers of the liberal party recognize the cordial sentiments of the American people toward Mexico, and sustain the administration in its policy of so uniting Mexico and the United States through commercial ties that war between them would be rendered impossible.

Pardons by the President.

WASHINGTON, Aug.—The president has granted pardons in the following cases: William R. Andrews, eastern district of Arkansas; Omega Chaffin, western district of Virginia; Joseph M. Nunn, western district of Virginia, and Frank Ferguson, district of Colorado. Applications for pardons were denied in the cases of James Worden, District of Columbia, and Joseph E. Brown, eastern district of Arkansas. The sentence in the case of Alex Dougherty, northern district of Georgia, was commuted to two years.

The Coming Bar Harbor Regatta.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 1.—The committee in charge of the regatta to be held here Aug. 25 announce that there is but little doubt that the Mayflower, Priscilla and Volunteer will take part in the race for the $500 cup. It is also pretty certain that the Galatea and Stranger will enter. If the Thistle is in this country by that time, it is thought that she will also be at Bar Harbor, not to race, but to have a look at her big rivals.

All Kinds of Sports.

Bobby Matthews is again pitching for the Athletics.

George Gore is doing great work for the New Yorks.

Darby O'Brien would make a fine left fielder for the New Yorks.

The American association has tried enough umpires this season to form several clubs.

Dairymple will be made captain of the Pittsburgh club, and Carroll will play first base.

It is thought that Boyle, the St. Louis catcher, will soon be the greatest man behind the bat in the country.

The Cincinnati club manager can kick himself every time he thinks of what a fool he was for releasing Jones.

Hamilton has reinstated Pete Wood, its pitcher, and now it is rumored that the Metropolitans have offered $1,000 for him.

Jacob Schaefer writes to his brother in St. Louis that he is matched to play Vignaux 600 points a night for six nights, on Oct. 16, in Paris.

The Syracuse Stars have been occulted during the past week. Still they hang around in the vicinity of the leaders, and would step into the front rank if Buffalo or Newark faltered.

Jersey City is playing steadily, and keeps a fair percentage. Two of the best pitchers in the league, Shaw and Titcomb, are in this club, and good support may bring the Jerseys to the fore.

Binghamton has not decided to disband. The citizens are getting up hose company picnics and church sociables to raise funds to maintain the club. A $500 chattel mortgage has been filed against it.

Hanlan has accepted Teemer's challenge to row a three-mile race for $1,000 a side. The race will be rowed on Toronto bay on Aug. 11 or 13. Hanlan will sail for Australia on Aug. 15 to row Beach.

The New York athletic club will devote two days to its club championship swimming races this year. The 100 yard race will take place on Aug 9, and the half mile race on Aug. 12 on the Harlem river.

The championship trotter Harry Wilkes, record 2:13½, is matched against the b. g. Patron. They are to trot on Aug. 29, mile heats, in harness, best 3 in 5, for a purse of $2,000, offered by the Cleveland Club Driving Park association.

Tim Clark and Charles McCarthy, middle weights, fought sixteen rounds at Havre de Grace, Md., Saturday evening. Clark was whipped. The mill was for $250 a side, and was fought with skin-tight gloves in the presence of about twenty-five spectators.

There is likely to be an interesting time at the special meeting of the American association on Sept. 3. Several of the delegates have been accustomed to have secretaries with them at the meeting. An attempt will be made to break this practice up, and from the present outlook the meet will be a secret one in every sense of the word or it will be an open one.

Darby O'Brien has a neat trick, which he often works with success. When the ball is batted toward him he runs a few steps past where it has stopped. The runner, thinking he has a chance for another base, starts down. This is what O'Brien wants, for no sooner has the runner made a new start than he turns quickly, picks up the ball, and throws the runner out.

A match has been completed between Peter J. Nolan, the Cincinnati heavy weight who defeated Jack Burke, and Jake Kilrain. It will be fought at Chester Park, Cincinnati, and will be for the gate receipts, and of twelve Queensberry rounds with two-ounce gloves. Kilrain expects to finish Nolan in the match. He went home to Baltimore, and in a week will return to Lake Chautauqua to train.

Dover, N. H., is certainly crazy over base ball. Last Tuesday the local club was beaten, 8 to 7, by the Rochesters, and over $1,000 changed hands. After the game, forty citizens, including two ministers, came forward and affixed their signatures to a document authorizing the directors not to spare money in strengthening the team, as they would stand the money part. They are determined to win up there. The games are largely attended by the ladies and by the best classes of citizens.

Buffalo plays good ball at home. It has won more games on its own grounds than any other club in the league; Newark comes next, and Syracuse very near. The fact that Newark losses so many games away from home and Buffalo wins so uniformly at home accounts for the way the latter club has closed up the gap between first and second place this week. When Newark gets home again in a week or so, and Buffalo goes on the road, the former club will probably resume the lead. But one fact must not be forgotten, the Buffaloes end the season at home and the Newarks away from home.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.
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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street.
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Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
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Teacher of Piano.
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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon.
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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates.
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JOHN JOHNSTON,
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Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale.
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Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting.
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Paper Hanging A Specialty.
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Bookseller and Stationer.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c.
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Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong.
5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.52, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.32, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.29 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.27, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.55, 6.30, 7.10, 7.55, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 6.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 5.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 3.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

GRAND OPENING!

THE
NEW DRUG FIRM
OF
FIELD & RANDOLPH,
21 W. FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

J. C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.

Will now give their personal attention to the business. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Ice Cream Soda. Telephone, 109.

SUNDAY HOURS:
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
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PIANOS and ORGANS,
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Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished.
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With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street.
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Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen.
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New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.
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Sunday Papers.
Can be had at 21 North avenue. Delivered to all parts of the city.
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J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me.
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DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited.
6-4-tf

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PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986.
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RECORDS OF THE BALL CLUBS.

New York Still in Fourth Place—Detroit's Lead Increased.

NEW YORK, Aug. 1.—Detroit's hold on first place has been slightly strengthened by the past week's work. It now leads Chicago by three games won and 34 per cent. New York leads Boston by one game won, but having played four games and lost three more than Boston, still remains in fourth place. The Giants had an excellent opportunity to win and better their standing in the game at Detroit. With the score standing 8 to 7 in favor of Detroit, Connor went to bat in the ninth inning and the first ball pitched for three bases. Gen. Tiernah and O'Rourke all went quickly out and the opportunity was lost. New York always was lame in taking advantage of opportunities. The record now stands as follows:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent. Won
Detroit	45	26	71	.634
Chicago	42	28	70	.600
Boston	40	30	70	.571
New York	41	33	74	.554
Philadelphia	37	36	73	.507
Washington	29	38	66	.424
Pittsburg	28	42	70	.500
Indianapolis	22	50	72	.308

In the American association Cincinnati has passed the Baltimore club in number of games won but has lost seven and played five more and therefore remains in third place. St. Louis played better ball last week than the week before and materially strengthened its hold on first place as will be seen by the following score:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent. Won.
St. Louis	57	21	78	.731
Baltimore	45	31	76	.592
Cincinnati	47	36	83	.566
Louisville	46	36	82	.562
Brooklyn	37	39	76	.487
Athletic	36	42	78	.462
Metropolitan	25	50	75	.333
Cleveland	16	50	78	.241

The close work between Newark and Buffalo for first place in the international league still continues with the points slightly in favor of the New Jersey boys. Scranton which started off so well, has dropped into last place and Wilkesbarre, although handicapped by Utica's bad record has begun to climb the ladder. Toronto, which at the outset boasted that it would win the pennant easily, gets no nearer the top. Following is the record:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent. Won.
Newark	39	21	60	.650
Buffalo	43	25	68	.632
Syracuse	34	24	58	.586
Rochester	35	27	62	.565
Toronto	32	26	58	.552
Hamilton	32	30	62	.516
Jersey City	29	30	59	.492
Binghamton	32	25	57	.386
Wilkesbarre	17	45	62	.274
Scranton	10	27	37	.270

The scores in Saturday's games in the three associations are as follows:

National league—Detroit 8, New York 7; Chicago 4, Boston 7; Pittsburg 10, Philadelphia 2; Indianapolis 10, Washington 4.

American association—Metropolitan 6, Cincinnati 4; Athletic 6, St. Louis 5; Brooklyn 8, Cleveland 4.

International league—Buffalo, 11, Binghamton, 3; Rochester, 12, Wilkesbarre, 5; Toronto, 8, Jersey City, 0; Hamilton, 1, Newark, 2.

The Metropolitans defeated the Brooklyns, Sunday, by a score of 10 to 5.

Atlants Not Badly Damaged.

NEWPORT, Aug. 1.—Visitors are now allowed on board the United States cruiser Atlanta, and it can readily be seen that the reports of the damage done to her by the firing of her heavy guns were greatly exaggerated. There is little evidence of damage beyond the starting of her joiner work near the guns, and these openings have been filled and repainted. No damage is apparent to either gun carriages or bearings. The propeller blade, which was broken when the vessel went ashore on Seal Rock Ledge on Tuesday, has not been repaired yet. It is expected that the vessel will go to New York in a few days.

Operatives Against Shorter Hours.

ATLANTA, Aug. 1.—The legislature has before it a bill limiting the day's work in cotton factories to ten hours. Strange to say the opposition to the change comes from the operatives, who argue that it will interfere with their right to earn money. The manufacturers so far heard on the subject gave in their adhesion to it, on the ground that shorter hours give more competent labor. They also advocate the prohibiting of the employment of children under twelve years of age. President Hanson of the Bibbs mill said that he had shortened the hours in his mills without any diminution of production

Anxious to See the President.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 1.—The board of trade and transportation, at a special meeting yesterday appointed a committee, composed equally of democrats and republicans, to cooperate with a similar committee from the chamber of commerce in inviting President Cleveland to take Cincinnati in his route when he visits the west.

HUNTSVILLE, Ala., Aug. 1.—An enthusiastic meeting of the citizens was held here last night to invite President Cleveland and his wife to visit this city as they pass in October next from Atlanta to St. Louis.

Dying for Lack of Food.

BOSTON, Aug. 1.—The American board of commissioners for foreign missions received a cablegram to-day from the treasurer of the famine relief fund at Constantinople, saying: "Fifty thousand persons at Adana have nothing to eat, and the number is increasing. Other towns ask for help." Adana is the centre of the Cilician plain, ordinarialy so fertile, but this year absolutely barren on account of the drouth. A little over $4,000 has already been contributed in this county for the relief of the starving people.

A Boodle Politician Sent to Jail.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 1.—Thomas C. Evans, delegate to the republican county convention was yesterday sentenced by Judge Woodland to pay a fine of $100 and serve thirty days in jail. Evans offered to sell the votes of ten delegates to Arnold Bertoll, a candidate for sheriff, for $10 a head. Bertoll refused to buy and had Evans arrested for violating the election laws.

Girls Drowned in a Pleasure Party.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 1.—While a party composed of two men and seven young ladies were out in a sailboat off Prospect, West Halifax, yesterday the craft was capsized, and two of the ladies, Bessie Powers, of Boston, and Anna Christian, of Prospect, were drowned.

The Beverly Strike Over.

SALEM, Mass., August 1.—The strike of masters at Beverly has been settled on the recommendation of the state board of arbitration, and an agreement of one year from June 1 will be signed to-day. The men will then return to work.

SETTLING A BULLY.

A New Garfield Story Related by an Aged Albany Boatman.

A tall, raw-boned man, dressed in a suit of gray homespun that hung loosely about his bent form, carrying on his shoulders a well-filled bag, dragged himself into the superintendent of the poor's office the other afternoon, and dropping his bag into the corner on the floor deposited his weary anatomy in an arm chair. Removing a half-worn slouch hat from his head he displayed a pair of sharp blue eyes that bulged out beneath a high forehead. The visitor was rather an odd specimen of humanity, and attracted the attention of an Albany *Argus* reporter. His cheeks were hollow, and about his protruding chin a stubby iron-gray beard was visible. His feet were incased in a new pair of low, coarse shoes, while about his ankles were wound strips of flannel. He said his name was George McCauley, and that he was forty-eight years of age. Pointing to the wrappings about his legs, McCauley said he had ulcers and would like assistance, as he was without means. Clerk Brennan questioned him closely, and learned that he was a boatman—that is, he had followed the canal in the capacity of a driver, steersman, deckhand, etc., since he was about twelve years of age, with the exception of nearly four years that he was in the army.

McCauley said he was born on his father's boat, the Thomas McCauley, near Minerville, on the Erie canal, in 1839. When the war broke out he enlisted in the First Ohio regiment and served under Grant throughout the conflict. He was in eighteen engagements, and in the battle of the Wilderness received a saber cut across the right side of the head, extending below the ear. The scar is still visible. McCauley claims to have been well acquainted with the late President Garfield. He said that he and "Jim" were employed for two summers on the canal boat Reaper Willard, at fifteen dollars per month. They occupied the same bunk and were always fast friends. On one occasion he loaned Garfield a shirt to wear. McCauley describes the house in which Garfield's early days were spent and in which he was born, as "no bigger than a pigpen." The home of the Garfields stood on the heel-path side of the Wabash canal in Ohio. The unfortunate old man spoke feelingly of his former companion, and said that Garfield was an inveterate reader, and when seated on the back of one of the mules that were towing the boat he always had a book in his hand. He was always very respectful, and McCauley said he never heard him swear or saw him take a drink. McCauley said that although "Jim" Garfield was always quiet, he never allowed himself to be imposed upon. He related how, on one occasion, young Garfield was accused of allowing his boat to collide with another. He really had nothing to do with the cause of the collision, and instantly resented the charge. Words led to a challenge from the driver of the opposite boat to fight. "Jim" Garfield got down from his horse and met his antagonist in the center of the tow-path. A ring was formed by the crews of the two crafts and the battle began in earnest. The fight was a bitter one, both boys being about evenly matched. In less then ten minutes, though, young Garfield was declared the victor. That was the last fight he ever had while following the canal, as the fact that he had whipped his man spread up and down the water-way in a very few days, and there was not a boy who cared to "put up their fins" before him. McCauley said "Jim" always saved his money and bought books, which he read constantly. McCauley lost sight of Garfield after he left the canal, and had almost forgotten him. While in the army he said he was approached one day by a large man who, extending his hand, said: "Hello, George, don't you know me?" McCauley said he did not. "Don't you remember Jim Garfield who used to be on the canal with you in Ohio?"

"Yes," was McCauley's reply.

"Well, I'm Jim," answered Garfield. He had grown so large that George McCauley did not know him. When Garfield was on the canal he was but ten years of age; McCauley was nearly fifteen. It was after McCauley and Garfield met on the battlefield that the former was captured by the enemy and confined for three months in Libby Prison, but finally succeeded in escaping and rejoining his regiment.

McCauley said that when he heard of the assassination of President Garfield he felt so bad that he cried, and for a few weeks left the boat upon which he was employed.

The unfortunate fellow has an impediment in his speech, and consequently converses with difficulty. He appears to have a pretty good knowledge of the country, and for a man who follows the occupation that he does, is quite intelligent. McCauley's story impressed Superintendent McKenna and Clerk Brennan as being truthful, and he was admitted to the hospital at the almshouse as a State charge.

SNAKE FARMING.

The Peculiar Industry Carried On by an Illinois Agriculturist.

A correspondent of the Atlanta *Constitution* describes a farm in Illinois, the products of which are of a nature to make the flesh of any but enthusiastic naturalists creep with horror. The farm is carried on for the purpose of propagating rattlesnakes, which are sold at a good round price. A certain firm is at present using rattlesnake oil in the manufacture of a remedy for rheumatism, and the Illinois farmer has agreed to furnish two hundred and fifty snakes for the laboratory during the season, no reptile being less than six years old, or measuring less than four feet in length. There are thirty-seven "mounds" on the farm—slightly raised hillocks—where the snakes burrow in winter, and live with their young in summer. On the south side of one mound, where they could get the full benefit of the sun, were to be seen, on the day of the reporter's visit, over fifty reptiles, which took not the slightest notice of the presence of spectators.

"That mound," said the farmer, "probably contains a dozen nests, and each nest at least ten eggs. I have seen nests holding eighteen young rattlers, the largest not over two inches in length. The eggs are about the size of those of a partridge, but have a soft shell."

In the farm-house was a box of sawdust under the stove, containing twenty-seven rattlesnake eggs, which were almost at the point of hatching. After they had done so, the tiny reptiles would be fed upon flies caught for them by the children. Several pet snakes glide about the house. They are absolutely harmless, the poison sac having been removed from their mouths and their fangs clipped with pincers, while they were under the influence of chloroform. The reptiles have no equals as mice exterminators, and in the summer not only keep the place free from bugs and flies, but from human intruders.

BEATS ENOCH ARDEN.

A True Story of Love, Separation, Remarriage and Final Reunion.

Years ago in the mining town of Ponto Pool, nestling among the mountains of the coast of Wales, George Poland and Mary Davis were married, amid the great rejoicings of their many friends, writes Sam Luty to the Pittsburgh *Labor Tribune*. All things at first conspired to make their wedded life a happy one, and as years passed by children blessed their humble home. Poland had risen and become an engineer at one of the mines, and Mrs. Poland was the landlady of a country inn. Poland's work necessitated his absence from home several nights in the week. A domestic servant led the husband, after one of his departures, to doubt his wife's fidelity. His pride being injured, and being a quick-tempered man he upbraided Mrs. Poland. She in turn answered him hastily, and he in the heat of his passion cast her off. Rushing out of the house, he never rested until on board a steamer bound for America.

He came to Pittsburgh and obtained work in one of the coal mines near the city. There he worked steadily and endeavored to forget the woman of whom he believed that she had wronged him in far-off Wales. After being in America a few months he received a letter from a friend in his old home, which stated that his wife was ill, and would never recover.

In 1861 Poland met Mrs. Mary Simpson, a widow who kept a boarding-house at Banksville, and, being informed that his wife was dead, he proposed and was accepted by the widow as her husband. They were quietly married, which was not generally known to their friends, and their married life passed without serious disturbance until 1885, when they were separated in a romantic way.

One summer day, two years ago, a travel-tired little lady walked into the "Old Stone Tavern" on the Washington pike, and with a pronounced Welsh accent, asked where George Poland resided. The proprietor jokingly asked her if she was his wife. She replied that she was with such seriousness that the host determined to send for Poland, as he was a particular friend of his. The long separated couple met in the dining-room, where the proprietor left them to tell their stories.

Mrs. Poland then explained that after a few years of toil and struggle without success, she determined to come to America and find her husband. Drifting to Wilkesbarre, Pa., her sons obtained work in the mines, and were doing well. Of Poland she heard nothing, until two years ago, when a family from Pittsburgh moved to Wilkesbarre, and told the woman where her husband was. She came to this city, and found him married to another woman. He had little to say, but she determined to leave him to enjoy his second wedded experience, and in his company returned to Wilkesbarre.

Poland came back to this city, but did not live with his second wife, who soon after fell ill and died, it is said, from the result of brooding over the great crime she thought she had committed. Poland boarded with one of the two children of his second wife, but later he furnished a house of his own, and had his daughter keep house for him, until several weeks ago, when she left him.

Deserted by his former friends, old and partially blind from the result of an accident, he, upon the advice of a friend, wrote to his first wife, begged her forgiveness for the wrong he had done her, and pleaded with her to come back to him. She consented, and arrived in town not long ago.

The old couple (Poland being now over seventy years of age and Mrs. Poland a few years younger) were seen, the other evening, wending their way to a grocery store to lay in a stock of provision, as happy as any young married couple just beginning life together.

BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN.

Some of the Arts and Prescriptions of a Professional Complexionist.

While searching for items of news recently a reporter for the New York *Mail and Express* was attracted to a house which had this sign hanging in the window:

COMPLEXIONIST.

A French woman of medium height and marvelous conversational power was found within. She showed her caller into a small reception room, the fittings of which at first sight suggested a drug store or a barber's shop. "A complexionist," said the attendant in answer to a query, "is one who makes a study of the human skin and takes charge of the customers' complexion."

"But surely there are not many!"

"Oh, yes; there are hundreds of women who come here during the gay season to be made up or to have the skin treated with delicate washes to prevent the bad effects of gas, heat and late hours. But young ladies are not the only ones treated; men, young and old, often visit me."

"What is your usual mode of treatment?"

"That depends upon the complexion. If it is merely to be preserved we advise a little careful dieting and bathing in elder flower water. Not a partical of fat must be taken as it injures the polish of the skin. Here is a prescription that will clear the skin in a very short time: A tablespoonful of sulphur taken every other morning for a week, then omitted for three mornings and taken again. A mixture of powdered brimstone or diluted glycerine should be rubbed on the face at night and washed off in the morning with soap and water, in which there is a little ammonia. Washing the face in spirits of camphor, glycerine and ammonia is also very good."

How to Address Your Enemy.

In parliamentary language you may say that a man is not wedded to the truth;

Or sometimes suffers from a spirit of exaggeration;

Or occasionally finds it difficult to confine himself strictly to actualities;

Or is unfettered by the four corners of hard matters of facts;

Or is a past master in the pleasing art of realistically romancing;

Or is partial, in describing nature, to borrowing from the pages of romance;

Or is much given to an artificial recollection of misleading statistics;

Or can not distinguish the false from the true, with a bias toward the former;

Or has a distinct liking for the utterance of statements of a misleading character;

But yet you must not! No, you must not! You really must not! Call him a liar!

Didn't Like the Change.

An English gamin who was given a vacation in the country was asked how he liked change of air and scenery. "Please, sir," said the urchin, "I don't like it at all. Instead of giving me milk out of a nice clean tin they squeeze it out of a nasty cow. I seed 'em a doing it!"

KING OF COUNTERFEITERS.

The Checkered Career of One of the Best-Known American Criminals.

The man Tom Ballard, pardoned by the President the other day, was by all odds the most brilliant counterfeiter who ever bothered the secret service officers, says a Washington correspondent. He is still a young man, though old in crime. He was born in 1843, and before he was twenty went to work with his father as a carriage painter. Through the influence of his employer, a man named Hinman, he became acquainted with Josh Miner, a rich contractor, who, while apparently carrying on a legitimate business, was really the banker and friend of every counterfeiter of note in the country. Miner sent him to New York to learn to be an engraver, and in course of time he became a very expert workman. Then, under Miner's patronage, he began to engrave plates for counterfeit bills. Ballard's first work was a plate for the one-dollar greenback; then followed two-dollar on the Shoe and Leather Bank in New York; then came plates for ten-dollar bills of three National banks in Poughkeepsie; twenty-dollar Shoe and Leather bills, and plates for printing one hundred-dollar and five hundred-dollar Treasury notes. Ballard married an estimable woman, who supposed for years that her husband was a reputable carriage-painter, working in Hinman's shop. Ballard never drank or smoked, he was perfectly regular in his hours, and fond of his wife. Her suspicions were never aroused till the detectives got after him. Every morning he left his house, 225 West Fifty-third street, ostensibly for Hinman's shop, but went to 156 Irvington street, where the counterfeit money was made. Here he shut himself up in his room and stayed there till toward night. On Irving street he was understood to be a night watchman in the custom-house, who, of course, slept all day and went to work as evening approached. He led this double life for years without being suspected by his friends, but was finally run down by detectives and arrested. He escaped from Ludlow Street jail, was a fugitive from justice for three years, and was again arrested in August, 1874, and a large stock of plates, presses, ink, counterfeiters' tools and counterfeit money was captured with him. He escaped again, and in October of the same year was again taken in Western New York. In the three months or less he had engraved a full set of plates, made a fresh stock of paper, collected a full outfit of counterfeiting materials, and got a good deal of money printed. He had also nearly completed the plate for the face of a Canadian five-dollar bill, which was pronounced at the Treasury one of the finest pieces of engraving ever done. Mr. Elmer Washburn, now president of the Stock Yards National Bank, was then chief of the Secret-Service Bureau, and he took good care that Ballard did not escape. He was tried in January, 1885, and sentenced to thirty years' imprisonment, of which he has served about eleven and a half.

Ballard was the only person who ever successfully imitated the fiber paper on which Government notes are printed, but he made it perfectly. He could also imitate the scroll work, which is done in the Government engraving bureau by the famous geometric lathe, so perfectly that it could not be detected by experts and by a microscope. His five hundred dollar bill was his most famous work. It was so perfect that two of them were redeemed by the Treasury officials themselves, and one was taken at the sub-Treasury in Chicago. The only flaw in it was a button on the coat of John Quincy Adams, at the left-hand end of the bill. This button was not exactly round, but was so nearly so that no one would notice it if he were not looking for it. It is said that only twenty of these bills were ever put in circulation, counterfeiters being afraid of them because their denomination was so large. It is also said that Ballard became afraid of the plates and finally dropped them overboard from a ferryboat while crossing Hudson river.

DEACON BURDETTE.

The Genial Humorist as an Humble and Successful Baptist Preacher.

Mr. Burdette, says the Boston *Watchman*, sought a resting place last summer, a hiding place from the worrying world, and found it on the shore of Thirteenth Pond, on Brother Bennett's farm. But "Bob" is a plain Christian, and the little company of believers in the church near by found it out in a simple, proper way—found that a Christian man of some culture was tenting on one of their hill-sides. They had no pastor, and they asked him to preach for them. With some hesitation he consented. Thus he spent the summer, enjoying his new experience beyond measure, and blessing the simple folks more than they can tell him. He is known to the world as a wit who can not open his mouth without pouring forth streams of quiet humor. But the brethren of North River say that he rarely brought a smile to the face of his hearers. He expounded the Scriptures as a man who believed them and loved his hearers. Inexhaustible in his supply of thought and fitting expression, he delighted and profited them. In prayer, as well as in the discourse, he was the same—an humble follower of Jesus and the preacher of his Gospel. They offered him their little offering of pecuniary compensation, but he refused it. They invited him to receive a donation party. He laughed, but refused. They insisted, and for their sake he yielded. It was a merry occasion; he kept one dollar, his first dollar for preaching and put the remainder of the proceeds into the debt of the church building. He gave them a lecture and turned the proceeds of this also into the treasury. It was a delightful summer for him and them, and when he left them in the autumn he promised to repeat the experience another year. It so often happens that religious people manifest a disposition to leave their religion behind them when when they go into the woods or to the mountains, and that ministers, even, on their summer outings refuse to avail themselves of opportunities to preach the Gospel to people eager to listen, that the example of "Bob Burdette" in his little summer parish in the Adirondacks deserves special commendation.

Cigars Fifty-Five Years Old.

About the year 1832 Mrs. Joshua Blake, wife of Joshua Blake of an old mercantile house on Central Wharf, sent her son, Joshua Blake, Jr., then an officer in the United States Navy, stationed at Jamaica, a box of Havana cigars. His vessel left Jamaica before the arrival of the package, and it was retained in the custom-house there thirty-five years. Subsequently it was sent to the New York Custom-House, where it remained twenty more years. It was then brought to light, and recently came into possession of its rightful owner, Mr. Joshua Blake, of Boston, who has tested the quality of a sample cigar fifty-five years old, and found it had not depreciated in quality.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The severe thunder showers have spoiled the weak fishing for the present.

—Quail are becoming very plenty, and good shooting, therefore, may be looked for in the Fall.

—Dark as it was last evening, in Washington Park no electric lights illumed the neighborhood.

—It is against the law to kill woodcock before October 1st. The months of August and September are "close" months.

—The present heated term has caused a great deal of suffering among horses, and many have died from the effects of the heat.

—The guests at Hotel Netherwood are arranging a Mother Hubbard masquerade, that, judging by past hops and the recent German, is sure to be another success.

—It required ten passenger coaches to carry the excursionists from this city to Oriental Grove this morning. A few persons were tardy in arriving at the depot and consequently were left behind.

—During the heavy shower of Sunday afternoon, a small chicken coop on the premises of Mr. Oscar Stevens of Evona, was struck by lightning, and its inhabitants, an old hen with a brood of little chicks, were all instantly killed.

—Sportsmen would do well to remember that it is against the law to shoot robins at any time. The penalty in this State for such an offense is very heavy, and provides that a fine or imprisonment or both shall be imposed where the person so offending is found guilty.

—The first open-air free concert by the Plainfield Cornet Band will be given about the middle of the present month. The Band is rehearsing frequently for the opening occasion, and an extensive programme will be rendered. The concert is to be given in front of Miller's Hotel.

—The next excursion to Ocean Grove from this city is that of Friday of this week, when the Sunday schools of the First Presbyterian, Trinity Reformed and Park Avenue Baptist churches, will go accompanied by the First Presbyterian Sunday school of Dunellen and the friends of all. The first section will leave at 7:50 and the second section fifteen minutes later. Returning will leave at 6:00 p. m., and stop at Long Branch both ways.

A Small Fire.

A little before three o'clock this afternoon fire was discovered in the frame house on West Third street, belonging to Charles Winston. A general alarm was sent out, and soon after a number of engines and the truck were on the spot. The house was occupied by two families—the owner and the family of Fred Pangborn, both of which were out at the time. A neighbor discovered smoke issuing from a bedroom on the ground floor occupied by the Pangborn family. He burst open a window and with a few pails of water succeeded in extinguishing the fire, which had originated in some unaccountable manner, in a feather bed. The Pangborn family, it is said, were all packed up, ready to vacate the premises, and had left the place but a few minutes before the fire was discovered. The damage was trifling.

Exempt Firemen's Meeting.

The Exempt Firemen's Association of this city met in the Truck House last evening in regular session. President Titsworth was in the Chair, and Secretary J. B. Martin was also present to record the doing. The Constitution and By-Laws adopted at the last meeting was revised, and a few alterations made. It was decided, on motion, that all persons who joined the organization previous to the adoption of the Constitution and By-Laws were charter members. The Secretary was requested to notify all members who are in arrears for their initiation fee to pay up at the next meeting, and the meeting adjourned to meet in regular session in Warren Engine House on the first Monday evening in September.

Dr. Craig's Funeral.

The funeral of Dr. Lewis Craig took place from his late residence on Somerset street yesterday afternoon in the presence of a large number of the relatives and friends of the family, including many of the older citizens who had known the deceased for years. Doctor's Tomlinson, Probasco, Rushmore, Griffin, Long, Jenkins, Manning and Carmon, represented the profession, by attending in a body. The house was filled to overflowing, and many persons found standing room in the halls and on the porticos. Rev. Mr. Richards, pastor of the Crescent Avenue church with which the deceased was prominently identified, opened the service with prayer and scripture reading. He was followed by Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes of the First Baptist church, who spoke in eulogy of the deceased and his late wife, who had gone before him. The Reverend doctor paid a lovely tribute to the departed dead, whom he said was at one time one of the foremost citizens in Plainfield. He particularly emphasized his past life, pointing out the many good traits he possessed, and how he had endeared himself to every one with whom he came in contact. Rev. K. P. Ketcham followed with prayer, and Rev. Mr. Richards pronounced the benediction. The remains were encased in a handsome cloth covered casket, and there was a noticeable absence of flowers, the only emblem being a sheaf of wheat, which, however, was very appropriate. At the grave beside his wife, temporarily, in the family plot in the Presbyterian Cemetery, North Plainfield, the service was solemn and impressive. Rev. Mr. Richards consigned the body to the earth from whence it came. Rev. Dr. Yerkes led in prayer and Rev. Dr. Ketcham pronounced the benediction. The pall bearers were: Messrs. William J. Leonard, Wm. McD. Coriell, P. M. French, Charles Place, J. R. Van Deventer and William Shotwell, all representative citizens.

Ex-Councilman Simpson Imprisoned.

Ex-Councilman Robert Simpson of this city, was arrested by Borough Marshal Becker in North Plainfield a little before noon to-day, for carting without a license. He was arraigned before Mayor Cooley and sentenced to ten days in jail, where he was taken by the Marshal. The charge upon which Mr. Simpson was arrested dates back in June, when he is alleged to have violated the borough ordinance, by carting without a license. This morning was the first time he was discovered in North Plainfield since the alleged violation took place, and he was arrested, as above described. Mr. Simpson's arrest and incarceration is likely to result in an interesting lawsuit. The case of ex-Councilman Simpson *vs.* Mayor Cooley and Marshal Becker, an action in tort, to recover $200 damages, which is the result of a formef occurrence of a similar nature, was set down for trial before Justice Wadsworth and a jury this afternoon.

When the case came up for trial, Corporation Counsel Marsh addressed the Court in application for an adjournment. He stated that he had just learned that one of the defendants, Justus H. Cooley, had caused the arrest of the plaintiff and imprisoned him for ten days in the Borough lock-up, without a hearing. Consequently it was impossible to proceed with the case until the expiration of such sentence. Borough Counsel Jackson, for the defendants, conceded the justice of an adjournment under the circumstances, and expressed his consent to the application. The case was then adjourned until August 12, at the same hour and place.

Peculiar Freak of Lightning.

One day last week, the Trustees of the Crescent Avenue church discovered a leak in the roof of their handsome edifice, this city, which gave evidence of spoiling the handsome frescoing of the ceiling just completed. A workman from Mr. A. M. Griffin's named John Sleight, was engaged to discover the leak. He found it in a small round hole about half an inch in diameter, in the copper covered valley leading from one of the rear projections of the building to the copper water leader or gutter. Investigation proved that the hole was caused by a lightning bolt attracted thither by the copper valley which is an electrical conductor. Half way down the valley, the electric current was attracted to an iron nail beneath the copper covering, and the fluid in passing through melted the copper and passed off to the ground by way of the water leader. No other indications of the electrical current was detected, not even the woodwork being scorched. It simply burned a hole through the copper, and passed off the building. There was no lightning rod on that part of the building. Mr. Sleight cut out the damaged piece of copper and it may be seen among other curiosities in the front window of THE PRESS counting room. It is supposed the damage was done during a heavy shower some ten days ago.

—A live water turtle, of the loggerhead species, is on exhibition in front of Moore's butcher shop on Park avenue. The animal was captured off Sandy Hook and weighs eighty-five pounds.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. Bert Wyckoff, of LaGrande avenue, has gone to Asbury for two weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Myers have returned from a trip in the White Mountains.

Charles F. Chidsey, Mayor of Easton, Pa., was registered at Force's Hotel, Sunday evening last.

Miss Florence V. Hurlburt is enjoying a few weeks rest and recreation with friends at Suckasunny, N. J.

Miss Jessie Utter, organist of the Crescent avenue church, left to-day for a two weeks visit in Rhode Island.

Fire Commissioner Wm. H. Brower and wife leave to-morrow for a few week's stay at Mendham, in Morris county.

Miss Lulu Johnson of Philadelphia, is the guest for a few days of Miss Josie Taylor, her cousin, of North avenue.

Miss Lillie Fritts, daughter of Dr. J. T. Fritts of Park avenue, has just returned from her visit to White House, N. J.

Miss Sadie Jones returned to her home, Long Branch, to-day, after a month's visit with relatives on Chatham street.

Mr. I. Schwed of the clothing firm of Messrs. Schwed Brothers, has gone to the Catskills to spend a few days with friends.

Mr. George D. Patten and family, of LaGrande avenue, leave for Asbury Park, this week, to spend the month of August.

The wife and two children of David W. King, of Craig Place, North Plainfield, left to-day for a short sojourn at Asbury Park.

The family of Mr. James B. Weaver, of LaGrande avenue, are at the "Buena Vista," Ocean Beach, for a sojourn of six weeks.

Miss Marion Randolph, of East Front street, has returned from the ocean breezes and cool weather in general at Block Island.

Mr. Frank L. Putnam, of Edsall's, is spending a two week's vacation as the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Romaine Stoddard, Norwich, Conn.

Mr. William Williams, Jr., and Miss Williams, are at home again after a delightful visit at Dr. Strong's Seaside Sanitarium, Asbury Park.

Miss Kinny has gone to Pine Bush, Orange county, New York, for the month of August, where she will join Mrs. O. B. Matthews and Miss Matthews.

The Misses Hasbrouck, of North Plainfield, who have been at the Mansion House, Asbury Park, for the past two weeks, returned home yesterday.

Miss Lizzie Sommers, who has been the guest of the Misses Mary and Julia Fields, returned to her home at Easton, yesterday, after a most enjoyable visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Russel O. Howell, returned home last evening, having enjoyed a few days' visit at the home of Dr. B. D. Howell, a brother of Russel's, at Clinton, N. J.

Mr. Joseph G. Miller with his family have gone to Westerly for a change of air and scene. Mrs. Miller will also visit elsewhere, but Mr. Miller returns in a few days.

Mrs. W. B. Vail, of this city, returned home from Asbury Park, yesterday, where she has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Geo. F. Brown, of North Plainfield, at their seaside cottage.

Mr. Frank Taft, organist of the Clinton avenue Congregational church, Brooklyn, will officiate at the Crescent avenue church, during the next two Sundays, because of the absence of its regular organist.

Mr. Harry Thorn, Jr., of Franklin place, who has been regaining good health at Livingston, near Orange, for the past few months, was in this city yesterday for a brief visit. He is greatly improved in every way, and in looks and strength is more like himself again.

The funeral services of the late Mary Gorton were held at her late residence, yesterday at 4:15 p. m. The Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham officiated, and special music was rendered by a quartette composed of Miss Alice Holmes, Miss Julia Ketcham, and Messrs. F. and E. Runyon.

The Rev. W. R. Richards will leave this week to join his wife and children and enjoy a well earned vacation. Some able speakers have been secured to supply the pulpit of the Crescent avenue church, during the pastor's absence, who will be duly announced in these columns.

Chief Dodd, having practically been granted a six week's leave of absence by the Council at its meeting last evening, will sail for Glasgow, per steamer "Furnisia," of the Anchor line, on Saturday, the 6th instant. Chief Dodd will make the trip alone, and will visit his mother, whom he has not seen for many years.

During Wednesday of last week, Miss Susan Charlotte Pike, eldest daughter of Noah Webster Pike, Esq., of this city, was married in the Thirteenth Street Presbyterian church of New York, to Mr. Joseph W. Savage, son of the late J. W. Savage, Mayor of Rahway. Mr. and Mrs. Savage sailed yesterday on a wedding trip to California, as announced. The groom's late father was a brother of the first Mrs. Pike, the bride's mother.

COMMON COUNCIL MEETING

President Marsh called the City Council to order at 8:30 o'clock last evening, and the roll call showed the following other Councilmen present: Messrs. Bowers, Carey, Dunham, Taylor, Voorhees, Wilbur—7. The reading of the minutes were, upon motion of Mr. Dunham dispensed with.

Under the heading of "Petitions or Communications," Mr. W. C. Butler petitioned the Council for the privilege to make repairs to a wood shed in the rear of his residence on East Front street, said shed being 11x16 feet in dimension. Referred to Fire, Water and Lamps Committee with power.

Messrs. Wm. McD. Coriell, E. L. Meader and others communicated with the Council calling attention to needed repairs on Clinton avenue. The matter was referred to the Street Committee.

License applications were presented and referred as follows: Peddlers—N. T. Heflin, Levi C. Baker. Hack—Richard H. Day, William Callahan.

A petition signed by Messrs. Charles Graves, I. D. TenEyck, P. J. Flannigan and others, was read stating that the value of the several properties along and in the immediate vicinity of Liberty street and the railroad bridge, was jeopardized by the present condition of the sewer at that point, causing the water to back up and flood the cellars. The petition asked that immediate steps be taken to abate the nuisance. It was transferred to the Committee on Streets.

A paper was received from Dr. Fred. J. Wells, E. V. Lorton, and others, residents on West Fifth street, asking the Council to accept the lamp located at the intersection of Fifth and Division streets, and that the same be lighted. Referred to Fire, Water and Lamps Committee.

The electric light company, through Mr. J. H. Taber, petitioned the Council for privilege to attach their wires to the District Messenger poles on Washington street. Referred to Fire, Water and Lamps Committee with power.

Claims were presented as follows, the same being referred to the various committees:

Geo. M. Angleman, $733.50, $41.66; Plainfield Gas Light Co., $17.50, $3.25; Electric Light Co., $350; French Bros., $63.80; C. A. Marsh, $125; J. H. Platt, $40; F. A. Dunham, $36.92, $9.63; John Johnson, $11.08, $2.89; F. A. Pope, $3; W. R. Mattox, $15; C. W. Dodd, $75; T. McCue, $60; P. Lynch, $60; G. W. Grant, $60; J. H. Wilson, $290.67; Jones & Co., $10.

Poor claims—J. O. Nodyne, $87.50; Relief Association, $75; N. Runyon, $24; J. Bly, Exc., $20; C. Thorp, Agt., $15; Jos. Newman, $15; Mary P. Moran, $12; M. C. Mahon, $10.50; Geo. P. Suydam, $9; Mary Daly, $8; Jas. McGinley, $6; Catherine Smith, $4.50; B. Hickey, $4; Kate Conway, $4; B. Guttman, $2.50; A. Manning, $62.50; W. R. Jennings, $20; M. A. Cooper, $22; C. A. Hartpence, $18; Mrs. Farlee, $12.

A communication was received from Mayor Male stating that in conformity with the dog ordinance, he would make the following nominations: Pound Master—Frank Van Aken. Dog Catchers—James Babbitt, Edward Cuff. The nominations were unanimously confirmed.

Councilman Bowers moved to suspend the regular order of business, and it was so ordered. Mr. Taylor was called to the chair, and President Marsh retired from the room.

The treasurer's monthly statement was received and ordered on file. Following is a summary:

Amount to balance July 1st	$7,197.52	
Received during month	785.59	
Total receipts		$7,983.11
Total disbursements for month		$3,504.28
Balance on Hand		$4,478.83

The monthly report of the Collector was read, received and placed on file. The following is a

RECAPITULATION.

Total State and County Collections	$392.61
Judgments	29.75
Library	15.26
City	186.47
Poor	35.79
Cost and Interest City less School list	78.46
Total amount taxes collected and paid City Treasurer	738.34
City School tax Deposited to credit Board of Education	169.92
Interest on school tax deposited to credit Board of Education	22.77
Total Am't dept. to credit B'd Ed'n	192.69
Total receipts for July, 1887	$931.03

JOHN JOHNSON, Collector.

City Physician Manning sent in a report showing that seventeen persons had received treatment at the expense of the city, for a period dating from May 7th to August 1st. It was received and placed on record.

From Assessor Hubbard was read a communication stating that the Assessor's books would be ready for examination by the Council on the 16th instant, and suggesting that the Council meet at that time for said purpose. Upon motion of Mr. Bowers it was resolved that when the Council adjourn it be to meet again in regular session on Tuesday, August 16th.

Chief Dodd sent in a communication to the Council asking for a six week's leave of absence and stating that he was desirous of visiting his mother in the old country who was advanced in years and whom he had not seen in a long time. The communication was referred to the Police Committee with power.

The various committees reported back as correct most of the bills referred to them, and they passed into the hands of the Auditing Committee for final signature.

Mr. Bowers asked for a suspension of Rule 32, so as to enable one member of a committee to make a report. He then called for an opinion from Corporation Counsel Marsh relative to the small pox bills, which were presented at a former meeting and referred to the Board of Health. Mr. Marsh said the Health Board had examined the bills and was ready to report on two of them—Dr. Manning, $94.50, and Anderson & Brown, for board, $134.50. The Board had instructed the Counsel to enter into negotiations for the settlement of the latter bill, and this had reduced the amount to $67.50. Corporation Counsel Marsh, on behalf of the Board, recommended that the two bills be paid. He also reported progress on the remaining small pox claims. The two bills were sent to the Auditing Committee.

Mr. Wilbur, from the License Committee, reported favorably on above license applications, and recommended that they be granted. The report was received and recommendation adopted.

Mr. Carey, from the Street Committee, said he had some bills in his hands for work done on the streets, but if the Council saw fit to adopt the one-man-power system of controlling the work as the resolution passed at the last meeting practically put all the work on the streets in the hands of Chairman Dumont, without giving the other members of the Committee a voice in the matter, he would not sign the bills. Following is the resolution referred to:

Resolved: That all the work upon the streets ordered to be done by the Common Council is under the direction of the Committee on Streets, and that the chairman of that committee is, as its organ, alone empowered to direct the Street Commissioner in the premises on behalf of the Committee.

Mr. Voorhees said that if the Street Commissioners' bills were not passed, all work on the streets must cease for the present, as a portion of the money had already been advanced by the Commissioner who wanted to be reimbursed. He offered a resolution, verbally, that the above resolution be rescinded.

Councilman Bowers begged to differ with the gentleman, and said so far as he was able to understand the meaning of the resolution, the Street Committee was only required to report through their chairman. Mr. Taylor said that if the Street Committee was not ready to report on the bills, they would have to lay over, and the usual order of business was resumed by the Alms and Police Committee reporting correct bills referred to them.

Mr. Voorhees offered a resolution in effect that the City Treasurer present bills to all partics, whose premises connect with the North avenue sewer. It was adopted. He also called up the above resolution with reference to the Street Committee. It was read by the clerk, and Mr. Voorhees then made a motion to rescind the same by striking it from the minutes. Otherwise, he said, the wheels of government would be clogged for the time being. Mr. Bowers said he was unable to discover any one-man-power vested in any one by the provisions of the resolution. Mr. Voorhees answered that one member of the committee, present, had refused to sign the bills, as he claimed to know nothing about them. Mr. Carey, of the Street Committee, said he, (meaning Mr. Dumont) had not consulted him since he was on the committee. He had no particular objection to the Chairman of the Street Committee "giving the orders," but he wanted to be consulted in the premises.

Mr. Dunham gave his views on the subject, after the resolution had been read for the second time. He considered it was the duty of the chairman to instruct the Street Commissioner in accordance with the desire of a majority of the Street Committee. The roll call on the adoption of Mr. Voorhees' resolution, resulted as follows: Ayes—Messrs. Carey, Dunham, Voorhees, Wilbur. Nays—Messrs. Bowers and Taylor.

Mr. Bowers said his attention had been called to complaints about the poor street lighting, by comments in the public press. He assured the Council that the committee having the matter in charge was anxious to thoroughly light the streets to the satisfaction of all, and that any and all complaints brought to the notice of said committee would be cheerfully attended to at the earliest possible convenience.

Mr. Carey from the Street Committee, returned as correct the bills of Street Commissioner Angleman, and they passed into the hands of the Auditing Committee.

The Auditing Committee, through Mr. Taylor, reported correct all of the above bills, with the exception of the following, some of which were held in the hands of the several committees: Electric Light Co., $350; French Bros., $63.80; F. A. Dunham, $36.92 and $9.63; John Johnson, $10.08 and $2.89; J. H. Wilson, $290.67; Jones & Co., $10. The report was received and warrants were ordered drawn for the payment of the several amounts.

Councilman Bowers presented the following set of resolutions condoling President Marsh in the recent loss of his esteemed mother:

WHEREAS, Francis E. Marsh, Esq., President of this body, has been called upon to endure grievious affliction caused by the death of his honored mother, Eliza Marsh, who has so long been known and respected in this community for her high character, womanly virtues, and exemplary life,

Resolved, That we extend to our afflicted brother-councilman our heartfelt sympathy, and beg him to accept our tribute of honor to the memory of his venerable and beloved mother.

Resolved, That in token of the sincerity of this action, and as an appropriate mark of our respects, this council do now adjourn by rising.

The resolutions were, upon motion of Councilman Voorhees, adopted by a rising vote, and the clerk was instructed to forward a copy to the bereaved family, and have the same published in the city papers.

Council then adjourned.

Base Ball.

The Y. M. C. A.'s will play a practice game to-morrow afternoon, against a picked nine including a number of the Bicycle club's team.

If the New Brunswick Y. M. C. A. nine, defeated the Newark Y. M. C. A. nine, at base ball, Saturday, by a score of 23 to 1, what will be the result when the latter fall into the hands of Plainfield's team next Saturday?

The New Brunswick Y. M. C. A.'s have telegraphed for our home team to play them at New Brunswick, either Thursday or Friday. It will be impossible, however, to arrange another game this week besides the one at Newark, Saturday.

The *Journal* of Elizabeth, says: "Saturday afternoon, on the Pottery grounds, Baker's amalgamation, the Madisons, played the Actives, of Plainfield, or in other words, had the Plainfield club play with them. The visiting club is a very strong one, playing splendidly together, and the way they piled up the runs was a caution, although quite a number were made through the errors of the captain of the Madisons and the listlessness of his team. The Actives batted the Madison's pitcher well, the latter having very poor support, fly after fly being muffed by Baker, who undoubtedly took the cake for making errors. It is reported that the Madisons if they had succeeded in knocking the Actives out would have donned new uniforms soon, but now they will stop at caps. It is not announced when they will play the return game."

The "Dunellen" club are striving hard to win a handsome pennant, donated by a gentleman of Dunellen. They have already won four games out of twenty. On Saturday last the "Dunellens" played the "New Brunswicks" at Dunellen, and defeated them by a score of 6 to 0. The same afternoon the "Dunellens" played a nine from the oil cloth factory, this city, on the former's grounds. At the end of the sixth innings the game stood 9 to 11 in favor of Dunellen. On account of rain, the umpire, Mr. Thomas Buckley, called the game and decided it in favor of the oil cloth factory nine. Since then, we are informed, he has reversed his unjust decision and gave the game to the Dunellen club, who are now anxiously awaiting the return of ball and money. On Thursday next the "Dunellens" play the "Knights of Labor" of Bound Brook, at 4 p. m.

Saturday's Trotting.

The trial contests of speed on the track of the Gentlemen's Driving Association at the Fair Grounds on Saturday were more than interesting, and a large number of persons were present to witness the racing. Competent Judges recorded the time made in each heat to the entire satisfaction of all. There were three horses in the first trot, viz: Edward Waring's "Ledge Boy," John Osborn's "Care Not," and Mr. Geo. Phillips' "Little Gypsy." "Ledge Boy" won the first heat in 2:42½, and "Little Gypsy" came in ahead in the second and third heats. Time 2:40 and 2:39½.

The second and concluding race, half-mile heats, was between Mr. J. W. Johnston's "Echo" and M. Quinn's "Gray Billy." The heat was declared a dead one, although Mr. Quinn's horse crossed the line, it is said, slightly in advance of his competitor. Time, 1:21½

Mr. A. C. Vail gave an exhibition of speed with his spanking team, "Peanuts" and "Baby Bobbitt." The horses trotted nicely and the owner handled the reins in an artistic manner.

A Move in the Right Direction.

Mr. Peter H. Bennett who succeeds Mr. B. H. Bachman in the business heretofore conducted by the latter on Park avenue, formally took possession of the place yesterday morning. The new proprietor is one of the sort of men which this community will gladly welcome into its midst, and a prosperous future is predicted for him. He immediately instituted the early closing movement among the butchers and produce dealers by closing his store promptly at half-past seven o'clock last evening, thus giving his employees an hour or two's recreation in the evening before bed time. By this action he has at once commanded the good will of his employees, and in this new departure he has displayed commendable enterprise, which the public will doubtless recognize. Mr. Bennett is an old resident in this city, and has gained many warm friends here. He will continue to conduct the business by keeping on hand a choice supply of meats, fruits, vegetables, etc., as a glance at his announcement on the next page will indicate.

—Don't seek shelter under a tree during a thunder storm. It is better to take a good drenching than to run the risk of being struck by lightning.

—A particular friend of ours, in the gas company, says: "The excessive, almost intolerable, discomfort and suffering, consequent upon the calorific humidity of the circumambient atmosphere during the caninical period vulgarly known as 'dog-days,' cannot be gauged or indicated by any barometrical, thermometrical or other register extant."

TRAGEDY IN CAMDEN

TERRIBLE WORK WITH A BULL DOG PISTOL.

William Willshire Shoots His Wife While She is Making Complaints—Kills the Justice and Himself.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 2.—In South Camden William Willshire, 52 years of age, shot his wife Ella, aged 47, deliberately murdered justice of the peace William S. Darr (colored), and then sent a bullet through his own brain, dying almost instantly. The tragedy occurred in a one-story brick building on the south side of Spruce street, where Squire Darr had his office as justice and real estate agent. Willshire had lived unhappily with his wife for some time, and had frequently abused her. The couple had three children, aged 6, 12, and 15 years. They lived at 904 South Fourth street, and occupied the first floor and one of the stores under Mechanics' hall, Willshire having used the store as an oyster saloon until quite recently.

About two weeks ago Mrs. Willshire, becoming tired of her husband's abuse, went to 'Squire Darr's office and had a warrant issued charging him with non-support and cruelty. He was arrested, tried, and ordered to pay $6 per week for the support of his wife and children. Having closed his oyster saloon, Willshire sought employment, and worked for one week. Instead of giving his wife the amount ordered by the court he gave her $2 only. The woman, with poverty staring her in the face, appealed for more, but her husband refused to listen, the consequence being that the old family quarrel was renewed and continued until death put an end to it.

A neighbor said that previous to the tragedy Willshire entered the house, grasped his wife by the throat, and began choking her. She got away from him and ran to the office of 'Squire Darr, her husband soon following her. The Rev. George Morris Witted, a colored preacher, who was an eyewitness to the tragedy, says that Mrs. Willshire was telling the squire of the abuse she had received at the hands of her husband when Willshire entered the office. The squire was gently remonstrating with the man for his treatment of his wife, when Willshire pulled a self-cocking, 42 calibre bull-dog revolver and fired two shots at his wife. The first somewhat stunned her, but the second did the work, and the women fell to the floor lifeless. Willshire then fired at the 'squire. The ball struck him in the right temple, and, falling him to the floor, he expired almost instantly. Willshire then walked out of the office with the smoking revolver in his hand without saying a word. He walked half a block to Third street, and down Third a few feet, when he placed the pistol back of his right ear, pulled the trigger, and fell to the ground dead.

Squire Darr was 45 years of age. He was a widower and leaves one child. He was a leading republican politician and was instrumental in securing the first appointments of colored policemen in the city of Camden about a year ago. He had served nearly five years as a justice of the peace, and had twice been elected alderman.

A CROOKED BOOKKEEPER.

How He Worked the Firm Which Employed Him for $20,000.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—A. J. Whitman, bookkeeper for the Central Union telephone company, has been arrested for forgery, and committed to the criminal court under $25,000 bonds. Three years ago William entered the telephone company's employ, and rapidly won his way to a position of confidence and responsibility. Within those three years, so far as ascertained, he has stolen $20,000. On June 16 last he forged two checks for $20,00 each on the Northwestern National bank. He drew up a check on the bank to the order of F. P. Ross, manager of the telephone company, signed by W. S. Chapman, the treasurer, and countersigned by Geo. I. Phillips, the president, and indorsed by Ross. On the same day, and in like fashion, as well as to an equal amount, Whitman fraudulently uttered another check, except that in this instance C. H. Wilson was the payee. The bank people had Whitman arrested on these two charges, and the officers of the telephone company testified that they had discovered their losses at Whitman's dexterous hand amount to nearly $20,000. Whitman was unable to furnish the bail and went to jail.

The Crime of the Rev. Mr. West.

CHESTERTON, Ind., Aug. 2.—The excitement here over the West case is intense. Men express themselves as being ready for any duty. Pious church people were heard to express themselves as being ready to pull a rope on West if the opportunity occurred. Services in West's old church were held yesterday, but very few attended. The church has received a terrible set-back here. Many people have already ordered their names erased from the church books. From morning till night throngs of excited people were to be seen and nothing was heard but West. The deputy prosecuting attorney has decided to send to Michigan City and Valparaiso, asking for at least 500 men to make a search for West. He has looked over the ground and decided that the search on a grand scale should be commenced. There is no difficulty is raising men. Business is suspended, and a stranger stepping into Chesterton would think war times had returned. W. T. A. West, a married clergyman, seduced a young girl named Susie Beck of this place, eloped with her to St. Louis, and there poisoned her with arsenic while living with her under an assumed name.

What the Policemen Found.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 2—While police officers were searching in New Britain for James Lane, the noted New England horse thief, they broke into John Toohey's grocery store, expecting to find him there, as it was known that he was intimate with the proprietor's wife. He was not found, but the dead body of Mrs. Toohey was found lying across a bed in her own apartments. She had been murdered. Mrs. Toohey's husband is now on his way to Ireland to pay a visit to his old home. The coroner is investigating. The case is shrouded in mystery.

Praying in Front of Billiard Tables.

NEWARK, N. J., Aug. 2—The bolters from the Dr. Rankin's Congregational church in Orange met in the gymnasium connected with Robert F. Westcott's residence yesterday. The Rev. R. B. Marks of this city preached. Behind him, as he prayed, were two billiard tables with the balls on them.

Beaten Because His Patient Died.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Aug. 2.—Dr. J. C. Haller, a prominent physician, was so badly beaten by Lafayette Dull, a farmer, that he will probably die. Mrs. Dull died during the spring while under Dr. Haller's care, and Dull attributes her death to want of attention on the part of the doctor

A MAD RUSH OF WATERS.

Bridges and Houses Torn Down and Railroad Traffic Suspended.

WILKESBARRE, Penn., Aug. 1.—A dam burst on the mountain to-day which let the water down in the village of Parsons. The whole town was flooded and the people had to flee for their lives. A little girl named Annie Queen was caught in the current and her body was found five miles away. Four bridges were washed away and 500 feet of the Jersey Central road was carried off. All traffic on the road is at a standstill.

At Laurel Run the waters caught fifty loaded coal cars on a side track and dashed them down the mountain like kindling wood. A mile and a half of track was also carried with the cars. All the houses on Ash street were carried off their foundations. The loss to the railroad company is about $95,000 and to the town property about $60,00.

The waters of Coal Brook creek carried off two bridges in the northern part of the town. Between Wilkesbarre and Parsons 100 men are at work repairing the Delaware & Hudson railroad.

Rows in the Jury-Room.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Aug. 2.—The jury in the case of McCoy, charged with the murder of Dr. W. T. Northup at Haverhill, this county, in April last, returned a verdict of murder in the second degree. McCoy remained calm and expressionless, giving no sign of disappointment. His attorney filed a motion for a new trial and Judge Dever fixed next Monday as the day to hear arguments. The jury on the first ballot stood seven for murder in the first degree against five for assault and battery. The five men agreed to manslaughter, where they hung from Friday evening until this morning, when a compromise was effected. The session of the jury was a stormy one, and personal combats were narrowly averted.

Colored Soldiers' Reunion.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—There was held at Tremont temple a reunion of colored veterans of the late war. The galleries were filled with a large crowd and the main floor was occupied by veterans. The decorations were very profuse and included flags and bunting and flowers. Among the invited guests were Gen. J. C. Carrington, Lieut. Fox, Major N. E. Ladd, of Groveland; Majors Mckay and Garrison, of Boston and numerous officers of the state militia. Lieut. Dupree called the meeting to order and made a brief speech of welcome, after which addresses were made by Recorder Trotter, of the District of Columbia, Gov. Andrew E. Kingsley and others.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Mrs. Anna Snoots of Adamsville, Ohio, has been arrested on suspicion of having poisoned her four children.

Miss Bessie Powers, of Boston, and Anna Christian, of Prospect, were drowned by the upsetting of a sailboat near Halifax, N. S.

Twenty-five thousand G. A. R. veterans attended the funeral of ex-department commander George H. Patch, at South Framingham, Mass.

James Brownlow, white, and Abe Phillips, colored, quarrelled at Calhoun, Ga., and Brownlow was literally chopped to death. Phillips was captured and taken to Calhoun and a lynching is anticipated.

All the Swiss military commanders have been ordered to pay the strictest attention to the effectiveness of the troops, in order to insure a proper working of the army in the event of an outbreak of war in Europe.

Thomas Welch, aged 55, a veteran from the Leavenworth Soldiers' home, was so chagrined because the Leavenworth soldiers' base ball team was defeated by an amateur club that he attempted to drown himself in the Kaw river.

Dr. Mackenzie reports that the growth in the Crown Prince Frederick William's throat is now so slight that he expects the trouble will soon cease altogether. The prince's voice gains daily in strength and his general health is excellent.

Mrs. Lillie Langtry arrived in Chicago on a special train from San Francisco, accompanied by Fred Gebhard, and left for the east at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Langtry was apparently in good health. Mrs. Langtry signed her name in person in the register at the Hotel Richelieu.

Senator Sherman has gone to Montreal, at which point he will start over the Canadian Pacific railroad for Puget Sound. He will be accompanied by Congressman Grosvenor and Thompson of Ohio, ex-Congressman Townsend, and Gen. J. S. Robinson, secretary of state. It is possible the trip may be prolonged to Alaska.

Warren Richardson of Stoughton, Mass., travelling agent for a Roston shoe firm, started from Boston to deliver a pair of shoes in Waltham. Late at night he was found in a Waltham dooryard unconscious. He had been drugged by a stranger, who offered him port wine and robbed him of $60 and the shoes. He is in a critical condition.

Citizens from Craig, Mo., have surrounded a couple of horse thieves in a forest in Iowa, sixteen miles from Nebraska City. The citizens had the thieves surrounded near Craig on Friday, and a battle ensued in which one of the thieves was killed. The thieves then broke away, but were again pursued and surrounded at their present rendezvous. The thieves will be promptly lynched when caught.

At the crossing of the Detroit, Lansing and Northern railroad, near Lakeview, Mich., Saturday, a wagon containing five persons was struck by a west-bound train. Hattie Shaver and Hattie Reynolds were picked up dead. Their bodies were terribly mangled. Charles Witbeck, and Fannie Shaver were fatally injured, while Ned Hatch escaped with slight injuries. The blame is laid on Witbeck.

Five men rode into Odessa, Texas, broke into a house occupied by some Chinese section hands, and robbed the inmates. The gang rode to Warfield, ten miles away, and robbed another gang, securing $110 and some clothing. From there they went to Midland and again raided a party of Celestials, making off with $450. The Chinamen were horribly abused, one being hung up by the neck until nearly dead.

Dr. J. C. Haller, a prominent physician, was so badly beaten by Lafayette Dull, a farmer living ten miles south of Fort Wayne, Ind., that he will probably die. Mrs. Dull died during the spring while under Dr. Haller's care, and Dull attributes her death to want of attention on the part of the doctor. After beating Dr. Haller on the head with a club, Dull escaped to the woods and has not yet been captured. Dull's mind is supposed to be affected.

Invitations have been sent to secretary of the Treasury Fairchild, Assistant Postmaster-General Stevenson, Superintendent of Architecture Freret, Private Secretary Lamont, and Commissioner of Pensions Black to attend a lawn fete to be given by the Randall club of Pittsburg on Wednesday next. The first named three have already signified their willingness to attend, and it is probable that Secretary Lamont and Commissioner Black will attend the fete.

A party of four hunters from Arkansas, while camped on a stream in the Choctaw Nation, in Indian territory, were surprised by three men, who ordered them to surrender. Two of the party sprang into thickets, while the other two named Johnson and Peters, refused to surrender without knowing the grounds of their arrest. The reply of the intruders was a volley from their revolvers. Peters and Johnson fell fatally wounded, and the assassins escaped.

DEATHS.

MARSH—At Plainfield, N. J., Sunday morning, July 31, Eliza Marsh, widow of the late Elston Marsh, aged 70 years.

Funeral services from her late residence on Madison avenue, Wednesday afternoon, August 3d, at 3 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—STEADY, ACTIVE YOUNG MAN, about twenty years, for time keeping and general office work: must be quick and correct at figures; reference required. Apply to WALTER SCOTT & Co., South avenue. 8-2d1

TO LET—FIVE ROOMS TO SMALL FAMILY. Address Box 192. 8-2d1

NOTICE—ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO ME will find their accounts made up, and by calling and settling same, will confer a favor. Respectfully, B. BACHMAN. 8-1-tf

$6,666 WILL BUY NO. 18 E. SEVENTH street. If it is a bargain, apply to JOS. T. VAIL, Real Estate Agent, North ave.—26-7

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume: also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

Grand Excursion

OF THE

PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB,

TO

Rockaway Beach,

ON THE STEAMER

"GRAND REPUBLIC,"

WITH BRASS BAND,

Tuesday, Aug. 9.

Six hours for bathing, boating, fishing and visiting the various places of amusement. The success met with and universal satisfaction given on our excursion to this great watering place last year, prompts the management to predict for this the most enjoyable one from Plainfield this season, at the very low figures: $1.25 for adults and 75c for those under twelve years, for the round trip of ninety miles. Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m., sharp. Steamer leaves Jersey City 9.30; returning—leaves Rockaway 5.30 p. m. Tickets can be obtained from Executive Committee: Dr. Lowrie, A. Vanderbeek and H. N. Spencer; E. Lamphear, Treas.; J. W. A. Bauersachs, Financial Sec.; also from Club members and at the drug stores. 8-2-d6

EXCURSION

OF THE

1st Presbyterian, Trinity Reformed, Park Ave. Baptist SUNDAY SCHOOLS

OF

PLAINFIELD, N. J.,

AND

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,

OF DUNELLEN,

Friday, Aug. 5th,

TO

OCEAN GROVE

AND

ASBURY PARK,

Stopping at Long Branch both ways. Tickets—Adults, $1.25; Children (5 to 12 years) 90 cts. First section leaves Plainfield, 7.50; second section leaves Plainfield, 8.05 a. m. Returning—leave Asbury Park, 6.00 p. m. 7-29-d6

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

40 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 8-2-tf

$10 REWARD

Offered for information which will lead to the conviction of the parties who maliciously smashed the windows of the Church of the Holy Cross, on Saturday last.

8-1-d2 T. LOGAN MURPHY, Rector.

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JULY 29, 1887.

Aldrich, A Mrs	Hagerty, M T Mrs
Achin, Augusta Miss	Hart, Lena Miss
Bertorm, John	Lewis, A H
Burnett, C M Miss	Muller, Otto
Baker, Ella Miss	Moore, Anna Miss
Bowers, Agnes B Mrs	Murwich, H J
Baldwin, Asa	Nicholson, Mr
Bule, C Dr	Nourrie, Cath Mrs
Caedmas, Martha Mrs	Rose & Co
Cain, Sarah Miss	Runion, Mary E Miss
Canaran, Annie E Miss	Read, M & H
Clack, J B	Terger, Sue
Gerbhart, Susie Miss	Tyler, N E
Gormley, Thomas	Taylor, Chas W & Sons
	Wilson, L N Mrs

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,

7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.

No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

PECK'S CORNER.

Without doubt the prices

PECK

has marked down his

FLOUNCINGS,

Are more value for the money than ever before known.

CABRIOLETS.

SURRYS. HOMAN & RYERSON, —FINE— CARRIAGES, AND Business Wagons Plainfield, N. J. BUGGIES.

29 & 31 SOMERSET STREET.

7-1-tf

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

STOP AT

No. 33 Park Avenue

For Musical Instruments and Sporting Goods. Violin Strings and Musical Merchandise. A good Assortment of

HAMMOCKS,

CHILDREN'S WAGONS AND CARTS

CAN BE HAD A

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

We can show TO FISHERMEN A Fine Line of RODS, REELS, LINES, HOOKS, NETS and ARTIFICIAL BAITS.

Agents for the New King Bicycle, the Latest and Best Wheel in the market.

Plainfield, N. J.

my16y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

DEATH AND DESTRUCTION

A CHAPTER OF HOT WEATHER CASUALTIES AND CRIMES.

Many Persons Killed and Much Property Destroyed by Lightning and Wind—Murders and Suicides.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Aug. 2.—During the heavy thunderstorm, Starr Keeler, an oysterman, while attempting to hoist a sial near Darlon's Point, was struck by lightning, and received injuries which resulted in his death. Lightning struck James Dillon's house, and tore off siding and demolished the wall, and also struck a young woman on the road to Darien, killing her instantly.

WILLIMANTIC, Conn., Aug. 2.—A terrific thunder and hail storm swept over the town of Ashford, 16 miles north of here. Rain and hail fell in torrents, washing the roads out terribly. Lightning struck the house of Nelson Hammond, a mile west of Ashford Centre. The bolt descended on the west end of the house and tore off about half of the end. The family were sitting in the east end. Mrs. Hammond was instantly killed by the shock, though there were no signs of the lightning, having entered the room. A son Albert Hammond, aged 24, was in the act of shutting an east window when the house was struck, and he was shocked in both arms and still suffers terrible pain. Nelson Hammond, his father, was lying on a bed in a west room, and he sustained a shock from the effects of which he is now temporarily insane. Lightning also struck a tenement house belonging to John Brown, near Mount Hope.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 2.—Reports of minor damage by storm still come in. In North Scituate Harley Luther's barn was struck by lightning and burned, together with 30 tons of hay and two horses. Two cows which were grazing in the same town were killed by lightning. In Bristol several horses were struck, and 100 fowl, the entire contents of a hennery, were killed.

LANCASTER, Penn., Aug. 2.—During a heavy storm the barn of Elias Reist, in Penn Township, was struck by lightning and destroyed, with the crops of 60 acres, besides several animals. Loss, $5,000; insured. Mrs. Abram Witmer of Safe Harbor, while looking at the fire, dropped dead from excitement. The bridge across the Port Deposit railroad at Octorara was washed away. The barn of Henry Haller, at Rothville, was also destroyed, causing heavy loss.

EASTON, Penn., August 2.—About 20 houses in Northampton county and eight in Warren county, N. J., were damaged by lightning. Many cellars were flooded by heavy rains. The damage to streets and pavements in Easton and South Easton by wash-outs is estimated at $12,000.

READING, Penn., Aug. 2.—During a storm lightning struck the barns of Aaron Yeager, in Pike township, this county, and Daniel Wenstler, near Hoppenville, Montgomery county, half a mile away, and both houses were burned, together with the contents, causing a loss of $10,000. Grime dam, covering two acres, near Boyertown, this county, burst through its breast, 18 feet high, destroying everything in the vicinity.

YATES CENTRE, Kan., Aug. 2.—A good rain fell here accompanied by a good deal of lightning. During the storm Miss Sheehan, a young woman 18 years of age, was standing in the yard, was struck by lightning and instantly killed.

Millions of Mosquitoes.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 2.—A phenomenal plague of mosquitoes has been experienced along the east shore in the vicinity of this city, Branford, and Stony Creek for the past few days. Nothing like it was ever known here before. At Stony Creek yesterday the insects were so numerous that a large number of guests were driven away from the shore hotels. At times the air was fairly black with them. On Saturday evening fires had to be burned all along the coast on the east shore in the immediate vicinity of New Haven. The insects were so thick and troublesome that horses were made unmanageable and people were compelled to sleep out of doors wrapped in mosquito netting. The mosquitoes are supposed to have come over from Long Island. There are millions of the insects in this city to-night, and the suffering all along the coast has been intense. The scourge was abating somewhat to-day. If it continues it will ruin business at all the resorts hereabout.

Five Thousand Men on Strike.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 2.—There has been inaugurated what from present indications will be the most serious misunderstanding that has arisen for years between the amalgamated association of iron and metal workers and the manufacturers. Already a number of mills in the Mahoning valley have been closed down and nearly 5,000 iron workers are out of employment while the indications are that before many days there will be a still larger number of idle mills. The trouble is caused by an attempt on the part of the amalgamated association to enforce an old law in their constitution which provides that no man shall hold two jobs at a mill.

Shot His Wife and Himself.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Aug. 2.—George Whetstein, a furniture dealer on Noble avenue, in this city, in a fit of jealousy shot his wife three times and then shot himself. He died in fifteen minutes. One of the three shots which struck his wife entered the right lung and lodged in the spine. It will prove fatal. The couple have lived apart for several months, and this noon Whetstein called at his wife's residence and asked if she would return and live with him. Being refused he drew a pistol with the above result. He was seventy years of and his wife thirty.

Another Sixty-Six Round Fight.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 1.—Bobby Burns and Alf Jansen fought at a well-known resort in Warwick. The men fought with skin-tight gloves and to a finish. The match was for $500 and the state light-weight championship. Fifty-six rounds were fought in four hours and two minutes. Burns was fearfully punished about the face, which was all puffed up. Jansen, also was badly beaten about the face, but received the worst punishment in the body. The fight was finally declared a draw.

Probable Murder in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—This morning the dead body of a pretty white girl, about sixteen years of age, was found under the east end of the Eighteenth street viaduct. All the circumstances indicated an atrocious murder, and the police immediately began an investigation.

Will Make an Issue.

WASHINGTON, Aug 2.—The weekly paper edited by Senator Riddleberger, which has just been received here, announces that Riddleberger will make an open issue with Mahone in the contests in Virginia.

ARRANGING THE DUEL

M. FERRY CHOOSES HIS SECONDS AND IS READY.

The Sensation of the Hour—Boulanger Again a Hero—Affairs in England and on the Continent.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The duel between General Boulanger and M. Ferry will be fought on Wednesday instead of to-day, as at first arranged, unless M. Ferry apologizes, which nobody believes he will do. Indeed, he couldn't very well do so if he wanted to, since he is egged on by the army of alleged French statesmen who are afraid of General Boulanger, and should he back down now, he would without doubt be as dead politically as though Boulanger had put a bullet through his heart The place of the meeting has been decided upon by the seconds of the respective principals, but to avoid publicity and possible interruption it will only be known to those immediately concerned in the combat.

A dispatch from Paris says that M. Perry has finally chosen Deputies Raynal and Proust as his seconds, and the seconds of General Boulanger meet these gentlemen at the residence of M. Proust to decide upon the conditions of the duel.

There is nothing else talked about in the cafes or on the boulevards but the impending encounter between M. Ferry and Gen. Boulanger. The latter has certainly made a sensation by the challenge. He is again the mob hero of the hour. His photos are greatly in demand, and the streets are full of people whistling "En Rovenant de la Revue."

TRYING TO KILL THE LEAGUE

Meaning of the Crimes-Act—How it Fails of its Purpose.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—It it stated on good authority that the object of the government in proclaiming the whole of Ireland under the crimes act, instead of excluding Ulster from its operation as it was generally expected would be done, was to reach all branches of the Nationa league. This step taken, nothing further in the way of pronunciamento is necessary toward suppressing the organizations as far as the government is able to accomplish its suppression, and it is definitely known that tne Irish magistrates and police will be ordered to terminate the existence of the league during the last week of the parliamentary session.

The government will find, however, that ordering the suppression of the league and suppressing that body are quite different matters. Even now public meetings of the league are rare, but private meetings are of nightly occurrence in various parts of Ireland and the police are none the wiser. So far as show is concerned the league has practically suppressed itself, but so far as carrying out the objects of its existence is concerned it was never more alive than now. A few arrests may be made under the decree of suppression, but it is doubtful if the police will be able to find anything upon which to base waarants for wholesale arrests of officers and members of the league, and it is likely that the government's crusade against the league will be a farcical movement.

AFRAID OF THE WIZARD.

How Englishman are Wont to Look on the Bank Scheme.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The published statement that Jay Gould had conspired with a ring of silver speculators, established an American-Chinese bank at Shanghai, created a great sensation here. All of this afternoon's papers comment freely on the story and are generally inclined to believe there's something in it.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* hesitates to believe that the conditions under which the bank is established, especially as to its sweeping power in the administration of the fiscal affairs of the Chinese government, are correctly stated, but says the statement as to the amount of capital is undoubtedly true. Still, it thinks the news ought to have first come from New York instead of being cabled to that city from London, but candidly adds that it would be very bad for English financiers if the report should be confirmed.

Stanley Believed to be Safe.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—A despatch from St Paul de Loanda, dated Sunday July 31, says that Governor Janssen writes from Boma, stating that since news of the arrival of Mr. Stanley at the camp at Aruwimi, no messenger has arrived from the upper river. The news of any accident to Stanley, he says, must first be heard in the Congo state. A messenger was expected within a few days.

The Tories Will Cling to Office.

LONDON, Aug 2.—Viscount Cross, speaking at Chard last night, said the government was determined to retain office, because it had made an alliance with the unionists and it would be unfair to them to leave them to shift for themselves. The government, he said, would utilize all the provisions of the crimes act.

Woodside the Champion.

LONDON, August 1.—At Bridlington the mile handicap bicycle race for professional riders was won by Temple, of Chicago. Morgan of New York was second, and Woodside of Philadelphia third. The five mile race for the international championship was won by Woodside in 14:40.75.

The Chinese Minister Coming.

LONDON, Aug. 2.—The Chinese minister to the United States, Spain and Peru, Chang Ta Jen, has arrived here on his way to Washington.

Threats of Wholesale Slaughter.

KIMBERLY, Minn., Aug. 2.—A large number of Indians, a fusion of the Chippewa, Winnebago, and Pillager tribes, are camped near here, engaged in picking berries. A very pretty young squaw was married some weeks ago to an old Indian who had a young son. Two young Indians from one of the other tribes aroused the jealousy of the old husband, who shot one of them and frightened the other off. This happened Friday afternoon. Early yesterday morning the survivor encountered the old man and his son, killed the young man and seriously wounded the senior. Threats of wholesale slaughter are now made by both factions. The few settlers in the vicinity are alarmed at the turn of affairs.

Aged Gambler Cooper's Death.

READING, Pa., Aug. 2.—William H. Cooper, a well-known gambler of this city who died suddenly Saturday, was a companion of all the older sports of Philadelphia, Baltimore, Long Branch and New York. He was 76 years of age, and at one time was reputed to be wealthy. In the running races in the east, nearly sixty years ago when Cooper had the mount his horse was safe to bet on.

MOREHEAD'S REIGN OF TERROR.

Women Quit the Town—Preparation for Bloody Work.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 2.—A railroad man who came down in an accommodation train from Morehead this morning gave a graphic account of the terror and demoralization that prevails there. He says the last of the women and children left town last night on a freight car, and that there is now no one in Morehead save those who intend to engage in the fight if one takes place.

If any attack is made on the Logan guard it will be before the arrival of the troops with Winchesters in the hands of the attacking party. The Loganites would have little show of holding out against them for any considerable time.

By reason of the heavy brush around Morehead the Tolliverites could approach within easy range of every house in the town without being seen by the guard. If a fight occurs it will be a desparately bloody one.

Rev. Dr. Hague Drops Dead.

BOSTON, Aug. 2.—The Rev. Wm. Hague, D. D., pastor of the Wollaston Heights Baptist church, dropped dead in front of Tremont Temple at noon. He was born in Pelham, N. Y., January 4, 1801, and was graduated from Hamilton college in 1826. He took his theological course at Newton institute, and was ordained October 22, 1829, as pastor of the Second Baptist church at Utica, N. Y. He has also held pastorates in Newark, N. J., and Albany, N. Y.

A Union of German Catholics.

CHICAGO, Aug. 2.—The German-American societies of Chicago have received a communication signed by R. W. Tappert, Covington, Ky., F. A. Rendis, St. Louis, and William Caspar, Milwaukee, asking that preparations be made for holding the first reunion of the German-American Catholics in that city on September 6.

Base Ball Gossip.

The "Mets," as a team, are seventh in batting and eighth in fielding.

Such stick work as that being done by the "Mets" at present must prevail.

Manager Fogel, on behalf of the Indianapolis team, has made Gumbert, a young Pittsburg pitcher, an offer.

Tiernan, Connor and Ewing are hitting the ball in such a manner as to make the manufacturers rejoice.

If the Pittsburgs continue their good work of last week the New Yorks will have to hustle for two games out of three.

The Detroit management have shown their appreciation of the good work Getzein is doing in the box by increasing his salary fifty dollars a month.

Captain Anson is credited with the remark that the New Yorks will not win the championship until the men are properly managed and disciplined.

One of the feats accomplished by Ramsey last week, while the Louisvilles were playing the Athletics, was to put three of the latter out on as many balls.

All Newark reasons that the Baltimores' success proves that last year's Newark team, with a little strengthening, was worthy of a place in the American association.

"Oh, papa," exclaimed a little girl in the grand stand at the beginning of last Wednesday's game, "see the two men with the bustles on their faces!" There was a roar thereabout as if a double play had been made.

This is the way the California *Spirit of the Times* glorifies a ball player for making a bold steal of a base:—"That steal of McLaughlin's won the game. For mayor of Sacramento, William McLaughlin, the people's choice."

Louisville, which has the poorest paid team in the association, is said to be making no money. If this is so of the Louisvilles, what can be said of the St. Louis-Cincinnati and "Mets" and several other association teams!

The Newarks, who lead the international league, are having all their hard luck at once. The catchers are disabled, and Hughes, the pitcher, is not steady, owing to the injury he received in the head some weeks ago. They are not expected to win the pennant in this class, any more than the Detroits are in the league.

President Von der Ahe says he is willing to play the present season under the guarantee system, but will demand a change for next year. He is not particular as to how much per cent. each club should get, but thinks twenty cents on the dollar about fair. This he will leave entirely for the association to decide at the meeting.

It is exceedingly doubtful if any of the players of the Metropolitan team, or in fact any in the profession are more sensitive over an error than "old Joe" Gerhardt. He says, however, that he would not care to play with a man who did not make an error in thirty or forty games, as he is not a ball player, because he takes no chances for misplays.

War has been declared against the practice of presenting base ball players with floral tributes and other tokens of esteem during the game. Experience has shown that almost invariably after a player has received such a gift he fails to bat with his usual effectiveness or to play his usual game in the field. From this it would appear that these are "hoodoos."

Gruber, Detroit's new pitcher, is a muscular young fellow, twenty-two years of age, five feet nine inches in height and weighing 155 pounds. He is of quiet disposition, tidy personally and intelligent. He began pitching professionally for Hartford in 1884, played with Newburyport in 1885 and returned to Hartford in 1886, continuing there in 1887. He has averaged about three games a week for Hartford, which evidences good staying powers.

In the three games just conlcuded by the New Yorks with the Detroits the former have scarcely held their own except at the bat. The New Yorks in hits have made 39 with a total of 63 to the Detroits 35, with a total of 45. In runs the Detroits outplayed their opponents by 21 to 17, but in earned runs the latter excelled by 12 to 10. Thirteen of the local team went to bases on balls, while only 6 of their opponents got phantom hits. In fielding the Detroits made the best showing, in making but 8 errors to the New Yorks 17.

Manager Mutrie has been interviewed in Pittsburg and says he thinks room can be made in the league for Von der Abe in case he wants to make a change of base. "Whose place would he take?" was asked. "Cincinnati might follow suit and then a ten club schedule could be made up," he replied, although I have always been opposed to this kind of a make up, on general principles. I think that a six-club league, with that number of strong, evenly matched teams, would be more profitable than one with more clubs and unevenly matched." During further talk Mr. Murtrie expressed it as his opinion that Von der Ahe was getting the worst of the bargain under the $65 guarantee plan for games played away from home. He said the champions drew big crowds for other cities and by their superiority over their antagonists failed to draw people to witness one-sided contests in St. Louis. The New York manager thinks that the percentage system will be a vital issue at the next meeting of the league managers. He says New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, and Boston will never consent to its adoption, while Washington and another club will be on the doubtful list. He doubted whether the Detroits would get the same share of the gate receipts of some of the stronger clubs next year that they are getting this year. As for the Indianapolis team, he thinks the club will remain all right and weather the blasts in a successful manner.

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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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Formerly of Reynolds.

Will now give their personal attention to the business. Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours.

Ice Cream Soda. Telephone, 109.

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Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

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Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

ITS AUTHORITY IS SUPREME.

Judge Bradley Holds that Congress Can Build the Arthur Kill Bridge.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 2.—The long expected decision of Justice Bradley of the United States supreme court as to the right of the Baltimore and Ohio and Staten Island railroad companies to build a bridge over the Arthur Kill, between New Jersey and Staten Islan'd, has been rendered.

The injunction issued by the chancery court of New Jersey restraining the companies from constructing the bridge is dissolved by Justice Bradley, who holds that the ownership by the state of the land under water where it is proposed to build the bridge does not give the state any power to enjoin the erection of the structure when congress has expressly authorized the bridge to be constructed.

The authority of congress is supreme in matters involving foreign or interstate commerce, regardless of the consent or dissent of a state. Where the question of foreign and interstate commerce is concerned the states have no existence.

The contention on the part of the state that the consent of the state must be obtained and compensation given for the land required to be used, is denied by Justice Bradley, who declares that the law of eminent domain cannot be invoked to frustrate the supreme power of the United States, especially where the regulation of interstate commerce is concerned. No state can annul a law passed by congress. The claim of riparian rights on the part of the state is overruled, and the injunction is dissolved.

Base Ball Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—The summary of yesterday's championship games in the three leading base ball associations is as follows: Pittsburg 3, New York 0; Detroit 2, Philadelphia 7; Chicago 13, Washington 0; Indianapolis 7, Boston 10; American association—Metropolitan 1, Cincinnati 11; Brooklyn 3, Cleveland 4; Athletic 9, St. Louis 1; Baltimore 4, Louisville 5. International league—Buffalo 8, Rochester 0; Binghamton 17, Hamilton 2; Toronto 7, Wilkesbarre 2; Syracuse 5, Jersey City 2; Scranton 6, Newark 2.

John Has a Hard Time in Texas.

BIG SPRINGS, Tex., Aug. 2.—Five men rode into Odessa, sixty miles from here, Friday night, broke into a house occupied by Chinese section hands, and robbed the inmates. They then rode to Warfield, and robbed another gang, and to Midland where they raided a party of Celestials and stole $350. The Chinamen were horribly abused.

Fatal Lightning.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., Aug. 2.—Lightning struck James Dillon's house, tore off its siding, and demolished the wall. It also struck a young lady on the road to Darian, killing her instantly. Starr Keeler, while lowering the sail on his boat, was struck and made totally blind.

Industrial Items.

The American federation of labor is said to have 650,000 membership.

District master workman Cavanagh, of Cincinnati, said that the knights of labor there are stronger than ever.

The flint glass and chimney glass factories at Pittsburg will start operation today, giving work to about 2,000 men.

The Mechanics' mill, at Fall River, Mass. was closed on Saturday on account of a strike of the spinners. The latter say it was impossible for them to continue at work under the present conditions.

A fire at Pittsburg destroyed the packing house, machine shops and mould rooms of King, Son & Co.'s glass factory, and the offices and warehouse of S. McKee & Co., glass manufacturers opposite.

The National whipmakers association, which had been in session at Westfield, Mass. all the week, adjourned on Saturday after voting to rescind the schedule of prices arranged in November last. This action was due to the failure of a Westfield firm to adhere to the schedule, and a general cut in rates is expected. It is estimated that the annual profits from whipmaking in Westfield alone are $100,000, and this will be wiped out if the war in rates continues long.

The situation at the docks at Erie, Pa., is unchanged. There are almost 400 freight handlers and others in the strike. The China is en route from Duluth with a large number of Poles from a western railroad, but it has been learned that they are going to Buffalo. Great excitement prevailed, and threats were made against the Poles. The China and other anchor line boats are unable to get coal at Erie. The anchor line company has ordered all consignments to Erie taken to Buffalo. The company shows no signs of yielding and the strikers are firm.

A special meeting of the convention of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad employees was held Sunday. About 100 delegates from the forty or more local assemblies of knights of labor, comprising the employees of the road, were present. The arbitration committee of the convention reported the result of the conference with officials of the company on last Friday, and a long discussion of the report took place. The matter was referred to the executive board with full power to act. The board is to hold a meeting early this week and will then decide as to the advisability of holding another conference with the company's officials. There will, it is said, be no strke among the employees.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Light local rains, no decided change in temperature, variable winds generally southerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 1.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

	Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
4½s 1891, reg.	109¾	108¾
4½s 1891, con.	109¾	109
4s 1907, reg	127¾	127¾
4s 1907, con	127¾	127¾

STOCK MARKET.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Saturday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	57	—
Chicago, Bur, & Q	140	140
Central Pacific	35	37
Del. & Hudson	100¾	100¾
Del. Lack. & W	128¾	128¾
Erie	29½	28¾
Erie pref	68	67
Lake Shore	92¾	91¾
Louis. & Nash.	60½	61½
Michigan Central	83¼	81½
Missouri Pacific	98¾	97¾
N. Y. & New Eng.	43¾	42¾
N. J. Central	75½	74¾
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	107¾	107¾
Northwestern	11?¾	112¾
Oregon Navigation	95	94
Pacific Mail	30¾	38¾
Reading	129	54¾
Rock Island	129½	127
St. Paul	81½	80¾
Union Pacific	55¾	—
West. Union Tel.	72¾	—

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct
Wheat	79¾	80¾	82¾
Corn	45½	47½	48¾
Oats	31¾	30¾	31¾

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market dull. Creamery—Eastern 21a22½c.; Western 20a22½c.; Dairy—Imitation 16a19c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a20c.; western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15.; low grades, 7a8c

Cheese dull; 10a10½, 6a8.

Eggs dull; 13, 14½, 14a14½.

TUBERCULOUS DISEASES.

How Scarlet Fever Is Communicated to Human Beings by Tainted Milk.

It is estimated by the London papers that in the thirty years from 1850 to 1880 the number of deaths caused by scarlet fever in the United Kingdom was 543,000, and that the same disease causes more than 200,000 cases of illness in that country every year. The mortality for the year 1880 in the United State was 16,388, as recorded by the Census Bureau. In this city, says the New York *Times*, the number of deaths due to scarlet fever has decreased from 2,063 in 1882 to 208 in 1885, and only 320 last year. The mortality here is, however, large enough to excite some interest in the very successful experiments by which Mr. Power and Dr. Klein, of London, have shown how the disease is communicated to human beings from cows by the milk supply.

We referred some months ago to the researches of these gentlemen. Since that time the experiments have been completed, and Dr. Klein has obtained important additional proof in support of the original conclusion. The scarlet fever epidemic, which was the subject of Mr. Powers' careful inquiry, occurred in the north of London last winter, and the disease was confined exclusively (aside from cases of subsequent infection) to those who used milk supplied from one dairy farm in Hendon. It was clearly shown that the milk had not absorbed the contagion directly from human beings, and had not been contaminated by unsanitary surroundings. The cows suffered from a disease very closely resembling scarlet fever, though milder in form, and it was this disease which had been communicated to those who drank the milk. In human being it was scarlet fever without a doubt.

The manifestations of this disease in the cows were visceral lesions, sores on the skin, loss of hair in patches, and ulcers on the udder. These sores contained micrococci or microbes, and after calves had been innoculated with a cultivation of these microbes the same disease appeared in them at the end of an incubation period.

The evidence was almost complete, but it was necessary to prove that scarlet-fever in man was due to the presence and multiplication in the blood and tissues of the same microbe, and that the microbe obtained from human scarlet-fever would cause in a cow the disease produced in healthy cows by the microbe taken from the cows at the Hendon farm. In a lecture recently delivered before the Royal Institution in London, Dr. Klein showed that the needed proof had been procured. In the blood and tissues of persons affected with scarlet-fever a microbe identical in microscopical and in cultural character with that obtained from the Hendon cows has been found. By repeated experiments it has been shown that the action of this microbe upon cows and other animals is exactly the same as that of the microbe taken from the cows at Hendon. Calves and other animals were inoculated with cultivations of each microbe (that taken from the human being and that obtained from the Hendon cows), and in each case there was developed the same cutaneous and visceral disease similar to scarlet fever in man. Moreover, from the blood and tissues of these animals infected with one microbe or the other, the same microbe was recovered. "I think I may, after this, say," remarked Dr. Klein, "that this microbe—micrococcus scarlatinæ—is the cause of human scarlet fever; further, that it produces in bovine animals a disease identical with the Hendon disease and human scarlet fever, and that, consequently, while the cow is susceptible to infection with human-scarlet fever, it can in its turn be the source of contagion for the human species, as was no doubt the case in that milk epidemic from the Hendon farm." It should be said that the herd at Hendon appeared to have been infected by several cows that had recently been brought to the farm from Derbyshire. It may be that in Derbyshire the disease was communicated to them from human beings.

In corroboration of all this an interesting bit of evidence was submitted by Dr. Klein. It was suspected that a certain brand of condensed milk had caused scarlet-fever in persons who used it. Several cans of this milk, which is a cheap preparation, were examined by the doctor. From one-third of those inspected he obtained by cultivation a microbe which in every respect, morphologically and in cultures, was the same as the microbe procured from the Hendon cows and from human scarlet-fever. Tested upon calves and other animals it caused the identical disease which had been produced by the microbes taken from those sources. Other proof was obtained from Wimbledon, where a severe epidemic of scarlet-fever occurred three or four months ago. This epidemic was traced to a dairy farm. In one of the houses where the disease prevailed a pet monkey that had consumed a considerable quantity of the milk became ill and died. Dr. Klein made a post-mortem examination of the body and discovered that the monkey had without doubt died of scarlet-fever. From the blood of the monkey he obtained by cultivation a micrococcus, or microbe, identical with those procured from the Hendon cows, from human subjects, and from the condensed milk. By inoculation with this microbe the same effect was produced.

This may be called a very remarkable and conclusive series of experiments, and the results are of great importance not only as regards scarlet-fever but also with respect to other diseases that cause a greater number of deaths. If this disease is communicated from cows to human beings by way of the milk supply, does it not follow that tuberculosis or consumption is communicated in the same way? As we have shown heretofore, that is the opinion of Mr. Blaine of the Willard Asylum and of Dr. Edson of the Health Department of this city. Dr. Blaine declares that 2 per cent. of all the animals killed at the abattoirs in New York and 21 per cent. of all milch cows have tuberculosis. Is it not probable that many cases of consumption are caused by the use of milk from such cows or the eating of beef that ought not to be sold? The London experiments should induce health boards to enlarge their fields of labor.

A Warning to Bustle-Wearers.

I have heard of a new and sensible use for the bustle that has developed so abnormally this season, says a writer in the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press*. A lady living in St. Paul recently purchased a patent bustle made of rubber to be blown up any size desirable, and had the dual capacity of giving shape to the dress, as well as being a cushion for sitting upon. Last Sunday the wearer of this remarkable article went to Bass Lake with a party of friends. While rowing on the lake the boat was in some manner upset. Other members of the party were safely rescued, but the lady with the rubber attachment came near losing her life because of the buoyancy of the bustle, which kept her head and feet under water. Dollars to dimes she will wear newspapers the next time she goes boat-riding.

GREAT LOSS OF BRAIN.

A Case That Has Excited Considerable Interest Among Medical Men.

How much brain a human being can lose and still go on with the ordinary manifestations of intellect and have good muscular action and unimpaired nervous force, is a question which has often bothered the minds of theorists and anatomists, writes the New York correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*. There has been and still is a wide diversity of opinion on the subject. In some instances brain has been removed without any perceptible diminution of any power, and then again, even the loss of a small amount of brain has been known to unbalance the mind, to change the disposition or bring on complete or partial parsiysis.

There is an excellent opportunity for investigating this subject at the Blackwell's Island Hospital, and if the patient can only be kept where regular and frequent examinations and tests can be made, there may be a considerable light thrown on the problem. The patient is Robert Corfield, a ship-calker, about thirty years of age. He has been in the hospital about five months, and has been closer to the gates of death than ninety-nine men out of a hundred could without being carried through. He was injured in a quarrel while at work in the ship-yard. He was lying on his back by the side of another workman under the hull of a vessel when his companion made a discourteous remark. There was bad blood between the men, and as soon as the words were spoken Corfield rolled over and struck at his companion with a hammer. The blow was returned with interest. Before Corfield could get on his feet the other man had seized an axe, and with a vicious swing brought it down on his head. The axe struck at an angle and glanced off, making a bad wound. Corfield was knocked down. His assailant was in a mad passion, and the axe gleamed in the sunlight as it again came down by a strong arm and sank into the prostrate man's skull. Corfield was found with the axe in his brain, about fifteen minutes after being struck. He was carried in a boat to the hospital. The hemorrhage was promptly checked. Opium and stimulants were given, but the wound was so extensive that there was no hope of saving the patient's life. There was a steady collapse as the effect of the great shock increased, until at last the attendant, seeing no sign of life, called for the dead-box, and the body was removed to the dead-house. This occurred early in the evening. The following morning an undertaker was called to take the body away, and to his great surprise, found Corfield breathing quietly. The house surgeon, came quickly to the spot, and could hardly believe the evidence of his senses.

Corfield was surely alive. He had run a chance of being buried alive but for the fortunate discovery. Then came the battle to save his life. His condition was most critical, and the surgeon had him removed carefully back to his cot. A large screen was put around the cot to interrupt the view of the patients in the ward. A thorough examination of the wound was made for the first time. There was a marked depression about four inches by three in the front of the top head. The outer table of the skull at this point was filled with small cracks and the inner table was badly comminuted. The brain was in plain sight, and appeared, save for a slight discoloration, to be solid and uninjured. The dull probes were gently passed over the surface, and the brain substance gave way under the pressure and showed a fissure the width of the axe blade. It was deep, and, as far as could be judged, extended nearly to the inside plate of the skull. Such a wound is rarely seen except in dead bodies. It seemed like a useless waste of skill and time to do anything, but as long as the man was alive the attending surgeon picked up his tools and went to work. The scalp in the neighborhood of the injury was cut in several places, loosened with a knife and turned away from the bone over a space about six inches square. The condition of the bone was enough to take the heart out of even an over-sanguine surgeon. But the bone forceps were quickly at work. Chip followed chip, and pieces of the skull were tossed on the floor with the same sort of a twist that a dentist jerks out a tooth. The throbbing brain pressed upward when the skull pressure was taken away, and as the surgeon kept on cutting it seemed as if the brain would come through the opening.

About as much of the bone was taken out as a medium-sized hand would cover. Then the hunt for splinters began. They seemed to be everywhere, and were so minute that many times when they seemed to be all gone a careful washing would expose more of them in the brain substance. This part of the operation was tedious, indeed, and unsatisfactory at the best. The gash in the brain was not exposed, that being deemed useless, on the ground that it was not probable that any of the bone had been carried by the sharp point of the axe into the brain any distance from the surface.

The scalp was returned to position, after a final washing and drying of the brain, and saturated. Drain-tubes were left in several places to carry away any pus that might gather. The operation lasted about three hours, and there was not a break in the attending surgeon's opinion as to the fatal termination of the case.

The patient remained in seemingly cataleptic condition day after day until the time lengthened into weeks. There was neither improvement nor retrogression apparent. The wound was healthy, but did not heal, and there was a profuse discharge of pus. These conditions were maintained until it became evident that there was something foreign in the brain. The surgeon decided to reopen the wound, and the original line of incisions were followed with a knife. Ether was not given, there being no necessity for it.

When the brain was opened the outer edge appeared good, but on the inside there had been an alarming destruction of tissue. The brain seemed to be decayed. A quantity that did not resist the slightest pull was removed.

The surgeon was astonished to find, deeply imbedded in the brain, a splinter of bone, the length and thickness of an axe's edge, which had evidently been carried through on the point of the axe. Search was made for other pieces of bone, but none were found. It is estimated that over one quarter of the brain substance was removed during the operation. After the wound was closed the patient was given stimulants at short intervals.

It was a long siege, but the patient got beyond the danger line in time. He became conscious after four days and seemed to be perfectly intelligent. The only sign of the loss of brain appears in the patient's inability to speak. He seems well in every other way, and it is thought that the power to talk will come back. He is slowly recovering strength, and an effort will be made to keep him in the hospital for several years for experimentation.

A Duchess with a Milk Route.

An aristocratic addition will shortly be made to the business establishment of Ipswich. The shop at 4 King street has been let to the Duchess of Hamilton, who intends using it as a depot for the sale of dairy produce.

PROF. REUB. FIELDS.

Missouri's Mathematical Prodigy and His Marvelous Work With Figures.

One of the most wonderful men of this day is living a few miles south of Higginsville, Mo. He is known everywhere as Prof. Reuben Fields, and is probably the only man in the country who travels free on railroads and never has a pass, and don't bother about the long and short haul clause. Prof. Fields is undoubtedly a mathematical wonder. He has no education whatever, does not know a single letter of the alphabet, nor his own name if printed in sixteen-line pica wood type, bold face. Nor does he know one figure from another, though he will solve any problem in mathematics given him. The professor called at the office of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* correspondent the other day and entertained him and his friends for some time. He never carries a watch, but when asked what time of day he promptly answered fourteen minutes and thirty-four seconds after three. Though four watches varied slightly as to the seconds, the minutes were all right. When asked on what day of the week the 231 day of November, 1861, came, he answered: "Saturday." He answered this and a number of similar questions without a moment's hesitation. To the question: "What will thirty-nine pounds of sugar at thirteen cents a pound amount to?" he promptly answered $5.07, and before those who were figuring with him could get the question on paper.

The question: "What will nineteen and a half yards of calico at six and three-quarter cents amount to?" was quickly answered, $1.33¾. These were very easy ones to the professor, and he asked for something hard.

The following was given him:

"If I run twenty-seven yards in one minute, how long will it take to run six miles?" With very little study came the answer—391 1-9 minutes, or 6 hours, 31 1-9 minutes.

These problems seemed not to puzzle him, as the answers came as soon as the questions were asked. On the following, however, he required a little study, owing, as he said, to the noise about him. The question was: "From here to Louisiana, Mo., is 159 miles; how many revolutions does the driving wheel of an engine, 15 feet in circumference, make in a run from this place to Louisiana?"

The professor studied a little, muttering strings of figures. "Millions, billions, trillions, quadrillions, 352 to the mile—55,988 revolutions," came the answer before the calculators found out how many revolutions it made to the mile. The figures "734" were written on paper and shown him. He did not know what they were, and in fact he is ignorant on any other subject than mathematics, and then the question must be asked verbally. He is thirty-six years of age, and was born in Kentucky. He claims that his gift was given him from Heaven, and says that it came to him suddenly when eight years old. He also was given the following:

"A has a certain sum of money; he goes to a theater and pays $1 admission, spends half of what he has left, and then pays $1 to get out; he goes to a second theater and pays $1 admission, spends half he has left, and pays $1 to go out; he goes to a third theater, pays $1 admission, spends half of what he has left, and then pays his last dollar to get out; how much had he when he started?"

While one or two of those present commenced to scratch up half-forgotten algebra, the professor was soaring among the "millions, billions, trillions, quadrillions," and then suddenly dropped down to $1 before the algebraical calculators got their paper ready to commence. Before the professor left each one present knew the day of the week each one was born on.

HANDSOME SALARIES.

A List of New Yorkers Whose Services Are Royally Remunerated.

There are, according to the Washington *Post*, a score of men in New York who are paid as much for their services each year as the President of the United States. Forty thousand dollars a year is a very tidy salary. There are hundreds of men who get $25,000 a year salary, and the number who get from $10,000 to $20,000 are legion. Very ordinary men get from $5,000 to $8,000 a year, or as much as a Cabinet officer. Dr. Norvin Green, president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is paid $50,000. So is Chauncey M. Depew, president of the New York Central railroad. Richard M. McCrudy, president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, gets a like amount. John Hoey, president of Adams Express Company, fares equally as well. President Henry B. Hyde of the Equitable Insurance Company is also in the list. George G. Williams, president of the Chemical National Bank, the richest banking institution in America, with nearly $5,000,000 of surplus, $20,000,000 average deposits, is paid a salary of $25,000 yearly. President Potts of the Park Bank and President Tappan of the Gallatin National Bank receive a like sum each twelve months.

The best paid minister in New York is Dr. John Hall, a brainy man from the North of Ireland, who preaches to $200,000,000 every Sunday. His is the smallest church in town. He owes his rise in life to Robert Bonner, of the *Ledger*, who found him preaching to a small congregation in Dublin, and induced him to come to America. He gets a salary of $20,000 a year, and makes $5,000 by his newspaper and magazine articles. He is given a luxuriously furnished house as well. Dr. Morgan Dix, the chief pastor of Trinity Church corporation, the wealthiest in America, receives $15,000 yearly. Dr. William M. Taylor, of the Broadway Tabernacle, gets the same amount. He does literary work and lecturing that brings his income up to $20,000. Dr. Charles Hall, of the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, is paid $15,000. He is very eloquent and his church is crowded at all services. Dr. Parkhurst, of Madison Square Church, gets $12,000. He has a large and distinguished congregation. Cyrus W. Field is one of the pillars of the church. Dr. Paxton, who preaches to Jay Gould and others less wealthy, is paid $15,000. The Rev. Robert Collyer, the blacksmith preacher, is paid $10,000.

A Bit of Genuine Irish Humor.

At a certain debating society an English doctor recently argued that the Irish were naturally a depraved and dishonest race, and in support of his position he adduced his own experience. He remarked that he had at Manchester eight hundred Irish patients on his books, and out of this number only thirty paid him his fees. An Irishman rose when the doctor sat down, and said: "There is never an effect without a cause; there is never a phenomenon which does not admit of an explanation. How, sir, can we explain the extraordinary phenomenon to which the doctor has called our attention? He finds an explanation in the natural depravity of the Irish nature. I, sir, have another explanation to offer, and it is this: That the thirty patients who paid him were the only ones that recovered."

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Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
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A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. myl0tf

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
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SUNDAY HOURS.
Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,
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Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.
A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. myl0tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD
Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled
NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.
Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.
Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.
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Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to monopolize as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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Etc., at less than New York Prices.
PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
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BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.
All pure goods at popular prices.
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Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.
MEN'S FINE
All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.
Former price $12.
Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,
In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.
LARGE LINE OF
Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,
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NOTICE!
We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.
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The Plainfield Electric Light Co.
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Existing gas fitting can be used.
The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.
DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
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7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.
The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.
The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.
See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.
ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS
FRANK E. MILLER.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.
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NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
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—AND—
ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,
OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.
We Furnish Electric Motors
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—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—
Our Railway System Embraces
—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
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—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—
Are Ready to Make Estimates
—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—One of Plainfield's swift messenger boys got such a move on him, during yesterday's excursion, that he lost his hat off Blackwell's Island.

—Street Commissioner Angleman to-day patched up the washouts at the intersection of Park and North avenues, and also made some repairs to the gutters on West Fourth street.

—Dr. Talmage's sermon, reported in full on our last page of to-day's issue, gives that divine's ideas of Heaven. He tells how our friends who have gone before are employed in the celestial city.

—Not yet three months old—and THE PRESS of yesterday contained over eight columns of bona fide advertising. None of it dead because ordered out or expired—and all of it paid for at regular rates.

—Judging from the condition of the sidewalks on the South side of Park avenue, under the railroad bridge, the water must have backed up during the shower of last evening to a considerable depth.

—A couple of young women that accompanied "Two's" excursion, yesterday, were left behind at Oriental Grove. They came out on the newspaper train this morning, that landed them in this city about five o'clock.

—A housekeeper on West Fourth street remarked to a neighbor, yesterday morning, when naming over her bill of fare for dinner, that she thought "a little tomato sass would go good with the steak," and that she had also cut up a "cowcumber."

—The new organ for the Netherwood chapel is expected to be in position Sunday morning. It is one of the finest toned instruments in the city. It has two manuals and pedal bank, and some of the most beautiful of solo and combination effects.

—The Central Land Improvement Company to-day gave out contracts for the erection of thirty-five dwelling houses in the vicinity of the Pond Tool Works at Evona. Mr. Noel was awarded the contract for five double houses, Pierce & Gale, five single, and the Flint Constructing Company, two houses.

—A messenger boy hurried along Park avenue this morning and meeting Officer Lynch at the corner of Front street told him that he was wanted at ex-Mayor Rockfellow's store immediately. The officer loosened his collar band and hurried to the spot, only to learn that hackman Lynch was the individual wanted.

—The Y. M. C. A.'s Jr., went to Scotch Plains yesterday to play a match that had been arranged with the ball nine of that place. Upon arrival our home team found the buckwheat boys in the midst of a game with a nine from New Providence that had first arrived on the spot. The discourtesy of the S. P. team was most unnecessary.

—Councilman Voorhees said at the meeting of the City Council Monday evening, that he did not see the necessity of appointing three members on the Street Committee or any other Committee, when one man was given the exclusive power and right to transact all the business coming under the jurisdiction of said committee. Jess so.

—George Butche, the driver for No. 2 Engine company, was injured a few days ago while handling some furniture, and since then he has been obliged to hobble around on crutches. When the alarm of fire was sounded yesterday afternoon, Mr. Butche had to be lifted on the seat of his engine, and sped away to the fire, in advance of the other department apparatus. When he returned to the house, again he had to be lifted from his seat. Mr. Butche has had charge of No. 2's horses ever since the company has owned them, and he is entitled to credit for keeping the horses in such a fine condition. Zephyr Hook & Ladder company's horses and Warren Engine company's horses are also kept in good condition, and are all kindly cared for by the members of each company.

Two Drunk and Disorderlies.

Edward Kennedy, otherwise known as the "Mayor of Bull Frog City," was overcome by the heat produced by the excessive use of "Jersey Lightning," yesterday afternoon, and dropped into Reform Hall to while away an hour or so. According to his usual custom, he got into an argument with himself or somebody else, and became so demonstrative that officer Lynch was called upon to eject him from the building. The officer discovered a shower approaching from the southwest, and considered it unwise to allow Edward and his "Jersey lightning" to battle with the elements, and marched him off to the city jail. This morning the prisoner was somewhat surprised to learn that he had been securely barred in during the night, and when arraigned before Judge Ulrich, was very penitent, declaring that he would sign the pledge if allowed to go "this time." Judge Ulrich, however, was aware of the fact that "Mayor" Kennedy's name had already been attached to the total abstinence pledge semi-monthly, or thereabouts, and with a whisper, like a gentle zephyr echoing through Washington Valley, remarked: "Three dollars, Edward."

"William C. Leavitt" was the name given by the next prisoner arraigned, whom officer Lynch arrested on Park avenue yesterday afternoon for being intoxicated. He said he came from Philadelphia, and thought it would take him about twenty-four hours to reach home, across country, if the Judge would let him go. Judge Ulrich complied with his request, upon payment of one dollar for his lodging.

On the Ocean Promenade.

Saturday evening along the board walk that lines the surf at Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, were noticed the handsome young ladies named below among the hundreds of the homeliest women in creation that visit those resorts every Summer. The following are all from this city, and the Plainfield gallants whose names we also give, were very proud of that fact when comparisons were made: Miss Kitty Newell, Misses Annie and Lizzie Hasbrouck, Miss Mabel Hotchkiss, Miss Ida Williams, Miss Kitty Manning, Miss May Sandford, the Misses Woodland, Miss Bertha Mooney, Miss Carrie Manning, Miss Minnie Tomlinson, Miss Smalley and Miss Akens. Messrs. Mulford Estil, George Hallock, Will Williams, Wallace Serrell, George White, Harry Squires, Frank Vermeule, Bert Lowitz, Will Moore and George Moore, and many others.

85 Miles in 100 Minutes.

Probably one of the most remarkable flys ever accomplished by young homing pigeons, was that of yesterday when some young birds belonging to Mr. Sydney Dorman of Central avenue flew from Wilmington, Del., to Plainfield in one hour and forty minutes. When it is remembered that the birds were but just past three months old, the trip is a particularly notable one. The birds were taken to Wilmington on the 9:05 a. m. train from Elizabeth, and released at 12:06. The first one home was 4075, three and one-half months old, out of the "Silver Hen," whose doings have been recorded so often in these columns. The bird arrived at 1:46, and was soon followed by its companions. Sunday the same birds will be flown from Baltimore, Md., a distance of 150 miles.

A Four-in-Hand Party.

A spacious coach loaded with merry young folks, and drawn by four handsome horses, left The Netherwood at 8:30 o'clock, last evening, for a moonlight ride through the towns and villages between here and Bound Brook. The party was chaperoned by Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Boome, and consisted of Miss Plum, Miss Boome, Miss Goelet, Miss Cullen, Miss Jansen, the Misses Hebert, and Messrs. A. C. Rice, J. R. Plum, Jr., H. Martin, F. Martin, A. P. Eckert, W. S. Eckert, C. Wilkisson and C. N. Parsons. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Benari, and Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Brewster, accompanied the party in their own carriage.

Free Organ Recitals.

During the next and the following Sunday, as we announced yesterday, Mr. Frank Taft will be "supply organist" at Crescent Avenue church, and the music authorities of the church have thereby seized an opportunity for the pleasure of the public. Two organ recitals have been arranged for the Saturday evenings of this and next week, and programmes of popular music will then be rendered by Mr. Taft. The performances will begin at eight o'clock, and admission will be free. The electric lighting of the church does not interfere with the evening coolness.

A Pleasant Visit.

About fifty members of the Saenger Bund Society of Plainfield visited this city Sunday and were the guests of the Aurora Singing Society. A fine collation was partaken of in Turn Hall and several short speeches were made. In the afternoon the two societies went over the river and had a pleasant time in the woods. The visitors returned home in the evening.—New Brunswick *Times*.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss J. A. Natt is visiting friends at Key East.

Miss Streuli is home again from Asbury.

Miss Clarkson returned to-day from Spring Lake.

Mrs. Rowland Cox and family are at Loon Lake, N. Y.

Mr. Sam'l E. Birdsall and family are at Ellenville, Ulster county, N. Y.

The cottagers at Netherwood are to have a lawn picnic in a few days.

Mr. John B. Drayton and his mother are at Woonsocket, R. I., for a fortnight.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac B. Atwood, of West Front street, are at Cape Vincent, N. Y.

Mr. George C. Mahon and family, of Union avenue, left to-day for Lucerne, N. Y.

Miss Helen Burr, of LaGrande avenue, went to Yardley, Pa., to-day, for a month's visit.

Mr. O. T. Waring and famliy are occupying a suite rooms at Roger Rock Hotel, Lake George.

Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Mulford, of the Crescent, are stopping at the Vermont House, Atlantic City.

Miss Kitty Green, of Albany, N. Y., is visiting, for a few days, Mrs. C. M. Fine, of West Front street.

Mr. C. W. Beebe and family, of Central avenue have gone to Water Mills, L. I., for the month of August.

Mr. and Mrs. Abram Hooley, with their child and nurse, of Central avenue, are at Wallace Cottage, Asbury Park.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Williamson of New York city have taken up their residence on West Third street, this city.

Mrs. F. Howard Gray, of New street, is spending a few weeks with her young son at her former home in Connecticut.

Mrs. J. P. Homan and family, accompanied by Miss Mamie Fritts, have left for a two weeks' stay at Asbury Park.

Miss Lulu Tyler, Miss Mamie Tyler, Miss Maggie Manning and Mr. Corydon Tyler, leave to-morrow for Spring Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Davis, of No. 8 Third Place, left to-day to spend the month of August with Mrs. Davis' parents near Boston.

The annual encampment of the State Militia at Sea Girt begins August 20th. Without doubt the encampment this year will be termed Camp Green in honor of Gov. Green.

Faithful Ben Wright leaves to-day for a vacation at Ocean Grove. During his absence Faithful Bob Mattox will fill his place as midnight guardian of our city's principal business establishments.

Past Grand Regent of New Jersey Royal Arcanum, Westbrook, of Westfield, is lying seriously ill of typhoid fever at his residence. Dr. Cooper the attending physician considers him to be in a very critical condition.

Mr. James R. Perrine of Arlington avenue and Eighth street, was on Sunday and during last week a guest at the Thompson Cottage, Ocean Grove. He returned home yesterday, and reports having had a delightful time.

Dr. S. G. Gregory, one of the most renowned and successful of medical specialists of New York city, came to Plainfield recently in ill health. His recovery was so speedy and satisfactory, he intends to make this city his future home. He is at present the guest of Mr. James H. House.

The Right Rev. Dr. Worthington, Bishop of Nebraska, is at The Netherwood, the guest of Mr. D. F. Harbaugh. During his recent visit to New York, the Bishop was the guest of J. Edward Simmons, Esq., President of the New York Stock Exchange, and was entertained by all the higher society of the city.

We know of a young lady in town who started on Thursday last to visit friends in the country, expecting, of course, to remain away from home until the middle of September. Tuesday, however, she returned home, stating that she had become thoroughly homesick, and was unable to remain away any longer. She will recover in time to enter school at the opening of the Fall session.

Mr. J. C. Randolph, father of Mr. Warren Randolph, of the drug firm of Field and Randolph, sustained a painful injury to one of his arms on Somerset street at noon to-day. He made an attempt to board a passing lumber wagon when his arm became entangled in one of the wheels. The arm was severely wrenched, and for a time Mr. Randolph was prostrated with pain. He soon recovered, however, and resumed his journey on foot.

David Squiers, son of William Squiers, a well-known resident of Plainfield, died at his home in Stiger Alley, Tuesday night, after months of suffering with Bright's disease. Deceased was a soldier in the late civil war, enlisting in the 27th Reg., N. J. Vols., Co. B., in September, 1862. He was discharged after serving two months in consequence of disability from the disease of which he died. "Dave" was a noted local sportsman and fisherman. He leaves a wife and two children.

Mrs. C. S. West and family are at Spring Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Seely Edsall have gone to Lake Hopatcong, as usual, for the month of August.

Mr. D. A. Daboll, of East Sixth street, is away with his family for the coming few weeks.

Dr. R. Titsworth, of East Front street, has found it necessary to seek a few days' needed rest, and has gone to the Atlantic Hotel, Long Branch.

Ex-Councilman John Cameron, who is building a railroad in Southern Missouri, arrived in this city to-day, where he will remain a few days on business.

Mr. Seymour D. Parker, the well-known scene painter from the "Criterion Theatre," Brooklyn, will begin operation, is is expected, to-day on the scenery in Music Hall.

The funeral obsequies following the death of Mrs. Elston Marsh took place from the late residence of the deceased on Madison avenue at three o'clock this afternoon. Rev. Dr. Yerkes conducted service and a choir of male and female voices rendered appropriate music. The remains will be interred in the family plot in Evergreen Cemetery at the convenience of the family.

Temperance Re-Union.

The third annual re-union of the Sons of Temperance of New Jersey will be held at Boynton Beach, on Thursday, August 11th. Rev. G. H. Cotton, of New Brunswick; P. G. W. P. Ranson, of Jersey City; P. G. W. P. Fred Day and others will deliver addresses. A good band will be in attendance, vocal and string music by the Plainfield and Metuchen Glee Clubs, also good boating, bathing and fishing. During the day several large excursions will visit the beach from New Brunswick and other places. There will also be a large excursion of the Sons of Temperance from Paterson, and another composed of the Grand Division of Eastern New York. It is expected that 5,000 people will be present. The temperance division of this city, it is said, will attend in a body.

Reform Club Excursion.

The next water excursion from this city will be that of the Plainfield Reform Club on Tuesday, August 9th, to Rockaway Beach. The steamer "Grand Republic" has been chartered for the occasion to convey the excursionists to and from the beach. Ample time will be given for surf bathing and to visit the various places of amusement. A special attraction at the beach will be a balloon ascension. The New York *Sun* of Sunday says that Prof. Baldwin of San Francisco will drop from his balloon at an attitude of 2,000 feet at Rockaway Beach on the above date. The train will leave this city at 8 a. m. sharp, and returning the boat will leave Rockaway Beach at 5:30 p. m. Tickets $1.25; children under 12 years of age 75 cents.

His Body Filled with Electricity.

John Jackson, of Second and Elm streets, called at this office yesterday and related his peculiar experience during the thunder shower on Sunday afternoon. He said he was making a call at a house on short Second street, and was sitting on a lounge in one of the lower rooms when the shower came up. The front and rear doors of the dwelling were open, when presently a bolt of lightning entered the front door, and after playing about the room for an instant, disappeared through the back entrance. Mr. Jackson says for a time he was paralyzed, and experienced a most peculiar sensation—as though needles were running through his body. He soon recovered, however, apparently none the worse from the shock.

"Cazelle" Engine to be Repaired.

Fire Commissioners Knowland and McClure were appointed a committee at a recent meeting of the Fire Board to have "Cazelle" engine repaired and put in first-class working order. This morning the engine was shipped to the Amoskeag works in New Hampshire, where it will be overhauled and equipped with a new boiler, running gear and other necessary repairs made. The work will require several weeks' time, but when the engine is returned it will again be in thorough working order.

No. Two's Excursion.

The excursion to Oriental Grove, on the Hudson yesterday, given under the auspices of Plainfield Engine company, No. Two, was a grand success, and the company will add over one hundred dollars to its treasury as the result of the good work of the Committee in charge. The excursionists report having had a good time, and all were well pleased with the enjoyment provided for them. The start was made from the grove about four p. m., arriving in this city at nine o'clock.

—A large lilac bush in the rear of the residence of Martin I. Cooley, of Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, was struck by lightning on Sunday. The only occupants of the house at the time were the domestics, and they were thoroughly shocked by the bolt of lightning.

The Strange Case of Doctor Cooley and Mr. Simpson.

From time to time since the creation of a Borough out of that portion of the Township of North Plainfield lying the most adjacent to this city, complications of law have arisen from the efforts of the Borough authorities to enforce the provisions and requirements of its ordinances. There have been many arrests for violations of the Borough's laws, that have resulted in the imposing of the penalties prescribed, and been followed by appeals and transfers to higher courts. Yesterday, however, the authorities put down their feet, and made their power felt. The strange story is about as follows. The reader must judge of the nature of the case—whether the day's action comes under the head of intimidation, coercion or persuasion.

A laborer in the employ of ex-Councilman Robert Simpson of this city was arrested some months ago in the Borough for carrying on the business of a cartman without a license. He pleaded guilty and judgment was taken against him, but levy was made on his employers' property, for the fine and costs. Mr. Simpson whose property was thus held on another man's confession without any hearing in his own defense, did not pay this penalty and his horse and wagon was seized to satisfy the judgment. As he was exempt by law to the amount of $200, and not believing the property would bring a sufficient sum in excess of such to meet the judgment, the horse and wagon were released, but not until Mr. Simpson had got the Sheriff here with a writ of replevin. Mr. Simpson through his counsel, Craig A. Marsh, Esq., then brought an action against Justus H. Cooley and George Becker, not as officials, but as individuals, placing his damages at $200.

The next act in the drama is dated June 20, 21 and 22. At that time Mr. Simpson is again charged by Marshal Becker with violating the Borough ordinance in continuing the business of cartman within its limits without its license. On the Marshal's complaint Mayor Cooley issued a warrant, and such document was served yesterday as stated in THE PRESS. The Marshal assures us such opportunity was the first that presented itself. Mr. Simpson says he passed the Marshal in the Borough repeatedly during the last fortnight. The Mayor tells us that the serving of the warrant was restrained because of the suit brought against himself and his officer by the party to be arrested. He says he preferred to seem to lack energy in the punishing of a violator of the Borough's law, rather than to appear to interfere with the defendant's freedom in prosecuting his claim for his rights. But Mr. Simpson's action for damages subsequently fell through, and the Mayor of the Borough then instructed the Marshal to arrest the accused the first time he could lay hands on him within the officer's jurisdiction. Yesterday Mr. Simpson was arrested by Marshal Becker, taken before Mayor Cooley, and without a witness being sworn the accused was committed to the Borough lock-up for ten days. During the weeks previous, however, Mr. Simpson had reconstructed his suit for damages and a jury trial was fixed for two o'clock of yesterday afternoon. At that hour, the public will see, the defendants had securely imprisoned the plaintiff, and the case was adjourned until his sentence could expire.

The stranger features of this history now follow. Mr. Simpson was released in less than two hours after the adjournment of his suit. We are told he was assured that his sentence would be repealed if he agreed to withdraw his action against Messrs. Cooley and Becker, and take out a cartman's license. In other words, that although sentenced for ten days by the Mayor for violating the laws enacted by the people's councilmen, yet he would be released from all penalty of such act upon discontinuing his demand for damages in the personal suit, and taking out a license. Against the earnest advice of his Counsel and in the face of his emphatic protest, Mr. Simpson signed a general release of all his claims and an agreement to discontinue his suit. He also took out and paid for a license from the Borough to continue the business he was arrested for. All this was done while the prisoner was in duress. Pen and ink were brought into the Borough lock-up with which to execute the "satisfaction deeds." Counsellor Marsh said to his client, "Simpson you are throwing away a thousand dollars by this action." The prisoner's reply was to the effect that if he sacrificed twice as much he must do it, as he could not wait for relief from a higher court. He had been told by the Marshal it would almost kill a man to stay over one night even in the pen he was sentenced to occupy for ten days. The prisoner was thus released and he is pledged to withdraw from his suit when it comes up Friday of next week. But is everything settled comfortably and finally?

—A regular meeting of the Union County Board of Agriculture will be held at the Court House in Elizabeth, to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock. Subject, "Picnic and Elm Tree Worm."

A Victory for the B. and O.

Justice Bradley of the United States Supreme Court decided the Arthur Kill bridge case at Trenton on Monday in favor of the Baltimore & New York and the Staten Island Rapid Transit companies. The State had secured an injunction restraining the companies from erecting the bridge on the ground that they were using land under the water belonging to New Jersey. The companies had the case removed to the Federal Court, where the State's counsel questioned the power of Congress to grant railroad companies the right to build bridges on State lands without the State's consent. The Court in its opinion says:

"We think the power of Congress is supreme over the whole subject, unimpeded and unembarrassed by State lines or State laws; that in this matter the country is one, and the work to be accomplished is national, and that State interests, State jealousies and State prejudices do not require to be consulted. In matters of foreign and inter-State commerce there are no States. The argument based upon the doctrine that the States have the right of eminent domain in the lands comprised within their limits, and that the United States have no dominion in such lands cannot avail to frustrate the supremacy given by the Constitution to the Government of the United States in all matters within the scope of its sovereignty. If it is necessary that the United States Government should have an eminent domain still higher than that of the States in order that it may fully carry out the objects and purposes of the Constitution, then it has it.

"The Congressional act, giving the companies named the right to build the Arthur Kill bridge," the Justice includes, "is held to be valid, and the injunction is dissolved." The Baltimore and Ohio company have thus obtained a notable victory in its efforts to reach the seaboard at New York, and the work of building the bridge, which has been practically at a stand still while the matter was pending in the courts, will be pushed rapidly forward to completion.

New Jersey Crops.

The July crop report just issued by the Department of Agriculture, contains much information of interest to the farmers, dealers and consumers of New Jersey. Referring to the New Jersey apple prospects, the report states that the crop, already low on July 1st, has still further declined, and the prospect is that it will be the poorest crop for years. "The condition in New Jersey has fallen off so seriously during the past thirty days," says the report, "that the present figures indicate a comparative failure of the crop." "Peaches," continue the report, "have shared with apples in the decided decline during June and July, and the condition of the crop is now very low, the average in New Jersey being but 72, a loss of 18 points. The crop in New Jersey has been considerably damaged by insects." The condition of grapes is generally fairly favorable, and there is but little complaint from rot or insect damages. The condition of the corn crop is high, averaging 97 per cent. Attached to the report is the following interesting compendium of the New Jersey crop condition on July 1st: Corn 98, wheat 72, rye 87, oats 99, potatoes 99, beans 98, sorghum 95, wool 97, timothy 85, pasture 92, apples 60, peaches 72 and grapes 85.

Concerning Exemption from Taxation.

In answer to a letter from the Assessor of Fanwood Township relative to the exemption of firemen from taxation, Messrs. Jackson & Codington, the Township Counsel, gave the following opinion, which is the whole matter in a nut shell:

To Assessor of Fanwood Township.

DEAR SIR:—In answer to yours of 9th instant would say:

1. We think firemen are entitled to $5 deduction on taxes. See Laws of 1882, page 74; Laws of 1884, page 265, declared inoperative by Supreme Court in case of Christie vs. Bayonne, 19 Vroom 407; Laws of 1884, page 28, liable to same objections.

2. Soldiers or sailors of late war are entitled to exemption from poll tax only. See Laws of 1887, page 54.

Respectfully Yours,
JACKSON & CODINGTON.

A Chance to Hear Dr. McGlynn.

The Rev. Edward McGlynn, D. D., of New York, will speak on "The Cross of the New Crusade"—the fatherhood of God and the brotherhood of man—next Sunday at the Perine Mountain Home, Baltus Roll Hill, near Westfield. This location is but a short drive from this city, and besides the speaker of the occasion presents most charming mountain scenery as an attraction. The address will be delivered at two o'clock sharp, as Dr. McGlynn speaks at the New York Academy of Music the same evening.

Inspecting Their Possessions.

Dr. J. T. Fritts and Mr. W. C. Kelly, of this city, left on the 8:40 train last evening for Pennington Gap, Cumberland Mountains. They will make an inspection of the possessions of the Cumberland Mining and Lumbering Co., as described in our issue of July 26th, and arrange for the locating of its plant. The gentlemen expect to be gone about ten days.

—According to an act of the legislature passed last Winter, the first Monday in September will be observed as a legal labor holiday.

JOVE'S SHAFTS OF DEATH

THE AWFUL WORK OF LIGHTNING CONTINUED.

A Scene of Death and Terror in Connecticut—Terrific Storms and Deadly Bolts Elsewhere.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Aug. 3—Lightning has been having a high old time here and editors of country papers are searching the dictionaries for words big enough to do the subject justice. Many people whose homes have been struck, have been badly prostrated, but all will recover. The houses of E. C. Woodruff, Fred Shilling, M. H. Donnelly, Thomas Lynch, M. McNamara, and of three outside the city whose names have not been learned, were struck. Timbers were shivered, chimneys destroyed, some rooms gutted, and many buildings set on fire. Trees have been stripped, telegraph poles shattered, three barns and several stacks of hay and straw burned.

A man named Chagnon was alarmed by having his horse fall dead from a bolt before his eyes. Mrs. Patrick Toohy is believed to have been frightened to death. Her husband sailed for Europe Saturday or is in New York, it is not known which. When the barn of George Woodruff was struck shortly after midnight his neighbors rallied to the scene, but was powerless to do anything. While one man stood there his own barn was struck and was soon on fire.

When Woodruff's barn was first struck he observed it from the house and rushed out, but could scarcely make his way between the intense darkness and blinding flashes of lightning. One more terrible, then all prostrated him for a moment. He had reached the gate and attempted to drive out a large herd of valuable blooded stock. The next he knew thirty-two dead cattle lay about on all sides. The cries of horses in the burning barns were terrible, and the scene indescribable.

The rainfall has been large, but not sufficient to do much damage. The air is still sultry. Timid people are frightened, and some have left the city. The freaks of the lightning are, as usual, wonderful, and the subject of general conversation. They are past recounting.

READING, Pa., Aug. 3.—One of the most terrific storms ever witnessed in this section passed over Strouchsburg, this county, last night, and many fields and buildings were flooded. In the midst of the storm four vivid flashes of lightning were seen and were followed by loud peals of thunder. Immediately thereafter the historic Christ Lutheran church a mile from town, was discovered to be on fire, and in an hour it was in ruins, the Sunday school organ alone being saved. The loss to the congregation will be $20,000, insurance $6,000. This edifice was one of the landmarks of the Lutheran church in America. The corner stone was laid in 1745. The church was rebuilt in 1788, and two years ago was damaged by a dynamite explosion, after which it was improved at a cost of $7,000. Ex-Gov. Andrew Schultz was born in its parsonage, and he worshiped there. The Muhlenbergs frequently preached there. It was one of the first Lutheran churches built in this country.

WHITMAN, Mass., Aug. 3.—A terrific thunder storm passed over this place early this morning. The lightning struck in several places. In Hanson the spire of the Congregational church was stripped. The large vane which was placed on the steeple several years ago was hurled in a shapeless mass and the gilt finish burned off.

MILFORD, Mass., Aug. 3.—One of the fiercest thunder storms that was ever seen in this part of the country passed over here this morning. It began about 3 o'clock and lasted for an hour and a half. Telephone poles were broken down, trees uprooted and several houses were struck. Ed. Ball's house was struck and a corner taken off. Dalton's house was badly damaged, as was also Mead's market on Maine street. G. F. Fale's & Co's dry-goods store was burned by lightning, which followed the electric light wires into the stores.

SHARON, Pa., Aug. 3.—Mrs. Samuel Hawks, living four miles east of Greenfield, went into the yard last night where her children were playing, and stopped under a tree to avoid the rain. The tree was struck and the bolt instantly killed the mother and stunned the children. The children will recover.

PUTNAM, Conn., Aug. 3.—At Wauregan a large barn filled with farming implements, &c., was struck by lightning and destroyed.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 3.—The grist mill and boiler-house of J. Goddard & Co., at Webster, were struck by lightning and burned yesterday.

WESTFIELD, Vt., Aug. 3.—Harvey Fletcher's house on the Irasburg mountain was struck by lightning and Mrs. Fletcher, who was in bed with her husband, was killed. Mr. Fletcher lies at the point of death.

ANSONIA, Conn., Aug. 3.—Thomas and William Hartington drove into a barn for shelter. Lightning struck the barn, stunning the brothers and throwing their horses on the floor. The barn, owned by John Hines, with farming utensils, was burned. The Harringtons had to wrap themselves in blankets to keep warm after the shower, although the mercury was ninety degrees.

ASHLAND, Pa., Aug 2.—In a heavy rain and thunder storm last evening Mrs. Wm. Geist, residing in Zimmermantown was struck by lightning and killed while standing in her husband's store. The building was set on fire, but the flames were extinguished.

KNOXVILLE, Pa., Aug. 3.—Between 2 and 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon a terrific rain and hail storm and cyclone passed over the region south of this place, extending through the edge of Deerfield township and Chatham. Grain was levelled to the ground and many forest and orchard trees were torn up by the roots.

OSYKA, Miss., Aug. 3.—The First Baptist church was struck by lightning last night and the steeple partly demolished. The lightning went through the ceiling into the church and out at the northwest corner doing considerable damage to the building

New York Republican State Convention

SARATOGA, Aug. 3.—According to the set programme, everything went off "harmoniously" at the meeting of the republican state committee. All the members of the committee were represented in person or by proxy when that body convened for business in Congress hall. The session was brief and it was voted to issue a call for the state convention at Saratoga on September 14. This was a compromise between the Hiscock and Platt factions, the former desiring the date fixed earlier in September.

Immigration Statistics.

NEW YORK, Aug. 3.—There were 27,844 immigrants landed at Castle Garden during the month of July. They came by seventy-three different steamers, and their total number is greater than the immigration for the month of July last year by 3,410. But it does not come up to the proportiona e increase of the previous months over the record of last year.

WASHINGTON SUN-BAKED.

An Average Daily Temperature of 95 Degrees Throughout July.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.—This is a time when conversation about the weather is quite excusable. The official record of the late unlamented month of July has been made public, but its figures, eloquent though they are, fail to give an adequate idea of what has been suffered here during the last thirty-one days. Without wishing to deprecate the extraordinary efforts which the clerk of the weather has made for the discomfiture of New York. Philadelphia and other northern cities, it may be doubted whether any community has suffered more than Washington has through July. The record published by the signal office here gives the average temperature of July as 90 deg. This is from four to six degrees lower than the temperature as noted in ordinary sheltered places, so that it is undoubtedly a fact that the Washington public has been compelled to endure an average daily temperature of 95 for a whole month past. This is absolutely unprecedented in this city, at least since the establishment of the weather bureau. It exceeds the records of the northern cities by several degrees. Even the Hudnut thermometer at New York registered a monthly average of only 88 5, or a degree and a half lower than the official record made in the signal office in this city. Our maximum here was 103 deg., but we have had it between 98 deg. and 103 deg. for several days in succession. Couple with this condition of the mercury the adjuncts of a dull, heavy atmosphere, no wind, a blazing sun and the fiery asphalt pavements, and outsiders can gain some idea of what the capital city has been during the heated term, which, by the way, still scarcely shows any mitigation

MASONS AND K. OF L.

Strong Words of the President of the Association.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 3.—The members of the master masons' association of the state of New York assembled in the Odd Fellows' building on North Clinton street. In his address President W. H. Gorsline, of Rochester, said:

Workingmen own this city. We have more taxpayers than voters, and, what will interest you builders to learn, we have more fireproof buildings than has any other city of the size of Rochester in the United States. We built the first fireproof hotel in the United States.

I trust that in our exchange of views we will not lose sight of the fact that whatever we do to elevate the mechanic and laborer, will benefit ourselves. Every real aid given to the workingman will be returned tenfold to the employer. I believe that those men who formed the knights of labor have made a great mistake take. Had they spent the same ingenuity, time, and labor in forming insurance and savings institutions, they would have accomplished vastly more for the interests of their families and themselves. Its history tells us that the order is a curse to its members. It will, without doubt, soon be a thing of the past. Trade unions have come to stay so long as they are governed by wise counsel. That brings it home to us to be guided by wisdom and not to let tyranny and overbearing dogmas prevail or govern our actions.

Fatal End of an Arkansas Feud.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 3.—A tragedy occurred at a little village in Faulkner county, twenty-five miles from this place. It appears that for some time a feud had existed between John and Joe Evans, brothers, and Ike Medith. They met at a school house in the neighborhood. Exchanging some hot words, they adjourned to an adjacent woods to settle the matter. While John Evans was denouncing Medith as a liar, the latter drew a pistol and fired, the shot entering his breast. Evans fell to the ground, dying in a few minutes. Joe Evans hurried to his brother's assistance, and as he raised his hand to strike Medith, he, too, was shot in the stomach, and will die. Medith coolly walked away and has not since been found. The Evans brothers were reputable planters. Medith had recently located in this state.

The Drought and Illinois Butter.

ELGIN, Ill., Aug. 3.—The drought continues in this section, making the milk supply very short, and causing a corresponding deficiency in butter. Creamery grades are extremely scarce. On the call board yesterday bids started at 20 cents, but not a pound was sold until 27 cents was reached, at which price the majority of sales were made. A few favorite brands brought 27¼. Sales yesterday on call were 21,840 pounds. Private sales of the past week aggregate 1,207,153 pounds.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

The town of Sassow in Galicia has been destroyed by fire. Fifteen corpses have been recovered from the ruins. Twenty children are missing.

Three young nihilists have murdered Nesterova's widow at Vladikavkas and stolen 800,000 roubles. They were arrested while trying to escape to Turkey.

Two boys named Robert McHarry, aged 16, and Harry Relbert, aged 15, were drowned while bathing at Gwynn's Falls, Md., yesterday afternoon. The bodies were recovered.

From fifteen to twenty deaths from cholera are reported in Catania daily. The epidemic is spreading in the provincesi In Syracuse and Calabria the condition of affairs has improved.

A slight earthquake shock was felt at Nashville, Tenn., passing from south to north. It shook several articles off a table in the police headquarters and woke up members of a fire company in the eastern portion of the city.

Mrs. Fannie Hoyne, wife of James Hoyne of Tuscola, Ill., was gored and trampled to death by a mad bull while attempting to drive the brute out of the front door yard. She fought the animal as long as her strength held out, but as no one came to her assistance she was killed before the eyes of her little children.

Lightning struck the foremast of the schooner Neptune, of St. John, N. B., about a mile off the bar at the mouth of the Connecticut, and completely shattered the stick. A seaman, John Carney, aged 32, of Prince Edward Island, who was standing near the mast, was instantly killed. The vessel put into Greenport for repairs.

Dr. Ludeking, the St. Louis chemist, who has been examining the stomach and liver of Susie Beck, the woman who died there a few days ago, the supposed wife of Thomas Abbott, has made an official report to the coroner. He says he found large quantities of arsenic in both organs. The police have taken no further action in the case. Two or three despatches have been received stating that a man answering the description of West has been seen in different places, but there is no definite clue to his whereabouts.

Forest fires are doing great damage to standing timber around Saginaw, Mich., and in several instances farm buildings have been burned. A strip of country between Bluff Creek and Tittabawassee is all ablaze and a large number of logs and several camps are in danger. There are heavy fires also in Clare county, and the village of Clare had a narrow escape yesterday. Two or three residences and other property were burned. In Gladwin county no rain has fallen for weeks and heavy fires are sweeping through the woods. It is difficult to estimate the damage to timber, but the loss will already approximate $50,000.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING JULY 29, 1887.

Aldrich, A Mrs	Hagerty, M T Mrs
Achin, Augusta Miss	Hart, Lena Miss
Bertorn, John	Lewis, A H
Burnett, C M Miss	Muller, Otto
Baker, Ella Miss	Moore, Anna Miss
Bowers, Agnes B Mrs	Murwich, H J
Baldwin, Asa	Nicholson, Mr
Bule, C Dr	Nourrie, Cath Mrs
Caedmas, Martha Mrs	Rose & Co
Cain, Sarah Miss	Runion, Mary E Miss
Canaran, Annie E Miss	Read, M & H
Clack, J B	Terger, Sue
Gerbhart, Susie Miss	Tyler, N E
Gormley, Thomas	Taylor, Chas W & Sons
Wilson, L N Mrs	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

LOST—SUNDAY MORNING ON WASHINGTON Valley road, a fan. Reward if left at THIS OFFICE. 8-3-d1

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL.

Monday, August 8.

Sweatnam,
Billy Rice &
Barney Fagan's
New Mastodonic Minstrels.

OVER HALF 100 PERFORMERS.

THE ONLY
Sweatnam, Billy Rice, Barney Fagan, Frank Cushman, Charles Fostelle, Harry Armstrong.

20	END MEN	20
16	IN SONG AND DANCE	16
20	IN ORCHESTRA	20

Everything entirely new. Grand Free Street Parade through the principal streets, starting from Music Hall promptly at noon. Prices—50c., 75c., and $1.00. Seats at usual places Friday.

Grand Excursion
OF THE
PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB,
TO
Rockaway Beach,
ON THE
STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC."
WITH BRASS BAND,
Tuesday, Aug. 9.

Six hours for bathing, boating, fishing and visiting the various places of amusement. The success met with and universal satisfaction given on our excursion to this great watering place last year, prompts the management to predict for this the most enjoyable one from Plainfield this season, at the very low figures: $1.25 for adults and 75c for those under twelve years; for the round trip of ninety miles. Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m., sharp. Steamer leaves Jersey City 9.30; returning—leaves Rockaway 5.30 p. m. Tickets can be obtained from Executive Committee: Dr. Lowrie, A. Vanderbeek and H. N. Spencer; E. Lamphear, Treas.; J. W. A. Bauersachs, Financial Sec.; also from Club members and at the drug stores. 8-2-d6

EXCURSION
OF THE
1st Presbyterian,
Trinity Reformed,
Park Ave. Baptist
SUNDAY SCHOOLS
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
AND
FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
OF DUNELLEN.
Friday, Aug. 5th,
TO
OCEAN GROVE
AND
ASBURY PARK,

Stopping at Long Branch both ways. Tickets—Adults, $1.25; Children (5 to 12 years) 90 cts. First section leaves Plainfield, 7.50; second section leaves Plainfield, 8.05 a. m. Returning—leave Asbury Park, 6.00 p. m. 7-29-d6

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
40 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Without doubt the prices
PECK
has marked down his
FLOUNCINGS,
Are more value for the money than ever before known.

CABRIOLETS.
SURRYS. BUGGIES.
HOMAN & RYERSON,
—FINE—
CARRIAGES,
AND
Business Wagons,
Plainfield, N. J.
29 & 31 SOMERSET STREET.
7-1-tf

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

STOP AT
No. 33 Park Avenue
For Musical Instruments and Sporting Goods. Violin Strings and Musical Merchandise. A good Assortment of
HAMMOCKS,
CHILDREN'S WAGONS AND CARTS
CAN BE HAD A
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
We can show TO FISHERMEN
A Fine Line of RODS, REELS, LINES, HOOKS, NETS and ARTIFICIAL BAITS.
Agents for the New King Bicycle, the Latest and Best Wheel in the market.
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
I. LEDERER.
my10st

RUNNING DOWN A VILLAIN

AN EXCITING CHASE THROUGH FIELD AND FALLOW.

A Dastard Foiled by a Woman's Bravery and a Timely Rescue—Almost a Lynching in New Jersey.

SPRINGFIELD, N. J., Aug. 3.—Thomas Cosgrove, a notorious ruffian, called by his comrades in crime "Corky," made a desperate attempt last night on Mrs. John Mizl, a middle aged woman, who lives on Springfield avenue, near here. But for Mrs. Mizl's bravery and remarkable strength the brute would have succeeded in his villainous design. Mrs. Mizl resides with her husband and her twelve year old son Philip. Her husband is unable to work, and the support of the family therefore falls upon her.

Yesterday she went to Summit with her son where she worked all day. When within two hundred yards of her house on her way home, she was suddenly confronted by Cosgrove, who sprang from behind a dense growth of bushes and, with a terrible oath, warned her not to scream. Then he caught her by the shoulders and tried to force her to take a drink of whiskey from a bottle.

Mrs. Mizl, who is a strong woman, fought like a tigress, while little Philip screamed lustily and then ran toward home for help. Cosgrove grasped her tightly by the throat with one hand and placed the other over her mouth to keep her from screaming. But she tore his hands away and sent a piercing shriek up the mountain sides.

The spot is a lonely one, yet one man heard her scream for help. To the westward of the road near where the assault was attempted, rises "Bald Eagle Cliff," the mountain upon which Zeph Sayre, known all over the state as "Old Zip" the hermit hunter, lives. The old man gave the alarm to his hired man and to one or two others in the vicinity and then ran down the mountain like a chamois. He was followed by two or three men.

When "Old Zip" came bounding toward the spot with his faithful dog, Mrs. Mizl was still struggling with her assailant. He had knocked her down several times, but in each case her remarkable pluck and strength asserted themselves and she fought the brute away. When Zip was within a few yards of them Cosgrove was endeavoring to stifle the woman's cries by forcing the neck of the whiskey bottle into her mouth. When he saw the men approach he fled toward Springfield. The men left old Zip to care for Mrs. Mizl and followed hotly after Cosgrove. Though greatly exhausted Mrs. Mizl walked home, and on reaching there she fainted. Her neck was black and blue where the villain had tried to choke off her screams for help. Her arms and body are also terribly bruised.

When her neighbors saw her condition they too started in pursuit of Cosgrove. The fugitive was as far as Springfield, with the crowd close behind him and constantly increasing. Before reaching Springfield he eluded the crowd by vaulting over fences, and would have escaped but for Constable Huff, who kept close at his heels. Alvansato Sayre, a brother of "Old Zip," also kept up the hot pace, and when Cosgrove found himself being closely pressed he took refuge in a barn.

He was cornered by Hoff and Sayre, but seizing an axe, he swung it around his head and swore that he would kill the first man that came near him. Huff and Sayre were unarmed. They went for help and when they returned Cosgrove was gone. It was learned that he had taken the road toward Milburn. Half the people of Milburn followed after him, and when within a hundred yards of the Milburn depot of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, they saw Cosgrove waiting for a New York train which was nearly due. When he saw the crowd he fled across a corn-field and toward the Farmers' hotel. He turned a corner 100 yards in advance of his pursuers, and it was thought made good his escape.

Constables Hoff and Ford, however, searched the woods and fields, and finally found him crouching under a fence. When they dragged him out he resisted, but was promptly knocked down, handcuffed and marched through the angry crowd to the lockup. Cosgrove was spirited to the house of Squire Mulford in Springfield. Here he was as violent as ever, and swore that if he went to jail he would kill the squire when he was released.

The country people, many of whom have wives and daughters who are frequently obliged to pass these lonely places, were so much aroused that it was deemed safest to remove him to the Union county jail at Elizabeth, and shortly after midnight this was done.

This is the fourth offence of the same kind which Cosgrove has attempted in two years.

STILL IN PURSUIT OF M'GARIGLE

The Detectives Follow the Trail to London, Ontario.

MONTREAL, Aug. 3.—Detectives have been sent from here to arrest McGarigle, the Chicago boodler, by J. Baxter, broker, on charge of conspiracy. They have gone to London, Ontario.

Captain John Irwin, on whose vessel the Chicago boodler is said to have reached Canada, is about forty years of age and has been sailing all his life. Last year he was in command of the schooner Maggie McRae. Previous to that he had charge of the propeller City of St. Catharines, which sank on Lake Huron. He is a widower and a native of Port Dalhousie.

Before the schooner Blake ran through the Mackinac straits it was said that her hull was painted so that she could not be detected. When Capt. Irwin left here July 2, he had on board a large quantity of red and lead-colored elastic paint. He evidently made good use of it. The voyage of the Blake is much discussed of in marine circles. It will be injudicious for Captain Irwin to get into the grasp of the Chicago authorities.

Acquittal of Sergeant Clark.

DETROIT, Aug. 3.—A preliminary trial of Sergeant Clark of the Twenty-third regiment, United States infantry, for the shooting of the private, Albert Stone, resulted in his discharge yesterday. The court held that he must obey any legal order of his superior officers. Stone, who had been sentenced to military prison for conduct derogatory to military discipline, tried to escape, and Clark, who was on guard, shot him.

Looking for Rest.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—It was stated this morning by a government official that the president intends, in a day or two, to leave Washington to secure absolute rest before he starts upon his western and southern tour.

Another Hocking Valley Strike.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 3.—The miners in the Hocking Valley are on strike for semi-monthly payments.

THE DUEL IS OFF

A HITCH IN THE ARRANGEMENT OF DETAILS.

Boulanger Wants to Fight for Blood, Ferry for Honor—A Gladstonian Triumph.

General Foreign News.

PARIS, Aug. 3.—Gen. Boulanger's seconds publish a report of what they say transpired at the conference between them and the seconds of M. Ferry. This report is in substance as follows: Gen. Boulanger desired a serious reparation—one properly proportioned to the gravity of M. Ferry's affront. On this account he proposed that the combatants exchange shots until one was hit, the choice of the distance to be left to the seconds of M. Ferry. These conditions not being accepted, Gen. Boulanger's seconds agreed to be content with an exchange of shots between the principals at twenty paces without any word of command. Considering this proposal to embody the extreme limit of Gen. Boulanger's formal instructions, his seconds did not feel authorized to make any further proposition. M. Ferry's seconds would only accept a duel at twenty-five paces, with a single exchange of shots, the fire to be opened at a word of command. Thereupon, as the offended party has the right to dictate the conditions of a duel, without being obliged to submit to terms dictated by his adversary's seconds, Gen. Boulanger's seconds withdrew from the affair.

M. Ferry's seconds confirm the statement that they were unable to come to an agreement respecting the conditions of the duel between their principal and Gen. Boulanger. They explain that they proposed the same conditions as those under which General Boulanger fought with Baron Lareinty, and that Gen. Boulanger's seconds refused to accept such conditions, claiming that they had the right to settle the details of the affair. M. Ferry's seconds decline to admit the claim of the offended party to settle the conditions.

No one believes now that any duel can take place between Gen. Boulanger and ex-premier Ferry. The seconds of the latter could not consent to the terms insisted upon by Gen. Boulanger's seconds without giving M. Ferry's life absolutely into the hands of his opponent. M. Ferry knows nothing ef the pistol or the sword. To permit shots to be exchanged at will without the word of command, would have given Gen. Boulanger the opportunity to kill M. Ferry without the latter having even a chance.

A GLADSTONIAN VICTORY.

The Dismayed Tories Expected to Modify Their Irish Policy.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—An election was held yesterday in Bridgeton division of Glasgow to fill the parliamentary seat made vacant by the resignation of E. B. Russell, a home rule liberal, who at the last election received 4,364 votes against 3,567 for his conservative opponent. Sir George Otto Trevelyan, the liberal candidate was elected by a vote of 4,654 to 3,353.

The immense increase in the Gladstonian vote has caused a panic among the Unionists. When the result of the election became unknown in the house, members deserted the benches and flocked to the lobbies, where they earnestly discussed the political outlook. The home rulers were jubilant.

The ministerialists admit that a modification of the government's Irish policy is probable under this conclusive proof of the Gladstonianism. The section of the conservative party which was pressing the cabinet to proclaim the national league was on the verge of success, but it is thought that the efforts of these conservatives will now be ineffectual and that all the efforts of the government toward coercion will be relaxed.

It is also believed that another result will be that Mr Gladstone will be more chary of promising concessions to the liberal unionists and will rather seek a consolidated alliance with the Parnellites, who have been becoming uneasy and dissatisfied since the ex-premier's speech, leaving it an open question as to the separation of Ulster from the rest of Ireland.

Sir George Trevelyan, in a speech last evening, said that his victory made it next to impossible for the government to proclaim the Irish national league. The election, he declared, largely settled the Irish question. Henceforth Ireland must be treated in a spirit of conciliation, kindness and confidence.

The Irish League Defiant.

DUBLIN, Aug. 3.—At the regular fortnightly meeting of the national league, the first since the coercion law went into effect, the receipts from America for the past two weeks were announced to have been £5,200. Lord Mayor T. D. Sullivan, speaking of the crimes act and the possibility of its rigid enforcement, declared that if the league should be proclaimed it would still continue the fight it was engaged in. Mr. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, made a brief speech, in which he assured the league of American sympathy.

Honors to Patrick Collins.

DUBLIN, Aug. 3.—The lord mayor presented the freedom of the city of Dublin to the Hon. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, Mass., "as a representative of millions of Irish people banished from their native land by landlordism and oppression." Mr. Collins in his reply promised that the Irish in America would never desert the cause of Ireland. The freedom of the city was also conferred upon the Hon. William O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*.

Extensive Forest Fires.

EAST SAGINAW, Aug. 3.—Forest fires are doing great damage to standing timber in this section, and in several instances farm buildings have been burned. A strip of country between Bluff creek and Tittabawissee is all ablaze, and a large quantity of logs and many camps owned by A. T. Bliss, of Saginaw, are in danger. There are also heavy fires in Clare county, and the village of Clare had a narrow escape yesterday. Two or three residences and some other property, valued at about $5,000, were burned. In Gladwin county no rain has fallen for weeks, and heavy fires are sweeping through the woods. It is difficult to estimate the damage to timber, but the loss will already approximate $50,000.

Magone's Visit.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—White House and treasury officials decline to give any explanation of the visit of Collector Magone here. He did not register at his hotel, and spent a considerable time at the White House.

Locked Together in Death.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 3.—Two boys named Robert McHarry, aged sixteen, and Harry Reibert, aged fifteen, were drowned while bathing in Winn's falls. The bodies were recovered locked together.

DEADLY FIGHT AT THE POLLS.

Six Men Killed and Many Wounded in Kentucky—Election News.

WILLIAMSBURG, Ky., Aug. 3.—Intelligence comes from Manchester, Clay county, by a horseman that a fierce fight occurred at the polls during the voting. The fight was participated in by a score or more of men, all having revolvers and bowie knives. Six men were killed outright and a number wounded.

The dead men are: Jack Hocker, Dow White, John G. White, Dale Little. Two unknown.

The first four men were prominent citizens of Manchester, and the unknown were strangers from the country. The greatest excitement prevails there. There was no attempt on the part of officers to quell the disturbance. Manchester is the capital of Clay county, in the southeastern part of Kentucky, and is located in a mountainous district. It is about sixty miles from Somers and about thirty miles from Livingston, the nearest telegraph and railroad point. Its population is about 300.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 3.—Gen. Buckner has carried Kentucky by over 20,000 majority and the whole democratic state ticket has been elected by varying majorities. Buckner ran ahead of his ticket. There were slight republican gains in some parts of the state, but these were offset by democratic gains elsewhere, Lexington going democratic for the first time in twenty years.

The noted Phil Thompson, democrat, was defeated for the legislature from Harrodsburg. The democratic defection was due to the presence of the prohibition ticket. Fox, his opponent, got 500 democratic votes. In Louisville local option was defeated. The labor vote throughout the state was light.

FLEMINGSBURG, Ky., Aug. 3.—Hudson, republican candidate for the legislature, got 700 majority. The complete returns from Fleming county show a republican majority of 100—hitherto the county was several hundred democratic. Huff, republican candidate for state senator, was elected. Bradley (republican) for governor carried the county by a close vote.

COVINGTON, Ky., Aug. 3.—Returns indicate Egan (union labor) for legislature elected in the second district, and Meyers (dem.) for representative in the third district for state senator. The vote is so very close that it is uncertain whether Goebel (dem.) or Fennell (rep.) has received a majority.

NEWPORT, Ky., Aug. 3.—Returns from nearly all voting precincts in Campbell county elect the union labor candidates by majorities ranging from 400 to 700.

Divorce Proceedings in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 3.—The divorce suit of Richardson H. McDonald against his wife is attracting more attention every day as new features are developed. The complainant is a son of R. H. McDonald, president of the Pacific bank of this city, who was a candidate of the prohibition party at the last state election. The suit is brought on the ground of desertion. Mrs. McDonald, on the other hand makes most serious charges against her husband. McDonald, Jr., denies the charges *in toto*, and says that his wife is insane.

Industrial Items.

The tailors of the United States will hold a convention in New York on Aug. 8.

Cigarmakers' union of Detroit have started a new daily paper called the *Unionist*.

The miners in the Hocking Valley, O., struck yesterday for a semi-monthly payment of wages.

Michigan knights of labor held a convention on August 2. Three hundred locals were represented.

The strike in the Little rolling mill in East St. Louis has been settled and the men have resumed work.

The striking operatives of the Moss manufacturing company of Rhode Island have issued a circular appealing for support to the wageworkers of this country.

The bakers of Cleveland have won their strike, the bosses giving in to their demands, twelve hours a day, no Sunday work, and no boarding with the bosses.

The work of laying the double track between Montreal and Toronto on the Grand Trunk line has commenced. It is expected the work will be finished in three years.

Mr. Terence V. Powderly, general master workman of the knights of labor, says that if he should leave his present office he would devote his time to literary work. The two great subjects of education and temperance would receive his entire attention.

Forty picked miners, under charge of Traveling Passenger Agent Pitt of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad, left Pottsville for Alburta, British Columbia, where they will be employed in the anthracite coal mines recently opened there.

An aged negro blacksmith, who still does good work at the forge in Ozan, Ark., and who is known as Gov. Pickens, is probably the oldest working blacksmith living. He was born in South Carolina March 7, 1788; was sold on the block at New Orleans and taken to Arkansas in 1840.

A strike of between 75 and 100 coopers, trimmers and slack barrel workers, belonging to local assembly No. 7,288, knights of labor of Philadelphia, took place there in about fifteen shops, on account of the refusal of the employers to pay the advanced prices demanded by the assembly.

Gambrinus assembly, knights of labor of Cincinnati, journeymen beer brewers has severed its connection with the order. It is reported that dissatisfaction with the new constitution just promulgated was the cause of the withdrawal. Several other assemblies are on the verge of withdrawal for the same reason.

A Philadelphia paper says: "Ship Caulker's assembly, No. 2, K. of L., one of the pioneers of the order has lapsed, and the secret work has been turned over to the proper officials. The assembly lapsed once before, about two years ago, but was afterward revived. It is said to have carried more members on its roll than it actually had, and the actual money which had to be paid for assessments in consequence is said to have much to do with the action just taken.

The coke workers in the Connellsville region began voting yesterday to decide which of the two rival organizations the knights of labor or the miners' amalgamated association, is to be absorbed by the other. The feeling between the members of the two associations is said to be so bitter that the amalgamated officials have refused to meet with knights of labor in a conference with the operators looking to the adoption of a scale of wages. The last of the Pinkerton guards, fifty altogether, were withdrawn from the coke region yesterday.

Another struggle has begun between the amalgamated association of iron and steel workers and the manufacturers, resulting in the closing of a number of mills in the Mahoning valley, Ohio, and the throwing out of employment of nearly 5,000 men. The trouble is caused by an attempt of the amalgamated association to enforce an old rule in their constitution, which provides "that no man shall hold two jobs at a mill." It was decided to enforce the law after Aug. 1. The members of the association who were notified of the action as a rule gave up their extra jobs, but the trouble arose over non-members who refused. At the mills of Painter & Jones, Brown, Bonnell & Co., the Mahoning valley iron company and Cartwright, McCurdy & Co., of Youngstown, O., the mill owners refused to discharge these men and the mills closed down.

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Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p.m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.24, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 2.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't,
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS,
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10my1y

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PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day: $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

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7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

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Homoeopathist.

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Sunday Papers.

Can be had at 21 North avenue. Delivered to all parts of the city.
my11t4 MOSHER & BULMER.

J. W. VANSICKLE,

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Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S

Fish Market,

Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

MRS. CLEVELAND'S VISIT.

No Intimation of Her Going Until Her Journey is Completed.

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 3.—The pleasant village of Marion was thrown into a flutter by the unannounced arrival of Mrs. Grover Cleveland. She was accompanied by Mrs. Folsom, her mother, Mrs. Walsh, her aunt, and Gen. A. W. Greely, of the signal service bureau, whose guests she and her relatives will be while in Marion.

The party took carriages and proceeded to the residence of Col. Emerson Hadley, where they were to stop.

Mrs. Cleveland is reported as being much pleased with the beauty of the town, and of the opinion that it is an excellent place for rest and recuperation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Mrs. Cleveland's departure to the Massachusetts coast was a well kept secret, and the first announcement that she had gone came over the wires from the other end of the journey. The president remains at Oak View, and attends to most of his official business there. He has Secretary Whitney for a near neighbor, and Secretary Lamar, and other members of the cabinet have been his guests. The semi-weekly cabinet meeting was held at Oak View, and the members unanimously voted it an improvement on the stuffy room of the White House.

The president may go out of the city again before the heated term is over, but has not yet decided when or where. He is engaged in arranging the schedule of his October trip.

THE GIANTS TAKE REVENGE

Summary of Base Ball Championship Games Yesterday.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 3.—The New York giants revenged themselves yesterday for the first whitewash of the season administered by the home club the day before. McCormick was batted unmercifully. Every man getting at least one hit, and thirteen runs being earned. New York made 23 hits, 17 runs and 2 errors, both by Ewing. Pittsburg made 4 runs, 14 hits and 5 errors.

DETROIT, Aug. 3.—The visiting Philadelphias were done up with comparative ease. Getzin and Buffinton were the pitchers. Detroit made 10 runs, 9 base hits and 3 errors. Philadelphia made 3 runs, 9 hits and 3 errors.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—Washington was easily defeated 10 to 3. Chicago made 14 hits and 1 error; Washington 13 hits, 6 errors. Pitchers, Baldwin and Whitney.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 3.—The home team was paralyzed by Boston. Summary: Indianapolis, 3 runs, 9 hits, six errors; Boston, 16 runs, 20 hits, 1 error. Pitchers, Healy and Radbourne.

American association—Metropolitan 6, Cincinnati 4; Athletic 6, St. Louis 14; Brooklyn 4, Cleveland 1; Baltimore 3, Louisville 4.

International league—Rochester 15, Buffalo 3; Hamilton 10, Binghamton 9; Toronto 12, Wilkesbarre 6; Syracuse 6, Jersey City 0; Newark 12, Scranton 3.

Sporting Gossip.

That excellent team of colored players, the Cuban Giants, have so far played 100 games and lost but twenty-six of them.

Fay, the untried Connecticut wonder, picked up by Pat Sheedy, is not likely to meet Jimmy Doherty in a fight as has been proposed. It is understood that Doherty is not willing to meet him.

"Jack" Bates, the feather weight pugilist, arrived in New York yesterday. He is anxious for a "go" at some of the bantams in that vicinity. He says he will fight Joe Ridge or any other 120-pound man for $100 aside.

William Chadwick, of Elizabeth, and Sammy Taylor, of Phillipsburg, have signed articles to wrestle a match at catch-as-catch-can for $200 aside. The contest will take place at Phillipsburg on the 6th of August.

Duncan C. Ross, who was recently defeated at hammer throwing by John McDougall, of the Boston Caledonian club, has challenged McDougall to a new match to take place this month, for from $250 to $1,000 aside.

Joe Laing, the Montreal oarsman, says, with reference to Wallace Ross' challenge: "I am ready and willing to row Ross any time at a mile and a half for $500, and will row on any water Ross may name if he pays expenses.

In a letter to his brother Charles "Jake" Shaeffer says that he has made a match with Vignaux for $1,000 a side, and has deposited $500 forfeit. The match will be on October 16 and will be under balk line rules, 600 points per night for six nights.

Arlie Latham, the sprightly third baseman of the St. Louis Browns, has a language called "baseball Latin" which he uses when the Browns are running around the bases. He is thinking about writing a book on it next season.

Notwithstanding the fact that O'Brien, the left fielder of the "Mets," was a total stranger to the team at the beginning of the season, since he became captain the players have been trying their utmost to help him in winning every game.

In the last four games played by the Quaker City league nine—three with Pittsburg and one with Detroit—they have made but five errors, 123 put outs and eighty assists, giving them an opportunity to accept 203 of the 208 changes offered and a percentage of .976.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3, 5 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, winds shifting to southerly, slightly warmer.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 2.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s.	1891, reg.	108¾	108¼
4½.	1891, con.	109	108¾
4s.	1907, reg.	127¼	127
4s.	1907, con.	127½	127

STOCK MARKET.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	——	56½
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	140	139
Central Pacific	37½	36¼
Del. & Hudson	100½	100
Del. Lack. & W.	128¾	127½
Erie	28¾	28¾
Erie pref.	67	65
Lake Shore	91¾	91¾
Louis. & Nash.	61½	60¾
Michigan Central	81½	81
Missouri Pacific	97½	96
N. Y. & New Eng.	42¾	40½
N. J. Central	74½	71¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.	107½	107
Northwestern	112¾	111¾
Oregon Navigation	94	99
Pacific Mail	38½	38
Reading	54¾	52½
Rock Island	127	127
St. Paul	80¾	79¾
Union Pacific	——	53¾
West. Union Tel.	——	70½

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79½	80¾	82½
Corn	47½	48½	49½
Oats	31¾	31¾	32½

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery—Eastern 23a24c.; Western 21a23c.; Dairy—Imitation 15a18c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a20c.; western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15; low grades, 7a8c.

Cheese dull: 10a10¼, 6a8.

Eggs dull: 15a15½ 14½ 4a41½1.

HEAVENLY LIFE.

Lev. Dr. Talmage Gives His Ideas of Heaven.

How Our Friends Who Have Gone Before Are Employed in the Celestial City—Doing the Best Things They Did on Earth, but in a Wider Field.

THE HAMPTONS, July 31.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage's sermon for this morning was on the "Employments of Heaven," and his text the first verse, chapter 1, of Ezekiel: "Now it came to pass in the thirtieth year, in the fourth month, in the fifth day of the month, as I was among the captives by the river of Chebar, that the heavens were opened."

Ezekiel, with others, had been expatriated, and while in foreign slavery was standing on the banks of the royal canal, which he and other serfs had been condemned to dig by order of Nebuchadnezzar—this royal canal, in the text called the river of Chebar, the illustrious exile had visions of heaven. Indeed, it is almost always so that the brightest visions of heaven come not to those who are on mountain top of prosperity, but to some John on desolate Patmos, or to some Paul in Mamertine dungeon, or to some Ezekiel standing on the banks of a ditch he had been compelled to dig—yea, to the weary, to the heart-broken, to those whom sorrow has banished.

The text is very particular to give us the exact time of the vision. It was in the thirtieth year and in the fourth month and in the fifth day of the month. So you have had visions of earth you shall never forget. You remember the year, you remember the month, you remember the day, you remember the hour. Why may not we have some such vision this morning, and it be in the sixth month and in the fourth day of the month?

The question is of often silently asked, though perhaps never audibly propounded: "What are our departed Christian friends doing now?" The question is more easily answered than you might perhaps suppose. Though there has come no recent

INTELLIGENCE FROM THE HEAVENLY CITY,

and we seem dependent upon the story of eighteen centuries ago, still I think we may from strongest inference decide what are the present occupations of our transferred kinsfolk.

After God has made a nature he never eradicates the chief characteristics of its temperament. You never knew a man phlegmatic in temperament to become sanguine in temperament. You never knew a man sanguine in temperament to become phlegmatic in temperament. Conversion plants new principles in the soul, but Paul and John are just as different from each other after conversion as they were different from each other before conversion. If conversion does not eradicate the prominent characteristics of the temperament neither will death eradicate them.

You have, then, only by a sum in subtraction and a sum in addition to decide what are the employments of your departed friends in the better world. You are to subtract from them all earthly grossness and add all earthly goodness, and then you are to come to the conclusion that they are doing now in heaven what in their best moments they did on earth. The reason that so many people never start for heaven is because they could not stand it if they got there if it should turn out to be the rigid and formal place some people photograph it.

We like to come to church, but we would not want to stay here to next Christmas. We like to hear the Hallelujah Chorus, but we would not want to hear it all the time for fifty centuries. It might be on some great occasion it would be possibly comfortable to wear a crown of gold weighing several pounds, but it would be an affliction to wear such a crown forever. In other words, we run the descriptions of Heaven into the ground, while we make that which was intended as especial and celebrative to be the

EXCLUSIVE EMPLOYMENT OF THE HEAVEN.

You might as well, if asked to describe the habits of American society, describe a Decoration day, or a Fourth of July, or an autumnal Thanksgiving as though it were all the time that way.

I am not going to speculate in regard to the future world, but I must by inevitable laws of inference and deduction and common sense conclude that in Heaven we will be just as different from each other as we are now different, and hence that there will be at least as many different employments in the celestial world as there are employments here. Christ is to be the great love, the great joy, the great rapture, the great worship of Heaven; but will that abolish employment? no more than loves on earth—paternal, filial, fraternal, conjugal love, abolish earthly occupation.

In the first place, I remark that all of those of our departed Christian friends who on earth found great joy in the fine arts are now indulging their tastes in the same direction. On earth they had their gladdest pleasures amid pictures and statuary, and in the study of laws of light and shade and perspective. Have you any idea that that affluence of faculty at death collapsed and perished? Why so, when there is more for them to look at, and they have keener appreciation of the beautiful, and they stand amid the very looms where the sunsets and the rainbows and the spring mornings are woven?

Are you so obtuse as to suppose that because the painter drops his easel and the sculptor his chisel and the engraver his knife, that therefore that taste, which he was enlarging and intensifying for forty or fifty years, is entirely obliterated? These artists or these friends of art on earth worked in coarse material and with imperfect brain and with frail hand. Now they have carried their art

INTO LARGER LIBERTIES

and into wider circumference. They are at their old business yet, but without the fatigues, without the limitations, without the hindrances of the terrestrial studio.

Raphael could now improve upon his masterpiece of Michael the Archangel, now that he has seen him, and could improve upon his masterpiece of the Holy Family now that he has visited them. Michael Angelo could better present the Last Judgment after he has seen its flash and heard the battering rams of its thunder. Exquisite colors here, graceful lines here, powerful chiaroscuro here: but I am persuaded that the grander studies and the brighter galleries are higher up by the winding marble stairs of the sepulcher, and that Turner, and Holman, Hunt, and Rembrandt, and Titian, and Paul Veronese, if they exercised saving faith in the Christ whom they portrayed upon the canvas, are painters yet, but their strength of faculty multiplied ten-thousand fold. The reason that God took away their eye and their hand and their brain was that He might give them something more limber, more wieldy, more skillful, more multiplitant.

Do not, therefore, be melancholy among the tapestries, and the bric-a-brac, and the embroideries, and the water colors, and the works of art which your departed friends used to admire. Do not say: "I am sorry they had to leave all these things." Rather say: "I am glad they have gone up to higher artistic opportunity and appreciation." Our friends who found so much joy in the fine arts on earth are now luxuriating in Louvres and Luxembourgs celestial.

I remark again, that all our departed Christian friends who in this world were passionately fond of music are still regaling that taste in the world celestial. The Bible says so much about the music of heaven that it can not all be figurative. The Bible over and over again speaks of the songs of heaven. If heaven had no songs of its own a vast number of those of earth would have been taken up by

THE EARTHLY EMIGRANTS.

Surely the Christian at death does not lose his memory. Then there must be millions of souls in heaven who know "Coronation," and "Antioch," and "Mount Pisgah," and "Old Hundred." The leader of the eternal orchestra need only once tap his baton and all heaven will be ready for the hallelujah.

Can not the soul sing? How often we compliment some exquisite singer by saying: "There was so much soul in her music." In heaven it will be all soul until the body after a while comes up in the resurrection and then there will be an additional heaven. Can not the soul hear? If it can hear then it can hear music. Do not, therefore, let it be in your household when some member leaves for heaven as it is in some households, that you close the piano and unstring the harp for two years, because the fingers that used to play on them are still. You must remember that they have better instruments of music where they are.

You ask me: "Do they have real harps, and real trumpets, and real organs?" I do not know. Some wiseacres say positively there are no such things in heaven. I do not know, but I should not be surprised if the God who made all the mountains, and all the hills, and all the forests, and all the metals of the earth, and all the growths of the universe—I should not be surprised if he could, if he had a mind to, make a few harps, and trumpets, and organs.

Grand old Haydn, sick and worn out, was carried out for the last time into the music hall, and there he heard his own oratorio of the "Creation." History says that as the orchestra came to that famous passage: "Let there be light!" the whole audience rose and cheered, and Haydn waved his hand toward heaven and said: "It comes from there."

OVERWHELMED WITH HIS OWN MUSIC,

he was carried out in his chair, and as he came to the door he spread his hand toward the orchestra as in benediction.

Haydn was right when he waved his hand toward heaven and said: "It comes from there."

Music was born in heaven and it will ever have its highest throne in heaven; and I want you to understand that our departed friends who were passionately fond of music here are now at the headquarters of harmony. I think that the grand old church tunes that died when your grandfathers died have gone with them to heaven.

Again, I remark that those of our departed Christian friends who in this world had very strong military spirit are now in armies Celestial and out of bloodless battle. There are hundreds of people born soldiers. They can not help it. They belong to regiments in time of peace. They can not hear a drum or fife without trying to keep step to the music. They are Christians, and when they fight they fight on the right side. Now when these, our Christian friends who had natural and powerful military spirit, entered heaven, they entered the celestial army.

The door of heaven hardly opens but you hear a military demonstration. David cried out: "The chariots of God are twenty thousand." Elisha saw the mountains filled with celestial cavalry, St. John said "The armies which are in heaven followed him on white horses." Now, when those who had the military spirit on earth sanctified entered glory, I suppose they right away enlisted in some heavenly campaign, they volunteered right away. There must needs be in heaven soldiers with a soldierly spirit. There are grand parade days when the King reviews the troops. There must be armed escorts sent out to bring up from earth to heaven those who were more than conquerors. There must be crusades ever being fitted out for some part of God's dominion—battles, bloodless, groanless, painless. Angels of evil to be fought down and fought back.

OTHER REBELLIOUS WORLDS

to be conquered. Worlds to be put put to the torch. Worlds to be saved. Worlds to be demolished. Worlds to be sunk. Worlds to be hoisted.

Beside that, in our own world there are battles for the right and against the wrong where we must have the heavenly military. That is what keeps us Christian reformers so buoyant. So few good men against so many bad men, so few churches against so many grogshops, so few printing presses against so many polluted printing presses; and yet we are buoyant and courageous, because while we know that the armies of evil in the world are larger in numbers than the army of the truth, there are celestial cohorts in the air fighting on our side.

I have not so much faith in the army on the ground as I have in the army in the air. O, God! open our eyes that we may see them. The military spirits that went up from earth to join the military spirits before the throne—Joshua, and Caleb, and Gideon, and David, and Sampson, and the hundreds of Christian warriors who on earth fought with fleshly arm; and now, having gone up on high, are coming down the hills of heaven, ready to fight among the invincibles. Yonder they are—coming, coming. Did you not hear them as they swept by?

But what are our mathematical friends to do in the next world? They found their joy and their delight in mathematics. There was more poetry for them in Euclid than in John Milton. They were as passionately fond of mathematics as Plato, who wrote over his door: "Let no one enter here who is not acquainted with geometry." What are they doing now? They are busy with figures yet. No place in all the universe like heaven for figures. Numbers infinite, distances infinite, calculations infinite. The didactic Dr. Dick said he really thought that

THE REDEEMED IN HEAVEN

spent some of their time with the higher branches of mathematics.

Some of our transferred and transported metaphysicians. What are they doing now? Studying the human mind, only under better circumstances than they used to study it. They used to study the mind sheathed in the dull human body. Now the spirit unsheathed—now they are studying the sword outside the scabbard. Have you any doubt what Sir William Hamilton is doing in heaven, or what Jonathan Edwards is doing in heaven, or the multitudes on earth who had a passion for metaphysics sanctified by the grace of God? No difficulty in guessing. Metaphysics, glorious metaphysics, everlasting metaphysics.

What are our departed Christian friends who are explorers doing now? Exploring yet, but with vision microscopic and telescopic at the same time. A continent at a glance. A world in a second. A planetary system in a day. Christian John Franklin no more in disabled "Erebus" pushing toward the north pole, Christian DeLong no more trying to free blockaded "Jeannette" from the ice, Christian Livingstone no more amid African malarias trying to make revelation of a dark continent; but all of them in the twinkling of an eye taking in their which was unapproachable. Mont Blanc scaled without alpenstock. The coral depths of the ocean explored without a diving bell. The mountains unbarred and opened without Sir Humphrey Davy's safety lamp.

What are our departed friends who found their chief joy in studying doing now? Studying yet, but instead of a few thousand volumes on a few shelves, all the volumes of the universe open before them—geologic, ornithologic, conchologic, botanic, astronomic, philosophic. No more need of Leyden jars, or voltaic piles, or electric batteries, standing as they do face to face with

THE FACTS OF THE UNIVERSE.

What are the historians doing now? Studying history yet, but not the history of a few centuries of our planet only, but the history of the eternities—whole millenniums before Xenophon, or Herodotus, or Moses, or Adam was born. History of one world, history of all worlds.

What are our departed astronomers doing? Studying astronomy yet, but not through the dull lens of earthly observatory, but with one stroke of wing going right out to Jupiter, and Mars, and Mercury, and Saturn, and Orion, and the Pleiades—overtaking and passing swiftest comets in their flight. Herschel died a Christian. Have you any doubt about what Herschel is doing? Isaac Newton died a Christian. Have you any doubt about what Isaac Newton is doing? Joseph Henry died a Christian. Have you any doubt about what Joseph Henry is doing? They were in discussion, all these astronomers of earth, about what the aurora borealis was, and none of them could guess. They know now; they have been out there to see for themselves.

What are our departed Christian chemists doing? Following out their own science, following out and following out forever. Since they died they have solved ten thousand questions which once puzzled the earthly laboratory. They stand on the other side of the thin wall of electricity. The wall that seems to divide the physical from the spiritual world; the thin wall of electricity. So thin the wall that ever and anon it seems to be almost broken through—broken through from our side by telephonic and telegraphic apparatus; broken through from the other side by strange influences which men in their ignorance call spiritualistic manifestations. All that matter cleared up Agassiz standing

AMONG HIS STUDENT EXPLORERS

down in Brazil coming across some great novelty in the rocks, taking off his hat and saying: "Gentlemen, let us pray; we must have divine illumination; we want wisdom from the Creator to study these rocks; He made them; let us pray"—Agassiz going right on with his studies forever and forever.

But what are the men of the law, who in this world found their chief joy in the legal profession — what are they doing now? Studying law in a universe where every thing is controlled by law from flight of humming bird to flight of world—law, not dry and hard and drudging, but righteous and magnificent law, before which man and cherub and seraph and archangel and God himself bow. The chain of law long enough to wind around the immensities and infinity and eternity. Chain of law. What a place to study law, where all the links of the chain are in the hand.

What are our departed Christian friends, who in this world had their joy in the healing art, doing now? Busy at their old business. No sickness in heaven, but plenty of sickness on earth, plenty of wounds in the different parts of God's dominion to be healed and to be medicated. You can not understand why that patient got well after all the skillful doctors of New York and Brooklyn had said he must die. Perhaps Abercrombie touched him—Abercrombie, who, after many years' doctoring the bodies and the souls of people in Scotland went up to God in 1844. Perhaps Abercrombie touched him.

I should not wonder if my old friend Dr. John Brown, who died in Edinburg—John Brown, the author of "Rab and His Friends"—John Brown, who was as humble a Christian as he was skillful a physician and world-renowned author—I should not wonder if he had been back again and again to see some of his old patients. Those who had their joy in healing the sickness and

THE WOES OF EARTH,

gone up to heaven, are come forth again for benignment medicament.

But what are our friends who found their chief joy in conversation and in sociality doing now? In brighter conversation there and in grander sociality.

What a place to visit in, where your next-door neighbors are kings and queens. You yourselves kingly and queenly. If they want to know more particularly about the first paradise, they have only to go over and ask Adam. If they want to know how the sun and moon halted, they have only to go over and ask Joshua. If they want to know how the storm pelted Sodom, they have only to go over and ask Lot. If they want to know more about the arrogance of Haman, they have only to go over and ask Mordecai. If they want to know how the Red Sea boiled when it was cloven, they have only to go over and ask Moses. If they want to know the particulars about the Bethlehem advent, they have only to go over and ask the serenading angels who stood that Christmas night in the balconies of crystal. If they want to know more of the particulars of the crucifixion they have only to go over and ask those who were personal spectators while the mountains crouched and the heavens got black in the face at the spectacle. If they want to know more about the sufferings of the Scotch covenanters they have only to go over and ask Andrew Melville. If they want to know more about the old time revivals they have only to go over and ask Whitefield and Wesley and Livingston and Fletcher and Nettleton and Finney. Oh! what a place to visit.

If eternity were one minute shorter it would not be long enough for such sociality. Think of our friends who in this world were passionately fond of flowers turned into Paradise! Think of our friends who were very fond of raising superb fruit turned into the orchard where each tree has

TWELVE KINDS OF FRUIT

at once, and bearing the fruit all the year round!

What are our departed Christian friends doing in heaven, those who on earth found their chief joy in the gospel ministry? They are visiting their old congregations.

Most of those ministers have got their people around them already. When I get to heaven—as by the grace of God I am destined to go to that place—I will come and see you all. Yea, I will come to all the people to whom I have administered in the gospel, and to the million of souls to whom through the kindness of the printing-press I am permitted to preach every week in this land, and in other lands—letters coming from New Zealand and Australia and uttermost parts of the earth, as well as from near nations, telling me of the souls I have helped—I will visit them all. I give them fair notice. Our departed friends of the ministry engaged in that delectable entertainment now.

But what are our departed Christian friends, who in all departments of usefulness were busy, finding their chief joy in doing good—what are they doing now? Going right on with the work. John Howard visiting dungeons; the dead women of Northern and Southern battlefields still abroad looking for the wounded; George Peabody still watching the poor; Thomas Clarkson still looking after the enslaved—all of those who did good on earth busier since death than before.

The tombstone not the terminus but the starting post. What are our departed Christian friends who found their chief joy in studying God doing now? Studying God yet. No need of revelation now, for unblanched they are face to face. Now they can handle

THE OMNIPOTENT THUNDERBOLTS

just as a child handles the sword of a father come back from victorious battle. They have no sin nor fear consequently. Studying Christ, not through a revelation, save the revelation of the stars, that deep lettering which brings it all up quick enough. Studying the Christ of the Bethlehem caravansary, the Christ of the awful massacre with its hemorrhage of head and hand and foot and side—the Christ of the shattered mausoleum—Christ the sacrifice, the star, the sun, the man, the God, the God-man, the man-God.

But hark! the bell of the cathedral rings—the cathedral bell of heaven.

What is the matter now? There is going to be a great meeting in the temple. Worshipers all coming through the aisles. Make room for the conqueror. Christ standing in the temple. All heaven gathering around Him. Those who loved the beautiful come to look at the Rose of Sharon. Those who loved music come to listen to His voice. Those who were mathematicians come to count the years of His reign. Those who were explorers come to discover the height and the depth and the length and breadth of His love. Those who had the military spirit on earth sanctified, and the military spirit in heaven, come to look at the captain of their salvation. The astronomers come to look at the morning star. The men of the law come to look at Him who is the judge of quick and dead. The men who healed the sick come to look at Him who was wounded for our transgressions.

All different and different forever in many respects, yet all alike in admiration for Christ, in worship for Christ, and all alike in joining in the Doxology. "Unto Him who washed us from our sins in His own blood and made us kings and priests unto God, to Him be glory in the church throughout all the ages, world without end!" Amen.

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—The usual weekly meeting of the Reform Club will be held in Reform Hall this evening.

—Only five times in the past fifteen years did the thermometer soar so high on August 3d, as it did yesterday—85 degrees above zero.

—The Knights of Labor base ball club of Bound Brook will play a match game with the Dunellen nine on the grounds at the latter place, this afternoon.

—Mr. Morgan Bird is plastering the exterior of his new building on Fourth street, near Park avenue, and when completed the structure will present a neat appearance.

—A dead dog lay exposed to the sun in Cutter's Alley all of yesterday, emitting a foul odor. No one claimed the ownership of the dead animal, and the authorities were called upon to remove it.

—The guests at Hotel Netherwood have arranged a party of themselves to go to Staten Island, Saturday evening, and witness the Fall of Babylon. For Monday evening a "taffy-pull" is proposed.

—The Somerset County Freeholders will meet in regular session in the Court House, Somerville, on Tuesday next, when reports will be heard concerning the damage done by the recent rains throughout the county.

—A few days ago two men, Geo. Aller and Benjamin T. Clark, were hauling a heavy log from the farm of Lewis P. Clark, North of Somerville to Benwood's saw-mill at Green Brook. Near Finderne the wagon broke down and Aller received a contusion of the hip. The horses ran away, but were stopped by a farmer on the mountain road.

—The Sweatnam, Rice and Fagan minstrels that will appear at Music Hall, Monday evening, will be one of the most successful attractions throughout the United States this Winter. Sweatnam was one of Dockstader's principals, Rice we all know and enjoy, and Fagan in his line is not excelled. They have a support of over half-a-hundred of the pick of minstrelsy.

—Assistant Secretary of State Hall is sending the proper legal notification to the clerks of counties wherein an election for State Senate will occur this Fall. The counties are Camden, which at present has a Republican representative; Essex, Republican; Gloucester, Republican; Monmouth, Democratic-Prohibition; Salem, Republican; Somerset, Republican, and Union and Warren, each Democratic.

—The contract for the erection of a new bridge in Chimney Rock Hollow, 54 feet span, recently granted by the Somerset county Board of Chosen Freeholders, was awarded to Isaac Colthar of North Plainfield. Mr. Colthar has also been awarded the contract for rebuilding the bridge across Stony Brook on Rockview avenue, which was washed entirely away during the freshet five years ago, and it will now probably be put up strong enough to stand the pressure in the future.

Another Coaching Party.

The grand time enjoyed by the young ladies and gentlemen of The Netherwood, Tuesday evening, who went coaching to Bound Brook, induced the "married folks" to engage the four-in-hand for last evening, and drive to Rahway. The young people, however, enjoyed besides the novel trip by moonlight, a dance at the Hotel Gaddis and plenty of good things to eat. But last night's party could find nothing but apple-jack and iced cream; and although they had plenty of moonlight, they agreed it was not half so charming as before marriage.

The party was composed of: Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Brewster, Major and Mrs. T. H. Cullen and Miss Cullen, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Benary, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Roome, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hebert, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Howard, Mr. D. F. Harbaugh and Miss E. L. M. Roome, Mr. J. B. Ryer and Miss Emma Hebert.

Ex-Councilman Simpson's Case.

Mayor Justus H. Cooley of the Borough of North Plainfield replied to a request of a PRESS reporter this morning, in these words: "I have no answer to make to the perverted statements of Mr. Craig A. Marsh that have been published over the signature of his client, Mr. Simpson. So long as I am Mayor I shall continue to perform the duties for which I was elected, and endeavor to enforce the laws of the Borough so far as in my power, without fear or favor."

Interviews with prominent citizens of North Plainfield acquainted with the facts of Mr. Simpson's case and who are unbiased in their statements, place the justice and legality of the Mayor's actions in a different light than they have been seen under by those without knowledge of the entire affair throughout. Borough Counsel, John H. Jackson, has been the adviser of Mayor and Marshal in all their acts, and has assured the law and justice of each step before it was taken. Those who would have seen Mr. Simpson if he had appeared anywhere in the Borough where the outstanding warrant for his arrest could have been served before Tuesday, only saw him that side of the brook the day after the freshet and then he was only within the limits of the Township. The Borough Clerk is authority for the statement that Mr. Simpson promised to come to his office and take out a license—thus admitting his recognition of the requirements of the ordinance. But this he never did, and continued his business without one in defiance of all warning, and despite the personal inconsistency of such act—Mr. Simpson having, when a Councilman himself, passed like ordinances and as one of the body in authority compelled the taking out of similar licenses.

As to his commitment to the lock-up without a hearing, the facts seem to endorse the Mayor's act. The complaint was read to the accused and he was asked if it was true. He replied about in these words: "I *was* carting the dirt. I'll give you that straight." He was then asked if he plead guilty, and said, in effect, that the Mayor must decide that from what he had replied as above. The Mayor did decide with the result already known. The lock-up is undoubtedly a most uncomfortable place and not fit for respectable men. But it is only designed for the accomodation of law-breakers. When a man might have escaped its "terrors" by the taking out of a two-dollar-and-a-half license, he is not greatly outraged.

A Second Base Injustice.

The elders and the youngsters—as the elders call them—have not played ball in harmony recently; and yesterday the "Seniors" again so imposed on the "Juniors," and so bulldozed the umpire to their own advantage, that the latter roused up their pride and made up their mind they would never play the former club again. It is due to Manager Gavett of the Y. M. C. A.'s to say that he seems to thoroughly disapprove of all the methods of intimidation and imposition practiced by some of his men on the susceptible umpire and the inexperienced young players. The seniors may not think it all amounts to much—being only practice games against made-up teams. But they should remember that their competitors play as an accomodation to give their elders practice at the bat and in the field. The young players should receive respectable treatment in return for their courtesy, at least, even though the old ones do not understand that the young ones also possess the usual pride and the natural ambition to succeed. The following is the score in detail:

SENIORS.	R.	O.	JUNIORS.	R.	O.
McMurray, rf.	2	3	VanBuren, rf.	0	3
W. Cadmus, p.	3	2	Young, p.	0	3
Gavett, 1b.	3	2	Wyckoff, 3b.	0	2
Marsh, 2b.	3	2	Doane, 1b.	0	2
G. Cadmus, c.	4	1	Erickson, lf.	1	0
Doane, 3b.	3	2	Gilbert, 2b.	0	2
Chamberlain, cf.	0	2	Walz, ss.	0	2
Demarest, lf.	1	1	Townley, c.	0	2
Tilney, ss.	1	3	Martin, cf.	0	2
	20	18		1	18

Seniors	0	1	4	6	5	4—20
Juniors	0	0	0	1	0	0—1

Organ Recital.

The first of the two midsummer organ recitals in the Crescent Avenue church, will be given Saturday evening next, upon which occasion Mr. Frank Taft will render the programme of popular music given below. The generosity of the church authorities obviates the necessity of tickets of admission, the electric lighting will overcome the need of fans, and the ability of Mr. Taft precludes all possibility of the slightest disappointment in any other way. The concert will commence at eight o'clock.

PROGRAMME:

March Cortege—"Aida"	Verdi.
Serenata	Moszkowski.
Ballet Music	Meyerbeer.
Verspiel—"Othe Visconti"	Gleason.
Concert Fantasia—"Old Folks at Home"	Taft.
Spring Song	Mendelssohn.
Largo	Handel.
Pastoral, Finale (From Organ Symphony)	Guilmant.
Gavotte	Holst.
March—Tannhauser	Wagner.

—Bernard Tracy of East Front street has one of his periodical attacks of "malaria."

—The regular monthly meeting of the Union county Board of Freeholders is called for this afternoon at the Court House in Elizabeth.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Carrie Dewey of Fifth street, has returned from Pine Bush.

Broker H. E. Needham and family left for the seashore, yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Ludlum leave town to-day for a short sojourn.

Mrs. John Blimm of North Plainfield, is visiting her father, John Kirch at Mount Bethel.

Miss Lottie Zimmerman, of North Plainfield, who has been visiting at Sing Sing, is at home again.

Miss Stella Place, of Grove street, arrived home yesterday from a visit with friends up the Hudson.

Miss Mamie Maxwell of Woodbine street, Brooklyn, is visiting relatives at 38 Duer street, North Plainfield.

Mr. Alonzo Conant rode his bicycle from Elizabeth to Orange, yesterday, over cobbles and gutters, nine miles an hour.

Mr. and Mrs. James Whelan of West Sixth street, started Wednesday to spend the remainder of the Summer with friends at Hallowell, Maine.

Mr. Will Runyon of East Second street leaves to-day for Lake Mahopack, N. Y. where he will probably spend the remainder of the month of August.

Miss Clara M. Burt, the High School Valedictorian of 1887, her sister, and Mr. Warren Burt, her brother, are at Lilliagore's cottage, Ocean Grove.

Mrs. and Miss. McKee of Brooklyn, mother and sister of Mrs. A. J. Leader of North Plainfield, are visiting the latter at her residence, corner of Duer street and Mercer avenue.

Mr. Percy Stewart has gone to Ocean Beach for the present month, and the Y. M. C. A. nine will miss the services of one of the most clever pitchers outside the professional ball field.

Miss T. A. Alexander of Fourth street and Madison avenue was anticipating a trip to Owego, N. Y., on Tuesday, but on account of sudden illness her visit was indefinitely postponed.

Miss Lizzie Sanders, the efficient forelady at Pecks, is spending a portion of her two week's vacation with friends at Flatbush, a suburb of Brooklyn. During the last week she will rusticate in the Catskills.

Dr. and Mrs. Fred J. Wells and little daughter, Helen, of West Fifth street, started Wednesday for a three week's visit to Madison County, New York State, the doctor's native home. Before returning they also visit Mrs. Wells' parents at Westerly, R. I.

The members of the choir who sang at the funeral service of Mrs. Elston Marsh yesterday afternoon were: Mrs. J. K. Myers, Miss Gussie Runyon, Messrs. D. E. Titsworth and E. Runyon. The pall bearers were Messrs. Wm. White, W. J. Leonard, R. Case, Dr. Probasco.

The death is announced in Brooklyn, during yesterday, of John J. Bell, whose wife was a daughter of Mrs. Cornelius Boice of this city. The funeral services will be held to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock, at the residence of the deceased's mother-in-law on East Front street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Barnes of Arlington, N. J., and formerly of this city, have been visiting at New Market. Mr. Barnes was in Plainfield to-day admiring the city's progress in every direction, and receiving the congratulations of scores of his friends over his narrow escape from death at the time of the explosion of the Cellonite Works.

Ex-Chief Abbott, Foreman Brown, Assistant Chief Day and Dr. W. W. Dorland or the Somerville Fire Department, attended the excursion of Plainfield Engine Co. No. 2, on Tuesday last, to Oriental Grove, near Glen Island. They returned favorably impressed with the hospitality of the Plainfield boys, and say the excursion was a very pleasant one.—*Messenger.*

After a hard struggle and fierce competition for the contract to place a fire alarm telegraph service in the city of Altoona, Pa., the franchise was secured last Monday by the Union Company after a practical test had been made of the systems soliciting the right. Mr. Charles Wann of North Plainfield, who brought the telephone, the messenger service and the electric light into this city, was the representative of the victorious company that gained the victory as above.

He Insulted Women.

A tramp who subsequently gave his name as Patrick Wering, entered the dooryard of Mr. S. A. Potter in North Plainfield, this morning, and grossly insulted a number of females. He was thoroughly drunk and for a time amused himself by chasing some children. Marshal Becker was summoned to the place by telephone, and escorted the man to the borough lock-up. When nearing the lock-up the man remonstrated with the officer, and said "I'm not going in that jug; I've been seven years in the British army and I'll never go in there." The Marshal opened the door and the "drunk" fell into a cell, where he now languishes.

Library Directors Meeting.

The regular monthly meeting of the Directors of the Plainfield Public Library and Reading Room was held in the library building last evening, with President Male in the chair. Besides him there were present—Messrs. Dumont, Talmadge, Babcock, Tyler, Baldwin and Stillman.

The minutes of the regular meeting of July 6th were adopted as read, with an amendment to the resolution, that Mr. Tyler be invited to lecture on any subject he may choose for the benefit of the library fund, in place of lecturing on the subject of "Libraries," as specified in the resolution adopted at the last meeting.

The following preamble was read:

WHEREAS, Messrs. Job Male, John B. Dumont and George H. Babcock have been nominated by the Mayor and confirmed by the Council as directors of the Library for the ensuing three years, beginning with July 1st, 1887, and the Board being desirous of organizing for the ensuing year, it is moved that Mr. Babcock and Mr. Talmadge be appointed a committee on nominations to nominate the officers for the ensuing year.

The Committee then submitted the following nominations:

For President—Job Male.
For Vice-President—Mason W. Tyler.
Treasurer—John B. Dumont.
Secretary—William M. Stillman.
Executive Com.—*Ex-officio*, the President, the Treasurer, and the chairmen of the Art Gallery and Library Committees.
Art Committee—Messrs. Babcock, Dumont and Baldwin.
Library Committee—Messrs. Tyler, Tracy and Talmadge.

The report was received, and the Secretary was requested to cast the ballot for the Board. Carried. The Secretary then cast the ballot, and the above nominees were declared duly elected.

The Treasurer reported the sum of $132.23 as the balance on hand to the credit of the General fund, and $1,440 as the balance to the credit of the Special fund. The report was, on motion, accepted.

The following suggestion, in the shape of a resolution, was received from the Art Committee:

The Art Committee would recommend that the art students be permitted the use of the gallery for purposes of study, and that they be allowed access thereto at proper hours upon the presentation of an order from the Art Committee under suitable rules and regulations.

[Signed] GEO. H. BABCOCK,
J. B. DUMONT,
A. C. BALDWIN,
Art Committee.

On motion, the resolution was adopted, and the Committee was authorized to prepare rules and regulations governing the same.

Bills were presented as follows and ordered paid from the General fund: Sundries, $15.17; E. M. Odam, salary, $40; Foreign magazines, $9.50.

The bill of Mr. A. W. Tyler, salary, $100, was ordered paid out of the money in the Special fund—that fund to be reimbursed from the money in the General fund.

Bills were ordered paid as follows from the Special fund: A. W. Tyler, books, $9.20; Leggett Bros., books, $673.51.

A communication was received from the Librarian asking for a two month's leave of absence, from August 4th to October. The request was granted.

The monthly report of the Librarian for July was read, received and ordered on file. It was as follows:

LIBRARIAN'S REPORT FOR JULY:

Vols. on Accession-book, July 30th, 1887	6,765
" added by purchase and exchange	3
	6,768

Number of card-holders, 823; cash received from fines and sales, $19.02; cash from non-resident, $1; visitors to building, 1,178.

HOME CIRCULATION:

Fiction	821
Juvenile	191
Biography	22
Travel, etc.	20
Philosophy	2
Religion, etc.	12
Sociology	12
Natural Science	9
Useful Arts	1
Fine Arts	13
Literature	49
History	24
General Works	2
Total	1,178

After adjournment, by consent, the following resolution was passed and ordered spread upon the minutes:

WHEREAS, The Library is the owner of two different sets of the following books by LaCroix—"Military and Religious Life and Science and Literature, etc., in the Middle Ages," therefore, be it

Resolved, That as a return for his valuable services the Board present to Julian Scott the least valuable of said sets."

The meeting then came to a close.

To-Morrow's Excursion.

The excursion of the First Presbyterian, Trinity Reformed and Park Avenue Baptist Sunday schools of this city and the First Presbyterian Sunday school of Dunellen, to Ocean Grove and Asbury Park, will take place to-morrow. The weather for to-morrow promises to be unusually fine, and a large number of people will undoubtedly take advantage of the opportunity to spend the day at this delightful seaside resort. The train will consist of two sections, the first leaving this city at 7:50 a. m., and the second section at 8:05 a. m., stopping at Long Branch both ways. Returning, the excursionists will leave Asbury Park at 6 p. m. Tickets, $1.20; children under twelve years of age, 60 cents.

COMMUNICATIONS.

What THE PRESS readers have to say on various matters—The Public Park, a municipal disgrace—The Township Committee's position in the Colthar case—The Borough's power to repair its roads.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I write in commendation of that spirit of thrift and enterprise which, meted out by the citizens of this progressive city of destiny, gives to it so valuable and so beautiful a public park as it now possesses.

I feel tempted to supplement the word park by an interrogation mark. A park, says Webster, is "a piece of ground, within a city or town, inclosed and kept for ornament and recreation," and if ours meets such qualification, I humbly withdraw all fault and simply offer to head a subscription fund toward purchasing a huge sign-board, and thereon I would inscribe an explanation somewhat to this effect—"Lest the stranger be unaware, be it understood that this is the Public Park of the city of Plainfield. Kindly assist all former efforts toward destroying the fences and do not sit down upon the benches, unless you think of coming again, as their days are already numbered. If it is in the evening that you are courageous enough to enter this place of 'ornament and recreation,' sing as boisterously as possible. The near neighbors like noise. An occasional mouth organ and the materials for smoking, drinking, playing cards and pitching pennies are decidedly necessary and indespensable adjuncts for truly enjoying this refined and attractive spot."

Such a sign would be to strangers a seasonable warning, but all that I have suggested and more need not be told to any resident of this city. Our public park is one of the few great, glaring disgraces to our fair city. It was years before anyone seemed to see the absurdity of the old tumble down triangle park in front of Crescent avenue church, and not even yet would it be as it is were it not for the effort put forth by the one or two leaders of progressive civilization who saw the need and acted out their sentiments.

Let us have a park. Let it be a plain but neat enclosure, as well fitted up as money raised will admit; a fence like that at the railroad station, possibly, a few iron seats, a good fence about the square and some even paths within. These are the essentials of the thing, and a little money judiciously expended is all it needs.

Our excellent Cornet band has promised Saturday evening concerts if a stand be erected. I for one would be glad to listen to them. If there be any philanthropists in this city, let them tell us whether they will not pay for this same music a very little in advance.

If you will pardon the slang, I would like to say of Plainfield that she generally "gets there." Citizens wake up and give a little push! Now is the time.

UT PROSIM.

MESSRS. EDITORS—In a late edition of your paper "Taxpayer" complains of the recent action of the Township Committee, in that, by a resolution passed they agree on behalf of the Township to compromise with Mr. Colthar in his pending suit by the payment of $250. Your correspondent also protests against such proposed payment, and exclaims that Mr. Colthar has already been paid sufficient from the funds of the township—a view concurred in, I think by many taxpayers. But this action of the committee is misleading, in that, one is lead to believe that the township (the defendant in the suit) first proposed the compromise, while the contrary is true. For the last committee were in receipt of a proposition to compromise, from Mr. Colthar, which they declined, and which the then Counsel to the Committee refused to sanction or recommend; and to his credit be it said, that the overtures from the other side seeking his endorsement for their plan fell flat. Out of this condition of affairs then, the *on dit* in the last party caucus seems to have originated viz. Committeemen must be placed in nomination who will vote to compromise this matter and elect a Counsel to the Committee who will do as WE wish. That they succeeded as to the first proposition is shown by the action of the committee above referred to, but many doubt that the present Counsel (they having changed their Counsel) has consented to or advised their recent action. But the point in this matter is, have they the right by law to do as they propose? If not and the "deal" is consummated are they (the committee) not individually liable?

TAXPAYER NO. 2.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Here in the Borough we hear talk of a special election being called by the Council for the purpose of raising money with which to make repairs to roads damaged by reason of the giving away of a dam at the upper end of the Borough, during the recent storm. The desire to promptly recover from the effects of this disaster is commendable, but I would advise that they first ascertain the extent of their power in the premises. I have failed to find any law either general or special that gives the power to call the election or enforce the levy or collection of a special road tax. Have they any? And another point for the Council to consider it seems to me is: To what extent is the owner of a dam—which impounds water—liable to the borough and individuals for the damage done, consequent on the bursting of the dam? Surely one can not accept the benefits accorded by law to the mill owner, without assuming corresponding responsibility. In the present case not only was property destroyed but life imperiled.

REX.

The Palermos Latest Trouble.

Since the Palermos created a disturbance in Stiger Alley a few weeks ago, the police have decided not to allow Mrs. Palermo and her peanut cart to longer occupy a prominent position at the corner of Park avenue and Front street, hence the scarceness of peanut shells at that point. The members of the family, it is alleged, have been continually causing disturbances in the alley in which they live, notwithstanding the admonition of Judge Wadsworth that in case either Mrs. Palermo or her children showed the least disposition to be quarrelsome, the bail bond would be forfeited and the offender locked up to await the action of the Grand Jury on the triple charge of beating Embly Stewart, his wife, and son, John. This morning the agent for the property rented by the Palermos, sought advice, and it is understood that the family will be ejected from the premises. Signor Vincennece Palermo, who took a prominent part in the clubbing, and immediately afterward took his departure, is known to be going about New York City mending harps.

Since the above was written a notice of ejectment has been served on Mrs. Palermo, and it is said that the family intend to move away from the city. We are informed by a lawyer that Palermo owns two houses in New York city, and that his wife had $200 in cash on her person when arrested. An interesting incident is told about one of the Palermo children, a boy, who was taken in charge by a lady on Seventh street, recently. The boy was duly installed into the household and was to receive instruction as a waiter. He was fitted out with a "brand new" suit of clothes, hat, shoes, etc., and after remaining over night, quietly left, unobserved, the next morning. Such people are nothing less than imposters, and many acts of charity have been bestowed upon this family by ladies in this city, that would have done more good, if they had gone in some other channel.

WESTFIELD.

Mr. Alfred J. Westbrook is lying seriously ill at his residence on Prospect street. He has a severe attack of typhoid fever.

Caspar Heiniger, son of Fred Heiniger, is at home on a visit. He is located at New Orleans. It has been two years since his last visit to Westfield.

Mr. F. Decker has rented his new dwelling in process of construction on Westfield avenue, to Mr. E. N. Hanmer, of Plainfield. It will be ready for occupancy by the middle of next month.

The building recently purchased by Hugh Todd, from the Central Land Improvement Company, on the corner of Broad street and North avenue, has been fitted up into a dwelling and store.

Gospel services were held on Sunday evening in the tent corner of Broad and Elm streets. The Rev. J. K. Folwell, delivered the sermon. Mr. Anson F. Grant made an address appropriate to the occasion.

The Presbyterian and Baptist Sunday Schools and branches, in connection with Scotch Plains and Cranford Sunday Schools, went on their annual excursion to Asbury Park, yesterday. The train was run in two sections of eleven cars each, and contained fifteen hundred persons. The day was as fine as any one could wish—bathing just right, and all had a good time, arriving home at 7:45 p. m.

The Dog Ordinance.

The recently-appointed Pound Master and dog catcher have taken the oath of office before the City Clerk, who furnished each with his badge of office. The dog ordinance has at last, practically gone into effect, and owners of dogs who attach any value to them, should see that the animals are securely muzzled in conformity with the dog ordinance. Section 1 of the ordinance provides: "That no dog, not in charge of its keeper, shall be permitted to run at large within the city of Plainfield, unless a good and sufficient muzzle shall be placed over the mouth of such dog in such manner as to render biting impossible; and any person who shall permit or suffer any dog owned or harbored by him to run at large contrary to the provisions of this ordinance shall upon conviction thereof be punished by a fine not exceeding ten dollars for each offense." The dog pound is located on South avenue, near Netherwood. Mayor Male has issued his "Proclamation concerning Dogs," and the same is posted in conspicuous places throughout the city

A DASTARDLY ATTEMPT

THE STEAMSHIP QUEEN FIRED BY AN INFERNAL MACHINE.

Her Destruction Prevented by the Merest Chance—Passengers Panic Stricken —The Fiend Arrested.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—All that saved scores of persons from a horrible death and preserved the steamer Queen, of the National line, from destruction by fire yesterday was a piece of awning stretched over the vessel's after deck.

The Queen was advertised to sail at 4 o'clock, and her passengers were nearly all on board by noon. Her crew of 120 men with fully eighty longshoremen were in the hold storing the last of the cargo. These with the officers and passengers made a total of nearly 350 on board who were either at work or loitering about, when a slight crash was heard on the port side of the steamer.

It was immediately followed by a cry of fire, and suffocating fumes of phosphorus filled the saloon and intermediate cabin.

A man had skulked around the Queen's stern in a small boat and had thrown a bottle containing an inflammable liquid on the deck of the steamer and it had broken, scattering its fiery contents over the deck, close to the woodwork of the main saloon and just forward of the port companionway leading to the intermediate cabin. About eleven o'clock an awning had been stretched over a portion of the after deck of the steamer, and the bottle struck this first and then rebounded. Had it not been for the awning the infernal machine would have fallen through the skylight of the main saloon, and few who were below at the time would have escaped with their lives and nothing could have saved the steamer.

A moment after the flames broke out all was confusion. Suffocating fumes of the burning chemicals poured down into the intermediate saloon and frightened men, women and children, who struggled up the companionway. On the port side their escape was cut off by the flames and they fled up the starboard stairway. When they reached the deck it was with difficulty that the steamer's officers prevented some of them from leaping down twenty feet into a lighter that was lying alongside.

The Queen's crew were quickly at their fire stations and two streams kept the flames from spreading, but no amount of water could put out the fire where the liquid had fallen. It was two hours before the flames were subdued.

Mr. George L. Andrews, superintendent of the National line piers, was on the Queen when the bottle was thrown, and as soon as he saw the passengers were safe he leaped to the rail and sighted the man who had thrown the infernal machine row down the river and disappear under the Stonington line pier. He called to Detective Vail, of the steamboat squad, that he had the fellow spotted, and then ran to the company's tug W. Goodwin, and started after the dynamiter. As the tug passed out of the slip she picked up Detective Vail, who had put out in a small boat. The fugitive in the meantime had put out again and headed up the river, but he was so closely pressed that he rowed up to the float at pier 41, but the Goodwin reached there as soon as he did, and as he jumped out of his boat Superintendent Andrews and Detective Vail leaped from the tug alongside of him. He attempted to draw a revolver, but with the assistance of Officer Levy, who had run up West street to pier 41 to head the fellow off, he was disarmed and taken to the Eighth sub-precinct, on pier 39, where he gave his name as Thomas J. Mooney.

When asked by superintendent Andrews why he tried to fire the Queen, he said:

"Its about time that we cleaned out these steamers carrying the English flag, and we are going to do it."

It is thought that Mooney is a member of a band of dynamiters who have sworn to destroy all vessels carrying the English flag that run as regular liners from American ports.

He was asked by the captain of a lighter what he was carrying about so carefully.

"Its a bottle of whiskey that I'm going to get the captain to take to a friend in the old country," he replied, hurrying away.

Captain Gastlin after persistent questioning elicited from the man that his name was Stephen J. Mooney and his home was at No. 267 Warren street, Brooklyn. He said he was 39 years old and was born in county Clare, Ireland.

Captain Gastlin and Detectives Thomas and Vail took him in a closed carriage to police headquarters. As the carriage passed into West street, Mooney leaned out and shouted to the crowd: "Hurrah, boys, for the American flag!"

When Mooney was asked why he tried to set fire to the ship he answered:

"The fact of the matter is, I neither admit nor deny anything till I have legal advice. I should like to know if it is lawful to haul down the American flag in Canada if it is not lawful to haul down the English flag in America."

From papers and memorandums found upon his person it is believed that Mooney is in collusion with the French minister of war. The detectives are positive that he is the man who caused the explosion on the Old Dominion line steamer and Capt. Gastlin also thinks he is the man who twice set fire to the Morgan line pier.

Mooney says he is a "sworn enemy of England" and claims to have done "good work" within the past year on English soil. He refuses to directly answer leading questions.

Among his papers was a copy of a "proclamation" which for several days has been posted at the corner of Broadway and Exchange place and near the National line pier which ran as follows:

Whereas, The English government has wilfully and with malace aforethought engaged and is now also engaged in seizing American ships and holding their crews as prisoners under threat and starvation; and

Whereas, The English government acted in the matter last year, but more especially so on one occasion, when the captain of an English war ship seized and forced into a Canadian port an American ship, and did there and then haul down the United States flag, in defiance of the protest of the American captain; and

Whereas, the English government has failed to apologize for this disgraceful and malicious outrage against our beloved flag; and

Whereas, there is no suitable means of redress which can be expected from any long eared president, associated with such a cabinet, the majority of which are very extreme Anglo-maniacs, and therefore more English than the English themselves; therefore

Resolved, The I. R. Legion of the United States do hereby firmly resolve that our glorious republic must be upheld, and we hereby notify all good citizens not to go down to the sea in an English ship or patronize them any, as all English ships entering or leaving any port of the United States are hereby liable to seizure, attack or destruction from the 1st day of August, 1887, until the English government shall make ample and suitable apology to the United States.

Issued this 1st day of August, in the city of New York, by order of the captain commanding the legion.

VICTORY OUT OF DEFEAT.

The Giants Win—Summary of Yesterday's Ball Games.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 4.—The Giants scored another victory over the gas city team by bunching their hits at a time when defeat seemed certain. For six innings they were unable to do anything with Galvin's delivery, while the home club was hitting Welch with good effect and had secured a lead of four runs the score standing five to one. The "little steam engine," as his friends are wont to call Galvin, weakened, however, and in the seventh and eighth innings the visitors pounded him for seven hits, including two doubles and a triple. This streak of batting pulled the giants out of the mire and gave them a lead of one run whch the Pittsburgs were unable to overcome in the ninth inning. The game was replete with pretty plays, but Gore carried off the honors by making one of the finest running catches in the sixth inning ever seen on the home ground.

Pittsburg	0	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0—5
New York	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	0	0—6

Pittsburg—Base hits 10, earned runs 4, errors 3. New York—Base hits 12, earned runs 5, errors 2.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—The visiting Washingtons were again overwhelmed by the home team Clarkson and Shaw were the pitchers. Chicago made 23 hits, 14 runs and 3 errors. Washington scored 9 hits, 1 run and 2 errors.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 4.—Kelly's Boston braves were done up by the home team 11 to 7. Indianapolis made 17 hits and 5 errors and Boston 12 hits and 3 errors.

DETROIT, Aug. 4.—Philadelphia met defeat again at the hands of the Detroits after a determined struggle. Detroit made 9 runs, 16 hits and 2 errors; Philadelphia 6 runs, 12 hits, 5 errors.

American association—Metropolitan 7, Athletic 10.

International league—Buffalo 7, Rochester 6; Syracuse 9, Newark 7; Toronto 5, Binghamton 0; Hamilton 8, Wilkesbarre, 0; Syracuse 6, Jersey City 4.

Significance of the Cherokee Election.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 4.—The election of Mayes as chief of the Cherokees will have a great effect for reform. Joel B. Mayes is one-quarter Cherokee, and belongs to an illustrious family. He was chief justice of the supreme court of the Cherokee Nation for a term of years, and is an able and distinguished man. Samuel Smith, who was elected assistant chief, is a full blooded Cherokee. The triumph of Mayes will completely change the political situation of the Cherokee country. Bushy Head and Bunce have held office for years, and have shaped the policy of the Cherokee nation regardless of the wishes of the masses. The official machinery was under their control, and their defeat is regarded as almost miraculous. Mayes is liberal and progressive, and is pledged to reform. He is chosen for a four year term. The friends of Bunce still claim his election.

Woman Suffragists in Session.

KENOSHA, Wis., Aug. 4.—A conference of friends of the political emancipation of women under the auspices of the Wisconsin woman suffrage association opened here to-day, the attendance being large. Mrs. E. L. Saxon, of Kansas, and Rev. Olympia Brown Willis, of Racine, president of the state society, were the principal speakers.

Sporting Gossip.

One error in fifteen games is not such a bad record for a first baseman. It has been made by Morrell, of the Bostons.

Little Radford is opposed to playing ball on Sunday, but will protect the interests of the Metropolitan management by watching the gate without murmuring.

Keep your eyes on the Kentucky boys. They now occupy third place in the association race, and are closing the gap which divides them and second place rapidly.

Some of the trainers at Saratoga say that Lucky Baldwin has another youngster in his string that is faster than Los Angeles. It is thought that the Emperor of Norfolk is the one referred to.

The majority of selling races on eastern tracks occasions much suspicion lately. Are we returning to the games of a few years back, when a certain combination held great sway and made winners to suit themselves?

Los Angeles is the best filly of her age. If she is not asked to do too much racing during the next three months she ought to be a great filly next year. She will start a great favorite for the junior champion stakes at Monmouth.

Duncan C. Ross has deposited $250 with Peter J. Donohue to meet any man in the world in a mounted sword contest to a finish for $250, $500 or $1,000, contest to take place in two weeks, as Ross sails for Europe early in September.

If Kingston and Duboyne were to come together at weight for age, a mile and a half, it would be a contest worth going many miles to see. The chances are that the Jennings colt would win. He is speedy and game, and of the improving kind.

The Manhatten Athletic club will hold their fall open amateur athletic meeting at their grounds Saturday, September 10, instead of September 24. This change of date is to enable club members to compete at the Canadian championships, September 24.

Chautauqua lake, which was the scene of the national regatta, is one of the most beautiful sheets of water in the country. It is twenty miles long and one broad, and its waters are so placid that shell rowing can be carried on at all times. The lake is situated at an elevation of 1,200 feet above the level of the sea.

When Horace Phillips, on behalf of the Pittsburg club, in the winter of '85, paid somewhere about $6,000 for the whole Columbus team the price was thought to be enormous. Now one player alone will bring more than was paid for the whole Columbus team.

"How much would Detroit give for Anson?" President Stearns was asked in Detroit. "I'd give him half the club," was the reply. Anson was asked what he thought about it. "Oh, I'm for sale," said he, "but when they make their figures it must be with me and not with the club."

The final arrangements for the fight to a finish between Tom Henry and Johnny Reagan were completed yesterday. They are to fight with two-ounce gloves, Marquis of Queensbury rules, for $2,000 and $200 in ticket money. The $2,000 is already up, and the ticket money—$600—must be handed over to the stakeholder by next Saturday.

The Bostons have enough ex-members in the league to make a good nine. There are Buffinton and Gunning, of the Philadelphias; Hackett, of Indianapolis; Whitney and Dealey, of the Washingtons; White and Manning, of the Detroits; O'Rourke and Deasley, of the New Yorks. Here are no less than six first-class catchers and two pitchers.

When Martin Sullivan was at his home in Lowell during the Chicago games in Boston he gave his friends an idea of how Anson teaches a youngster to play ball. Said Martin: "When we went out in the spring Anson came to me and said: "Now, the first thing I want you to do is to learn to judge the ball. Never mind the catching. That will come all right. You can't catch the ball until you get under it, and you can't get under it unless you can judge it accurately. So the first thing you do is to learn to judge where the ball is going as soon as it is hit."

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 5, 1887.

Bailey, James Mrs	Little, John
Carlisle, Samuel Rev	Martin, Mamie
Carlisle, Maud Miss	McChugh, Thomas
Foss, Maud Miss	Randolph, J S Mrs
Gallagher, James	Rolutsch, Willie A Miss
Herman, Madame	Reick, Gotfried
Jenkins, Wm	Thomas, Louis
Keyser, Elizabeth Mrs	Thorne, James Lyon Jr
Ward, William (2)	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

BELL.—In Brooklyn, N. Y., Aug. 3, 1887, John J. Bell.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services from the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. Cornelius Boice, E. Front street, on Friday, Aug. 5, at 3 o'clock p. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

5,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL.

Monday, August 8.

Sweatnam,
Billy Rice &
Barney Fagan's
New Mastodonic Minstrels.

OVER HALF 100 PERFORMERS.

THE ONLY
Sweatnam, Billy Rice, Barney Fagan, Frank Cushman, Charles Fostelle, Harry Armstrong.

20	END MEN	20
16	IN SONG AND DANCE	16
20	IN ORCHESTRA	20

Everything entirely new. Grand Free Street Parade through the principal streets, starting from Music Hall promptly at noon. Prices—50c., 75c., and $1.00. Seats at usual places Friday.

Grand Excursion
OF THE
PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB,
TO
Rockaway Beach,
ON THE
STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC."
WITH BRASS BAND,
Tuesday, Aug. 9.

Six hours for bathing, boating, fishing and visiting the various places of amusement. The success met with and universal satisfaction given on our excursion to this great watering place last year, prompts the management to predict for this the most enjoyable one from Plainfield this season, at the very low figures: $1.25 for adults and 75c for those under twelve years, for the round trip of ninety miles. Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m., sharp. Steamer leaves Jersey City 9.30; returning—leaves Rockaway 5.30 p. m. Tickets can be obtained from Executive Committee: Dr. Lowrie, A. Vanderbeek and H. N. Spencer; E. Lamphear, Treas.; J. W. A. Bauersachs, Financial Sec.; also from Club members and at the drug stores. 8-2-d6

EXCURSION
OF THE
1st Presbyterian,
Trinity Reformed,
Park Ave. Baptist
SUNDAY SCHOOLS
OF
PLAINFIELD, N. J.,
AND
FIRST PRESBYTERIAN,
OF DUNELLEN.
Friday, Aug. 5th,
TO
OCEAN GROVE
AND
ASBURY PARK,

Stopping at Long Branch both ways. Tickets—Adults, $1.25; Children (5 to 12 years) 90 cts. First section leaves Plainfield, 7.50; second section leaves Plainfield, 8.05 a. m. Returning—leave Asbury Park, 6.00 p. m. 7-29-d6

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
40 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Without doubt the prices
PECK
has marked down his
FLOUNCINGS,
Are more value for the money than ever before known.

CABRIOLETS.
HOMAN & RYERSON,
—FINE—
CARRIAGES,
AND
Business Wagons,
Plainfield, N. J.
SURRYS. BUGGIES.
29 & 31 SOMERSET STREET.
7-1-tf

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

STOP AT
No. 33 Park Avenue
For Musical Instruments and Sporting Goods. Violin Strings and Musical Merchandise. A good Assortment of
HAMMOCKS,
CHILDREN'S WAGONS AND CARTS
CAN BE HAD A
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
We can show TO FISHERMEN
A Fine Line of RODS, REELS, LINES, HOOKS, NETS and ARTIFICIAL BAITS.
Agents for the New King Bicycle, the Latest and Best Wheel in the market.
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
I. LEDERER.
my10tf

WHITE WINGED FLYERS.

A PRETTY MARINE PICTURE IN NEW LONDON HARBOR.

All the Swift Yachts of the Country at Anchor There—The Volunteer's Arrival. Off for Newport.

NEW LONDON, Aug. 4.—A prettier marine picture than the harbor of New London presents could hardly be imagined. Over a hundred yachts of every size and description, from the little catboat to the stately schooner, dot the Thames river from bank to bank.

The Puritan, Priscilla, Mayflower and Atlantic lie within a stone's throw of each other, while a short distance away the Titania swings at anchor, impatient at the non-arrival of her rival, the Shamrock, which is en route for this place.

Among the other yachts here are the Wanderer, Gitana, Sachem, Resolute, Iroquois, Viking, Troubadour, Lotus, Madeline, Lorna, Speranza, Athlone, Mischief, Phantom, Harbinger, Agnes, Republic, Gevalia, Empress, Eolus, Mohican, Norseman, Surprise, Magnolia, Wanda, Fedalma and Lucille.

The first race will be for the Goelet cup at Newport. Then comes the race for the cup offered by the citizens of Newport and vicinity.

The following letter was laid before the captains at their meeting:

NEW YORK HARBOR, Aug. 1, 1887.

To Elbridge T. Gerry, Commodore in Command of the New York Yacht Squadron, New London, Conn.:

DEAR SIR: With a view to increase the interest in the approaching cruise of the New York Yacht club at Marblehead and to insure, if practicable, a continued movement of the fleet to that port, I wish to make to you officially the following proposition, to be laid before the meeting of the captains of the yachts at New London on the 3d inst. I am prepared to offer cups to be raced for by yachts belonging to the New York squadron on the run from Holme's Holl to Marblehead rock, one cup, value $1,000, for schooners: one cup, value $500, for sloops over 71 feet on water line; one cup, value $500, for sloops 71 feet or less on water line; the yachts to start at a one-gun signal from an imaginary line drawn north from Chop light and the time of finish to be taken at a stake boat to be anchored in a line between Marblehead Rock, and the southern point of Lowell Island. The yachts to be in cruising trim. The conditions I impose are simply that four yachts shall enter each class, and that the race shall take place as soon as weather will permit after the Goelet Cup race at Newport, giving one week day thereafter for the yachts to reach Vineyard Haven from Newport. As I cannot be present Aug. 3, will you kindly lay the letter before the captains and advise me of their decision by wire to Highland Falls, Orange county, N. Y.

Yours respectfully,
J. PIERPONT MORGAN.

General Paine's new yacht Volunteer arrived from Boston at 6:10, and was welcomed with as much uproar as a fleet at anchor could make with over a hundred cannon. She came down the Thames with spinnaker and huge baloon jib-topsail set, literally seeming to fly as she sailed through the fleet. The Puritan was the first to salute her with a gun, the other yachts following in their line. She dropped anchor a short distance astern of the Electra, and was soon surrounded with rowboats filled with admirers. At the meeting of the captains the following dates of races were fixed:

Goelet cup on Friday. The yachts will go to Martha's Vineyard on Saturday. On Sunday divine service will be held on one of the large schooners. On Monday the race for Mr. Pierpont Morgan's cup from Holmes's Hole to Marblehead will be held. The date of the Boston *Herald* cup race for big sloops was not decided upon. The offer of Mr. H. H. Smith of cups for a race at Martha's Vineyard and the invitation of the jubilee races at Halifax were declined.

The fleet started for Newport at 9:30 this morning.

TWO DISASTROUS FIRES.

Over a Quarter of a Million Goes Up in Smoke.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 4.—A fire broke out in the lower part of this city in the lumber yards of the Armstrong company and of J. B. Reitz & Son, occupying nearly twenty acres of ground. The water supply was wholly insufficient, and before the flames were subdued they destroyed the lumber yard of the Armstrong company, Armstrong's sawmill, stables and two dwellings, and the lumber yard of John A. Reitz & Son, about 5,000,000 feet; fifteen cars of grain on the Peoria, Decatur and Evansville railroad, and a large warehouse containing tobacco, grain and general merchandise. The total loss is estimated at $250,000 on which there is about $100,000 insurance. Most of the lumber was seasoned walnut, ash and oak. Armstrong's factory was saved with great difficulty.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—An ugly fire, starting in W. J. Hill's box facory, on North Branch street, spread to John's lumber yard, where a large stock of valuable hard wood was stored. The total loss was $30,000.

To Settle the Fisheries Question.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—The deputy minister of fisheries informed a correspondent that an order has been issued by the government, releasing, on condition of their paying a mere nominal fine, all the American fishing schooners recently seized within the alleged prescribed three-mile limit. There is evidently something in the wind, and developments towards an amicable settlement of the fishery troubles are daily being received by the officials of the department. It is evident that the climax has been reached, and an amicable settlement of the great fishery troubles is in the near future."

Stanford on Central Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—Senator Stanford said yesterday, at the Pacific railway investigation, that he regarded the land grant to the Northern Pacific as a violation of faith against the Central Pacific, and that, if the government would give the Central Pacific company its due, and release all the branches which have been added to the road, he believed the company would willingly turn the road over to the government.

A Petrified Potato.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Aug. 4.—N. Goldsmith, of Mamakton, Sullivan county, has found a petrified potato in his garden. It measures over three inches in length and is handsomely formed. Farmers go miles to see it.

Fishermen Arrive Home.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 4.—The crew of the seized seine boats belonging to the schooners Argonaut and French have arrived home. Their story of the affair is about the same as previously reported.

No Store Order System in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—The chamber of deputies has adopted a bill abolishing the system of paying work in factories in goods instead of money.

TREVELYAN'S VICTORY

A NEW HOME RULE SCHEME TO RESULT FROM IT.

An Absorbing Topic of Interest—Tories and Liberals Take the Same View of It—General Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 4.—Sir George Trevelyan's victory continues to be of absorbing interest. The London and provincial conservative newspapers agree in saying that the election is an ominous fact, and that it would be unwise to attempt to ignore or extenuate its significance. Gladstonian papers are confident that an immediate general election would result in the return of a home rule majority. The same view is shared by ministerialists, which fact leads to a free expression of the opinion that the government, being sure of a compact majority during the run of the present parliament, will not risk a dissolution until the end of the natural term, five years hence, when Mr. Gladstone will probably be dead or his powers be weakened. "Time is on our side," is an argument of the unionist papers. "There is no reason why the ministers need appeal to the country during the next five years."

The *Pall Mall Gazette* publishes a new home rule scheme, purporting to have been accepted by the Irish leaders. This scheme gives Ireland a national legislature and executive. There is to be no separation of Ulster. Irish members will continue to sit in the imperial parliament in their present numbers. The powers of the Irish parliament shall be delegated, matters to be controlled in Dublin being clearly defined and also subject to revision by the imperial parliament. The appointment of judges, to remain in office fifteen years, is to vested in the imperial government, and afterward vested in the Irish government. The police are to be similarly treated. Customs and excise are to remain under imperial control. The proportion of the Irish quota to the imperial expenditure shall not be more than one-fifth. The land question is left to the Irish parliament. It is doubtful whether this statement is official. The statement is valuable, however, as indicating the line of the amended policy of Morley, Trevelyan, and Harcourt, which is probably assented to by Gladstone and satisfactory to liberals generally.

Sir George Otto Trevelyan is inundated by congratulations. He has received telegrams from Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Morley, Archbishop Walsh, and many others congratulating him upon his success.

The land bill passed through the committee stage in the house of commons.

After the debate on the report stage of the land bill on Friday there will be a general exodus of members of parliament. The majority of the Parnellites are arranging to leave next week. Whips fix the prorogation for the 25th inst.

A manifesto of the prohibition party convokes a temperance convention in London to organize an effort to elect to parliament and to municipal councils only such candidates as favor prohibition.

The bill to allow the construction of a tunnel under the English channel, which was introduced in the house of commons by Sir Edward Watkin, was rejected this afternoon by a vote of 153 to 107.

Patrick O'Brien intends to question Mr. Balfour in the house of commons with reference to the watching Patrick A. Collins by Irish detectives.

There have been five cases of cholera and one death from the disease at Malta. A 10-days' quarantine against that place has been established at Gibraltar.

Current Foreign Topics.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 4.—An increase on the duty on imported railroad carriages is imminent.

MOSCOW, Aug. 4.—Many notable persons are arriving here for the purpose of attending the funeral of M. Katkoff, which will take place on Saturday next. The heirs of M. Katkoff will continue to publish the Moscow *Gazette*, and will retain its present staff.

M. Garnier, an actor in Mme. Bernhardt's traveling company, has challenged M. Rochefort to fight a duel for publishing a derogatory article with reference to incidents that occurred while the company was at Rio Janeiro. If Rochefort refuses to give satisfaction Garnier will proceed against him for libel.

BUDA-PESTH, Aug. 4.—Herr Balasz, an eminent author and secretary of the National theatre, has committed suicide on the grave of his infant daughter, who died in 1874.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—The chamber of deputies has adopted a bill abolishing the system of paying workmen in factories in goods instead of money.

The Tribunal at Charleroi has awarded M. Baudoux $175,000 damages for the destruction of his glass works, which were burned during the riots at Jumet.

GIBRALTAR, Aug. 4.—Zobehr Pasha, the Egyptian state prisoner, has been liberated, having signed a paper binding himself to good behavior in the future.

MESSINA, Aug. 4.—An explosion of dynamite occurred to-day in Bitirio, a suburb of this city, killing one person and injuring 30 others, besides doing much damage to property. The occupants of the house in which the explosion occurred have been arrested.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 4.—The Ameer of Afghanistan's generals, Haidar and Sikauder Khan, have withdrawn all their troops to Kalat-i-Chilzie. This action indicates that they consider their forces too weak to keep the open field against the rebels.

PESTH, Aug. 4.—The heat here is intense. Sixteen policemen were disabled yesterday by sunstroke.

VIENNA, Aug. 4.—It is stated that the American government has granted the extradition of Zalewski, the Austrian embezzler.

An extensive strike of coal miners in Bohemia has led to numerous riots. Troops have been sent to the scene. Twelve rioters have been arrested.

SOFIA, Aug. 4.—It is stated that a telegram has been received from M. Natchevitch, the Bulgarian minister of foreign affairs, in which he says that he has seen Prince Ferdinand, who adheres to his purpose to come to Bulgari , but fixes no date for his coming.

Wind and Hail at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 4.—A severe wind, rain and hail storm swept over the city. It rained in torrents, and large hail stones fell covering the streets. The storm is thought to be local, as no damage is reported from the state. The ferry wharf was swept away, and the ferry-boat was blown into the river and ran aground on the Indiana side. Several coal fleets were blown loose, and several barges were sunk. Five persons in the city were severely shocked by lightning, and several roofs were blown off.

A Lively Rural Storm.

WELLSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 4.—A severe storm here destroyed crops and uprooted trees. R. C. Lockwood lost $1,000 on his tobacco crop, and G. G. Bevans $800 on tobacco and corn. Hail stones two inches in circumference fell.

GEN. TUTTLE DENOUNCED.

Iowa Veterans Stamp His Remarks with Disapproval.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Gen. Rosecrans has received from the National veterans' association of Des Moines, Ia., copies of resolutions adopted by the association denouncing Gen. Tuttle's utterances in connection with the president's proposed visit to St. Louis, while the G. A. R. encampment is in progress there; commending the president's veto of the dependent pension bill and criticising the efforts of Generals Tuttle and Fairchild by the rebel-flag episode to rekindle the flames of sectional hate and contention as unmanly, unpatriotic and meriting the contempt of intelligent men.

The resolutions, which also complimented General Black's administration of the pension office, were presented to President Cleveland by General Rosecrans. In his presentation speech General Rosecrans said:

I am pleased to say that I believe the general tenor of those resolutions is in accord with the views and feelings of the vast majority of the members of the G. A. R. as to the loyal respect due the chief magistrate of the Union, and as to the impropriety of denouncing him for what he believes to be his official duty. I feel equally assured that these sentiments will command the assent of that larger body of ex-Union soldiers, not belonging to the society of the G. A. R., who are surviving members of the real Grand Army of the Republic.

President Cleveland, in replying to Gen. Rosecrans, said:

Without having yet read the resolutions presented by you in such a gratifying manner, I have to say that, judging from the tenor of your remarks, the actions of the veterans mentioned is in the direction of acknowledging the duty which devolves upon them as veterans to emphasize the value of their services in the field by patriotic service at home, and to demonstrate the same bravery shown in battle by a courage no less conspicuous when called upon to defend and maintain the freedom and patriotism which in peace is the safety of American institutions. Understanding this to be the purpose of the resolutions, I am glad to receive them at your hands.

The resolutions were also presented to General Black, who replied in a characteristic speech.

Caledonians in Council.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 4.—Over fifty delegates were present in St. Andrew's hall when the annual convention of the North American United Caledonian association was called to order. This association includes a large majority of the Caledonian societies of the United States and the Canadas.

Hardware Failure at Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Kan., Aug. 4.—Edgett & Warne, agricultural implement and hardware dealers of this city, have made an assignment. Liabilities $20,000; assets about $22,000.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Two fatal cases of cholera have occurred in Malta.

Senator Sherman and party have arrived at Toronto.

Tri-weekly fruit trains are now run from Sacramento to Chicago and New York.

Dr. St. John, who is accused of assisting McGarigle to escape, has been released on bail.

A bookseller named Korrbeen of Berne, and his assistant, were killed while making an ascent in the Oberland without a guide.

George Cannon, better known as "Detroit Prince" has pleaded guilty to the charge of smuggling opium, at San Francisco, and sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment. He is believed to be one of a gang importing opium through Canada and British Columbia.

The red men around Atkin, Minn., are on the warpath. Sheriff Markham has just returned from the Mille Laces Reservation. He reports them with half moons on their faces, ready for war. While the sheriff and a posse were going out they were watched by a dozen Indians with rifles. Three Indians have been kiled and more are to follow.

Mrs. Maese, widow of the late Juan Maese, one of the wealthiest and most influential citizens of Northern Mexico, was murdered at her home, near Paso del Norte. The deed is supposed to have been committed by a man named Telles, an illegitimate son of the late Mr. Maese. By the law of Mexico, Telles would get a share of the estate in case of the widow's death. Telles is under arrest.

The most severe storm ever known in that section visited Saratoga Springs yesterday afternoon. The damage done amounts to thousands of dollars. Judge Henry Hilton's country seat was badly injured. One and forty-one hundredths of rain fell in a little over an hour. Shade trees were prostrated, and streets cut up and gullied in every direction. A large force of laborers will have the roads repaired in a day or two. No casualties are reported.

Old Mr. Rapp, residing near Kossuth, four miles south of Lima, O., was murdered yesterday. Mr. Rapp was helping with the threshing at his son's farm. He was left to watch the engine while the rest were at dinner. Upon returning they found his body terribly bruised and mangled in a gravel pit near by. It is thought he was murdered and his body thrown into the pit to hide suspicion, as the pit was full of water at the time. No clue as to how he came to his death has yet been obtained. Deceased leaves a large family.

George Burton, aged 31, murdered his wife, wounded his mother-in-law, and shot himself at his home near Homer, Mich. Burton shot his wife twice, then ran behind Mrs. D. P. Hatch, his mother-in-law, and shot her, the bullet entering back of the left ear, but not piercing the skull. She fell and he, supposing he had killed her, shot himself dead. Burton and his wife had parted and she had instituted proceedings for divorce. She returned to the house for her clothes and they quarreled with the result stated. Burton had been practising shooting at a mark all the morning.

A sub-committee of the committee on state directed colonization of the British house of commons recommended to the committee the formation of a board of colonization with a membership comprising residents of Great Britain and the colonies. Also, that capital be raised by public subscription for the furtherance of the objects of the board, upon which interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum be gurranteed by the government for thirty years. The colonists receiving an advance from this fund pays 3 per cent. interest after the first year, his security being a rent charge. The colony is expected to give him free land, and the rent charge is to be redeemed by the colonist within thirty years.

At the time of the earthquake the farm of Z. P. Hayden in Trigg county, Ky., midway between the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers, sank four or five feet below its former level. There were three hundred acres in the farm, and now it is filling with water and becoming a lake. The earthquake was felt generally throughout Tennessee, except at Memphis. The direction at all points appears to have been southwest to northeast, and the duration appears to have been as long as a minute in some places. In Clarksville, bottles and glassware were thrown from the shelves and broken, and many people were badly frightened. In other places window glass and dishes rattled. Along the river reports very generally state that the shock was severe. In Franklin, Ky., pictures fell from the walls. The shock seems to have been general in central Illinois, with slight vibrations as far west as Kansas City, Mo.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

EMILE BERCKMANS,
Teacher of Piano.
For Terms, etc., address P. O. Box 1164, Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. ☞Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c., Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

R. THORN,
No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges. Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S
Furniture Express.
45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

SHARKEY & BLIMM,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets, North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED.
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 8.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p.m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.15, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1,22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.38, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN PIANOS and ORGANS, FOR 30 DAYS, AT A. VANDERBEEK'S, 33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES, WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
☞No *Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.*

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Lindeh avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
☞JOBBING A SPECIALTY.☜ my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. my10tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET.
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, **$3.50 per Dozen.** my10y1

FIRST-CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
☞All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.☜
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

DON A. GAYLORD.
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
☞PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING☜ A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF 16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Fron eet.
New Coods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Sunday Papers.
Can be had at 21 North avenue. Delivered to all parts of the city.
my11t4 MOSHER & BULMER.

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market.
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

BOTH CLAIM THE VICTORY.

Close Election in Kentucky—Buckner Undoubtedly Elected.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 4.—A private dispatch from W. O. Bradley says:

I am elected governor of Kentucky by 5,000 majority.

This indicates the republican claims as to the result of the election. Until noon the republicans conceded the election of Buckner by a small majority. Reports are in from all counties with telegraphic communication. The democratic loss as compared with the vote of four years ago in nearly fifty counties has been fully 18,000. The counties heard from are nearly all republican. Counting them as such and basing an estimate on the best attainable figures, Gen. Buckner's majority will not be less than 12,000.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 4.—Returns come in very slowly. Unofficial reports from fifty out of 119 counties show a democratic loss of 7,000, as compared with Cleveland's majority, which was 34,000. At this rate Buckner's plurality will be between 20,000 and 30,000. The official vote will be counted by local officers to-day.

The *Courier Journal's* returns from sixty-four legislative districts show the election to the house of forty-nine democrats, thirteen republicans and one prohibitionist and one union labor candidate. There are thirty-six districts yet to hear from, which will largely increase the democratic list.

Trouble for Telegraph Operators.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Aug. 4.—A curious malady is afflicting telephone operators in a number of places along the Hudson river and in the inland tier of counties, this hot weather. The larynxes of the operators give out. Doctors say there is some strange electrical subtance in the atmosphere.

Reimbursed for the Work of Rioters.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 4.—The tribunal at Charleroi has awarded M. Baudoux $175,000 damages for the destruction of his glassworks, which were burned during the riots at Jumet.

Two Lads Drowned.

WOODSTOCK, N. B. Aug. 4.—Frank Mott and Havelock Irvine, aged 10 and 12 years respectively, were drowned while bathing here.

Industrial Items.

Cigarmakers' international union No. 144, has decided to take up a subscription for the striking members of Union No. 48, at Toledo, O.

No. 3 furnace of the Pottsville iron and steel company has been relighted after three years' idleness. It will employ a large force of men.

The wages of the employes of the St. Charles and Henry Clay furnaces at Columbia, Pa., have been reduced 10 cents a day, to take effect at once.

All the indications in the boot and shoe trade show that the aggregate traffic will be of unprecedented magnitude. In Worcester county, Mass., the boot and shoe deficit up to June 1, amounted to 100,000 cases.

The carpenters of Scotland want to become eligible as members of the Brotherhood in this country on the presentation of a clearance card, and offer to accord the same privilege to members who go there from this country.

The strike of the employes of the Black Diamond steel works of Parker Bros. & Co., at Pittsburg, to compel the firm to recognize the knights of labor, has proved a failure and work resumed in all departments. A large number of the strikers go back unconditionally and the places of their leaders are filled by new men.

About fifty delegates convened at Buffalo for the purpose of forming a national organization of street car drivers and conductors. The meeting was called to order by H. G. Taylor, of Philadelphia and Mortimer O'Connor of this city was chosen secretary. The purpose of the convention is to combine the various unions throughout the country.

There is no change in the strike of the amalgamated association men at Pittsburg against the "two job" system. The men at the Solar iron works and Painter & Co.'s mill remain idle. Part of the mill of Andrews Bros. & Co. at Hazleton, Ohio, has resumed operations, the company agreeing to abrogate the "two job" system. There is no sign of an agreement at the mills in Youngstown.

A joint convention of representatives of the knights of labor miners and the national federation of miners and laborers was held at Pottsville, Pa. The object of the conference was with reference to the conflict existing between the knights of labor and the miners' organizations outside of that body. The proceedings were, however, rigidly secret, and the participants positively refuse any information for publication.

During the coming winter labor, skilled and otherwise, will, it is said, be more generally employed than it was last winter on account of the large amount of railroad construction to be completed in the south and southwest, and bridge construction in the west and northwest. Much of the Italian labor that returns to Italy for the winter will be retained for winter work. With the exception of three or four crafts labor is more fully employed this year, and from appearances the demand will increase.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Generally fair and slightly warmer.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 3.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s, 1891, reg.	108½	108½
4½, 1891, con.	108⅜	109⅜
4s, 1907, reg.	127	127
4s, 1907, con.	127	127

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—During the afternoon the market was at first strong, then dull at fractional concessions.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	55½	56⅛
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	139	147
Central Pacific	35¼	37
Del. & Hudson	1[illegible]0	130⅜
Del. Lack. & W.	127½	129¾
Erie	28⅜	29½
Erie pref.	63	6[illegible]
Lake Shore	91⅜	[illegible]
Louis. & Nash.	60⅜	61⅝
Michigan Central	81	[illegible]2
Missouri Pacific	93	9[illegible]
N. Y. & New Eng.	40¼	42
N. J. Central	71¼	72¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.	107	107⅜
Northwestern	111⅝	113
Oregon Navigation	99	91
Pacific Mail	35	38
Reading	52⅛	56¼
Rock Island	127	125¼
St. Paul	79⅜	80⅜
Union Pacific	53⅜	55¼
West. Union Tel.	73⅜	72⅛

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79	80⅜	81⅜
Corn	46⅛	4[illegible]	49⅛
Oats	31¼	31½	32

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery—Eastern 24a25c.; Western 2[illegible]a2[illegible]c. Dairy—Imitation, 10a18c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a23c.; western, 14a16c. Factory—fresh, 13a15; low grades, 7a8c

Cheese dull; 10a10¼, 6a8.

Eggs dull; 15a16 14a14¼.

HOW GREAT MEN WRITE.

The Manuscripts That Are Sent to the Government Printing Office.

One of the brightest printers of those employed on the *Congressional Record* gives me some interesting facts about how our Congressmen prepare their speeches, says Frank G. Carpenter in the Washington *Critic*. He says that out of 325 members of the House less than ten now furnish their own manuscripts to the printers, and that of these Warner of Ohio is the worst writer, while Breckenridge of Kentucky is about the best. "Warner's copy," he says, "is full of interlineations and revisions. It looks like the tracks of a drunken hen or an intoxicated fly who has crawled in irregular lines across the sheet. It is readable, however, by those who are accustomed to it, and it looks much better in the *Record* than it does in manuscript. Breckenridge writes a very nice hand. He dictates some of his speeches to the type-writer and furnishes others in pen and ink. Holman, the great objector, writes very well for an old man. He shows his character in his handwriting and makes the letters small and puts the lines very close together. We never see Tom Reed's copy at all. He always speaks extemporaneously, and his chief work in Congress is in making short speeches. His average speech is a line and a half long, but he sometimes rises to the occasion and makes a fiery political speech which reads as smoothly as though it had been carefully prepared. Knute Nelson developed into a prominent speaker this year. Last year he didn't say one word. This year he and Hepburn were, next to Holman, the most prolific objectors. Dick Townshend, of Illinois, is a good friend of the printers. He writes a good hand and his copy is well prepared for the press. Sam Cox furnishes as poor copy as any that comes into the office. His hand is a running scrawl, and any kind of paper suits him. He uses old envelopes, newspaper wrappers and scraps of any description. He pastes his manuscript together. He interlines it, recorrects it, and some of his copy looks as bad as the hieroglyphics on the tomb of Ti. He is a great fellow to correct proofs also, and though his speeches are very good, it costs the Government something to get them.

"Senator Call, of Florida, is another man who is not particular as to his paper. The back of an envelope, a piece of circus bill or common printer's paper suits him as well as anything else. Call's hand is very hard to read. He writes the first letter of a word very plainly and then makes a running dash with his pen for the rest. Half of his words are alike, and none of them are easy to make out. Dan Voorhees writes many of his speeches. He uses large sheets of printing paper of the same size and neatly cut. Hawley furnishes splendid copy. He is an old editor and he knows how to get his stuff up for the press.

"We seldom get any thing from Randall or Carlisle. Randall's matter comes from the stenographers of the House, and Carlisle doesn't make the long speeches, so full of statistics, which he used to make several years ago. Morrison didn't appear on the floor very often during the recent session for a leader of the House. He has his lieutenants speak for him, and thus you see that Randall, Carlisle and Morrison, who are considered the leaders of the Democrats, furnish as little matter as the country members from Wayback.

"The three Republicans who furnish the most copy are Burroughs, Hiscock and Butterworth, and a great many of the members never speak upon the floor at all. Hutton, of Missouri, last year made a speech of one line in length. It was: 'Mr. Chairman, I submit the following report.'

"Most of the long speeches are printed in pamphlet form, are they not?"

"Yes; I should say that 99-100ths of them are so issued. The members get them so printed at about cost price, and they thus distribute them over their districts and throughout the United States. Beck's speech on silver had a big run, as had also the eulogies on Henry B. Anthony. Whenever a big speech is made we always have to get out a lot of pamphlet copies of it.

"As to the other Senators, Edmunds never writes a speech, and Morgan, of Alabama, is known in the Government printing-office as 'Old Perpetual Motion.' He is always talking and never lacks something to say. Senator Sherman's speeches are largely dictated to his private secretary. He writes rather a plain hand, almost effeminate in its character. He is more particular about his expression than he is about the comfort of the printer, and he is particular to have himself well reported. Lamar used to bring a secretary to the Government printing-office whenever he made a big speech, and the two would stay there and correct and recorrect the proof until they got it just to suit them. Lamar has an elegant style, and his speeches always read like classical essays. When Jones of Nevada delivered his great silver speech he brought his private secretary to the office with him."

"Do you get any of the President's copy?"

"Yes, occasionally, though most of his matter is copied before hand and comes to us in type-writer. His first message was prepared long before the reporters knew anything of it, and while he was supposed to be still at work upon it it was given to the printers. It was cut up into very short takes of two or three lines and distributed among the boys in the office, no one being told as to what the matter was. These takes were put together by the trustworthy men, and the whole was printed before the printers engaged upon it knew that they had set it up. It was kept in this way a long time and was one of the few messages which the reporters did not publish before it was delivered. Most of the manuscript, however, that comes from the White House is written by the secretaries. President Arthur used large foolscap paper and his copy was very plain. Andy Johnson dictated many of his messages and I saw an autographic page of one of Lincoln's messages sell for four dollars at an auction the other day. Hayes wrote a pinched and cramped hand. Garfield furnished good copy, and Grant wrote usually on manifold and we didn't have to correct it after he had once furnished it. Bayard writes a very fair hand. Lamar's signature is a bold one, and Manning's signature is like that of ex-Treasurer Spinner, the best part of his hand-writing."

Story of Emperor William.

The *Kreuz Zeitung* relates a pretty incident of the Emperor's late visit to Kiel. When steaming past the iron-clads which were anchored in parade order, on his return from Holtenau to Kiel, his Majesty came abreast of the Swedish war-vessel Edda, of which the crew were also manning the yards and cheering lustily. At the same time Prince Oscar of Sweden, as the commander of this vessel, which had brought him to Kiel, advanced and saluted the Emperor, on which his Majesty took the star of the Black Eagle from his breast, and with a few gracious words pinned it on to the uniform of his royal Swedish guest.

A FEW BIRD STORIES.

Some Choice Morsels for Lovers of Kind Nature's Pet Children.

A swallow flew against a Philadelphia boy's face and drove his bill clean through his cheek. The boy held the bird fast by his teeth, and it now occupies a cage as a pet.

A correspondent of the London *Field* says he has seen a robin's nest built in a tea-kettle and a tomtit's nest in a letter-box, and now hears of a pigeon building in a rabbit burrow.

A pair of swallows have built a nest in one of the electric lights of Oshkosh, Wis., and have hatched six young ones. The nest is directly under the bowl which is placed over the light, and but a few inches from the light.

A canary lost its voice and a tumor as large as a pea was found growing at the root of the bird's tongue. The bird was chloroformed, the tumor was cut away, and the canary now sings as well as ever.

Three times a Sumpter, (Ga.) man broke up the nest of a guinea hen that seemed determined to sit. The last time she deliberately walked to a well, flew up to the curbing, and plunged head first into the deep waters below. When got out she was dead.

John Ellis, of Williamsport, Pa., has a very intelligent crow. Whenever he sees the dog dining he sneaks up behind him and grabs his tail. The dog wheels around, when the crow snatches up the coveted food and is instantly out of reach.

John Gibson, of Roberts Island, Cal., shot a wild dove, which dropped in the grain near his house. Seeing something larger where it fell, he blazed away again and killed his thirteen-year-old boy.

The cat-bird, just before dining upon your ripe, nice cherries, perches himself upon an eminence in the neighborhood and then you are treated to a comic opera of over half an hour's length. His melody at such times is very pleasing.

A nest of the golden-winged woodpecker was recently found, in which were nineteen young ones in good condition. Their nest is a hole dug in a dead tree, in which as many as thirty-five eggs have been found. Sportsmen find great numbers of these birds feeding on dogwood berries in the fall. The striking colors of its feathers have made them a favorite ornament for hats.

A pet blackbird in its cage was placed in an open window of a New Jersey residence last summer, when a wild blackbird flew down to it, looked in at the prisoner, and then flew away. He soon returned, bearing a worm in his beak. This act of friendship was repeated many times during the season. Recently the cage was hung up in the same place, and had not been there more than half an hour before the same wild blackbird came flying down to his old friend.

A BOY'S EXPERIENCE.

He Eats a Bird That Had Been Poisoned and Enjoys the Meal.

A good story is told by the Indianapolis *Sentinel* at the expense of the assistants to United States District Attorney Daniel Lockwood by a former student of the Buffalo Medical College. The presence of the Assistant Attorney in this city recently called it to his mind.

Some years ago Prof. Mason, of New Haven, Conn., was the lecturer on physiology and toxicology at that college, and it was his custom to illustrate his lectures with experiments upon the lower animals. On one occasion, while telling the students the effects of various poisons, he remarked that the Indians of South America were accustomed to use poisoned arrows to kill their game with. The poison used was known as woorara, and it could be taken into the stomach, he said, without injury. But if a single drop of the stuff should be injected into the blood fatal results would at once follow. To prove his experiment he took a small quantity of it and injected it into the stomach of a dog, which seemed to cause the animal no inconvenience. Then he injected a drop more into the veins of a pigeon. The bird died instantly.

The following day one of the students asked what would be the effect if one of them should eat the bird. Mason replied that he did not know. The boy who was helping him, now the United States Assistant District Attorney, volunteered the information that the person eating the pigeon would have a good meal, and that that was the only result likely to follow. He said that he spoke from experience, as he had eaten that identical bird. The professor was astounded; his hair fairly stood on end, as he remarked: "Well, my boy, you have more faith in my experiments than I have myself. I would not have eaten that bird under any consideration."

A TELL-TALE BUSTLE.

The Discouraging Experience of an Amateur Lady Smuggler.

Said a custom-house inspector at El Paso the other day: Very few people think it is wrong to smuggle, and if they can manage to slip a few trinkets over the line unobserved they have no hesitancy in so doing. About a week ago there was a little excursion party in Paso del Norte, Mexico, and I kept a sharp lookout. But one of the ladies I would have passed almost with my eyes shut, she was such a pretty girl and had such an innocent babyish face. I had just asked her if she had any dutiable articles and she had just said: "Oh, no, sir," when I heard a peculiar muffled and whirring sound, and then something tinkling out the old tune: "My Dream of Love is O'er." It seemed to come from under her skirts, and then I remembered of hearing a clock striking once in a woman's bustle, and tumbled to the situation. You see that innocent little thing had bought a tiny music-box in a case covered with filigree work, and somebody had suggested that she hide it under her clothes. I can't say exactly how she attached it to her, but I know that she accidentally touched some spring or something, and set the thing agoing. It kept right on playing that tune until she got it out, and then began to reel off "The Blue Alsatian Mountains." I thought the woman would faint, and I heard her remark to a friend that she would as soon think of packing around a clock-work infernal machine as to try the dodge on again.

Wonderful Chestnut Graft.

"A novelty in the shape of a chestnut graft upon a sapling of the same species can be seen," says the York (Pa.) *Daily*, "upon the mountain farm of Mr. Levy Wallace, in Conewago township. Our attention was called to it a few days since, and the gentleman informed us that he did the grafting in the spring, and the very small twig inserted only a few months ago has now grown to the height of at least three or four feet, and many of the leaves thereof are very large, measuring nineteen inches in length and nearly seven in width, and still growing larger. Curiosity impelled us to note the size of the largest leaves upon grown chestnut trees, which we found to be from ten to twelve inches long and about three and a half wide. Altogether it is a novel experiment upon the part of Mr. Wallace, and if the size of the leaf is a criterion to guide us, the nuts which may appear thereon in future will be mammoth ones, indeed."

COLLECTING BAD DEBTS.

Extreme Measures Adopted by Collection Agents in Extreme Cases.

The fact that there are now over fifty collection agencies in Chicago, all doing a prosperous business, is by no means a good commentary on the inclination of mankind to pay its honest debts, says the Chicago *Herald*. The system, however, is based upon the belief that every man is endowed with more or less pride, and that the royal road to his pocket is through that pride. In some instances this principle is acted upon to such an extent that it is developed into a mild form of blackmail, or, at least, unbusiness-like methods. "Our methods," said the manager of one of the largest agencies the other day, "may not be in strict accord with business principles, but we are compelled to act as we do in order to succeed. A few months in a collection agency would make the most sanguine optimist in the world turn pessimist. No one has the least idea of the number of genteel 'dead beats' there are until he is placed in a position where he comes in contact with them. There isn't a tailor, shoemaker, butcher or grocer in town who hasn't hundreds of dollars of unpaid accounts on his books which he never expects to get. In a great many cases there is no process of law which can reach the debtors, and though some of them are perfectly able to pay they simply jingle the coin in their pockets and laugh at the luckless creditor. Take the case of a married man who is working on a salary. If he gets less than fifty dollars a week—and mighty few get more than that—his wages are exempt by law. If he has property—I'm speaking of a man who doesn't want to pay his debts—the chances are that it stands in the name of some one else; consequently his creditors are completely at his mercy. It is here that we step in and make him pay. How do we do it? By writing the debtor five letters, sometimes less. The first letter simply states that an account has been placed in our hands for collection and that we should be pleased to receive a remittance. No attention is paid to it. In the second letter we state that we are making up our list of delinquent debtors, and that unless the account is settled within a certain time we shall place him on that list, which has a wide circulation throughout the country. The third letter gives him another chance to pay up, and winds up with the question: "To which class do you belong, honest men or dead beats?" Letter No. 4 informs the man that he can have five days in which to pay before the delinquent list goes to press. If all these letters fail to accomplish any thing we are ready for our last resort, which seldom fails. This consists simply in sending the man a statement of the amount of money owed, but it is the envelope that is the real factor. The envelope is stamped with the name and address of our agency, and on its face is printed in big, black letters, "Bad Debts." This is sent to the man's business address. If he is a clerk his employer sees it; if he is a merchant in a small town the postmaster sees it; in fact every one sees it who ought not to. Of course no one likes to have the impression go abroad that he doesn't pay his debts, and at the fifth letter the debtor usually comes to time as quickly as possible. In most cases, however, we don't have to proceed to such extremities as this, because the idea of being on the delinquent list generally frightens the debtor into paying.

THE WOOLLY HORSE.

A Story About the Origin of General Fremont's Strange Soubriquet.

The nickname "Woolly Horse," applied to General Fremont in the campaign of 1856, recalled to my mind a story told me by an old Washingtonian about the origin of the strange soubriquet, writes a correspondent in the Philadelphia *Record*. It seems that after Fremont had first announced to the world his discoveries in the great West, a Philadelphia showman, of a tricky and speculative turn, undertook to exploit Lieutenant Fremont's discoveries and at the same time make a little money for himself. So he came down to Washington, Congress being then in session, and hiring a shop on the avenue, proceeded to advertise and exhibit "Lieutenant Fremont's wooly horse, captured by the gallant explorer in the very heart of the Rocky mountains at the risk of his life." Of course, it was only an ordinary, every-day horse, with patches of wool stuck on. But it took, and the showman began to make money on it. One fine day Senator Benton, Fremont's father-in-law, heard of the humbug, and started out, vowing to drive it out of town before evening. Taking a brother Senator with him, he marched at once to the enemy's shop. The showman, who was standing outside the door, and who knew him perfectly well, had the impudence to go right on with his lecture. He even went so far as to say to the crowd:

"Here is Lieutenant Fremont's father-in-law, Senator Benton. Won't you walk in, Senator, and take your friend with you! It won't cost you a cent."

"Come inside," said Benton sternly, handing him one dollar, and striding in with his friend; "where is this animal?"

"Here he is," said the showman, beginning at the beginning of his lecture again.

"Stop!" said Benton, in a tone that had often made the Senate chamber ring; "if you don't take that fraud out of town before dark I'll make you wish that you had never been born."

The impudence of the man was frightened out of him by Benton's severity and earnestness. "I'll go," he said, and went that evening.

Turning Strawberries Into Pork.

On the plateaus at the top of the cliffs which border much of the coast from Point New Year's to Pescadero there grow quantities of a delicious wild strawberry, known as the "beach strawberry," because the sturdy little plant pushes its way even down into the sand along the beach. The fruit is large in size and delicious in flavor, and this year the crop is so enormous that droves of hogs have been turned into these unique seaside pastures, and are fattening themselves upon the luscious dainties. Illinois boasts of her "corn-fed pork," but she will have to take a back seat now in favor of California's new dainty, "strawberry-fed pork."

Method Akin to Madness.

A Boston man tells the following incident as illustrating the strictly methodical style of doing business which distinguished the early Boston merchants. Having occasion to settle an account with a well-known honored firm he was sent by the firm which employed him to deliver a note on demand for $1,600. The word dollars was abbreviated so that it read dolls. Mr. Perkins, the dignified head of the house, received the document, and adjusting his spectacles read it and handed it back to the messenger, saying: "Young man, we don't want 1,600 dolls in our business. Take it back and have it made dollars and I will accept it."

DAIRYMEN should bear in mind that the profits of the season depend largely on the care they give their cows in the spring. If a cow is in good condition when she comes in, she has something to draw upon and will give much better returns than she will if she begins the season thin in flesh, for in this case much of the food will be required for her support, and she will not digest enough more than is needed for this to give a large yield of milk. Four quarts of bran, one quart of corn meal, and a pint of oatmeal, mixed with one-fourth of a bushel of cut hay, and all moistened, makes a good daily ration.

DUCKS may be made more profitable than any other kind of poultry by good management. This includes the entire seclusion of water to swim in. A yard twenty-five by one hundred is large enough for forty ducks each with a brood; but there should be a second yard provided for alternate use. It is better to rear the broods under hens until they are a week or ten days old, when each brood should be kept separate in a small pen bordered by a twelve-inch wide board. A rain-proof shelter should be provided for the ducklings to nestle in, and this should be in the form of a semicircle, having no corners for the birds to crowd in and smother each other. The food should be coarse oat and corn grits, crushed wheat and sweet curds with fresh water in shallow pans, covered with close lattice to keep them from wading in it.

THE statement that the best time to feed turnips or cabbages to cows is just after they are milked consists with general experience of dairymen who find these crops useful for fodder and conveniently raised. To feed them immediately before milking is still better, as it gives time for the odor to escape before the next milking. The odor is produced by a compound of which sulphureted hydrogen is a part, and this gas which imparts the odor is extremely volatile and quickly escapes in the perspiration from the skin and in the expired breath from the lungs. But mangels are grown as easily as turnips and are free from this objection; then why not raise these roots instead of turnips? Only one reason presents itself, namely, that turnips have a very short season and may be raised in a corn-field by sowing the seed immediately after the last working.

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Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

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Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. P. A. VOEHL.

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And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, AUGUST 5, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—The sun-flower fiend will soon succeed the night-blooming cereus chestnut.

—There will be a meeting this evening of the Women's Relief Corps, Auxilliary to the G. A. R., of this city.

—According to reports from various parts of the State, the horse chestnut crop will pan out large, as usual.

—Patrick Wering who was arrested in the Borough yesterday for being drunk and chasing children was fined five dollars and costs by Mayor Cooley to-day.

—A pet dog belonging to Mr. John Runyon of Park avenue and Fifth street, betrayed symptoms of a sickness, yesterday, that induced its owner to have it shot by one of the dog-catchers.

—Mr. Charles Smith has added another new feature in his saloon on Front street; patent rotating fans, propelled by a gas engine, create a cool current of air throughout the rooms, which is a decided comfort to patrons.

—The Board of Education has awarded the contract for furnishing 175 tons of coal for next Winter's use in the public schools, to Mr. Charles E. Runk of this city. Mr. Runk also secured the contract from the Board last year.

—Twenty cars, in two sections, left the city this morning with the scholars and friends of the Trinity Reformed, First Presbyterian, Park Avenue Baptist, and Dunellen Presbyterian Sunday schools to Ocean Grove and Asbury Park.

—Mr. O. S. Carey, Advance Manager for the Hurlburt, Hunting & Frost's Hippocygnagon, menagerie, gymnasium and trained animal shows, was in town today arranging for the appearance of the Company in this city on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, August 18th, 19th and 20th.

—Constable Moffett was sitting in a chair in front of Justice Nash's office on Park avenue, holding his hat in his hand, an evening or two since, when a lady who chanced to pass at the time, dropped a dime in the hat, remarking: "There, go get some one to clean off the sidewalk under the railroad bridge."

—The following bit of advice can be strictly adhered to, with beneficial results: "Don't fight hot weather by worry or flurry; keep cool as best you can; eat sparingly; drink even more sparingly; get all the fresh air you can, and, while all must suffer discomfort, there will be few serious results from excessive heat."

—The regular monthly meeting of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of North Plainfield will be held this evening, when the subject of calling a special election for an extra appropriation for road purposes, will be discussed. Corporation Counsel Jackson will probably be called upon for an opinion in the matter.

—Complaints are made that some unhealthy and obnoxious substance is entered into the Delaware and Raritan Canal, from the Millstone Distillery, which is creating great havoc among the fish, hundreds of which are found dead along the banks of the canal. The matter should be investigated by the proper authorities.

—They have a hot *Journal* down at Elizabeth. One of its staff perpetrated this, yesterday. "While some young ladies are at the seashore breasting the wave, their mammas are at home stemming the currant." They ought to pick the man that wrote that, at once—he's too ripe. Then make jelly of him and give the whole force a day off to go goose burying.

—The fact that the usual number of "expert swimmers" have been drowned this year does not prove that it is not a good thing to know how to swim. It only shows that it is both dangerous and foolish for good swimmers to take unnecessary risks. A miscalculation of even a few yards as to the distance one's strength will hold out, or the ever-present danger of cramps or faintness, may cost the life of the most confident swimmer.

Robbers on Crescent Avenue.

A little before twelve o'clock last night, Horace VanNest, who is employed as a private watchman on Crescent avenue and in the neighborhood, was patroling his beat in front of Mr. George Watson's residence, when he heard a strange noise in the barn. He entered the yard and started in the direction from whence the noise came, and when within a few yards of the barn, heard a man remark—"Cheese it, here comes the night watchman," at the same time scaling a fence and disappearing in the direction of Seventh street. In an instant the fleeing man was followed by another, who emerged from the barn. The watchman says he called to the men to halt, but they heeded not his warning, and he finally shot at them, apparently without effect, as the ball was afterward found imbedded in the barn door. The watchman describes the men as being colored, young, and of medium height. Mr. Watson and his family are summering out of town, but his live stock, including some valuable horses, carriages, harness, robes, etc., were left in charge of the coachman, who sleeps in the house, during the absence of the family. The entrance to the place was effected by prying open a side door in the stable, but the robbers were frightened away before they had time to gather up anything of value.

An Earned Vacation.

Mr. A. W. Tyler, the librarian at the Public Library building, was granted a two month's leave of absence by the Directors Wednesday evening, dating from August 5th. This morning he started for the northern coast of Massachusetts, where he will remain until the 19th inst., from whence he will go, as one of a New England party, to attend the annual meeting of the American Library Association at the Thousand Islands, beginning August 30th, and continuing for four days. At the close of the session Mr. Tyler will accompany a party on a trip down the St. Lawrence, stopping at Montreal and Quebec, out the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Picton and Halifax, and returning to Boston, where he will remain for a time before resuming his duties as librarian. The entire trip, covering about 2,000 miles, will be a continual feast.

Who Stole the Bones?

On Saturday THE PRESS told of an instance where a skull and some bones of a once living being were unearthed by some workmen in a lot on Duer street, North Plainfield. The lot was originally, many years ago, used as a family burying ground by the ancestors of the Wooden family. It had been intended to remove the bodies to the Seventh-Day burying ground, but the work was never accomplished. The skull and bones that were dug up last week were put in a box and left standing in the yard of a man named Gaddis on Green Brook road, with the intention of burying them later on. A few evenings since some thief walked off with the remains, and notwithstanding the fact that $25 has been offered for the return of the same, they have not, as yet, been discovered. Neither is the perpetrator of the deed known.

To Hopatcong and Back Afoot.

Messrs. Edward Perrine and Will Runyon, of this city, returned on Monday from a tramp to and from Lake Hopatcong, and a stay there (ah, there!) of a week. The two left Plainfield at five o'clock of the Monday morning previous, and reached their destination about ten o'clock of the same night. Under a haystack they forgot their hunger until the farmer's alarm clock the next morning aroused them. The return trip was made in two hours less time. They left Hopatcong at two o'clock a. m., and reached home at five p. m. Having telegraphed ahead they were coming with a whole week's appetite, preparation was made. A little less than nine bushel of clam fritters disappeared after the return of the prodigals.

An Old Resident.

Mr. Joseph E. Scofield and wife, of Madison, N. J., are visiting at the residence of the latter's sister, Mrs. Robert Freeman on Broadway, this city. Mr. Scofield was once a prominent merchant of Plainfield, engaged in the coal and lumber business on what is now known as North avenue. Twenty-three years ago he sold his business to Wm. Cook, father of the present prosperous coal and lumber merchants, the Messrs. Cook Bros., Park avenue. Mr. Scofield, while advanced in years, is still hale and hearty and confesses that he is surprised at the many changes which have taken place in Plainfield, since he retired from it a quarter of a century ago.

Serious for Plainfield.

A dispatch from Trenton on another page, gives some interesting statements by the New Jersey State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Mr. Chapman thinks it a serious question whether the cities of New Jersey are entitled to the State school tax or not. Plainfield thinks it a serious question, too, if there is such a question.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Rev. Edward Love will occupy the pulpit in Trinity Reformed church on Sunday morning.

Cyrus Moore, of New street, has taken a ten day's furlough to visit his aunt at Long Branch.

Miss Kitty Manning and Miss May Sandford returned from Ocean Hotel, Asbury Park, yesterday.

Miss Clarkson will spend two months at Prospect House, Blue Mountain Lake, Adirondack Mountains.

Mrs. I. Newton Van Syckle, daughter of Director Hubbard, left to-day with her family for Ocean Grove.

Mr. Wm. H. Lyon, Jr., and family returned yesterday from pleasant days at Mount Kisco, New York.

Italian Consul Raffo and Madame Raffo, of Netherwood, left to-day for the Coleman House, Asbury Park.

Mrs. H. L. Beasley of Brooklyn is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Noel on New street.

Mr. A. D. Cook and family of Broadway and LaGrande avenue, left yesterday for a two week's sojourn in the White Mountains.

Mr. Frank Goddard and mother, formerly of this city, were in Plainfield, yesterday, visiting old friends and familiar scenes again.

The wife of Borough Councilman Weaver is visiting among relatives at South Branch, N. J., intending to be gone about four weeks.

Miss Jessie Munger of Washington avenue, North Plainfield, will finish her vacation in the White Mountains, starting for there on Tuesday next.

Miss Mamie Brown of Park avenue and Miss Annie Freeman left on Wednesday to enjoy the invigorating sea breezes for a fortnight at Ocean Grove.

Eleanor, the eight-months-old daughter of Herman and Jeanne Force died at her parents' residence, No. 94 East Second street, this morning, from cholera infantum.

Mr. Isaac Harris, for many years a resident in this city, but now living in Philadelphia, has been visiting his old friends and acquaintances here, during the past few days.

Walter Murray, and sister, Miss Gussie, children of Mr. John W. Murray, whose family is summering at Bay Shore, L. I., returned home yesterday. This morning they left again to join their family.

The funeral of the late David Squires was conducted by Rev. Dr. Ketchain from Warren Mission chapel at half-past two o'clock this afternoon. Interment was made in the Presbyterian cemetery, North Plainfield.

Miss Maggie Fritts of New Brunswick is registered at Mr. Peter V. Weaver's residence on Grove street, North Plainfield, where she will remain for a few weeks as the guest of Miss Addie and Miss Kate Weaver.

Miss Kate Potter and Miss Florence Titsworth have returned from a most enjoyable visit to friends at Haverstraw, N. Y., and have brought Miss Emma West, one of those friends back with them, to repay her some of the pleasures.

Mr. S. V. Woodruff, the past proprietor of the Netherwood Hotel, was in Plainfield for a while this afternoon. He was met on all sides with the sincere expression of everybody's congratulations upon his success, this season, at Asbury Park.

Mr. John W. Murray, who is spending the Summer with his family at Bay Shore, L. I., made a day's visit to Plainfield, yesterday, accompanied by Miss Gussie Murray. They stayed over night at their Central avenue home, and returned this afternoon.

Miss Fannie Johnston, daughter of ex-President of the Central Railroad, John Taylor Johnston, has returned from an extensive trip through Europe, since March 21st last. During her stay abroad she traveled through England, France and Spain.

At a meeting of Engine company No. 2, held last evening, Foreman Thomas Keller sent in his resignation. Foreman Keller informs us that this action was occasioned for want of time to perform the duties devolving upon him. The resignation was laid over, no action being taken on it.

Mr. Sydney Dorman has received a letter from Captain Doane of the "Cherokee," stating that he released the Silver Hen at Charleston, S. C., Sunday, and she started in a direct course for this city. At this writing the bird has not arrived, and it is believed that she has encountered a number of the severe storms that are so numerous everywhere.

Alfred J. Westbrook, Past Grand Regent, Royal Arcanum of New Jersey, died at his residence on Prospect street, Westfield, of typhoid fever, yesterday afternoon at four o'clock. The Lodge of which he was a member will hold a meeting, this evening, and arrange for the funeral services, particulars of which will be published in THE PRESS of to-morrow.

OBITUARY.

PETER J. SUYDAM.

At his home near Blackwell's Mills in Somerset county a little after twelve o'clock of yesterday, occurred the death of Peter J. Suydam, an old and highly esteemed citizen of that locality. The deceased, whose illness dates back for a period of four months, when he was suddenly stricken down with heart troubles, was born in the locality in which he died in 1807. At one time during his illness he rallied and for two weeks was able to be about the house, but he subsequently took to his bed, and continued to grow worse until yesterday when he succumbed to his complaint. During his life time Mr. Suydam carried on the occupation of farming, and was extensively engaged in it up to the time of his death, owning two valuable farms in Somerset county. In early life he married Catherine VanNuis, who died about thirty years ago. The surviving children are Cornelius V. N. Suydam, a farmer living near Millstone; Eliza J. Voorhees, the wife of a prosperous farmer in Somerset county, and ex-Corporation Counsel George P. Suydam of this city. The funeral will take place from the late residence of the deceased to-morrow afternoon at half-past two o'clock.

Crescent Division, U. R. K. of P.

A regular meeting of Crescent Division, Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias was held in Perseverance Lodge room on East Front street, last evening. There was a full attendance and some important business was transacted. It was decided that the division will participate in the annual parade of the First Regiment, U. R. K. of P. of New Jersey, to be held at Jersey City on September 19th, next. The First Regiment, U. R. K. of P. of New York will also take part in the parade. In the evening of that day, competition drills will take place, followed by a reception and speech making by Maj. General Carnahan of Indiana, and others. The exercises for the day will conclude with a grand ball in the Pavonia Rink. Crescent Division will hold a drill in The Crescent on Monday evening next. The division is in a flourishing condition, and the members will present a fine appearance in the annual procession.

Trotting at the Fair Grounds.

Several interesting trots are down for to-morrow, on the track of the Gentlemen's Driving Association at the Fair Grounds. The recent rains have served to put the track in an excellent condition, and some good trotting will doubtless be witnessed. Competent judges will, as heretofore, preside at the judges' stand, and those who attend are assured of an interesting programme. No prizes are offered, and no admission is charged. As already announced in THE PRESS, "Fannie Gilbert," the celebrated trotting mare, will trot against time at the track on Tuesday afternoon next. She will be driven by Jockey Mount Morris, of New Brunswick. The mare has a record of 2:26 and is one of the best known of the old school of trotting horses. She is owned by an Asbury Park man. A large number of spectators will witness the trot.

Mixing the Man and the Mayor.

MESSRS. EDITORS—I have read your article on the Simpson and Cooley imbroglio. From it one would infer that the Mayor of the Borough in the serene consciousness of having done his duty is perfectly satisfied with his action. The Mayor considered that the accused plead guilty. That plea usually obtains a mitigation of punishment, but in this case, judging from the sentence, it was an aggravation of the offence. What the public wish to know is, "was Simpson compelled to sign a release of all personal claims against Cooley as a condition precedent of his release?" If so, whence does the Mayor derive his pardoning power, and why did he mix up the *man* with the *Mayor?* CIVIS.

Reform Club Meeting.

There was a fair attendance at the Reform Club meeting last evening. President French presided at the meeting and interesting addresses were made by Dr. Burnett, Judge Nathan Harper, Col. Dietrich, Alexander Titsworth and others. A feature of the meeting was the remarks by a number of ladies, including Mrs. Geo. W. F. Randolph and Mrs. Ayers. The choir consisted of Mrs. King, leader, Miss Hawkins, Miss Hayley, and Miss Alice Smith, the latter the organist. President French called attention to the Reform Club excursion; after which the meeting came to a close.

Another Strange Freak.

During a fierce storm of Tuesday afternoon last, lightning struck a barrack of oats stacked in an open field of the Benwood Farm, at Piscataway, where Freeholder Garrison, Mr. Benwood's son-in-law resides. The lightning ran down one of the poles that supported the barrack shed, and into the ground without the least damage to the grain. It came up behind an old turkey-gobbler, however, who sat about fifty feet distant, and killed him instantly.

Presentation to Chief Dodd.

Ex-Councilman C. M. Goddard, George W. Moore, Charles VanWinkle and a couple of reporters, composed the party who went to the station house at eight o'clock last evening. Soon after, Judge Ulrich, Collector Johnson, lawyer W. R. Codington and a few others arrived. The object of the gathering was to present to Plainfield's popular Chief of Police, a well-filled purse of gold and to wish him God-speed on his trip to Europe. The Chief and his family were absent in New York during the afternoon, returning home on the 7:38 p. m. train, and consequently were at supper when the visitors arrived. Chief Dodd was summoned, before the guests in the court room, when City Judge Ulrich thus addressed him:

"Chief Dodd: There is an old latin adage which has been handed down through many ages—'Justum et tenacem propositi virum.' Its translation and meaning is—'A just man, and one tenacious of his purpose.' Such an one the citizens of Plainfield have found in you. By your efficiency, by your capability and watchfulness as an officer, and by your honesty of purpose, you have won the respect and confidence of the law-abiding citizens of this place. A few of your friends, (and your friends are a legion) having heard of your proposed journey across the ocean, desire to show their appreciation of you and exemplify the meaning of that maxim—'that faithful labor has its sure reward;' to this end, we desire to present you with this book. You will find imprinted thereon—'Charles W. Dodd, Chief of Police, Plainfield, N. J. From a few personal friends to a brave officer and an upright citizen.' This is given as a testimonial of the esteem in which you are held by your friends. Enclosed you will find—gold—which has in all ages been valued for its sterling worth and brilliancy; truly, emblematic of your worth." The speaker here referred to the moral character and worth of Chief Dodd, as an officer, and said, in conclusion, "we wish you a God-speed on your journey: and may He who tempers the wind and storm, guide you safely into the harbor of your destination, and in due time restore you in perfect safety to your family and society of friends."

At the close of Judge Ulrich's remarks, Mr. Goddard read the following congratulatory telegram from Corporation Counsel Craig A. Marsh:

"ASBURY PARK, Aug. 4th.

"Police Headquarters, Plainfield: Unavoidably detained; heartiest congratulations to Chief Dodd on the high compliment which ten years' conspicuous public services have deservedly won.

"C. A. MARSH."

To use the expression of one present, the Chief "wilted," and was completely taken back by the surprise. He accepted the gift in a few well chosen words, but said he scarcely knew what to say in return for the kindness shown. He said he left home twenty years ago the coming April, and his mother knew not where he had gone until he wrote her from Quebec some time afterward. He now intended to surprise her by returning, and said he felt sure the surprise would be complete as he had not informed her of his intended trip. The Chief related some of his experience during his ten years service on the police force, and said he should always honor his office by carrying out the law to the best of his ability, and without fearing any man. The visitors were then invited up stairs, where refreshments were served in abundance, and a general good time was had by all present. Geo. W. Moore who took the initiative step in last night's proceedings, kept the guests in merriment by his quaint and antiquated sayings.

Base Ball.

The "Unknown" base ball club, challenges any nine in the State whose members are under nineteen years of age. Its address is Box 987, Plainfield.

The Y. M. C. A. Seniors claim that they do not impose on the Juniors, and the umpire says that he not only favors the latter when the decision is close but also when it is not close.

The Somerville nine have challenged the Plainfielders to a game for Saturday of next week, August 13th. They want to play there, but the home nine will endeavor to get them or some other nine to come here. Plainfield has not been favored with a good game in some time.

The Y. M. C. A. nine that will play at Newark, to-morrow afternoon, is to be composed of the following picked players: McMurray, catcher; W. Cadmus, pitcher; Gavett, first base; Chamberlain, second base; Doane, third base; G. Cadmus, short stop; Demarest, left field; Murray, Jr., centre field. Right field is not yet filled. The best wishes of the patriotic community will go with the boys, and they will undoubtedly do the best that can be expected. THE PRESS predicts for them a victory.

—A boy with a bean shooter succeeded in breaking one of the large panes of glass in the snow window of E. M. Adams' paint store on Park avenue this morning. The boy's name is not known.

—The barns, out-houses and harvested crops, belonging to ex-Assemblyman Ferdinand Blancke, of Linden, were totally destroyed by fire last evening. His residence also caught fire, but was extinguished before much damage was done. Assistance was summoned from Rahway and Elizabeth. The loss was heavy.

A Suggestion to Mr. Cooley.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Your issue of yesterday, just shown me, quotes the following as coming from Dr. Cooley: "I have no answer to make to the perverted statements of Mr. Craig A. Marsh that have been published over the signature of his client, Mr. Robert Simpson."

Is Mr. Simpson, and is his signature or their value unknown in this community? If there are men among us whose names being subscribed to a paper, impress the contents with the stamp of truth, to be given credence by all who know the signature—Robert Simpson is one of those men. He is my client, but by settling his claims for damages against Justus H. Cooley, against my advice, he deprived me of a coveted pleasure.

If Mr. Cooley desires to put to the test the question of the accuracy of his statements as against those subscribed by Mr. Simpson; if Mr. Cooley desires to have it judicially determined whether he has or has not been guilty of the charges which Mr. Simpson makes against him; he can easily be accommodated. All that he need to do is to hand back to Mr. Simpson the latter's release and satisfaction piece. By those papers Mr. Simpson forgave Mr. Cooley for the injuries which the former says were inflicted by the latter. If Mr. Cooley has done no wrong, he does not need the release from the consequences of wrong-doing. Let him surrender the useless documents. Then a court and jury may have the opportunity of vindicating His Honor, Justus H. Cooley.

CRAIG A. MARSH.

Neglect Obstructing Washingtonville's Progress.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Desirous of obtaining for myself and family, during August and September, a place to board in some healthy locality not far from this city, I was recommended by a friend to try Washingtonville, New Jersey. Yesterday I drove from the depot at Plainfield toward the mountains and reached as far as French's mill when I found that the bridge was down, and the roads in a horrible condition. Upon inquiry I was told the cause was owing to the breaking of a dam, together with the heavy rains, that had caused the damage. This happened a week ago. I thought it somewhat strange that a whole week had elapsed and nothing done towards repairing the roads and building new bridges. I came to the conclusion that I would not care to live in a place where it takes so long for the proper parties to make up their minds what to do. So I turned back with disgust, and concluded to stay in New York. It therefore seemed to me that if the proper authorities having these matters in charge, should use a little more energy in having the roads and bridges put in proper condition, it would not only be for the benefit of those residing in that locality but be an inducement for others to locate.

NEW YORKER.

Next Monday's Attraction at Music Hall.

Do not fail to see the grand parade of Billy Rice's Minstrels which will take place promptly at 12 o'clock on Monday next, starting from Music Hall. It will consist of four distinct bands, viz: The Royal Bugle Band, and is mounted on horse back with uniforms the same as those used by Queen Victoria's body guard; the second is known as Brook's Brass Band; the third, Military Drum Band; fourth, the Royal Reed Band. At the close of the parade the bands will unite and give a concert at the entrance of Music Hall. The line of march will be from Music Hall to Park avenue, down Park avenue to Crescent avenue, through Crescent avenue to Peace street, up Peace street to North avenue and so on to Music Hall. The company was organized over two weeks ago, and has since been playing to crowded houses. At Albany last week, where the company appeared, while the thermometer ranged in the nineties, people were turned away from the Opera House in that city, being unable to gain admission.

Proclamation Concerning Dogs.

Mayor Male on Tuesday issued the following proclamation concerning dogs:

"By authority of the statutes I do hereby proclaim and give notice that a dog pound master has been appointed and two dog catchers authorized to seize and impound all dogs found running at large within the city limits during any day of the year, unless securely muzzled in such manner as to render biting impossible.

JOB MALE, Mayor.

N. B.—The dog pound is located on South avenue, near Berckman street. Frank VanAken, Dog Pound master. Complaints may be left at the office of the City Clerk.

—A colored "cake walk" was held in Manning's hall, on West Front street, last evening.

—Dr. Hunt, of the State Health Board, reports that the typhoid fever epidemic is abating at Mount Holly, but that an epidemic of dysentery is threatened.

—A boy named Frey fell from a wagon on Plainfield avenue on Tuesday, sustaining a painful injury to one of his lower limbs. He was assisted to his home by Special Officer Noel.

DEATH TOOK THE BRIDE

A FRENZIED FATHER'S MAD AND FATAL ACT.

Displeased With His Daughter's Choice of a Lover. He Stabs Her to the Heart—Unpremeditated Murder.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Rachel Pittman, aged nineteen years, a pretty little brunette, was stabbed to the heart by her father, Frank Pittman, at their home, No. 88 Jackson street, last night. She died instantly.

The only persons that witnessed the tragedy were the grandmother, Rachel Cogdill, sixty years old, and the murdered girl's sister Sadie, fifteen years old. The murder was the result of a love affair between Rachel and Franklin Lewis. Rachel had a fair education, and her father intended that she should be the wife of something more than a laborer. About three weeks ago the father discovered that she had fallen in love with young Lewis, who had been visiting the family for three or four months. He remonstrated with her. She had a hasty temper, and declared that she was old enough to think and act for herself, and as she had to work for a living she would also select her own husband.

After several of these quarrels, when Rachel seemed to become more determined her father two weeks ago lost his temper and struck the girl. This was more than she could bear, and without a word to her father, she kissed her sisters and her mother and left the house, declaring she would live there no longer.

During the first few days of her absence from home some mischief-maker told her father that Rachael had been married to young Lewis. Last week, on Wednesday, Rachel came home to get some of her clothes, when her father upbraided her for her unfilial action in marrying without consulting him. She denied being married, adding, however, that it was her intention soon to be. The old man threatened her with another chastisement, and said he would compel her to come home.

The girl began to fear her father, and last evening, having determined to go home to try on a new dress, she asked Lewis to accompany her home. They reached the house at 8:15. While the father sat in the front room smoking and entertaining Lewis, the girl was in the back room trying on her new dress. She passed through the middle room into the front one, where her father and lover sat, to show her new garment, saying: "Doesn't it look nice?"

The lover smiled an approval, but her father at once returned to the old subject and said: "Rachel, ain't you coming back home to live?"

"No, I won't," replied the girl, "as long as you act like this," and with that she left the room. The two men continued talking about five minutes, when Pittman said he was going for a glass of water and went into the back room. He had hardly been out there two minutes when Lewis heard both the father and Rachel talking quite loudly and the next instant a scream rang through the house. The door leading from the back room into the hallway was torn open and a scuffling of feet caused Lewis to rush into the hall from the front room door.

There he came upon Rachel staggering towards him, with her father following close upon her. She had only taken a few steps when she fell headlong upon the hall floor.

"For God's sake, don't kill her," cried Lewis, falling by the girl's side, to which the father replied: "Oh, she ain't hurt," and returned to the back room and thence to the front. Lewis picked up the senseless girl, and carrying her into the room whence she had flown, laid her upon the floor.

Meanwhile the girl's mother, who had been visiting up in Kent's rooms, hearing the shrieks and cries below, ran down, and with the aid of her mother and daughter Sadie, who witnessed the affair, tried to resuscitate Rachel. A doctor was sent for, but when the ambulance surgeon from Gouverneur hospital arrived the girl was dead.

A VERY LIVELY WEDDING SCENE

An Enraged Father Claims His Daughter, but the Groom Rescues Her.

WATNESBORO, Ga., Aug 4.—Mr. Chas. Elrod, accompanied by a dozen armed men, went to the residence of Wm. Stoddard where his young wife was held imprisoned by her father, and after a sharp brush, succeeded in recapturing the girl. Elrod is a youth of eighteen, the son of a substantial farmer. For a year he has been enamored of Miss Lucy Stoddard, the fourteen-year-old daughter of a well known contractor of this place.

Mr. Stoddard objected to Elrod as a son-in-law and forbade him the house. The lovers met in secret, and planned a runaway marriage, which was performed by Rev. Mr. Zimmermann. Mr. Stoddard, as soon as he heard of it, sued out a warrant against Elrod for abduction, disturbing the nuptial chamber at midnight by sending Elrod therefrom to jail, and taking the young bride home, where she was held under lock and key. Elrod was bailed out, and at once organized his friends and proceeded to Stoddard's house, intent on bloody work if necessary. The guards there showed fight, but no appeal to firearms was made. While one party engaged Stoddard and his friends in consultation, another party stole into the house through the back door, secured the girl, and fled under several parting shots from the discomfited guards.

More Trouble in Manitoba.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 5.—The Dominion government, in addition to the Manitoba disallowances question, has trouble to contend with in British Columbia, several difficulties having arisen with regard to the ownership of land, timber and mineral, which may possibly result in an insurrection among the inhabitants. Both governments claim the right to the timber and mines within the railway belt. Gen. Middleton leaves next week for British Columbia to inspect the condition of the militia and fortifications in the event of any trouble.

Hopeful of the Fisheries Matter.

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 5.—A special cable dispatch to the *Globe* says: Fresh proposals for the settlement of the fisheries dispute have recently been submitted by the Washington authorities. They were approved at Ottawa, and favorably received by the imperial government, but are still under consideration. The details of the proposals are not known, but it is understood that a more hopeful view of the possibility of a speedy settlement is now taken at the White House.

Prohibitionists Beaten in Texas.

HOUSTON, Texas, Aug. 5.—The election returns on the prohibition question are coming in rapidly. All counties in southern Texas are giving large majorities for the anti-prohibitionists. The present returns, carefully estimated, indicate that prohibition will be snowed under by a majority of 85,000.

QUEER FREAK OF A CYCLONE.

It Brushed the Top of a Hill and Mortally Wounded Two Men.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 5.—The wind played a queer freak here. The sky was patched over with clouds surrounded by blue. In the zenith was a small black storm cloud. It sent down a light shower for about five minutes. After the shower came, for a few minutes, a wind that would scarcely be noticed.

In one spot on the brow of Vine street hill a cyclone seemed to touch the earth and rebound. It first struck a little barn and demolished it and it struck a two-and-half-story frame building on which eight carpenters and two masons were at work. The building was broken to pieces and thrown down hill in a heap. Three of the carpenters, John Spaeth, Louis Mathret and James Schuler, who were in the attic, were thrown nearly one hundred feet, but were only slightly hurt. Peter Gefroer and his son Peter, fifteen years old, were mixing mortar just outside. They were buried, crushed, disfigured and mortally wounded.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Four new cases of yellow fever and one death were reported at Key West yesterday.

The land bill has passed through the committee stage of the house of commons.

The large manufactory of Frazer & Jones in Syracuse, was burned at midnight. The loss is heavy.

The Irish extremists in Paris have decided to send a message of condolence to the family of the late M. Katkoff.

While in swimming at the mill dam in Elmira, Leon Crippen, aged 16 years, was drowned.

During the first half of 1887, 57,191 persons emigrated from Germany, as against 40,597 during that first half of 1886.

The body of an unknown man has been taken from the Druid Hill reservor, Baltimore, which had remained there at least nine days.

At least two of the Culbreath lynchers have been brought to trial in Edgefield, S. C. A jury has been procured and the examination of the state witnesses begun.

Frank Mott and Havelock Irvine, aged 10 and 12 years respectively, while bathing at Woodstock, N. Y., got beyond their depth, and both were drowned.

Jacob Miller, collector of the wholesale grocery firm of Mintzer & Hollinger, of Lancaster, Pa., has disappeared, having embezzled several thousand dollars of the firm's money.

The bill to allow the construction of a tunnel under the English channel, which was reintroduced in the house of commons by Sir Edward Watkin, has been rejected by a vote of 154 to 107.

George W. Nellis, Jr., has arrived in San Francisco having made the journey from New York on a bicycle. He started on May 24, but lost fifteen days by rough weather. He averaged fifty miles per day.

The Rev. William T. A. West, who is wanted in St. Louis for the murder of Susie Beck, has been seen at London, Ont. He is believed to have taken refuge near there with some of his former religious associates.

Harris Gunter, who killed policeman Montgomery, has been convicted at Prattville, Ala., of manslaughter in the first degree with thirty months' imprisonment named as the punishment. The case will be appealed.

Frank Spahn, a young man, son of a wealthy butcher of Cynthiana, Ky., shot and killed Carrie Van Hook, a young mulatto. The murderer escaped to the country. No cause except jealousy is assigned for the crime.

The ameer of Afghanistan's generals, Haidar and Sikander Khan, have withdrawn all their troops from Kelat-i-Ghilzie. This action indicates that they consider their forces too weak to keep the open field against the rebels.

The prefect of Nancy has ordered the closure of Weisbach's pasteboard factory at Embermenil. The closure throws 100 German and French workmen out of employment. The German government will protest against the action of the prefect.

James Gibbons stabbed his son-in-law, John Grooves, in the back during a family quarrel at Windsor Locks, Conn. Both men had been on a spree together the previous evening. Groves has a bad cut and is not expected to live. Gibbons has been arrested and placed in jail.

The Maxwell Land Grant company has submitted to the settlers on that grant who are nearly all cattle men, a proposition to buy them out. The form of an agreement between the company and the settlers is being numerously signed, and promises to solve the difficulty now existing.

M. Garnier, an actor in Mme. Bernhardt's traveling company, has challenged M. Rochefort to fight a duel for publishing a derogatory article with reference to incidents that occurred while the company was at Rio Janeiro. If Rochefort refuses to give satisfaction, Garnier will proceed against him for libel.

A heavy storm on the mountains has caused a big rise in the upper Tennessee river. Thousands of logs lying in the river have escaped. The steamboat Cytico was caught by a raft at Sam's Bluff, near London, and dashed against the bank with such force as to burst the cylinder head and tear away the smokestack and pilot house.

The Dominion government in addition to the Manitoba disallowance question, has trouble to contend with in British Columbia, several difficulties having arisen with regard to the ownership of land, timber and mineral, which may possibly result in an insurrection among the inhabitants. Gen. Middleton leaves next week for British Columbia to inspect the condition of the militia and fortifications.

Edward Beans, an old man living at St John, N. B., is investigating the merits of his claim to an estate worth $10,000,000 left in Texas by a man named Thomas Beans, who, he is confident, is his long unheard of brother. Thomas Beans divided his millions among the negroes of his estate on condition that no heirs were found. The Beans family belong in Fredericton, and Thomas left for Texas fifty years ago. Edward Beans is now 75 years of age, but has a family who would inherit the property should it be found to belong to the family.

Judge Brown, in the U. S. district court at Detroit has granted a decree for the complainant in the suit for infringement of patent brought by the Rapid Service Store railway company of Detroit, against the Merchants' railway company of New York, and Taylor, Wolffden & Co. of Detroit. The judge made a liberal application of the doctrine of mechanical equivalents, and held that the prior patents of the complainant covered all devices for giving an original impulse to a cash carrier traversing a permanent way. The decree includes a permanent injunction from manufacturing and using the infringing device, and refers the claim for damage to a master in chancery.

Serious charges of horrible cruelty to children have been made against the Rev. D. Strohman, who has been the official head of the orphan asylumin at Flat Rock, Ohio, for several years, and are now being investigated. The charges came from some of the best people in that neighborhood, and are to the effect that one boy had his ear pulled off; another was stripped, tied over a table and whipped until he was unconscious, and another was terribly pounded with a heavy stick, and still another pummelled with the brawny fists of an attendant. The institution is under the control of the Ebenezer Evangelical association of North America, and has, until recently, borne a splendid reputation. These charges are all denied emphatically by Mr. Strohman.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 5, 1887.

Bailey, James Mrs	Little, John
Carlisle, Samuel Rev	Martin, Mamie
Carlisle, Maud Miss	McChugh, Thomas
Fess, Maud Miss	Randolph, J S Mrs
Gallagher, James	Rolutsch, Willie A Miss
Herman, Madame	Reick, Gotfried
Jenkins, Wm	Thomas, Louis
Keyser, Elizabeth Mrs	Thorne, James Lyon Jr
Ward, William (2)	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume: also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

YOU TRY

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

MUSIC HALL.

Monday, August 8.

Sweatnam,
Billy Rice &
Barney Fagan's
New Mastodonic Minstrels.

OVER HALF 100 PERFORMERS.

THE ONLY
Sweatnam, Billy Rice, Barney Fagan, Frank Cushman, Charles Fostelle, Harry Armstrong.

20	END MEN	20
16	IN SONG AND DANCE	16
20	IN ORCHESTRA	20

Everything entirely new. Grand Free Street Parade through the principal streets, starting from Music Hall promptly at noon. Prices—50c., 75c., and $1.00. Seats at usual places Friday.

Grand Excursion
OF THE
PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB,
TO
Rockaway Beach,
ON THE
STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC."
WITH BRASS BAND,
Tuesday, Aug. 9.

Six hours for bathing, boating, fishing and visiting the various places of amusement. The success met with and universal satisfaction given on our excursion to this great watering place last year, prompts the management to predict for this the most enjoyable one from Plainfield this season, at the very low figures: $1.25 for adults and 75c for those under twelve years, for the round trip of ninety miles. Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m., sharp. Steamer leaves Jersey City 9.30; returning—leaves Rockaway 5.30 p. m. Tickets can be obtained from Executive Committee: Dr. Lowrie, A. Vanderbeek and H. N. Spencer: E. Lamphear, Treas.; J. W. A. Baldersachs, Financial Sec.: also from Club members and at the drug stores. 8-2-d6

--No. 8--
PARK AVENUE.
Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,
STAMPING!

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!
EVERYTHING NEW.
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
40 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.
Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.
FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.
Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.
FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.
Without doubt the prices
PECK
has marked down his
FLOUNCINGS,
Are more value for the money than ever before known.

CABRIOLETS.
SURRYS. HOMAN & RYERSON, FINE CARRIAGES, AND Business Wagons Plainfield, N.J. BUGGIES.
29 & 31 SOMERSET STREET.
7-1-tf

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

STOP AT
No. 33 Park Avenue
For Musical Instruments and Sporting Goods. Violin Strings and Musical Merchandise. A good Assortment of
HAMMOCKS,
CHILDREN'S WAGONS AND CARTS
CAN BE HAD A
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
We can show TO FISHERMEN
A Fine Line of RODS, REELS, LINES, HOOKS, NETS and ARTIFICIAL BAITS.
Agents for the New King Bicycle, the Latest and Best Wheel in the market.
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
I. LEDERER.
my10tf

WORTHY CUP DEFENDER

PERFORMANCE OF THE VOLUNTEER IN YESTERDAY'S RACE.

The Verdict is that She is "The Finest Single Sticker Ever Turned Out by Yankee Ingenuity."

NEWPORT, Aug. 5.—The day opened unpropitiously for the 41-mile run of the fleet of the New York Yacht club to this port. A leaden dawn revealed a veritable forest of bare masts off the Pequot house, such as never before delighted the vision of even the drowsiest and most ancient native. When colors were made at 8 o'clock to the medley of many-toned bells, sails began breaking out like lilies upon giant stems. The entire fleet was in full dress ready for the parade hither at 9 o'clock. Commodore Gerry with characteristic promptness, then gave the preparatory signal, a gun from the Electra, as had been agreed at the meeting of the captains. The breeze was gentle from east-northeast. The Puritan was the first of the Titians to weigh anchor. She picked her devious way through the assembly of flyers and stood out into Fisher's Island Sound on the port tack. The Mayflower and Atlantic followed her, mingling with a bunch of schooners and sloops that it was impossible to identify. Just as the Electra kicked up her heels the new steel clipper, the Volunteer, slipped from her anchorage off the Electra's starboard bow, and glided after the two big ones with which she expected to test her ability. She entered the sound on the port tack. As she passed abeam of the flagship, the commodore and his guests took advantage of the fine chance to note the exquisite grace of her easy, undulating motion. She seemed to ride rather than plough through the waves, as was apparent from the faint twin ripples curling from her sharp, slanting bow. She appeared to be made to conquer the waves by accommodating herself to their varying moods. It was remarked that if she proved as fast as she is handsome and graceful, the Scotch cutter Thistle would go home without the famous mug.

The Electra steamed out ahead of the slowly moving fleet, and anchored south of Seaflower Beacon at 9:37, and fired the starting gun. The little sloop Espirito was the first boat timed. Owing to the length of the starting line, which extended from the shore nearly a mile out to the Seaflower Beacon, there was some difficulty in distinguishing the yachts. The Puritan was the first of the giants to approach the line. She carried club topsail, jib and forestaysail. Her mainsail was apparently a new one, and fit her snugly. The Volunteer, which was originally half a mile astern of the Puritan, drew upon her as though she had an invisible tow. Everybody wondered at her marvellous speed in such light wind. All the picturesquely mingled yachts were on the port tack, and probably were doing good work, but nobody noticed it, as all were absorbed in the performance of the Volunteer.

The Puritan crossed the line at 9:46:50. The Volunteer followed, having gotten the windward guage on Mr. Forbes' darling nine seconds later and set her jibtopsail Its effect was immediately noticeable. She passed to windward of the Puritan as a crack propeller might go by a ferryboat. A waggish admirer of the steel craft asked why the Puritan had anchored. Mr. Forbes shook out the brave sloop's jib top sail at 9:48, hoping to redeem some of his lost ground, but the Volunteer steadily widened the gap. Meanwhile, the Mayflower, Atlantic, Titania and Gracie were battling to get out of the Chinese puzzle of yachts, struggling for the line against tide and wind. A mile or more from the flagship the wind was merely a light air. At 10 o'clock it died out completely. Ten minutes later sails wrinkled and flapped and masts assumed the perpendicular. The rest of the fleet struggled lazily across the line.

The sun came out and added to the discomfort of the calm. Then a fair breeze from east-southeast imparted motion to the fleet. The tide was favorable at midday, and the breeze then freshened a bit. The Puritan in some way, probably by keeping out of the tide and getting the breeze first, was lessening the space between herself and the Volunteer. This did not last long, however. The Volunteer tacked and crossed her bows and steadily increased her advantage. The wind continued light from east-southeast. Off Watch Hill, which was dotted with spectators, the Volunteer was nearly a mile ahead of the Puritan.

The lovely leader went about on the starboard tack at 4:34 and stood for Point Judith. The wind which had shifted to southeast freshened, and the Volunteer showed for the first time during the variable day a thin segement of her black bottom as she heeled into port. She started sheets and passed the Point at 4:50. Her nimble sailormen immediately clambered out on her long nose-pole and gathered in the jib topsail. Eight minutes later her balloon jib topsail bellied from the stay The Puritan passed the Point at 4:58 thence into Newport harbor. The wind was just forward the beam. The finish was between Commodore Gerry's Electra and the Dumplings.

The general comment on the Volunteer by New Yorkers who saw her sail for the first time is that she is the finest single sticker ever turned out by Yankee ingenuity. Niels Olsen remarked as he watched her from the bridge of the Electra: "We need not fear losing the cup with that boat to defend it." The run demonstrates that the Volunteer is a marvel in light breezes. It was only when she was in the near neighborhood of the Puritan, and both yachts had the same wind, that she could be fairly compared with her. Every time this happened, the Volunteer showed herself immeasurably superior. The finish of the leaders was witnessed by hundreds of folks on the Dumplings and opposite bluffs, and in a fleet of catboats that bounded out to meet them. The Volunteer finished at 6:05:48, the Puritan at 6:13:09, and the Atlantic at 6:24:25. More than half the fleet came in after sunset and were not timed. The Volunteer beat the Puritan 7 minutes and 21 seconds, and the Atlantic 1 minute and 45 seconds.

Another Fishing Vessel Seized.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Aug. 5.—Yesterday the captain of the steam cruiser Intrepid seized the fishing boat Golddust, belonging to Mr. Blanchard, a sardine packer, at Eastport, Me., while the men were taking in fish at Fog Haven, Deer Island. This boat has been running all the season without having once complied with the law by entering or clearing at the custom houses.

Two Men Killed and Many Cars Wrecked.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 5.—A collision of freight trains occurred here on the Burlington and Missouri river road, between North Bend and Ashland. Both engines and thirteen cars were thrown over the embankment into the North Platte river. Two tramps, stealing a ride, were killed.

MIXED ENGLISH POLITICS

SALISBURY'S ALLICS UNHAPPY OVER TREVELYAN'S VICTORY.

The British Government Denies that Hon. Patrick Collins was Badly Treated or Shadowed.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—In the house of commons Mr. Patrick O'Brien, member for North Monaghan, questioned the government about the treatment to which Mr. Patrick A. Collins, of Boston, Mass., had been subjected by the customs officials at Belfast, and demanded to know why Mr. Collins had been shadowed by detectives.

Colonel E. R. King-Harman, parliamentary under secretary for Ireland, denied that Mr. Collins had been watched by detectives, and stated that in accordance with existing practices, Mr. Collins' baggage had been searched on his arrival in Ireland, precisely as the effects of other persons were examined.

Colonel Sandys, member for Bootle, asked if the government was aware that the recent mission of the special commissioners of the pope, Mgr. Persico, in Ireland, was practically political in its character, though nominally of a religious nature.

Mr. William H. Smith said the government had had no communication with the vatican on the subject. So far as the government was concerned, he said, Mgr. Perisco was a private individual, visiting Ireland for reasons of his own. [Parnellite cheers and laughter.]

Mr. Gladstone's speech of Friday last, which had so great an effect in increasing the Gladstonian majority at Bridgetown, will be revised and published in pamphlet form for use wherever elections are proceeding. The result at Bridgetown appears to have convinced the unionists that there is a turn in popular opinion in favor of the home rule policy. They have heretofore accused the tories of thrusting in their candidates in every possible opening against the Gladstonians, when it was argued in known liberal constituencies that liberal-unionists ought to sustain the contest.

This plan was followed at Bridgetown, Trevelyan's opponent, Ashley, being a prominent liberal, a school and college friend of Trevelyan and an adherent of Mr. Gladstone till the latter took up the home rule cause. The result only further discourages the unionists.

Jonathan Ackhouse, secretary of the Northern counties liberal union association, writes a letter strongly urging the importance of having a liberal unionist in the next cabinet should another general election be carried by the unionists. Under present circumstances it is almost impossible, he says, effectively to organize and bring out the full strength of the unionist vote. The formation of a coalition government, he thinks, would be a guarantee to electors that a progressive moderate policy would be followed.

Another Respite for Preller's Murderer

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 5.—A telegram was received by the Hon. John L. Martin from his partner Mr. Fauntleroy, which states that Justice Miller of the supreme court of the United States, has granted a writ of error in the Maxwell case. This acts as a stay of proceedings. Maxwell took the matter very calmly when the news was given to him, merely remarking that he had expected it.

Another Operation.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—Crown Prince Frederick William underwent another operation at the hands of Doctor MacKenzie with extremely encouraging results. His general health is excellent and his throat is giving him very little trouble. He returned to Cowes yesterday.

Failure and Suicide.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—Lobernheim Bros., of Berlin, a large grain, coffee and cotton house, is reported failed, and one member has committed suicide. Another dispatch says one member of the house has failed and committed suicide, but that the house has not fallen yet.

Stanley Was Safe on June 18.

LONDON, Aug. 5.—A despatch from St. Thomas, West Africa, says that letters have been received at Stanley Pool, from Henry M. Stanley, announcing his arrival at Aruwhimi Falls on June 18, and stating that all of his party were well.

THE SEA SERPENT CAPTURED.

It Turned Out to Be a Huge Turtle—Running Away With a Schooner.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 5.—"Look thar, the sea serpent, by the mights!" exclaimed one of Capt. C. H. Griffin's crew yesterday afternoon. "Great Scott, he's going to board us," said the captain. Right ahead the long wake proclaimed the presence of some marine monster, and there was a very snake-like head atop of the water. Capt. Griffin caught up a harpoon and said: "I'll have him, by gosh!" "Don't strike, captain," yelled his man. The warning came too late. The iron was already shooting through the air with lightning speed, and before the captain had more than time to say, "Look out," it was caught and held fast. For a moment it lay on the water; then it started off seaward, going a rate too rapid to be described in landsmen's terms. Capt. Griffin is of the opinion that his boat beat the time of the Mayflower. The rope attached to the harpoon was a very long one and was payed out as far as possible. What he held the captain didn't know, but he did know that he was being taken along shore at a fearful rate. For miles the boat was carried along and then the motive power stopped, seemed to hesitate and then started in shore. Tired out at last, it came to the surface revealing the outlines of the largest turtle the sailors had ever seen. The monster was got at after a long struggle and it was tied to a schooner over night. It concluded to go back to sea and actually was running away with the schooner when it was captured for the second time and taken back.

It was hoisted on shore this morning, and was found to weigh 1,430 pounds. Capt. Griffin sold his catch to W. H. Dugan and C. U. Trefethen, who found the turtle the largest ever seen in these waters. Capt. B. F. Villard, one of the oldest captains here, says that fifty years ago a vessel having on board ten Southern turtles was wrecked on the Maine coast, and it is thought that the specimen captured yesterday is one of them. The turtle is supposed to have been seen frequently for the past two or three years and to have given a foundation, so to speak, for the numerous sea serpent experiences, of which some very thrilling accounts have been written.

A New Rector at Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 5.—Christ's church of this city has elected as rector Rev. John S. Lindsay, now of St. John's church, Georgetown, D. C.

M'GARIGLE MEETS A NEMESIS

A Man Once Greatly Wronged by Him Helping to Uncover Him.

MONTREAL, Aug. 5.—Crown Prosecutor Greenshields and High Constable Bissonette, two days ago went to St. Catharines, Ont., armed with a warrant for McGarigle's arrest. As the warrant was issued from a Quebec court it was necessary that it should be indorsed by an Ontario judge. The judge at St. Catharines has refused to do this and the only thing remaining to be done is to issue a mandamus to compel the judge to indorse the warrant.

Seven years ago a Boston police paper published a photograph of James Baxter, with a libellous sketch. Detective Fahey, who sent the account was sued for libel. Then in order to give color to their right of publication a conspiracy was hatched in Chicago whereby it was arranged that a photograph of Baxter, should be placed in rogues' gallery, and a witness came from Chicago here and swore that the had been there for ten years. This was done, it is asserted, with the cognizance of McGarigle then chief of police in Chicago. Baxter next sued the city of Chicago, and the suit was withdrawn on condition that the Chicago authorities would place evidence in Baxter's hands regarding the matter. Then the whole job was exposed, and G. Sanford, now deputy chief of police of Chicago, came here to give evidence, which eventually won all the cases for Baxter. Under pressure McGarigle admitted that he had let the conspiracy go to oblige Pinkerton, whose agent in Montreal was the guilty party, and through this admission laid himself open to heavy damages. Baxter had never had an opportunity to get hold of McGarigle until now, and he will leave nothing undone to have him brought to Montreal. Baxter denies working in the interests of the American government; it is simply a matter of business with him, he says.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—A city paper prints a special from St Catharines, Ont., in which it is asserted that McGarigle is "in the care and keeping" of Frederick St. John, a brother of Dr. St. John, of Chicago, who is accused of assisting McGarigle to escape. The exiled boodler is said to be anxiously awaiting the arrival of the schooner Blake, in which he escaped from Chicago, and it looks as though he had an interest of a money character in her arrival. He is represented as saying that he is not afraid of being held on any charges originating in Canada, and that he wants to make an arrangement to return.

NEW JERSEY'S SCHOOL SYSTEM

Superintendent Chapman Pronounces It Disgracefully Insufficient.

TRENTON, Aug 5.—State Superintendent of Public Instruction Chapman, of New Jersey in conversation with a reporter at Trenton said: "There are two things which are serious obstacles in the way of the board of education in this state. One is the lack of suitable accomodation for school children, and the other is the system of teaching itself. There is a sad need of enlargement of the school buildings in all parts of the state. Indeed, it is a serious question whether the cities are entitled to the state tax or not. The law provides that a certain amount shall be appropriated to each city to pay for teachers' salaries and fuel, but on the condition that suitable accommdationo must be furnished by that city for the children. There is not a city in the state which provides such accommodation as the law demands. Jersey City, which has increased from five to six thousand in school population in the last five years, has not erected a single additional schoolhouse in that time. This is the condition of things all over the state, and it is a disgrace which the people ought to wipe out at once.

Sporting Gossip.

Mitchell has a sore hand, received in his fight with Gallagher.

The betting in London is twenty-five to twenty on Jim Smith against Kilrain.

Roseman was presented with a gold badge by some of his friends in Philadelphia.

Hanlon is the Wolverine's thief. He has stolen thirty-nine bases in sixty-three games.

Esterbrook has received several offers since his release, one of which came from Chicago.

Captain Anson offered to bet Kelly $100 even that Chicago would win the championship, but "Kel" declined.

Joe Ridge, the Pittsburg feather weight, is considering the challenge of Jack Dougherty, a feather weight of Bayonne, N. J.

For long hits Thompson leads the Detroit team. He has in seventy-one games made twenty-two doubles, fifteen triples and six home runs.

The next time Hanover faces the starter will be on August 11, at Saratoga, in the United States hotel stakes. Among his competitors will be Miss Ford, Wary, Jim Gore, Grisette, Terra Cotta, Goliah, Gunboyne, Ferenzi, Bronzomarte, Carey and Fenelon.

Harry Wright, the veteran manager of the Phillies, has expressed the opinion that the Detroits will eventually win the championship this season. He says he prefers that it should be won by an eastern club, but he fears that neither Boston nor New York will be able to get there.

Pitcher Morris' arm is in good shape again. Morris is just dying to get a whack at Detroit. The sluggers have given him the laugh in games he has pitched against them this season and he wants to be even. He has asked to pitch two out of the four games against Detroit in September. His wish will be granted.

It is a funny thing, but a fact, that the Baltimore players are still afraid of the champions. When Latham is around with his auctioneer voice Burns never attempts to coach. There is no set of players in the American association so easily rattled by Latham's jabberings as the Baltimores. He gets them nearly every game.

Detroit still claims first place in total team fielding. They have in seventy-one games accepted 2,762 chances and made 255 errors, which gives them a percentage of .920. New York follows the Wolverines with a percentage of .913 from the 3,192 chances accepted, of which they made 301 errors. Washington is third and Chicago fourth.

Philadelphia is now closely pressing the New Yorks in the team batting. In seventy-four games the latter sent 3,006 men *to the bat, who made 1,054 base hits*, with a percentage of .350, while in but seventy-three games the Quakers were only at the bat 2,833 times and made 961 hits, with a percentage of .339. Detroit and Chicago are closely following these two clubs.

In the three games played at Chicago with the Washingtons the Chicagos outplayed the Washingtons at every point, as the following figures indicate: The Chicagos made 37 runs, 24 of which were earned; 55 hits, 7 two baggers, 3 trippies and 14 home runs. The Washingtons made 4 runs, 3 of which were earned; 25 hits; 2 doubles and 2 home runs. This is great batting.

"A regular hornets nest has been stirred up in the Chicago camp by the recent reports that Silver Flint had broken his temperance pledge. Flint, as well as the management, emphatically denies the report and swears that he has not touched a drop of any intoxicants since the season opened. Anson says that no man in the team has touched a drop of liquor since their contracts were signed, and if they do $100 fine will be inflicted for the first offense and $200 for the second.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.
my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

EMILE BERCKMANS,
Teacher of Piano.
For Terms, etc., address P. O. Box 1164, Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

R. THORN,
No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges, Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S
Furniture Express.
45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

SHARKEY & BLIMM,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

A. ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. B. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6 32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 3.00, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.54, 8.35, 9.05, 10.25, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 5.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.25, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 2.10, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS,
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!
J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day: $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1355, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,)
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. my10tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET.
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

FIRST-CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

DON A. GAYLORD.
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF 16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Sunday Papers.
Can be had at 21 North avenue. Delivered to all parts of the city.
my11t4 MOSHER & BULMER.

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

DIED FROM EFFECTS OF ETHER.

The Only Case of Its Kind in the Practice of Drs. Agnew and White.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug 5.—Melville Reese Dill, brother of United States Marshal Dill, and a wealthy lumberman of Meyersdale, Somerset county, died at a hotel in this city while under the influence of ether and undergoing an operation for hemorrhoids by Drs. D. Hayes Agnew and J. William White. Mr. Dill was about forty years old and leaves a widow and two children.

The physicians say that this is the first instance in the practice of either of them of a patient dying from the effects of ether administered as an anæsthetic. Mr. Dill was examined for symptoms of organic troubles that would make etherization dangerous and none was found. Dr. White administered the ether in a towel rolled funnel-shaped. The quantity given was not large and the patient seemed to yield naturally to its influence, anæsthesia being produced in ten or twelve minutes. Dr. Agnew had partly finished the operation when the patient ceased breathing, and all efforts to restore respiration failed. The heart continued to beat for about three-quarters of an hour. Marshal Dill, who was awaiting in the office of the hotel the result of the operation, was summoned while the physicians were endeavoring to restore the patient. Dr. Agnew gave a certificate of death "from the effects of ether." The physicians did not notify a coroner, and it was said to-day at the coroner's office that they probably would be asked to explain the omission. Dr. Agnew said in conversation that it was not a coroner's case, because the patient died while under treatment in the presence of two physicians.

Base Ball Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 5.—Yesterday was an "off day" in the league. Two postponed games were played: Detroit 12, Boston 11; it was a batting game and both pitchers, Twitchell and Radborne, were badly punished. Detroit made 25 hits and Boston 19. Philadelphia made desperate by its defeats in Detroit opened the ball at Chicago with a decided victory; score 13 to 9; base hits, Chicago 18, Philadelphia 20; Chicago made 11 errors. American association—Brooklyn 4, Baltimore 7; Athletic 10, Metropolitan 3; St. Louis 7, Cincinnati 2; Louisville 2, Cleveland 1. International league—Syracuse 2, Newark 0; Jersey City 14, Scranton 4; Toronto 15, Binghamton 2; Hamilton 3, Wilkesbarre 1.

Industrial Items.

All the stone cutters in Racine, Wis., have struck for $4 a day, an advance of 50 cents.

It was reported that several of the employing coopers of Philadelphia, whose men struck three days ago for an advance in wages, had conceded the wage list presented by their employes.

The Barbers' protective union claims that out of 2,500 shops in New York only 300 have the union cards. The delegate stated that if organized labor did its duty every shop would have the card.

The situation among the leather workers at Newark, N. J., is said to be discouraging, as there is a disposition among the manufacturers to take a decided stand against the knights of labor. Master Workman Dodd of district assembly 51 has gone to Philadelphia to confer with the authorities of the order in regard to the matter.

At the convention of Philadelphia and Reading railroad employes it was reported that Mr. Sweigard was unwilling to change the method now in use to detect color blindness. It was resolved to exhaust all honorable means to effect a settlement, and a committee was appointed to arrange for a conference with the general manager of the road.

Joseph R. Buchanan has been elected a delegate to the Minneapolis convention of the knights of labor by district assembly No. 82 of Denver, Col. Mr. Buchanan is very popular in the order, and a telegram from Chicago says that "a majority of the labor papers of this country prophesy that he is the man who will succeed T. V. Powderly as general master workman."

When the schooner Monticello arrived at Toledo, O., from Lorain to unload her cargo of ore a crowd of union sailors attacked her crew of non-union men. In the row which followed William Colton of the Monticello was seriously shot in the hip and another man was badly beaten. It is not known who shot Colton. Capt. Moore of the Monticello has armed his crew and given instructions to shoot the first man who attempts to interfere with them in their work.

The convention of street car employes, in session at Buffalo, formed a national district assembly. While the organization is part of the knights of labor, it will be a separate trades guild. The following officers were elected: James H. Magee of New York city, national district, grand master workman; Charles D. Brown, Lynn, Mass., national assembly worthy foreman; Mortimer O'Connell, New York city, national assembly secretary and treasurer; Howard Field, Detroit, Mich., national assembly general auditor. National district executive board—William Blackstock, Detroit, chairman; Andrew L. Best, Brooklyn, secretary; Robert M. Brown, Philadelphia; Joseph Fullum, Jersey City; Charles D. Brown, Lynn. The new district strictly speaking is international, as it will embrace Canada.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Warmer, with local thunderstorms, winds generally southerly, cooler by-Saturday evening.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK August 4.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s	1891, reg.	109¼	109
4½s	1891, con.	109¼	110
4s	1907, reg.	127	128
4s	1907, con.	127	128

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—The reaction of the afternoon was heavy, and extended so far in some cases as to bring stocks back to the level of opening prices.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56¼	57
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	147	141
Central Pacific	37	37¾
Del. & Hudson	100¾	101¾
Del. Lack. & W.	129¾	129¾
Erie	29¾	30¾
Erie pref.	67¾	67¾
Lake Shore	92¾	93¾
Louis. & Nash.	61¾	61¾
Michigan Central	82	83
Missouri Pacific	97¾	98¼
N. Y. & New Eng.	42	44¾
N. J. Central	72¾	72¾
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	107¾	108¾
Northwestern	113	114¾
Oregon Navigation	91	93¼
Pacific Mail	38	39¼
Reading	56¼	54¾
Rock Island	125¼	127
St. Paul	80¾	81¾
Union Pacific	55¾	55¾
West. Union Tel.	72¾	73¼

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79	80¾	81¾
Corn	46¾	47¾	49
Oats	31¾	31¾	32

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery—Eastern 24a28; Western 21a23. Dairy—Imitation, 18a20; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a20; western, 14a15c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15; low grades, 7a8c.

Cheese dull; 10a10¼, 6a8.

Eggs dull; 15a16 14a14¼.

COST OF GRAY HAIR.

An Instructive Chat with a Learned New York Hairdresser.

Since it became fashionable to be gray the price of real gray hair has risen to enormous figures, says the New York *Sun*. A hairdresser in Sixth avenue recently filled an order for one of his customers for seven ounces of gray hair 28 inches long, and the price was $100 an ounce, or $700 for the order. The same amount and quality of light brown hair would have cost about sixty dollars. The high price is caused not only by the great demand that has sprung up for gray hair, but because good live gray hair is scarce. It is comparatively easy to secure scant, short gray locks, but few heads yield the beautiful pearl gray that is so fashionable when their owners grow old. The hair falls out, leaving what remains thin and of poor quality, or if it remains on the head the ends turn yellow and fray.

The ordinary lengths of hair supplied to order are from 20 to 28 inches. Gray hair is not often found so long, and, when it does grow that length, the owner is usually found in that class of society that takes too much pride in its hair to sell it. It takes ten times as long to fill an order for gray hair as for the usual shades of brown. The head of the largest hair house in this city said that he would not undertake to fill a gray hair order to a certainty within six months, as he would have to send to his European correspondents to get the goods. Almost all the live white hair comes from Europe, the Swiss and Italians furnishing a good share of it. They are accustomed to classing hair with their other crops, and to tending it with care, with the final sale of it in view.

Dealers draw a great distinction between live gray hair and dead gray hair. Live gray hair is taken from the heads of live persons, and does not have to be put through any coloring or bleaching process before being offered for sale. Dead gray hair is either cut from the head of a dead person, or more commonly it is hair that has been put through processes to make it gray that has destroyed its vitality and altered its structure. Dead gray hair is not worth much more than dead hair of any other kind. It is manufactured from mongrel shades of browns and hair that can be used for nothing else. It can be bought for from $3 to $10 an ounce, according to length, quality and shade.

The processes by which hair is made the fashionable shades of gray differ among the few hairdressers who know how to do it, and each has his own secret method. The base is peroxide of hydrogen, that takes out the color and leaves the hair ready to receive the gray shade. It is dangerous to color the hair of the head gray, and the hair can not well be subjected to the process of coloring without danger to the scalp and brain. Still there are women who are willing to run the risk that they may have a few silver threads among the gold or brown or black, or whatever the color may be. The operation of bleaching separate strands is risky and tiresome. A hairdresser will not do it if he can help it, as he runs the risk of ruining the whole head of hair. It is not so much the bleaching operation that is dangerous as the imparting a permanent gray hue to the hair. Even then it will not stay gray long, and the operation will have to be repeated as the hair grows, ending in the destruction of the hairs operated on by the chemicals employed in the operation.

The fashion of gray hair is the most recent of all fashions, and is variously attributed to actresses and Queen Victoria. The chances are that the actresses had more to do in bringing it about than the Queen had. Their gray hairs were caused by the judicious use of powder and coloring matter that wouldn't bear scrutiny off the stage. A demand grew up for permanent gray hair that hairdressers have been trying to meet.

Peroxide of hydrogen that is used in the primary process with gray hair is the same that some women use in bleaching their hair. It was invented in 1818 by a Frenchman named Thenard, and in 1858 was used by Dr. Richardson in prescriptions as a gargle for the throat. Its use as a hair bleacher is much more recent. It is hard, though, to turn hair gray that has once been bleached. Hair that has been thoroughly bleached—and the bleaching must be repeated several times before the color is fixed—seems to lose its vitality and to die. It can not be put through other processes after it has died, as the cellular structure has changed and the hair has become a spongy fiber. The women who bleached their hair and liked its looks at first will have to continue bleaching it every month or so as it grows out. The old hair is bleached as well as the new, and after a few years' bleaching it breaks and drops off for any cause. The only way to get rid of bleached hair is to cut it off. Its color can not be restored.

It is hard to bleach black hair properly. After soaking in the peroxide of hydrogen, which is the color of water, the coloring matter of the hair comes out and tinges the water. The operation may be repeated until the hair is very light, but the chances are against its ever becoming the baby blonde shade that is so sought after. Light brown hair bleaches best.

Monsieur L. Rauchfuss, the learned man who furnished most of the above knowledge, closed a little speech on the hair with a lament and a prophecy. "Women do not dress their hair any more. They curl it up on top of their heads and put a big hat over it, while all they come to a hairdresser for is to have the front of their hair cut after the way some actress cuts hers. The retirement of Empress Eugenie was a sad thing for the hairdresser's profession. It gave the making of fashions over to actresses. When Langtry came over all the women had their hair cut like hers. When Ellen Terry came there was short hair a la Terry. Now there will be some new actress come and the styles will change again. But this is not art. The clipping or curling or frizzing of the bang in this way or that way is not half dressing. The front hair is not all. It is only a part, and no attention is paid to the rest.

"I prophecy there will be a change in this. Women will tire of following actresses, and they will return to the old times. They will regard their hair, not their hats, as the chief adornment of their heads. There is more reason why men should wear their hats in the theater than women. Instead of tucking their hair up in a hat women will have it dressed and the profession of hair dressing will revive."

Our American Monte Carlos.

Europe, says the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press*, has exiled its professional gamblers to an isolated spot on the shores of the Mediterranean, in whose waters the despair that comes to all the worshipers in their gilded temple of fortune can make for itself a noiseless death and an unknown grave. But we have in the stock and produce and other gambling exchanges of every American city our Monte Carlos, whose shrines reek with the blood of a thousand victims to one that perishes on the altars of the Mediterranean Moloch.

CURRENT INTEREST.

THERE are in the United States more than one hundred miles of cable railway in operation, and there are upwards of fifty miles being built.

THE phrase "fast and loose" comes from an old jugglers' trick employed at country fairs. "To play at fast and loose" was to play this game, in which, after both ends of a string seemed securely fastened, the juggler suddenly slipped it away.

THOSE versed in palmistry and capable of discerning characteristics by the formation of the hands, say that imaginative people have beautiful finger nails and long taper fingers, and that small, well shaped nails indicate a good-natured critic.

THE new Croton aqueduct in New York will be the longest tunnel in the world. It will be thirty miles long and sixteen feet in diameter. In Schemnitz, Hungary, is one ranking next in magnitude, being over ten miles in length and a maximum diameter of nearly ten feet.

THE report comes from San Francisco that the market is overburdened with marriageable young ladies awaiting the appearance of the right man. This is owing to no want of physical attraction or mental capability, but, sad to say, a prevailing ignorance of every thing pertaining to domestic economy.

PROSPECTORS in New Mexico recently unearthed evidences of ancient civilization while excavating in the foothills near Socorro. They found the remains of human beings and various articles indicating a Spanish occupancy previous to that of the later Indians.

ABOUT the most marvelous piece of engineering skill displayed of late was the moving of a one hundred and sixty ton railroad bridge a distance of fifty feet in the space of eleven and one-half minutes. This feat was accomplished by thirty-two men with the aid of a carriage-way, windlasses, etc., and in thirty minutes after a train crossed the bridge in its old position another one crossed it in its new.

A PHOTOGRAPH that was very commonly seen twenty years ago was that of President Lincoln and his son Tad together looking at a large book upon the President's knee. The story of this picture is that while examining an album in a photographer's studio, the President was requested to remain quiet, and the picture was taken. This destroys the prevailent impression that the book in the picture was a bible, and the position a studied one.

ONLY three years ago some twenty young ladies of Massachusetts resolved themselves into a society with a constitution in which was graven the sentiment that marriage was slavery and men were a nuisance. In the short space of a year the pledge of this society was rent in twain, and to-day the organization is a legendary affair. Two thirds of the members embraced slavery and became possessed of the necessary nuisances.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., is possessed of a madstone which has been in use eighty years and has been applied to hundreds of persons who have been bitten by rabid animals, and it is said that no instance of death is recorded wherein this stone has failed to adhere to the flesh. In one case recently the stone adhered to a wound for fourteen hours, assuming a dark color, after which it dropped off. It was then cleaned in sweet milk and applied to another wound, remaining ten hours.

ON the last anniversary of the founding of Rome, the municipality of the city inaugurated a monumental column in honor of the illustrious astronomer, Galileo, before the palace of the French Embassy, in which he was imprisoned in 1632. The monument bears in Italian the inscription: "In the neighboring palace, belonging at the time to the Medicis, was imprisoned Galileo, who was guilty of having seen the earth revolve around the sun. S. P. Q. R., 1887." The Syndic and the University of Rome were present in eminent representatives.

IN the matter of pensions the members of the New York police force are particularly favored. The law provides that after twenty years' continuous service they may be retired on half pay. This gives six hundred dollars annually to patrolmen, eight hundred dollars to sergeants, and thirteen hundred and seventy-five dollars to captains. The law also says that no man shall be taken on the force who is under twenty-one or over thirty years of age. Hence, it follows that a great many men can apply for pensions when they are from forty-one to fifty years of age. If a man joins the force at twenty-one—and many do—he can retire at forty-one, before he has reached his prime, with an assured life income of six hundred dollars, and go into some other business.

IN writing of large sums received by some New York men for their services in different capacities a journalist says that very ordinary men receive from five to eight thousand dollars a year. There are a score of New Yorkers receiving each as much per year as the President and hundreds who have a salary of from ten to twenty-five thousand dollars. The large salaries paid to ministers range from ten to twenty thousand; the prominent journalist from four to twenty thousand; the leading physicians from twenty-five to sixty thousand and the legal lights realize as high as one hundred thousand dollars per year. In this connection it is stated that there are several horse-jockeys receiving from four to ten thousand per year for their services.

THE chocolate and cocoa of commerce are the product of the cacao tree grown in the equatorial Pacific. It produces fruit and flowers throughout the year, the flowers growing in clusters and the fruit maturing for gathering in June and December. The fruit is described as resembling a "short thick, cucumber five or six inches long and three and one-half inches in diameter, and varies in color from bright red to yellow and purple, according to the season and contains beans the size of a sweet almond but thicker." From these beans chocolate and cocoa are prepared. The term cocoa is a corruption of cacao, but is more commonly used in commerce. Cacao, which is called by the Mexicans chocolati, has been used by them for ages as a beverage. Cocoa is used more in England than chocolate, it being a slightly different preperation from the kernels of the same tree.

THE sad story of an old lady's violent death, and the almost human efforts of a noble dog to save her, was the substance of a recent letter from Portsmouth, N. H. The lady, accompanied by her dog, were walking upon a railroad when, unknown to the lady, who was very deaf, a train came down upon them. The dog heard the warning, however, and saw the danger. He seized his mistress by the gown and tried to draw her off the track. She turned, saw the danger, threw up her hands and fell fainting between the rails. Still the dog stuck to his purpose, and seizing her dress in his big teeth dragged her off the track so that only her feet lay across the rail. Before he could get her wholly clear, however, the train came rushing down, and she was ground beneath its wheels. The train was stopped and the dog was found faithfully guarding the mangled remains. A friend of the dead woman had to be sent for before he would allow any one to approach.

THE FAMILY BUDGET.

THE application of a little plumbago to creaking hinges is said to be a certain preventive.

IN the case of a sprain, twenty minutes' soaking in water as hot as can be borne will afford permanent relief.

BUTTER should not be added to soups and sauces until after they are taken from the fire, as boiling makes it taste strong and oily.

SHELVES and drawers that are infested by ants should be scrubbed freely with carbolic soap, and the crevices sprinkled with cayenne pepper.

THE use of vegetables will promote health, give a zest to the daily meals, and lighten the cares of the wife in providing palatable food for the men-folks and children.

A HOUSEKEEPER who was much troubled by the presence of cockroaches in her pantry, rid herself of them by deluging them with boiling water, and, after scalding the shelves thoroughly, sprinkling them freely with borax.

A STRONG infusion made by boiling smartweed for a few minutes in water, and applied when cold to window glass will effectually prevent flies and other insects from lighting on and specking it for twenty-four hours.

As a wash for the scalp to remove dandruff use a mixture of one ounce of flour of sulphur in a quart of soft water, well dissolved and allowed to settle before using. Saturate the head with the clear liquid every morning.

BREAKFAST CURD.—Boil one quart of water in a stewpan; beat two eggs and mix them with a quart of new milk; add them to the water with two spoonfuls of lemon juice or good vinegar. When the curd rises lay it on a sieve to drain.

CHERRY DUMPLINGS.—Mix thoroughly two cupfuls of creamery buttered flour with one cup of cold water; when mixed, roll out as thin as a wafer and cut into squares. Lay the cherries in the centre of each square, fold the corners together and bake in pans or put in cloths and steam or boil.

SALMON SAUCE.—Put into a saucepan a little parsley, a shallot, some mushrooms, and truffles, if to be had, chopped finely, also a piece of butter as large as a walnut; warm them together, add half a glass of white vinegar, some pepper and salt, let them boil gently for half an hour, strain and add a spoonful of oil.

A RING that fits too snugly on the finger may be removed by the use of a needle and thread. Thread a needle with coarse linen thread or silk, pass the eye of the needle under the ring to get one end of the thread above the ring; then wind thread around the finger (below the ring) tightly; secure the end of the thread; then unwind the end above the ring.

A VERY common and dangerous practice of some persons for the removal of foreign substances from the eye is to insert a flaxseed or an eye stone. A simpler and more efficacious method is to take hold of the lashes and draw out the eyelid and press upon it with a pencil point, thus turning it back and exposing the lining upon which the mote will most likely be found.

KEROSENE as an auxillary to washing is fast gaining in popularity. When put in water with white clothes, to soak over night, it is said to work like a charm. The rinsing has a great deal to do with the clear look of the clothes. Hard water is the best for this purpose, and only a little blueing is to be allowed. The chief thing is to get all the suds out of the articles. Colored fabrics should be washed for the first time in salt and water.

STOCKING bags are nothing new, but they are useful accessories to the sewing room and closet. In a large family it simplifies very much the assorting of clothes to be able to slip all the stockings belonging to Mollie in her bag, and those to Charlie in his, for boys' and girls' stockings get sadly mixed when the children are nearly of one age. These bags are made of linen or cretonne, on which the owner's name can be marked; or they can be designated by the color.

STUFFED HADDOCK.—Rub one and one-half ounces of bread crumbs and one ounce of dripping well together; one dessertspoonful of chopped parsley, one onion, a little salt and pepper. Bind all together with one tablespoonful of milk. Stuff the haddock with the mixture, sew it up neatly and put it into a baking pan. Brush it over with melted drippings or butter. Sprinkle it with one ounce of bread crumbs and bake in a moderate oven, basting it occasionally.

THE proper way to cook asparagus is to wash it carefully and break (not cut) into pieces as far as each stalk can be broken. When it will not snap off quickly the stalk is too tough to be used. Cook in boiling salted water, deep enough to cover, for fifteen minutes, or till tender. When the asparagus is not fresh and tender it is well to boil the hardest part first and add the tender head after ten minutes. Drain, season with butter and salt, or pour white sauce over it and serve on toast.

GREEN PEA SOUP.—Measure out a peck of fresh young peas, shell them, put them into a saucepan or porcelain kettle with a clean head of tender lettuce and water just sufficient to cover them, adding more if necessary. When soft, cream together six ounces of fresh butter and a teaspoonful of flour, put it to the peas and boil a quarter of an hour. In another vessel boil a quart of new milk and a large half pint of cream, aiding the peas, first removing the head of lettuce. Have the pepper and salt at the bottom of the tureen and pour in the soup without straining.

SALT RISING.—Take a pint of new milk, set on the fire and stir in corn-meal to make as thick as mush. Set in a warm place all night. In the morning it will be light. Put a gallon of flour in a bowl, pour in the mush and mix with warm milk and water, equal parts, add a tablespoonful of salt and a small pinch of soda. Make a stiff batter, cover and keep warm. In an hour it will be light. Work in flour to make a stiff dough, let rise, mold in loaves, put in greased pans, let rise and bake. This makes the sweetest and healthiest bread a family can use.

TO MAKE a pretty tidy take a piece of blue satin twelve inches wide and eighteen inches long. In the center applique a cross of black velvet, slanting the piece crossed. Cut from cretonne a spray of small flowers and twine them over the arms of the cross and allow the largest flowers to rest on the satin around the base of the cross. Secure the cretonne with buttonhole or clean stitch. Around the edges of the satin place a piece of black ribbon velvet two inches wide, and finish with antique lace edging.

EGG BREAD.—Mix one quarter pound of butter with one quart of Indian meal; add a heaping teaspoon full of salt and the yelks of four eggs, and stir in gradually a quart of cold milk; beat the mixture until it forms a smooth batter; butter the pan in which the bread is to be baked; beat the whites of four eggs to a stiff froth, stir them into the batter lightly and quickly, put it into the buttered pan, and bake the bread in a moderate oven for half an hour or until a broom-straw run into the thickest part of the loaf can be withdrawn clean. The same batter can be baked in smaller buttered pans or in buttered earthen cups.

ITEMIZED INDUSTRY.

THE value of silk annually imported into this country is estimated at forty million dollars.

A NEW brick composed of lime, sand and coke is intended for use in partition walls, and is recommended as a non-conductor of heat and sound.

A LOCOMOTIVE has been built in France with a view to the attainment of a speed of seventy-eight miles an hour. The driving wheels are eight and a quarter feet in diameter.

A MECHANIC at work on a soldering machine has invented an apparatus for the saving of fragments of solder wasted in the manufacture of cans, and by this means has enriched himself and effected a saving of fifteen dollars a day to each machine.

THE growth of cotton is fast gaining headway in the State of Kansas. Specimens having been sent South to cotton experts for inspection were declared first-class. Cotton raising, it is thought, will become one of the leading industries of the State.

IT is estimated that the industries of England employ three million women and girls. Fully one-half the working-class families are thought to be supported by women and that at wages so small as to give rise to the supposition that they "work for amusement."

THERE is being constructed on the Raritan Bay in New Jersey, what is expected to be the largest brick manufactory in the world. The mechanical appurtenances are of the most approved kinds, and petroleum gas is to be used for heating the boilers and in the kilns. The output from this plant is expected to be one million bricks every twenty-four hours.

A SILK colonization scheme has recently been set afoot at Olenton, Md., by a lady Californian, a member of the Woman's Silk Culture Association of the United States. One hundred acres of land have been secured for the purpose, to be divided between the colonists, each of whom is to pay two hundred and fifty dollars for appurtenances and instruction. One object of the enterprise is to furnish respectable and lucrative employment to women and children. The projector of this scheme claims that an article of silk equal to that of Lyons can be produced in New Jersey.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to mongers as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than any one in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

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L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.

MEN'S FINE

All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.

Former price $12.

Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,

In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.

LARGE LINE OF

Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,

Coats, and Coats & Vests at cut-rate prices.

Schwed Brothers,

my10

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cookin Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.
(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

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NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

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A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

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No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, AUGUST 6, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—Politics will ripen long before the buckwheat crop is ready to harvest.

—There will be a regular meeting of the Bicycle Club, Monday evening next.

—Next Wednesday is the regular club shoot day on the Middlesex Gun Club grounds.

—Fences have been built around the washouts on Somerset street, so as to allow vehicles to pass safely.

—The roof is on the new chapel now being erected at Fifth and Washington streets, for the accomodation of the growing Bethel Mission.

—The oil cloth works have shut down for repairs. A new floor is being laid throughout the building and other improvements made. The work will require about two weeks time.

—The "North Plainfield Debating Society" met on the sidewalk at the corner of Somerset and Race streets at eight o'clock last evening, and for a time carried on a spirited debate on the base ball question.

—The first of two organ recitals to be given by Mr. Frank Taft in the Crescent Avenue church, will take place this evening. The programme of popular music to be rendered is that published in our issue of Thursday.

—Director Hubbard of the Union county Freeholders took the liberty to order the new glass ballot boxes for Union county and he so informed the Board at its meeting on Thursday. The boxes will be delivered by Sept. 1st.

—Officer Grant says he hired a man named Totten to bury the dog found dead in Cutter's Alley, on Wednesday, as reported in THE PRESS, and that the work was satisfactorily done, notwithstanding all false reports to the contrary.

—Some of the elegant newspaper notices that Sweatnam, Rice & Fagan are receiving wherever they appear, complain that the audiences do not get enough of Billy Rice. We can't get enough of him, so our people are used to such disappointment.

—President J. H. French and Messrs. Vanderbeek, Lowrie and Spencer representing the Reform Club Executive Committee met at the residence of the President last evening, and among other business, endorsed the action of President French in arranging for the excursion to Rockaway beach on Tuesday next.

—The Central Railroad Company of New Jersey give notice to the holders of the adjustment mortgage bonds that out of the total issue of $5,254,000 dated May 1st, 1878, $4,569,600 have accepted the proposition of the company, leaving $684,400 outstanding, which will be paid at par and accrued interest at the Central Trust Company on or before May. 1st.

—Dog catcher Babbitt had an exciting tussle with a black setter dog, at the corner of Front street and Park avenue, about eleven o'clock to-day. Amboy fashion, 259 men and a boy looked on while the dog catcher waltzed around with the dog in the gutter. Some cried "shame," and others said "take him along," and James took him—in a wagon.

—The next excursion to Ocean Grove from this city is the justly popular one that leaves each season under the experienced and generous management of Messrs. Laing & Nelson. The best day for bathing is always selected, and the entire trip is more convenient than almost any other. The train leaves here at 8:30 in the morning, and permits of a stay at the Grove until 7:30 in the evening.

—A young man from the country, who has heretofore chased the "festive" brindle cow to and from pasture, came to town yesterday to see the sights. He dropped into a place on Park avenue, where the clerk in charge sent him from store to store with a paper bag in which he was to get fifty cents worth of saw dust. At one place where he applied, the proprietor asked the unsuspecting countryman where his truck was, at the same time calling on three men to load it up.

—Two fishermen from this city captured about 300 crabs from the waters of Newark bay at Elizabethport on Wednesday.

—A band of Arabs, consisting of one man, three women and two children, are about the city to-day disposing of trinkets.

—The ordinance adopted at the Borough Council meeting last evening, relating to the numbering of stores and dwelling houses, is practically the same as the one now in operation in this city.

—Everybody should do Mayor Cooley the justice of reading carefully his statement to the Borough Council last evening, in relation to the Simpson matter. We publish it in full in another column.

—We are informed that a Veteran Grand Army Post is about to be organized in this city, consisting of veteran soldiers who have served a year and a half at the front. A meeting will soon be called to perfect the organization.

—An eye witness is responsible for the assertion that one of the dog catchers shot a canine, a night or two ago, supposing that he had killed the animal, and that the owner came along the next morning and led the dog home, the latter apparently in perfect health.

—A youth named Vail attempted to board the first section of the excursion train as it was leaving the depot yesterday morning. He was thrown to the ground and nearly rolled under the wheels. He jumped to his feet and made another attempt, this time being more successful.

—Don't miss the Reform Club excursion to Rockaway Beach, Tuesday next, 9th, where you can enjoy splendid still water or surf bathing, boating and bathing, and have an opportunity to witness Prof. Baldwin in his unparalleled feat of jumping from his balloon, with the aid of a parachute, at an elevation of 2,000 feet.

Netherwood Notes.

The initiation of the new organ in the Chapel of Our Savior, to-morrow morning, will probably be at the hands of a special artist.

The Hotel party to see Babylon Fall at Staten Island, this evening, is one of those combinations the young ladies call a "horrid, selfish, stag party."

Tableaux on a very pretentious scale—with costumes from New York, and scenes from Shakespeare—are being arranged for Monday evening. They will be pictured on a real stage erected in the Hotel parlors.

Mr. James Anthony's break will take a jovial and a genial party, to-day, over the hills to Summit. They will be tooled along the Jersey valleys by Mr. John Talbot, and will be the guests of Mr. Anthony who has ordered a luncheon to meet them packed by Delmonico, bottled by Mumm, and relished by Jove—you know. The party will include Mr. and Mrs. James L. Anthony, Miss Gwendoline Anthony, Mr. James Anthony, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Haynes, the Misses Ella and Marion Haynes, Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan, Mrs. Henry Bowen, Mr. Talbot and Miss Talmadge.

Permanent residents and Hotel transients were this morning awakened by the post horns of a stage load of twenty, just returning from a reception tendered his friends at The Netherwood, by the Hon. A. A. Drake of Westfield. About twenty were in the party and right royally were they entertained by the courtesy and bounty of the host and his charming wife. The grounds of the Drake residence were brilliantly illuminated, and the supper spread was a most tempting one. The guests much admired the handsome house but recently finished and furnished, and thoroughly appreciated the successful efforts put forth for their gratification.

Justice Nash's Father Injured.

An accident occurred on the Newport News and Mississippi Valley Railroad, Thursday afternoon, and among a number of passengers injured was Mr. Francis Nash of Brooklyn, the father of V. W. Nash of this city. Our dispatch reports that Mr. Nash's spine is injured, and also that his wife is suffering from the severe shock of the accident. The unfortunate man was taken to a retreat for the sick at Richmond, and telegraphs from there to his son this morning that he is doing well. One of the morning papers, however, states, "his injuries are internal, and of such a character that his condition is critical."

Ketched Six Dollars Already.

The official dog-catchers have caught on well. The record to ten o'clock this morning was twelve dogs impounded of both sexes and all ages, kinds and sizes. Reckoning at fifty cents a head for each unmuzzled dog in this city of dogs, the office of dog-catcher proves theoretically to be the most lucrative in the gift of the Mayor. The candidates for vacancies that may arise, promise to be numerous.

Danger!

We are going to have a spell of weather. Signal Service Officer Shaw hoisted every rag off the bush, this morning. His flags read, "clear up cloudy; thicken up thin; snow, shower or sunshine."

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. S. Merritt Potter, and Mr. William Wann, are at the St. Clair, Asbury Park.

Messrs. George and Will Craig left this morning for Lexington, Kentucky, where they will visit, for two weeks, their aged grandfather.

The remains of the late Dr. Chase were to-day removed from the vault in Hillside Cemetery, and deposited in the family plot at that place.

Annie E., the wife of Oscar W. Dunham, of 57 East Fifth street, died about six o'clock this morning, after a long illness. The deceased was about forty years of age.

Joanna Collins, a maiden lady, aged forty years died at her home on John street, this city, to-day, from typhoid fever. Deceased had been sick about two weeks.

Mr. Martin I. Cooley and family have returned to their handsome residence on Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, after an absence of several weeks at Saranac Lake in the Adirondacks.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow, preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa R. Dilts, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning theme, "Transforming Power of the Divine Ideal."

Rev. Mr. Taylor, the rector, will conduct but one service in the Clinton Avenue Church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow at 5 p. m. During the month of August no morning service will be held in the church.

Rev. E. M. Rodman will conduct services in Grace church to-morrow, as usual, in the morning at 10:30, and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock. Rev. Mr. Rodman, accompanied by his daughter, will leave on Tuesday for a three week's trip to Orient Point, L. I.

An Englishman who arrived from the old country a week ago "per the Umbria," will return on that vessel to-day. He told a PRESS reporter yesterday that he was afraid the dynamiters would blow up all the vessels, and then he could not get home again.

Chief of Police Charles W. Dodd sailed from New York, per steamer Furnissia, of the Cunard Line, at seven o'clock this morning, for Glasgow. The Chief will sail from Glasgow on his return trip, per steamer Eithopia of the same line on September 8th.

Mrs. Frank Morse—*nee* Bird—was in Plainfield, yesterday, calling on a few of her many friends. Mr. Morse who is Superintendent of the Tide Water Pipe Line, expects shortly to sail for Germany and establish there branches of his Company's distributing stations.

Messrs. Thos. Keller and Thaddeus O. Doane, are the delegates from this city appointed to attend the national convention of the Order of American Firemen which convenes in New York city on the 9th instant, continuing for three days. On the third day Mr. John H. Starin will tender the delegates a free excursion to Glen Island.

The funeral of John J. Bell, a son-in-law of Mrs. Cornelius Boice, took place from the residence of the latter on East Front street, yesterday afternoon at three o'clock. Rev. K. P. Ketcham officiated at the service, and he was assisted by a clergyman from Newark. Interment was made in the Presbyterian Cemetery in North Plainfield.

There was fine fishing off the pier at Asbury Park last Friday, and many of the excursionists from this city engaged in the sport. Several fine striped bass were caught, and, as usual, Freeholder Vanderbeek hooked on to the big 'un, but failed to land him on account of his ancient line parting. It is stated that the genial countenance of the Freeholder fell several degrees when he lost that fish.

Mr. John A. Connolly, a relative of Borough Marshal Becker, has been a guest at the residence of the latter named, during the past week. Mr. Connolly is connected with the "Gold Heater Manufacturing Company" of New York, and during his stay in this city has been superintending the erection of a "Gold Patent Heater," in Mr. E. N. Erickson's residence on Eighth street, at a cost of about $300.

The Somerville *Gazette* says: "Messrs. Clark & Reed have engaged rooms over the First National Bank in Plainfield where they will open a law office about Aug. 10. This movement is made in pursuance of the demands of their clients in that vicinity and the new office will be occupied by the junior, but will have the supervision of the senior, counselor. This law firm is well-known in all the courts of Northern New Jersey as a reliable and trustworthy one."

Invitation to the O. A. F.

Mr. T. H. Keller is authorized to extend to the members of Anoskeag Council O. A. F. a cordial invitation to attend the opening exercises of the National Council at 141 East 8th street, New York city, on Tuesday August 9th. During the day a grand exhibition of the New York Fire Department will be given for the benefit of the visitors.

BOROUGH COUNCIL MEETING.

Mayor Cooley Makes a Statement in the Simpson Matter—The Council has no Power to call a Special Election for an Extra Appropriation.

The August meeting of the Borough Council was held in Warren engine house last evening, with Mayor Cooley in the chair. The following Councilmen were present: Messrs. McCutchen, Milne, Riker, Slater, Weaver. Councilman McGee was unavoidably absent. The Clerk read the minutes of the regular meeting of July 1st, and they stood approved as read.

Sundry license applications were presented, referred to the License Committee, and later, returned with the Committee's approval, and a recommendation to grant.

Councilman Weaver presented a communication from residents on Manning avenue, asking Council to have sidewalks laid on easterly side of said avenue where none now exist, and to cause repairs to be made to walks now existing on that thoroughfare. Referred to Street Committee.

A bill of J. A. Peebles, $7.90, was referred to the Street Committee, and Geo. P. Becker, $37.50 and $7.50 were sent to the License and Marshal Committee.

Clerk Arnold presented his monthly statement. It was as follows: Balance on hand at last report, $184; received for licenses, $25.50; total, $209.50.

Mayor Cooley sent the following communication to the Council, relating the facts in the Robert Simpson case. It was received and filed, and ordered spread in full upon the minutes:

To the Honorable, the Council of the Borough of North Plainfield.

GENTLEMEN:—As the Simpson case has attracted so much attention and caused so much discussion I deem it proper that you should have a statement of the facts in the case.

Both Mr. Simpson and his man had been warned that they were violating the ordinance of the borough in carting without a license, and as they persisted in defying the law, his man was arrested, admitted his guilt and was fined $5 and costs. He consented that we should hold the horse while he went to notify Mr. Simpson of his arrest, Mr. Simpson appeared and acknowledged that it was his horse and that the man was working for him, admitting too that he had been notified. He said that he would call and settle the fine and take out a license. The man was therefore released from custody. As Mr. Simpson did not keep his word and pay the fine, Mr. Jackson, the Corporation Counsel, advised me to levy upon the horse and cart, which was done. Upon further consideration the chattels were deemed insufficient to satisfy the claim and Counsel advised that they be returned to the owner. Still Mr. Simpson deliberately persisted in violating the ordinance. As he had commenced suit for damages, no action was taken until the suit was discontinued, although I was repeatedly urged to proceed with the case. After the suit was discontinued Marshal Becker made a sworn complaint and a warrant was issued. This was July 2d, and August 2d, Mr. Simpson was arrested and brought before me. He admitted having done the work without a license as charged in the complaint. Thereupon I adjudged him guilty, and as this was the second offence I sentenced him to the lock-up for ten days. His Counsel then made overtures with a view to having his client released. It was finally settled between Counsel that the suit brought by Mr. Simpson should be discontinued and upon his taking out a license, clemency was extended to him.

Respectfully submitted,
JUSTUS H. COOLEY, Mayor.

Mr. Milne, as chairman of the Special Committee, reported progress on the work of the Committee.

Mr. McCutchen, from the Committee on Laws, Ordinances and Elections, submitted "An Ordinance to establish the grade of certain streets and avenues or parts of streets and avenues in the Borough of North Plainfield, and to adopt and establish certain grade maps therefor." It was read by its title, then put on its second reading, and finally laid over for the third reading with the privilege of amending.

Mr. Slater from the Auditing Committee, returned as correct the above bills, and recommended the payment of the first bill, J. A. Peebles, from the road fund, and the remaining bills from the Borough fund. The report was received, the Committee's recommendation adopted and warrants ordered drawn for the payment of the several amounts.

Mr. Milne, from the Street Committee, gave a detailed report on the street work for the month, at the same time calling attention to the condition of Somerset street since the recent deluge, and asking Council to take some action with reference to the legality of calling a special election for the purpose of making an extra appropriation for street purposes. He reported that a portion of Somerset street was almost impassable, and also submitted the financial report of the Street Committee, both of which were, upon motion of Mr. Slater, received and ordered on file.

NEW BUSINESS.

Mr. Slater called up the ordinance presented at the last meeting relating to the numbering of dwelling houses and stores. It was read, amended and adopted by sections, then adopted as a whole, the same to take effect on September 1st, 1887. Mr. Slater moved that the Committee on Printing have fifty copies printed of the ordinance just adopted, and that the Clerk be instructed to have the required number posted in conspicuous places. So ordered.

Corporation Counsel Jackson who was present, was asked his opinion as to the authority of the Mayor and Council of the Borough to raise an extra road tax to repair damage done by recent freshets, or to call a special meeting of the Borough for the purpose. He read from the Borough laws of 1885, which provide "that the legal voters of the Borough shall annually by vote *upon the same ballot used in voting for Mayor and Councilmen* designate an amount of money to be raised by taxation upon the real and personal property within the Borough for road purposes," and which further provides "that no township or other road tax shall be assessed or collected within the Borough," and gave it as his opinion that as no change had since been made, neither the Mayor and Council or the voters of the Borough had any right to raise more money this year for road purposes—the voters of the Borough at the last election for Mayor and Council having designated the amount to be raised this year.

He further stated that the Court of Error and Appeals had laid the Carey case over until the November term, which he considered a favorable condition.

Mr. Milne said that of the appropriation made for road purposes, a trifle over $800 had already been expended, and there was yet available a balance of $770.49. He wanted the views of the Councilmen, as to which manner the Committee should proceed with the work.

Mr. McCutchen offered a resolution in effect that the Committee on Streets expend any part of the unexpended road fund to repair the damage done by the recent freshet, and that the Mayor and Clerk be authorized and empowered to borrow the money from any individual or corporation, executing a note for the payment of the same from the road fund. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Milne said the Street Commissioner had suggested that Somerset, from Hillman's bridge to the Borough line could be temporarily improved and made passable by using the second size stone with a top dressing of gravel.

The following resolution was offered by Councilman Riker, and adopted:

Resolved, That the Assessor be furnished with the names of the property owners (and the expense incurred) in front of whose property sidewalks was laid during 1886 by the order of the Mayor and Council at the expense of the owners, said amounts to be entered in the Assessor's tax levied against said property.

Mr. Milne said the bill of J. H. Wilson for stone, amounting to $386, was in the hands of the Committee. He made a motion, which prevailed, that $300 be paid Mr. Wilson on account, and a warrant was ordered drawn against the road fund for that amount.

The Council then adjourned.

Concerning the late David Squiers.

We are informed by those who were in attendance at the bedside of the late David Squiers up to the time of his death, that the report in circulation about his virtually starving to death, and that the body was so emaciated that great care had to be exercised in placing it in the coffin, is a base fabrication, and as such the undertaker and the brothers of the deceased have pronounced it. Two of the brothers sought advice last evening, and it is understood that proceedings for damages will be instituted against the person who started such a malicious lie. The brothers say that he never wanted for a mouthful to eat, and other trustworthy citizens and neighbors also vouch for the truthfulness of this assertion. They say that David Squiers received but four dollars from the Relief Association. One of the brothers says he was told that a few dollars had been collected for the family, but that was never received until he went after it. Other citizens, however, made up a purse a few days before he died, which they forwarded to the family, who acknowledged the receipt of the same. Dr. J. T. Fritts was called in at the instigation of friends, and pronounced the case incurable. We are requested to state that the service yesterday was in charge of the veterans of the war, not members of the G. A. R. The pall bearers were Peter V. Weaver, James H. House, John R. MacDonald, Chris Pope, John Anderson, Wm. D. Allen.

Yesterday's Excursion.

The combined excursion of the Trinity Reformed, First Presbyterian, Park Avenue Baptist and Dunellen Presbyterian Sunday Schools to Long Branch and Asbury Park, was as we predicted, a grand success. The total number of persons on the two trains was about 1,200. During the day a shower of about half an hours' duration interfered somewhat with the pleasure of the excursionists, but otherwise the day was perfect. The surf bathing was excellent and a large number of persons took advantage of this and spent several hours in the water. The return to this city was made in about an hour and forty minutes, and the excursionists arrived home before eight o'clock. The various Committees worked in harmony with each other, which doubtless, caused such satisfactory results.

OBITUARY.

Mr. Alfred J. Westbrook, past regent of Fireside Council, past grand regent of the State of New Jersey, and representative to the supreme council, died at his home in Westfield, during Thursday afternoon, as announced in yesterday's PRESS. Mr. Westbrook was a prominent member of the Royal Arcanum. One of the founders of Fireside Council, in Westfield, he was its first regent, and was afterward reelected. Last year he was grand regent of the State, and recently he was chosen representative to the supreme council. He was not yet 38 years of age, and gave promise of a long and useful life. He leaves a widow but no children. A special meeting of Fireside Council, R. A., No. 715, was held at its council rooms Arcanum Hall, Westfield, last evening, to take action in regard to the death. A committee consisting of Regent Grant and Vice Regents Sinclair and Conant was appointed to draft suitable resolutions to the death of the deceased, who was very active in the first organization of Fireside Council. They also resolved to attend the funeral in a body, and to meet at their rooms this afternoon at three o'clock and proceed to the late residence of the deceased on Prospect street. The funeral services will be held at 3:30 p. m. Brothers T. L. Murphy and W. J. Leonard of this city, will officiate. The body will be placed in the receiving vault at Fairview cemetery for the present as the family have not yet decided where the final interment will be made.

A Westfield Road Complaint.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Whatever fault may be found with our "Mayor's" model *highway* on North avenue, it is unjust that it should be attributed to Mr. Woodruff who simply obeyed his orders and doubtless received but his four dollars per day for himself and team. Political friends of our "Mayor," lay all the blame for the high narrow grading upon Mr. Woodruff. Mr. Miller personally directed and inspected the work, and will hardly thank his friends for giving Mr. Woodruff all the credit of his achievement. So far as completed the model crushed-stone-road seems to be simply an exaggerated copy of the *worst graded* road thus far laid. North avenue is the throat to the town—and a section of the only direct road from Plainfield to Elizabeth—and should be left or made *broad* however narrow a stone track may be laid upon it. Every new man that gets control of our roads seems to think he must try some new plan or theory to astonish the natives, and, in consequence, we already have a variety of samples. Is it not about time for the taxpayers to direct our roads to be made on some one uniform plan, whatever may be deemed best and save unnecessary expense through costly experiments? Broad street is the best graded crushed-stone-road we have, and it is one of the first laid; and North avenue should have been made nearly the same way. Country roads should be made to conform as near as possible to the natural contour of the land by *easy grades*. It is unnecessary to grade as for a one horse railroad track—besides it is too expensive.

JOHN J. WILLIS.

Needed Repairs on Fourth Street.

The attention of the Street Commissioner is called to West Fourth street, where the road bed in some places is about even with the gutters. This street is probably traveled, at least as far west as Central avenue, as much as any of the side streets in the city, and an occasional plowing up of the gutters and now and then a load of gravel dumped in some remote spot, is the only repair the street has had for a long time. A few days ago the Street Commissioner graciously deposited one cart load of crushed stone on the street, between Park avenue and Union Street, but since the recent rains the stones are as scarce as needles in a hay stack. It is understood that a petition is about to be circulated for signatures, which it is designed to present to the Council at its next meeting, asking that the street be put in good condition before cold weather sets in.

Berean Class in Danger.

Rev. J. B. Cleaver will take charge of the Berean Class of the Warren Mission, to-morrow afternoon. At the business meeting of the above class last Sunday, they failed to select a teacher or to transact any business of importance. The meeting terminated in a discussion over a certain individual suggested as their leader. This class of about 120 members should not be scattered for the want of a leader. There certainly should be and undoubtedly is metal enough among so many members to select one therefrom as their leader, one that has the true spirit within him and can impart it to others. Mr. Tyler, its former able leader for so many years, and who took so much pride in instructing and increasing its number and strength, would be grieved to hear of its weakness, now that it is full-grown.

—The boys are fast finding out where pears and apples are growing.

AN ABLE VOLUNTEER

THE NEW YACHT FULFILLS EXPECTATIONS.

She Walks Away from all the Noted Flyers with Comparative Ease—

A Grand Race.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 5.—There seem to be but two events in the season that the inhabitants of Newport take any interest in. The first is the arrival of the New York Yacht club fleet and the second the race for the Ogelet cup which usually comes off next day.

The harbor was alive with boats of every description. The yachts of the fleet not entered in the race were filled with guests, a majority of whom were ladies, while every tugboat and steamer unengaged carried hundreds to the scene of battle.

Interest was centered in the big Atlantic racers, the Volunteer, Mayflower, Atlantic, Puritan and Priscilla, the first named one, on account of her victory the day before, claiming the principal part of the attendance. The big steamer Bristol, her decks packed with people, lay near the new Boston boat until the latter weighed, anchor, and then accompanied her down the bay. The Mayflower, Puritan and Atlantic had started before her and were leading the fleet, while the Priscilla and Volunteer brought up the rear.

In the bay the racers found over two hundred yachts awaiting them with Jay Gould, on his big Atlanta, acting as commodore, and Norman L. Munro on his flying "Now Then" hanging around the big Atlanta, hoping for a brush. The flagship Electra, with the regatta committee aboard steamed down the bay at 10 o'clock and anchored off Beaver Tail Point.

The course for the yachts was to pass between the flagship and the lighthouse on Beaver Tail Point, and from there to the Sow and Pigs lightship, then to the Hen and Chickens, and finish between the flagship and the lightship off Brenton Reef, a course of about forty miles.

The indications were favorable for a good race. The sky was clear, with a few clouds to the southeast, promising wind. At this time the wind was blowing fresh, from about east southeast, and the big racers lay under their enormous press of canvass until the waters gurgled in their ice scuppers.

For fifteen minutes the fleet played off and on, waiting for the starting gun, and when it did come at 10:15 the Puritan was leading the fleet. As she neared the line her canvas standing out in beautiful curves a cheer went up for the beautiful yacht, although all felt there was but little chance of her winning against the four others flying down toward the line. She crossed at 10:16:25 and close hauled on the starboard tack, laid the course for the Snow and Pigs.

The Huron and Mischief followed, and then came the big sloop Priscilla, followed by the Bedouin, Iroquois, Magic and Palmer in the order named. The next to pass was the Volunteer. General Paine and Edward Burgess stood near the wheel and watched the Mayflower as she came tearing through the fleet. The Sachem and Phantom had crossed before the Mayflower, but the latter soon passed these and started in to reach the Puritan in the lead.

By 11 o'clock the Mayflower had shown that she was going to win if it was in her, while the Atlantic never sailed worse in her career. The former was sailing exceptionally well, and she overhauled the leaders, the Puritan, Volunteer and Priscilla, the gamblers began to hedge and the Mayflower became the favorite.

The Priscilla kept on after the leaders, but lost foot by foot to the Mayflower.

A thick fog was coming up from the southeast and by 2 o'clock had settled down on the fleet, hiding all but the Volunteer, Puritan and Mayflower from the view of those on the flagship, and even these three loomed dimly through the fog, so that it was impossible to tell which was leading. The wind increased in strength, and for half an hour they battled in the haze.

At the end of that time the fog lifted, showing the Volunteer in the lead, with the Puritan half a mile to leeward, astern of the Volunteer. The Mayflower was decreasing the distance between her and the Puritan, and was well to the windward of the Priscilla and holding a much better course. The Atlantic was astern of the Mayflower, but both it and the Priscilla would have to back to round the lightship of the Sow and Pigs. The Bedouin was also ahead of the Priscilla and close astern of the Atlantic at 12:57:56.

The Volunteer finished twenty-two miles of her race by rounding the Sow-and-Pigs lightship. Almost immediately her spinnaker was out, and a few minutes after her huge silk balloon jib topsail took the place of her forestaysail and jib, as she squared away for the Hen and Chickens. At 1:03:25 the Puritan rounded, and a few seconds later the Mayflower followed suit. She was to windward of the Puritan, and before five minutes had elapsed had passed her and was second.

The Atlantic rounded next at 1:10:55, followed by the Bedouin at 1:11:45 and the Priscilla at 1:12:45. In the twenty-two miles the Volunteer beat the Mayflower 4 minutes 16 seconds, the Puritan 9 minutes 11 seconds, the Atlantic 11 minutes 9 seconds and the Priscilla 16 minutes 56 seconds.

The big fellows flew over the seven and a half miles between the Snow and Pigs and the Hen and Chickens lightship, and rounded it in the following order: Volunteer, 1:45:50; Puritan, 1:53:57; Mayflower, 1:54:10; Priscilla, 1:58:02. Even in this short distance the Volunteer increased her lead perceptibly, and promised to increase it still further in the run home. She was a perfect picture as she lay down to the breeze, which by this time had increased to at least sixteen miles an hour. The Atlantic and the Priscilla, however, made the best time between the Sow and Pigs and Hen and Chickens lightship.

The run home was a beautiful sight and was made in one long stretch. The Volunteer from first to last gained in every mile both on and before the wind and reached home a winner in 3:14.07.

The Puritan finished next at 3:23:35, the Mayflower at 3:25:27, the Atlantic at 3:27:46 and the Priscilla at 3:32:14.

The Volunteer beat the Mayflower over the entire course by 8 minutes and 42 seconds, the Atlantic by 10 minutes and 30 seconds, the Puritan by 10 minutes and 53 seconds and the Priscilla by 18 minutes and 42 seconds. The Atlantic beat the Puritan by 20 seconds.

The test of the powers of the sloops was as fair a one as they are likely to get, with the exception of the Mayflower. Those who ought to know say that if the captain and the crew that were aboard the Volunteer had been aboard the Mayflower the result would have been a different one

Mills Destroyed at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 6.—Early this morning the New Era flour mills of this city were burned. Loss about $45,000; insurance $20,200, distributed among twenty companies. The cause of the fire was a hot box.

MRS. CLEVELAND TAKES A SWIM

She Outwits the Crowd and Has the Surf All to Herself.

MARION, Mass., Aug. 6.—Mrs. Cleveland took her first dip in the waters of Buzzards Bay this morning She enjoyed it hugely, all the more, perhaps, because she had outwitted the people of Marion, who had shown by their previous behavior their curiosity to see how the "first lady of the land" looked in the water. Only her mother accompanied her to the little beach thus honored. Every movement within the Hadley cottage was noted by many sharp eyes. The people knew that breakfast was later than usual, but those who saw Mrs. Cleveland accompanying Mr. and Mrs. Gilder on a moonlight row on the bay last night expected a late breakfast at the cottage. After breakfast the comfortable phaeton which has been placed at Mrs. Cleveland's disposal was driven up to the door.

Mrs. Cleveland handles the ribbons herself with much skill, and made a very pretty picture as she drove off. She wore a blue and white striped dress and gray jacket, with wide cuffs and a deep collar of white linen. Her hat was a white straw sailor with a band of blue and white striped ribbon. Her mother sat by her side. Everybody thought that Mrs. Cleveland intended taking a long drive. They made a mistake. Mr. George Delano has the only sandy strip of beach in the town of Marion, and that was her destination. His estate lies on what is called "Little Neck," and comprises 75 or 100 acres of grassy meadows and a wonderfully lovely grove of pines and oaks. At the edge of the meadow stands the little bathing house, and here Mrs. Cleveland took her plunge into the sea.

When Mrs. Cleveland drove back to the town the people saw at once that she had outwitted them. The little tendrils of hair about her face showed the effects of the water, but only in charming manner. Many women looked with envious eyes on the delicate curls, that only heightened the beauty of her features, and thought of their own locks, that persisted in standing like pokers whenever they indulged in a sea bath.

"She couldn't look like a wet hen if she tried," said one woman, and she told the truth.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

The epidemic of small-pox in Cuba is increasing.

Cholera has appeared in the suburbs of Gaeta, near Naples.

Consular Clerk William P. Tightman, at Berlin, has been dismissed.

Nearly all the Western railroads show decreased earnings during the past year.

It is said the Standard Oil company contemplates boring for natural gas in Chicago.

The pope and Emperor William have been exchanging very fectionate autograph letters.

The St. James and Eastern hotels at Dunkirk, N. Y., were destroyed by fire yesterday.

Pardaw Warsley, known as the "Union Spy of the Shenandoah," died at Fosterbrook, N. Y., aged 67 years.

The United States cruiser Atlanta has arrived at Gloucester, Mass., and will remain in the harbor a few days.

Mrs. Projak, a Bohemian woman, drowned her baby in a bathtub and then cut her throat in Baltimore.

A tornado in Cincinnati demolished several small buildings, killed two persons and injured a number of others.

Joseph Yingling, a school tax collector of Allentown, Pa., who died July 34, is found to be short to the extent of $5,000.

Four prisoners, including a murderer escaped from the Winchester, Va., jail. The murderer has been recaptured.

Sarah Bernhardt will make another grand tour in 1888, which will embrace India, China, Japan, Australia and America.

The president has virtually decided to make short stops at Columbus and Indianapolis on his way to St. Louis in October.

Yesterday was the hottest day in Buffalo since the signal service was established there. The thermometer registered 99 deg.

The Russian government has ordered the building of eight Greek orthodox churches in the Baltic provinces to assist in Russianizing the people.

The east shore cantilever arm for the Poughkeepsie bridge has been put into place, work is now in progress on the west shore cantilever arm.

"Gladstone Bricks," as the bricks from Hawarden are properly called, are being laid in the new court house in Boston, and the Irish bricklayers handle them with due reverence.

In the parade of the Ohio brigade, knights of pythias, at Dayton, the mercury registering 93 deg. in the shade, six officers and twenty-one knights were prostrated by the heat. All are recovering.

Thomas Cameron, of Chicago, became intoxicated at the Windsor hotel in Milwaukee, and fell from a fourth story window through a skylight into the office of the *Evening Wisconsin*. He was fatally injured.

The squaws, who were confined in jail at Aitkin, Minn., on charges of threatening to kill a white woman, have been released because the inhabitants were afraid of the bucks, who are gathering in large numbers.

The house of Krupp, the gunmaker of Essen, is about to institute legal proceedings against several French and Italian newspapers for having published articles alleging that the famous establishment had become pecuniarily involved to the extent of downright failure.

Near Greenwood, Va., on the Newport News and Mississippi railroad a first-class coach and two sleepers of the Louisville express train coming east were thrown from the track. B. W. Pettway, baggagemaster, of Richmond, was killed, his head being severed from his body, and about a dozen passengers injured.

The Bulgarian government has ordered that the state yacht, which is devoted to the use of the reigning prince, and which at present is moored at Rustchuk, be prepared for the reception of Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha. Prince Ferdinand will go on board the yacht at Orsova, as he does not wish to touch at any place in Roumania.

About 100 Mormons from Salt Lake are making application to the Dominion government for homestead lands in the vicinity of Medicine Hat, Northwest Territory, with a view to forming a settlement of the faithful. The matter is now under consideration. The minister of justice strongly opposes the introduction into the country of such a sect.

The Indiana state board of health report that many of the jails and poorhouses of the state are in a shocking condition and entirely unfit for human habitation. In some cases the stenches were so powerful that the inspectors were unable to enter the cells. In several instances the overseers of the poorhouses have been hiring the inmates out to farmers and pocketing the proceeds.

The brotherhood of locomotive engineers held a picnic at Lake Monomowa, near Council Bluffs, Ia. While a pleasure steamboat was returning from Manhattan Beach with a party of bathers on board the boat sprung a leak and sank. A portion of the canopy remained above the water and to this the passengers clung until rescued. Four persons are missing: Charles Ferson of Council Bluffs, Joseph Newman of Omaha and two others whose names are unknown.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 5, 1887.

Bailey, James Mrs	Little, John
Carlisle, Samuel Rev	Martin, Mamie
Carlisle, Maud Miss	McChugh, Thomas
Foss, Maud Miss	Randolph, J S Mrs
Gallagher, James	Rolutsch, Willie A Miss
Herman, Madame	Reick, Gotfried
Jenkins, Wm	Thomas, Louis
Keyser, Elizabeth Mrs	Thorne, James Lyon Jr
Ward, William (2)	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.: 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.: 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS, Depot Wagons, at moderate prices, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL.

Monday, August 8.

Sweatnam,
Billy Rice &
Barney Fagan's
New Mastodonic Minstrels.

OVER HALF 100 PERFORMERS.

THE ONLY
Sweatnam, Billy Rice, Barney Fagan, Frank Cushman, Charles Fostelle, Harry Armstrong.

20	END MEN	20
16	IN SONG AND DANCE	16
20	IN ORCHESTRA	20

Everything entirely new. Grand Free Street Parade through the principal streets, starting from Music Hall promptly at noon. Prices—50c., 75c., and $1.00. Seats at usual places Friday.

Grand Excursion
OF THE
PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB,
TO
Rockaway Beach,
ON THE
STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC."
WITH BRASS BAND,
Tuesday, Aug. 9.

Six hours for bathing, boating, fishing and visiting the various places of amusement. The success met with and universal satisfaction given on our excursion to this great watering place last year, prompts the management to predict for this the most enjoyable one from Plainfield this season, at the very low figures: $1.25 for adults and 75c for those under twelve years, for the round trip of ninety miles. Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m., sharp. Steamer leaves Jersey City 9.30; returning—leaves Rockaway 5.30 p. m. Tickets can be obtained from Executive Committee: Dr. Lowrie, A. Vanderbeek and H. N. Spencer; E. Lamphear, Treas.; J. W. A. Bauersachs, Financial Sec.; also from Club members and at the drug stores. 8-2-d6

--No. 8--
PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,
STAMPING!

GREEN'S
Furniture
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EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
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P. H. BENNETT,
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DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
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Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

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Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in stock a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m. to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Nothing has ever equaled the Low Prices
WHITE GOODS
Are Now Offered
AT PECK'S!

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
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GO TO
No. 33 Park Avenue
FOR
Musical Instruments
AND
Sporting Goods.
Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,
$20.
LATEST IN THE MARKET.
Children's Wagons and Carts. The Fisherman made Happy at
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
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DEALER IN
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COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.
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One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquafters for First-Class Goods.
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CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
I. LEDERER.
my10tf

A TRIUMPH OF JUSTICE

ELEVEN OF CHICAGO'S BOODLERS FOUND GUILTY.

Seven of them Get Two Years Each and Four Fined $1,000—Court Room Scenes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The arguments of counsel and judge's charge took up the time until late in the afternoon in the trial of the boodlers. When the jury finally retired the eleven defendants were immediately led to a separate room, and kept under watchful guard. Scarcely any of the spectators left their seats. Ladies sat in their seats and fanned themselves, and chatted gayly as between the acts at the play. Judge Jamieson descended from the bench, The lawyers who have been at swords' points during the trial suddenly became friendly again and acted with the levity of school boys just let out to play. From a solemn court of justice the place was transformed into a booth in Vanity Fair. The prisoners themselves caught the spirit. In their ante-room, with big baliffs darkening the door, they seemed to be holding an impromptu and uproarious session of the old county board gang. Van Pelt's falsetto voice mingled strangely with the gruff bass of Wren. They all said the end of the trial was a great relief, no matter what the verdict might be. After a wait of an hour and a half, Judge Jamieson, despairing of an early verdict, ordered an adjournment till 6:30 p. m.

At that time the jury was undecided, and at 7 p. m., sent word to the judge that there was no prospect of an immediate agreement. He ordered supper carried to them, and the crowd began to thin out.

About 8 o'clock information was received that the jury had reached a verdict. Instantly the court room was in commotion, while the people along the corridors and on the sidewalks were on tiptoe of expectation. The eleven defendants—some pale and nervous, others swaggering and defiant—stepped to their row of black chairs just as the jurors entered. The loud buzz of excited conversation ceased with startling suddenness. All of the jury studiously avoided looking in the direction of the accused. The faces of the talesmen were ominously grave. When the verdict was handed in, and the clerk with trembling voice announced one after the other of the entire eleven guilty, the defendants seemed rooted to their chairs, the very embodiments of despair.

Then began the list of penalties. "Commissioner McClaughry, two years." There was a start of surprise among the spectators. The extreme penalty of the law was three years and a fine of $1,000. Nothing less had been expected by the great majority of those present. "Commissioner Ochs, two years," read the clerk, and the defendants began to look up. Commissioners Leyden, Van Pelt, Wren, Wasserman and Warden Varnell all got two years, and every one looked measurably relieved, except Wren. He turned ashen and seemed utterly dazed. The crowd was now prepared for any surprise, and it came speedily in the following statement: "Commissioners McCarthy, Oliver, Casselman and Gells, a fine of $1,000." A look of unmistakable exultation took possession of the countenance of Buck McCarthy, the burly commissioner who had throughout the trial, and for months previous, been the most conspicuously attacked of all the crowd.

Immediately those of the defendants who had escaped with a fine were released on bail. The others were remanded to jail. A motion for a new trial for every one was entered by the defendants' attorney.

NEWS FROM EXPLORER STANLEY

He is Believed to be Safe With Emin Bey by this Time.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—Further advices from Henry M. Stanley say that on June 6 the expedition reached a point half-way between Yambi and Yambunga, the latter being the furthest point on the Arnwhimi reached by Stanley in 1883. Navigation was difficult and slow because the boats were carrying all necessary supplies for Emin Bey in addition to the supplies of the expedition. Stanley chose the Arnwhimi route in preference to the Stanley Falls route because he learned that by the former he would have better resources and because the natives were friendlier. He hoped that his steamers would be able to ascend the rapids above Yambunga, beyond which the river is easily navigable. Stanley expected to reach Wadelai about the beginning of August.

From the advices received Thursday it would appear that Stanley had been obliged to await the arrival of the contingents left at Bolobo and Leopoldville, and had adopted the overland route, which would occupy a fortnight longer.

Unfit for Habitation.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 6.—The state board of health met yesterday. Dr. Fritsche reported on a number of county buildings that he had visited. The jails in Lawrence and Perry counties, he says, are unfit for human habitation, and in the first named the stench was so dreadful that he was unable to stay in the cells a minute. The sewerage in both is very bad and he recommended the condemnation of both. The poorhouse of Lawrence county was in a horrible condition, and it is said that the overseer pockets the proceeds of the labor of all the inmates that he could hire out to farmers at $1 75 a week. Young children were forced to sleep with old inmates, who were afflicted with all sorts of diseases.

Abbott Probably Gone to England.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 6.—The police authorities have received despatches from Chesterton, Ind., stating that the Rev. William Thomas Abbott West, the alleged poisoner of Susie Beck, was in that place Thursday last, and that he went from there to London, Ontario, for the supposed purpose of getting money from his mother to help him out of his trouble. The opinion is expressed that he accomplished this, and that he is now on his way to England. It is further stated that his family are preparing to leave Chesterton for Canada.

Bids for Steel Ships.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.—Bids are to be opened at the navy department at noon on next Monday for the construction of three steel cruisers of about 4,000 tons displacement each, and two steel gunboats of about 1,700 tons displacement each. Plans and specifications have been asked for by nearly every establishment in the country capable of building vessels of the character required.

Short Corn Crops.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 6.—The *Journal* publishes statistics gathered by the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf railroad showing that the corn crop in southern and western Missouri, eastern Arkansas, and eastern Kansas will be about two-thirds of an average crop.

SHYLOCK LANDLORDS

TORIES INSIST UPON PAYMENT OF ARREARS IN RENTS.

An Argument in Commons—News from Explorer Stanley—The Thistle's Stormy Voyage.

LONDON, Aug. 6.—In the house of commons Mr. Balfour announced that the government did not expect to be required to make any communication to parliament regarding the suppression of dangerous associations in Ireland. The statement was received with cheers by the Irish members.

Mr. Balfour moved to recommit the land bill in order to permit the discussion of certain amendments and amended clauses.

Mr. Dillon urged that before taking a vote on the motion the alterations proposed should be explained. He demanded to know why no means was proposed of dealing with arrears of rent and declared that better protection of the tenantry of Ireland was necessary.

Mr. Balfour said the government would accept a workable proposal for dealing with arrears, provided that debts to landlords should be held as sacred as those due to shop-keepers and others.

Sir William Harcourt urged the government to accept the proposal of the Parnellites, giving the courts power to diminish arrears.

Mr. Gladstone said he could not admit that the justice was parallel between arrears to landlords and debts to other creditors. The bill was of great value, but the government's repeal of a reasonable concession of arrears would tend to destroy its benefits.

Mr. Smith contended that Mr. Gladstone was urging the government to give away money belonging to others. If tenants were to be invited to violate their contracts and ignore claims that were held as valid throughout the civilized world trade and commerce in Ireland would cease to exist.

MISS PENNEMAN'S ELOPEMENT

She Runs Away With the Lover Her Parents Had Persuaded Her to Jilt.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 6.—The people of the little town of Pleasant Valley are all agog over an elopement. The Pennemans are one of the leading families of the town. The oldest brother is the proprietor of a drug store, and his sister, Miss Carrie, acted as one of his clerks. Carrie had many admirers, but the contest for her hand finally settled down between two of the most ardent lovers, Frederick Donnemuth and Patrick O'Brien. The young lady thought she loved O'Brien the best, but the family were of the opinion that Donnemuth would make the better husband. Miss Carrie was finally persuaded to jilt O'Brien and she finally did so. On Wednesday Donnemuth and Miss Pennemnn went to Scranton, four miles from Pleasant Valley, ostensibly to purchase the wedding outfit. While in Scranton Miss Penneman called at the house of her cousin. Donnemuth was told to wait at a dry goods store until her return, but she never returned. Going out of the back door of her cousin's residence, Miss Penneman made her way to the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad, where she met O'Brien, and they took the train for New York city. A telegram received at Pleasant Valley said that the young couple had been married and were on their way up the Hudson on a wedding tour. Donnemuth returned to Pleasant Valley much depressed.

HALTED THE WRONG PARTY.

Negroes Provoke a Fight, and Several are Mortally Wounded.

NACOGDOCHES, Tex., Aug. 6.—At the close of a concert in the suburbs of the town last night, a deadly encounter occurred between seven or eight white boys on the one side and ten or fifteen negroes on the other. The negroes provoked the fight by halting the whites and drawing their pistols. Forty or fifty shots were exchanged at from ten to forty feet. One negro, Jeff Limmons, was found dead with a bullet through his heart. His pistol was still in his hand. Another negro, Porter Anderson, was found with a mortal wound. About a fourth of a mile off still another negro, Tym Thorn, was found with a large bullet in his shoulder, having passed under the shoulder-blade. He will recover. A negro named Levi Allison received several slight wounds.

Giles Holton was the only one of the whites injured. He received a slight wound in the hip and a severe and dangerous one in the leg below the knee, fracturing the large bone.

Trouble between the whites and negroes has been brewing for some time and it is feared by some that it is not over yet.

A New Northwestern Route.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—The event of the week in railroad circles is the opening of another outlet in the northwest, in the opening of the Minnesota and Northwestern railroad. The work of construction has been in progress for two years without any flourish of trumpets. Arrangements were made last week for an entrance to the city over the Wisconsin Central track, and through traffic to St. Paul as well as to Des Moines and other sections of Iowa was immediately commenced. The passenger equipment of the road is of the finest character, and an innovation in northwestern travelling is a daylight journey to St. Paul by a train leaving Chicago at 7:30 in the morning and reaching the twin cities about the same hour in the evening.

A Privileged Question.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Aug. 6.—The question how far a witness can be examined in surrogate's court in relation to matters which had occurred between a testator and his legal adviser, the latter being the witness in question, has been decided here. Judge Kenyon was the acting surrogate. The objection to answering a question was that it was a privileged communication, under section 835 of the code. The judge ruled in favor of the lawyer, who did not answer.

The Killen-Cardiff Fight.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 6.—The Killen-Cardiff fight took place in the presence of several thousands including all the city officials. The referee was unsatisfactory and totally ignorant of the rules. Cardiff took advantage of this and resorted to practices for which he should have been ruled out and which gave him an advantage in the first few rounds, which was finally overcome by Killen who really won the fight, but it was declared a draw.

McGarigle Sails for Gibraltar.

QUEBEC, Aug. 5.—A prominent Chicago gentleman, on a pleasure tour, said here that he had met McGarigle in this city. A man supposed to be McGarigle, it is said, took passage here to-day on a sailing vessel bound for Gibraltar, passing himself off as an invalid, although it was well known that he was in perfect health.

WON IN THE LAST INNING.

A Great Contest Between New York and Chicago—Other Games.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6.—For the first six innings it looked as though New York had Chicago suffocated, for in that time the home team had seen a base only twice, so deadly was Keefe's pitching and so perfect his support. Then Chicago began to do some batting, and by the aid of some close decisions of the umpire in their favor they tied the score in the seventh and won the game in the eight inning. There were many close points of play for Doescher to decide, and it so happened that Chicago got the best of all of them. The first case of hard lines for New York occurred in the fifth inning, when Gillespie opened with a single, and as he stole for second, Richardson's hot liner took him to third. He was careless enough to leave Clarkson an opening, and before delivering the ball to the bat it was shot over to Burns and Gillespie declared out. Ewing objected strenuously to the decision, but all to no purpose, so that instead of a man on third and another on first, with nobody out, there was one out and one on first base Keefe foul tipped to Flint and Gore popped up a fly to Clarkson. In the sixth there was some nice hitting by the visitors, which netted them three runs, two being earned.

Chicago.....	0	0	0	0	0	3	4	0	—7
New York.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0—3

Chicago—Base hits 9, earned runs 6, errors 2. New York—Base hits 12, earned runs 2, errors 2.

Detroit, Aug. 6.—Boston was defeated 8 to 5. Only sharp work on the part of the visitors prevented a much larger score, as their pitcher, Conway, was badly punished and Kelly had to take his place in the box. Detroit scored 20 hits. Gruber baffled the Bostons and they only made 7 hits.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 6.—The home team was defeated by Washington 5 to 1. Pittsburg made 8 hits and 3 errors; Washington 12 hits and 4 errors. Pitchers, Morris and Gilmore.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 6.—The Philadelphia-Indianapolis game was prevented by rain.

American association—Brooklyn 5, Baltimore 1; Athletic 7, Metropolitan 4; St. Louis 0; Cincinnati 5; Louisville 10, Cleveland 13.

International league—Binghamton 5, Buffalo 0; Hamilton 5, Syracuse 6; Game called—rain; Bochester 7, Wilkesbarre 2.

A Thousand Acres of Prairie Burned.

JOLIET, Ill., Aug. 6.—After the prairie fire which raged all day in the vicinity of Manhattan had been got under control, it broke out afresh further down the railroad in another place and burned over a thousand acres. One house was destroyed. In some places the flame was from twenty to thirty feet high and the running blaze an average of ten feet high. The fire went faster than a man could run. Everybody turned out to fight the fire, which was finally subdued near Matteson. A large area was burned over, and in the woods the fire is still burning. It burns the largest trees down and burns them out by the roots, making holes in the ground in some places five feet deep.

Rough Weather for the Thistle.

BOSTON, Aug. 6.—Captain Dutton, of the steamer Bothnia, now at this port, says that if the yacht Thistle sailed from Glasgow on the 25th of July she must have encountered very heavy westerly and southwesterly gales, with tremendous seas, as the Bothnia experienced such weather on the 26th.

A Railroad President to Resign.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 6.—Christopher Meyer of New York, the largest individual stockholder in the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad company, is authority for the statement that to-day, President Stayner, of Ives & Stayner, will resign, and that a Cincinnati man will be chosen in his place.

Gossip from the Diamond.

In Binghamton church sociables and picnics are given to support the club.

Pittsburg has a trio of heavy batters and good catchers in Miller, Carroll and Field.

Just now, if the ball was as small as a pea, Fogarty, of the Philadelphias, could hit it.

Although Morris has pitched in sixteen games for Pittsburg this season he has not stolen a single base.

Radbourn and Madden and each pitched in 15 winning games. Radbourn had lost 13 and Madden 7.

Captain Denny, of the Indianapolis team has joined the few players who scored 100 base hits this season.

Carroll, of the Washingtons, has made two errors in twenty-three games and three errors in thirty-six games.

Buffinton has not hit a batter this season. Madden of the Bostons hit 15, and Baldwin of the Chicagos 13.

No short stop can back up positions as quickly, cleverly and successfully as Williamson of the Chicagos.

Shortstop Ward has stolen 70 bases this season. He doesn't need men to bat him around as does Gore, who has only got 20 to his credit.

Arthur Irwin, of the Quaker City nine, has made errors in but two out of the last twelve games, having accepted 69 chances out of 75, an average of .945 for these games.

The veteran catchers, Snyder and Flint, hold out well, and are still doing as much work as their young associates in the diamond—Bushong, Deasley, Bennett and O'Rourke.

A meeting of the league directors to decide whether the forfeited Detroit-New York game should be thrown out will probably be called when the western team come east.

Bastian, the Philadelphia second baseman, keeps up his fielding well, but is off in batting. He has made but one error in the last eleven games and hasn't made a hit in six straight.

Providence has sent out many ball captains. Irwin, of the Phillies; Farrell, of the Washingtons; Ward, recently captain of the New Yorks, and Denny, of the Indianapolis, make up half the league force of captains.

As to the outcome of the championship race every man in the Chicago team expresses the belief that it is not Detroit nor yet Boston with whom the race is to be settled, but that New York is the club with whom Chicago must fight the final battle with.

It would be well for everybody to keep an eye on Philadelphia and New York. These clubs are not so very far behind, and what is more interesting, they are playing stronger ball as the season advances. One or both of these clubs will cause some trouble.

The league now has twenty players who are credited with 100 base hits or more. Among them are Ewing of the New Yorks; Brouthers, Rowe, Thompson and Richardson of Detroit; Anson and Ryan of Chicago, and Kelly, Wise, Nash, Morrell and Hornung of Boston.

August 1, 1886, the Bostons were 26 games behind the Detroits, and their record was 29 won, 38 lost; percentage .432. At the same time the Washingtons had won 11, lost 53, with a percentage of .171. The Detroits had won 55 and lost 14 to 45—26 this year. August 1 last year they had a clean lead of five victories. This year they had a lead of three games.

WM. K. MCCLURE,
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Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
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Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale.
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Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Stralners for drawing and oil painting.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c.
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5-27-tf

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.32, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.35, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.32, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, a. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 5.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9,40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 4.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1,22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 9.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9,18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS,
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!
J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m.
my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods.
6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention.
my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M.
my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished.
my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street.
my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY.
my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to.
7-22-tf

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED.
my10tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET.
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, **$3.50 per Dozen.**
my10y1

FIRST-CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

DON A. GAYLORD.
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST.
10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF
16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER.
my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Front Street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE.
my10tf

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Sunday Papers.
Can be had at 21 North avenue. Delivered to all parts of the city.
my11t4 MOSHER & BULMER.

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me.
my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited.
6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986.
my10tf

ANOTHER FISHERMAN SEIZED

Admiral Luce's Circular for the Guidance of American Fishermen.

HALIFAX, Aug. 6.—Rear Admiral Luce has been obtaining all the information possible relating to the fishery troubles while he has been here, and he issued a comprehensive circular for the guidance of American fishermen who frequent northern waters. He states in simple language the terms of the treaty of 1818 and guided by the grounds on which seizures have recently been made, strongly recommend masters to report to custom house or cruiser officers immediately on arrival in port, not to allow the crew to traffic with the people on shore, and, if seized, to make no statement to any person except a consular agent, and that should be done as soon as the vessel is taken. He says it is bad policy to allow sails to hang over the taffrail, as it looks as though the name of place or hail was being purposely concealed. He summarizes the decision of Chief Justice in he J. H. Nickerson case as follows:

Canadian courts have already decided that the presence of an American fisherman inside the three mile limit, and not being on his way to obtain necessary wood, water, repairs, or shelter, is prima facie evidence of his intention to violate treaty obligations by fishing.

Seines and boats, he says, that are carried within the prohibited limit by the tide are liable to seizure. He urges American fishermen to retain the sympathy of the American government and the American nation by obeying Canadian laws in the minutest details.

At Souris Collector Foley seized the fishing schooner J. H. Perkins, Captain McDonald, of North Haven, for violating the customs laws in shipping men in Canadian waters. It appears that Skipper McDonald had arranged to have the men row outside the three-mile limit in dories, but the Perkins was only two miles out when she took four of the men on board at 10 o'clock on the night of July 29. It also alleges that she smuggled two men on board while lying in Souris harbor on Wednesday night. The information was made by two of the Perkins's crew. The vessel will doubtless be mulcted in $800 fine for the two offenses.

Canadian Knights Talking Secession.

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 6.—There is some talk among the knights of labor here as to their breaking away from the general assembly. The Canadian knights have been sending levies to Philadelphia to pay for legislative committees, and for work which is no practical use to them. They have not been allowed any funds for a Canadian legislative committee which they think they are entitled to. The question is likely to be brought forward by the Canadian delelegates at the next meeting of the general assembly at Minneapolis.

Bullets Instead of Kisses.

WOOSTER, Aug. 6.—Austin McGlennen was jailed yesterday for shooting at Matilda Weldrich. McGlennen, it is said, was infatuated with the girl, and because he refused to let him kiss her, he fired five shots from a revolver at her. Every bullet took effect but only flesh wounds were produced.

Slain by His Fellow Butcher.

MONTREAL, Que., Aug. 6.—John Carroll and D. O'Connor, butchers, quarrelled yesterday, when Carroll seized a butcher knife and inflicted such wounds on O'Connor's throat that he died.

Industrial Notes.

Fall River knights of labor will celebrate labor day by an excursion and picnic.

A strenuous endeavor is to be made by the members of district assembly No. 30, knights of labor, to start the Chelsea cooperative elastic web factory.

The charter applied for by the iron workers' national assembly has been signed by general master workman Powderly, and it will be issued in a week or two.

Notices have been sent out by district assembly No. 30 especially urging that every local assembly in the district, in some form or other, observe the first Monday in September as the first legal labor holiday.

District master workman Robert Howard of D. A. 30 of Fall River, Mass., thinks that it is probable that the spinners in all the mills of Fall River will strike before very long unless there is an improvement in the materials on which they work.

The difference between the Wilmington Malleable Iron Company and its moulders, which resulted in a lockout on last Monday, have been satisfactorily settled through arbitration. The men returned to work yesterday. Both sides appear to be thoroughly satisfied.

The executive committee of the united piano makers met on Wednesday. From Kreuger's shop it was reported that the boss promises to discharge his scabs, and that he wants to engage bottom makers, but that only union men should apply. Complaints were entered against Dillanau's shop and steps were taken to remedy the evils complained of. Decker Brothers want a number of bottom makers, all of whom must be members of the union.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Local rains, warmer, followed by cooler weather during Saturday, followed by cooler weather on Sunday morning, winds shifting to southerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 5.—Money on Call at 3 per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s	1891, reg.	109	108½
4½s	1891, con.	110	110¾
4s	1907, reg	128	128½
4s	1907, con	128	128½

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—The market of the afternoon was very strong, reaching the highest prices of the day, though with an occasional reaction.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	57	56¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	141	142½
Central Pacific	37¼	37½
Del. & Hudson	101½	101½
Del. Lack. & W.	129¾	131¾
Erie	30	30½
Erie pref.	67¼	68½
Lake Shore	93½	95
Louis. & Nash.	61½	62¾
Michigan Central	84	85½
Missouri Pacific	98¼	—
N. Y. & New Eng.	44½	44½
N. J. Central	73¾	75¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.	103¾	1 10
Northwestern	114½	116¾
Oregon Navigation	93½	94½
Pacific Mail	39¾	—
Reading	54½	56½
Rock Island	127	—
St. Paul	81½	83
Union Pacific	55¾	56½
West. Union Tel.	73½	74¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Wheat	78½	79¾	80¾
Corn	46	47¾	48¾
Oats	31¾	31¾	32

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery—Eastern 23a24c.; Western 22a24c.; Dairy—Imitation, 14a15c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a21c.; Western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15½; low grades, 7a8c

Cheese dull: 10½a10¾. 6a8.

Eggs quiet but steady; 15a16 14a15.

BEYOND OUR BORDERS.

THE roll of Eton contains 964 names, the largest number on record. There are 541 registered at Harrow.

THE estimated population of Africa is two hundred millions, fully two-thirds of which is made up of negroes and Hottentots.

INDIA is reported as a prominent wheat-exporting country, although raising only 258,000,000 bushels to her two hundred millions of population.

AN elaborate history of the conquest of England by the Normans is being prepared by King Leopold, of Belgium. The King has visited the scenes of old-time conflicts in order to further the perfection of his work.

REPORTS from artists abroad say the American artist is held by all in the highest esteem. The great art schools receive him cordially and as though a native born. It is said that in France particularly is this kindly feeling manifested.

ENGLISH correspondents say the British Museum is the repository for a complete history of the art of engraving from its inception. There is a full representation of every branch of the art, and ample opportunity for an interesting study is offered.

IN speaking of the marriage customs in the region of Sheffield, an English vicar stated that the people there are married in batches; that the "bridegroom almost invariably got the ring too small, and had at times to lick the lady's delicate little finger to induce the stubborn ring to move on."

A COMPANY in London, Eng., furnishes water at a pressure of seven hundred pounds to the square inch, to customers, for running elevators, printing-presses, pumps, etc., through the medium of water-motors. The company has twenty miles of main laid, and furnishes water for four hundred and fifty-eight motors.

HUNGARY has within its borders one hundred and forty-three towns, in seventy-four of which the Magyar element predominates, in twenty-four the German, in twenty-four the Slavic, in six the Roumanian, and in one each the Servian and Bulgarian. Thirteen towns are not marked by the distinct preponderance of any nationality.

THE King of Italy has signed a decree authorizing the publication of a new and complete edition of Galileo's works, at the expense of the State. The Ministry of education has, with the co-operation of leading scientists, undertaken the preparation of this edition. It will comprise twenty quarto volumes, of about five hundred pages each.

THE library of the British Museum now contains more than two million books, which occupy three miles lineal of bookcases eight feet high. The library has increased to such an extent that the disposition of the books has become a serious difficulty to the authorities. There is still so much crowding that in a very short time the state of the library will necessitate the building of a new wing, unless other means are devised to obviate the difficulty. The scheme which has now been considered by the trustees and has received their sanction is one for the introduction of movable presses into the library.

AN English paper calls attention to the movement toward building ship canals. As showing the extent and nature of the movement, it instances the Panama and the North Sea canals, on which work is being actively pushed. It also mentions the canal across the Isthmus of Corinth, which it is expected will be finished in about two years. The fact that trade interests, large as they are, bear only a secondary part in the construction of the North Sea canal, is noted as showing the interest which Germany takes in her navy. The canal really is a military road in case of war. To make her fleet more effective Germany is willing to spend nearly £8,000,000 on a canal.

A VERY valuable vail with an interesting history is the property of the church of Meixoti, Mexico. For nearly three centuries Spaniards were in the habit of vowing a jewel to the vail of Our Lady of Meixoti if they returned safely from a voyage to Spain until, in Maximilian's time, the vail was bejeweled to the value of $200,000. Three German adventurers, after Maximilian's downfall, determined to carry away this vail as booty. They laid their plans with great care and caution and secured the vail, but in some way they were discovered, and a party of pursuers overtook them in a narrow pass, where two of them were killed, the third escaping under cover of darkness, leaving behind him, however, the precious vail, which was regained and restored to the altar, where it is now more vigilantly guarded than ever.

ON the occasion of the fiftieth anniversary of her reign, Queen Victoria was presented by the Emperor William with a dinner service of the famous Dresden yellow ware, consisting of upwards of 600 pieces. The plates have medallion portraits of Her Majesty's celebrated contemporaries and incidents of her reign. There is an enormous counterpiece, surmounted by a statuette of the Queen, and all around it are medallions, portraits in relief of the members of the royal family. This splendid gift is a worthy addition to the art treasures of Windsor Castle, where there is some of the finest Sevres in the world. In the grand corridor there are three unique Rose du Barri vases, valued at $100,000, and in the green drawing-room there is the famous Sevres dinner service, which could be sold for $250,000 any day.

IN an account of the marriage customs of other countries, the method practiced in Singapore is given: The damsel is given a canoe and a double-bladed paddle, and allowed a start of some distance. The suitor, similarly equipped, starts off in chase. If he succeeds in overtaking her she becomes his wife; if not, the match is broken off. It is seldom that objection is offered at the last moment, and the race is generally a short one. The maiden's arms are strong, but her heart is soft and her nature is warm, and she soon becomes a willing captive. If the marriage takes place where no stream is near, a round circle of a certain size is formed, the damsel is given half the circle's start, and if she succeeds in running three times round before her suitor comes up with her she is entitled to remain a virgin; if not, she must consent to the bonds of matrimony. As in the other cases, but few outstrip their lovers.

IN connection with the erection of a tomb in Lahore, there is a romance of considerable interest. The tomb was built for the reception of the remains of the Emperor Jehanjir, by the most honored of Mohammedan women, Noor Jehan, his wife. When only heir-apparent, Jehanjir became enamored of this woman, who was married to one of his followers. Upon gaining the throne the Emperor caused the husband to be slain and eventually secured the wife. She became exalted in the land, and is said to have invented the fine perfume known as "attar of roses." Upon Jehanjir's death she had the tomb built and then retired from the world, vowing never to wear any thing but spotless white as a token of inconsolable widowhood. It is said she lived many years afterward upon a comfortable annuity of one million dollars.

SINGULAR TRIFLES.

A TRAMP out West related that for a long time he had been living as high as a giraffe from the revenue of postage stamps that he had begged for the purpose of "mailing a letter to his wife." When arrested for vagrancy, he had a regular post-office supply of stamps on hand.

TRAVELERS in Mexico meet with difficulty in obtaining water of a good quality, sufficient for drinking purposes. The rapid evaporation renders the throat very dry, and there is a constant desire to drink, but the water of the country is of such an unhealthy nature as to entail incurable ills.

THERE has been discovered in the mines of Mexico a system of robbery by which the native miners more than doubled their daily wages. Detectives sent among the men found that they plastered their shoes with mud, and upon this sprinkled particles of silver and then another layer of mud. The earth from their shoes assayed at the rate of three thousand dollars to the ton.

A SOMEWHAT remarkable game of cards took place between four blind men of Pennsylvania recently. The cards were devised and manufactured by one of the participants in the game, who was, by the way, a loser. A singular feature of the game was in the fact that ordinary poker checks were used, the players discerning by the sense of touch the value of each as denoted by its color.

It is said that in Portland, Me., there is a man with a false nose, a glass eye, but three fingers and one thumb, one ear, false teeth, false hair and a cork leg. For all this he is the liveliest man in Portland. He walks ten miles every day, rain or shine. He has had three wives, and survives them all, and has refused five chances to get married again, so he says, since he buried his last wife, about a year ago.

THE only known instance of a priest's acting as a fireman was that of Rev. Edwin Collins, of Cincinnati, who some time in the forties not only joined a fire company, but rendered active and efficient service at fires. It certainly must have been a strange sight to see a man in the garb of a priest, and with spectacles on his nose, mingling with the firemen in their dangerous work.

WHAT will be the largest dam in the world is to be constructed in the San Mateo canyon in California. The dam will consist of a solid wall of concrete from hillside to hillside. It will be 700 feet long, 175 feet high, 175 feet thick at the base, and twenty feet thick at the top. The reservoir which will be formed by this dam will have a capacity of 32,000,000 gallons, and some time in the future will be connected with the San Francisco water-shed by a tunnel five miles long.

THE Chinese have a novel mode of capturing ducks in California. They hollow out a pumpkin and place it over their head with holes for the eyes. They then go into the water and walk about with just their pumpkin-covered heads above the surface. The ducks mistaking the pumpkin for something eatable, or prompted by curiosity, draw near and are seized by the legs and drawn under. As many as half a dozen at a time are often taken in this manner.

THE story of Cinderella has its origin in the history of the Egyptians of twenty-four hundred years ago. Cinderella was rightly named Rhodope and she lived in the reign of King Psammetians whose Queen she became through the agency of the very small shoe she wore. The legend is, that an eagle, mistaking one of her dainty sandals for food, seized it, and in its flight dropped it in the King's lap who so greatly admired it that he caused his servants to search out the owner and convey her to him, which was done with the above result.

A STORY comes from London of the breaking off of a match between a young couple through the instrumentality of a mischievous parrot. On one occasion the gentleman called to see his betrothed and being requested to await her in the parlor waited until he became impatient and went in search of her. Upon knocking at the library door he was bidden to enter when he beheld his lady-love in earnest conversation with a gentleman caller. He drew back, and while hesitating was greeted by the sounds of kissing and smacking accompanied by laughter. The whole was the work of a parrot stationed just inside the library door, and the result was the separation of the couple.

INTERESTING VARIETY.

THE city of Boston has over twenty-two thousand inhabitants above ten years of age who can neither write nor read.

IT is estimated that 10,000,000 acres of timber land are annually used in this country in the supply of wood for lumber and fuel.

THE strongest men are the most tender-hearted. The coolest and sweetest waters flow from under the greatest rock.—*W. W. Battershall.*

AN artificial wood made from straw and rendered thoroughly fine and waterproof is among the latest productions of American enterprise.

AN elevated railway line in New York City one day recently transported 571,412 passengers, an excess over the usual number of 14,000, the receipts for the day being $28,570.

A SINGLE steamboat on the Mississippi river recently landed in one trip 31,388 tons of coal. This would require 2,000 freight cars and 50 engines, if shipped by rail, and was the largest load ever taken by a single boat down the river.

THE statement of the Postmaster-General of the United States shows that the force employed by the department numbers fully 95,000 men. This is, undoubtedly, the largest number of employes under any one civil official in the world.

IT is estimated that the actual amount of money in circulation in this country is about $9,000,000, making some $16.25 to the per capita of population. If that is the case, and we were compelled "'vide up," some of us might be out two or three dollars.

THE French proverb, "she still tosses the salad with her fingers," springs from the custom of the French of mixing by hand, at the table, their light dinner salads. The task is generally allotted to some fair lady at the table who is possessed of rosy-tipped fingers.

A CALIFORNIAN is building, on the seashore near San Francisco, a sea aquarium on a new and novel plan. It is fifty feet in diameter, built of rock fifteen feet thick and fourteen feet high. It is constructed so as to receive the flood tide of the sea, which, upon receding through screen-gates, leaves imprisoned in the aquarium the strange and varied objects of submarine life.

As a figure to illustrate the insignificance of man as compared in size with the rest of the universe a newspaper says "He is smaller than an elephant, and an elephant is smaller than a mountain, and a mountain is smaller than the world, and the world is as a mustard seed compared with the sun, and the sun itself is a mere mote in the dust-cloud of spheres that stretches out through the universe beyond the reach of thought.

SCIENTIFIC STRAYS.

IT is said an alcoholic solution of oil of wintergreen rubbed on marble surfaces will prevent annoyance by flies.

A SUPERIOR grade of white marble has been unearthed in Texas on the line of one of the new railways. Arrangements are being made for the opening of quarries in this apparently inexhaustible field.

PARIS has two establishments for the treatment of disease by electricity. Induction machines of English make are used, and the electricity is applied to patients through the medium of insulated chairs.

A POWERFUL dynamo machine, said to weigh 22,000 pounds, was made some time since for use in Alabama in the production of aluminum from clay. Over three tons of copper wire was used in its construction.

RECENT intricate experiments have determined that the surface of the earth is never absolutely at rest for more than thirty hours at a time. Thus it may be seen that earthquakes are no more nor less than pulsations of an undying power.

AN imitation ivory is being manufactured from potatoes saturated with diluted sulphuric acid, then boiled in the same until solid and dense. The acid is afterwards wholly removed and the substance thoroughly dried. This composition bids fair to vie with celluloid.

A SUPERIOR black varnish for iron-work is made as follows: Fuse eight pounds of asphaltum in an iron kettle, then add two gallons boiled linseed oil, one pound litharge, one-half pound sulphate of zinc, and boil for three hours. Then add one and one-half pounds dark gum amber and boil two hours longer. Thin to the proper consistency with turpentine.

THE solidifying of petroleum for use as fuel is being practiced by the Russian Government. The process involves the introduction of soap as an absorbant, which, when dissolved in heated oil and then cooled, has the appearance of dark tallow. This product contains great heating qualities, burns slowly with no smoke, and is consumed to within two per cent. of its bulk.

OZONE is described as a denser form of oxygen, its special gravity being that of twenty-four, while that of common oxygen is but sixteen. In a concentrated state it is a powerful irritant poison and is capable of powerful action on substances susceptible of oxydization. Under combined cold and pressure it liquifies and emits a blue vapor. It is said to be a very dangerous substance.

A Swiss of Geneva has invented a liquid disinfectant that is a congealing mixture as well. It is composed of sulphur dioxide mixed with carbon dioxide, cooled and compressed into liquid, and stored in siphons. Rapid evaporation, with great reduction immediately ensues upon liberation and to such an extent that mercury may be frozen thereby, and animal and vegetable tissue solidified in a very short time.

IN an article on submarine vessels recently read at a meeting of London engineers it was shown that this manner of craft was known as long ago as the year 1648. Also that they were in use in the American civil war. The latest invention in this line is the "Porpoise," a remarkable specimen of the perfection to which this type of vessel has attained, capable of a speed of eight miles an hour and a submersion of ten hours.

A TEMPARATURE of 570 degrees will produce a dark blue color on polished steel, and 590 degrees a pale blue. Oil or grease of any kind will answer for drawing the temper of cutlery. The temper for lancets is obtained at 430 degrees Fahrenheit, axes at 500 degrees, swords and watch springs at 530 degrees, small saws at 570 degrees, and large saws at 590 degrees. Copper-colored spots are not produced by tempering; but they may be obtained on the polished surface of steel by immersing the article in a solution of sulphate of copper.

A NEW alloy of aluminum, brought forward by a French chemist, is found to possess peculiar adaptability to electrical instruments, and especially for apparatus of a portable character. As originally designed, the method consisted in the employment of ten parts of tin and one hundred parts of aluminum, this combination showing white, like aluminum, and having a density of 2.85, this being somewhat higher than that of pure aluminum. In consequence of this property the material is comparatively light—a desideratum in the construction of apparatus when lightness is desired.

ITEMS OF INDUSTRY.

NEARLY seven billion pins are turned out annually by eight manufactories of the New England States. The question that agitates the public mind on hearing this might well be "what becomes of the pins."

A PLANING machine, said to be the largest in the world, was recently constructed in Glasgow to be used in the construction of a bridge in New South Wales. This machine weighs thirty-five tons, and it can plane the edge of a five-foot wide steel plate.

THE manufacture of tiles for use in decorating stoves is fast becoming an industry of huge proportions in this country. The annual demand for tiles, it is thought, will reach one million, and as the American make excels both the French and English, the trade will be supplied at home.

SEVEN years ago there was not a mile of American railroad in Mexico, and to-day there are nearly three thousand miles in active operation. It is thought that to American enterprise and industry Mexico is indebted for much of her business prosperity and the elevation of her social status.

THE manufacture of barrel staves, barrels and boxes is being carried on largely in some Southern cities where, not long since, the industry was unknown. The demand for barrels is principally from the North and is so large as to necessitate the running on double time of many of the factories.

IN a recent report of the American Minister at Berlin, the subject of increasing trade in metals, cotton, hemp, wool, silk and flax between Germany and the United States was particularly mentioned. It has been noted that the labor troubles in this country occasion an increase in the exports of that country. The trade between these nations has amounted to $76,588,000 in one year. Much, it is thought, is attributable to the cheapness of Germany's products.

REPORTS from the gold and silver fields of the United States place it at the head of the treasure-producing countries of the world. The product of our mines has increased from $77,000,000 in 1881 to $86,000,000 in 1886, and the total product in this period of six years has been $442,000,000. In the same time we gained from other countries $82,000,000, and this, added to our own product, makes an aggregate of $564,000,000. The annual yield of gold and silver in all countries is about $225,000,000—one-third of which is in this country. In other words, our mines yield one-third of the total annual gold and silver crop of the world. At the present time we are exporting more of these metals than we are importing—our exports one year having been $72,000,000 and our imports $38,600,000. But this loss in commerce is more than compensated for by the product of our mines.

MIRTHFUL MOMENTS.

IT is a singular but impressive fact that a person sometimes "gets onto" a banana peel and doesn't "tumble."—*Pancho.*

WHAT might be termed imposing gall was displayed by a prisoner in a police court who attempted to palm off a counterfeit bill in payment of his fine.

ACHE, ache, ache, in the back of my jaw, oh tooth,
For the pangs that are felt
Are no doubt the result
Of the sweetness of my youth.

F. B. W.

THE earth already plowed and harrowed would, very likely, have been considered in the light of a trivial favor by the member of a jury who, after receiving a fifty dollar bribe, kicked for a two dollar service fee.

THE schooners that sailed o'er the sea tra la
Had nothing to do with his case;
But the schooners that came o'er the bar tra la
Are answerable in their place.

F. B. W.

CONSTERNATION is defined as that feeling which assails a man who has passed from towel to brush, through the hands of a tonsorial artist without having heard any reference to the invigorating sea-foam.

A BOY was asked which was the greater evil, hurting another's feelings or his finger. "The feelings," he said. "Right, my dear child," said the gratified questioner, "and why is it worse to hurt the feelings?" "Because you can't tie a rag around them," answered the child.

"STARVATION stares me in the face,"
A list said.
"It's come of writing funny things
Which people never read.
But ring my good health
In struggling hard for bread
By manual labor—never, sir!
I'd suicide instead."

A FRENCH nobleman who was privileged to fix the age at which a woman ceased to be young, said that at thirty a woman could be said to have entered into old-maidenhood. This, however, has been refuted by the sex at large. Women, as a rule, maintain that a truly astute woman is never an old maid until she is forty or in sight of the port of matrimony.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY,

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.
my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to moopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS
OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,
PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.
WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.

MEN'S FINE

All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.

Former price $12.

Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,

In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.

LARGE LINE OF

Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,

Coats and Coats & Vests at cut-rate prices.

Schwed Brothers,

my10

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cookin Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE--35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.
(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION--Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost.*

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

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NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, AUGUST 8, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—A horse belonging to Mr. C. H. Westphal, of Liberty street, died from an attack of colic on Saturday.

—Officer Lynch ran down a fast driver on Park avenue late on Saturday afternoon, and warned him to desist from such recklessness.

—The 9:23 milk and passenger train for New York, last evening, was delayed forty minutes at High Bridge, and the crowd waiting at the Plainfield station was a weary one when it arrived about an hour late.

—Thomas Hamilton, colored, otherwise known as "stuttering Tom," is reported to have gotten into an altercation with a shoe-maker in Cutter's Alley this morning, in which a club took a prominent part.

—Young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms this evening, commencing promptly at 8, and closing at 9 o'clock, sharp. Leader, Mr. E. L. Bonney. Topic—"Christ Our Guide." Psa. 32:8. Every man is welcome.

—Zephyr Hook and Ladder Company's horses started to run away from the tank house near the freight depot this forenoon, but the driver, Adam Beek, got them under control near the corner of Park and North avenues.

—About seven o'clock on Saturday evening two men got into a fight at the corner of Park avenue and Second street. The occurrence was the cause of collecting a large crowd of people, but the principals escaped before the police arrived.

—An opportunity for investment in some choice building lots in the city of Plainfield, will shortly be offered. We understand that about fifty or seventy-five lots on Lane avenue—being a part of the Wm. B. T. Lane homestead property—are soon to be put up at public sale.

—An amusing incident occurred in front of the post office this morning. Dog-catcher Babbitt made an attempt to lasso an unmuzzled canine, but the animal dodged his noose and escaped, following a little girl who was running along East Front street, and crying out, "Here Princey, here Princey."

—Because of the past continued humidity of the atmosphere, the Crescent Avenue church organ was so out of tune the recital promised for last Saturday evening was postponed. The music committee felt that in justice to Mr. Taft,—the organist of the occasion—he should be excused, as adverse criticism would reflect upon him.

—A large number of our best people drove over to Baltus Roll, yesterday, and swelled the crowd that was so fortunate as to hear the Rev. Dr. McGlynn's address. An effort may be made to secure this able and impressive speaker's presence in this city, and The Crescent would then probably be engaged for the accommodation of the hosts that would gather to hear him.

—About sixty delegates from the National Journeymen Plumber's Association, including delegates from Washington, D. C., New Haven, New York, Brooklyn, Williamsburgh, Jersey City and Paterson, arrived in town about half-past one o'clock yesterday afternoon. They were met at the depot by a delegation of the journeymen plumbers of this city and escorted to the Democratic association rooms on East Front street, where a meeting was held, and some business of interest to the Association was transacted.

Reform Club Excursion.

If you want to enjoy a day of unalloyed pleasure, don't fail to go on the Reform Club excursion to Rockaway, to-morrow. You will be afforded a magnificent sail of forty miles, can enjoy the finest bathing, boating, fishing on the coast, have a splendid view of the largest Hotel in the world, and to cap the climax, Prof. Baldwin in his great feat of jumping from his balloon at a height of 5,000 feet. Tickets $1.25, children 75 cents.

Reform Club Meeting.

There was a large audience present at the Reform Club meeting last evening. President French in the chair, and Freeholder Vanderbeek and the full choir were in their places as usual. The meeting was opened by singing and Ethen Lanphear led in prayer, after which President French said it was customary to announce the speakers for each Sunday evening, but the chairman of the speaking committee, Rev. Mr. Honeyman, was enjoying a much needed rest, and another member of the committee had been sick for some time past, consequently no speaker had been secured in advance. He said that owing to the fact, however, that the Reform Club was possessed of considerable home talent, "we never get left" for want of speakers. President French then announced the following gentlemen, who had each consented to make a few remarks: Judge Nathan Harper, Dr. Burnett, Francis C. Harder, Ethan Lanphear. After the choir sang another hymn, Judge Harper was introduced, and gave a practical talk on temperance, holding the attention of his hearers through his discourse. He told among other things, of the results of prohibition in Georgia, how the local option law and prohibition principles were a benefit instead of a detriment to the inhabitants. He implored his hearers to rally and stamp out this gigantic traffic in rum. Dr. Burnett was the next speaker. He alluded to his remarks on Thursday evening, when he declared that the christian ministers and the christian people were responsible for the existence of the saloons in this city. The doctor said that a newspaper in the city had attempted to report the proceedings of the meeting, and especially his address, with accuracy, which was something unusual. He said he thought if the ministers would preach on the evils of intemperance the same as they did on other evils, their congregations would be led to believe that licensing the saloons was altogether wrong. As to the action of the Common Council in granting licenses, the doctor related in detail his speech in Reform Hall, on Thursday, July 14th, and reported by us on the following day. Dr. Burnett was followed by Messrs. F. C. Harder, Ethan Lanphear and President French. The remarks of each were along the usual line of temperance thought and argument, the two latter gentlemen calling special attention to the Rockaway excursion of Tuesday.

Running Ahead on the Same Track.

Between four and five o'clock of yesterday morning, an inexcusable collision occurred at Roselle that blocked all four tracks for some hours. The cause was the endeavor of one train to run ahead of another on the same track. The Easton freight, engine No. 71, with Wes. Alpaugh in charge, passed through this city just before four o'clock followed by the B. and O. freight, engine No. 81, under command of Engineer Murphy. The latter was impatient to get in the yard ahead of the former and saw a reckless chance of doing so. At Fanwood Murphy took the siding and began a race for first place with the train that led him. Between Westfield and Cranford he passed Alpaugh, and at Roselle attempted to take the main track again. Throwing the switch caused some delay, and the last four cars and caboose were still on the frog when the other train reached the spot. Engineer Alpaugh jumped from his engine as it plunged into the cars, and thus lived to view the total wreck that followed. The great loss of property and delay that resulted was entirely unnecessary, and Murphy's inexcusable recklessness, we are told, will lose him his place.

An Amboy Party Comes to Grief.

A pleasure party from Amboy, consisting of four men, two women and a child, were riding about the city yesterday enjoying the beautiful scenery. The members of the party were seated in a two-seat covered carriage, behind a team of handsome horses, and all were apparently in the best of spirits. When turning into Arlington avenue from Eighth street, about four o'clock, the pleasure seekers came to grief. Two of the wheels on the carriage broke down, and the occupants were promiscuously piled up in the street. Fortunately no one was seriously injured, and the only damage done outside of that to the vehicle, was the breaking of a number of beer bottles under one of the seats. The wrecked wagon was substituted by another one, and the party went on their way rejoicing.

The Borough Law Breakers.

Michael Wolf, of this city, was arrested in the Borough by Marshal Becker, on Saturday night. He was locked up and later discharged, after thoroughly cleaning out the lock-up.

About two o'clock yesterday morning, Marshal Becker discovered a party of men coming into the Borough from this city. One of them, Martin Murphy, was unusually boisterous, and he was locked up. Yesterday he paid to Mayor Cooley, $7.07 for his release, that being the amount of fine imposed, together with the costs.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Dr. Frank S. Wells has gone to Point Pleasant, N. Y.

Mr. Dudley Miller spent Sunday with friends in Newark.

Miss Carrie Dewey is spending a few days in Pennsylvania.

Mr. Frank Clawson goes to Watch Hill, R. I., to-day, for a two weeks vacation.

Miss Burrows and her nephew Willie, have returned from their Summer vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. John D. Titsworth, of Madison avenue, go to Point Pleasant, N. Y., to-day.

Mr. David Lyon, organist of the First Baptist church, is back from a New England vacation.

Mr. George Sanders and Miss Sanders left to-day for the Catskills where they will spend the next two weeks.

Mrs. Eaton of Fifth street is staying at the mountain home of Mr. Thomas H. Taylor, near Washington Rock.

The Misses Sadie and Lida Hueston, of New York city, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. John Johnston, at Oak Lawn, Netherwood, N. J.

Mr. William Ferguson, of Perth Amboy, N. J., spent a few days of last week pleasantly at the residence of Mr. John Stewart, on West Fifth street.

Mr. David Wotherspoon has returned from a few weeks at Richfield Springs, much benefited by the change and enjoying thorough good health again.

The family of Mr. George C. Martin of Central avenue and Eighth street, returned on Saturday evening, after an absence of two weeks in Lucerne county, N. Y.

Miss Annie Price of Sherman avenue, has returned home after her two months trip to South America, California, and other foreign and domestic parts of the World.

Borough Counsel John H. Jackson, his wife and brother-in-law, Mr. John Crawford, are home again from Asbury Park, where they have been staying at the Victoria House.

Mr. J. G. Miller returned from his Westerly (R. I.) trip, Saturday, much pleased with the hospitality of the New London pharmacists who entertained him "the night he missed connections."

Mrs. Wm. R. Clarkson and Miss Clarkson of Front street, East, left this afternoon for Blue Mountain Lake amid the Adirondacks. They have engaged a suite of rooms for two months at Prospect House.

President Marsh and Councilmen Dumont and Simpson of the City Council, with Street Commissioner Angleman, made a tour of the city in a carriage on Saturday afternoon, and carefully noted the condition of the streets.

Richard Johnston, the one-month-old son of William D. and Adelaide Johnston, died at his parent's residence at Fanwood, yesterday. The funeral took place from the house at four o'clock this afternoon. Interment in the Baptist cemetery at Scotch Plains.

The funeral of the late Mrs. O. W. Dunham who died on Saturday will take place from her late residence on East Fifth street to-morrow afternoon at 2:15 o'clock. Interment will be made in Evergreen cemetery at Elizabeth at the convenience of the family.

Miss Minnie Stryker, for several years past a teacher in the Bound Brook public school, died at her home in that place yesterday, from general prostration. The deceased was highly esteemed by those who knew her, and her death will be sadly felt by a large circle of friends and acquaintances. The funeral will take place from the house on Wednesday at 2 p. m.

Rev. Edward Love occupied the pulpit in Trinity Reformed church yesterday morning, and delivered an interesting sermon. Evening services in this church during August have been discontinued, and on Sunday, the 21st instant, no service will be held in the church at all. Rev. Mr. Skellenger, pastor of the Dunellen Presbyterian church, will preach in Trinity church next Sunday morning.

As we announced two weeks ago, Mr. Frank J. Hubbard, son of the City Assessor, starts for Rock Creek, Wyoming Territory, to-morrow. He expects to be gone about a year, and will seek the permanent establishment of his good health, by outdoor life on the magnificent ranch of Mr. E. D. Vail of Philadelphia. Mr. Hubbard will be accompanied as far as Manitou, Col., by Mr. Eli Sherman, a former journalist of this city.

What stirs West Point just now is a scandal that recently culminated in the elopement of Lieut. J. A. Darr with the wife of Lieut. J. R. Totten. The man in the case is a nephew of a resident of Union avenue, this city, and the son of Gen. Darr, an old army officer, who was recently brought into considerable prominence by reason of his part in the uncovering of Kissane, the alleged California forger. While he was a cadet the young man officiated as teacher in the Sunday school attached to the Catholic church at West Point, and was noted for his piety.

Netherwood Notes.

If the loose rocks that cover the surface of South avenue's macadamized road bed, were picked off, those driving from Plainfield to Netherwood would not be compelled to take the "back streets."

Four generations of one family are at The Netherwood, yet the head of them all, a hale and hearty gentleman who has passed his four-score years of age, is the first down to breakfast every morning.

Major Cullen, Jr., is back from camp and has at last got himself dry again. That is, *his clothes* are dry again after marching up to camp and back with the 22nd, N. G. S. N. Y., and digging trenches and throwing up earthworks, etc. All this done in the rain.

Mr. S. M. Williams, Secretary to the Receivers of the Central Railroad of N. J., with his wife and the Misses Williams dined at The Netherwood, yesterday. The party were over enthusiastic in their admiration of the surrounding location and distant views, and most sincere in their praise of the Hotel and its management.

The young people at the Hotel inaugurate the novel entertainments and good times, and the married folks follow them. It is better this way than that the former should do everything permitted the latter. The four-in-hand moonlight coaching parties that the single ones first enjoyed, the couples have since adopted; and the tableaux the former proposed the latter now intend to imitate.

The new Vocalion that the Chapel of Our Saviour has just purchased, was placed in position last week and used during yesterday morning's service. Mr. Dorsey W. Hyde officiated, and brought out the full tones and charming effects of the instrument very satisfactorily. It has two manuals and pedal bank, and is capable of as fine and powerful music as many of the largest church organs.

One of the brightest and most attractive ladies at the Hotel is the wife of a singular anomaly—a minister's son of worth and character. Besides fascinating manners and geniality, a sympathetic disposition is one of her most apparent charms. Tempting peaches sent to his table cheered even the spirits of the phlegmatic Englishman who anxiously and impatiently awaits the arrival of his wife after an absence in Europe.

He Went All the Same.

A man named "Davie" Nuttall went into Smith's saloon on Front street, and was on two different occasions ordered from the place. The third time he returned Officer Grant was called in to arrest him, which he did with considerable difficulty and with the assistance of Officers McCue and Mattox, and two other persons. The prisoner fought desperately for his freedom, but he went all the same, the officers being obliged to carry him all the way. A large crowd followed the prisoners to the station house, and two of the number were locked up for interfering with the officers in the discharge of their duty. They were released on bail yesterday, and this morning Judge Ulrich, before whom they appeared, severely reprimanded each and suspended sentence. Nuttall was arraigned on three separate charges of being drunk and disorderly, resisting an officer, and assault and battery on Officer Grant. On the first two charges he was sentenced to pay a fine of $15 or be committed in the County Jail for fifty days. On the latter charge he was held in the sum of $100 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury.

An Exciting Runaway.

During yesterday afternoon an exciting runaway took place on Somerset street, which fortunately resulted in no serious injury except to a number of vehicles. For several hours William Allen of North Plainfield was driving about the streets and finally, on Somerset street his horse got away from him and ran away. Allen is reported to have been thrown from the wagon, but escaped uninjured. Near French's mill the runaway horse collided with a carriage belonging to Mr. J. P. Humble, and although several persons were in the carriage at the time, none of them were injured to any great extent. Mr. Humble's rig was considerably damaged. Near the corner of Front street, the horse was thrown to the ground, and captured. The buggy to which the animal was hitched, was turned completely over, and the top and dash board were broken.

Trotting at the Fair Grounds.

Several exciting contests of speed took place on the track at the Fair Grounds on Saturday afternoon. The day was fine, and a large number of persons were present to witness the trotting. The first trot was between Mr. E. Waring's "Ledger Boy," and George Phillips' brown mare, mile heats, best two in three. "Ledger Boy" won. Time 2:44 and 2:41.

"Copeland," Mr. O. T. Waring's handsome horse, driven by the owner, trotted to a Joggin cart, a quarter in 36 seconds, this is at the rate of 2:24 for the mile. Mr. Waring then drove "Copeland" a full mile in 2:32.

Base Ball.

An interesting game of base ball was played on the grounds just east of the oil cloth works, Saturday afternoon, between a nine composed of the employees of the Scott Press Works, and a picked nine from East Third street. Each side did some good work, and at the close of the game the score stood 12 to 8 in favor of the Scott nine.

A correspondent writes that in a game of base ball on Saturday between the "Little Giants" of Fourth street and "Stars" of Second street, the latter nine was defeated by a score of 8 to 2. D. Galbert was the captain, and D. White the champion batsman of the "Little Giants" nine. The correspondent writes: "If we had a curved pitcher and J. Dowd, the latter the principal rag-chewer, we might have beaten the 'Little Giants.' Patrick Lyons, the umpire was ruled out the first innings and J. Kane umpired the rest of the game."

A fine gentlemanly set of fellows led by Captain Gavett of the Plainfield Y.M.C.A., met the Knickerbockers of the Newark Y. M. C. A., Saturday, and won. The ground was in poor condition owing to the heavy rain which had fallen an hour before, and for this reason most of the errors were excusable. Newark went to the bat first and scored two runs, and Plainfield went one better. In the second inning Newark was blanked, while Plainfield scored six runs on singles of Cadmus, Gavett, Doane and Murray, two bases on balls, and an overthrow by Wood. After this the game was hotly contested throughout, and many fine plays were made by both teams. Noteworthy were a high jump and catch by G. Cadmus on second, a running fly captured by Wood, and a double play *from right to second* for the Newarks. The game was called at the end of the seventh inning, after which the boys met in the gymnasium and partook of a lunch served by the Knickerbocker B. B. C. A pleasant feature of the game was the fine umpiring of Cadmus, who gave general satisfaction. Both teams were liberally applauded, and the "Rah, Rah, Y. M. C. A. boom! ah!" could be heard for Plainfield's good plays as well as Newark's. The boys left on the eight o'clock train amid the cheers of their defeated comrades. The following score will tell the creditable story:

PLAINFIELD Y. M. C. A.

	R	1B	SB	Po	A	E
W. Cadmus, p	1	2	2	1	7	1
McMurray, 2 b-c	0	0	0	1	5	1
Gavett, 1 b	2	2	1	8	1	1
G. Cadmus, s s-2b	3	4	3	3	0	0
Doane, 3 b	2	2	2	1	3	0
Townly, ss, c f	0	1	0	2	2	0
Demarest, l c f	1	1	2	0	0	0
R. Murray, r	1	2	3	0	0	0
J. Murray, c l f	0	1	2	5	1	0
	10	15	15	21	19	3

NEWARK Y. M. C. A.

Collins, 2 b	3	1	2	1	4	1
Richardson, c-s s	0	1	1	2	0	1
Wood, 3 b	2	2	2	3	1	2
Klein, r f	2	1	1	1	1	0
Ulrich, l f	0	3	1	0	0	1
Hartshorne, p	0	0	0	2	4	1
Dreyer, s s-c	0	1	0	4	2	0
Lewis, c f	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hampson, 1 b	0	1	0	8	0	0
	7	10	7	21	12	6

PLAINFIELD ...—3 6 0 1 0 0 0—10.
NEWARK.....—2 0 2 0 3 0 0—7.

Earned Runs—Newark, 2, Plainfield, 5. Two Base-Hits—Wood, W. Cadmus, G. Cadmus. Base on Balls—Newark, 1, Plainfield, 5. Struck Out—Newark, 7, Plainfield, 0. Pass Balls—Newark, 6, Plainfield, 3. Umpire—Cadmus.

A Good Show.

Hurlburt, Hunting & Frost's 10 cent show, which occupied the silk mill lot on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, gave a first-class performance in every respect, and universal satisfaction was expressed by every person present. The feats of the educated dogs and horses were unrivaled, and most heartily applauded, while all the other acts were in keeping. One thing the management is to be congratulated upon is the absence of all swindling games around or in the tents. A menagerie of *eight cages of choice animals*, owned by the veteran, Hyatt Frost, were added to the show.—*Honesdale (Pa.) Citizen.*

Doubly Afflicted.

The family of John Snyder, of Chimney Rock, which until Friday consisted of Mr. Snyder, his wife and four children, are to be pitied. For a week past the entire family have been dangerously ill with scarlet fever, and on Friday one of the sons, John, aged 10 years, succumbed to the disease. The following day an older daughter died, and the other members of the family are now lying in a critical condition. The family are all members of the Chimney Rock Sunday school, and are well spoken of by those who know them.

Lost the Top of His Finger.

Cornelius Loughlin, an employee in the Scott Works, had the end of his finger cut off, Saturday morning. The head of a milling machine fell unexpectedly and with such weight as to take off the entire joint at the top of the middle finger of his left hand. Dr. E. W. Hedges trimmed and stitched up the wound, so that although still very sore the stump is rapidly healing.

—St. John The Evangelist church, will hold a grand picnic, for the benefit of the church, on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club, Dunellen, N. J., on Thursday, August 18th.

Middlesex Gun Club.

A meeting of the Board of Directors of the Middlesex Gun Club was held at Force's Hotel, North avenue, Saturday evening, August 6, at which much important business was transacted. Among other matters of interest a resolution was passed pertaining to the future contesting of members for trophies in the shape of elegant badges furnished by the club. There are two trophies for live pigeons and two for inanimate target shooting, the contestants to be classified in squads A. and B. The shooting for these badges is to be a special event on each second Wednesday of every month. Any person winning a trophy three times is entitled to retain the same as his personal property. In the live bird contest seven birds are to be shot at, and in the inanimate target ten birds each. The following is the resolution passed:

Resolved, That the entrance monies in class A. and B. at live birds for trophies be $2, including cost of birds, and that all entries in the first day's shoot go to the club. In the second day's contest the winner of a trophy in the previous shoot takes first money. The monies to be divided as follows: First money forty per cent.; Second money thirty per cent.; Third money twenty per cent., with ten per cent. of whole amount deducted for the club. Also that the entries for the inanimate target trophies be $2, with same percentage to winners as above.

The shooters are classified by a committee from the Board of Directors, consisting of Messrs. Craft, Force and Worden. The first day's contest for the badges will be on Wednesday, August 10. By resolution a competent person will hereafter be on the club grounds Saturday to trap inanimate targets for members who desire to shoot. The committee on the coming October tournament reported progress, with indications that the event will prove an interesting and immense one.

A Former Plainfield Youth in Trouble.

The New York *Sun* today contains the following news item relating to a former Plainfield youth:

Eighteen-year-old Charles H. Seaman, who boards at 31 Gramercy Park, confessed to Justice Duffy at Jefferson Market yesterday that he had stolen seven pieces of nainsook, valued at $14, from his employer, Robert Morrison of 42 Lispenard street. Young Seaman said that he had squandered all his earnings on a variety actress named Nettie Middleton. On July 1 he had given her $500, the half-yearly payment of an income of $1,000 which he derived from an estate of $30,000 left by his grandfather, who was a New York banker. His father he said, had been in the livery stable business in Plainfield, but was living now at Far Rockaway.

Seaman wore a seersucker coat over a white flannel shirt. He said he had spent so much money in dissipation that he had had to pawn his coat and vest. He sent the stolen nainsook away from the store, intending to sell it, and then redeem his coat and vest and go to Far Rockaway to see his folks.

A young man named Arthur Fleck brought a man from Brooklyn to go Seaman's bail, but as the man did not own any property in New York his bond was not taken. Justice Duffy locked up Seaman for trial in the Special Sessions.

Young Seaman's father at one time conducted a successful livery business on Sixth street this city, in the stables now occupied by Hugh McDonnell. The boy was of a roaming disposition and after his father moved away from town, he was put in charge of the business. He finally wound up the business, and since then but little is known of his doings.

The Real Prohibitionists.

What a striking contrast there is between the attitude toward rum drinking of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union and that of the Prohibitionists.

Each member of the Total Abstinence Union agrees, so far as he is concerned, that the most rigorous prohibition shall be observed. Disapproving of the use of liquor himself, he formally abandons its use and joins a union in which total abstinence is the solitary idea.

But on Thursday, when it was proposed in the Total Abstinence Convention, then in session in Philadelphia, to support the suppression of the liquor traffic by legislation, after the manner of the Prohibitionists, the proposition was rejected by a majority of nearly two to one. The Total Abstinence Union propose to practise their own principles, but they will not attempt to force them upon those who do not believe in them.

The difference between the Total Abstinence Union and the Prohibitionists seems to be about that between a man who minds his own business and a man who doesn't. And we have no doubt that the total abstainers enjoy precisely the same advantage over the followers of the venerable Neal Dow so far as concerns practical results—*Sun.*

North Plainfield Township Election.

The voters of North Plainfield Township (outside the borough) will hold a special election on Wednesday for the purpose of raising, by vote, the sum of $1,000 for repairs on the roads within the township, damaged by the recent freshet. After the election the borough authorities will only have to look on while their neighbors, the Township Committee, are putting the roads throughout the township in an excellent condition.

TROUBLE AT THE MINES

ALLEGED OPPRESSIONS OF ANTHRACITE EMPLOYES.

Another Fight Begun Between Operators and Miners in Pennsylvania—Evictions to be Resisted.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 8.—The alleged oppressions of mine employes of the anthracite regions, as recently exposed in the case of the Hazelbrook strike and evictions has found a counterpart in the case of the employes of John Jermyn & Co., the wealthy coal operators of Old Forge, Lackawana county. The firm owns most of the houses in the vicinity of the mines. They also own a general supply store, where everything, from a candle to a suit of clothes, is sold; and it is well understood that the miner must trade there or be discharged. He must pay the price charged at the store, and his store bills, his rent, and half a dozen other items are deducted from his wages each month and keep him in a constant state of indebtedness to the company.

Another species of alleged extortion which has been practised by individual operators in this region, is the dockage system. Each car of coal as it comes out of the mine is inspected by a man appointed by the company, who can make a dockage from the miner's pay for slate or dirt in the coal, and from this arbitary dockage the miner has no appeal. To such an excess has this system been carried that the men decided to take some steps. In June a total of nearly $500 was deducted from the men's wages at the Old Forge colliery. The knights of labor, to which most of the men belong, appointed a committee. The committee waited on John Jerym, but before listening to them he asked if they were knights of labor. They said they were, and he peremptorily refused to have anything to say to them, and discharged them all on the spot. This action aroused the most intease feeling amongst all the employes and knights throughout the district. The discharged men went to get their pay. Jerry Welton, the first one, received $8 and a receipt. He had earned over $90, and on examining the receipt saw that it was in full for all claims, the balance having been deducted for store bills, &c., in defiance of the law. He pocketed the $8, but refused to sign the receipt. All the other men refused to sign. The next day John Jermyn had Walton arrested for obtaining the $8 under false pretence, and sought to have him thrown in jail, but the knights instantly procured bail for his appearance at the criminal court. Then the discharged men, by the advise of the Hon. W. H. Hines of this city, brought suit against the firm for the amount deducted for store bills. The justice of the peace gave judgment in favor of Welton for $120, and in favor of Alex Harris for $108. The firm appealed to the higher courts. Then Welton swore out a warrant for John Jermyn's arrest for perjury, and he entered bail for trial.

Yesterday a notice was sent to every one of the discharged knights of labor to vacate their homes within ten days, and there is every probability that an effort will be made to reenact the scenes of the Hazelbrook evictions. The knights of labor of Lackawanna and Luzerne counties have taken hold of the different lawsuits, and will push them with all their power.

FIGHT AGAINST MACHINE WORK

The Real Cause of the Strike in Douglass's Shoe Shop in Brockton.

BROCKTON, Aug. 8.—The Hon. W. L. Douglass has received calls from scores of business men, who have urged him to stand firm against the demands of the knights of labor. The fight has resolved itself into a contest for the supremacy between hand labor and machine work, the latter being represented and supported by Mr. Douglass. The lasters have always opposed the introduction of lasting machines, and they have never been used extensively in the manufacture of shoes. Mr. Douglass believes that the machine can make just as good shoes as can the men, and make them faster. For that reason he is going to give the machines a good trial.

"My object in putting in the machines," he says, "is to supply the demand for a shoe without tacks or nails in it, and if I can furnish it with these machines for the same money that it has cost to last it by hand, I shall be satisfied."

Mr. Douglass emphatically denies the statements of Secretary Carney regarding the cause of the strike. He says: "The question of wages does not enter into this material at all. It is simply a fight of the laster's union against the lasting machines, and if they succeed in driving them out of my shop, or controlling them by having their own men to run them, then it will be good-by to this and all other lasting machines in Brockton for the next five years. The action on their part is illegal, as their constitution says nothing whatever about any control over machines. But they have evidently made up their minds, by my ordering twelve machines, that I have confidence in them, and they fear that, with non-union men running them, they will lose control of my factory. The Lasters' union does not favor the machines, and, consequently, are not desirous that they should prove successful."

Industrial Items.

The miners of Swansea, Wales, have presented Mr. Gladstone an address engraved on a silver-set lump of coal.

One hundred girls in the weaving department of the Harrisburg silk mills, at Harrisburg, are on strike against a reduction.

Foreign silk manufactures report an improving demand in all markets. Silks and satins are being contracted for far ahead.

Canals are to be built in England to enable interior manufacturors to reach the seaport at less cost than is now possible by rail.

The imports to Great Britain in June were £1,550,000 less in value than in June, 1886, while the exports decreased £1,220,000 for the same time.

The June report of the amalgamated carpenters shows 451 branches and 25,203 members, or a total gain of only twenty more members than were reported for May.

The amalgamated society of engineers now numbers 52,000 members, and during the past year has paid out $200,000 for out of work benefits, principally in Great Britain.

Mrs. Parker, of Dundee, Scotland, founder of the British Women's Temperance association, is going to bring 1,000 Scotch women to California to be domestic servants.

There are three knights of labor assemblies at Duluth, one Scandinavian and two mixed nationalities, all prospering. Times are good, wages fair, and there is plenty of employmant for all who wish to work.

Just after the Syracuse convention the united labor party will hold a picnic and ratification meeting at Paul Bauer's West Brighton casino on Coney Island. Fifteen members from each of the twenty-four assembly districts in the city have been appointed as committees to see that every member in their respective districts attend the picnic. There will be upward of 70,000 people present.

TWO OF THE CREW PEACH.

They Tell What They Know of McGarigle—A Denial by the Captain.

KINGSTON, Ont., Aug. 8.—After the schooner Blake had been drawn alongside the wharf, officers Holmes and Snodden, of this city and Napanee, boarded the vessel again and made a proposition to the men to return to Chicago and give evidence in the case.

Two of the crew, Jonsson and Swanson, both Swedes, intimated their willingness to make terms and were conducted to the hotel, at which Deputy Sheriff Galpin and Sergeant Major Sanford, of the Chicago police, were stopping. The sailors agreed to return to Chicago and act as witnesses if they got sailors' wages to and from Chicago and while they were in Chicago, which agreement was then signed. Jonsson and Swanson afterward made depositions on oath. They said that on the evening of July 23 the schooner dropped down the river. Captain Irwin went ashore, and when he returned aboard he was accompanied by a man who went direct to the cabin and was not seen until the next day on Lake Huron, when the schooners Blake and Marsh collided and when Captain Freer boarded the Blake to talk about damages. He identified Williams as McGarigle.

Captain Irwin warned his crew to say nothing about the man who was on the Blake. The two men were shown a picture of McGarigle and said it resembled the passenger who was known to them under the name of Williams.

The captain would not make any deposition, and the detectives promise to make things not for him and Captain Freer of the Marsh if they ever go to Chicago again.

Captain Irwin says that he was glad to see that the men were being paid so well. They knew nothing about Williams, however, as to when he reached the vessel or when he left it. He had not himself seen Williams since he left the vessel, and did not think that he and McGarigle were one and the same person. So far as he was himself concerned he did not fear arrest in Chicago, or trial, having done no wrong. Dr. St. John was also innocent.

FREAKS OF THE FIRE FIEND.

A Family Terrified by Articles in the House Bursting Into Flames.

WOODSTOCK, N. B., Aug. 8.—The people of this town are greatly excited over the strange and inexplicaple scenes which for the past twenty-four hours have been enacted in a little two-story frame house on Victoria street, occupied by Reginald C. Hoyt, a picture-frame dealer. His family, consisting of his wife, five children and two neices, are in a state of great mental fear and anxiety, and will probably vacate the house to-night. Since 11 o'clock yesterday morning no less than forty fires have broken out in various parts of the house, and bedding, furniture, window-shades, clothing, and various household articles have been partially destroyed. Only untiring vigilance has prevented the house and its contents from burning to the ground, and this would have caused the destruction of other buildings in the vicinity.

These fires can be traced to no human agency and even the most sceptical are staggered. Without premonition and with no lamps lighted or stoves in use, various articles would burst into flames. Now it would be a curtain high up out of reach, then a bed quilt in another room would begin to smoke and smoulder, and, as if to still further nonpluss the theorists, a carpet covered lounge was found to be all afire underneath, among the jute stretched above the springs. A basket of clothes in the shed burst into flames and the basket itself was partially consumed. A child's dress hanging on a hook, a feather bed, a straw mattress were ignited and would have been consumed but for water poured on them. The villagers believe the house haunted.

The Secretaries to Vacate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The president, at Oak View, with his cabinet officers about him, has had a decidedly comfortable week. The change in the weather has made life in the suburbs quite tolerable again. The coming week will probably see the last cabinet meeting of the heated season. Mr. Bayard is at Rehoboth beach; Mr. Garland has gone to Arkansas to be absent till October; General Vilas is about to depart for a few weeks' visit to his family in Wisconsin; Mr. Whitney will go to Bar Harbor on Wednesday or Thursday for a month; Mr. Endicott will soon begin a vacation of two months in New England, and Mr. Lamar will doubtless find some cooler place than Washington to spend the remainder of the hot weather.

A New Jersey Labor Congress.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 8.—The legislative committee of the State Federation of trades and labor unions of New Jersey in conjunction with the local labor committee of the city of Orange, have extended to the organized trades of New Jersey an invitation to be represented at the ninth annual labor congress, which will be held in Library hall, Main street, Orange, on Monday, August 15. Every union is entitled to three delegates for 100 members or less and one additional delegate for every additional 100 members or majority fraction thereof. No resolution of a partisan character tending to indorse any of the political parties or their candidates can be entertained by the congress.

Once a Thief, Now a Parson.

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 8.—Rev. J. C. Kraemer, came here from St. Louis last week to become pastor of St. Peter's Evangelical German church. It has been charged that twenty years ago he served a term in a prison in Germany for embezzling from the government while a postal clerk. German clerical circles are divided on the subject, and the scandal promises a serious disturbance. Mr. Kraemer does not deny the story, but says if twenty years of honorable living cannot atone for a fault, then christian charity is meaningless.

Agent Whelpley's Accounts Short.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—The Hamilton rubber company, of Trenton, N. J., has applied to the circuit court to compel an accounting by its Chicago agent, Maj. Richard T. Whelpley. Since March, 1883, Whelpley has conducted the company's business in this city. The company says it has discovered a deficiency of $15,000.

Engineer Melville Promoted.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Engineer-in-Chief Loring has resigned as the head of the bureau of steam engineering and Chief Engineer George W. Melville, of arctic exploration fame, has been appointed in his place.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Slightly warmer, fair weather, winds shifting to southerly.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 5, 1887.

Bailey, James Mrs	Little, John
Carlisle, Samuel Rev	Martin, Mamie
Carlisle, Maud Miss	McChugh, Thomas
Foss, Maud Miss	Randolph, J S Mrs
Gallagher, James	Rolutsch, Willie A Miss
Herman, Madame	Reick, Gotfried
Jenkins, Wm	Thomas, Louis
Keyser, Elizabeth Mrs	Thorne, James Lyon Jr
Ward, William (2)	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes. Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

DUNHAM—On Saturday morning, Aug. 6, Annie E. Sutphen, beloved wife of Oscar W. Dunham.

Funeral on Tuesday, 9th inst., at 2.15 p. m. from her late residence, No. 57 E. 5th street. Relatives and friends invited without further notice. Interment at Evergreen cemetery, Elizabeth, at convenience of the family.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS, Depot Wagons, at moderate prices, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND PICNIC
IN AID OF
St. John, the Evangelist, Church,
ON THE GROUNDS OF
Middlesex Gun Club,
DUNELLEN, N. J.,
Thursday, Aug. 18.
Dancing and Refreshments.
MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.
TICKETS ..... 25C.
8-8

MUSIC HALL.
Monday, August 8.
Sweatnam,
Billy Rice &
Barney Fagan's
New Mastodonic Minstrels.
OVER HALF 100 PERFORMERS.
THE ONLY
Sweatnam, Billy Rice, Barney Fagan, Frank Cushman, Charles Fostelle, Harry Armstrong.

20	END MEN	20
16	IN SONG AND DANCE	16
20	IN ORCHESTRA	20

Everything entirely new. Grand Free Street Parade through the principal streets, starting from Music Hall promptly at noon. Prices—50c., 75c., and $1.00. Seats at usual places Friday.

Grand Excursion
OF THE
PLAINFIELD REFORM CLUB,
TO
Rockaway Beach,
ON THE
STEAMER "GRAND REPUBLIC."
WITH BRASS BAND,
Tuesday, Aug. 9.

Six hours for bathing, boating, fishing and visiting the various places of amusement. The success met with and universal satisfaction given on our excursion to this great watering place last year, prompts the management to predict for this the most enjoyable one from Plainfield this season, at the very low figures: $1.25 for adults and 75c for those under twelve years, for the round trip of ninety miles. Train leaves Plainfield 8 a. m., sharp. Steamer leaves Jersey City 9.30; returning—leaves Rockaway 5.30 p. m. Tickets can be obtained from Executive Committee: Dr. Lowrie, A. Vanderbeek and H. N. Spencer; E. Lamphear, Treas.; J. W. A. Bauersachs, Financial Sec.; also from Club members and at the drug stores. 8-2-d6

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 'Ca
8-2-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
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Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
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SHERBERT SYRUP,
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WHITE GOODS
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Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
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WHITE WINGED FLEET

ALL THE YACHTS OFF IN A 100-MILE RACE TO-DAY.

Sailing for the Morgan Cup—The Trial Race Set Down for September 3—Yachts Entered.

COTTAGE CITY, Mass., Aug. 7.—The arrival of the New York yacht club fleet at Vineyard Haven was not looked upon by the inhabitants of this pretty place as a cause for general rejoicing. At another time no doubt the hundreds of sailors and yachtsmen would be welcomed with open arms by everybody, but now the place is deep in the mysteries of camp meeting life and no one seemed glad to see the yachtsmen.

Commodore Gerry held a reception aboard the flagship Electra at which every yacht in the fleet was represented by its owner and his guests.

At a meeting of the captains previous to the reception it was decided to accept the offer of the Newport Citizens' cup committee, and the race for the cups will be sailed on the return of the squadron to Newport.

The Providence committee having given the Regatta committe power to act as they choose about the race for the Providence cup it was decided to sail the race from Martha's Vineyard to Newport, on the return of the fleet from Marblehead.

The race for the cup presented by Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan is being sailed to day. The fleet started at 10 o'clock from the East Chops at Martha's Vineyard and will finish between the Marblehead rocks and Lowell island, a course of a little over one hundred and ten miles. The Owl and Game Cock colors will be raced for at Marblehead.

At a meeting of the America's cup committee, held on board the flagship Electra, ex-Commodore James D. Smith presiding, it was decided to sail the first of the trial races on September 22, over the New York yacht club inside course. Should that day prove foggy the race will be sailed on the 14th, and if other races are necessary they will be sailed on the 15th and 17th.

The entries are Volunteer, Mayflower, Priscilla and Atlantic. J. Malcolm Forbes says he will not enter the Puritan, unless one of the others meets with an accident, giving as a reason that he wishes to keep his yacht in good order for personal use.

Mr. Edward Burgess has written Mr. E. D. Morgan that the Mayflower's speed can be increased by lengthening her boom two feet and increasing her head sails. He recommends lengthening her present boom. Mr. Morgan will adopt his suggestions, and the Mayflower will have a new suit of sails for the trial races.

IMITATING AMERICAN GOODS.

How the Germans Deceive San Salvadorans and Injure American Trade.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Consul Deepre, at San Salvador, reports to the department of state, that "products of American soil, skill and industry are supplanted in Salvador, and I suppose everywhere in Central America, by base imitations. Iron machetes are substituted for those of steel as manufactured in Connecticut and New York. The trade marks of American artisans are stamped or imprinted on the worthless German implements. I am told that 50,000 machetes are sold annually in Salvador at an average price of $3.50 each. American osnabergs, sheetings, muslins, and calicoes are driven out of Central American markets by goods bearing the brands and trade marks of the best American mills. These worthless German goods are made of East India and Egyptian cheap, short-staple cotton, and are utterly valueless.

Perhaps the poorest beverage ever imbibed was German claret sold here and bearing the trademark of the best wine grower of California. Beautiful bottles, bearing on their exteriors pretty labels of the great beer distilleries of St. Louis, Philadelphia and Milwaukee, are full of decoctions brewed in Germany. Perhaps the deadliest of all these beverages is the "Kentucky whisky," so labelled, but distilled in Germany. I have seen Colts and Remington repeaters sold here that were never in the United States. I was told that these were products of that forgotten "Birmingham" of England, but these illiterate natives demand the cheapest goods.

BIDDING FOR THE CROWD.

Rival Meetings in Boston Common Bid for Public Support.

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—Christianity and Socialism had a spirited and laughable contest for hearers in the common yesterday afternoon. Two meetings were called for the same hour at almost the same spot. The Young Men's Christian Association, led by Senator Elijah A. Morse and a cornet, was intrenched on Flag Staff Hill, while the disciples of Henry George gathered around the band stand, only a few rods away. A band concert lasted until 6 o'clock, and then the fun began. The blast of Morse's cornet was answered by a howl from the anti-poverty agitator. The cornetist grew red in the face trying to drown the other fellows' howls.

The crowd appreciated the situation, and enjoyed it hugely. First they would flock to one side, then to the other, each movement being followed by a series of shrieks and blasts from the opposing faction. The circus lasted about fifteen minutes, and when the dust was blown away it was seen that about three hundred men were gathered around the labor agitator, while only one hundred joined in the songs at the Christian association's camp. The rest of the crowd had gone home to supper.

Disappointed Sight-Seers.

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 8.—Yesterday forenoon Mrs. Cleveland, Miss A. L. Davis, General Greely and Mrs. Greely attended service at the Congregational church in Marion. Mrs. Cleveland was dressed in a dark dress with lace sleeves. The party walked the entire distance from General Greely's house to the church, over a mile. The services were conducted by the Rev. John Fulton, of Medway. In the afternoon Mrs. Cleveland took quite a drive with her uncle Harmon, and, as a consequence, did not reach home in time to attend service at the Episcopal chapel, as had been announced that she would do, and thereby a large congregation which had gathered was much disappointed. Many persons came in carriages from neighboring towns to see her, while others came from more remote points by rail.

Kilrain Will Not Fight Nolan.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 8.—Jake Kilrain, who is matched to fight Pete Nolan, of Cincinnati, telegraphed that he would be unable to keep the engagement, as he had recived a message from Richard K. Fox, his backer in the coming fight with Jem Smith, the English champion, requesting him to engage in no fistic encounter until the international meeting has taken place. Kilrain has asked Charley Mitchell to meet Nolan in his place.

RIOTOUS ORANGEMEN

THEY ATTACK A NATIONALIST EXCURSION PARTY.

A Running Fight All Along the Line. Great Fire in London—General Foreign News.

BELFAST, Aug. 8.—A party of Irish national foresters made an excursion from Belfast to Port Rush, near the Giants' Causeway, and the whole affair was the occasion of a disgraceful riot.

The excursionists made the trip in two special trains, and when they landed in Port Rush a large number of Orangemen, who learned that they were coming, met them at the depot. The Orangemen were supplied with bottles, stones and all kinds of missiles, and gave the visitors a warm reception.

A battle ensued, and the air was filled with flying bottles and stones. The decent and peaceable inhabitants and the English and American tourists who were in the place fled for refuge to the houses, and the mob soon had the streets to themselves. A vigorous effort on the part of the police, however, succeded in finally checking the rioters and put them to rout.

When the foresters were ready to return they found that the orangemen all along the line of the railroad had been informed of the trouble and had turned out to make the return trip as uncomfortable as possible. Whenever there was a stop made the orangemen stoned the train, breaking the windows and wounding some of the foresters.

The latter replied to their assailants by delivering a shower of bottles at them, and in a few cases pistols were used. A youth standing on the bridge at the Ballymoney station was shot, and has since died. At Ballymena a Presbyterian minister and a youth were wounded, and the whole return to Belfast was one continuous riot.

The police had been warned before their arrival at Belfast and were ready for them so that in Belfast there was no rioting. The affair will undoubtedly be taken notice of by the government shortly.

INCENDIARY FIRE IN LONDON.

Immense Warehouses Destroyed—Damage $2,500,000.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—The great fire in Whiteley's warehouses turns out to be more destructive than first supposed.

It burned all night and throughout Sunday. Seven enormous shops were entirely destroyed.

Three employes and one policeman were killed, being buried under falling walls while trying to quel the outbreak during the early stages of the conflagration. At least twenty firemen, and others who were seriously injured, are lying at St. Mary's hospital.

Mr. Whiteley, who had just started on a holiday to the continent, has hurried back from Ostend. He states that he is convinced the fire, like the previous disasters at his works, was caused by desperate incendiaries. He estimates the loss at $2,500,000. He has decided, however, to rebuild without delay, the business meantime to be continued wherever possible.

The Best of Emperors Must Part.

GASTEIN, Aug. 8.—The Emperors Francis Joseph of Austria and William of Germany, spent considerable time together yesterday, and walked out in company. Later the Austrian emperor visited the Badeschloss and bade farewell to Emperor William. The latter departs on Wednesday.

American Millions for French Pictures.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Mr. Hazeltine, a Philadelphia art-dealer, has spent 2,000,000 francs in the purchase of pictures of the modern French school. He intends to exhibit them in Paris before his departure for home. The purchases of French paintings for July amounted to 5,000,000 francs.

Davitt's Hopeful Prediction.

DUBLIN, Aug. 8.—Mr. Davitt, speaking at Sligo, said that the coercion act was the last measure of its kind. The Irish had been too fond of shouting. Deeds were wanted, not words. If the league should be proclaimed it would continue to hold secret meetings.

The Same Cabinet for Italy.

ROME, Aug. 8.—The king has declined to accept the resignations of the ministers, which were tendered on account of the death of Premier Depretis.

Cyprus Gerring Seismadical.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—A severe earthquake shock on the island of Cyprus is reported.

PROTECTION FOR INVENTORS.

The United States a Member of the International Convention.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The president will before long issue a proclamation to the effect that the United States is a member in good standing of the international convention for the protection of inventors. Nearly all the countries of Europe belong to this convention. Germany has not joined, but England, France, Belgium, Sweden, Switzerland, and Servia have, and Brazil, and most of the south American countries belong to it. It gives an inventor in any one of the countries belonging to this convention equal protection in all, if he will apply for a patent within six months from the time he gets a patent of his own government. For countries "beyond the sea," or outside of Europe, seven months' time is allowed.

Patent attorneys here are divided in their interpretation of the articles of the convention. By the language used the inventor's interval of opportunity for getting a foreign patent begins from the day he applies for patent in his own country. But in all the countries in the convention except the United States, protection to the inventor begins from the day he applies. Here a man may apply for a patent and wait years before it is allowed, and his protection dates only from the day the patent is issued. On this account many patent lawyers claim that the American inventor has seven months from the issue of his patent in which to apply for patent in a foreign country. This question must necessarily be settled before the convention can do American inventors much good.

Fairchild's Big Scheme.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Secretary Fairchild has already received a number of communications from holders of United States bonds, announcing their acceptance of the terms of the circular of the 3d inst., for the prepayment of six months' interest on the public debt, with two per cent. rebate on and after the 15th inst. Many applications for copies of the circular, and for blank forms of application for prepayment of interest, have also been received. The applications already filed are for interest on bonds to the amount of $831,000.

A TOWNSHIP TERRORIZED.

A Band of Roughs Plunder the Farm-Houses and Abuse the People.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Aug. 8.—The people in the township of Tymouth, this county, are in a state bordering on terror at the depredations of a number of tough young men. A gang of six entered Mrs. Shaw's house Friday night, and two men with revolvers covered the inmates who had not retired, while the others ransacked the house.

When all the booty the place afforded had been secured the family was forced to prepare supper for the party, and all ate as if it was their first meal that day. They repaid this by compelling their hostess to drink up all the milk left in the pitcher. Other similar outrages are reported, and worse ones.

Yesterday a farmer named Murrell came to town with the report that the gang visited his farm and killed, dressed and carried away the larger part of a young beef and stole a horse.

Swindling New York Importers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The secretary of the treasury has received complaints that Paul V. Grolph has swindled a number of New York importers out of various sums of money by representing himself as a special agent of the department, and borrowing money on the strength of the supposed influence in expediting the business of the importers. The secretary has referred the case to the United States attorney for New York for such action as he may deem advisable.

General Sporting Gossip.

It is estimated that there are upward of half a million cyclists in England.

Little Mack, the pacer, 2:13¾, has been sold to George Case, of Detroit, for $4,000.

Bubear will go to England at once to prepare for his race with Gaudaur for the championship of England.

At the late meeting in Chicago meeting over $104,000 was distributed to the different owners. E. J. Baldwin won $31,221.

The Thistle's mast is stepped further forward than the Genesta's, while her truck is about eighteen feet above the latter's truck.

Patsy O'Leary is determined to have another "go" with Tommy Warren, and will leave for Minneapolis in a few days to bring on a match.

Miss Annie Oakley, the champion shot of the Wild West show, has been presented with the Sloper award of merit "Ally," of world wide fame.

Frank Siddall, the owner of Johnston, made a cash offer at the Detroit meeting of $40,000 for the trotter Harry Wilkes, but the Sire brothers would not accept it.

Johnny Mitchell, the light weight pugilist, who was beaten by Jem Carney, of England, has given up the ring and gone to work in Baldwin's locomotive works, Philadelphia.

John S. Clark, of New Brunswick, N. J., has a full brother to Patron, for which he gave $2,500 when a sucking colt. He was offered $8,000 for him at Cleveland last week, and refused with thanks.

The St. Louis *Republican* says that Gaudaur feels bad to think that he should lose the championship by a fluke, and it galls him to see the way Hanlan is swaggering in jackdaw style over his scratch victory.

"Ed" Holske is making a new venture is the sporting line. He has sent to England for a twenty-pound, a twenty-five pound and a thirty-pound bull terrier of the best stock that can be secured. He will be ready to make good money matches upon their arrival.

"Patsey" Kerrigan, of Boston, is out with a challenge as follows: I am looking for a customer in the light weight class and bar nobody. I am agreeable to either small gloves or the bare knuckles, and will fight to a finish, and I don't want the earth to induce me to enter the ring.

Patrons will be especially prepared for the $10,000 purse race at Hartford. A horseman who timed one burst of speed in the final heat of Patron's race with Wilkes says the stallion trotted a furlong in fifteen seconds—a 2-minute gait. It is likely that Patron's service fee next season will be $500.

Everybody will sympathize with Doescher in his treatment at Detroit. Anson spoke of the matter as follows: "I think the Detroit club the most contemptible one in the country in the treatment of umpires. Doescher is as straight as a string, and umpires perfectly fair. His judgment is A1. You never saw the Detroit club yet that did not 'kick' every time they got beaten. It is disgusting."

Salem Wilder, the veteran rifle shot, has within the last three weeks fired 340 shots at rest, using a regulation ten-pound gun, with globe sights, and has been only once outside the bull's eye, at 200 yards distance. What is most remarkable in this performance is the fact that there was no selection of fine conditions, but the scores were shot on regular match days and in all kinds of weather.

Arrangements for the International single scull rowing regatta at Oswego Falls are complete. The first prize is the *Police Gazette's* champion medal valued at $300 and a cash premium of $500; $300 will go to a second man and $150 to third. Entries to date are Bubear, Teemer, Courtney, Ross, Hamm, Hosmer, and Conley. The judges are Commodores Phelps, of Oswego, and George Campbell, of Syracuse.

Speaking of Hanover's performance, a veteran of the turf remarked that the Dwyer brothers must now acknowledge that the son of Hindoo is the greatest racehorse they ever owned. "You are mistaken," said the secretary of the racing association. "I'll tell you what I know. If it was not dangerous to run Tremont with his tension in its present condition, the Dwyers would bet $100,000 to $30,000 that Tremont would beat Hanover."

Manager Williams writes home that he believes, at the special meeting in New York, Sept. 8, the percentage system of dividing the gate receipts will be adopted. He expects that Cincinnati or Baltimore will give the fifth vote necessary to pass it. The league wants Von der Ahe, and will give him Indianapolis' place, as it is able to do under a special contract it has with the Indianapolis club. If Von der Ahe goes to the league he will have special agreements with Boston, Chicago, New York and Philadelphia, by which he gets one-third of the receipts at games in those cities. The proposition to give the pennant winner a percentage of the gate receips of each club is a blind to coax Von der Ahe from the main point, and will not work.

"The league means war," said President Pneips upon his return home. "It has concocted a plan to break up the association, and to this end will resort to any means, foul or fair. Why, Spaulding and Day are pleased to death over the reported dissension among the association managers. They will do their utmost to encourage trouble in the association ranks, in the hope that some of the managers will get angry and withdraw. While in New York recently I did my utmost to learn the motives of the league, and now I think I understand what they are after. It is my opinion that they will use powerful influence to induce the St. Louis Browns to join the league, and then an attempt will probably be made also to capture the Metropolitan and Cincinnati clubs. The Mets will be strengthened and the club planted in Brooklyn, so that a paying rivalry may be drummed up between them and the New Yorks. The plan is, of course, to drop the weaker clubs to make room for the new ones. Of course, if the plan succeeds, the association will go to pieces, as the present Brooklyn club could not compete with its rival, which would have the best drawing cards on the diamond, and then the remaining Louisville, Baltimore, Athletic and Cleveland teams could not afford to play ball under such opposition.

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Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 5.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.90, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.23, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.38, p. m.—For Flemington.

9.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 4.32*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 3.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS,
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!
J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-13-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. my10tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET.
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

FIRST-CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
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Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

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DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1j

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House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF
16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Sunday Papers.
Can be had at 21 North avenue. Delivered to all parts of the city.
my11t4 MOSHER & BULMER.

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

FIGHTING FOR THE PENNANT.

A Close Struggle in the League—General Base Ball News.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The struggle in the National league for championship and place honors grows both more close and uncertain with each week. Anson's boast that Chicago would be in the lead before this date has not been fulfilled. Indeed his team is not now as close to the leaders as it has been, being now four games and 44 points behind, with the same number of games, 44, yet to play. At the same time Boston, New York and Philadelphia are all pressing up so closely that a game won or lost is of the utmost importance. Boston and New York both won notable victories in the face of defeat Saturday, and improved their standing. This is Keefe's day to pitch, and it is hoped they will go one per higher. New York has played more games, and therefore has less to play than any other team. It has 41 yet to play, Boston 44, Philadelphia 42, Washington 40, Pittsburg 45 and Indianapolis 44. There is really no telling to-day which club will stand at the head one month from to-day. If the New Yorks are properly handled they have as good a show as any of those now leading them. Much depends upon Ewing's management. He made a good move Saturday by putting O'Rourke at third base—where he covered himself with glory—and himself going behind the bat. If Ewing will do a little more head work he will materially improve the chances of his team. The standing of the clubs to date is shown in the following:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent Won.
Detroit	49	28	77	.635
Chicago	46	31	77	.597
Boston	43	33	78	.566
New York	44	35	79	.557
Philadelphia	40	38	78	.513
Washington	30	41	71	.422
Pittsburg	26	46	75	.357
Indianapolis	23	53	76	.302

In the American association the struggle was marked Saturday by the jump of Louisville from fourth to second place. That is as far as it is likely to get, however, as St. Louis still has a lead of ten games, has recovered its form and is winning more games than it loses. The Metropolitans have had a run of very hard luck since leaving home, Orr, Jones, Ryan and Holbert being on the sick list and Nelson called home by sickness of his wife. It is expected that the sick ones will all be in good shape to-day and better work is expected this week.

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	To Play	Per ct. Won.
St. Louis	60	23	83	57	.722
Louisville	50	37	87	53	.575
Baltimore	46	35	81	50	.568
Cincinnati	50	38	88	52	.568
Brooklyn	40	42	82	58	.488
Athletic	41	43	84	56	.488
Metropolitan	27	54	81	59	.333
Cleveland	21	62	83	57	.253

The outcome of the race in the international league is very uncertain. Syracuse, Buffalo and Newark appear to be the three clubs who have a claim on the pennant, and the chances are in reverse order of the names. However, there's no telling what a few weeks may bring forth, and Hamilton, Toronto, or Rochester may take third place, if no higher. Buffalo men are willing to risk considerable money on their club's taking the prize. The Newark club has exhausted its finances and there are grave doubts as to whether it will play out the season. The standing is now as follows:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.
Buffalo	73	46	27
Newark	64	40	24
Syracuse	64	38	26
Toronto	64	36	28
Rochester	67	38	29
Hamilton	68	36	32
Binghamton	63	24	39
Scranton	43	12	31
Wilkesbarre	68	17	51

SUMMARY OF SATURDAY'S GAMES.

National league—Chicago 8, New York 9; Detroit 10, Boston 11; Pittsburg 2, Washington 5; Indianapolis 0, Philadelphia 5.

American association — Baltimore 2, Brooklyn 8; Athletic 9, Metropolitan 5; Louisville 7, Cleveland 1; St. Louis 8, Cincinnati 2.

International league—(a. m.) Toronto 15, Scranton 7, (p. m.) Toronto 7, Scranton 5; Buffalo 7, Binghamton 8; Hamilton 6, Syracuse 1; Rochester 15, Wilkesbarre 7.

SUNDAY GAMES.

Three association championship games were played yesterday resulting as follows: Brooklyn 13, Baltimore 12; Louisville 4, Cincinnati 4; St. Louis 10, Cleveland 7.

THE INTERSTATE COMMISSION.

They Will Meet Next in Rutland, Then in Chicago.

SARATOGA, August 8.—Interstate Commerce Commissioner Schoonmaker passed through town en route for Blue Mountain Lake, in the Adirondacks, eighty miles away.

"Neither I nor my associates will see you in Washington until late in September," he said to a correspondent. "I am going to the Adirondacks to cool off, and expect to see Commissioner Walker up there in a short time. We will all meet again at Rutland, Vt., on September 1, and then go to Chicago, where we will make quite a stay.

"There are to be a great number of cases brought before us there. We go to Mahomet instead of bringing him to the mountain, as there are a great many witnesses to be heard, and the outlay to the various people interested would be very large for transportation. Again, I think it very wise for us all to visit the principal sections of the country. We get the atmosphere of the section as we could in no other way. This was proved to me by our trip through the south."

His Riches Cannot Save Him.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 8.—The statement is made here that J. C. Flood, president of the Nevada bank and partner of John W. Mackay, is dying. He has been confined to his bed for some days at his Menlo park residence, and is reported as getting worse from an abscess in his head. Mr. Flood was one of the original firm of Flood & O'Brien, who started a whisky business in San Francisco in the gold fever days. They gained an experience then which stood them in good stead when silver was found in the western states. With Hill, Fair and Mackay they bought the Comstock, or Bonanza mines, near Virginia City, Nev., which eventually placed them among the richest of the world's capitalists.

Murdered the Chief of Police.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Aug. 8.—Edward McDermott, a noted tough, assaulted chief of police Charles F. Bollmann, and so severely beat him that it is probable his injuries will result fatally. The chief's nose and jaw were broken and his face pounded to a jelly. He was also kicked on the body to such an extent that he was severely injured internally. Chief Bollman was walking through Oak street, the toughest locality in the city, when he met McDermotts. The latter was arrested a year ago at the instigation of the chief and only got out of jail yesterday. McDermott was arrested.

COOKERY MORSELS.

Ice cream is thoroughly chilled before being whipped it will froth more easily.

A BREAKFAST dish not to be despised is made by frying cold chicken in pancake batter.

SANDWICHES of toasted bread with sardines and sliced lemon forms a palatable luncheon, especially in warm weather.

TO CRYSTALLIZE cherries, currants etc., dip the fruit, still on the stem, in beaten white of eggs; lay it on a sieve for a few minutes to drain. Then roll in pulverized sugar, lay on white paper and place in an open window or a cool oven to dry. Keep in a cool dry place till served.

FEW people know that pineapples in their native county are never sliced, but after peeling they are carefully broken from the core in small pieces with a silver fork. If this way is once tried no one will again injure the fine flavor by cutting across the grain. They should always be so prepared both for table and canning.

TAPIOCA FRUIT.—Pour a quart of boiling water over a cupful of tapioca and let it stand one hour. Lay cut peaches or apples (fresh or canned) upon a buttered dish; add two cupfuls of sugar, a little lemon, or vanilla to the tapioca; pour this over the fruit and bake one hour. This is a simple, wholesome and very nice pudding.

SARATOGA CHIPS.—Take the potatoes and cut them in very thin slices and lay them in cold water and salt for an hour or more. Then dry them on a towel, throw them into a deep kettle of smoking-hot fat and fry to a light brown; skim them out of the fat into a colander, scatter a little salt over them, shake them about and turn upon a platter to serve.

WHITE FRUIT CAKE.—Take a teacup of butter, two of sugar, the whites of eight eggs beaten light. Cream the butter and sugar, add a wine-glass of lemon and rose-water, one teaspoon salt, two of baking-powder; mix this with flour into a batter with the cream; cut up one-quarter pound citron, take one cup cocoanut, one-half pound blanched almonds, chop, and mix with five cups flour; bake one hour.

ALWAYS use cold water in making soups. Skim well, especially during the first hour. There is great necessity for thorough skimming, and to help the scum to rise pour in a little cold water now and then, and as the soup reaches the boiling point skim it off. Use salt at first sparingly, but season well with salt and pepper before taking it up. A quart of soup to three or four persons is the quantity to allow.

PINEAPPLE Jelly.—Soak half a package of gelatine for an hour or more in half a cupful of water. Chop up a small pine-apple and simmer it ten minutes with a scant cupful of sugar and a cupful of water; then add the gelatine, remove from the fire and strain. When it has partly cooled add the whites of four eggs and beat well. When the mixture begins to harden, pour it into moulds and set it away to harden.

SPINACH served in the following manner proves very attractive: After washing put it into enough salted boiling water to cover it. When cooked squeeze out all the water, press the spinach through a colander and then fry it a few minutes in a little butter and season with salt and pepper. Lay thin slices of buttered toast on a platter, and on each slice put a cupful of spinach nicely pressed into shape; into the top of each heap of spinach press the half of a hard boiled egg.

A DAINTY breakfast dish is thus made: To cold corned or roast beef, minced and freed from gristle or strings, add an equal quantity of mashed or sliced boiled potato. Mix well together and season with pepper and salt. Put into a frying pan a large cupful of boiling water, with half as much gravy from which the fat has been skimmed, and a teaspoonful of made mustard. Boil up briskly before stirring in the chopped meat and potato. Toss and stir until the contents of the pan are like a bubbling, smoking heap. Add more boiling water should the meat and potato absorb the liquid too rapidly, and do not let the hash stick to the bottom of the pan. In the absence of gravy, double the quantity of butter, dissolving in boiling water.

MENTAL FROLIC.

THOSE who pull well together—Partners in dentistry.

AN oft-told tale: "Mr.;" "Dear;" "Darling;" "Dear;" "Dear Sir;" "Sir."

THE California *Cackler* is the compre-hensive title of a little, wild Western sheet that is kicked off weekly right on the briny brink of the broad Pacific.

THERE once was an Ichthyosaurus,
Who lived when the earth was all porous,
But he fainted with shame,
When he first heard his name,
And departed a long time before us.
—*Philadelphia Press.*

THE only man we have come across recently who did not want the whole earth was a sea-sick individual who expressed an intense longing for only a small portion of it.

A YOUTH, filling up with bad liquor,
Became such an obstinate kiquor,
And made such a din,
That the cops ran him in,
Which obliged him to pawn his gold tiquor.
—*American Commercial Traveler.*

IT is quite commonly supposed that the heart of a pole is incapable of feeling, but it is reported that upon the separation of two Poles recently landed at Castle Garden, they were both nearly heart-broken.

"ESSIE, I hear that your sister is ill. What is the matter with her?" "I don't know, ma'am. May be it's the diploma." "The what, child?" "The diploma. I heard mother say that she took it at school."

A PUBLIC house in a New Hampshire town has for its name, "The Quoguinnapossakessananagnog House." Some may mistake this for a Russian establishment but we are assured to the contrary; the object of the proprietor in thus employing the whole alphabet was to furnish his runners something to do in slack seasons.

A PREVAILING impression that five pounds of boiled beef was more than a person could eat at one time, was recently destroyed by a Piute Indian who engulfed the beef and wagged his insatiate jaws for more. All doubts in the matter being settled, and beef being scarce, he wagged in vain and his insatiate jaws remained insatiate still.

THE indications of an advanced state of civilization are yearly growing more numerous, and no better evidence that we are rapidly approaching a higher plain of intellectuality is needed, than to witness the keen delight with which the untutored squaw of the desert selects and conveys to the cellar of her wigwam the woven-wire bustle of commerce.—*Pancho.*

TWO ATTORNEYS once fought a duel, and one of them shot away the other's coat-tail. "If your antagonist," said the good-shot's second, "had been a client, you would have hit his pocket." The remark created a general laugh under the influence of which the antagonists shook hands and made up. Two men, engaged in "satisfying honor," were so nervous that each shot wide of his antagonist. One of the seconds suggested that, honor being satisfied, the duelists should shake hands. "That is wholly unnecessary," replied the other second; "their hands have been shaking this half-hour."

DOMESTIC DETAILS.

TO MAKE a superior cement for use about the house, thoroughly mix some rice flour and water and gently simmer over the fire. Let cool before using.

MAKE a solution of one part of water to four parts of soda to be used on steel cutlery, not in common use, to prevent its rusting. Dry and wrap in flannel.

SPOTS of paint upon woolens may be easily removed by applying a coating of mixed lime and soda which should remain on for twenty-four hours, then washed off with warm water.

SOME people use sal soda for the purpose of cleansing the hair, but it is injurious if used very often. The yelk of an egg well rubbed into the roots and washed out with with white soap and water will invigorate and cleanse the hair.

RYE CAKES.—Beat up one egg, two cups sour milk and one teaspoon soda dissolved in boiling water; enough rye meal to form a batter. Mix the milk, meal and egg, add the soda and beat thoroughly. Bake at once on hot griddle or in gem pans, in which case, bake half an hour in a hot oven.

CREAM RUSKS.—One pint of warm water, one teacup of sugar, one teacup of rich cream, one coffee-cup of yeast, flour to make stiff batter. Let rise over night, work down several times; when ready to bake roll out and cut in small round cakes, put in greased pans; when light, bake and sprinkle with sugar.

YANKEE CHICKEN PIE.—Cut up two young chickens and boil until tender; line a pan with crust, put in a layer of chicken, then strips of dough and the remainder of the chicken; add five beaten eggs, a few sliced potatoes, one small onion, pepper and salt; pour in the gravy, with two ounces of butter. Bake slowly in moderate oven until brown.

A VELVET or brussels carpet may be cleansed and freshened by washing or scrubbing with clear, hot water and a flannel cloth and the application of a composition of hard, white castile soap scraped fine, a quarter of a pound of washing soda, and spirits of turpentine sufficient to form the whole into the consistency of dough. After this application, rub as dry as possible with the flannel wrung out. Care should be exercised that the water does not soak through, and the carpet should not be used until perfectly dry.

REMNANTS of fish are very palatable gotten up in this manner: Pick fine, taking out the bones. Make a sauce of a quart of milk, a little thyme, a few sprigs of parsley, a little onion; simmer together till well flamed. Rub up two ounces of flour with a lump of butter as large as a walnut; when the milk is sufficiently seasoned take out the thyme and parsley, and stir in the flour; stir until it thickens, and pour on the yolks of two eggs. Put some of the sauce in a pudding dish, then a layer of fish, and so on until the dish is full, putting sauce on top. Cover with cracker crumbs, and a little grated cheese, if you like, and bake until brown.

VEGETABLE SOUP.—Soak over night four ounces of dried beans; in the morning drain them, add a quart of cold water, cook gently for two hours in a covered sauce-pan. Chop enough celery and onions, cut small, to fill a half-pint measure. Boil with the beans until all are pulpy enough to be passed through a sieve. Soak a tablespoonful of fine sago for an hour in cold water, and add it to the strained soup, returning it to the fire with some chopped parsley and thyme. This is the time to put in the salt and pepper that are required for seasoning; stir well and cook well for twenty minutes longer. If you put the salt in with the beans any earlier it will harden them.

IN HUSBANDRY.

THE ground for sweet potatoes should be manured heavily with mold from the woods, barn-yard matter and wood ashes. Immerse the slips in a mixture of clay, cowyard matter and water, spread out the fibrous roots and firm the soil about the stem.

SHEEP as a rule are not given a variety of food. The dry "pickings" are reserved for sheep because they do not refuse many kinds of food that are rejected by other animals; but to get sheep in prime condition they should receive careful feeding, which does not depend so much upon the quantity as upon the quality of the food allowed.

THE following is said by a reliable farmer to be an excellent plan for the prevention of corn-pulling by the crows. A day or two after the corn has been planted scatter over the field a few quarts of shelled corn of a poor grade. If the crows are kept fairly supplied with food in this manner the corn plant is very likely to escape them.

A SUCCESSFUL method of exterminating the ground-hog has been practiced for some time by an Eastern farmer. He procures beer bottles, fills them with powder and inserting them into the holes, leaving a fuse projecting; then after packing the earth firmly down at the mouth of all the holes he fires the fuse and the concussion kills the animals in their burrows.

WHEN the beets are up enough to see the rows, start a one horse cultivator between them. Cultivate once, and then go over them once with the hoe, cutting out all weeds missed by the cultivator, and with a stroke of the hoe thin out the plants to ten inches in the row. Cultivate with the horse about once a week for three or four times, and by that time the plants will have nearly covered the ground.

HERE is an ingenious substitute for the shot-gun in the warding off of crows: Drive two long forked stakes into the ground about ten feet apart leaving them about eight feet high. Across the forks lay a pole, from which suspend horizontally, a barrel with the heads out. Several of these in a corn field will arouse the suspicion of the most venturesome crow if he has not tasted the corn plant.

THE working day of a good farmer is from early morning until the chores are done at night. He who confines his farm work to factory hours will make a failure of farming as a business. The kind of help needed on the farm is the man of intelligence who does what he is told as he is told and as soon as he is told without complaint or wasting time in advancing his own opinion; a man who has sufficient knowledge of his business to do a piece of work as it should be, and when it is accomplished set himself about another job if the owner is away at the time.

THERE are many who turn their stock on pasture too early in the season. They think by this means to save hay and grain, and do not consider how little nourishment there is in the grass when it first starts, and fail to realize in a loss of the flesh put on during the previous months. Not only is there a lack of the required nourishment, but the fresh grass causes scouring and consequent loss of weight. Much the better plan is too wait until the grass has made a good start, and then turn the stock out for an hour or two each day, giving nearly a full ration of dry feed at the same time, which will prevent scouring. In this way the stock will become accustomed to the grass, and later do well on that alone.

STRIKING INCIDENTS.

CLOUDS in thin layers driving from the northwest under opposite moving clouds indicate the approach of fine weather.

A CASE is recorded in a Western paper of the marriage of a couple who had waited sixty years for each other. Their courtship began in childhood and although separated for a lifetime they retained for each other a true affection which culminated as above related.

A REMARKABLE trip for a steamer was that accomplished by the new British ship Ormuz, in traversing the distance between Port Adelaid, Australia, and Liverpool (11,000 miles) in twenty-seven days, making a record of seventeen miles an hour. The amount of coal consumed during the voyage was 110 tons per diem.

A FRENCH journal of science reports an extraordinary case of trance in a young lady who has continued in an uninterrupted state of unconsciousness for four years. The subject is wasting away and the pulse is gradually growing weaker although food is administered. This condition is supposed to have been brought on by a fright resulting in convulsions.

ONE way of increasing capital was exemplified in a case occurring, not long since, in Mississippi. A widower, the father of five children, named John Dollar, married the relict of a former neighbor named Emanuel Sixbits, who left to her care six young Sixbitses, which, with the addition of the maternal Sixbits, footed up five dollars and twenty-five cents. This added to the six Dollarses of the other party to the contract, aggregated eleven dollars and twenty five cents. By this means their capital was about doubled without leaving the family.

THE first and only instance of the killing of fowls of the air by lightning was recently recorded in a California paper. While watching the clouds during a thunder-storm, a gentleman observed a flock of wild geese passing through the air. Suddenly a flash of lightning blazed forth and apparently shattered the flock. Several of the geese fell to the ground dead, but without the slightest marks of violence upon them. This incident unsettles the commonly accepted belief that the feathered denizens of the air are secure from the darting fire of heaven.

THE arrest of a criminal under very singular circumstances was made, not long since, by the police of Oil City, Pa. A car-load of shoes that had been sidetracked in the city had been entered by thieves of whom there was no clue. An officer in passing down the street one Sunday morning observed a rough character with a pair of new shoes on, who, when he saw the officer watching him, disappeared into a neighboring church. Following, the officer entered and seeing the bottoms of a new pair of shoes on a kneeling man quietly took him outside and found the trade mark of the losing firm upon them. The arrest resulted in the apprehending of all the guilty ones.

A SEA CAPTAIN relates a recent occurrence which in his opinion accounts for the mysterious disappearance of numerous vessels at sea. "During a storm a huge meteor, looking like two balls of fire, dropped into the sea close alongside, making a tremendous roaring. Before reaching the water the upper atmosphere was darkened, while below, and on board, every thing appeared like a sea of fire. The force of the meteor striking the water caused heavy breakers, which washed over the vessel, making her roll dangerously. The atmosphere became uncomfortably warm, and the air was full of sulphur. Immediately afterward solid lumps of ice fell on the deck, and decks and rigging became coated with an icy crust, caused by the immense evaporation. On the side where the meteor fell the ship appeared all black, and some of the copper sheeting was blistered."

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to monopolize as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.

MEN'S FINE

All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.

Former price $12.

Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,

In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.

LARGE LINE OF

Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,

Coats, and Coats & Vests at cut-rate prices.

Schwed Brothers,

my10

HURLBURT, HUNTING & FROST'S

Hippocynagon, Menagerie,

GYMNASIUM AND COLLEGE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

THE

LARGEST 10c. SHOW ON EARTH.

P. P. HURLBURT'S

Troupe of Trained Horses,

In their Grand Military Drill. Crown Prince, the horse with human intelligence.

A TROUPE OF

Eighteen Thoroughbred Dogs.

ROBERT HUNTING'S

Galaxy of European Gymnasts,

Including the Leading Gymnast performers of this and foreign countries.

Hyatt Frost's English Menagerie,

The Finest Collection of Wild Animals on Exibition, including a

Lioness and Her 8-weeks-old Family.

10 CTS ADMITS TO ALL 10

Will exhibit in PLAINFIELD on lot near Oil-Cloth Factory,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

Aug. 18, 19, 20.

Street Parade 10 a. m., Thursday. Two performances daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m; performance commences one hour later. Grand FREE EXHIBITION on the grounds at one p. m. daily. 8-8-d6

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cookin Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.
(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The picnic and thunder shower frequently get there on the same day.

—Grass green silk stockings for ladies are the latest—so we are informed.

—The luxurant growth of weeds this Summer is claimed to be a prognostication of a very cold Winter.

—The weightier tread of the young chicken with feathered pantaloons indicates the growth of the season.

—The Board of Managers of the Plainfield Fire Department will meet in regular session in the City Court room at eight o'clock this evening.

—The days are now noticeably decreasing in length and will continue to shorten until December 21st, when the days and nights are about equal.

—Harvest Home celebrations, which are unknown in this section of the State, are being held throughout Hunterdon county and South Jersey.

—Notice in another column to-day, of A. M. Vanderbeek & Co.'s change in their ad. Persons in need of anything in their line will do well to give them a trial.

—The annual dinner to the members of the press, will be tendered by the New Jersey State Agricultural Society at Waverly Park, Wednesday afternoon of next week.

—To-morrow the members of the Middlesex Gun Club begin contesting for Club Badges on their grounds at Dunellen. It is expected that a large number of shooters will be present.

—As the officials have not yet received any application for the use of the Plainfield Driving Park by the owner of "Fannie Gilbert," it is probable that the trot against time, so extensively advertised for this afternoon, will not come off.

—Most of the persons who have been killed by being struck by lightning were in the open air or in currents of air during the storm. We seldom read of lightning striking anybody in a room where the doors and windows are closed.

—The *Somerset Messenger* still insists that the barn of John M. Yawger, near Stanton, was struck by lightning and burned during a shower some two weeks ago, but Mr. Yawger has not as yet found it to be true, and he lives very close by.

—The regular monthly meeting of the Somerset County Board of Chosen Freeholders took place at the Court House in Somerville to-day. Reports of the damage done by the storm in various parts of the county were made and other routine business transacted.

—The case of Mrs. Paul Tabert *vs.* Mrs. Charles Broeck, of North Plainfield, for an alleged assault upon her, was to have been tried before Justice Nash yesterday afternoon, but on account of the illness of the defendant, an adjournment was made until Monday next.

—The Messrs. Coddington Brothers, millers and ice dealers in the Notch, who lost several thousand dollars by the late freshet, have decided not to make any extensive improvements about their place until cool weather sets in. A temporary bridge leading to their ice houses has been erected, and a few other needed repairs made.

—The Reform Club's excursion to Rockaway started off this morning as a success, and will continue so throughout the day. The cars provided proved insufficient to hold the crowd of patrons, and word was sent ahead for extra accomodations to provide seats for all that filled the ten coaches that overflowed as they left Plainfield station.

—How all things work together for our good. The heavy and frequent rains and steady moisture of the past several weeks may not have been pleasant to our feelings, but had the long and excessive heat been accompanied by continuous fair weather it would most surely have resulted in such a drought as to cause great and wide spread mortal and financial loss.

—Sunflowers never presented a more attractive appearance than they do this year.

—More like comfort last night, and no difficulty was experienced in sleeping soundly.

—One year ago this evening, occurred the opening of the new Club House of the Plainfield Bicyclers.

—Large chestnuts and buckwheat crops are predicted. The weather has been favorable for both.

—Upland plover are very scarce this season. There are but few grasshoppers for them to feed on.

—Under a recent decision by the Supreme Court, township committees now have the power to increase the valuation placed by Assessors upon real estate, without notice to the owner.

—The project of having a cinder path between New York and Philadelphia, which is being discussed by the wheelmen throughout the State, is meeting with general favor on all sides. The route as now laid out passes through this city and Westfield, omitting Elizabeth.

—It is reported on good authority that a company who manufacture all kinds of machinery will erect works and locate near where the Pond Tool company are constructing works, in the lower end of this city. Plainfield is destined to become a populous and enterprising city.

—The Vice Chancellor has decided that "When a sale is effected the vendor holds the land for the benefit of the vendee and must account to him for the rents and profits, and the vendee holds the purchase money for the benefit of the vendor and must account to him for the interest."

—The absence of Banks Winter, who wrote "White Wings" etc., from the minstrel company of last evening, was noticeable but unaccounted for. When an attraction is advertised but not presented, a public excuse should be made. We understand he has been called to his home by the illness of his mother.

—This is part of a law enacted last Winter: "And be it enacted, That no minor or woman shall clean any part of the mill gearing or machinery in any factory or workshop while the same is in motion, or work between the fixed or traversing parts of any machine while it is in motion by the action of steam, water or mechanical power."

—The Plainfield Bicycle Club met in regular meeting, last evening, and adopted a new constitution and by-laws as offered by the committee appointed to draft them. Their provisions are about the same as those of the past, only now in better shape. The uniform adopted is that at present worn, and is set forth in the rules from shoe to necktie.

—Boys and bean shooters are among the things most dreaded at this season of the year. The average boy can with apparent ease and evident delight, nine times out of ten, strike the cranium of an inoffensive citizen, with his bean shooter, leaving the victim to writhe in pain while the boy disappears to some other locality where he will repeat the operation.

—The New Brunswick *Times* of Monday contained the following item, as coming via the *Independent Hour* of Woodbridge: "Plainfield will soon have a free postal delivery. Coroner William Daly of New Brunswick, is mentioned as the probable chief of the new service." The *Times* would do well to consult the columns of THE PRESS, and not depend on foreign correspondents for facts.

—During to-morrow night and that following, observers of the star depths may look with confidence for the meteors called in the Middle Ages, "The Tears of St. Lawrence," but now less poetically named the Perseids. These same August meteors may, however, be looked for all through this week, the system being a widespread one, through which our earth, despite her swift motion of 68,000 miles an hour, takes several days in passing.

—The annual reunion of the veterans of the Thirteenth Regiment New Jersey Volunteers, will be held at Paterson on September 14th, The Seventh Regiment Veterans will hold their reunion at Morristown on September 19th, and the Grand Army, militia and citizens of that place have taken hold with the determination to make the affair a success. Generals Carr and Sickles, who were present at the reunion in this city, recently, are expected to be present.

—The Cellonite Manufacturing Company of which Mr. J. R. France, a former resident of this city, is the President, has already begun the rebuilding of their factory in Arlington which was totally demolished by an explosion a few weeks ago. The managers say that they intend to manufacture solely collars and cuffs. The timorous villagers declare that if the company renews the manufacture of gun-cotton or nitro-glycerine an injunction will be procured at once. The managers assure the residents of Arlington that they need fear nothing, as the explosive material will be manufactured elsewhere and brought in sheets to the works in Arlington, where the articles will be stamped from them.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Mabel Collins, of North Plainfield, is at Point Pleasant, N. J.

Mr. E. F. Wright, of West Seventh street, is at May Villa, Bath beach, Long Island.

Mr. T. B. Brooks and family of Seventh street, went to North Long Branch, last Saturday.

Misses Minnie Force and Susie Van Winkle have returned from their visit to Philadelphia.

Mr. J. Harry Milligan of West Fourth street, is spending a week with friends in Hunterdon county.

The next entertainment at Music Hall will be by Tony Pastor's great specialty company, Tuesday, the 23rd inst.

Miss Mary Callihan of Brook avenue, North Plainfield, is spending a few days with friends at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson.

Messrs. T. O. Doane and T. H. Keller are attending the National Council of the Order of American Firemen that is being held in New York to-day.

Mrs. W. B. Maxson and children are at Point Pleasant, N. J., at the same cottage as her brother, Mr. Frank S. Wells, and Mrs. J. D. Titsworth and family.

Mr. John Rickert of this city, has accepted a lucrative position on the road with the "Satin Gloss Soap Company." He left last evening to begin his new duties.

A society reporter writes to a New York paper, from Ocean Beach, "Mr. Percy Stewart, a Yale College student, occasionally twirls the ball for the amusement of his friends at the Neptune."

Mr. Augustus Worden has leased the store in Green's building, formerly occupied by the Boston Clothing House on Park avenue, and will open it about Sept. 1st, as a confectionery store, manufacturing his own goods.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Woodruff and Howard Pope and wife drove to Asbury Park to-day, where they will remain a couple of weeks at the Grand Avenue. To-morrow Misses Mabel Woodruff and Minnie Force will join them.

The Rahway *Democrat* thus alludes to one of Plainfield's popular musicians: "It is said that Samuel Frazee, the well known musician of Plainfield, fell overboard while playing 'Way down upon the Swanee River,' the other evening, and was drowned—in applause."

Mr. George Watson, the Newark clothier, has purchased from Mr. George H. Burgess of Central avenue, the desirable site on the North corner of Park avenue and Eighth street, adjoining Mr. Watson's handsome residence on Crescent avenue. The consideration, it is understood, was $7,000

Justice Nash has received a letter dictated by his father from his sick bed at Richmond. The aged gentleman, whose misfortune in a recent railroad accident was reported in these columns, is hurt internally and his condition is most critical. His wife, who was severely bruised at the same time, is with him.

The Rev. Mr. Schenck came home from the Catskills, this morning, to officiate at the funeral service of the late Mrs. O. W. Dunham, whose husband is an Elder in Trinity Reformed church. Mr. Schenck returned this afternoon to the mountains where, last Sunday, they enjoyed grate fires and were comfortable in overcoats.

Gen. Robert McAllister is very ill at his country residence just on the outskirts of Belvidere. He has been in failing health for several months. He had command of the Eleventh New Jersey Volunteers, and was present at their reunion in this city, the 16th of last June. A bone lodged in his throat some time ago. It was extracted, but owing to his age he did not recover from its effects.

The funeral services of Mrs. Annie E. Dunham were held at her late residence, this afternoon. The Rev. Cornelius Schenck officiated, and special vocal music was rendered by Mrs. Chandler, Mrs. Bird, and Messrs. Elmer Runyon and T. B. Brown. After the ceremonies here the remains were taken to Evergreen Cemetery, Elizabeth, by hearse accompanied by six coaches and the relatives of the deceased.

Mr. Asa Collier left this afternoon for Concord, Mass., his old home, where his aged father died at six o'clock of last Sunday evening. The deceased had been ailing for the past two years, and often before had his death been expected. His daughter came to Plainfield to visit her brother, Saturday, and the news of their father's death followed within forty-eight hours. He was 76 years of age, and leaves considerable wealth.

A few days ago Mr. John Dunning, of Brooklyn, who is stopping for a few weeks in this city, took a stroll through the Notch to see the great damage done by the recent rains in that neighborhood. While stopping at Demler's hotel he made a drawing of the hotel building, barns and sheds adjoining, which is thought to be a very good representation. Mr. Dunning will take the drawings to Brooklyn with him when he returns, from which he intends to make a painting.

The Man Who Smiles.

A New York paper of yesterday contained the following: "Members of the Union County Farmers' Club are greatly incensed at the rude treatment to which they have been subjected by Warren Ackerman, the wealthy owner of the village of Feltville, known as the 'Deserted Village,' on account of its having been in a thriving condition several years ago and since then fallen into the condition so eloquently described by Oliver Goldsmith in his famous poem. Mr. Ackerman, who is trying to reclaim the once delightful spot, was waited upon by a committee of the Farmers' Club, who wanted to hold their annual harvest home, or invitation summer picnic, on his domains, to which they have invited Gov. Green and several other distinguished notables. To their astonishment the committee were met with a blunt refusal by Mr. Ackerman and withdrew in a chopfallen state of mind. They had extensively advertised the spot where they proposed to hold their festive gathering, and sent out invitations, thinking the proprietor would feel highly honored. The picnic will now be held Aug. 18 in a large grove in Union Township, and all the farmers and their wives will do their best to make amends for the disappointment."

Many years ago, when "Jersey Central" tumbled, monied institutions and individuals who held the Company's stock and bonds, or the stock and bonds of any company directly or indirectly connected with it, began to sell. Mr. Ackerman began to buy. The Broadway Bank surrendered at a great sacrifice a lot of bonds at about 17 that are now worth ten times that figure, and Mr. Ackerman was the one man shrewd enough to see months further ahead than the whole Board of Directors could. While they frowned and were disappointed, he smiled and was confident. They frown and are disappointed yet; he smiles and is confident still. But his smiles are for everyone; his confidence he keeps to himself.

When a representative of THE PRESS handed Mr. Ackerman his card, yesterday, Mr. Ackerman smiled. When the reporter spoke of the article above the smile spread, and as it developed into a hearty inward laugh, and he who was actively concerned in it bent forward over the reporter's card, every gray hair on the top of Mr. Ackerman's head laughed at the timid newspaper-man, and the corners of the smile could be seen "lurking" behind Mr. Ackerman's ears. During the entire interview he spoke but once. As he spoke he laid one hand on the reporter's shoulder, and the smile seemed to make a short circuit through his arm and thrill his listener with beatifical induction.

"My dear fellow," he said, and the smile fairly gamboled over his countenance; "if you want to visit Feltville you know you are must welcome. You may bring your best girl up and stroll in the moonlight all over the park, and you need not keep off the grass, either. You can push your mother-in-law in one of the lakes, or enjoy yourself in any other way that suits you best." Then he stopped talking, but smiled still.

He would not say that he had or had not even seen the article; or whether he knew there was such an organization as the Farmers' Club in existence. If the reporter was ignorant of his title to the erstwhile "Deserted Village," he would probably have refrained from extending its freedom as above. He only smiled, and the newspaper man retreated, defeated by the victor's non-resistance, and his smile.

Cigarette Smoking.

One of the most abominable habits which a person can acquire is that of cigarette smoking. Those who are addicted to it not only injure their health more than they realize, but they also render themselves unpleasant to almost everyone whom they meet while practicing it, for not one person in a hundred likes the smell of a cigarette, and to the majority of people it is simply intolerable. The general impression is that cigarettes are harmless, whereas they are a potent source of evil. They are so dry, the nicotine is thrown off from the moment the tobacco begins to burn, and the smoke being inhaled and coming in contact with the delicate lining of the air passages, the poison is at once absorbed, and produces an immediate effect which can be felt even to the tips of the fingers. The sensation which follows is one of ennui, indolence and muscular hebetude, which soon becomes burdensome, unless the stimulation be renewed and prolonged by a fresh cigarette. Of the two—the young man of the period and the laborer with his T. D. pipe loaded with plug tobacco—the latter shows the most sense, for he injures his health the least by his indulgence, and certainly he can be no more obnoxious to his neighbors than the cigarette smoker.

—Persons who keep dogs that dash out suddenly at passing teams should remember that in case of damage done they may be held liable in the Courts, as nobody has a right to do anything that will jeopardize a man's life or limb.

Oh, For a Paid Fire Department!

A celebrated writer upon fire topics advances the idea that "Fighting fires for fun will soon be a thing of the past, and firemen should receive a fair compensation for the amount of work done." We anxiously look forward to the dawn of such an era, but with the present apathy of the public it seems a long way off. There is in every fire company a large percentage of hangers on, firemen in name only, who elect the officers, manage the company affairs and take all the credit to themselves, while a few quietly submit to their dictatorship and do all the work at fires. Now the former class do not deserve to profit by the labors of the latter; but it seems just that the workers who do the fire duties should receive the same remuneration from the city or village as they would for a given time in an individual capacity.

A certain Pennsylvania department with over two thousand members turns out at every fire an average of about eight men to each of the seven companies. Among several large volunteer departments in New Jersey, where many join a fire company to secure certain exemption, the average attendance at a fire from each company is even less than eight. Any place owning good fire apparatus will find it is for its interest to employ efficient, practical firemen to handle and care for it. Let the chief select the workers, the true firemen in each company, the men who are always first at a fire, and then let them be paid a stated price per hour for their services when called out by an alarm, or by order of the superior officer. The "ornaments" in the company—men who shirk fire duty—can be mustered out and dropped from the membership roll with profit to all concerned.—*Ex.*

More About the Planet Venus.

To show that THE PRESS was right in denouncing the story which a few people saw in print to the effect that the bright light in the western heavens was caused by Edison experimenting with electricity as a means for illuminating the heavens, the Allentown (Pa.) *Democrat* says: "The bright, particular star at present to be seen every evening in the western heavens is causing some wonder and speculation among a few people. A story that has gained circulation and believers, is that it is an electric light held up by means of a balloon in some town in Western Pennsylvania. Such a thing is, however, entirely absurd, and ranks with the old belief that Atlas held the world on his shoulders, the while standing on a big turtle. To put up an electric light at a height where it could be seen over a large territory would require several miles of wire, and no balloon has yet been constructed that would be able to hold up such a weight, nor would it remain stationary. The star is simply the planet Venus, and don't you forget it. The reason that she appears so large is owing to the fact that the objects around the eye are large when looking towards the horizon, and this accounts also for the largeness of the sun and moon in the morning and evening. To see Venus alike at all times it is well to look thro' a tube so as to have the eye protected from the surrounding objects. The objects around the eye form an optical delusion, and this accounts for the largeness of Venus."

Base Ball.

The Plainfield Y. M. C. A's are trying to arrange a game with their brothers of Somerville, to take place next Saturday afternoon on the grounds in this city. The following Saturday, the 20th inst., the Y. M. C. A's of New Brunswick will visit Plainfield and be done up.

The New Brunswick Y. M. C. A. nine is said to be accompanied at all their games by a rough crowd of heelers who throw a shower of stones in the air at every fly their opponents have a chance of catching. These hoodlums also indulge in other methods of disturbance, and throughout the State the New Brunswick team are getting a reputation for winning games by means of the unfair practices of their friends.

Newspaper Changes.

On September 1st, G. B. M. Harvey, of the New Jersey edition of the New York *World*, will take charge of the Newark *Daily Journal*, and will make some changes in the editorial and business departments. It is also reported that the *World* will abandon its New Jersey edition. The report seems to be verified by the statement that the Jersey City office will be closed, and "copy" will thereafter be sent directly to the New York office. This will necessitate a very considerable curtailment of the New Jersey reportorial force. It is understood that the New Jersey edition has proved an expensive failure. Some time ago the *World* abandoned its Pennsylvania edition, on which a large outlay had been made.

—"Bringing in the Sheaves" has been the work of the farmer for the last two or three weeks, but they were not sheaves of oats. The oats had to be brought in with the big horn spoon on account of the moist weather—that is, the few pecks that did not wash away.

The Governor's Next Appointments.

The following are the appointments at the Governor's disposal the coming Winter: A chief of the bureau of statistics in place of James Bishop; a lay judge of the court of errors and appeals in place of John Clements; a judge of the first district in Newark in place of Henry F. Goeken; three commissioners of fisheries in place of Richard S. Jenkins, Frank M. Ward and William Wright; two commissioners of the sinking fund in place of Jonathan H. Blackwell and Waters B. Miller; one member of the state board of assessors; two trustees of the New Jersey school for deaf mutes in place of Samuel Rhinehart and James M. Seymour; one riparian commissioner; five judges—in Bergen county in place of William E. Skinner, in Hudson county in place of Judge Beach, in Morris county in place of Francis Childs, in Union county in place of Thomas F. McCormick, and in Warren county in place of Silas W. Dewitt; lay judges—in Atlantic county in place of John Scull, in Burlington county in place of Clayton A. Black, in Camden county in place of Isaiah Woolston, in Cape May county in place of Somers Gandy, in Cumberland county in place of Nathaniel Stratton, in Essex county in place of John L. Johnson, in Gloucester county in place of Samuel T. Miller, in Hunterdon county in place of John C. Durham, in Mercer county in place of William S. Yard, in Middlesex county in place of Charles F. Newton, in Monmouth county in place of Samuel T. Hendrickson, in Ocean county in place of Richard H. Conover, in Passaic county in place of James Inglis, Jr., in Salem county in place of Wm. Plummer, in Somerset county in place of John M. Garrettson, and in Sussex county in place of Hiram C. Clark.

The Governor will also nominate Prosecutor of the Pleas in Atlantic county in place of Joseph Thompson, in Cape May county in place of Jonas S. Miller, in Essex county in place of Oscar Keen, in Hudson county in place of Charles H. Winfield, in Morris county in place of William W. Cutler, and in Sussex county in place of Theodore Simonson.

G. A. R. Gains in New Jersey.

Department Commander John L. Wheeler, has issued General Orders No. 10, which contains a detailed report of the development of the Order during the quarter just closed, and also for the first quarter in 1887: Lyon Post, No. 12, of Vineland, gained 10 members; Joe Hooker Post, 32, of Atlantic City, 11 members; Van Leer Post, 36, of Gloucester, 10 members; William Robeson Post, No. 51, of Camden, 14 members; Samuel Mills Post, 73, of Clayton, 17 members. The following tabulated report accompanies the order:

Net gain in Posts	215
Post No. 104, mustered April 9	30
Post No. 105, mustered May 10	14
Post No. 106, mustered June 29	17
Total gain	276
Losses in the Posts	85
Net gain in the Department	191
Number in good standing at the close of the first quarter, 1887	6,737
Total in good standing at the close of the second quarter, 1887	6,928
Number of comrades suspended during the first quarter, 1887	188
Number suspended during second quarter, 1887	125

NEW MARKET.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. McKenzie of Jersey City, have been the guests, for the past week, of Mr. Stanley Day.

Mr. Philip Jenner, Mr. Wm. Rountree and Mr. George W. Day, left for Niagara Falls on Saturday last.

Miss Irene Day has gone to Hopewell, N. J., paying a visit to the "Jersey Nightingale," Miss Phillips.

William A. Higgs, Esq., of Stratford, Ontario, returned from Europe on the "Wisconsin," and is a guest at Stanley Day's on his way home.

The New Minstrel Combination.

Having been but two weeks on the road, everything about Sweatnam, Billy Rice and Barney Fagan's minstrel company's clothes and acts, was fresh and handsome last evening. The singing of Mr. Wallins and Mr. Norrie was unusually good, and the orchestral music far above most other. The artistic and the grotesque dancing was perfect, and the silent drilling of the "Apollo Belvideres" excelled anything we have seen in its line. The figures and evolutions were many of them entirely new, and despite their difficulties were executed with precision without an order or sign. If worth will command success, this organization has a great future before it.

WASHINGTONVILLE.

Mr. Jasper Wilson with a force of men is repairing the damage done to his stone cracker. The cracker will be running next week so that the streets yet unfinished in Plainfield will be given a coat of macadam.

The bridge leading to French's mill, in the Notch, is being rebuilt by Mr. John Whitlock at the expense of the county, and the bridge will again be opened to the public next week. This is one of the bridges that was washed away last Tuesday week.

THE GREAT OCEAN RACE

VOLUNTEER LEADS THE PROCESSION OUT TO SEA.

She Gains Fifty Minutes on the Mayflower Seven Hours from the Start.

Two Miles Ahead.

SALEM, Mass., Aug. 9.—The fact that 110 miles lay ahead of them was enough to awaken every yachtsman in the New York Yacht club fleet yesterday before sunrise. Fully an hour before the time to start the fleet was getting under weigh.

It was a perfect day, the sky as clear as crystal, and the sea, as far as the eye could reach, shimmering under the sun like a bed of molten silver. The wind blew fresh from the northeast, and was strengthening every minute, and outside the waves were capped with foam.

The Volunteer evidently tired of the company she was in and threw her line to a tug, and was towed out to sea. Outside she cast off and under her mainsail, foresaysail, jib and small jib topsail courteseied to the breeze. Her big club topsail was soon sent up, and under this she lay down until the sea washed her decks to leeward.

The Puritan was the next to weigh anchor, and with the schooner America went out to meet the Volunteer. One by one the pretty yachts sent aloft their cloud of canvass, and when the welcome gun of the start boomed out from the flagship at 7 o'clock precisely, the fleet lay in a pretty bunch to leeward of the flagship. This was anchored about a mile off the East Chop, and the Puritan was almost in the line when the starting gun was fired. She crossed in fine style and, close-hauled on the port tack, headed away.

The Volunteer came tearing after her, bending to the stiffening breeze, and in fifteen minutes after crossing the line had passed the Puritan and was a length in the lead.

The third to cross was the Stranger, followed by the Gracie, Gitana and Cinderella. Then came the Pride of Bay Ridge, with the big schooner Wanderer close astern. The Bedouin crossed next, with the Thistle in her wake, and the old America, with Gen. Butler at the wheel, rapidly overhauling them. The Huron came next, and then the pretty Mayflower, her pot-leaded sides glistening like gold, glided in her stately way over the line. The Troubadour followed her and then the Resolute. The Priscilla, staggering under her clouds of canvas, made her bow to the flagship as she passed, and with the Nakomis, Iroquois, Sachem, Palmer, Magic, Poeahontas, Norman, Varuna, Ulidia, Mohican, Republic, Fannie and Phantom in her wake, headed away after the Volunteer, in the lead.

As each yacht passed the steam yacht Corsair Mr. Pierpont Morgan, the donor of the cups for which the yachts were sailing, waved his hand from the bridge of his yacht and wished every one of them luck.

The Gitana at 7:20 parted her bobstay and had to put back for Martha's Vineyard. All of the big sloops were doing well with the exception of the Atlantic. Several times she hauled up out of the wind, and her crew could be seen hurrying about her decks. She lost time by these mysterious manœuvres, and the Priscilla at 8:50 passed her to windward.

The course as far as Handkerchief light was nearly due east, but at 9:30 the Volunteer had to make the first tack. The rest followed and in short tacks, with the wind dead ahead, made the Shoreful light. As this was passed it was easy to see how much the Volunteer had gained on her rivals. The Puritan was fully two miles to leeward, with the Mayflower, Priscilla and Atlantic about the same distance astern.

The Isolt at 7:30 lost her topmast and sorrowfully followed the Gitania to Martha's Vineyard.

At 10:44 the Volunteer passed Pollock Rip, with the Puritan 10 minutes later. The Mayflower passed next, at precisely 11 o'clock, with the Priscilla 1 minute and 31 seconds astern. The Atlantic passed at 11:04, with the Bedouin at 11:10, the Sachem at 11:27 and the Palmer at 11:30.

The wind was then lightening and leaving the yachts to fight their battle unseen, except by themselves, the Electra, followed by the Corsair and Susquehanna, steamed away for Marblehead and was soon lost to view.

CHATHAM, Mass., Aug. 9.—At 2:30 o'clock the Volunteer was leading the fleet, being fifty minutes ahead of the Mayflower, and gaining every moment. In the schooner class the Sachem was leading. The Priscilla was 20 minutes behind the Mayflower and the Atlantic 10 minutes behind the Priscilla.

The Puritan was leading the Mayflower when off Chatham Bars, but on taking a long reach of shore she lost her topmast and was obliged to turn round. Considerable time was lost in clearing the decks, and when ready to join in the race again she was behind the Atlantic.

The leaders passed out of sight about 5 p. m., and then the wind died out. Fifteen yachts, mostly shooners, were becalmed off here with a head tide running.

HIGALAND LIGHT, Aug. 9.—A light breeze came off the land from the southwest at 10:30, and the racers improved it by hugging the shore. The moon rose at 9:30, casting a long line of golden light over the smooth surface of the water of the ocean, forming an excellent crossing line for the white-winged yachts, and as one after another burst into the full sweep of the moon, crossed it and faded in the darker space beyond, they presented a picture of remarkable beauty. From the direction of the wind, they were able to run with free sheets. The Volunteer was the first to cross the moon beam, at 11:40 p. m., moving with about a four-knot breeze. She was leading the fleet by more than two miles.

IS IT THE SYNDICATE?

High Chinese Officials Soon to Reach This Country Via San Francisco.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Consul Kennedy, at Shanghai, cables the state department that some high Chinese officials will arrive at San Francisco about the end of August on important business. He bespeaks for them a good reception. Nothing more than is contained in the telegram is known at the department about the matter, but there is reason to believe that the visitors are Count Mitkiewicz and the two special Chinese envoys who started from Shanghai yesterday after having secured an imperial decree sanctioning him the formation of the proposed bank by a syndicate of American capitalists.

The capital of the concern is placed at 50,000,000 taels and many American banks will advance the money. Li Hung Chang will be chairman. The syndicate will build a railroad between Pekin and Tienstein and Canton.

Frost at Lake Winnipesaukee.

LACONIA, N. H., Aug. 9.—Reports have reached here that there were heavy frosts in different localities around Lake Winnipesaukee last night, but no serious damage to crops is anticipated.

JOHN L'S GOLDEN CIRCLET.

He is Presented with a Belt and Proclaimed "Champion of all Champions."

BOSTON, Aug. 9.—Champion John L. Sullivan's expansive waist was belted last night with gold and diamonds. The mayor and other dignitaries joined in the demonstration. The "champion of all champions," which the donors of the $10,000 belt declared him to be, received the shining trophy and the great ovation from 3,000 people in the Boston theatre with dignity. Councilman Billy Whall made a bad mess of his presentation speech, and when he finally wished the champion a speedy departure to another world (presumably meaning Europe or Australia) the crowd thought he was consigning the big fighter to an early grave, and so howled derisively and long. It was a very orderly gathering on the whole, and the sparring which followed the presentation was tame until the mayor and some others withdrew, when the reins of restraint was loosed a little.

The belt is of 14-carat solid gold, and weighs 3,000 pennyweights. The plate alone weighs about 1,000 pennyweights, and is the largest piece of manufactured gold ever attempted in the United States. The name of the beneficiary extends across its centre in black letters, encrusted with diamonds of great brilliancy. Above is a five-carat stone in a unique setting. Other smaller gems are artistically arranged on both sides of the plate. The entire surface is covered with the most delicate of lathe work, bewilderingly elaborate in detail. The plate is surmounted by a glory of flags. In the centre an eagle perches with outstretched wings and jewelled eyes. The flags are done in enamel, and are those of America, Ireland, and England, arranged in the order named on the one side, while Ireland, America and England is the arrangement of the group on the other. The pins or posts between the links are made to represent the eight stakes of a prize ring. The tops are of "dead" gold, while the bodies are highly burnished. The figure on the third plate on each side is a representation of Sullivan in fighting attitude. They are high relief in solid 14 carat gold, and are rivetted to the links. From the waist down the figures are laid with green enamel, while the belt is enamelled in red and white. The fourth plate on each side is ornamented with shields, with diamond stars in the blue field.

The inscription on the centre plate reads: "Presented to the champion of champions, John L. Sullivan, by the citizens of Boston, July 4, 1887."

More Presidential Invitations.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Assistant Secretary of State Porter this morning conveyed to the president an invitation from the people of Nashville and middle Tennessee to visit that city, and another from the chamber of commerce of Knoxville to pay the city a visit. The president, it is understood, will visit Nashville, but has not yet determined upon the time. He has taken the Nashville invitation under consideration and will determine soon whether time and the public business will make it possible for him to accept.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 9.—A representative meeting of professionol and business men to-day adopted unanimously a series of resolutions expressing the desire that the president and Mrs. Cleveland should visit Charleston, and requesting the city council to extend an invitation to them and obtain, if practicable, an early acceptance.

Three Bathers Drowned.

MONTREAL, Aug. 9.—Three French Canadians, Gauthier and Lalonde, and one whose name is unknown, were drowned while bathing in the Back river yesterday.

Sporting Gossip.

Pete Nolan, of Cincinnati, and Mike Cleary, of Louisville, are arranging for a fight.

Charles Daniels, manager of the Hartfords, will resume his old position as that of umpire.

Buffalo has filed an application to fill the first vacancy in the American association; ditto Milwaukee.

Pitcher McCormick has lost more games than any other league pitcher this season, the number being seventeen.

The National Jockey club has decided to hold an eight days' meeting at Ivy city next fall, with five races each day. Many rich stakes will be contested.

Manager Morrill has made eleven home runs and nine three-basers this season. In the seven games prior to August 6 he made twelve hits, with a total of twenty-two.

Ezra Sutton does not take kindly to base running, as his record of one base in nineteen games indicates. Sutton is doing fine work when even given an opportunity by Boston.

President Hart of the New Orleans association, believes the southern league will be stronger next season than this, and that all the large southern cities will be in except Savannah.

The Engelwood Field club will hold an open tennis tournament on their grounds at Engelwood, N. J., on Thursday and following days. Prizes will be awarded in singles and doubles.

The Louisville batteries are dubbed as follows: Hecker and Cook, the "head battery;" Chamberlain and Cross, the "scientific battery;" and Ramsey and Kerins, the "dynamite battery."

John Ward, of the New York club, has been spoken of in connection with the American association presidency. He would doubtless be a good man for the office, but is not likely to be elected.

Pitcher Clarkson is looming up as a hitter. But twice in twelve and but twice in sixteen games has he failed to bat safely. His contributions in the last five games embrace three home runs. Tall work for the Chicago twirler.

Keefe doesn't take to stealing very much. He is so honest that he refuses even to capture a base. In fact his record is one stolen base in thirty-nine games. Ewing is contemplating getting a string to pull him down to second every time an opportunity is given for the former to get there.

President Young, of the National league, has called a special meeting of the board of directors, to be held at the Coleman house, Asbury Park, N. J., on Monday, Aug. 15. The object of the meeting is to consider the appeal of the New York club from the decision of the umpire in awarding the game of June 27 to the Detroit club.

The New York team which will start for California early in November will be as follows: Kelly, right field; Brown, catcher; Tim Keefe, pitcher; Connor, first base; Dan Richardson, second base; Denny, third base; Ward, short stop; Ewing, left field, and Gore, centre. Most of these players are strangers to the Pacific coast, although Ward played as pitcher when there before.

Jack Kerins does not believe that official records demonstrate the true merits of a ball player. "If I wanted to lead the association catchers," he said, "I could do it easily. All I would have to do would be to throw easy dub balls down to second base and make wild pitches of all my passed balls. But I throw quick and hard to second in order to catch swift runners, and occasionally I send a ball clear over to centre field, which is an error. I also strive hard to get in front of all widely pitched balls, so as to keep runners from being advanced a base, and as a result have passed balls where I could easily avoid them if I chose so to do."

ESKIMO KAYAKS.

The Peculiar Craft Used by the Daring Youths of Greenland.

This dangerous craft is gradually dying out in Greenland, and only the brighter and more ambitious boys acquire it. Practice must commence at a tender age, and must be continued assiduously. Jens had a pride and delight in the art, such as was unusual in his settlement. For those who have never seen a kayak I will imperfectly describe it as a shuttle-shaped boat, consisting of a wooden frame-work which is fastened together generally by seal-skin thongs, and over which is stretched a covering of tanned seal-skin, as neatly and tightly as in the sheep-skin of a drum-head. The skin covering is so well tanned, and it is so deftly sewn together with sinew thread by the Eskimo women, that no drop of water finds its way through skin or seam. The use of seal thong in uniting the stanchions gives great strength and equal elasticity, allowing with impunity great shocks which otherwise would destroy so frail a structure. The boat is usually some fifteen feet long, and from its central point gently curves upward—from a width of twenty and a depth of ten inches—to pointed ends. Both prow and stern are carefully armed with a thin molding of walrus ivory, which is a protection to the skin covering when the hunter, spinning through the water, strikes small ice, or, in landing, so throws forward and upward his kayak that boat and man slide easily and safely up the edge on to the level surface of a floe. The only opening is a circular hole with a bone or wooden ring, its size being strictly limited to the circumference of the hips of the largest hunter who is to use it.

A waterproof combination jacket and mitten of oil-tanned seal-skin is worn by the hunter, who tightly laces the bottom to the ring, so that no water can enter the kayak. Thus equipped, the Innuit hunter faces seas which would swamp any other craft, and plunges safely through the heaviest surf. A single oar, with a blade at each end, in skillful and trained hands propels this unballasted, unsteady craft with great rapidity, and it moves through the water at a rate varying from five to ten miles an hour, according to the character of the sea and the exigency of the occasion. The oar properly handled enables an expert to rise to the surface, if, as happens at times, the boat is overturned.

The kayak of the Eskimo is probably unsurpassed in ingenuity by the boating devices of any other savage people of the globe. Its essential points of lightness, buoyancy and structural strength are marvelously well adapted to the varying and dangerous conditions under which an Eskimo provider seeks his sea game. This tiny craft with all hunting gear weighs scarcely fifty pounds, and will carry a load of some two hundred pounds besides its occupant.—*General A. W. Greeley, in Century.*

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 5, 1887.

Bailey, James Mrs	Little, John
Carlisle, Samuel Rev	Martin, Mamie
Carlisle, Maud Miss	McChugh, Thomas
Foss, Maud Miss	Randolph, J S Mrs
Gallagher, James	Rolutsch, Willie A Miss
Herman, Madame	Reick, Gotfried
Jenkins, Wm	Thomas, Louis
Keyser, Elizabeth Mrs	Thorne, James Lyon Jr
Ward, William (2)	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES OF SMALL store, doing good business. Address GROCERY, P. O. Box 1,081. 8-9-d3-eod

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

BUGGIES, PHETONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS. Depot Wagons, at moderate prices, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

WARNING!

Party accompanied by stout lady and two children is requested to return to undersigned new silk umbrella taken from Sunday midnight train on arrival here. Return it at once and avoid trouble.

A. SWALM, Paint Store, 6 North Ave.

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS.....25C.

8-8

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

☞ Goods Delivered to any part of the city. ☜

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Nothing has ever equaled the Low Prices

WHITE GOODS

Are Now Offered

AT PECK'S!

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts. The Fisherman made Happy at

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

DROUGHT IN SPOTS

FERTILE FARM LANDS TURNED INTO BURNING DESERTS.

Even the Hardy Thistle Wilts and Dies. Men and Cattle Dying—A Terrible State of Affairs.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—There is an area of perhaps 75,000 square miles in the northwest, between Lake Michigan and the Mississippi river and extending as far north as Madison and as far south as Bloomington, throughout which vegetation has lost its normal color and the earth its moisture. Day after day the sun sends its burning rays upon the farms and fields. Leaves are falling from the trees, the grass in the meadows has grown yellow and white, and the streams in which the cattle used to slake their thirst are as dry as powder-horns. It has been nearly ten weeks since a soaking rain fell in this district. The big bull-thistle—the pest of nearly every farm—has at last succumbed to the fate of all other vegetation. The big weed wilted, then turned black and finally fell upon the earth.

With not enough moisture in the ground to feed a thistle, the condition of corn and the tender grass in the meadows may be imagined. In southern Wisconsin there are thousands of acres where the corn will not yield a peck to the acre. The crop has been scorched and almost totally destroyed. The leaves are yellow and brittle and droop almost to the ground. The loss of the corn crop, serious as it is, will not impoverish the farmers. They have lived in the country since the land was tilled, and have, for the most part, laid by enough money to carry them through a winter. But there are other dangers to be confronted. Wells have run dry, and in some towns water famines are imminent. The drinking water at hand is often polluted and filled with poisonous germs. Typhoid fever is becoming more prevalent, and dysentery and other stomach disturbances are so common in some places as to be almost epidemic. Unless rain falls before many days the suffering will be greatly augmented.

The intense heat has been a terrific strain upon man, but its effect upon cattle has been simply appalling. Without pasturage to browse upon, or pools in which to stand during the hot hours of the day, the poor beasts have become so emaciated as to be wholly unmarketable. The farmers in the dry districts have felled trees and dragged them to the pastures, and have turned the cattle loose to browse upon the leaves.

Added to all the miseries attending the great drought is the constant fear of fires. The tall grass of the prairies is dead, the fields are ready to burst into flame, and leaves lie in heaps in the forest. A spark starts a fire and the blistering Sahara-like wind fans the flame into a conflagration. Already the land encompassed by the boundaries has been blackened by wild fire. In some towns the people are often called on three or four times a day to fight the flames. Destructive fires have been raging for many days at Kenosha, Racine and Walworth counties in Wisconsin. Thousands of acres have been swept by the flames, and the loss to farmers in hay, grain, fencing and buildings is very great. Above Madison the logs are building fiercely, and the pungent smoke hangs over the country for miles around. The Northern Illinois fires are so numerous that the farmers have ploughed the ground about their buildings in order to check the spread of the flames. Should the drought remain unbroken much longer incalculable ruin will be wrought by the fires, which spring up in unexpected places and in the most mysterious manner. In some parts of the district the drought is so terrible that butternuts and walnuts have fallen from the trees. Potatoes, when taken from their bed of ashes, look like crab apples. They are wrinkled and spongy and unfit for food. There is also a great scarcity of milk, owing to the inability of cows to find nutritious food.

The first intimation of severe drought came from Michigan. In no part of that state, however, did the complaint come from any single area covering more than one county. Farmers and villagers reported that their vegetables were suffering, but ten miles distant there would be reports of abundant rains. About three weeks ago serious damage was reported from certain regions in Michigan, and in some counties potatoes were declared to be a complete failure. Next came reports of distress in Indiana, then from Wisconsin, and at the present time there is scarcely a county between the lakes and the Mississippi in which rain is not prayed for.

WOUND UP IN CHANCERY.

The North Bellville Quarry Company in Very Serious Trouble.

NEWARK, Aug. 9.—Vice-chancellor Van Fleet has appointed George Wilson receiver for the North Bellville quarry company, of which William B. Jones of New York is president, S. D. Patterson treasurer and secretary and John B. Kelvie, superintendent and general manager. The company purchased the property and was to pay a certain percensage of the monthly income. For a while all went well and the quarry made money, but about a week ago Kelvie was astonished to receive a notice through the mail that some of the paper issued by the company had been protested. It was then discovered that Jones, the president, had been deeply concerned in the firm of Shaw & Co., lumber dealers, of Towanda, Pa., had become insolvent and had made an assignment, giving notes for $50,000, signed by him as president of the quarry company, to help the firm out of its difficulty. Last Tuesday the quarry company was unable to pay its royalty to the Robinson estate, and J. A. Miller, jr., the attorney, took possession of the works.

Business Troubles.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—A deputy sheriff was this morning placed in charge of the plated warehouse of Baird & Dillon, Nos. 141 and 143 Wabash avenue. The firm made an assignment this morning to F. E. Morse. The liabilities are estimated at from $175,000 to $2,000,000. The assets are unknown. The firm has been in business ten years, and has done a business of about $300,000. The immediate cause of the failure was the closing in of several judgment notes held by Thomas E. Hill. A confession of judgment was also entered in the circuit court by the firm this morning in favor of the First national bank.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—The W. O. Tyler Paper company, at No. 109 Adam street, is in the hands of the sheriff. The levy was made at noon under a confession of judgment by the firm in favor of the Union National bank for $35,000.

Jailer Jailed and Prisoner Free.

FISHKILL, N. Y.—In the adjoining village of Mattewan, a prisoner has escaped from the lockup. Levi Hadfield went to feed the man, when the latter succeeded in getting outside the cell and then he turned the key on his jailer. The turnkey was locked up for hours. There are no tidings of the prisoner.

THEY KNOW MOONEY

HE HAS A REMARKABLE RECORD OF CRIME.

English Police Would Like to Get Their Hands Upon Him—Affairs in England and Europe.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—The Metropolitan police authorities state that the man Thomas Mooney, now in custody at New York for an attempt to destroy the steamship Queen, is well known to the police in England, where he passed under the alias of Moorhead. It was he who caused the explosion at the gas works in Glasgow in 1882, aided by a man named J. T. Kearney and other Irishmen of the city. Kearney and Moorhead escaped, but the other men were convicted and are now undergoing penal servitude. Mooney was also the principal agent in the explosion at the local government board office, Whitehall, and at the *Times*. His chief ally in those crimes was Terrence McDermott, who was convicted and sentenced to penal servitude. McDermott was also implicated in the Glasgow explosion. Mooney escaped by way of Liverpool to America. His next achievement was the explosion at the parliament house, Ottawa, Canada, which was carried out by means of funds supplied by O'Donovan Rossa for the purpose of explosions in England. Mooney, fearing to return to this country, directed his attention to Canada, whereby he caused considerable dissatisfaction in the Fenian camp and for some short time was under a cloud.

It is known that recently he has been making experiments with fenian fire in the neighborhood of New York. He was also the agent who blew up the statue of Major Andre in New York. The man is well known to the London metropolitan police, who publicly offered a reward for his arrest in December, 1883, by advertising the same in the newspapers. His affectation of insanity is believed to be merely a subterfuge to escape the consequences of his latest crime.

DE BENSAUDE MUST NOT RING.

Violet Cameron Again Before the Public by Having Her Husband Arrested.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—Poor little de Bensaude is in hot water again. This time his crime is ringing his wife's door-bell, for which he was hauled before the "beak" at the Marylebone police court at the instance of his sometime better-half, Miss Violet Cameron, the actress.

The fair Violet deposed that the prisoner caused her great annoyance by persistently ringing the door bell of the house in Blenheim place, where she is living, at hours seasonable, and unseasonable and calling on "Thompson." He made a scene in this way, and Policeman X——, who "ran him in" at the fair Violet's request deposed solemnly that though a most persistent ringer "like a regular dun." Mr. de Bensaude did not offer any violent resistance to his arrest—evidence which produced laughter among the audience.

Counsel George Lewis stated that de Bensaude had accepted a bonus of $3,750 in discharge of all claims, past and future, and agreed not to molest Violet any more and that the divorce proceedings had then been settled; and yet, said the counsel, "here he is ringing her bell at the first opportunity."

De Bensaude, looking as strongly as possible the injured husband, asserted that Lord Lonsdale visits Miss Cameron frequently, and that as the champion of her honor—here he looked very imposing and knowing—he simply called to protest against his wife not behaving properly. Amid compassionate titters he sat down.

The magistrate dismissed the summons, but warned De Bensaude against further molestation of his wife. And so the queer comedy of the earl, the actress and the old man proceeds.

MR. FLOWER ON POLITICS.

What He Sees From a Distance—Depew the Coming Man.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—Roswell P. Flower, who for the past week has been going in and out of Paris, was interviewed yesterday. He said he would return to New York shortly, because he desired to study the coming campaign. He thinks that Mr. Cleveland's prospects for re-election are very slim. The recent desertion of the mugwump republicans has pulled the pegs from under him. He does not look upon either Mr. Blaine or Senator Sherman as the choice of the republican party, but considers that Chauncy Depew is the coming man. He acknowledges, however, that the George-McGlynn combination is powerful, and that the favor of this new party must now become a prominent factor in the question. He thinks that President Cleveland has missed his chance, and that his unfortunate remarks reported in which he said that his was a purely executive office, has prevented his being popular either with the democratic house or the republican senate.

IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Radicals Ask Awkward Questions About the Royal Family.

LONDON, Aug. 9.—In the house of commons Mr. W. H. Smith announced that the government declined to propose that parliament guarantee any loan in aid of colonization schemes. He did not see that any good would be obtained by inviting the colonial governments to cooperate in raising a colonization fund. The question was asked what was the reason for the government's refusal to submit a return showing the number of royal princes or persons allied to royalty by marriage who hold posts in the public service and draw money from the public funds, and how many officers have been passed over by such appointments.

Mr. Smith replied that, in the judgment of the government, such a return would be of an invidious character and ought not to be granted. (Radical cries of "Oh, but it must be granted.")

A French Diplomat Expelled from France.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—Baron Billing, late French ambassador to Sweden, while visiting friends in Alsace, was expelled from the province.

First Outrage Since Coercion.

DUBLIN, Aug 9.—A farmer named Custy, was shot and mortally wounded on the highway, near Ennis. The crime was of an agrarian character.

Industrial Items.

New Jersey knights are making great preparations to celebrate labor day on Sept. 5.

Nearly all foundries and machine shops in Newark, N. J., now close at 12 o'clock on Saturdays.

The brotherhood of American carpenters was organized in 1881 with twelve local unions, and now has about 300 unions with 41,000 members.

TO INCREASE OUR NAVY.

Bids Opened for Building Five Large Vessels of War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Bids were opened in the office of the secretary of the navy for the construction of the cruisers last provided for by congress, namely, the Newark No. 1, 4,000 tons displacement; cruisers Nos. 4 and 5, 4,000 tons each, and gunboats Nos. 3 and 4, 1,700 tons displacement each. The heads of several bureaus of the navy department and a number of gentlemen representing ship building establishments were present. The secretary announced that bids had been made for all vessels at prices well within the limits prescribed by congress. The bids were of three classes: first, for the hull and machinery upon the plans of the department; second, hull and machinery on the contractor's own plans; third, the hull after the plans of the department, and machinery after builder's own plans, approved by the department.

There was but one bid upon the Newark, which was by William Cramp & Sons, under class 1, the price being $1,428,000. The Union iron works of San Francisco bid under class 1 for either cruiser No. 4 or No. 5, at $1,428,000. William Cramp & Sons bid upon cruisers No. 3, 4 and 5, under class 1, at $2,410,000 each; under class 2, at $1,325,000 each; under class 2, with special modifications, at $1,350,000 each, and class 3, at $1,405,000. William Cramp & Sons bid for the two gunboats at $495,000, and N. J. Palmer & Co. of New York bid for the same at $490,000.

Gen. Buckner's Majority.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 9.—The official majority of Buckner over Bradley in ninety-nine counties heard from is 17,039. The remaining counties are Adair, Boyd, Bracken, Breathitt, Daviess, Floyd, Harlan, Jackson, Jessamine, Leslie, Letcher, Lawrence, Magoffin, Morgan, Owsley, Perry, Pike, Trigg, Union and Wolfe. The estimated total majority is 17,500. These twenty counties not officially reported gave Cleveland a majority of 4,347.

William E. Harding's Marriage.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 9.—William E. Harding, the sporting editor of the *Police Gazette* of New York, and Miss Mary Murphy of New York city were married by the Rev. Father McColligan, of St. Peter's church, at his residence in this city. The ceremony was witnessed by Duncan C. Ross, the wrestler, and Miss Mary Hudson, of New York, who acted as bridegroom and bridesmaid.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Six new cases of yellow fever and one death were reported at Key West yesterday.

Judice Kennedy, the slayer of "Cockie" Tuttles in Cincinnati, has surrendered himself to the coroner.

Gov. Davis of Rhode Island has decided to appoint a commission to investigate the alleged abuses at Cranston.

Edward S. Davis, ex-mayor of Lynn, Mass., and one of its most prominent business men, died yesterday, aged 79 years.

Count de Juigne has decided to break up his magnificent stud farm at Bois Romand. He will keep only a few steeplechasers.

Cases of cholera are reported at Palermo Messina and Resina. There were five new cases and two deaths in Malta yesterday.

The observance of the pope's jubilee at Limerick was the most magnificent religious celebration ever witnessed in Ireland.

The London *Standard* invites the unionists to frankly inform the government as to their views with respect to future legislation.

A negro was convicted of murder in Edgefield, S. C., on Saturday, and a white man was acquitted. Three other negroes will be tried for murder to-day.

An American dealer has recently expended 2,000,000 francs for modern French pictures. The proceeds from the July sales of French pictures for America amounted to 5,000,000 francs.

Alfred Krupp bequeathed $250,000 for the benefit of employes. His son Friedrich has added $125,000 to the amount for the people of Essen. The town council of Essen has voted $15,000 for a statue of Krupp.

Pleuro-pneumonia continues to be severe among the cattle in Delaware county, especially so at Walton. It is proposed by the United States government to quarantine the county. The inspectors are still on duty, and many cattle have been killed.

While a party of anti-prohibitionists were celebrating the result of the election at Fort Worth, Tex., a skyrocket struck an open keg of powder, causing a terrific explosion. Three boys were so badly injured that they died in a few hours, and two others were seriously burned.

Two sailors of the schooner Edward Blake named Yorson and Swanson have gone to Chicago to give evidence regarding McGarigle's escape. They are wanted principally to connect Dr. St. John with the escape. Captain Irwin persists in his statement that Dr. St. John is innocent, and claims that he is not afraid of anything the sailors can say.

A sensation was caused at Oak Knoll, Mass., recently by the disappearance of Phœbe Woodman, a member of the family of the poet Whittier. It seems that Miss Woodman left home in a pet at some fancied grievance, and went to the house of her relative, J. A. Whittier of East Saginaw, Mich, where she has been visiting. She is now on her way home.

An immense anarchist meeting was held at Topeka, Kan. W. H. Clemens, the local agitator, urged the tearing down of police courts and jails, and said if the Chicago haymarket scene was repeated the authorities would be to blame. There was talk of dispersing the meeting by the police, but there was no collision. After the crowd left the park a reporter was pointed out by Clemens and came near being mobbed.

Charles Macard and Michael O'Hara, farmers, living near Grand Rapids, Mich., have quarrelled for over a year about the possession of a piece of land. Yesterday Macard was at his father's house when O'Hara came along with a shotgun on his shoulder, which he has habitually carried since the trouble. William Macard got a gun from the house and Charles crept down to the roadside and shot O'Hara, killing him instantly.

Mme. Elluini, a former queen of opereta, is the victim of a mysterious highway robbery in France. While traveling in a coach with two attendants a valise containing valuables, said to be worth $100,000, was stolen. Mme. Elluini had left the coach temporarily in order to relieve the horses while going up a hill, and during her absence the valise disappeared. A male attendant has been arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the affair.

Additional advices from the town of Milbrook, Kan., which was struck by a cyclone, are to the effect that the place was practically demolished, seventy-nine buildings, including hotels, school houses, churches, stores, and residences being wholly or nearly destroyed. The losses foot up $68,000. The people are in great distress and a relief committee has been organized to solicit aid for the families whose homes were swept away.

A big bulldog, owned by E. D. Kid, a farmer residing near Marysville, Tenn., suddenly became mad. The animal attacked Emil, the 19 year old son of Kid. A fierce struggle ensued, and the youth seized a shotgun to kill the dog. The gun exploded, making a bad wound in young Kid's head. The boy, bleeding and almost unconscious, struck the dog a powerful blow on the head with the gun barrel, killing the brute instantly, and then he himself fell to the ground insensible.

WM. K. McCLURE,
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Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
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Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

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Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.48, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.56, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 1.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

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FOR 30 DAYS,
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SELL
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WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
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Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
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A FINE SANDY BEACH
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NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
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7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

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IN THE BASE BALL FIELD.

Chicago Defeats New York—Other Championship Games.

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—The New Yorks led for five innings yesterday and seemed certain of victory when the home team rallied and batted Tim Keefe about as hard as he has been this season.

Chicago	0	2	0	0	0	5	1	4	—	12
New York	2	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	6

CHICAGO—Base hits 18, earned runs 10, errors 6. New York—Base hits 10, earned runs 2, errors 4.

DETROIT, Aug. 9.—Boston won a notable victory over the leaders, making 12 hits, 8 runs and no errors to 9 hits, 3 runs and 3 errors for Detroit. Beatin and Radbourne were the pitchers.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 9.—Philadelphir won in good style: Philadelphia, 12 hits, 8 runs, 1 error, pitcher, Carey. Indianapolis, 11 hits, 5 runs, 6 errors; pitcher, Bovie

PITTSBURG, Aug. 9.—Washington won 8 to 2, with 10 hits and no errors. Pittsburg made 7 hits and 2 errors. Pitchers, Gilmore and Galvin.

NEW YORK, Aug. 9.—The summary of yesterday's association games is as follows: Baltimore 8, Metropolitan 11; Athletic 5, Brooklyn 6; St. Louis 8, Cleveland 4. International league—(a. m.) Hamilton 5, Toronto 2; (p. m.) Syracuse 9, Toronto 2; Newark 6, Jersey City 5; Buffalo 15, Wilkesbarre 1; Binghamton 9, Rochester 5; Hamilton 10, Scranton 4.

A RUSSIAN EDITOR'S FUNERAL.

His Remains Borne 20 Miles on the Shoulders of Relatives and Friends.

MOSCOW, Aug. 9.—The remains of M. Katkoff were conveyed to this city from Znamensky, a distance of twenty miles, for interment. The coffin was borne the whole distance, alternately, upon the shoulders of relatives of the dead editor, workmen, students from the university, members of the press and peasantry. The lid of the coffin was carried in front of the procession. There were 300 carriages in line. The priests and choristers in the procession were dressed in white with silver embroidery. Priests bearing holy water blessed every village through which the procession passed.

The cortege halted at every church along the route, where prayers were offered for the repose of the soul of the deceased. The procession gathered strength along the route. Prince Dolgorouky, representing the czar, met the funeral train several miles from Moscow. An enormous crowd gathered to receive the remains. The funeral cortege entered the city at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, and the remains were borne to a tomb in the Alexoffsky monastery for interment. A heavy rain was falling while the body was being borne to Moscow.

ACCUSED OF FORGERY.

Another Crime Laid at the Door of Father Paradis, of Aumond.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 9.—The recent arrest of Rev. Father Paradis, a Roman Catholic priest of Aumond, Egan county, for appropriating logs, the property of the great lumbering firm of Gilmour Bros., at the time caused a great sensation. The subsequent arrest, however, of the worthy divine on a charge of forgery, at the instigation of Mr. Tremblay, in the employ of Gilmour, promises to be one of the scandals of the day. Mr. Tremblay swears that he has proof that Father Paradis forged last year the name of Michael White, mayor of Aumond, to a certain document in connection with a colonization scheme, in which the Quebec government were to pay a portion of the disbursements.

Killed for Two Cents.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 9.—A bloody cutting affray occurred in the state penitentiary here at 6 o'clock last evening. William Ferguson and Green Foster, convicts, were playing cards in one of the corridors, when Ferguson asserted that Foster owed him two cents and a half on the last game. Foster denied this and a quarrel ensued. Foster went and got a long knife, came back, and without a word plunged it into Ferguson's neck. The blow severed the larnyx and the jugular vein, and Ferguson fell dead.

Train Robbers on the Pan Handle.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 9.—About midnight Saturday the switchmen in the Pan Handle freight yards discovered five men robbing a car of merchandise. They attempted to capture the robbers, but were compelled to throw up their hands and walked away. Two or three hours later five men stopped an out-going freight train. When the engineer and trainmen were covered with revolvers the cars were all examined, but the robbers found nothing worth stealing.

A Fight by Men of Many Nations.

TROY, N. Y., Aug. 9.—Three men were stabbed, one of them seriously, during a row in Church street last night. Six arrests have been made. One of the prisoners is a German, one a Frenchman, one a Canadian, two Americans, and one an Irishman. The most severely injured is James Haley, who has a bad wound in his neck.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Generally warmer, fair weather.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s, 1891, reg.	108¾	109⅝
4½s, 1891, con.	110⅝	110⅜
4s, 1907, reg	128¾	128⅝
4s, 1907, con	128¾	128⅝

STOCK MARKET.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	57	56
Chicago, Bur, & Q	56⅜	141
Central Pacific	42⅛	37⅛
Del. & Hudson	137⅛	101⅛
Del. Lack. & W	01½	30⅝
Erie	131¼	67
Erie pref	140⅛	93⅝
Lake Shore	68⅛	61⅝
Louis. & Nash	95	85
Michigan Central	62⅜	99
Missouri Pacific	85½	48⅜
N. Y. & New Eng	—	74
N. J. Central	44½	108⅜
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	75⅛	114⅝
Northwestern	00	95
Oregon Navigation	116⅛	40
Pacific Mail	195½	55⅜
Reading	—	127
Rock Island	56⅛	81⅝
St. Paul	—	47⅝
Union Pacific	83	55⅝
West. Union Tel	55½	73⅝

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79⅛	80	81⅝
Corn	46⅜	47⅛	19⅝
Oats	31⅛	31⅝	33⅝

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm. Creamery—Eastern 23a24c.; Western 22a24c.; Dairy—Imitation, 16a18c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a21c.; western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15c.; low grades 7a8c

Cheese dull; 10⅛a10⅝, 6a8.

Eggs quiet but steady; 15a16 14a15.

NEW FORM OF SPEECH.

Volapek, a Perfected Method of Universal Written Communication.

A German priest, Rev. Father Schleyer, has, according to the Chicago *Citizen*, accomplished a very remarkable work, which is nothing less than the invention of an entirely new form of speech; or, to call it more correctly, form of writing. For the most enthusiastic admirers of Volapek—this is its name—do not expect that it will ever be much used orally.

A great many attempts have been made within the last two centuries by learned men to invent a language that would serve as a medium of international communication for the educated classes of all countries, but their efforts were unsuccessful. It was reserved for the German priest to be the first to perfect a system which is so simple and regular that natives of all countries can now write in a language which is intelligible to every one possessing a dictionary of it and knowing the principles of its grammar.

In the middle ages it was found convenient for treaties, contracts and scientific works to be in Latin. Newton, Erasmus, Bacon, and men of their kind wrote most of their works in Latin; but Latin is about the last language in the world that could be made universal, for it is, from its irregularity and involved construction, too difficult of acquirement. At a later period French became the great language of science and treaties; but it possessed nearly all the faults of Latin, and on account of being a living and a national language it could hardly fail to be more or less antagonistic to natives of countries not friendly to France. The same objections could be raised against English as against French. Something was wanted that would not have any nationality about it, and Volapek has consequently been ushered into existence.

The inventor of Volapek does not claim that it will ever supersede any language. His object in inventing it was to give a language in which natives of different countries can correspond with one another, and which can be learned in one-tenth of the time necessary for the acquirement of any national language. From the popularity which Volapek has already attained on the Continent of Europe, there are reasons to believe that Father Schleyer has invented something which was wanted. The new language has been invented only five or six years, and it is now claimed that between ten thousand and fifteen thousand people have already mastered it and can read and write it with ease. Volapek has no idioms; the meaning of every word and phrase is unmistakable; its order is natural; but the sense remains the same, no matter how the words are thrown together.

It is said that the inventor of Volapek, Father Schleyer, reads and writes no less than twenty-eight different languages. Such a man could hardly fail to give the world something valuable in a linguistic way; and he certainly has done so. Still, it must be confessed that in one way he seems to have made a great mistake, and that is by employing vowels with dots over them. For instance, the name of the new language is spelled Volapuk, with two dots over the u, which gives it nearly the sound of u short in English. To a German these dotted vowels appear all right, they occur so frequently in his own language, but they are a puzzle and an eyesore to other people.

Volapek draws on two languages more than on any other, and, strange to say, these are English and Irish; it draws on English for its roots and on Irish for its construction. Fully sixty per cent. of its roots come from English; that is because English is made up of so many different languages. Why Volapek is so like Irish in its construction is because Irish is so philosophic and regular. In Volapek a verb, being the most important word in a sentence, goes first always; so it does in Irish. In Volapek I love is *lofob*, in Irish it *carain*, an exactly similar construction, for the personal pronoun in Volapek is ob, and in Irish the termination *m* is the personal pronoun. In Volapek the genitive case is always formed, by adding the letter *a* to the root; in Irish it is mostly formed by the addition of *a* or *e*.

Volapek, like Latin, has no article. Here is the way every noun in the language is declined, and it is so simple and regular that it may be learned in no time. The three first vowels added to any noun give its genitive, dative, and accusative cases. The extreme simplicity of its declensions will be shown in the way *man*, a man, is declined:

SINGULAR.		
Nominative	*man*	the man.
Genitive	*mana*	of the man.
Dative	*mane*	to the man.
Accusative	*man*	the man.
PLURAL.		
Nominative	*mans*	the men.
Genitive	*manas*	of the men.
Dative	*manes*	to the men.
Accusative	*mans*	the men.

Fem, woman; *mon*, money; *dom*, house; and every other noun in the language are declined in exactly the same manner. All nouns form all cases of the plural in *s*. The conjugation of verbs is as simple and as regular as the declension of nouns. Where the conjugation of one verb is learned that of every verb in the language is learned. The tenses are denoted by the vowels *a e i o u* placed before the verb root.

There seem to be a few persons on this side of the Atlantic who are acquainted with Volapek. Among these is Mr. Chas. J. Sprague, of New York, who is, perhaps, the greatest linguist in America. The writer of this article was speaking lately on the subject of Volapek with Mr. Sprague. He seemed to think that it would be much used in the future by scientific writers, by merchants doing business with foreign countries, and that it would popularly be the language in which treaties between nations speaking different languages would in the future be made. It is, however, very hard to say what the future of Volapek may be. It may reach a popularity that no one dreams of at present, or it may be entirely forgotten within a dozen years. But it is booming now, for between France, Germany and Spain there are about half a dozen monthly publications devoted to popularizing it.

Winning a Wife in Singapore.

The damsel in Singapore is given a canoe and a double-bladed paddle and allowed a start of some distance. The suitor, similarly equipped, starts off in chase. If he succeeds in overtaking her she becomes his wife; if not, the match is broken off. It is seldom that objection is offered at the last moment, and the race is generally a short one. The maiden's arms are strong, but her heart is soft and her nature is warm and she soon becomes a willing captive. If the marriage takes place where a stream is near, a round circle of a certain size is formed, the damsel is stripped of all but a waistband and given half the circle's start, and if she succeeds in running three times around before her suiter comes up with her she is entitled to remain a virgin; if not, she must consent to the bonds of matrimony. As in other cases, but few outstrip their lovers.

THE BLANKET FISH.

An Unpleasant Sea Monster Which Infests California's Coasts.

"Do you see that short, thick-set man sitting on the boat?" asked a lounger at San Pedro of a San Francisco *Call* correspondent. "Well, he is an ex-pearl diver, ex-smuggler, ex-everything, and can tell some strange stories of this part of the world."

A little later I was introduced to the diver, who was a half-breed Mexican. He laughed when his experiences were referred to, and replied: "They were nothing. I have left the business, and have done with it for good or bad. It's a dog's life, this diving, and I would not go back to it for any thing you could offer. Why? Well, I am tired of it, and I was covered with a blanket fish on my last trip down, and the second time means death. Am I sure?" And the half-breed smiled. "Well, I never knew it to fail. There were Ramoles, Narra, Nalona, all from my family, killed by the blanket fish, and every one had his warning. It is not necessary to believe it. I do, however. It is not a thing a man would be likely to forget.

"I have seen a good many of them in my time, but I was never cornered except once, and that was a year ago. I was one of the party that went to the pearl grounds in the Centipede, the boat that was never heard of after her next cruise. It came my turn to go down, and over I went; but as soon as I got down I felt that something was wrong—that something was going to happen as soon as I struck the bottom. I landed among a fine lot of pearl shells, and had begun to fill my basket, when all at once I noticed a darkening about me, and looked up. I saw what appeared to be a blanket slowly settling down over me. I knew I had a chance, so I crowded down close to the bottom, hoping the fish wouldn't see me, and by luck it didn't. Just as it was ten or twelve feet off something alarmed it, and it drifted away. I was hauled up more dead than alive. I judged that the fish was at least thirty feet across, and if it had settled on me nothing could have saved me."

"This blanket fish," said an American later on, "is nothing more nor less than a big ray—the *manta diabolis* of science, and these yarns, though founded on fact, are a good deal overdrawn, though I am willing to confess that I have been as badly scared as the Mexican you speak of. It was in this way: Some time ago I was down the coast on a trip, and one evening I saw what I supposed to be a shark sailing about near the vessel. Wishing to have some sport, I put out the small boat, and taking two or three men, pulled over to it. As it came by I put a harpoon into it. The next moment there arose from the water a ray that must have been twenty-five feet across at least. It looked as big as a house, and as soon as it showed up my men screamed out: 'The blanket fish!' They were Mexicans, and half scared to death. A moment later we were rushing over the water faster than I ever went before or since. The fish took us up the little bay, then turned and came down toward the schooner, going like a steam engine. We piled up in the stern to keep her from sinking. Just as we got opposite the schooner the fish drove right under her, about amidship. Before we could make a move to cast off we struck the schooner. To make a long story short, we found ourselves in the water alongside. The rope had broken, and the blanket fish was gone. The force of the contact had smashed the cutwater of the boat in pieces.

"The divers have an idea that these fish settle down on you, as they have a very broad surface and a peculiar undulating motion in the water, using the side fins like wings. They are almost as powerful as a large whale, and one twenty-five feet across could undoubtedly move off with a large ship. In almost every locality where they are found stories are told of their carrying off vessels. Several instances of this have happened in the Gulf of Mexico, where devil-fish, as they are called there, have run off with smacks and small fishing vessels during the night. In one instance a skipper 'turned in' at night in a harbor, and awoke in the morning to find himself out of sight of land; a big devil-fish had run foul of the anchor and gone out of the channel so silently that none of the crew noticed it!"

Tampa Bay, Fla., is a famous place for these monsters of the deep, and often schools of a dozen or more are seen swimming about in circles. These rays are among the largest fishes known. Two immense fins extend out from each side, while from the tail projects a long lash-like whip, capable of doing severe execution. The writer was once polling a boat over the Florida reefs in the vicinity of Key West, when a comrade, who had been sitting astride the cut-water dangling his feet in the water, threw himself back into the boat with a yell of pain, while a huge black ray darting off over the white sand told the story. Both of his feet were cut almost to the bone. The weapon that produced the injury was a delicate, whip-like lash, smaller than a man's little finger.

On still nights, in sub-tropical regions, the rays are often chased by sharks, and leap from the water in their attempts to escape, falling with a tremendous crash. The man-eating sharks, with their thick skins, are safe from their attacks, and often bite out great pieces from the side fins of the monsters.

At San Pedro and the various watering places from San Diego north the ray family makes itself disagreeably conspicuous. The smaller ones have a habit of hiding in the sand and presenting their spines for bathers' feet, while others are provided with electric batteries, which not rarely give the fishermen powerful shocks. I have known a man to be disabled for several days by harpooning one.

The Chinese monopolize the fishing in these waters, and are often victims of the practical jokes of the Mexican and American fishermen. An able-bodied torpedo will be brought ashore at San Pedro or Monterey, and the whites will wager a green Chinaman that he can not lift it. The fish appears to weigh about six or eight pounds, and "John," after putting up his money, with a laugh at the simplicity of the "American devils," takes hold with both hands and is stiffened out so quickly that often he can do nothing but hold the fish and roar with anguish until he is released. The shock given by these fishes has been compared to that of a single Leyden jar, and can be plainly felt by fifty persons in a circle.

A Snake in the Children's Bed.

A loving mother two miles out from Roscommon, Mich., found a blacksnake five and a half feet long and as big as a man's wrist enjoying a nap in bed with her three little children the other morning. Whether he had been there all night is not known, but it is known that he didn't stay long after being discovered. The mother was half crazed with fright, but the children surveyed their unusual bed-fellow with sleepy surprise, and with no signs of fear. The snake was killed.

LUXURY RUN WILD.

What It Costs to Dress a Fashionable New York Dude.

I was in an up-town haberdasher's shop the other day, writes a New York correspondent, and in the course of a half hour's conversation I learned considerable about the personal decorations of the dude. A modest request to look at some robes de nuit was what started the shopkeeper. He took a glance at my golden locks and produced a box, remarking: "Here is something which will suit your complexion."

It suited my complexion better than it did my pocket-book. It was made of fawn colored Chinese silk, very soft, and elaborately embroidered in light blue. A delicate tracery of blue vines and flowers ran around the collar, down the front, and around the cuffs, and it was made to button with gold studs.

"This is a very simple pattern," remarked the gentle haberdasher, "and costs only $6. Here is a most elaborate style for $12," and he brought out a garment of rather finer material, simply covered with embroidery. I mildly insinuated that I wanted something for about $1.50. He looked unhappy for a moment, but recovered when he began to show me some silk hose for $5 a pair. From underwear we got to shirts, pajamas and "blazers." The styles were unique and glaring.

"Do men really wear these things?" I inquired innocently. He gazed at me pityingly.

"Do you know what it costs to dress a fashionable young man?" he asked. "I mean simply for underclothing," he added. "To begin at the bottom, he needs, say, a dozen pairs of socks, at from $4 to $6 a pair. His half dozen sets of silk underwear will cost him $15 a set. His shirts will cost him $5 a dozen, and his collars and cuffs, of which he needs a good many, with his neckties, will cost as much more. Tennis shirts, long stockings, blazers, etc., will run up, in a summer season, to a couple of hundred dollars. Yes," he added meditatively, "a young man needs about $500 to get his summer outfit, not counting his tailor's, and shoemaker's, and hatter's bills, which will amount to as much more. Of course his fall and winter outfits are more expensive."

"How much a year does it cost to dress properly?" I asked.

"I have customers who spend $5,000 a year on their clothes, and they are by no means extravagant," was the prompt reply.

THE SIX NATIONS.

Ceremonies Attending the Ordination of a New Tuscarora Chief.

According to a Buffalo (N. Y.) correspondent of the New York *Sun*, Thomas Williams, twenty-four years old, of the Bear Clan of the Tuscarora Indians, was recently made Sachem and Chief of that tribe to succeed the late Chief John Mountpleasant. The ordination was solemnized by the ancient civic and pagan rites of the Six Nations, and it was an impressive and interesting ceremony. It is the first ordination among the Tuscaroras in over sixty years, and it is doubtful whether it will ever take place again, as the customs are fast being forgotten, and another generation will find no chiefs left, it is feared, who will know the chants, rites and laws of hereditary chieftainship.

When the venerable and beloved Sachem Mountpleasant died last year the tribe lost its head and father. He belonged to the Bear Clan. His wife, a sister of the noted Indian, General Parker, who was on General Grant's staff during the war, was a Seneca of the Wolf Clan, and as the line of descent is through the wife, Mountpleasant's children were of the Wolf Clan. A law of the Iroquois requires that the chieftain of the Tuscaroras must come from the Bear Clan; so Mountpleasant's sons were ineligible to succession. When the chief died, messengers were sent to the Onondagas announcing his death, and carrying the wampum, evidence of the truth of the message, to Chief Webster, a Pagan Indian, and hereditary keeper of the council fire of the Six Nations. He fixes a date for the raising up and inauguration of a new chief. From the Onondagas the message is conveyed to other tribes, and every war chief must attend the inauguration of the new Sachem.

The women of the Bear Clan nominate the chief, each brave who seeks the nomination giving a show of prowess and wisdom. Their choice was Williams, a sub-chief and leader among his people, and the chiefs of the tribe could do nothing but approve their choice and prepare for his rule. All the tribes were represented at the raising up, and in the council sat Harriet Maxwell Converse, of New York, an adopted Seneca of the Snipe Clan.

The ceremonies opened with a mourning council, a lament on the death of the chief. All the pagan rites, even to that to propitiate the evil spirit, were observed. After the mourning council the new chief's qualifications were presented, much after the manner of a nominating convention. Chief Webster chanted the laws relating to chieftainship, and the new chief was welcomed into the nation by each chief of the visiting tribes. A dance in the council house at sunset closed the ceremonies.

THE FORCE OF HABIT.

A Case in Which It Asserted Itself in the Agonies of Death.

"I never saw but one man hung," remarked Dr. John Thompson to an Albany (N. Y.) *Journal* tourist, "but that one illustrated the force of habit even in the agonies of death. Of course you remember the murderer Ruloff who was hanged at Binghamton some twelve or fourteen years ago. I was one of the physicians who attended the execution. Ruloff was a man who believed in nothing. When he walked out for execution preceded by the chief of police of Binghamton and followed by the sheriff and his deputies, he wore old-fashioned trousers with pockets in the outside seams. His elbows were not pinioned but that he could thrust his hands in his pockets, and he had them in as he stood with the noose about his neck listening to the reading of the death-warrant and the last words that were said, with the indifference of a stoic. In fact his hands were still in his pockets when the drop fell, but the sudden jerk wrenched one of them out. I noticed as I stood waiting for the swaying of the limp body to cease that twice a strong effort was made by his hand to thrust itself back into his pocket. The second attempt was partially successful, and literally Ruloff died with his hands in his pockets. I was informed that it was his habitual custom to walk and think with his hands in his trouser pockets."

A Wild Western Obituary.

"Before being lynched Wednesday night, Colonel Hossdealer handed us two dollars and requested that the *Hayrake* be continued to his family for another year. The Colonel is a gentleman and a public-spirited citizen. Our best wishes accompany him."

COMPILED MISCELLANY.

The city of Minneapolis, Minn., is said to rank fourth in the world in point of Scandinavian population, there being upwards of fifty thousand of that nationality in her last census.

The life-time of various birds, including all of those found in the United States, ranges in length from three years to one hundred years. The common wren is allotted the lesser number, while the crow, swan, eagle and raven are given the greater.

The new aqueduct in course of construction for the supply of water to the city of New York will have, it is estimated, a capacity of 318,000,000 gallons per day, or 223,000,000 in excess of the city's present consumption. The aggregate cost of this immense water system is fixed at $30,000,000.

Milk, formerly thought to be a healthy and desirable article of sustenance for the use of humanity, has come to be viewed, to say the least, with suspicion. All kinds of disease germs are quickly absorbed by it, and when drawn from pleuro-pneumonia-affected cows it is thought to be highly conducive of consumption.

In consequence of prevailing drought in Merced County, Cal., two great canals are in course of construction for the purpose of irrigating that region. These canals are respectively fifty and seventy feet wide and twenty-two and twenty-six miles long. They tap the San Joaquin and Merced rivers for supply, and by their united agency about 100,000 acres of formerly dry, sandy land will be rendered fertile and productive.

A matter of mystery to a great many inquiring minds is the manner of the propagation of fly life from one season to another. It is said by some that flies are migratory, but this is a mistaken idea, as is proved by naturalists. As chilly weather advances the older ones die off, but the most vigorous females retire to the secrecy of some comfortable corner, where in a state of torpor they remain to revive with the approaching warmth and replenish the earth with man's chiefest source of annoyance.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to monopolize as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.

MEN'S FINE

All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.

Former price $12.

Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,

In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.

LARGE LINE OF

Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,

Coats, and Coats & Vests at cut-rate prices.

Schwed Brothers,

my10

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.
(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE.
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 10, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—On our last page is the Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermon of last Sunday on Life and Fire Insurance.

—Howell Division S. of T., had a lively session, last evening, officers of the Grand Division being present.

—Mr. F. C. Green has had the necessary electrical appliances put in his residence on West Fourth street, for incandescent lighting.

—The Orphan Asylum inmates, of Elizabeth, went on an excursion to Asbury Park this morning. The excursionists filled sixty cars.

—The Mauch Chunk special railroad excursion, this morning, filled six cars attached to regular train No. 4, leaving Plainfield at 9:21.

—Weak fish are again biting finely off the Sewaren House, Woodbridge Beach, and crabbing is splendid. Crabs were never more plentiful.

—Nearly ninety barrooms doing business openly in the small prohibition city of Bangor, Maine! That is the result of a census taken by the leading Prohibitionist organ, the *New York Voice*.

—James Peterson was arrested in Elizabeth yesterday for being implicated in the robbery of the trotting horse, some time since, belonging to Ira J. Hall, one of the proprietors of the *Central New Jersey Herald*. He was locked up to await the action of the Grand Jury.

—Fourteen head of cattle owned by Robert Armstrong, of Washington, Middlesex county, having become enfeebled by disease, were caught on the lowlands of South River on Monday and were drowned by the rising tide. Their bodies were washed ashore in the evening.

—The Sweatman, Billy Rice and Barney Fagen's minstrel combination serenaded the 3,000 employees of the Singer Sewing Machine factory at Elizabeth, yesterday. Last evening the company opened the Temple Opera House at Elizabeth for the season, and were greeted by an immense audience.

—In the Middlesex county Court of Special Sessions, held at New Brunswick, yesterday, C. L. Miller of South Amboy was sentenced to State Prison for eighteen months, for maliciously destroying property belonging to "scab" laborers, who took the places of the strikers there some time since.

—The Board of Freeholders of the county of Somerset, yesterday, made the annual appropriation for county expenses. $70,000 was the appropriation fixed, the same to be raised by taxation throughout the county. This amount exceeds the appropriation of last year by $5,000, which was occasioned by the damage the county sustained by the freshet.

—Three years ago to-day (Sunday August 10th) a severe earthquake shock was felt in this city, and in general throughout the New England and Middle Atlantic States. In this city, houses were shaken, doors slammed and many people were thoroughly frightened. The shock was of several seconds duration, followed by one of a milder nature.

—Fire Commissioners Livingston and Brower being off on their vacation, Commissioner Knowland being away, and only Commissioners Jones, McClure and Rogers being present at the time for holding the regular monthly meeting of the Fire Board, last evening, there was no quorum. Unless a special meeting be called previously, there will be none until the regular one of Sept. 13th.

Base Ball.

A game of base ball was played on the Park avenue grounds, yesterday afternoon, between the Stars (colored) and the Junior nine of the Crescents. Although the latter nine exerted themselves, their colored brethren were too much for them, and at the ending of the seventh inning the score stood 31 to 14 in favor of the Stars. At the end of the fifth inning, however, the game stood 26 to 14.

CLOTHESLINE THIEVES.

A Raid by the Police Results in the Discovery of the Criminals—Held for the Grand Jury.

Officer George W. Grant was summoned by telephone to the residence of Mr. T. Burke on Eighth street near Spooner avenue, early on Monday evening, and when he arrived there Mr. Burke told him that a strange man had been loitering about his place for several days past. After making some further inquiries the officer learned that the man had just gone in the direction of an old barn situated in the rear of ex-Councilman Rushmore's residence on Union avenue. When approaching the barn the officer heard loud talking within. He called to the inmates to come out and presently two young men named Fred Pangborn and one who subsequently gave his name as John M. Buckalew came out. Two young women were also in the barn at the time, but one of them escaped by jumping from a window. The other, a girl apparently about 16 years of age, claimed to be the wife of Buckalew. The trio were brought to the station house and Pangborn was finally released on his own recognizance to appear when wanted and to assist in capturing the female who escaped. Buckalew and his alleged wife were locked up.

It will be remembered that the door-yard of Mrs. Lucretia H. Willis, at the corner of Sixth and Liberty streets, was entered on Friday night, and that various articles of wearing apparel valued at about $25 were stolen from the clothes line. When arrested the prisoners had in their possession a package of clothing which proved to be a portion of the stolen articles. Mrs. Willis identified the clothing, and formally lodged a complaint with Justice Nash against John M. Buckalew, Mary, his wife, and Kate Roantree, the latter, the one who escaped from the barn, charging them jointly with the theft. Kate Roantree was arrested yesterday afternoon by officer Lynch. The prisoners were arraigned before Justice Nash for examination. When the Roantree woman, who had washed for Mrs. Willis the same day the articles disappeared, claimed that Buckalew stole the goods, and after carrying them to New Market transferred them to her charge. Buckalew denied the accusation in toto, and said that Kate was guilty of the theft. One of the undergarments was later found on the person of Mrs. Buckalew. Justice Nash held each of the prisoners in the sum of $500 bail to await the action of the Grand Jury, and being unable to obtain bondsmen they were this morning committed to the Elizabeth jail. Buckalew and his wife are hard characters, although the latter wears short dresses and appears more like a school girl than a married woman. The couple, it is said, have but recently been liberated from the New Brunswick jail, where they were incarcerated for larceny, and Buckalew is himself under $500 bail in the Middlesex county courts for stealing $15. He wears the look of a coward, and his appearance is dirty in the extreme.

The most affecting chapter in the history of the crime was enacted at the station house this morning, when Constable Moffett was arranging the prisoners for transportation to Elizabeth. Buckalew and his wife were handcuffed together, and when Kate Roantree was led out of her cell she looked the picture of depravity. Presently her eyes came in contact with those of her mother, and both wept bitterly. To a PRESS reporter Mrs. Roantree related a sorrowful tale. She said that Kate was one of thirteen children, and the daughter of a hard-working and industrious carpenter, who for the past thirty years has resided with his family at New Market. The father, she said, felt the disgrace his daughter had brought upon him so keenly, that he could not muster courage enough to visit her in the station house. She said "Katie" was always a good girl until "she got to running with Fred Pangborn and his gang." Oftentimes, the mother said, "Katie" would be enticed from home, remaining away for several days at a time, and when she went after her daughter would be informed that "Katie wasn't there." Mrs. Roantree declared that for twenty years past she had been working in the families of Messrs. Schepflin and Handren at Dunellen, and that this was the first time she had ever been disgraced by one of her children. Before getting on the train, however, Mrs. Roantree offered her daughter some money which the latter refused to accept.

To Erect a Monument.

The members of the Royal Arcanum of the State of New Jersey, which consists of about 3,700 members, are preparing to erect a monument to commemorate the work of the late Past Regent, Alfred J. Westbrook, of Fireside Council, No. 715, of Westfield, who in life was recognized as one of the staunchest workers in the order. At a meeting held in Elizabeth his associate members of the Grand Council decided to solicit subscriptions for that purpose, and there is little doubt that the call will meet with liberal response. Mr. Westbrook was one of the organizers of Fireside Council, was its first Regent and his was the first death among its members.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Bertha Mooney and her sister have returned from Asbury Park.

Mrs. E. Snediker of North Plainfield, is at the Surf House, Asbury Park.

Mrs. F. F. Beals of East Front street, is at Cooperstown, N. Y., for the Summer.

Misses Lizzie and Ella Dunn, are summering at Neshanic and Clover Hill, N. J.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hyde and family have started for a six weeks tour through Canada and the West.

The Rev. Dr. Rodman, of Grace church, has gone to Orient Point House, Long Island for a month's rest.

Mr. John Mantz of the firm of Mantz Bros., is spending the remainder of the Summer at Mount Horeb.

Adams Express Manager, E. H. Holmes and Miss Maggie Holmes, are at the Connecticut House, Block Island, R. I.

Miss Carrie E. Randolph, of Central avenue, is enjoying this week at Asbury Park, stopping at the Duncan House.

The children of Mr. Frank Gardner, cashier of the City National Bank, left today for a vacation in Massachusetts.

Mr. Noah T. Pike of Savannah, Ga., is on his semi-annual visit to his father's home on East Front street, arriving in town last evening.

A letter received from Carman Parse, Esq., states that his party is almost froze up, in the Adirondacks, and all hands will start for home on Friday.

Miss Lizzie Maltby of Plainfield avenue returned Tuesday from a visit with relatives at Dansville, N. Y., Mrs. Smith, her aunt, returning with her.

Dr. S. D. Keeney and Miss A. L. Weaver start on Saturday for a pleasure drive through New York State, intending to be absent a couple of weeks.

An infant child of Edward Fluck of East Front street, died at Easton, Pa., yesterday morning, where the family have been visiting for several weeks past.

Samuel B. Haynes, a Minister of the Society of Friends, expects to be present at their meeting house, corner of Peace and Third streets, on First day, 14th inst., at 11 o'clock, a. m.

Mr. John Haberle and family of West Fifth street, returned last evening from their Summer vacation at Asbury Park. "Jack" is a good fisherman, and he brought home a fine string of striped bass.

The families of Messrs. Hummer, Fuller and Hurlburt are to-day the guests of Mr. Boynton, at Boynton Beach, N. J., and nothing will be lacking on the part of Mr. Boynton for a full day's enjoyment for them.

Ralph Anderson, a son of Peter Anderson of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, died this morning after a lingering illness from consumption. Deceased was fourteen years, six months and twenty-one days old.

Miss Anna Marsh of East Fifth street, started last evening for an extended trip through the far west, going on a visit to her brother in San Francisco. Before returning in the fall she will visit friends in Denver, Col.

The Misses Lowrie of Park avenue are home again after a long visit at Greenwood, Pa. While there they were the guests of an uncle who is the superintendent in charge of some of the largest coal mines in the State.

Station Agent J. A. Haynes will take a month's vacation, and with Mr. Clarence Teale starts to-morrow for Newton, N. J. They will make some bicycle trips through Sussex county, and generally enjoy themselves in such ways.

Mr. W. P. Phillips and family of Broadway are spending some weeks in the Adirondacks. Mr. Phillips' sister, Miss Capron, accompanies them. They have taken their horses and carriage, and are thoroughly enjoying themselves.

Miss Frances Parker, daughter of Courtlandt Parker, the noted Newark lawyer, and also the heroine of the rescue of a young lady from drowning at Perth Amboy on July 10th, has been presented with a handsome gold medal by President W. H. Moore, of the New York Life Saving Benevolent Association.

Mr. Charles Stillwell, with his wife and child, are visiting for a few days at the residence of Mr. Stillwell's father, Mr. Samuel Frazee, on New street. Mr. Stillwell, whose sister was the late wife of Thos. Edison, is Manager of one of the largest electric light stations in the British provinces, at Hamilton, Ontario. Increasing business necessitates its extension, and the Manager is now on a flying trip to consult with Chief Edison.

The *World* of Sunday published this notice among its advertised deaths: "At Jersey City Heights, April 11, 1887, Grace Amelia, only child of Alfred J. Westbrook and Emily F. Westbrook." The Alfred J. Westbrook to whom this refers is he whose obituary was published in THE PRESS of last Saturday, two days after his death. He leaves a wife at his late home in Westfield, but no children. The above notice was probably inserted with a most criminal intent to libel the deceased.

A Bell Boy's Babble.

MISTER EDITOR:—I'm only a bell boy up here at Netherwood Hotel, but Jennie, the chambermaid, she said I heard lots about the people here and she wouldn't wonder but what you'd like to put it in your paper. She said you was awful disagreeable looking, but she guessed you wouldn't hurt no one. You see I write all the letters for the girls up here, cause I've learnt a lot. I never had no mother, but I was born at my aunt's and she learnt me to read and write. I don't write letters for the parlor maid. I wouldn't do nothing for colored folks, and anyway she can write herself. You can see that yellow girl writing love letters by the elevator door all day long. I know they're love letters cause she sticks her tongue out and smiles when she writes. Well as I said, Jennie said for me to write about what I heard about the people up here; but not to tell of the gent on the second floor who Mr. Gilbert charges her beer to; nor about the young tennis player who wears his mother's hose. And Mr. Kingman said he fixed the spelling of the big words. They didn't have no tableaux last night, but they danced. I guess the young dudes were glad, cause I heard them say she was such a daisy dancer. I don't know her name, but she only came from Brooklyn, Friday. The fellow they call Jim said she was the best dancer in the room, but of course he can't appreciate his own sister. There's a fellow comes up from Plainfield they call Charlie, though, that staid away until one of the young ladies returned from Lake Hopatcong. He thinks no one dances like that young lady. Talking about coming back—all the families that leave seem to find a great difference. Mr. and Mrs. Knowles, and Mrs. and Miss Condit, and Mr. Post returned in mighty short time. Then a family that went to Lake George, I heard Fred say, was come back, and he took a long breath. Mr. McLaurie told a lady they wouldn't have no rooms next month, but she said to another lady on the stoop afterwards, "you can't believe anything he says."

Mr. Lewis here is going to be eighty years old, the last of this month, and I heard the guests talking of getting up a dance in honor of his birthday. He's a great friend to all us boys and the waiters, and everybody likes him. He is generally the first up and the last to bed, and shames the girls who come down so late mornings. There used to be a man here who always grinned and said "cold day, cold day," or anything else, over and over. He went away cause they did, and I heard some one reading a letter from the young lady herself and she said that her and mamma was just too mad. They're coming back in two weeks, and if he comes the young fellows said, "less all tumble him, if he can't tumble himself."

I saw a sweet young lady give you a flower from her boquet after dinner last evening, but you needn't have felt so smart. She gave the same to nine others, and in the side hall by the private office door, I saw her pin a big bunch in a tall fellow's coat and he held her other hand while she was doing it. There's a young lady here with a funny name, who I heard say to one of the fellows, "no, thank you! I never dance with gentlemen." Jennie, the chambermaid, said when I told her—"It's a pity about her. She'll die soon." I'm awful sorry, cause she's real pretty, and the gentlaman with her will be awful sorry to lose her. He's either her father or her brother, but he thinks just as much of her as though he wasn't no relation.

There's a big Englishman here that Jennie says always smiles at her so sweet. I bet he fought in the Soudan, or somewhere, cause he's awful brave. He said "youbedamed" to the head-waiter. He don't seem afraid of anybody except the ladies. He won't go near them, and Jennie says that's cause he's "constant ever" and "his wife's away so he refuses to be comforted." Then she laughed and said "Oho." One of us bell boys got fired, yesterday, cause he was tired and fell asleep. Lord, we run up and down stairs so much I wonder we don't all fall asleep in our tracks. But if I get bounced I'll write you some things that will astonish the natives. I know what girls smoke cigarettes on the sly and what fellows had a private parlor last evening.

BELL BOY, No. 119.

Would Show No Partiality.

As we related in our issue of yesterday, our reporter was unable to induce Mr. Warren Ackerman to say anything in defence of, or in relation to, the attack made on him in a New York city paper. But Secretary Crane of the Union County Board of Agriculture, says that Mr. Warren Ackerman was very pleasant and considerate in declining to permit the Association to hold its annual picnic at Glenside. It had been his custom to allow pleasure parties the freedom of the place, but they so abused the privilege that he was compelled to adopt a prohibitory rule, and could not well make any discrimination. Mr. Ackerman expressed his regret, and offered to accommodate the Board by the use of a very pretty place on the mountain side.

The Facts About Venus.

MESSRS. EDITORS—So much misinformation seems to be abroad in regard to the bright star visible in the western heavens for about an hour and a half after sunset, and the reasons for its size quoted in your paper from the Allentown *Democrat* being so amusing, I venture to send you a few statements of facts regarding this star which may interest as well as instruct your readers. The star in question is the planet Venus, and there is no more doubt on the subject than there is that the bright body which furnishes light and heat to the earth by day is the Sun. Its brilliancy exceeds that of all the heavenly bodies the Sun and Moon alone excepted, and this is due to the fact that it is near the sun being one of the inferior planets, or in other words one of those that revolve around the Sun in an orbit smaller than that of the earth. The mean distance of Venus from the Sun is 66,131 millions of miles, and its diameter is about 7,510 miles or nearly that of the earth. As our distance from the Sun is about 92½ millions of miles, it is obvious that Venus can approach us within about 25½ million miles, and can recede from us, —when on the other side of the sun, or in other words when at the farthest point in her orbit,—to a distance of about 160 millions of miles. Her orbit being within ours she goes through the same *phases* or changes as the Moon, being a full moon or disk when beyond the Sun, and gradually changing to a half moon when at her greatest elongation east or west, then becoming a thin crescent, and finally a mere threadlike sickle of light as she reaches a point between us and the Sun. At the present time Venus appears like a half moon, being nearly in quadrature, or in the same position as the moon when about seven or twenty-one days old. It is at these elongations, that Venus becomes of such wondrous beauty and brilliancy. On account of the difference in the length of Venus' year and that of the earth—Venus having a period of approximately 224 days 16¾ hours, while the earth's is 365 days six hours—the elongations and consequent observed brilliancy occur only at intervals of about every twenty-nine months. Her maximum brilliancy takes place every eight years when the planet is at or near her greatest North latitude. The last time this occurred was in January 1870, and will consequently occur again next year and I trust your readers will remember it and not give some patent medicine man or Menlo Park wizard credit for a creation that has been a wonder and delight to mankind since the beginning of the world. In 1870, and previously, at her greatest north declination Venus has not unfrequently been visible in full daylight and capable of casting a sensible shadow at night. The reason of the brilliancy is simple—the planet is near the Sun, and reflects a large amount of light, this light is unchanging in amount but our position in relation to the planet is not always such that we get the full benefit of it. Venus is so close to the Sun that she can never get much more than 45 degrees away from it, and this is the reason why she shows herself such a short time after sunset. She is a remarkably beautiful object in the telescope, and while the most difficult of observation at night she fitly ranks as the queen of all the planets and stars in brilliancy and light, and well repays study. For the information of your Allentown authority I will say that his argument about the relative size of the planet when near the horizon is unquestionably of value in regard to the moon, but when a planet changes its apparent diameter from 9½ seconds to 66½ seconds (of arc) as does the majestic Venus—by reason of approaching and receding—it wont work, and cannot be expected to. In a short time she will disappear from the western sky but will soon thereafter be visible to anyone who will take the trouble to look eastward from their chamber window before sunrise.

C. H. D.

North Plainfield Township Election.

To-day the voters of North Plainfield township are voting for and against the extra appropriation of $1,000 to be used in repairing the damage which the township sustained by the storm a few weeks ago. Only the voters outside of the Borough are allowed to cast their ballots to-day, and if the appropriation is granted the money will be used exclusively to repair the roads and bridges outside of the Borough. The voting place is in Warren engine house, and the polls will remain open between 7 a. m. and 7 p. m. The election is passing off very quietly, and the indications are that a very light vote will be polled. Seven votes have been cast up to 3.30 this afternoon, all for money.

$30,000 to Race For.

There will be the Champion Stakes, for all ages, at one mile and a half, worth about $5,500; the Junior Champion Stakes for two year olds, at three-quarters of a mile, worth about $20,500, and five other races, making a grand total of about $30,000 in added money and stakes, all to be run at Monmouth Park, Saturday, August 13th. Special trains from all points within 100 miles of the course will be run.

Reform Club Excursion.

The excursion to Rockaway Beach yesterday, given under the auspices of the Plainfield Reform Club, was a grand success both financially and socially, and the affair will net the Club something over $100. The excursion train consisted of thirteen passenger coaches, and the excursionists numbered 765 persons, of which number 660 were adults and 105 children. The steamer Grand Republic conveyed the party to the beach, arriving there about noon. The usual dime museum fiend was out in full force, and the merry-go-round and clam chowder shouter yelled himself hoarse during the day. The water was fine for bathing and many persons took advantage of this and spent many hours in the surf. The event of the day was the balloon ascension by Prof. Baldwin, as noticed on another page. In alluding to the remarkable feat, a funny correspondent thus gives vent to his feelings: "It is singular that Baldwin drops from a balloon 2,000 feet high and lands in safety, with his parachute, while a cow-boy will drop a man only a tenth part of that distance with a single shoot, and kill him instantly."

She Got Left.

Quite an amusing incident occurred to a family residing on East Third street, yesterday. It appears that the wife had occasion to visit New York city, and the servant was allowed a holiday to excurt with the Reform Club, to Rockaway. The wife returned with the excursion train which arrived home at about 9:40 p. m. She wended her way home slowly, expecting to find the servant there. To her astonishment, as she neared her residence, she saw there was no "light in the window" for her. Arriving at her home she found the doors and windows securely fastened. After considerable ringing of the door bell, her husband was aroused from his peaceful slumbers, and the wife was quickly admitted. Finding the servant had not arrived, the wife was at once alarmed and agitated, and gave way to her feelings. Her husband partly quieted her, with the thought that the girl might have "got left" on the excursion. Such was the case, as the girl arrived home safely on the midnight train. The wife is convalescing, and it is thought she will survive the shock.

Honor Where Honor is Due.

The Elizabeth *Herald*, in an article commenting on the political situation in Union county, thus alludes to our distinguished citizen, Hon. R. L. Livingston: "On the Democratic side of the house for senator, there is but one idea, and that is that by all the honored usages and customs of the Democratic party the present incumbent is entitled to and will get a renomination for the senatorship. In the conflict in the last legislature for United States Senator, Robert Livingston never flagged in his Democratic adhesion, and though he did not vapor much, as some empty political orators do, but he performed a wonderful amount of thinking, and was invariably on the right side of every important question. Then, too, he is extremely popular in the Republican city of Plainfield, where he will get numerous Republican votes now favoring Corbin. The knowing ones say that notwithstanding the Republican "combine" for Miller, the stately and polite senator has a walk-over."

Execution Day at the Dog Pound.

Yesterday was what is known as execution day at the dog pound, when executioner Frank VanAken sent the first installment of worthless curs into the "sweet by-and-by" at the rate of one every minute. The first batch consisted of four dogs, commonly known as the mongrel species, and might be classed as tramps. However, their tramping days are over, as each one received a full charge of No. 8 shot from Mr. VanAken's gun. The next installment will be "ripe" in a few days. There are still plenty of unmuzzled dogs roaming about town, in open defiance of the law, awaiting their turn at the hands of the executioner. Of this class there are four less in town to-day than there were yesterday morning, as "Mister" Babbitt lassoed that number of dogs during yesterday.

New Jersey Horse-Breeder's Association.

Horsemen all over the State are interested in the meeting of the New Jersey Horse-Breeders' Association, which will be held at Waverly on August 18 and 19. There will be four races each day, and it is expected to be the most important meeting ever held by the association. Among the stallions entered for the races are Boom, Rumor, Slander, Valdine, Leo, Dr. Syntax, Jersey Prince, Shipman, Cypress and Cad. A long list of fast mares and geldings will also trot.

WASHINGTONVILLE.

The early peaches are beginning to ripen in this locality, and several of the farmers have already made small shipments to New York city.

—Roadmaster Cogan of the Easton and Amboy Division of the Lehigh Valley Railroad, has resigned his position.

VOLUNTEER'S VICTORY

SHE BEATS THE MAYFLOWER OVER TWO HOURS.

Order in Which the Races Finished—Other Races to Follow this Week and Next.

SALEM, Mass., Aug. 10.—Half of Marblehead awoke yesterday morning long before the sun thought of getting up, and in almost every mode of conveyance hurried away to Marblehead Neck and other points of vantage from which the finish of the race of the New York Yacht club could be viewed. When they got there it was only to find that the other half of Marblehead, nearly all of Salem and certainly the best part of Boston had been there all night, and that positions whence a view of the finish could be had were about as scarce as strawberries in December.

Anchored as a stakeboat on the line of finish the flagship Electra had spent a sleepless and a busy night. She had arrived in the evening and after sending a few of the guests ashore had proceeded to the finish point and anchored.

Two bells, or 5 o'clock had just been struck when the watch on deck spied a small patch of white, no larger than a man's hand far down on the distant horizon. Glasses were brought to bear, and although the craft was still too far away to distinguish who she was, every one said it was the Volunteer. Little by little it crept into view; first, a big club-topsail, then a mainsail and head topsail, until it stood revealed the Volunteer. Those on the neck cheered until their teeth nearly fell out, while all the steam and sail craft turned and put out to sea to meet the incoming yacht. Surrounded by these the beautiful craft swept on, finally leaving all but the steamers astern, and at 7:45:13 a simple whistle from the Electra announced that the new boat had crossed the line, winner of the $500 cup, and had beaten the winner of last year, the Mayflower, out of sight.

It had taken the Volunteer 24 hours 42 minutes and 13 seconds to sail the 110 miles from Martha's Vineyard to Marblehead She had anchored nearly three hours during the night, and had experienced nearly every kind of weather, from a strong northeaster to a calm and shift.

In a few minutes another patch of white and then another appeared, the first the Mayflower and the next the Priscilla One by one the yachts of the fleet loomed up and swept on in the light southerly breeze toward the finish line. This was reached by the Mayflower at 10:07:28, over two hours behind the Volunteer, she having made the 110 miles in 27 hours 5 minutes and 23 seconds.

The Priscilla came next, crossing the line at 10:23:18, a little more than fifteen minutes behind the Mayflower. The Bedouin came next at 10:26:26, followed by the Gracie at 10:28:10, and then the Atlantic at 10:40:45, it having taken the Pride of Bay Ridge 27 hours, 40 minutes and 45 seconds to make the run. The Puritan was still out of sight, but the incoming boats reported her as having carried away her topmast about 2 o'clock the day before and having put into Boston during the night.

The Sachem was the first schooner to cross the line, doing so at 10:40:54, a winner of the $1,000 cup. The second schooner was the Iroquois, which crossed the line at 11:34:20, followed by the Stranger at 11:41:17 and the Huron at 11:41:28.

Commodore Gerry received a letter from the citizens' cup committee of Newport accepting the terms of the regatta committee, and the race will be sailed, on the return of the fleet to Newport, from Martha's Vineyard to Newport. The fleet is sailing for the Providence cups to-day. The crews of the different yachts will race for the owl and game cock colors in gigs, and a lively time is expected.

On Thursday the Boston *Herald* cup, for big sloops, will be sailed for, and it is safe to say an immense crowd will witness it.

Commodore Gerry will hold a reception aboard the flagship to-night, and preparations are under way to make it one of the finest that has been held so far.

NEWPORT, R. I., Aug. 10.—Monday next is the day fixed for the yacht race for the Newport cups. All available craft that will carry a passenger at all have been hired and the Old Colony company will run the Pilgrim and probably the Providence.

SENOR ZUNIGA'S PREDICTION.

He Says an Earthquake Will Partly Destroy the City of Mexico To-Day.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 10.—Senor Zuniga is enacting the role of a Mexican Wiggins. He has predicted a terrible earthquake in this city to-day, and considerable alarm is felt among the lower classes, who accept his predictions as being founded on superior knowledge. According to Zuniga, the city will be partly destroyed to-day with enormous loss of life.

He pretends to have instruments which, by using magnetized water, enable him to predict earthquakes with accuracy months before their occurence, and he says he predicted the earthquake of the early part of the summer. Zuniga is just now the most talked of man in the city, and should there be even a slight trembling of the earth to-day he will be regarded as a prophet.

Good Crops in South Carolina.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 10.—Reports of 271 township correspondents to the state department of agriculture, covering every county, show that on August 1, cotton, which is two or three weeks earlier than last year, has a full bottom crop, and if the season continues propitious the largest crops ever produced in the state will be made. The corn crop is reported as generally the best ever grown. Reports of a large rice crop still continue favorable.

Railway Collision.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 10.—A collision occurred one mile from this city between a switch engine and a passenger train of the East Tennessee railway. Engineer John Burgess and William Beadon, his fireman, was fatally injured. The cars were piled upon the track and many passengers were hurt and some may die from their wounds.

Love-making by Voodooism.

TROY, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Certain white and colored circles here are greatly agitated over the charge made against one James Holden, a colored man, who, it is alleged, has won the affections of a comely white woman by voodooism.

Hail in Manitoba.

WINNIPEG, Man., Aug. 10. — Southern Manitoba was visited by a terrible hail storm. Some of the hailstones measured several inches in circumference. The injury to wheat has been very severe.

Clothing Cutters Join the Knights.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 10.—The national convention of clothing cutters resolved to join the knights of labor, and will at once apply for a charter.

FLOODED WITH INVITATIONS.

They Pour in So Fast Upon the President He Cannot Read Them.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10.—Invitations continue to pour in upon the president, and almost the entire time of one of the clerks at the White House is occupied in scheduling and recording them. He has been invited to visit almost every city in the west and south, including San Francisco, New Orleans, and Galveston. Among the invitations received to-day was one from Gov. Gray of Indiana, urging the president to make a stop at Indianapolis on his way through that state. A telegram was also received from Providence, R. I., asking the president to visit that city on his rumored trip to Marion, Mass., where Mrs. Cleveland is visiting. This was the only one of the invitations answered to-day. Col. Lamont sent a short reply to the effect that the president had no intention of visiting Massachusetts just at present. The president on his western and southern trip will take the route which will enable him to visit the principal representative cities of the two sections of country. He has about made up his mind that he will not go further west than Kansas City, and very little, if any, further south than Atlanta, Ga. He does not desire to be absent from the capitol more than twenty days, but he may prolong his absence five or ten days more.

He will begin the preparation of his annual message to congress upon his return to Washington, and that and other important matters which will then claim his personal attention will prevent his extending his visit much beyond the 1st of November. It is expected that the programme for his trip will be prepared within the next two weeks. None of the invitations not already acted upon will be answered until that is arranged.

Brave Alice Barry Evicted.

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—Alice Barry defied the police who went to execute a writ of eviction against her at Knockerdale, county Antrim. She barricaded her house and defended it, with the assistance of some friends, for a long time against a large force of officers who attempted to take it by storm, and who were many times repulsed by volleys of stones and streams of boiling water thrown upon them. The police finally captured the house in a charge of fixed bayonets, but not until many of them were badly hurt, and one was badly pitchforked. Five of the detenders of the house were arrested.

The Killarney Poor House Bankrupt.

DUBLIN, Aug. 10.—The National bank of Killarney, which acts as the treasurer of the Killarney poor law union, has dishonored a number of checks given by the union to relieve evicted tenants. The union is already indebted to the bank to the amount of £2,000.

A New Monument at Gettysburg.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Aug. 10.—The dedication of the monument of the Fifth Connecticut regiment occurred yesterday. The monument is of polished granite and stands on Culps hill, a short distance from Spanglers spring.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

A stock exchange will soon be opened in the City of Mexico

A four foot vein of cannel coal has been found at Cloverport, Ky.

Ex-senator Mahone will take an active part in the Virginia canvass this fall.

The principal business portion of Needles, Cal., was burned. Loss $60,000.

The strike on the Midland railway company of England has collapsed and traffic has been resumed.

Massachusetts has established a quarantine against New York cattle od account of the prevalence of pleuro-pneumonia.

The Belgian chamber of representatives has ratified a convention granting an annual subsidy of $50,000 to the Red Star line.

A section of the unionist party is in favor of attempting to deal with the arrears question while the land bill is before the house of lords.

Cardinal Gibbons and the Right Rev. Bishop Henry C. Porter have accepted invitations to attend the constitutional centennial celebration at Philadelphia.

The balloon containing Alfred Godard, the aeronant, and two lady artists, which was supposed to have been lost, descended safely at Villenevue, France.

Louis Schmitt, aged 59, committed suicide at Mansfield, Ohio, by shooting himself in the forehead. It was the eighth attempt he had made on his life.

The city of St. Ignace, Mich., is in imminent danger of being consumed by fire. About two miles west of the town a terrible forrest fire is raging and a westerly gale is blowing.

While cutting oats, Farmer Johnson of Oakland, Ill., found a nest of fourteen rattlesnakes. He had killed all but one when that one bit him, and Johnson died within an hour.

A barn owned by the O. Ames & Sons company at North Easton, Mass., containing one hundred tons of hay, seven horses, and a number of cattle and hogs was burned. Loss, $15,000.

Three United States mail sacks were found cut open near the Missouri Pacific depot at Wyan otte, Kan., and the contents of the sacks, about 500 letters, had been carried off.

The Grenoble tribunal has sentenced M. Naquet, editor of the *Petit Dauphinois*, to two months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of 200 francs for unfairly wounding M. Mentielle in a duel.

John Doors, while misbehaving at a picnic in Calloway county, Ky., was fatally shot by Frank Collie, the manager of the affair. Doors drew a knife and fatally cut Collie as he fell dead at Collie's feet.

Prof. Tyndall has written another article attacking Mr. Gladstone. He says that all the facts tend to verify the fact that Gladstone is merely a resonant mask through which John Morley blows over the land his fanatical treason.

A plot to wreck the Council Bluffs and Chicago eastbound train on the Chicago, Rock Island city. The engineer brought the train to a full stop before the engine touched a rail from which the spikes had been pulled.

The West Clare railroad in Ireland has been boycotted, owing to hatred of Traffic Manager Sullivan. Placards have been posted warning the people not to patronize the road until Sullivan is dismissed. Persons who travel by this line, the placards say, will be in danger of being shot.

Parties of Russians are traversing the country around Badakshan. They have not been molested, and are acquiring a knowledge of the roads. They are making strong endeavors to gain the good will of the inhabitants. Three thousand Russians have arrived in the Kirgantapa district.

The mother of probably the largest family in America is Mrs. Annie Raush of Letart, Va., who has just celebrated her one hundredth birthday. She was married at fifteen, and bore thirteen children, eight of whom are living. She has fifty-two great great-grandchildren, and her descendants number over six hundred.

The governor of Texas has received telegrams from sheriff Olive, of Williamson county, stating that his deputy, Stanley, had been ambushed and assassinated, it is believed, by John Barbour and Will Whitney. This is out of the presumed revenge for the persecution in the McNeil station train robbery case.

If you wish to have your young horses grow up hardy and able to endure severe tasks don't raise them as you do hot-house plants. It is muscle and bone that are required to withstand hardships, and inactive colts never develop either like those which have the advantage of plenty of exercise every day. When too young to train the best way to develop their muscles is to give them the freedom of a field large enough for them to find room for romps and play. The restless spirit of a growing colt is guaranty enough that the exercise will be taken if the opportunity is only afforded. The colt raised in the stall or too small a lot is sure to be awkward and slothful, as well as soft and unfit to withstand hard usage.

THAT fell destroyer of the apple orchard, the codling moth, may be successfully destroyed by syringing the trees with Paris green and water soon after the blossoms have fallen and when the light apples, newly formed, are held erect by their fruit stems, calyx end up. The moth lays its eggs in the calyx cavity, beginning even before the flower petals have fallen; the larvæ soon hatch out and begin to cut their way into the apple. One application of the poisonous mixture is usually sufficient if given very soon after the blossoms fall. One pound of Paris green to fifty gallons of water is the proper proportion. The powder will mix better with the water if first wet up and stirred into a smooth paste. This liquid can be applied by means of a force pump made for this purpose.

SPLINT is a growth in the fore-leg which results from inflammation of the joints, and in the union of the splint bone of the leg to the other bone with the formation of irregular bony deposits along the union. The symptoms are as follows: The horse is lame only on hard ground, and does not limp on soft ground, and the lameness increases with work. This distinguishes it from navicular disease, in which the lameness disappears when the horse is warmed by exercise. The head also droops considerably with this disorder. The bony swellings may be felt on the line of the small bone of the leg. The remedy is to apply cold water bandages until inflammation is reduced, and then to use blisters, or, if necessary, firing is to be resorted to. Cooling medicine is useful to reduce the inflammation, and rest is indispensable.

IN pruning trees of any kind it is better to have one strong branch or limb than two or three weak ones. It is better to keep heads low than high. It is better to keep limbs thinned out than to cut back and make too close heads. Let the sun's rays in all through the tree. It will be noticed that the highest and richest colored apples grow on trees having spreading branches and that are well thinned out. Keep suckers off the limbs and body in midsummer. Spring-trimmed trees produce the most suckers. If blight strikes the pear trees, slit the bark on one side of limb or body from affected part downward at once and give a coat of pure linseed oil. This slitting is especially beneficial to "hide-bound" or stunted trees, with a good coat of whitewash added. A very good time to prune trees is right after they have leaved out.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 5, 1887.

Bailey, James Mrs	Little, John
Carlisle, Samuel Rev	Martin, Mamie
Carlisle, Maud Miss	McChugh, Thomas
Foss, Maud Miss	Randolph, J S Mrs
Gallagher, James	Rolutsch, Willie A Miss
Herman, Madame	Reick, Gotfried
Jenkins, Wm	Thomas, Louis
Keyser, Elizabeth Mrs	Thorne, James Lyon Jr
Ward, William (2)	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

FOUND—A POCKET-BOOK CONTAINING A small sum of money, in the ladies' toilet room of the steamer "Grand Republic," Tuesday evening. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-10-d1

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS, *Depot Wagons, at moderate prices*, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-13-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 100 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.,

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS.....25C.

8-8

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Nothing has ever equaled the Low Prices

WHITE GOODS

Are Now Offered

AT PECK'S!

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

THE BURNING WEST

LATER PARTICULARS OF DAMAGE AND SUFFERING.

Raging Forest Fires in Four States. Women Fighting Prairie Fires. Many Towns in Danger.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—Telegrams from central points throughout the entire 75,000 square miles of drought-stricken northwestern country show that the fearful sun scorching of all vegetation continues unmitigated. Not a drop of rain has fallen except 8-100ths of an inch at Des Moines. Observations in the various districts give but little hope of a break within the coming twenty-four hours. The effect of the drought in Chicago was *noticeable in many small fires* to-day, but they convey no idea of the condition of things in the country immediately surrounding the city. Never before have the farmers and residents of the suburbs suffered so from the heat and dry weather. The vegetables of the small gardeners have been killed. All along the railroad tracks the prairies are on fire, and the residents of the suburbs are called out at all hours of the day and night to extinguish the flames when they threaten the barns and houses.

At South Englewood every one was called out of church on Sunday to fight the fire, and later, when the male residents were in the city, the women had to turn out and extinguished the flames. Water is very scarce. Cisterns and wells are alike empty, and the greatest economy of the precious fluid is observed. Cattle are actually suffering for water, and stand for hours lowing in their distress. At Washington Heights water has been so scarce that it has been sold for five cents a pail, and found a ready market.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Aug. 10.—The drought has made everything inflammable, and frequent fires are the result. A large area of whortleberry marsh east of the town has been on fire for several days doing much damage. All the farmers in the vicinity are fighting the flames to save their houses and wheat stacks.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 10.—Forest fires are raging fearfully in the northern part of Kent county. At Sand Lake the fires got into the neighboring woods, and for some time came near devouring the village. Farm houses and buildings adjacent to the fire were barely saved by heroic efforts.

At Grand Haven yesterday the fire department was called out to fight fire in an adjoining forest, back of Lake Forest cemetery. About 1,400 acres have been burned in that vicinity, and the fire encroached upon the cemetery, where it burned the grass off about thirty lots, badly bleaching tombstones. The fire is now under control south of Grand Haven, but it is raging fiercely to the southeast of the city.

At Cedar Springs fires continue to spread, and large parties are out fighting the flames. No rain has fallen since the middle of June. Around Cheboygan forest fires are again raging, and are destroying much valuable pine. Farmers are fighting the fires to save their homes and stock. A heavy smoke hangs over the village.

Sandusky, the county seat of Sanilac county was nearly wiped out by fire which originated in the swamps south of the village. The principal business places are all gone. Nine buildings were destroyed. Loss, $15,000.

PHILADELPHIA DOWNS CHICAGO

New York Wins Easily—Boston Badly Beaten—Summary of Other Games.

CHICAGO, Aug. 10.—The most notable game of yesterday was the overwhelming victory of Philadelphia over Chicago. It was a great surprise and disappointment to the large audience. The Phillies had their batting clothes on and knocked both Baldwin and Van Haltren out of the box, and Williamson fared but little better. Buffinton pitched a great game for the Phillies. The summary:

Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0—4
Philadelphia..2 1 1 4 1 4 2 0 2—17

Chicago—Base hits 8, errors 14. Philadelphia—Base hits, errors 12.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 10.—New York won easily. Welch pitched a great game again and made a home run. Only three of the home team made hits off his delivery, Denny hitting him twice, once for a home run. New York's only errors were one by Welch and one by Deasely.

Indianapolis...2 0 2 0 0 1 0 0 0—5
New York.....0 1 3 0 1 3 0 2 0—10

Indianapolis.—Base hits 8, earned runs 2, errors 5.

New York—Base hits 16, earned runs 6, errors 2.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 10.—Boston was beaten from the start, and was fairly Waterlooed, the score being 23 to 3. The home club played perfectly, making 27 hits and no errors. Boston made 12 hits, and 12 errors. Radbourne was knocked out, and Kelley *took his place, but was as badly punished.* Morris pitched for Pittsburg.

DETROIT, Aug. 10.—Washington had the game won in the seventh inning, but Detroit knocked out eight runs in the ninth and won 12 to 10. Detroit had 23 hits and 1 error; Washington 20 hits and 4 errors. Pitchers Burke and Twitchell.

OTHER GAMES.

American association—Baltimore 10, Metropolitan 10, darkness; Athletic 5, Brooklyn 3; Louisville 5, Cincinnati 4; St. Louis 11, Cleveland 8.

International league—Newark 7, Jersey City 4; Buffalo 4, Wilkesbarre 3; Rochester 8, Binghamton 6; Hamilton 20, Scranton 3.

Mrs. Cleveland at the Seaside.

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 10.—Mrs. Cleveland, Miss Helen F. Smith, president of Wells college of Aurora, N. Y., rode to Blake's Point and spent a short time enjoying the beautiful scenery, returning in time for dinner. The event of the day was the repetition at Mrs. Gilder's studio of the delightful scenes from "Alice Wonderland," by the children. Mrs. Cleveland, Mrs. Folsom, Miss Welch, Gen. and Mrs. Greely, Mrs. Smith and Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dickersen formed one party, and there was a large gathering of summer residents of Marion. This evening Mrs. Cleveland will go to Mattapoisett, where she will pay a short visit to Mrs. Samuel Warren and Miss Florence Bayard daughters of the secretary of state.

A Long Drop.

NEW YORK, Aug. 10.—Thomas M. Baldwin dropped from a baloon about one mile high, by the aid of a parachute, at Rockaway, yesterday. He fell into Jamaica bay and swam ashore, pulling his parachute. The only ill effects of his long drop was fatigue from hanging on the ring. He was paid $1,500 by railroad and hotel companies.

Assassination in Texas.

AUSTIN, Tex., Aug. 10.—Deputy Sheriff Will Stanley, of Williams county, has been ambushed and assassinated, it is believed by John Barbour and Will Whitney.

IN THE RANKS OF LABOR

THE UNION LABOR CONVENTION AT ROCHESTER.

Light Attendance and Want of Interest. The Leather Trouble in Newark. Fighting Lasters at Brockton.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 10.—A score of delegates are here to attend the Union labor party's first state convention. Those old stand bys of all labor movements that the state has seen for the last decade—John J. Cavanaugh of New York. J. J. Jervis of Syracuse, and A. Clapp, of Ithaca, were on the ground early to meet the new delegates. Few men from New York have yet appeared, but there will be more to represent the thirty New York is entitled to in the convention. The real, genuine delegates are from the country, and it is alleged that Alleghany, Steuben, Chemung, Tioga and other counties of the southern tier, where Senator Platt is believed to have the greatest influence, are the best represented part of the state.

The convention will be the rural end of the labor movement with the anti-monopoly, greenback and granger elements well on top. Henry George will have some friends in it, but not many, and the leaders say their destinctive feature is in opposition to his theories.

There are plenty of candidates, almost every other delegate being willing to run. Ex-railroad Commissioner John O'Donnell, John G. Cavill of Brooklyn, Mayor Parsons and George W. Knapp are a few of the most prominent candidates, who are either working for themselves or have friends at work for them. There are plenty of offices, and, as the candidates are not particular which office they are nominated for, most of them should be satisfied. The delegates are said to be elected by assembly districts, three for each district. That would make a full convention consist of 384 delegates.

The orthodox union labor platform starts with a demand for the forfeiture of the land grants, favors a abolition of contract labor, a protective tariff, a free Sunday, and equal license laws. A dozen platforms lurk in delegates' pockets. Here are extracts from a sample prepared by Geo. W. Knapp of Corning, a candidate for secretary of state.

Resolved, That we repudiate the scheme of a perpetual nobility of officeholders, to be selected according to the present civil service rules from the highly educated sons of nabobs, and that we believe the genius of our institutions dictates rotation in office from among those sufficiently qualified, and that officers should be appointed for a fixed term, and not be removable without good cause.

That the civil service methods of England, designed to provide for the poor sons of the nobility, are unsuited to this nation, and the civil service reform we believe in, and the only one of practical utility, is to elect only such persons to the superior offices as will not appoint improper persons to office.

Other planks favor a federal postal savings bank system, compulsory education, good high license, and a repeal of the sugar tax.

Quite a number of the delegates believe in trying to conciliate the prohibitionists by offering to submit a prohibition amendment to the popular vote.

THE TROUBLE AT NEWARK.

A General Strike Probable—Manufacturers Willing.

NEWARK, Aug. 10.—"There is not a leather manufacturer in the association who cannot afford to let his factory lie idle for six or eight months rather than let the knights of labor win the fight," said a Newark patent leather manufacturer. "It is now a queston of business principle. Spite does not enter into it. We object to the knights of labor because the order is unjust and tyrannical. We do not object to organized tanners, curriers, or japanners nor to a union of men from all branches of the leather business, but we will not have our factories ruled by cigarmakers, stairbuilders and shoemakers. We have no objection to employing men who are members of trade unions or ship organizations, but we'er going to crush out the influence and power of the knights of labor in the leather business if it requires a year to do it, and involves every craft in the country in the fight."

On Monday afternoon the sixty-five men in Mark W. Mahon & Seidenbach's establishment were called into the office and were told that it was the intention to make the shop free, and that the wages would remain the same as before, Mr. Mahon said that the men took a vote and decided to leave the knights of labor and remain with the firm. Master Workman Dodd of the knights of labor said that this statement was untrue, and that nothing was said to the men about renouncing their order, but that they were told the shop was to be a free one and that they would have to sign the form of contract agreed upon by the manufacturers' association. They did not vote to leave the knights, but were merely staying in the shop pending developments Mr. Halsey, the president of the association, said that the form of contract which the men would be required to sign had no mention of the knights of labor in it, but that, of course, it was understood that the signers would have to leave the order. Not a copy of the contract has yet been seen outside the association.

A committee of the leather workers' council has been appointed to learn how many knights yield to the employers. It is understood that a large sum of money will be sent from Philadelphia to Newark for the benefit of the men now on strike, and those who may be locked out later.

James M. Connelly of McCormick & Connelly said yesterday that he had no fault to find with the knights in his employ. He did not believe there was an overproduction of leather, but thought that the price should be advanced. Plenty of orders were coming in daily, he said, and there was no reason why any shop in Newark should shut down for a day.

One hundred men employed by Palmer & Smith of Hamilton street, Newark, were called out yesterday afternoon by the officers of district assembly 51, after a consultation with the employers, who refused to break their pledge with the Manufacturers' association. After calling at this establishment the committee went to Daniel Kaufherr's little leather works in Garden street and talked to him vainly for an hour before calling out his men. Thirty-three men responded to the call. Mr. Kaufherr told his men he was in sympathy with them, but that the Manufacturers' association would ruin him unless he stuck to his pledge. It is believed that a general strike will be ordered before the end of the week.

Adventists Attacked in the West.

WINONA, Minn., Aug. 10.—The tent in which Rev. Messrs. Hesler and Schulz, seventh day adventists, from Nebraska, were holding revival services, was attacked by about 200 Germans and Poles and pulled down. A free fight ensued, in which several persons were hurt. The villagers refused to allow religious services to be held.

FIGHTING AT BROCKTON.

Union Lasters Threaten to Boycott Any Person Who Harbors the New Workmen.

BROCKTON, Aug. 10.—Two non-union men and three hand lasters comprised the force at work at Mr. Douglas's shop yesterday. But the lack of workers is not because Mr. Douglas has no more men. The new hands are busy trying to get rooms and board. The union has threatened to boycott those tradesmen and boarding-house keepers who supply the wants of the new comers. Two non-union men whose employment started the trouble have been ejected from their boarding house on that account. There is one hotel keeper in the city who is ready to support Mr. Douglas in his fight, and is not afraid of the boycott. He told the lasters' committee as much. He consented to accommodate as many men as his house would hold.

The company which furnished the machines is keeping its promise to support Mr. Douglas. They said they would provide men to run them until the trouble was settled, and they have done so. The new men will go to work to-day. There is now a general movement among all the manufacturers in favor of the machines, and it looks as though a general strike would result, for the lasters say they will fight against the introduction of the machines.

A Real Western Rib Roast.

LONDON, Aug. 10.—Buffalo Bill treated a party of American and English gentlemen to a real wild western rib roast. A long table was stretched under the big tent on the grounds of the Wild West show. Huge pieces of ox ribs were roasted over a fire depending from three crossed sticks. Each chunk of beef was then skewered with a pointed stick and passed around until every guest was supplied. The Indians sat crosslegged on the ground and showed the fifty civilized guests how to eat their portions. When they had learned their lesson each gentleman took his meat in his hands and tore off mouthfuls with his teeth. Chauncy M. Depew, Simon Cameron, Lawrence Jerome, Senator Hawley, of Connecticut; Murat Halstead, Justin McCarthy, the Parnellite, and a number of British celebrities were present at this unique feast.

Sporting Gossip.

Detroit has probably laid out more money than any club with the hope of winning the penant.

The poor work being done by McCormick, of the Pittsburg, is said to be due to rheumatism in the ankle.

Washington quietly made a bid for the service of Dalrymple a few weeks ago, but Pittsburg refused to let him go.

The Phillies were the first club in the league to win a series of championship games. Indianapolis was the victim.

O'Rourke is covering third base better every day, while Ewing behind the bat is a tower of strength to the New Yorks.

Titcomb, Jersey City's twirler, pitched but two losing games in their trip from home. He leads the international pitchers.

The Dublin university cricket club is organizing a team to visit Canada and the United States.

James Keenan says "the Spider" is a wonder without a head, but can easily whip Warren. The latter has agreed to a match.

Gallagher's next match, if Burke does not go to Australia (which is probable) will be with the "Irish lad," and it will be of ten rounds.

On Jack Carkeek's return to this country Joe Acton will be matched to wrestle him for $2,500 a side, if Acton recovers from his present illness.

It is reported that Mickey Donnelly of Brooklyn, and Sam Collyer, the veteran ex-champion, are to arrange a match to box six three-minute rounds at Brooklyn.

The stallion Norwood Chief, aged twelve years, valued at $10,000, owned by Willis of Paterson, N. J., and in charge of Sol Minier, dropped dead at Elmira.

The Jersey City team have returned from their trip through the different towns of the International league much the worse for their journey.

So far the Phillies lead the eastern clubs on their present trip in the west, having won six, and lost three games. Boston, five to four, and New York and Washington each four to five.

Wise, of the Bostons, is the first player in that nine to make his 100th actual hit of the season. Rowe is the third man in the Detroit nine to reach the mark, and Richardson will soon be there.

Since Hughes, of the Newarks, was hit on the head by a pitched ball, his effectiveness as a pitcher has been greatly impaired and the club has been meeting with constant defeat ever since.

Pitcher Shaw, of the Jersey Citys, resembles his namesake of the league. If allowed a good rest he pitches a phenomenal game, but if put in three times a week he is batted unmercifully.

If the league wants to make a good rule next winter, it will prevent any member of an interested nine officiating at a game. The idea is wholly repugnant to the spectators.

Manager Barnie says: "I don't mind errors when they are the result of earnest efforts and not of indifference." That's the kind of talk from a manager. The best players make fatal errors, but it can't be helped.

In the association five series have been settled though unfinished, St. Louis winning two; Athletics, Baltimore and Cincinnati, one each; the Clevelands losing two and the Baltimores, Brooklyns and Mets each one.

The ministers of Brooklyn take great interest in baseball and many of the most prominent divines can daily be seen at the games in that city. Most of them are hard losers. They want to see the Brooklyns win all the time.

By keeping their eyes constantly on the ball Ward and Tiernan are enabled to hit it frequently. Probably it would be a good idea for Mutrie to have the eyes of the New York players examined to see if they are troubled with color blindness.

Kelly now has filled every position on the diamond. The "box" was the last that he attempted to fill, and for several innings he did very well. Probably this will encourage the great Bostonian to try his curves for an entire game.

No team in the International league, except the Stars, has played two successive errorless games, with a total of twenty-eight hits. The Stars have now won the majority of the series of games with Binghamton, Jersey City, Newark, Toronto, Wilkesbarre and Scranton. With Rochester they have won one-half of the games played. Hamilton and Buffalo are the only teams that have won the majority of games so far played with the Stars.

A despatch from Detroit says: "A bid was made to the Detroit club by the Cincinnati and Metropolitan clubs, of the American association, for Weidman's release. The offer of the Mets was accepted, and is not made known. Weidman will go to that club. He will draw $500 a month salary, being the largest salary paid by the association. Of course he is glad to get it, but on some account he would have preferred to go to the Cincinnati club."

How the New Yorks lost two games out of the three played in Chicago, is explained by the following figures: The Chicagos completely outplayed them at the bat, but the New Yorks were somewhat stronger in the field. In the series Chicago made 43 hits to 34, 4 doubles to New York's 5, 2 triples to New York's 3, and 2 home runs to the visitors' none; 45 runs were scored by the two teams, of which 27 were made by Chicago and 18 by the visitors; of these 31 were earned, 23 of which fell to the credit of the White stockings; the Chicagos made 12 errors to New York's 8.

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Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.30, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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DEADLY AFFRAY AMONG MINERS

Two Men Fatally Injured in a Race Riot at Alden, Pa.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 10.—A fearful riot among Hungarian and Polish miners occurred at the Alden coal company's mines at Alden, a small station four miles below this city. Some fifty or sixty men were engaged in the row, and two of them Michael Christ and Jacob Horlow, received injuries of which they will die.

Several more were badly hurt. The weapons used were stones, sticks and clubs. The disturbance was inspired by Christ, Horlow and others taking the places of men who had been discharged because they had found fault with the docking boss.

Upon the ante-mortem statement of the dying men, Andrew Shilo, Andrew Nowark and John Ponorski were arrested for leading the attack on the so called blacklegs, and were committed to jail without bail to await further results of the fracas.

Great excitement prevails at the scene of the riot, especially among the Polanders and Hungarians, who are opposed to each other.

Saved by a Brave Brakeman.

BEDFORD, Ind., Aug. 10.—A locomotive was returning from the water tanks, and when within a mile of town she dashed out of Bector's cut, and, to the horror of all on board, they saw a baby sitting in the middle of the track. The engine was reversed and the brake put on, but too late to stop the locomotive in time. The engine slid along the track. All shut their eyes and turned their heads except John Wilder, brakeman, who was on the front end. He crept down on the pilot, stretched out his hand ahead of the engine and snatched the baby from the track amid the cheers and applause of all the people who saw the brave act. The baby belonged to Thomas Stotts, who lives near the track.

Dorsey Buying Iron Mines.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 10.—The stockholders of five Gogebic iron mines, known as the Burton property, transferred them to the Bessemer Consolidated Iron Company of New York, of which ex-Senator Stephen W. Dorsey was elected president. Jesse R. Grant secretary, and ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Charles E. Coon treasurer. The price paid for the five mines was $2,320,000.

Industrial Items.

The union tailors of Louisville, Ky., have been on strike against some "scab" workmen and have won a complete victory.

General master workmen Powderly holds that a knight of labor is a knight no matter what his color or previous condition of servitude, and that he is entitled to all the privileges of the order.

The printers of Newburg have organized a typographical union and elected Charles Albertson, a veteran printer formerly of Brooklyn, president. All the printers in the city, with two or three exceptions, have joined the union.

There is no change in the labor situation at Fall River. The striking spinners at the Mechanics' and the American linen mills are still out. It is said a compromise has been reached by which the linen mill strikers will return to work on Monday next.

Assistant factory inspector John Franey of Buffalo went to Rochester last week and caused the arrest of W. S. Kimball & Co., the largest cigar-making firm in the world, and P. Cox, the leading shoe manufacturer in that city for violating the child labor law.

The various "brotherhoods" of organized labor—such as the brotherhood of carpenters and joiners, the brotherhood of painters and decorators, the brotherhood of locomotive engineers and firemen—all give reports of unusual prosperity in their ranks this year.

D. G. Littlefield of the Littlefield stove works, Albany, has issued circulars to the moulders lately employed by that company saying that work will be resumed as soon as the boiler is repaired. They have made new board prices, and the firm promises as good prices as are paid by any other shop. They do not belong to the national defense association.

The strike of the runners, drivers and doortenders, which took place at the Black Diamond mine, near Wilkesbarre, on Saturday, resulted in a complete victory for the strikers, who have resumed work. Mine Boss Kelly informed them that they might keep their own time, and if it did not agree with his he would make it satisfactory. There is great rejoicing over the success of the colliery lads.

The special committee of the united German trades unions, appointed for the purpose of organizing the German trades in all parts of the country, report that the German workmen are the most progressive element among the laboring masses of America, and that it would be of great advantage for the movement to centralize them in one great organization for the purpose of advancing the interests of the labor press and political agitation.

The strike of the knights of labor employed in the brickyards at Verplanck's on the Hudson, is still on, and the outlook for a resumption of work is poor. This morning a fund of $12,000, which has been raised by the owners of the yards along the river to assist the Verplanck's yards, was distributed from the People's bank, Haverstraw, and the prospect of a settlement of the difficulty is thought to be poor. Inducements are being offered at Verplanck's for non-union men, and the knights of labor have pickets out to dissuade help from entering the place.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6 10, a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Slightly warmer, fair weather, winds generally southerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 9.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s. 1891, reg.	109¼	109¼
4½s. 1891, con.	110¼	110¼
4s. 1907, reg	128⅝	128⅝
4s. 1907, con	128⅞	128⅞

STOCK MARKET.
CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56	56
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	141	141
Central Pacific	37⅛	37
Del. & Hudson	101⅛	101⅛
Del. Lack. & W.	39⅝	130⅜
Erie	67	30⅝
Erie pref	93½	69¼
Lake Shore	61⅛	93⅞
Louis. & Nash.	85	61⅞
Michigan Central	99	85
Missouri Pacific	43¼	98⅝
N. Y. & New Eng.	.4	44½
N. J. Central	108⅛	74¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	114⅝	108⅞
Northwestern	95	114½
Oregon Navigation	40	94⅝
Pacific Mail	55⅛	40
Reading	127	55⅝
Rock Island	81⅛	127
St. Paul	47⅝	81⅞
Union Pacific	55⅝	55⅞
West. Union Tel.	73⅞	74⅞

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79⅛	80⅝	81⅞
Corn	49⅝	50⅝	5[illegible]
Oats	31⅓	31⅛	32⅝

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm Creamery—Eastern 23a25c.; Western 22a24c.: Dairy—Imitation, 16a18c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 13a21c.; western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15; low grades, 7a8c

Cheese dull; 10¼a10⅜, 6a8.

Eggs quiet but steady; 15a16 14a15.

LIFE INSURANCE.

Dr. Talmage Preaches on This Important Subject.

God Himself the Organizer of the First Life Insurance Company — The Duty and Necessity of Providing for One's Family—The Man Who Fails to Do It Worse Than an Infidel.

THE HAMPTONS, August 7.—Rev. T. De Witt Talmage's sermon for to-day was on the important subject of "Life and Fire Insurance: The Christian Principles Involved." His text was: "Let him appoint officers over the land, and take up the fifth part of the land of Egypt in the seven plenteous years."—Genesis xli, v. 34.

These were the words of Joseph, the president of the first life insurance company that the world ever saw. Pharaoh had a dream that distracted him. He thought he stood on the banks of the Nile, and saw coming up out of the river seven fat, sleek, glossy cows, and they began to browse in the thick grass. Nothing frightful about that. But after them, coming out of the same river, he saw seven cows that were gaunt and starved, and the worst looking cows that had ever been seen in the land, and in the ferocity of hunger they devoured their seven fat predecessors. Pharaoh, the king, sent for Joseph to decipher these midnight hieroglyphics. Joseph made short work of it, and intimated the seven fat cows that came out of the river are seven years with plenty to eat, the seven emaciated cows that followed them are seven years with nothing to eat. "Now," said Joseph, "let us take one-fifth of the corn crop of the seven prosperous years, and keep it as a provision for the seven years in which there shall be no corn crop." The king took the counsel and appointed Joseph, because of his

INTEGRITY OR PUBLIC-SPIRITEDNESS,

as the president of the undertaking. The farmers paid one-fifth of their income as a premium. In all the towns and cities of the land there were branch houses. This great Egyptian Life Insurance Company had millions of dollars as assets. After awhile the dark days came and the whole nation would have starved if it had not been for the provision they had made for the future. But now these suffering families had nothing to do but go up and collect the amount of their life policies. The Bible puts it in one short phrase: "In all the land of Egypt there was bread." I say this was the first life insurance company. It was divinely organized. It had in it all the advantages of the "whole life plan," of the "tontine plan," of the "reserved endowment plan," and all the other good plans. We are told that Rev. Dr. Anhate, of Lincolnshire, Eng., originated the first life insurance company in 1698. No! it is as old as the corn cribs of Egypt; and God himself was the author and originator. If that were not so I would not take your time and mine in Sabbath discussion of this subject. I feel it is a theme vital, religious, and of infinite import, the morals of life and fire insurance.

About ten or twelve years ago there was a great panic in life insurance which did good. Under the storm the untrustworthy and bogus institutions were scattered, while the genuine were tested and firmly established, and where does the life insurance institution stand to-day? What amount of comfort, of education, of moral and spiritual advantage is represented in the simple statistic that in this country the life insurance companies in one year paid $7,000,000 to the families of the bereft; and in five years they paid $300,000,000 to the families of the bereft; and are promising to pay—and hold themselves in readiness to pay—$2,000,000,000 to the families of the bereft!

They have actually paid out more in

DIVIDENDS AND CLAIMS

than they have ever received in premiums. I know of what I speak. The life insurance companies of this country paid more than $7,000,000 of taxes to the government in five years. So, instead of these companies being indebted to the land, the land is indebted to them. To cry out against life insurance because here and there one company has behaved badly is as absurd as it would be for a man to burn down a thousand acres of harvest field in order to kill the moles and potato bugs: as preposterous as a man who should blow up a crowded steamer in mid-Atlantic for the purpose of destroying the barnacles on the bottom of the hulk.

But what does the Bible say in regard to this subject? If the Bible favors the institution I will favor it; if the Bible denounces it I will denounce it. In addition to the forecast of Joseph in the text, I call to your attention Paul's comparison. Here is one man who, through neglect, fails to support his family while he lives or after he dies. Here is another man who abhors the Scriptures and rejects God. Which of those men is the worse? Well, you say, the latter. Paul says the former. Paul says that a man who neglects to care for his household is more obnoxious than a man who rejects the Scriptures: "He that provideth not for his own, and especially those of his own household, is worse than an infidel." Life insurance companies help most of us to provide for our families after we are gone; but, if we have the money to pay the premiums and do not pay them, we have no right to expect mercy at the hand of God in the judgment. We are worse than Tom Paine, worse than Voltaire, and worse than Shaftesbury. The Bible declares it. We are

WORSE THAN AN INFIDEL.

After the certificate of death has been made out, and thirty or sixty days have passed, and the officer of a life insurance company comes into the bereft household, and pays down the hard cash on an insurance policy, that officer of the company is performing a positively religious rite, according to the Apostle James, who says: "True religion and undefiled before God and the Father is this: To visit the fatherless and the widow in their affliction," and so on. The religion of Christ proposes to take care of the temporal wants of the people as well as the spiritual. When Hezekiah was dying an injunction came to him: "Set thy house in order, for thou shalt die and not live." That injunction in our day would mean: "Make your will; settle up your accounts; make things plain; don't deceive your heirs with rolls of worthless mining stock; don't deceive them with deeds for Western lands that will never yield any crop but chills and fever; don't leave for them notes that have been outlawed, and second mortgages on property that will not pay the first." "Set thy house in order." That is, fix up things, so your going out of the world may make as little consternation as possible. See the lean cattle devouring the fat cattle, and in the time of plenty prepare for the time of want. The difficulty is, when men think of their death, they are afraid to think of it only in connection with their spiritual welfare, and not of the devastation in the household which will come because of their emigration from it. It is meanly selfish for you to be so absorbed in the Heaven to which you are going that you forget what is to become of your wife and children after you are dead. You can go out of this world without leaving a dollar, and yet die happy if you could not provide for them; you can trust them in the hands of

THE GOD WHO OWNS ALL THE HARVESTS,

and the herds, and the flocks; but if you could pay the premiums on a policy and neglect them, it is a mean thing for you to go up to heaven while they go into the poorhouse. You, at death, move into a mansion, river front, and they move into two rooms on the fourth story of a tenement house in a back street. When they are out at the elbows and knees, the thought of your splendid robe in heaven will not keep them warm. The minister may preach a splendid sermon over your remains, and the quartet may sing like four angels in the organ loft; but your death will be a swindle. You had the means to provide for the comfort of your household when you left it, and you wickedly neglected it. "O," says some one, "I have more faith than you; I believe when I go out of this world, the Lord will provide for them." Go to Blackwell's Island, go through all the poorhouses of the country, and I will show you how often God provides for the neglected children of neglectful parents. That is, He provides for them through public charity. As for myself, I would rather have the Lord provide for my family in a private home, and through my own industry, and paternal, and conjugal faithfulness. But says some men: "I mean in the next ten or twenty years to make a great fortune, and so I shall leave my family, when I go out of this world, very comfortable." How do you know you are going to live ten or twenty years? If we could look up the highway of the future we would see it crossed by pneumonias, and pleurisies, and consumptions, and colliding rail trains, and runaway horses, and breaking bridges, and funeral processions. Are you so certain you are going to live ten or twenty years, you can warrant your household any comfort after you go away from them? Beside that, the vast majority of men die poor! Two—only out of a hundred succeed in business. Are you very certain you are going to be one of the two?

RICH ONE DAY, POOR THE NEXT.

A man in New York got two million dollars, and the money turned his brain, and he died in the lunatic asylum. All his property was left with the business firm, and they swamped it; and then the family of the insane man were left without a dollar. In eighteen months the prosperity, the insanity, the insolvency, and the complete domestic ruin. Beside that, there are men who die solvent, who are insolvent before they get under the ground, or before their estate is settled up. How soon the auctioneer's mallet can knock the life out of an estate. A man thinks the property is worth fifteen thousand dollars; under a forced sale it brings seven thousand dollars. The business man takes advantage of the crisis and he compels the widow of the deceased partner to sell out to him at a ruinous price, or lose all. The stock was supposed to be very valuable, but it has been so "watered" that when the executor tries to sell it he is laughed out of Wall Street, or the administrator is ordered by the surrogate to wind up the whole affair. The estate was supposed at the man's death to be worth sixty thousand dollars; but after the indebtedness had been met, and the bills of the doctor, and the undertaker, and the tombstone-cutter have been paid, there is nothing left. That means the children are to come home from school and go to work. That means the complete hardship of the wife, turned out with nothing but a needle to fight the great battle of the world. Tear down the lambrequins, close the piano, rip up the axminster, sell out the wardrobe, and let the mother take a child in each hand and trudge out into the desert of the world. A life insurance would have hindered all that.

But, says some one: "I am a man of small means, and I can't afford to pay the premium." That is sometimes

A LAWFUL AND A GENUINE EXCUSE,

and there is no answer to it; but in nine cases out of ten when a man says that, he smokes up in cigars, and drinks down in wine, and expends in luxuries enough money to have paid the premium on a life insurance policy which would have kept his family from beggary when he is dead. A man ought to put himself down on the strictest economy until he can meet this Christian necessity. You have no right to the luxuries of life until you have made such provisions. I admire what was said by Rev. Dr. Guthrie, the great Scottish preacher. A few years before his death he stood in a public meeting and declared: "When I came to Edinburgh, the people sometimes laughed at my blue stockings, and at my cotton umbrella, and they said I looked like a common plowman, and they derided me because I lived in a house for which I paid thirty-five pounds rent a year, and oftentimes I walked when I would have been very glad to have a cab; but, gentlemen, I did all that because I wanted to pay the premium on a life insurance that would keep my family comfortable if I should die." That I take to be the right expression of an honest, intelligent Christian man.

The utter indifference of many people on this important subject accounts for much of the crime and pauperism of this city. Who are those children sweeping the crossings with broken broom and begging of you a penny as you go by? Who are those lost souls gliding under the gaslight, in thin shawls? Ah, they are the victims of want; in many of the cases the forecast of parents and grandparents might have prohibited it. God only knows how they struggled to do right. They prayed until the tears froze on their cheeks, they sewed on the sack until the breaking of the day; but they could not get enough money to pay the rent; they could not get enough money to decently clothe themselves; and one day in that watchful home the angel of purity and the angel of crime

FOUGHT A GREAT FIGHT

between the empty bread tray and the fireless hearth, and the black-winged angel shrieked: "Aha! I have won the day." Says some man: "I believe what you say; it is right and Christian, and I mean sometime to attend to this matter." My friend, you are going to lose the comfort of your household in the same way the sinner loses heaven, by procrastination. I see all around me the destitute and suffering families of parents who meant some day to attend to this Christian duty. During the process of adjournment the man gets his feet wet, then comes a chill and delirium, and the doleful shake of the doctor's head, and the obsequies. If there be any thing more pitiable than a woman delicately brought up, and on her marriage day by an indulgent father given to a man whom she is the chief joy and pride of life until the moment of his death, and then that same woman going out with helpless children at her back to struggle for bread in a world where brawny muscle and rugged soul are necessary—I say, if there be any thing more pitiable than that, I do not know what it is. And yet there are good women who are indifferent in regard to their husband's duty in this respect; and there are those positively hostile, as though a life insurance subjected a man to some fatality. There is in Brooklyn to-day a very poor woman keeping a small candy shop, who vehemently opposed the insurance of her husband's life, and when application had been made for a policy for $10,000 she frustrated it. She would never have a document in the house that implied it was possible for her husband ever to die. One day, in quick revolution of machinery, his life was instantly dashed out. What is the sequel? She is, with annoying tug, making the half of a miserable living. Her two children have been taken away from her in order that

THEY MAY BE CLOTHED AND SCHOOLED,

and her life is to be a prolonged hardship. O, man, before forty-eight hours have passed away, appear at the desk of some of our great life insurance companies, have the stethescope of the physician put to your heart and lungs, and, by the seal of some honest company, decree that your children shall not be subjected to the humiliation of financial struggle in the days of your demise.

But I must ask the men engaged in life insurance business whether they feel the importance of their trust, and charge them I must that they need divine grace to help them in their work. In this day, when there are so many rivalries in your line of business, you will be tempted to overstate the amount of assets and the extent of surplus, and you will be tempted to abuse the franchise of the company, and make up the deficit of one year by adding some of the receipts of another year; and you will be tempted to send out mean, anonymous circulars derogatory to other companies, forgetful of the fact that anonymous communication means only two things: the cowardice of the author, and the inefficiency of the police in allowing such a thing to be dated anywhere save inside of a penitentiary. Under the mighty pressure many have gone down, and you will follow them if you have too much confidence in yourself, and do not appeal to the Lord for positive help. But if any of you belong to that miscreant class of people who, without any financial ability organize themselves into what they call a life insurance company, with a pretended capital of $200,000, then vote yourself into the lucrative position and then take all the premiums for yourself, and then, at the approach of the State Superintendent drop all into the hands of those

LIFE INSURANCE UNDERTAKERS

whose business it is to gather up the remains of defunct organizations and bury them in their own vault—then, I say, you had better get out of the business, and disgorge the widows' houses you have swallowed. But my word is to all those who are legitimately engaged in the business. You ought to be better than other men, not only because of the responsibilities that rest upon you, but because the truth is ever confronting you that your stay on earth is uncertain, and your life a matter of few days or years. Do not those black-edged letters that come into your office make you think? Does not the doctor's certificate on the death claim give you a thrill? Your periodicals, your advertisements, and even the lithography of your policies warn you that you are mortal. According to your own showing the chances that you will die this year are at least two per cent. Are you prepared for the tremendous exigency? The most condemned man in the judgment day will be the unprepared life insurance man, for the simple reason that his whole business was connected with human exit, and he can not say: "I did not think." His whole business was to think on that one thing. O, my brother, get insured for eternity. In consideration of what Christ has done in your behalf, have the indenture this day made out, signed and sealed with the red seal of the cross.

But I have words of encouragement and comfort for those of my hearers who are engaged in the fire insurance business. You are ordained by God to stand between us and the most raging element of nature. We are indebted to you for what the National Board of Underwriters and the convention of chiefs of the fire department have effected through your suggestions, and through your encouragement. We are indebted to you for what you have effected in the construction of buildings, and in the

CHANGE IN THE HABITS OF OUR CITIES;

so that by scientific principles orderly companies extinguish the fire, instead of the old time riots which used to extinguish the citizens! And we are indebted to you for the successful demands you have made for the repeal of unjust laws—for the battle you have waged against incendiarism and arson—for the fatal blow you have given to the theory that corporations have no souls, by the cheerfulness and promptitude with which you have met losses, from which you might have escaped through the technicality of the law. I do not know any class of men in our midst more high-toned and worthy of confidence than these men, and yet I have sometimes feared that while your chief business is to calculate about losses on earthly property, you might without sufficient thought go into that which, in regard to your soul, in your own parlance might be called "hazards," "extra hazards," "special hazards." An unforgiven sin in the soul is more inflammable and explosive than camphene or nitro-glycerine. However the rates may be—yea, though the whole earth were paid down to you in one solid premium—you can not afford to lose your soul. Do not take that risk lest it be said hereafter that while in this world you had keen business faculty, when you went out of the world you went out everlastingly insolvent. The scientific Hitchcocks, and Stillimans, and Mitchells, of the world have united with the sacred writers to make us believe that there is coming a conflagration

TO SWEEP ACROSS THE EARTH,

compared with which that of Chicago in 1871, and that of Boston in 1872, and that of New York in 1835, were mere nothing. Brooklyn on fire! New York on fire! Charleston on fire! San Francisco on fire! Canton on fire! St. Petersburg on fire! London on fire! the Hymalayas on fire! What will be peculiar about the day will be that the water with which we put out great fires will itself take flame; and the Mississippi and the Ohio, and the St. Lawrence and Lake Erie, and the Atlantic and the Pacific Oceans, and tumbling Niagara, shall with red tongues lick the heavens. The geological heats of the center of the world will burn out toward the circumference, and the heats of the outside will burn down from the circumference to the center, and this world will become, not only according to the Bible, but according to science, a living coal—the living coal afterward whitening into ashes, the ashes scattered by the breath of the last hurricane, and all that will be left of this glorious planet will be the flakes of ashes fallen on other worlds. Oh! on that day will you be fire-proof, or will you be a total loss? Will you be rescued, or will you be consumed? When this great cathedral of the world, with its pillars of rocks, and its pinnacles of mountains, and its cellar of golden mine, and its upholstery of morning cloud, and its baptismal font of the sea, shall blaze, will you get out on the fire escape of the Lord's deliverance? Oh! on that day for which all other days were made, may it be found that these life insurance men had a paid-up policy, and these fire insurance men had given them instead of the debris of a consumed worldly estate, a house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens.

—The Westchester *Record* tells of a girl who is too poor to own more than one chair, so that when her lover comes he has to bring a chair with him.

—The summit of Lookout Mountain in Tennessee, the scene of the famous "battle above the clouds," has become quite a point of interest to the traveling public. A small park has been laid out near the apex of the mountain and public buildings erected. In addition to this a cable road has been constructed up the tedious ascent, the grade of which is nearly 1,500 feet to the mile. The length of the road is about a mile and the ascent is made in six minutes. The cars are drawn by steel cables and are calculated for the accommodation of thirty-five passengers at each trip.

—The Southern States is an insect, somewhat resembling a huge green cricket, that is said to be particularly useful to farmers and fruit growers. It subsists wholly upon noxious insects, and is itself entirely harmless to plant and animal life. This strange insect (*Mantis Carolina*) is held in dread by the colored people owing, no doubt, to the ominous name by which it is commonly known, namely—"the devil's horse." One peculiarity of this insect is the formation of its two forelegs which are held together in an elevated position, and with which it captures its prey. Through this peculiarity it is often called "the praying cricket."

—The sight presented by a visit to the large Spanish cigarette factories is interesting in the extreme. In one is a long, low room, in which are at work some fifteen hundred girls. These are ceaselessly employed in the rolling of cigarettes, during which operation they chatter and nod their multitudinous heads, creating, thereby, a novel and pleasing scene. Some of the girls are married and are permitted to bring with them their little ones, which, in many cases, are rocked in their cradles by the foot of her whose busy fingers fly to earn for both the necessities of life. Many of the operatives are inveterate smokers, and many cigarettes find consumers without leaving the walls of the factory.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP Drugs."

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Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

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Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to competete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND, PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS, BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS, JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.

MEN'S FINE

All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.

Former price $12.

Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,

In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.

LARGE LINE OF

Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,

Coats, and Coats & Vests at cut-rate prices.

Schwed Brothers,

my10

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

We Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSDAY, AUGUST 11, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Picnic at The Crescent to-night.

—Dog catcher Babbitt reports a total catch of three dogs yesterday.

—A very peculiar exotic called a "toad crocus" is on exhibition at the stationery store of Mr. M. Estil, of Park avenue.

—An excursion train of eleven cars passed through the city this morning en route from Philadelphia to Coney Island.

—The annual excursion of the Crescent Avenue Sabbath School to Long Branch and Asbury Park, will occur on August 30th.

—One of the signers of the early closing movement, who keeps a gents' furnishing store on Park avenue, did not close until about eight o'clock, last evening.

—Marshal Becker of the Borough arrested a drunken man on Somerset street near the county line this forenoon, and toted him off to the "cooler" in a feed wagon.

—A string of hats that reach from the top of a high pole and advertise the business of the store they are in front of, were pulled down by one of Mr. John Taylor Johnston's horses, this morning.

—The "Y. M. C. A's" play the "Actives" of North Plainfield on the Park avenue grounds, Saturday afternoon, the Somerville team having backed down, probably, because afraid of our Plainfield boys.

—Probably the largest excursion of the season from any place in the State will be that of the employees of the Clark Thread Works, of Newark, to Asbury Park, on Saturday. Eighty cars have been chartered.

—A moonlight excursion via Lehigh Valley Railroad from Clinton went to Coney Island last evening, when the excursionists were given an opportunity to witness the fireworks. The train stopped at all stations west of New Market.

—Officer Lynch received a telegram yesterday asking him to arrest James Clark, who was wanted in Newark for embezzling $100 from McManus Brothers, furniture dealers of that place. The man was subsequently captured at Trenton and turned over to the Newark authorities.

—All the bonds, securities and valuable papers pertaining to the city of Elizabeth which were for years past deposited for safe keeping in the offices of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York, have been removed, this week, to the vaults of the National State Bank at Elizabeth, where the cost of storing them is about one-third of that in the New York institution.

—The reason the Directors of the Gentleman's Driving Park Association were not asked for permission to trot the well-known mare "Fannie Gilbert" on the track at the fair grounds on Tuesday, is said to be on account of the backing out of the men who were financially interested in the matter of backing time against the mare. The forfeit money was paid over and the trot was declared "off."

—The town of Piscataway, below New Market, possesses an aged citizen in the person of Daniel Martin, who is daily seen blackberrying. The old man is in his 95th year. Yesterday, while crossing a brook, he lost his footing, and fell headlong into the water. He managed to hold his head above the surface until assistance came, the heroine in the case being his granddaughter, who unhesitatingly sprang into the brook and aided the old man to his feet and also to his home.

—After a thorough trial and personal experience we cannot but speak in the highest terms of the superiority of the gas stoves spoken of in a notice on our last page. The cost compares favorably with the cost of coal, and as consumption of fuel only exists when required, the economy, comfort and convenience of the scheme is plainly apparent. These stoves are offered by the Plainfield Gas Light company at cost, or are rented at moderate rates; and special terms are made for the gas used as fuel.

DOWN AN ELEVATOR SHAFT.

A Nurse Girl and Baby Step on an Elevator by Mistake and are sent Whirling to the Basement Below.—No one Injured.

An accident which, happily, resulted in no serious injury to any one, occurred at the Park House during last evening. Near the side entrance to the building is located an elevator, for raising and lowering trunks to and from the upper stories. The man in charge of the elevator had just ascended from the basement to the landing above with some trunks, and stepped into the hallway for a moment. Ellen Kelley, a nurse girl employed by Mr. Charles Roberts, a gentleman from New York, who, with his family, took rooms at the hotel on the 8th instant, was playing about the hall with a year-and-a-half-old son of Mr. Roberts, and seeing the door open which leads to the elevator, inadvertently stepped on the platform. Their combined weight started the elevator, and rapidly it shot downward, striking the bottom landing with a crash. The infant screamed from fright, and many of the boarders supposed both nurse girl and baby had been seriously if not fatally injured. When the basement was reached, however, all were glad to learn that no one was injured, although both the baby and its attendant were thoroughly frightened. To be sure that no internal injuries had resulted from the accident, Mr. Jones at once summoned Dr. Lowrie, but the latter was unable to discover any injury whatever. When a reporter called at the Park House this morning, the child was playing about as unconcerned as though nothing had happened. Mr. Jones says the accident of last evening is the first of the kind that has ever happened in the house.

In answer to a question regarding the accommodation for guests at the Park House, Mr. Jones said that on the first floor there are no unoccupied rooms, and on the second floor there are but two or three, and these will probably be occupied by to-morrow. The hotel under the present management bids fair to become a popular family resort both Summer and Winter.

Her Seventy-Fifth Birthday.

A happy gathering of children and relatives was that at the residence of Mrs. Chas. Johnson, of Duer street, North Plainfield, last evening, the occasion being the seventy-fifth birthday of Mrs. Johnson. The aged lady retains all her faculties, except that of hearing, and seemed to enjoy the occasion as much as many of the younger people. Early in the evening all were seated at a long table (Mrs. Johnson occupying the position of honor) loaded with substantial refreshments and graced with large boquets and dishes of choice roses and other flowers, presenting a beautiful appearance. After a pleasant evening of social intercourse, and a laughable recitation by Master Harry Polhemus, each left a substantial token of their love and esteem in the shape of gifts of money, handkerchiefs, etc., and departed about ten o'clock for their homes, wishing the old lady many happy returns.

Mrs. Johnson is an aunt of the wife of Councilman Wm. H. Voorhees, who, with his wife and family, were among relatives present, as were also Russell and Andrew Johnson, nephews of the old lady, and their wives.

A Whole Family Incarcerated.

For some time past fights and brawls have been of frequent occurrence in Pruden's Alley, and the police are periodically called upon to arrest one or the other of the participants. In nine cases out of ten the person who is instrumental in causing the arrest of the offender will never appear to press the charge and consequently the prisoner is released without being punished. But it may be said that many of the disturbances are traced directly to William Kinney and his family and the police have determined to break up the nuisance. Last evening the usual "cotillion" took part, and the officers succeeded in capturing William Kinney, his wife Kate, and daughter, Sarah Warren. They were locked up at police headquarters, where they will remain until the City Judge returns from Boynton Beach, where he is in attendance to-day at the annual reunion of the New Jersey State Sons of Temperance.

Fell Down Stairs.

Mrs. Captain Melville of Crescent avenue and Second Place fell head-foremost down a flight of stairs between seven and eight o'clock last evening, receiving painful injuries about the head. The lady is somewhat advanced in years and rather corpulent. She was about to descend from one of the upper stories and is reported to have stumbled over a cat, falling to the landing below. Mrs. Melville was stunned by the shock and when Dr. Hedges arrived he found her suffering from severe contusion on the face and head. The doctor discovered no fractured bones, and to-day the patient is said to be improved.

—It will soon be time to call in the white hat and the linen duster.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mrs. Shee, nee Miss Drier, was in Plainfield on a visit to her parents, yesterday.

Mr. F. C. Harder and wife and Miss Ketcham left to-day for the Pocono Mountains.

Mr. J. C. Zimmerman and daughter of North Plainfield, left the city this morning for Harrisburg, Pa.

Mr. John Leal, of Leal's Academy for young men, has gone to the Pocono Mountains for a little recreation.

Miss Mamie Brown and Miss Annie Freeman returned last evening from their two weeks stay at Asbury Park.

Mr. E. N. Erickson and family of Eighth street, go to "The Manisses," Block Island, for the rest of the Summer.

Mr. F. A. Pope, son of ex-Postmaster Pope is lying ill at his home on Park avenue from an attack of cholera morbus.

Miss Mamie Burns of Harlem, N. Y., is visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Carty, on South Second street.

Mrs. John Neal, the wife of a well-known Boston druggist, is visiting her mother, Mrs. A. Hedden of West Fourth street.

Governor Green has appointed J. Watt Kearney of Essex, Inspector General of New Jersey, to succeed Willoughby Weston, resigned.

James Clark and wife of West Seventh street, accompanied by Miss Gertie Lathrop, started this morning for Pine Hill, New York State, where they will remain indefinitely.

Mr. J. W. Murray, wife and daughter Miss Minnie, spent yesterday at their home, corner of Central avenue and Eighth street, returning last evening to Long Island.

News has been received from Pittsburgh of Messrs. Frank Hubbard and Eli Sherman, who started West the other day. They are all well, and find the traveling good and food plentiful.

The glad tidings of the arrival of a male heir in the household of Mr. Charles Potter, Jr., on Tuesday, was immediately telegraphed to Mr. Potter and his party in Europe, and in consequence thereof there was rejoicing alike both in the old and the new world.

Dr. A. S. Patton of the *Weekly Baptist* who is one of Netherwood's cottagers, has, at the earnest request of many of his friends, kindly consented to deliver a half-hour lecture in the Hotel reading room. The subject will be, "The thoughts of our dreams." The evening is not yet set.

Justice V. W. Nash will leave to-night for Richmond, Va., to be in attendance at the bedside of his father and mother who were seriously injured in a railroad accident near Richmond a few days since. The justice has requested us to announce that all civil suits coming up before him, will be adjourned over for one week.

Keyport, N. J., seems to be having its share of public patronage by Summer sojourners from this and adjacent cities. According to the Keyport dispatches to the New York papers, among the recent arrivals at that place are: Messrs. John Cain, of Scotch Plains, L. S. Cook and H. Dubbin, of Bound Brook, and J. B. Craig, of this city.

Dr. J. T. Fritts and Mr. W. C. Kelly returned last evening from their trip to the Cumberland mountains, as announced by us at the time of their departure. They express themselves as much pleased with their journey, and with the location of the property of their company. They made arrangements for further development of the resources of the same.

Glenside, not Feltville.

The Township Committee of Fanwood met on Tuesday evening, August 9th, at 7:30 o'clock. Present—Kyte, Miller and Terry. Treasurer reported balance on hand, $410.25. Mr. Kyte, committee on macadamizing Front street, reported progress. The Township Clerk was instructed to notify Overseers of Road Districts 1, 2 and 4, to repair and erect guide posts within their districts, and authorize Overseer of Road District No. 1 to change name on guide board at intersection of Mountain avenue and Miller road, from Feltville to Glenside Park. Mr. George Kyte, committee to purchase crushed stone for Road Districts 1, 2, 3 and 4, reported had finished the business, and was discharged. The following bills were presented and ordered paid: J. G. Cook, crushed stone furnished road district No. 2, $89.33; E. C. Kieb, overseer, on account stone and labor furnished road district No. 4, $35: F. A. Dunham, duplicate copy Fanwood road map, $30; Albert Brown, repair of road machine, $2. Justice Nash was requested to renew tax warrant to Henry Cook, special constable, for collection of delinquent taxes. Adjourned to meet Tuesday, August 16th, 1887, at 8 p. m.

—The Grand Army Post held a regular semi-monthly encampment in the post-room last evening, and among other business, the Post disapproved of the provisions contained in the Pension Bill. A vote was taken on the matter at the request of the National Commander.

$450 IN HIS WASH.

A Westfield Laundress Appropriates $450 found in a Customer's Shirt.—Clever Capture by Officers Marsh and Keron.—The Victim Recovers his Loss.

On Monday morning last, Frank Nevin, employed by Mr. Geo. W. Tice, of Westfield, as coachman, rolled his week's wash in a bundle and took it, together with some clothing of Mr. Tice's, to the house of Mrs. Henry M. Staats, on Spring street, in that Township, to be washed. It was about 8 o'clock Monday evening that he remembered he had left four hundred and fifty dollars, his savings for a long time, rolled up in an oil silk bag in the inside pocket of his cassimere shirt. He immediately went to the residence of the Staats, and asked if they had found anything in the pocket of the shirt which Mrs. Staats held at that time in her hand. She replied she had seen nothing of value about the clothing. Nevin went again on Tuesday morning, and they still denied having seen any package with the clothing. Nevin, on Tuesday evening, placed the matter in charge of officer Marsh, of Westfield, who, in connection with ex-Chief Keron, of Elizabeth, began to make an investigation, and satisfied themselves that the husband of Mrs. Staats, together with Mrs. Staats herself, had the money. Staats came to this city on Tuesday evening and spent considerable money for shoes and groceries; and again on Wednesday morning, and purchased a suit of clothing and a pair of shoes. He then left on the 9:52 a. m. train for Elizabeth. Upon his arrival at Elizabeth, Keron had him arrested and taken to the station house—Staats denying having taken the money, but explaining that his wife had gave him $10 on Tuesday evening, and $20 on Wednesday. Keron immediately came to Westfield, and with officer Marsh, went to the residence of the Staats' and succeeded in recovering $403—Staats having upon his person when arrested, $8.86. Nevin, at the request of the officers, made a complaint before Justice Jaques, of Westfield, against Henry M. Staats, whereupon he was brought from Elizabeth by officer Marsh and held by the Justice to fail in the sum of $300 to answer the complaint at the next session of the grand jury which meets the first Tuesday in October next. In default of bail he was committed to the county jail, to which place he was taken last evening.

Nevin has been in Westfield but a short time, and the money was what he had succeeded in saving out of his hard earned wages of a number of years. The officers succeeded in returning to him $411.86 in cash, a new pair of pants and vest, and a new pair of shoes, to represent his $450. He was very thankful for all this, as naturally he never expected to see any of the money again.

North Plainfield Township Election.

A special election took place in North Plainfield township yesterday on the matter of making an extra appropriation of $1,000 for repairs on the roads and bridges in the township where the same became necessary by reason of the high water a few weeks ago. The greatest damage done to the roads in the township is in the neighborhood of the Notch and it is thought that the whole appropriation can be wisely expended in that locality with nothing to spare. As was expected the vote was unusually light, which is probably accounted for by the fact that the election was not thoroughly advertised. During the hours when the polls were open yesterday an occasional voter would walk up to the polls and after waking up the election officers, three in number, would cast his ballot into the box. Up to noon township residents were as scarce at the polls as new jokes at a minstrel show. By one o'clock, however, the tally sheet footed up a total of three votes—all for money. At 3:30 p. m., this number was increased to seven, and when the hour arrived for closing the polls, the total number of votes cast during the day as taken from the election returns was seventeen, every one of which was for the extra appropriation. The result of the election was announced as "unanimously in favor of money." The total cost of recording the seventeen votes, will be something less than $50.

The Summer Exodus.

It is estimated that several hundred of the residents of this city are away on their Summer recuperating visits to the mountain and sea-shore resorts, and the majority of the sojourners from here are at Asbury Park and along the New Jersey coast. Many of the society people have gone to the mountains, and in the line of social amusements the city is as subdued and quiet as a graveyard at midnight. The croquet and tennis courts are closed for want of patronage, and base ball is practically at a standstill. In the course of a few weeks, however, the cool weather will drive the Summer visitors from the sea-shore and mountains, and then will begin the usual preparations for indoor amusements during the Winter months. A large crop of weddings is also predicted for the Fall and Winter.

Shooting for the Trophies.

The attendance on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club yesterday was large. The occasion was the regular monthly Club shoot, and a special event, the first contest for the Club badge or trophy, known as the "Live Pigeon Trophy," the conditions being that each contestant was to shoot at seven live birds; ties to be shot off; the successful shooter to take the badge; entrance money, $3 each, to go to the Club. In the second contest, the winner of the trophy takes the first money, and surrenders the badge to his successful competitor, and thus continue at each contest, until some one person has won the trophy three times when it becomes his property. There are four trophies offered, two in live bird shooting and two in inanimate target shooting. The shooters are classified. The best shots are compelled to shoot in Class A, and other members of the Club in Class B. Both trophies are similar in appearance, and will be described in these columns later on. None but members are allowed to contest. The following are the scores in both classes yesterday, Mr. W. Creeley carrying off the honors in Class A, and Mr. Lawrence, of Rahway, in Class B:

CLASS A.

Quimby	0	1	0	1	1	1	1—5
Williams	0	1	1	1	2	2	1—6
Manitz	2	1	1	1	2	1	2—7
C. Smith	1	2	0	2	2	1	2—6
Miller	1	1	1	0	1	1	2—6
Lever	2	1	0	2	2	1	2—6
Conover	0	2	1	1	1	2	1—6
Dickens	1	1	0	1	1	1	1—6
Creeley	1	1	1	2	1	1	1—7
Voorhees	1	1	1	1	1	2	1—7
Hughes	2	1	2	1	2	2	1—7

Creely wins first money and medal; Conover and Miller second money; Quimby third.

CLASS B.

Fowler	2	1	0	1	0	2	1—5
Robinson	2	1	1	0	2	1	2—6
Lawrence	1	1	2	1	1	1	1—7
Keller	2	1	2	1	1	1	1—7
Terry	1	1	1	1	1	1	1—7

Lawrence, Keller and Terry divide first money; Lawrence takes medal; Robinson second and Fowler third money.

Figure 2 denotes second barrel.

As will be seen there were five ties on 7. In the shoot off, Mr. Creeley won the trophy in Class A, by killing six straight. He was followed closely by "Pop" Hughes, of Jersey City, who killed five, and lost his sixth because it was decided out of bounds. The others in the 7 hole went out as follows: Manitz, of Orange, 5; Uncle John D. Voorhees, Bound Brook, 1.

In Class B, Mr. Lawrence of Rahway, a new member, won the trophy with seven straight, although he had good company in the persons of Messrs. Keller and Terry. Mr. Lawrence killed four in the shoot-off to Mr. Terry's three. Mr. Keller went out on his first bird, although his shooting in the first seven was fine. Vice President Robinson and "Pop" Fowler divided honors in the second class, as will be noticed, although the latter should have carried home the trophy, if his entire day's score was counted. We understand he shot at 60 birds and only lost three, so it will be seen that he had hard luck in shooting for the trophy, loosing two of his birds in that race. You can't always, sometimes tell, however, and after a few week's practice in his back yard at Roselle, where it is alleged he killed 195 out of 200 clay birds in one day, and hurt his thumb in another encounter at live birds, where it is again alleged that he killed 24 out of 25 with his little 28-inch barrel shot gun, he may some day take home that badge. If he does, he is pledged to give it to his friend Quimby. After and before the special events, there were interesting sweepstake matches. The genial and capable John S. Bishop acted as referee. The contest for the inanimate target trophies will occur the last Saturday of the present month. The next contest for the live pigeon trophy will be the second Wednesday in September. The "scatter-gun" will then be on hand, and Te Kay must look out.

Somerset County Freeholders.

The regular monthly meeting of the Somerset County Board of Chosen Freeholders was held at Somerville on Tuesday last. Director Jones was in the chair and the full Board was present. After the reading of the minutes, the Director made a statement of all the damage done by the late freshet. Reports were also heard from the various townships concerning the damage to bridges, roads, etc. The Board instructed each Freeholder to call his committee together and authorize such re-building and repairing to bridges as they deemed necessary. An application was made to the Board for permission to erect on the public grounds of the county adjoining the jail at Somerville, a building to be used by the Somerset County Historical Society. No action was taken on the application, it being laid over for future consideration. The Board then proceeded to make the annual appropriation, and decided upon $70,000 as such amount. After the auditing of a number of claims, the meeting adjourned.

Meteoric Showers.

Those who are astronomically inclined may expect a rare treat the remainder of this week. Brilliant meteoric showers are predicted for the evenings of August 11, 12 and 13, and if the weather is fair it is said the exhibition will be duly presented. These meteors are known as the "August shower," or as "perseids," because they come from that part of the heavens in which the constellation Perseus is found. They fall day and night for about a week, but are seen only at night.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

SLAUGHTERED.

PEORIA, August 11.—A terrible accident is reported to have occurred at Chatsworth late last night, resulting in the death of many persons. An excursion train of fifteen cars, en route to Niagara Falls, went through a bridge near Chatsworth, Ill., on the Toledo, Peoria and Western road, and nearly a hundred persons were killed. A relief train with twenty-four doctors has gone from here to the scene of the accident. The train left Bloomington, on the Illinois Central, for Niagara Falls, the intention being to use that road as far as Chatsworth, and thence by the Toledo, Peoria and Western. The change was made at Chatsworth, and soon afterwards, as the train neared Piper City, a small town in Ford county, a bridge crossing the Vermillion River gave way, plunging the engine and several cars down an embankment into the stream. The cars caught fire and a fearful panic ensued. On investigation it was found that nearly one hundred excursionists were killed or injured.

NEW MARKET.

Mr. Charles S. and Mrs. George W. Day have returned from Canada.

A man claimed to have been robbed on Saturday afternoon last of $42.50 near the bridge crossing of the Lehigh Valley Railroad on Prospect avenue, but no credit is attached to the story.

Good progress has been made in the repairs and improvements at the District School house, Messrs. Rountree and Pizey are making headway with the new well notwithstanding the trouble with surface water caused by the late heavy rains.

The ex-principal Mrs. Toombs is going to start a private class in Bound Brook. Several of her late scholars I hear are going to join her class, the parents of whom are unwilling to lose the opportunity of their advancement under her guidance.

The watchman employed during the late burglary excitement has put in a claim for the rewards offered to the public. It will be remembered that after the first burglary "$25 reward was offered for information leading to an arrest and conviction; $25 for the detection and discovery of any party committing a similar depredation and $25 for the detention dead or alive of any party caught in the act." Up to the present time no information leading to any arrest for the first robbery has been given, no detection or discovery or detention was made by the watchman or anyone else, and even had such been the case with a party paid for his services to accomplish what the rewards were offered for, he could have no possible claim. The information leading to the arrest of Burke and Runyon upon the charge of breaking into the postoffice was not even derived from the watchman, and bye the bye, how is it, that these parties are held so long, nearly six months without a trial? No matter whether guilty or innocent they are entitled to a constitutional privilege of a *speedy trial* and it is a disgrace to the U. S. Court in Jersey that it has not taken place long ago.

BROAD BRIM.

O. A. F.

The National Council of the Order of American Firemen ended its first annual session at 141 East Eighth street New York, yesterday. A constitution and by-laws for the order was adopted, its general scheme being for the organization of a council in every town where there are volunteer firemen. These local councils send delegates to a State council, and the delegates of the State councils make up the National Council, which is the supreme body of the order. The object of the order is the association of volunteer firemen for the purpose of united action in matters affecting their interests. Life and fire insurance and other features may be added some time. Although its formation was begun only a year ago the order already has over 10,000 members in the United States and Canada.

The New York *Sun* says:—Among the delegates was ex-Chief Thad. Doane of Plainfield, N. J., who couldn't raise his voice enough to cheer the speeches, because his throat has gone back on him ever since one day, when he was up a high ladder, a nozzle broke away and turned the stream of a big steamer squarely into his mouth instead of on to the fire.

—Chief Bishop of the State Labor Bureau, says that the next report of his department, now in course of preparation, will present important statistics concerning strikes.

—The wagon of Mr. T. H. Taylor, loaded with picnickers for Boynton Beach, backed into the hind wheel of Mr. Kissam's carriage, this morning, at the corner of Front street and Park avenue. But little damage was done.

—Patrick Welsh applied for lodgings in the borough lock-up last night. He was accommodated and this morning he abused the officer for providing him with comfortable quarters. He was locked up and is now an inmate of the borough lock-up.

NOTHING GREEN LEFT.

TERRIBLE EFFECT OF DROUGHT IN THE WEST.

Everything Drying Up, Including the Cows. Tales of Suffering and Woe—A Break in Wisconsin.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—The telegraph wires crossing and recrossing the vast area of country that has been parching and blackening for want of rain bring only news of despair. Messages received from all the different sections show the outlook worse than twenty-four hours before. There was word of a slight sprinkle at Des Moines, and faint hopes were entertained for a few drops elsewhere. Later telegrams contain the information that not a particle of the longed-for rain has descended in all the immense stretch of territory. Added to this, the temperature throughout the drought region is rising, and the expectation of slight showers anywhere is gradually being reduced.

The Kankakee swamp and surrounding forests are on fire, and much farm property is being damaged.

Word comes from Elgin that there is every prospect of a milk famine. Pasturage is dead above the ground, and unless there is rain within two weeks the roots will be dried and reseeding will be necessary. Around Elgin nothing green is left except leaves on trees and they are falling. Mr. Peteson of the St. Charles creamery says his daily milk receipts have dropped from 85,000 to 70,000 pounds. Mr. Lake, a leading dairyman of Wasco, says: "The supply of milk is rapidly lessening, and will so continue until rain comes.

Hundreds of farmers in this county have no income except from milk sales. They raise no grain save such as is used in caring for the cows. They sell no butter, but turn everything into milk. A continuation of this drought means want and hunger.

DETROIT, Aug. 11.—Forest fires are raging near Belleville, and many acres of timber have already been destroyed. A gentleman who travelled through the "Thumb" of the lower peninsular says meadow and bush fires are everywhere. Acres of cut grain and miles of fencing have been destroyed. Barns and cattle are reported burned in the interior. At the night the scene is a weird one. Isolated houses stand in the centre of burning fields, and their destruction seems certain. Last week Bad Axe seemed doomed, but a sudden change of wind drove the fire away. The farmers are suffering greatly.

A despatch from Adrain says that a man driving past Charles Culbertson's, near Tecumseh, threw a lighted cigar by the roadside. The grass ignited, and all of Culbertson's farm buildings and stacks, with a number of fences, were burned. Lakes in the western part of the county, which never fluctuate but a few inches, are now lowered two feet by continued evaporation.

The farm of Charles Toney, near Dimondale, was swept by meadow fires, the farm buildings alone being saved after an all night fight by the neighbors. In all 600 acres were burned over, including Toney's orchards, forest, sixty cords of wood and 2,500 fence rails.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 11.—At Milwaukee, Green Bay, and St. Paul, the rain fall was a quarter of an inch. The long drought in this state may be considered broken. Reports from the lumber districts where forest fires were raging are to the effect that the rain has checked the progress of the flames and given relief for the time being. The wind storm which accompanied the rain was very violent and much damage has resulted. In the vicinity of Waupun hay stacks and barns were levelled on all sides. A number of fine new buildings on the farm of John Burabam of Milwakee were completely demolished. Frank Johnson, a farmer, living two miles south of Waupun, was buried under the debris of his barn and killed. At Portage a large number of buildings on the fair grounds were demolished, and the corn crop was almost ruined. A number of bridges in Fond Du Lac county were swept away. At Horicon a number of buildings were unroofed. A panic ensued on Horicon marsh, which was filled with haymakers when the storm came, and tents, wagons and haystacks were sent flying in every direction. Apple and other trees in the path of the storm were stripped of their fruit. The rain has swelled the streams in Eau Claire county, and the prospect of moving the hung-up log drives is good.

An American Murdered in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Vice-Consul Mitchell, at Piedras Negras, Mexico, reports to the state department under date of July 23 that James H. Duval, a citizen of the United States and native of Mobile, who has been residing in Santa Rosa, state of Coahuila, Mexico, for several years, engaged in mining, was murdered July 2. He had started for the Cedral mines, twelve miles distant, with $250 to pay his employes, and when about two miles from the mine was shot through the head. The mule he was riding was found in a canyon with its throat cut. The authorities had arrested several persons on suspicion and were trying to discover the murderer.

Gallantly Rescued.

BEDFORD, Aug. 11.—While a switch engine was running a mile from town, the engineer discovered a babe on the track just ahead. Neither brake nor reversed lever could stop the engine, and all on board closed their eyes and turned their heads save the brakeman, John Wilder, who crept down to the pilot and snatched the little one from the track. It was a child of John Stotts, who lives hard by.

Great Oarsmen at Cottage City.

COTTAGE CITY, Mass., Aug. 11.—Arrangements have been made for a race for $300 a side between Ross, Hosmer and McKay, to be rowed on rowing tricycles at Casino August 17. Bubear, the English champion, will probably take part. Efforts are being made to secure a scull race between these four.

Missing Since Friday Night.

CHICAGO, Aug. 1 .—Frank R. Fuller, son of O. F. Fuller, of the Fuller & Fuller Co., wholesale druggists, this city, left home last Wednesday, saying he was going to Geneva lake. After Friday all trace of him was lost.

Locusts in Northwest Territory.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 11.—The Rocky mountain locust has made its appearance in large numbers in the Beaver river settlement, forty miles from Saskatoon, Northwest territory, and has eaten up the crops.

Pleuro-pneumonia in Indiana.

ELKHART, Ind., Aug. 11.—A disease supposed to be pleuro pneumonia is killing cattle hereabouts, and the State authorities have been telegraphed.

CRUSHED BY A MILLION BRICKS

Three Firemen Killed at a Fire at St. Louis—The Injured.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 11.—A fearful conflagration visited the city and was fraught with terrible disaster. The walls of the ruins of Bishop & Spear's peanut warehouse, Nos. 510 and 512 North Second street, fell and carried with them a portion of J. Alkires & Co.'s wholesale grocery house. In the ruins were buried a number of firemen two of whom were taken out dead. Another is buried beneath the debris and is in all probability dead. A spectator is dying at the city hospital, and several firemen are at their homes or at the engine house suffering from severe injuries.

A number of firemen were engaged around truck No. 6 raising ladders to get water on the smouldering peanuts, when all at once the east and west walls of Bishop & Spears wavered and crashed. Then down came the north wall, and with it a portion of Alkires' south wall, tearing out Alkires' south side right in the middle. As the middle and north walls came down the front of the peanut warehouse fell out, and the extra pressure from the side walls forced the debris out into the street. There was a great cloud of dust and smoke from the burning peanuts. In the crash the firemen went down without a cry, so quick was the collapse. When the first shock was over it was found that all the firemen had got off except McKernan and McDonald, Hoell, Feldt, Mat Defore and William Zimmerman. In a few seconds McKernan and McDonald were taken out dead, the life crushed out of them by the falling walls. The dead are Barney McKernan, Frank McDonald and Chris Hoell. The injured are James O'Brien, fatally; Jacob Feldtman, severely; William Zimmerman, severely; Mat Defore, slightly.

Roughing It.

NEWARK, Aug. 11.—It was reported to Capt. Glori that a young man and woman had been living in the bushes at the edge of the woods on Nineteenth street for several weeks, subsisting on whatever they could find, and that the woman was about to become a mother. An ambulance with Sergeant Klein and Officer Dey was sent to the place, and a young girl was found picking berries, while near her sat a young man endeavoring to sew his companion's shoe with a piece of twine. Both were illy clad. The woman said that she and her companion were man and wife, and that they had lived in the woods for some weeks, sleeping in the bushes at night and subsisting on berries. They are not tramps, but Irish immigrants.

Baseball Player Fields's Injury.

NEWARK, Aug. 11.—Baseball Player Fields, of the Newark nine, who was knocked insensible by a blow on the ear from a pitched ball in the game with the Jersey City club, had to be quieted with cocaine last night, and it is thought he will be unable to play for some time.

Widow Tremper in Trouble.

NYACK, Aug. 11.—Mrs. Mary Tremper, a well-known widow living in the village of Rockland lake, has been arrested on the charge of infanticide.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The majority against prohibition in Texas is nearly 90,000.

Mrs. Cleveland's face is said to have become charmingly sunburned.

A Pennsylvania syndicate purchased 16,000 acres of West Virginia iron land on speculation.

Frederick Hoyt will be executed by shooting at Salt Lake City for the murder of John F. Turner.

"Commodore" Henry Hastings, the last of Boston's great shipowners, has just died aged 69 years.

Gov. Bartlett of California is seriously ill with Bright's disease. Fears are entertained that he will not recover.

While the grand army is at St. Louis in September an excursion will be made to the tomb of Lincoln, at Springfield, Ill.

The Georgia rice crop has been almost entirely destroyed by floods. More than half the streets in Augusta are under water.

Burt Sawyer, the prodigal son of one of Chicago's best families, after squandering his fortune, has been arrested for stealing a $500 sealskin sacque.

The receiver of registers at Aderno, Sicily, and his family have fallen victims to their devotion to cholera patients. Of the whole family only one little child survives.

The scarcity of farm hands in the wheat belt of northern Minnesota and Dakota has become alarming, and farmers are offering exorbitant wages to save their abundant crops.

Charles Williams, confined in jail in Logan county, West Virginia, for the murder of James Aldridge, surveyor of the county, a few days ago, was hanged to a tree by the citizens.

President Cleveland has been formally invited to visit Omaha on his western trip. Proper resolutions of the city council and board of trade, and a letter from the mayor formed the invitation, which was sent by mail.

It appears that Mrs. Langtry is not the first foreign lady to apply for American citizenship. Mrs. Emma M. Poe, of Taunton, Somersetshire, England, acquired citizenship in March, 1847, and several other cases are on record since that date.

On Feb. 15 Mayor Neely of Leavenworth, Kan., threw out the first spadeful of dirt for the shaft of the Riverside coal mine, which has now reached a depth of 600 feet. An eight inch vein was discovered, from which has been taken fine looking bituminous coal.

A duel was fought in Mexico recently in which the weapons were tarantulas. Instead of trying to slay each other the contestants were locked in a room with 100 of the spiders and neither was to leave until all of them were killed. When the doors were opened both men were dead.

The Odd Fellows of Marion, Ind., have sued the board of trade of Findley, O., for the $750 which was offered as a prize for the best drilled company of Odd Fellows on the occasion of the natural gas celebration. The prize was guaranteed by the board of trade and has never been paid.

The English government has requested of M. Flourens, minister of foreign affairs, that France name a date for the evacuation by France of the New Hebrides, and that M. Flourens in reply declined to do so until France shall be informed of the nature of England's policy in regard to Egypt and as to the neutralization of the Suez canal.

As a construction train with a crew of twenty-five men was approaching Duff's station on the Louisville, Evansville and St. Louis air line last night a cow attempted to cross the track. The engine struck the animal with such force that the entire train was thrown from the track. Nine of the men sustained serious injuries. Five of them cannot recover.

Lord and Lady Herschell have arrived at Newport, R. I. Lord Herschell was lord chancellor of England during the last Gladstone administration, and is now chairman of the committee on silver recently appointed by the house of commons to investigate the causes of the continued depreciation of that metal. After a weeks' visit he will go to Montreal, and thence to San Francisco, where he will investigate the production of silver. He will return to England in October.

ROCKED BY THE SEA.

The Somewhat Discouraging Experience of an Amateur Navigator.

The Boston *Transcriot* tells the story of an official of that city who felt a desire to become a yachtman so strong that it was only satisfied by the purchase of a small catboat. "On the very first Sunday after his purchase he took his catboat and started off all alone down the harbor. Near one of the little islands he took it into his head to go ashore and explore the place; but as he was a little doubtful about his ability to land there from the catboat, he set about tying up to a buoy some distance from shore, intending to go ashore in his small boat, which he was towing. He got out upon the buoy with the painter in his hand. Suddenly the sail filled, the boom swung about, and the catboat sailed away with a rush, snatching the painter out of his hand and leaving him alone on the buoy. There he remained what seemed an incredible time, embracing the buoy madly with both arms and balancing from side to side as the freshening wind rocked the buoy, and shouting vainly for help. The water began to dash over him from head to foot, and his case was becoming desperate, when the police boat, going down the harbor, happened to see a catboat with a small boat in tow, cruising about without a crew. This incident led to a search, and presently the city official's yell was heard in the distance. He was rescued, rather more dead than alive."

Ben: Perley Poore's Hay.

Major Ben: Perley Poore never made any money off of his fine Indian Hill farm, Massachusetts, although under shrewd management it would have returned him a good income. A thrifty Bostonian is quoted in the Philadelphia *Record* as saying: "Several years ago the Major cut two hundred tons of hay off it. Hay was worth twenty-two dollars a ton then. But, by George, the Major didn't sell a pound of it! Not a pound! He just fed it to those old white cattle of his that he kept just because they didn't have a black hair on their hides. They all died on his hands. He never thought of selling or killing them. And then his latch-string was always out. How could he save money?"

Knew He Would Die Next Morning.

Harry Reese, an old colored man, died on the place of J. W. Clopton, in Sumter County, Ga., a few days ago at the advanced aged of 108 years. He was very interesting in his stories of the war of 1812, having accompanied his young master. He told his son after eating a hearty supper: "Dat is my last meal. I'se gwine ter die ter night." "Pshaw!" said his son; "you're in good health and will live years yet." "Yes," said the old man, "I'se got good health, but ole Harry'll answer de roll-call in heaben in de mawnin'. Good-bye," and kissing his son he went to sleep. He was found dead the next morning.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE, FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1887.

Allison, Esther Miss	Ingram, Robbie Miss
Bosworth, Carrie W	Jenkins, M H Miss
Boyd, A Miss	Lewis, Sadie Miss
Clark, Charles	Miller, C E Mrs
Case, Hattie Miss	Pettibone & Co
Carmer, Henry C	Ruffen, H D
Chapman, M F Mrs	Stillinay, Carrie E Miss
Cadmus, Freeman Mrs	Stuart, Mrs R
Field, I Dr	Sellner, Josefa Miss
Gerry, Emma Miss	Stone W S Mrs
Hansen, George V	Sanders, Kate Miss
Hufford, Grace Miss	Topsom, Mary Miss
Irby, Rebecca Miss	Uelger, Maggie Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

LOST—A CARRIAGE AXLE NUT, WITH THE name H. H. Babcock Co., engraved thereon. WALTER SCOTT & CO. 8-11-d1

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES OF SMALL store, doing good business. Address GROCERY, P.O. Box 1,081. 8-9-d3-eod

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

BUGGIES, PHAETONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS, Depot Wagons, at moderate prices, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

50,000 CELERY PLANTS, HENDERSON'S HALF dwarf and white plume; also late cabbage and greenhouse plants in variety at DENTON'S, Hillside avenue. 7-11-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.,

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS ..... 25C.

8-8

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Nothing has ever equaled the Low Prices

WHITE GOODS

Are Now Offered

AT PECK'S!

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

NEGROES IN POLITICS

THEIR POSITION DISCUSSED BY COLORED EDITORS.

Relations to the Two Great Parties—Their Aimes Misunderstood—Diversity of Opinions.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 11.—The National colored press association resumed its session. The discussions brought about a division as to which party the colored men should support. The Rev. Allan Allensworth of Louisville said the white men did not understand the negro's position. The trouble was that when the negroes asked for legal rights the majority of the people seemed to think that they were asking for social privileges. The negroes should, in a measure, be separate from existing parties and teach them what the colored man's rights should be. White men and colored men should cultivate more friendly relations. We should teach the white men that the day will come again when the negro's aid will be needed as it was in the past. If it had not been for the part the colored man played the Union would not have been saved.

Mr. Alexander Clark, of Chicago, said he was a republican, but colored people should not fight any party or creed, but labor to benefit themselves. Negroes would be a mere cipher as an independent party. They should adhere to the republican party. If they did not like to do this they should be ruled out. The republicans were going to take possession of things again. They had merely split over Jim Blaine and spoils. It was their theft and dishonesty that divided them the last time. He continued:

The mugwumps can't amount to much, as they form a company of sorehead reformers. There never was a reform party that was not a fraud. The negro who deserts the republican party is a traitor to the living and the dead, and it is a wonder that the ghosts of the departed statesmen who founded the party do not come forth and confront him.

Mr. D. A. Rudd, of the *Catholic Tribune* said the negro owed no undying allegiance to any party. For every service that the republicans had done them they had done two in return. Negroes should be part and parcel of no political party that was not part and parcel of them. He was unwilling to wear any coat that was cut and put on him without his leave.

Prof. P. H. Murray of the St. Louis *Advance* said that as long as negroes were regarded as the political enemey of any party, just so long would they have that party to fight and oppose their interests. The negro is not in a position to dictate to any political party. He severely criticised the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, which advocated the unloading of the colored men into the democratic party. Colored men should support the party which is best at the present time, not the one that was best in the past. He added:

As far as Mr. Blaine is concerned, he seems anxious to read negroes out of the party and to fill up the gap with Irish votes. Mr. Sherman went to Nashville and made a speech in which he tried to coax some ex-Confederates into the party. He made another at Springfield, in which he wanted to read them all out of the party. As far as I am concerned I am tired of the negro being a bone of contention between the two parties, and this should be read out of politics as an issue.

The resolutions adopted included these:

We denounce the acts of the legislatures of Indiana, Virginia, Tennessee and other states making inter-marriages of the colored race with other nationalities a penal offence, especially while crimes committed against colored women by white men are overlooked as an unfortunate condition over which the law and public sentiment have no control.

The act recently passed by the Georgia legislature making it a felony, punishable by fine and imprisonment, for any person to teach a colored child in a white school, is the work of unreasonable and unprincipled men, who are a disgrace to the position they hold and to our common country. Such legislation is destructive to the nation's strength in rebellion or in case of war with foreign nations.

We deem it impracticable to attempt a national organization of colored people to work politically, but rather favor the commencement of local organizations adapted to the peculiar circumstances of places and people.

We recommend the establishment of a national bureau of information to ascertain the extent and nature of lawlessness and mob violence against colored men, and adopt means for the betterment of the present unfortunate state of affairs.

The association adjourned, after a banquet, to meet in Nashville in August next year.

CHICAGO TURNS THE TABLES.

Philadelphia, New York and Boston Defeated—Yesterday's Games.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—The champions turned the table on the visiting Philadelphias yesterday, winning by a score of 14 to 8. Chicago made 17 hits and 8 errors; Philadelphia, 6 hits 9 errors.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 11.—The New Yorks came here with the avowed intention of winning three straight games, but they were defeated handsomely yesterday, outplayed in every particular. Indianapolis won by better batting, fielding and pitching. Summary: Indianapolis 10 runs, 4 earned; 15 hits, 3 errors; pitcher Leitner. New York, 7 runs, 8 hits, 5 errors; pitcher, George.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 11.—Boston was again defeated by a score of 7 to 2. Pittsburg, 17 hits, 3 errors; pitcher, McCormick. Boston, 9 hits, 1 error; pitcher, Conway.

DETROIT, Aug. 11.—Washington succeeded in doing up the home team 9 to 4, with 13 hits and 2 errors. Detroit made 9 hits and 3 errors.

SUMMARY OF OTHER GAMES.

American association—Brooklyn 13, Athletic 10; Baltimore 6, Metropolitan 5; St. Louis 12, Cleveland 4; Louisville 5, Cincinnati 4.

International league — Hamilton 9, Wilkesbarre 6; Toronto 13, Scranton 3; Syracuse 7, Buffalo 6; Jersey City 16, Rochester 14.

A Prominent Breeder Dying.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 11.—The condition of Major Barak G. Thomas was much worse at noon. As owner of the Dixiana stock farm he was already well known all over the country. He imported the young English stallion King Ban and had such success with that horse as to almost weep at his untimely death this spring. King Fox, generally regarded as second best to Tremont last year, was bred by Mr. Thomas, as was also Ban Fox, who, as a two-year-old, sold for $17,500. The Major also owned at different times Alarm, Himyar, Fellowcraft and other famous horses.

Boston's Property Values.

BOSTON, Aug. 11.—The principal assessors of Boston have completed their work, and have submitted their report. The rate shows an increase of 70 cents, being $13.40 on $1,000. There has been a gain of real estate in every ward last year. The total gain in real and personal property is $37,000,000, against $25,000,000 in 1886. The total valuation is: Real estate, $547,170,300, personal property, $200,454,600.

THE SULTAN RELENTS

HE NO LONGER OBJECTS TO PRINCE FERDINAND.

Prussia Now the Only Obstacle in the Way.

News and Gossip from England and the Continent.

VIENNA, Aug. 11.—The *Fremdenblatt*, referring to the departure of Prince Ferdinand of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha for Bulgaria, emphasizes the fact that his departure was not in any way due to any encouragement he received from the powers or to the sanction of the porte. Prince Ferdinand's action, the paper says, does not accord with the treaty of Berlin, and is merely an enterprise of a Bulgarian adventurer.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 11.—It is semi officially stated that, owing to the recent change in affairs in Bulgaria, the porte will abandon its idea of sending a circular to the powers on the subject. If Prince Ferdinand assumes to rule Bulgaria the porte, however, will expect the powers to withhold their cognizance of his ascension of the throne until the Turkish government recognizes his presence there.

SALISBURY'S INTIMATIONS.

He Hints that the Government Will Proclaim the League.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—On the occasion of the lord mayor's banquet to the cabinet ministers at the Mansion house Lord Salisbury said the government had done everything possible to give effect to the country's mandate to preserve the unity of the empire. Extra powers had been placed at the command of the government, and the country had a right to complain if they were not used discreetly, and at the same time firmly.

This utterance is believed to signify that the government will proclaim the league.

Regarding Egypt, Lord Salisbury said that England must see real security for that country—that it was free from sedition, and safe from external attack—before taking her departure.

Amendments To Be Rejected.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—A number of peers have threatened to vote for the rejection of the house of commons amendments to the land bill, especially those to the clause providing for revision of judicial rents, and have warned the government that they will not deal with the question of arrears. The attitude of those peers completely upsets the cabinet's plan of further amending the bill to satisfy the demands of the Parnellites. The Gladstonian members have notified members now in the country to return at once if the house of lords mutilate the bill, and the Parnellite members have been summond to return to their seats in full force.

Thousands Watch a Burning Forest.

BERLIN, Aug. 11.—A tremendous forest fire is raging in the Hertogenwald, and in spite of the efforts of the soldiers to check it by felling trees, digging ditches, etc., the flames are steadily spreading. Thousands of spectators from Berlin, Brussels, Cologne and other places are witnessing the sight.

The Crown Prince in Scotland.

EDINBURG, Aug. 11.—Crown Prince Frederick William is in the city. His health is excellent and his time fully occupied by sight-seeing. Before the prince left London Doctor Mackenzie applied electricity to his throat and removed the last traces of the troublesome growth.

Boulanger Courting Russia's Friendship

PARIS, Aug. 11.—The *Soir* reports that Baron Mohrenheim, Russian embassador to France, has informed M. Flourens that General Boulanger wrote a letter asking a visit from Mohrenheim, and expressing pleasure at having Mohrenheim as a neighbor.

Victory for the Chicago Wheelmen.

LONDON, Aug. 11.—In the bicycle races at Grimsby, Temple beat Lees in a quarter of a mile spin by five yards, covering the distance in 40 2-5 seconds. He also made a mile and ten yards in 3 minutes 11 seconds.

A DISASTER AT NANTICOKE.

A Father and Son Killed at the same Moment in a Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 11.—In the Grand Tunnel mine of the Susquehanna coal company at Nanticoke, L. Davenport, a lad of 15 years old, a door tender, was struck by a loaded car in a dark gangway and literally cut to pieces, the fragments of his body being gathered up subsequently, placed in a shoe box, and taken to his home.

There was scarcely a vestige of his head left, it being mangled to a jelly, while other portions of his body were distributed along the track.

At the very moment young Davenport was run over, his father, Samuel Davenport, at work in a chamber about 400 yards away, was crushed by a fall of top coal, and so horribly mangled that he lived but a little while.

Checking Admiral Luce's Indiscretion.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—The fact that Admiral Luce is to sail from Canadian waters for Bar Harbor to-day has attracted more attention elsewhere than at the Navy Department. It is the understanding at the department that he has received orders to repair at once to Bar Harbor, where he will meet the secretary of the navy and be able to come to a better understanding than he seems at present to have as to the policy of the government, or where he can at least be instructed to talk less about what he believes to be impending between the two governments.

Killed on the Rail Near Hudson.

HUDSON, Aug. 11.—The bodies of unknown men were found on the Hudson river road near this place. The bodies were horribly mutilated and hardly recognizable as human beings. A search of their clothing, or of what was left of it, was made, and upon the body of the elder was found a silver watch and chain, and a small purse in which were three letters. They were signed Ellen C. Higgins, Manchester-by-the-sea. They had been run over by a passing train.

Iron Importation Increasing.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 11.—The *Iron and Steel Bulletin* says the imports of iron and steel during the fiscal year ending June 30 were greater than ever before. They were 100,000 tons greater than in 1885 and 1886 combined. The *Bulletin* sees no indication of a cessation of importation, much as it regrets the fact.

Candy Works Burned.

WILMINGTON, Del., Aug. 11.—The candy works of the James Barkley & Brothers' company were burned with $30,000 loss.

BLOODSHED PREDICTED.

An Arkansas County Agitated Over Attempts to Collect an Old War Scrip.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 11.—A gentleman who reached this place from Sevier county says intense excitement prevails among the people, arising from the attempts made by the holders of county scrip issued in 1864 to enforce collection. It is claimed that this scrip has been satisfied and that payment will be resisted with violence if necessary. Attorney-General Jones was recently burned in effigy because he was an attorney for a party who held a portion of the scrip. He has lately withdrawn from the case. A great indignation meeting was held Saturday last at Lockesburg in which a majority of the taxpayers of the county took part. The following was adopted:

Whereas, There is an effort being made, headed by Dan W. Jones, attorney-general, as attorney in the case of Gen. F. Locke, Henry C. Pride and others, to fasten upon the county of Sevier a debt of more than $425,000, based upon scrip issued for dependent families of Confederate soldiers during the late war, known as "war scrip;" and

Whereas, The great bulk of this outstanding scrip, amounting to $65,000 principal and about $46,000 interest, aggregating $110,000, is held by Henry C. Pride, or other parties for him, who, as sheriff and collector of taxes during the war, collected the taxes for the year 1864, whose receipt for the tax books shows the county tax for 1864 to have been $118,000; and

Whereas, The scrip now held as aforesaid and sought to be saddled upon the county, as we verily believe, is the same collected by the said Pride for the taxes of 1864; therefore

Resolved, That in the effort to fasten upon Sevier county a debt for "war scrip" we recognize one of the most diabolical, gigantic and unscrupulous pieces of fraud and villainous rascality ever attempted on unsuspicious and already oppressed people.

The resolution was signed by the leading citizens. It is said parties in Chicago and elsewhere are interested in the case, having purchased the scrip years ago. Bloodshed is predicted before the matter is settled.

Union Labor Party Convention.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 11.—The union labor party began its first convention at Kolb's hall, this city. It is called the union labor party because it does not believe in the doctrines and propaganda of the united labor party, which is controlled by Henry George, Dr. McGlynn and John B. McMackin The tenets of the union labor party apply to the country; those of the united labor party to the city. Its principal antipathies are democrats, republicans and George-McGlynn men. There only 74 delegates present and some of them had to serve on four committees to fill out. The day was spent in organizing and condemning pretty near everything now existing. They will continue to amuse themselves to-day.

To Examine the Monocacy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—On July 20 the bureau of construction and repair recommended that the United States ship Monocacy be taken into the dry dock and her bottom carefully examined, and in the event of its condition being favorable that a contract be entered into to repair the vessel at a total cost not to exceed $25,000. Secretary Whitney indorses the recommendation and the examination will be made.

Agnes Herndoo Has an Accident.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—While Miss Agnes Herndon, the well-known actress, was going down Michigan avenue last evening her carriage collided with a hose cart and Miss Herndon was thrown violently to the ground. Her wrist was sprained and she received several bruises. She will be confined to the house several days.

The Boys Buy Cigarettes at Poughkeepsie.

HIGHLAND, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Storekeepers here have resolved not to sell cigarettes to boys, the smoking of which was ruining many promising lads. What cigarettes youngsters now puff are obtained across the Hudson river in Poughkeepsie.

Veterans of the Tenth Legion.

MONTICELLO, N. Y., Aug. 11.—Arrangements are nearly completed for a reunion of the veterans of the war who served in the Tenth legion. The muster will be held at Livingstone Manor, Sullivan county.

Sporting Gossip.

Hanover's next race will be for the United States hotel stakes on Thursday.

The stallion Norwood Chief, valued at $10,000, owned by Willis, of Paterson, N. J., dropped dead yesterday.

Ed Lange and Harry Young, of the Manhattan athletic club, are doing splendid work since their return from abroad.

Mr. J. Kroger won the North Side Gun club championship badge at Woodside, Long Island, yesterday, killing ten birds straight.

The sculling regatta at Peake's Island Thursday promises to be one of the most interesting aquatic events that was ever held at that resort.

At Grimsby, England, Temple, of Chicago, beat Lees of Leicester in a half mile bicycle race by four lengths, Temple also won a mile handicap race.

The Hanlan-Teemer race, which takes place next Saturday at Toronto, will attract thousands to that place, as it will be the first race that Hanlan has rowed there since he met and defeated Fred Plaisted in a two-mile race several years ago.

Articles of agreement have been signed by Jimmy Burns, of Rochester, and Jack Hitchen, of Cincinnati, to fight to a finish with skin gloves by August 20, for $250 per side and the gate receipts. The fight is to take place within fifty miles of Toledo. Both are heavy weights of no reputation.

Carter, of the New York Athletic club met Coad at Stamford Bridge, England, in a four mile running race, Tuesday. Carter, who was the favorite, led at the end of every mile. Coad was winded before he finished the third mile. Carter finished strong in 20 minutes 10:4-5 seconds.

The Delaware boat club, of Chicago, has sent a challenge to the Metropolitan boat club, of New York, for another race between the double scull crews, as the Delawares are dissatisfied with the recent contest at Chautauqua lake. They desire a race at Pullman, and if that course is selected agree to pay the expenses of the Metropolitans.

The Lenox club will hold sixth annual picnic and athletic games at Empire City Colosseum on Saturday, September 10. There will be a 100-yard run, one-quarter and one-half mile runs, all three handicaps, open to all amateurs. There will also be several events open to members only. Many crack amateur athletes are connected with the Lenox.

Referring to Teemer's challenge, Hanlan says: "Any challenges for the championship hereafter will have to be rowed off on Toronto Bay. I have not rowed a race at home since 1877. If Teemor wants to row for from $1,000 to $5,000 in three weeks' time, or any other man, let him send along his challenge. I start for Australia August 15, and will beat Beach for the world's championship, sure. The first mile and a half of Saturday's race was in 9m. 28s., the fastest time ever rowed. I paddled back easily, and watched Gaudaur, who never lost the buoy or course either until he was beaten." Hanlan never lacked presumption, or, in other words, "gall."

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Office of Hillside Cemetery.
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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-28-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5-16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.29, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.53, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 2.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 3.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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J. W. VANSICKLE,
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etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

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Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

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PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
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HE MEANT TO KILL THEM ALL.

A Murderer's Plans Miscarry and Only Himself and Wife are Dead.

HOMER, Mich., Aug. 11.—Last week George Burton killed his wife, shot his mother-in-law, Mrs. Hatch, slightly, and put a bullet in his own brain. The tragedy resulted from domestic infelicity and cruelty on the part of Burton, which had led his wife to seek a divorce. The murderer's effects were examined and a letter discovered which shows that the murder was premediated and that the desperate man had intended more wholesale slaughter than he accomplished.

The letter recites that, notwithstanding the troubles constantly occurring in his family, he loved his wife and that he could not endure the thought of separation from her. He had devised a plan to get Mr. and Mrs. Hatch and their two unmarried daughters—to whom he charged all his troubles—into his house, having fully prepared himself to kill them all. Then his attention was to be given to his wife and his young children. "These," he wrote, "I will kill in love, not anger." These finished, the bodies of the Hatches were to be carried to the stable and the building fired. Then the murderer was to return to the house in a respectable manner, lay himself beside them and blow his own brains out. The plan miscarried by reason of Burton's wife leaving him suddenly and his anger getting the best of him when he found her in the house packing up her clothing preparatory to a permanent removal.

Which Has Grover's Confidence?

MARION, Mass., Aug. 11.—The people here are wondering who knows the most about President Cleveland's movements, Mrs. Cleveland or Dan Lamont. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Cleveland was overheard to tell Mr. Nickerson that she expected Mr. Cleveland would visit Marion, and remain with her during the last five days of her stay here. In direct contradiction comes the telegram from Col. Lamont to the public at large that the president has no thought of visiting Massachusetts at present. But the people of this little place are pinning their faith on Mrs. Cleveland's influence over her husband, and are already planning for a cordial reception to the president when he does come. This morning Mrs. Cleveland took her customary dip in the bay, and then enjoyed a long ride with her mother.

The Postmaster-General's Vacation.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.—Postmaster-General Vilas started this morning for his home in Madison, Wis., where he will spend his vacation. He will be absent about eight weeks. Gen. Vilas will arrange details of the president's western trip in October next. He will also work on his annual report. Judge Bryant, assistant attorney-general for the post office department, will join Gen. Vilas the latter part of this month, when the two gentlemen will make a fishing trip to northern Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Mexico's Wiggins Files for His Life.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 11.—The day passed without the occurrence of the earthquake predicted by Senor Zuniga. At 10 a. m., the time set for the catastrophe, the churches were thronged with nervous worshippers. A large crowd sought safety in the Alameda. Zuniga has disappeared, fearing rough treatment. Some young bloods threatened to thrash him. He has still many adherents among the superstitious, who buy his pamphlets and read his dismal vaticinations with avidity.

He Gave His Life for Another.

CHICAGO, Aug. 11.—Willie Gainey and Louis Smith, 10-year-olds, went to gather chips yesterday, and when on the edge of Burlington slip Louis lost his footing and fell into the dirty water. On his coming to the surface Willie jumped in and caught him by the collar, but the drowning boy fatigued his rescuer, and on reaching the edge of the slip Willie sank and was drowned. Smith, in the meantime, scrambling upon the logs.

Ross, Hosmer and McKay to Race.

COTTAGE CITY, Mass., Aug 11.—Arrangements have been definitely made for a race for $300 a side between Ross, Hosmer and McKay to be rowed on rowing tricycles at the Casino on Wednesday, Aug. 17. Bubear, the English champion, will probably take part in the race. Efforts are being made to arrange a scull race as well between these four noted oarsmen while they are here.

Chattanooga Wants the G. A. R.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 11.—A mass meeting of citizens was held here to take action in reference to inviting the national encampment of the G. A. R. to meet in Chattanooga in 1888. A big delegation will be sent to St. Louis Sept. 26 to press the claims of this city.

A $85,000 Fire in Salt Lake.

SALT LAKE, Aug. 11.—Fire here yesterday damaged G. M. Scott's hardware store, Remington & Johnson's grocery, and Johnson & Park's jewelry store to the extent of $85,000.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 11, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Slightly warmer, fair weather, southerly winds.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 10.—Money on Call at 4½ per cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s, 1891, reg.	109½	109½
4½s, 1891, con.	110¾	110¾
4s, 1907, reg.	128¾	128¾
4s, 1907, con.	128¾	128¾

STOCK MARKET.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56	56
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	141	141¾
Central Pacific	37	37¼
Del. & Hudson	101¾	101¾
Del. Lack. & W.	130¾	130¾
Erie	30¾	31¼
Erie pref.	68¾	69¼
Lake Shore	93¾	94
Louis. & Nash.	61¾	61¾
Michigan Central	85	86
Missouri Pacific	98¾	99
N. Y. & New Eng.	44¾	44¾
N. J. Central	74¾	75
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.	108¾	108½
Northwestern	114	114¾
Oregon Navigation	94¾	95
Pacific Mail	40	40
Reading	55¼	— —
Rock Island	127	126
St. Paul	81¾	81¾
Union Pacific	55¾	55¾
West. Union Tel.	74¾	74¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79¾	80¾	81¾
Corn	49¾	50¾	51¾
Oats	31¾	31¾	32¾

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm Creamery—Eastern 23a25c.; Western 22a24c.; Dairy—Imitation, 16a18c.; Western, half-firkin tubs, 15a21c.; Western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15c.; low grades, 7a8c.

Cheese dull; 10¼a10¾, 6a8.

Eggs quiet but steady; 15a16, 14a15.

DAINTY, BU. DANGEROUS.

Her enchanting little boot
From beneath her jaunty suit
Ventured out.
That she knew its witching charm,
Without meaning any harm,
Who could doubt?

Just a single little glance
Filled my life with wild romance—
I was caught!
Sparkling eyes and soft brown hair,
Hers was just the beauty rare
I had sought.

So I wooed the charming maid,
First enchanted, as I said,
By her boot.
Now, alas! I'm well aware
Boots and tempers seldom are
Built to suit.

For our friendship ripened fast,
And, before a year was past,
We were wed.
Now both boots and other things
Recklessly she often slings
At my head!

—*Somerville Journal.*

BLITZER'S PUNISHMENT.

How the Good Dutch Settlers of Austerblatz Executed a Criminal.

The murder of Dirck Putzel was the first tragedy in the history of Austerblatz.

The village was a little Dutch colony on the extreme western frontier of Texas, remote from other settlements, and without railway, or even postal facilities.

For five years the honest Dutchmen of Austerblatz had lived in their new home in the wilderness without having the agreeable monotony of their existence disturbed by a single unpleasant event.

Dirck Putzes death shocked and paralyzed the entire community. The circumstances attending the crime invested it with additional interest. Putzel had surreptitiously helped himself to half a keg of beer belonging to one Blitzer, and had then filled up the keg with water. When the owner of the beer found out how he had been treated his wrath overmastered him and he slew the offender on sight.

In their simplicity and good fellowship the villagers had never thought of organizing anything like a town government. They had no court, no machinery of justice. Under the circumstances they were at their wits' end. What was to be done with Blitzer?

Several days were allowed to pass without taking any steps in the case. Blitzer went about his work as usual, and kept his mouth shut. He knew that he was suspected, but no one had seen him commit the bloody deed. He was not given to talking much, and he saw no reason why he should go gadding about telling people that he had killed a man.

"We must try him by lynch law," said Hans Muller, one day to a group of villagers.

Now Muller was supposed to know all about American customs. He had spent some time at Fort Worth and El Paso, and his fellowtownmen looked up to him as a man of superior knowledge.

So, when Muller came out in favor of lynch law, the others chimed in with him, but there was a general call for an explanation of the method to be pursued.

"It is very simple," said Muller. "We organize ourselves into a meeting. Then we send for Blitzer and tell him the charge against him. If he says he is guilty we appoint a committee to go out and hang him."

"But suppose he says he is not guilty?" suggested one of the crowd.

"O, that ends it, of course," was the reply.

"Blitzer might object to the whole business," said another.

"Well," answered Muller, thoughtfully, "that would be very unneighborly on his part, but we could not go ahead, you know, unless it was satisfactory to him."

With this understanding of the principles and workings of the American system of lynch law the good people of Austerblatz all declared that they saw nothing objectionable in it, and it was agreed that Blitzer's case should be disposed of at once.

Naturally Hans Muller was selected to preside over the meeting. He had introduced lynch law and explained it. It was proper that he should manage the affair.

When every thing had been explained to the criminal, Muller put an awful question:

"Guilty or not guilty?"

"Not guilty!"

The answer created a sensation, but there was no outburst of indignation. The general feeling was one of disgust and disappointment.

Muller, however, was equal to the emergency. Fixing his eyes sternly upon Blitzer, he said:

"If your answer is final it disposes of the case. But I warn you now that it will not be believed. Your friends and neighbors will always look upon you as a man who shielded himself behind a falsehood. Now, what say you, Blitzer, guilty or not guilty?"

"After consideration," was the calm reply, "I feel it is my duty to answer guilty."

"Spoken like a true Austerblatzer," said Muller. "The sentence of the court is that you be taken to Eagle Bluff and hanged by the neck until you are dead. Will you fix the date, Blitzer?"

"Any time," replied the doomed man, as he picked up a shingle and began whittling it. "Any time will do, and as this seems to be a general holiday, why not now?"

"The sentence is satisfactory, is it?"

"Oh, perfectly. What suits my friends and neighbors suits me!"

Van Dooter, Zoller and Goos were then appointed a committee to take the condemned to Eagle Bluff and execute him.

Every body crowded around Blitzer and shook hands with him. They patted him on the back, and told him that he was a fine fellow, and would carry with him the good wishes of all.

The committee with the prisoner called at Muller's house, where they were regaled with a substantial lunch and several glasses of beer. Then they started in a wagon for Eagle Bluff, followed by the enthusiastic cheers of the Austerblatzers.

When they were about half way to their destination, Goos remarked that it did not look fair and right for three men to have a hand in hanging a neighbor, when one man would do the job just as well. Why not draw lots to see who should be hangman? The suggestion was adopted at once, and the lot fell to Van Dooter. Just then a wagon met them on its way to the village, and Zoller and Goos transferred themselves to it, leaving Van Dooter and Blitzer to continue their journey.

When the executioner and his prisoner reached Eagle Bluff, sometime was spent in selecting the best place for the hanging. A tree near the edge of the bluff attracted their attention, and Van Dooter fastened one end of his rope to it, and made a scientific noose on the other.

"Now," said he, "it is all right. Shall we smoke a pipe, old fellow, before you take the jump?"

Blitzer, whose eyes were beginning to grow perceptibly bigger during these preparations, hailed the proposition eagerly, and the pair sat down and puffed away meditatively for half an hour.

"Why didn't I think of it before?" suddenly shouted Van Dooter.

"What is it?" asked the other.

"Why, just this: It is nonsense for me to push you over the cliff when you can jump over yourself, and save me an unpleasant piece of work. Bah! It makes me sick to think of it."

"But it might be irregular," objected the prisoner.

"I don't know. I'll keep it a secret. Won't you agree to it to oblige me?"

It took some persuasion, but Blitzer finally said that he would not go back on a friend, and to save his feelings he would hang himself.

Van Dooter warmly shook hands with him upon this promise, and adjusted the noose about his friend's neck.

"Good-bye!" he said. "I'll rattle back to the village as fast as I can, and tell them it is all over."

He jumped into the wagon, and in a few moments was lost to sight behind the hills.

Left alone, Blitzer filled his pipe again and took another smoke. The descending sun warned him that night was coming on.

No longer erect and manly, but shamefaced and cringing, Blitzer took the noose from his neck. With a sharp rock he sawed the rope in two and, throwing the noose into the river, he hung the other piece over the cliffs. His scheme was to make it appear that the rope had broken under his weight, and that his body had fallen into the water.

The guilty looking wretch scanned the surrounding hills. Nobody was in sight, no spy, not a living thing.

With a long-drawn sigh that sounded like a groan of despair, Blitzer ran madly away and plunged into the depths of the forest.

* * * * *

In their innocent confidence in the integrity of mankind the inhabitants of Austerblatz had never thought of using locks and bars for the protection of their property. They had never heard of such a thing as theft among them until Putzel swigged Blitzer's beer.

One morning shortly after the lynch law episode, Van Dooter found some provisions missing from his kitchen. The worthy fellow could not account for it, and the matter puzzled him all day. He told Goos about it, and the next morning Goos came to him with the information that he had been treated in the same way the night before.

That night Van Dooter kept watch with his rifle in his hand. Toward morning he saw the figure of a man emerge from his kitchen with a bag of something. Van Dooter was about to fire when he caught sight of the man's face in the moonlight.

It was Blitzer!

Van Dooter fell back too horrified to speak or move.

He was satisfied that Blitzer had hung himself at Eagle Bluff, and yet here he was plundering the kitchens of Austerblatz. He rubbed his eyes. The man with the bag had disappeared.

"I have seen a ghost," said poor Van Dooter sadly, "the spirit of Blitzer walks the earth to reproach his neighbors for their cruelty in compeling him to yield up his life."

In the course of another day or two half a dozen villagers had seen the ghost flitting about at night.

Hans Muller was the next man to suffer. He missed no provisions, but a demijohn of Holland gin was not to be found. Muller shook his head.

"Don't talk to me about a ghost that drinks gin!" he said to his friends.

Late that afternoon there was an infernal uproar at the upper end of the Austerblatz's solitary street. The people rushed out and to their unutterable horror saw the burly form of Blitzer gyrating around like a wind bag in convulsions. The abandoned scoundrel was so drunk that he made no attempt to control himself, but howled and swore, and trolled snatches of ribald songs.

When the first surprise was over the roystering marauder was seized by a crowd of stout fellows, and thrown into a corn crib to sleep off his debauch.

If the Austerblatzers were puzzled over the course to pursue when Blitzer killed Putzel, they were now hopelessly bewildered. An explanation from Van Dooter made all that was mysterious in the appearance of Blitzer perfectly clear, but none could tell what action to take.

Goos said that in some communities it was the custom to reprimand an offender when he had been guilty of something indescribably base, and in his opinion, Blitzer deserved this punishment.

The suggestion met with emphatic approval, and as soon as Blitzer was duly sober he was led before the lynch law tribunal again.

This time Muller loomed up grandly. He reproached the prisoner for his bad faith, his deception and his cowardice.

"And now," said Muller in conclusion, "Austerblatz repudiates her unworthy son and visits this public infamy upon him. The prisoner may go!"

Blitzer cowered like a beaten cur, and without a word sneaked out into the woods.

The more thoughtful Austerblatzers said that Muller's reprimand would be the death of Blitzer, and they were right.

For days and weeks the outcast lingered near the scene of his disgrace. Occasionally he slipped into the village, but not a single human being ever looked at him or spoke to him.

How the man lived no one knew. As time rolled on he lost flesh, and the last time he was seen in Austerblatz he was a living skeleton. After this his visits ceased. It excited no surprise when his dead body was found one day in Van Dooter's field.

Van Dooter had the unfortunate decently buried.

"After all," he remarked, "I pity him. His punishment was greater than he could bear. He died of a broken heart."—*Wallace P. Reed, in Atlanta Constitution.*

An Intrepid Bishop.

Rt. Rev. Dr. W. F. Adams, who has been elected Protestant Episcopal Bishop of Easton, Md., was consecrated Missionary Bishop of New Mexico and Arizona in 1875. On his way to his diocese he stopped at Shreveport, La., and devoted himself to caring for yellow fever patients. After a time he was himself stricken with the fever, and this so weakened his general health that he found himself unable to perform the duties of his immense diocese, and he therefore resigned the office.

Better Omit the Debates.

An Englishwoman is about to start "A School for Wives." The pupils will be instructed in cookery, dressmaking, physiology, book-keeping, elocution and debating. The curriculum has its good points, but the class in debating seems to be a superfluity. As a means of matrimonial felicity debating ability is not a success. It has been said that that is the happiest nation which has no history. It may as truly be asserted that that is the happiest family which has no debates.

PROSPEROUS BEGGARS.

Professional Mendicants Who Live High and Keep Business Accounts.

While thousands of deserving poor are daily dying of slow starvation, writes a Paris correspondent, there are in Paris gangs of professional beggars, like the "gueux" referred to in Beranger's song, who are a happy race. Only a few days ago a chiffonier, who would not pay his rent in the Belleville quarter, was ejected from his premises by force, and as the huisser's men were hustling him out a sum of money, in gold and silver, amounting to nearly $400, rolled out of his rags. There is also an old story of a Parisian blind beggar who was stationed every day on one of the bridges, and to whom a passing Samaritan once gave a gold louis instead of a franc. Having discovered his mistake, the almsgiver went back to the beggar, but found that he had left his post. After having made inquiries in the neighborhood, the person obtained the mendicant's address, whither he repaired in the evening. He found the blind man installed in a comfortable villa, the door of which was opened by a tidy servant, who said that her master was at dinner and could not be disturbed. The stranger, however, made known his errand, and the beggar sent down a message by his man, saying that it was quite possible that he had taken a louis for a franc, but that he had not yet made up his account for the day. Finally, the almsgiver was told to meet the blind man on the bridge next day and the error, if any, would be rectified. Only recently a true narrative of the same sort, but with a slight variation, was told by M. Thivet before the tribunal of correctional police, where a man named Samuel was being tried for begging. Samuel is about sixty-four years old, and was in the habit of begging from house to house. When arrested he was found living in a comfortable apartment in the Rue Rommines, for which he paid $30 a year as rent. An account book was also found in his rooms, in which he entered his takings. These in some cases amounted to twenty francs, or five dollars, in one day. M. Thivet, the prosecutor, said that in December last Samuel went to his house and presented himself as a commercial traveler, temporarily out of employment, having a wife and family in destitution. He gave him two francs, but seeing him next day going into another house he watched him and found him begging. He then had him arrested as a professional mendicant, which was proved by the account book found in his rooms. The tribunal ordered Samuel to be sent to jail for two months.

FIGHTING THE BANK.

How One of the Rothschilds Brought the Bank of England to Time.

The story runs, says the author of "The Rothschilds," that the Bank mortally offended Nathan Mayer, by refusing to discount a bill drawn up on him for a large amount, by his brother Anselm, of Frankfort. The Bank had haughtily replied that they "discounted only their own bills, and not those of private persons." But they had to deal with one even stronger than the Bank. "Private persons!" exclaimed Rothschild, when the facts were reported to him; "private persons! I will make these gentlemen feel what sort of private persons we are!" Three weeks afterward Nathan Mayer, who had employed the interval in collecting all the banknotes he could procure in England and on the continent, presented himself at the Bank as soon as it was opened. He drew from his pocketbook a five-pound note, and the clerk naturally counted out five sovereigns, at the same time looking with great astonishment at Rothschild. It seemed strange that he should trouble himself for such a trifle. He, however, examined the coins carefully one by one, and put them in a little canvas bag; then drawing out another note, a third, a fourth, a tenth, a hundredth, he kept demanding change for his notes, never placing the money in his bag without first scrupulously examining the pieces. In some cases he would try them in the balance, "as" he observed, "the law gave him the right to do." The first pocket-book being emptied and the first bag filled, he passed them to his clerk and received a second supply of notes, thus continuing to drain the bank of its gold till the doors were closed. He had spent seven hours in changing £21,000. But as he had nine of his employes engaged in the same manner it resulted that the bank had lost £210,000 from its reserve of gold. Moreover, Nathan Mayer had kept the tellers so occupied that no other persons could change a single note. Every thing that bears the stamp of eccentricity always pleases the English public, and in this instance the pique of the great millionaire caused endless amusement. The directors, however, laughed less when they saw him reappear next day at the opening of the bank, accompanied by his nine allies; they laughed no longer when they heard the financial despot say, with ironical simplicity: "These gentlemen refuse to take my notes. I have sworn not to keep them, but I merely warn them that I hold gold enough to keep them occupied for two months." For two months! Eleven millions of gold drawn from the bank! The bank grew alarmed; something had to be done. The next morning a notice appeared that in the future Rothschild's bills would taken as readily as their own.

A COMPOSITE CANE.

The Wonderful Walking-Stick of a Connecticut Veteran.

The Waterbury *American* furnishes the following account of a curious cane owned by S. P. Richards, of Hotchkissville, a veteran of Company A, Eighth Connecticut Volunteers: It is made of wood from a black walnut tree which stood south of the cemetery at Gettysburg, and the trunk of which was pierced by 267 bullets during the battle of July 1, 2 and 3, 1863. The tree was known as the hospital tree, 233 arms and legs having been amputated under its shade. The cane is carved to represent an ivy branch twining from end to end, and in the spaces between the leaves are inserted a number of pieces of wood and stone. The first is a piece of chestnut taken from the tree under which General Reno fell at South Mountain; another is a piece of the box seat in Ford's Theater in which President Lincoln sat when shot, a piece of the gun-boat sunk at Perry's victory on Lake Champlain, a piece of wood from the Dunker Church at Antietam. A piece of gun-stock carried through the French and Indian wars, the revolution and the war of 1812 is also inserted. The house John Brown was born in, the flagstaff taken down by Colonel Ellsworth at Alexandria, Va., at the sacrifice of his life, the willow tree which grew on the grave of Napoleon at St. Helena, the tree growing over the tomb of Washington at Mount Vernon, the tomb of Lincoln at Springfield, Ill., of Grant at Riverside Park, the dead-line at Andersonville and Libby prison at Richmond are also represented by pieces of marble and wood mortised into the cane.

Grass Management.

There is no time when good management of the grass lands tells more strongly than in a period of drought. If the land is in good heart and condition the roots penetrate to a greater depth than on poverty-stricken, shallow soils, which have little plant food near the surface and less below. With a good depth of well prepared soil the roots are encouraged to go down, and of course in proportion as the roots penetrate the soil the grass above can support the trials of a dry season. Good drainage is another means of encouraging grasses to take a deeper root, for if an excess of moisture is kept away from the surface the roots of plants are made to reach the deeper for it, and to a measurable extent reach the plants independent of the vicissitudes of drought or flood at the surface. Considering the inequality of the seasons there is nothing to which attention can be more profitably given than to establishing the the grasses under all the conditions most favorable to the strongest, thriftiest growth. *Breeders' Gazette.*

How Actors Get Rich.

Annie Pixley's earnings on the stage for the last season may be put down at $25,000. Joe Jefferson made nearly $40,000 in fifteen weeks, not acting steadily. Lot a whooped up $35,000, while Fanny Davenport worked much harder for $15,000 less. Denman Thompson coined between $60,000 and $70,000, nearly all of it out of "The Old Homestead" here. Mrs. Langtry's balance to the good will not be less than $75,000. Adonis Dixey can be reckoned up safely on a basis of $300 for say eight months. Sara Bernhardt will get $300,000 out of her tour on this side of the Atlantic, and Abbey, Schoeffel & Grau $200,000 to divide. Patti's notes came back to her with interest to the tune of $250,000, and brought Abbey and Schoeffel $100,000. We find a profit of $300,000 credited to Edwin Booth's season, Booth's share being $200,000, Barrett's $75,000 and Manager Chase's $25,000. Wilson Barrett visited America at a loss probably exceeding $20,000.—*N. O. Picayune.*

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Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions.

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

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None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

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my10

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION--Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at cost.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, AUGUST 12, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Capt. Hand took a four-horse stage load of Boroughites to Boynton Beach today.

—The weather for the past few days has not been so exceedingly hot, and the change is agreeable to all we believe.

—The City Council will meet in adjourned session on Tuesday evening, when the Assessor's books will be examined and approved.

—The Elizabeth Assessors all turned in their books yesterday to the Comptroller for 1887, and the tax bills will be issued on Monday.

—The Presbyterian church at Metuchen having been repaired, will be re-opened for worship next Sunday, when the pastor will preach.

—It is said that the month of July, just passed, taken altogether, was the hottest this country has known for twenty-five years.

—During the storm of last evening, a team ran away on East Front street, but whose it was and where it went no one seems to know.

—On account of the inclement weather last evening, there were but few people present at Reform Hall, the time for holding the regular weekly meeting of the Club, and consequently no service was held.

—At Liberty and Second streets, the clay taken out of a cellar being dug in a ten foot lot, is piled up on the sidewalk; and pedestrians must cross over to the opposite side through mud as bad, or sink to their shoe-tops in the soft clay.

—The Lake Hopatcong Land Improvement Company has begun the construction of a rustic bridge 240 feet long and forty feet high in the centre, just south of the Hotel Breslin. It will cross a beautiful glen with cascade and waterfalls.

—The waiters of Hotel Netherwood gathered in the dining room after dinner, last evening, and presented their Chief with a handsome finger ring set with diamonds and turquoise. It was inscribed inside, "Edward Zola, from the Waiters of Hotel Netherwood, N. J., 1887."

—If the housewife would insist on having the dishes washed in hot water and milk instead of soap, they would be always bright and clean. Fill a dish-pan full of very hot water and add half a cup of milk. It cleanses the greasiest dishes, and there will be no scum on the water.

—Many of those who attended the Sons of Temperance Convention at Boynton Beach, yesterday, thought they would never reach home again. The terrible storm of wind and rain that arose shortly after six o'clock, almost upset the covered carriages, and thoroughly drenched those in open vehicles.

—There is a board walk on the south side of Central avenue, between Seventh and Eighth streets, which has caused many people of late to quote liberally from the Revised Edition. Most of the boards are broken and arranged on a pivot, so that when a pedestrian steps on one end the other flys up, cracking him on the shins.

—The Central Railroad has just issued a neat pamphlet on "Lake Hopatcong, and What People Say of It." It is full of interest, and all information that may be sought is therein found. What it is, how to get there, and cost and accommodation for transients or permanents, is all set forth. Copies will be sent those desiring, upon receipt of their address at the company's office in New York.

—A correspondent, in another column complains of the gross indignities young ladies are subjected to who are obliged to pass along a certain avenue near the railroad bridge after dark. We have heard of complaints of a similar nature coming from that neighborhood before, and would suggest that the names of the offenders be furnished the police so that an example may be made of them.

—Mr. William Titus, formerly of this city but now residing at Newark, N. J., spent yesterday with friends in this city.

—Four more dogs were sent howling into the hereafter, yesterday, and four more were incarcerated by the dog catcher.

—Patrick Welsh and John Ingram the two tramps arrested in the borough yesterday for being drunk and disorderly, were to-day committed to the Somerville jail for thirty days.

—The public schools of the city will reopen on Monday, September 5th. The various school buildings have been undergoing repairs and the grounds about them put in good condition.

—According to the announcement in THE PRESS last evening, a number of shooting stars were seen to descend from the heavens. A similar occurrence will be visible this evening, provided the weather is clear.

—A sociable and ball, under the auspices of Stone Square Lodge, F. and A. M. of this city, was given in Cutter's hall last evening. The colored folks turned out in full force to honor the occasion by their presence, and all report having had a good time.

—A gold watch was raffled off at Fred Caspar's saloon on East Second street last evening. It was won by John Duckworth, an employee of the Potter press works. "Joe" Dawe rattled the dice for Duckworth, turning out 45 in three straight throws.

—Chas. Hughes of North Plainfield, was arrested yesterday on a civil warrant issued by Justice Austin on complaint of Lawrence Christie, who claimed $18 for unpaid board. The matter was subsequently compromised by the defendant giving an order for the payment of the same.

—Dog-catcher Babbitt made a grab for a poodle dog that was following a lady along Park avenue this morning, but the latter also grabbed the canine just in time, and walked off triumphantly with the dog under her arm. The occurrence caused considerable laughter for those who witnessed it.

Last Night's Storm.

A terrific storm struck Plainfield a little before seven o'clock last evening, and while it lasted almost equaled in violence the shower of a few week's ago. The storm was accompanied by a section of a Western cyclone, and the damage done by the wind will exceed that caused by the water. For a time the rain came down in torrents, and many of the streets throughout the city were entirely submerged. This morning many of the gardens presented a delapidated appearance, where corn and other vegetables were laid flat on the ground. The wind blew a perfect hurricane, and uprooted a large elm tree in front of Mr. L. E. Clark's residence at Fourth street and Central avenue. On West Seventh street large branches were blown from the trees, falling to the ground with a crash. A maple tree on Peace street, near Front, was split in two by the wind, and a portion of the chimney on E. P. Thorn's building was blown down. Between this city and Dunellen, a field of corn belonging to Fred Martin was blown down, and the stalks cut off as though with a knife. The crop will be a total loss. Other reports of the damage done by the wind have come in, but most of them are trifling. After the heaviest of the showers passed over, there were two loud reports of thunder, distinctly resembling the discharge of huge cannons. So far as known no damage was done by the lightning in this immediate locality.

Organ Concert.

Messrs. Odell, the builders of the Crescent Avenue church organ, having repaired the difficulties of its interior that we spoke of Monday, the recital that was to have taken place last Saturday will be given to-morrow evening at eight o'clock. The humidity of the atmosphere had caused a derangement of the instrument's mechanism and a discord of its pipes, so that in justice to Mr. Taft the organist of the occasion the recital was postponed from last Saturday evening. The programme to be rendered to-morrow evening is as follows:

March Cortege	"Aida"	Verdi.
Serenata		Moszkowski.
Ballet Music		Meyerbeer.
Vorspiel	"Otho Visconti"	Gleason.
Concert Fantasia	"Old Folks at Home"	Taft.
Spring Song		Mendelssohn.
Largo		Handel.
Pastoral Finale	From Organ Symphony	Guilmant.
Gavotte		Holst.
March	Tannhauser	Wagner.

The Last Instalment.

Yesterday a check for $175,000 was presented to Janeway & Co., the New Brunswick wall-paper manufacturers, from the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, as the last instalment of the judgment found against that corporation by the Supreme Court in the suit brought by the paper firm to recover damages for the destruction of their works by fire in March 1885, when by an accident to an oil-train standing near the factory, a tank exploded and destroyed over $300,000 of valuable property.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mrs. Latimer left today for Asbury Park.

Mrs. William R. Moore of New street, is visiting relatives at Long Branch.

Mr. W. B. Wadsworth and family have returned to their residence in this city.

Mrs. M. E. Edgarton of "Norwood" is back from Wentworth Hall, Jackson, N. H.

Mr. F. M. Derby and family of Tenth street, have gone to Monticello, Sullivan county, N. Y., for two months.

Miss Luella Trimmer of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, will spend the remainder of the Summer with her parents at Ringoes, Hunterdon county, starting today.

Mr. George Phillips of 19 Park avenue, is the owner of the trotter "Little Gypsie" who has been astonishing the big folks on the Park avenue driving track, recently. He has already been offered a large price for the little mare, but he has faith enough to keep her.

At the National Council of the Order of American Firemen, held in New York recently, Mr. T. H. Keller, Foreman of No. 2 Engine Co., of this city, was elected a Deputy National President. Mr. Keller has gone with his family to Mystic River, Conn., for a few weeks.

Among the donations of money to Muhlenberg Hospital that help to provide comforts and delicacies for many a sufferer, was a little sum raised by Master Robbie Howard from a magic lantern exhibition at Netherwood Hotel. The sympathy and generosity of such little folks should put older hearts with fuller pockets to shame.

Mrs. Pangborn Explains.

Mrs. Fred Pangborn called on us this afternoon and denied the statement made by Mrs. Roantree—whose daughter was committed to the County Jail on Wednesday for being implicated in the clothesline robbery on Friday night last—to the effect that "Katie was always a good girl until she got to running with Fred Pangborn and his gang." Mrs. Pangborn says that Katie does not possess a model character. She also says the woman came to her house soon after Christmas and remained there until a few weeks ago, and that her mother was never refused permission to see her daughter, whenever she so desired. Katie, she says, seemed perfectly satisfied, and did not care to return to her parent's home. Mrs. Pangborn further states that it was on account of Katie's foul language and her loose actions, that caused the former's ejectment from Charles Winston's house on West Third street, recently.

Not in Favor of Dams.

In conversation with a PRESS reporter this morning, the keeper of a well known resort in the Notch said that he was not in favor of mill dams. "The mill dams through the Valley," said he, "caused all the damage done by the late rains, and we are called upon to pay for the same by extra taxation." Our informant declared that he was in favor of having good roads and therefore cast his vote for the extra appropriation on Tuesday. He said this was the second vote he had ever cast and afterwards regretted — the first one being for Horace Greeley. Five years ago a similar state of affairs existed, caused by the breaking away of a number of the dams along Stony Brook, and then several thousand dollars were required to complete the repairs.

Picnic at The Crescent.

The Crescent was a scene of gaiety last evening, the occasion being the first grand sociable of St. Joseph's Benevolent Association. The building was delightfully cool, and the attendance was very large. The principal feature of the entertainment was dancing, and the spacious floor was filled with dancers until an order consisting of thirty-two pieces was disposed of. The music was furnished by a New York orchestra, and gave generally good satisfaction. The affair was a grand success, financially, and the Association will probably net over one hundred dollars. The committee in charge was composed of the following persons: Floor Manager—D. C. Nolan; Floor Committee—T. L. Walsh, W. White, J. Skelly, C. Nolan, R. Connolly, J. Considine.

The Absent Carrier.

The Homing pigeon "Silver" belonging to Mr. Sydney Dorman, that was released at Charleston, S. C., 700 miles from her home the morning of August 1st, has not yet arrived. Its owner, however, still thinks the bird will turn up and is said to have refused $20 for her a day or two ago. He has reason for his expectation because of many precedents of the past. The last record of appearance after a long absence, that we have noticed, is thus far much like the case of Mr. Dorman's bird. The Homing we speak of, belongs to a gentleman of Woodbury, N. J., and it was released at Newberry, S. C., 525 miles away on June 25th. It only arrived at its coop last Saturday—exactly six weeks after it was loosed.

Open Air Concerts.

The matter of having open air concerts in this city, to which we have often referred in these columns, has at last become a reality, and the residents of this city will be treated to some fine music on Wednesday evening of next week. The members of the band have recently held a number of private rehearsals, and their final rehearsal will occur on Tuesday evening next. The total cost of the concert will be about $40, but none of the members will receive any compensation whatever for their services. The success of the undertaking depends largely upon the citizens, who it is thought will contribute by popular subscription. It is the intention of those having the matter in charge to show the people that Plainfield's standard in music as well as its other qualifications, is first-class. The concert will take place from the balcony in front of Miller's Hotel, and the music will be according to the following

PROGRAMME.

PART I.

March	"Erminie,"	Jakowbowski.
Medley	"Black Brigade,"	E. Beyer.
Schottische	"Dear One Far Away"	J. O. Casey.
Serenade	"Pleasant Dreams,"	W. Ripley.
Caledonians	Imitation of Bag Pipes"	F. Keller.

PART II.

Fantasia	"Witch Dance,"	Fr. Goetz.
Waltz	"Queen of Hearts,"	Fr. Goetz.
Solo	"Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep" (with variations.) Professor Le Vere.	Rol-linson.
Polka	"Babies."	
Galop	"Fire Alarm"	Southwell.

Provided the concert is a success, it will be followed by others at short intervals during the coming months. Should the evening prove stormy the affair will be postponed and due notice given through these columns. The following members compose the band:

Director—L. LeVere.
Manager and Leader—N. H. Guttman.
Treasurer—H. J. Martin.
Secretary—F. Manchester.
Drum Major—C. Glaentzer.
Tubas—C. Soper, J. Fifield.
Euphonium—L. LeVere.
Trombones—J. Dawe, E. Dawe, H. Martin, G. Rogers.
Altos—N. H. Guttman, solo, E. Harding, W. Hewitt.
Baritone—E. Dawe.
Cornets—W. Frazee, E. Shultz, G. Sornson, C. Hillman, F. Canfield, A. Ebbecke.
Clarionets—T. Ebbecke, E. Ebbecke.
Snare Drum—P. Hapenny.
Bass Drum—G. Zeisz.
Cymbals—F. Manchester.

The Kinney's Arraigned.

William Kinney, his wife and daughter, Sarah Warren, who were arrested for being drunk and quarreling in Pruden's Alley on Tuesday night, were arraigned before the City Judge at the station house this morning. Kinney's wife and daughter were arraigned on a charge preferred by William H. Totten and his wife for violating the second and eighth sections of the Peace and Moral act of the city. Totten testified that both were drunk, and witnesses substantiated his statement. Both the prisoners pleaded for "another chance," and the Judge said he would grant the requests at the expiration of thirty days. Kinney was next brought out and demanded a hearing. He was arraigned on a charge entered by officer Lynch, of being drunk and using foul language. Mr. and Mrs. Totten each testified to Kinney's acting as a peacemaker the night the fracas took place, but a wound on the bridge of his nose was sufficient proof that he had been drunk and fell against a post. He was fined three dollars.

Base Ball.

The Plainfield Bicycle Club will try and get a nine together, to-morrow afternoon, and play the West End club of Somerville at the latter village.

The Plainfield Y. M. C. A.'s will play the North Plainfield Actives again on the grounds at Park and Arlington avenues, to-morrow afternoon.

Of course the Somerville base ball club would rather coax "second nines" of this city to their town and then crow over the latter's defeat, than to play Plainfield's representative club and be beaten. The Y. M. C. A.'s of this city have done all in their power to bring about two games—one here and one at Somerville—but the latter club "can't leave home." Plainfield thinks they are afraid.

Brotherhood of Man.

Last evening, as the excursionists were returning from Boynton Beach, and when about one mile this side of Uniontown—facing the furious storm of lightning, wind and rain, making it dangerous to proceed further — load after load of drenched men, women and children found a hospitable haven under the spacious sheds upon the beautiful farm of a celebrated French dentist whose name was not learned. All were made welcome, and housed for the time being, from the storm. The present occupant, nephew of the late doctor, deserves this slight recognition and thanks for so practically demonstrating the much agitated subject of Brotherhood of Man.

Will Have Electric Lights.

A correspondent to a New York paper says: Fanwood and Scotch Plains are neighboring little towns that have watched each other jealously for several years past. Any sort of a public improvement in one was sure to call forth a similar display of progress on the part of the other. Lately the people of Fanwood arrived at the conclusion that they ought to have electric lights and the undertaking was at once indorsed by the taxpayers. Scotch Plains looked on calmly for a few days and then its envy became aroused. The result is that both towns are to have electric lights in a short time, and the contract for the same will in all probability be awarded to the Plainfield Electric Light Company.

Temperance at Boynton Beach.

The annual reunion of the various temperance organizations in New Jersey was held at Boynton Beach yesterday, the number present being estimated at from twelve to fifteen hundred. The exercises consisted of vocal and instrumental music, speech making, etc., all of which were thoroughly enjoyable. Excursions were run from New Brunswick and other places, and a large number of the temperance people from this city went over in stages, and helped to swell the multitude. The proceedings of the day were very interesting, and except the heavy shower that came up before the excursionists arrived home nothing transpired to mar the pleasure of anyone.

Will the Firemen Parade?

The firemen of Elizabeth are making a strong effort to have a genuine old-fashioned parade of the department this fall. It is several years since any general turnout has taken place, although the firemen have made at various times slight parades in escorting some company returning from a pleasant trip. It is understood that the firemen of this city are discussing the advisability of having a parade in the fall. In former years such a project met with the approval of nearly all, and there is no particular reason why the firemen here should not have their annual parade the same as in other cities. There seems to be a lack of energy on the part of the firemen to set the ball a rolling.

Another Barbed Wire Fence Case.

A runaway team owned by Charles Lenz, a farmer, of Rahway, ran into a barbed-wire fence yesterday morning on Rahway avenue, Elizabeth. One of the horses had his windpipe severed by the collision, and bled to death in a few minutes. It was valued at $500. The other horse was frightfully lacerated about the breast and legs, and will have to be killed. The fence was erected around some property owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Mr. Lenz says he will bring a suit for damages against the company under a State law which prohibits the erection of barbed-wire fences in the State lower than four feet two inches in height.

Street Loafers.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Will you please call attention, in your valuable paper, to the crowd of loafers who nightly congregate in the vicinity of one of the railroad bridges, and insult ladies who chance to pass that point after dark, by their whistling and insulting remarks. Last evening I chanced to pass the place in question with three of my lady friends, when the crowd began to whistle, and one of the rowdies had the impudence to raise his hat and say good evening to us. I think Plainfield is getting to be a pretty place if respectable ladies cannot go out of the house evenings without being insulted. A YOUNG LADY.

An Old Church.

Probably the oldest church in the State at Newton, N. J., was vacated recently at the close of the service, and the edifice hereafter will be preserved as a relic. It was erected in 1771, since which date services have been held there regularly. It is said that during the Revolutionary war Washington and his men worshipped there while on their way West from Morristown.

In Aid of St. John's Church.

A grand picnic will be given on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club at Dunellen, on Thursday, August 18th, in aid of St. John The Evangelist Church, of Dunellen. Prof. Riley will furnish the music for dancing, and refreshments will be offered for sale. For price of admission and other particulars, see the announcement on another page.

In First Baptist Church.

There will be no evening service in the First Baptist church until the third Sunday in September, the 18th. Next Sunday morning the Rev. Dr. Armitage, of New York, will occupy the pulpit. There will be no session of the Sunday School, next Sunday morning, because of the incompletion of the new heating system that is being put in the church.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

TWENTY MILLION LIABILITIES.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—There were many visitors at the office of Henry S. Ives & Co., No. 25 Nassau street, to-day, and all made anxious inquiries regarding the assets of the suspended firm. It was pretty certain that the liabilities would foot up fully $20,000,000, but the total amount of the assets was a matter of conjecture. Mr. Cromwell, the assignee, said:—

"The suspension is not a forced affair. It is merely an assignment for the purpose of simplifying the settlement of intricate complications. The representatives of the railroads, bondholders and other creditors held a conference and unanimously agreed that the course which had been taken was the wisest under the circumstances. The liabilities are about $20,000,000, and I can say that they are more than covered by the assets. Every claim will be paid dollar for dollar. I did not seek the position of assignee, but am willing to assume the duties because I am assured that it is the unanimous wish of all concerned that I should do so. We shall now proceed to staighten out the tangle into which affairs have fallen in as speedy and effectual a manner as possible."

WASHINGTONVILLE.

Frank I. Frayne, who has a country house between this place and New Providence, is arranging with his manager, Oscar Rahn, for next season's business. He has about completed his company, which includes Miss Gussie DeForest, Mr. and Mrs. S. K. Chester and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas C. Medingan. The repertoire will consist of "Mardo, the Hunter," "Red Flag," "Si Slocum" and "Kentucky Bill." The company will open the season at Brooklyn Sept. 5.

A tornado swept through Washington Valley last evening, which, while it lasted, was the most violent of any experienced in this section for many years. This was followed by a heavy fall of rain, accompanied by much thunder and lightning. Great damage was done to crops. Stacks of hay and straw were in many instances entirely obliterated. In the direct path of the storm corn that was earing, was laid low on the ground, and to use the expression of some of our residents, it looks as though a road roller had passed over it.

Taxes Firemen are Required to Pay.

There are still a few people who believe that firemen are exempt from taxation to a certain extent, and for their benefit it may be said that all firemen in the State of New Jersey are legally required to pay a poll tax, but they are exempt from jury duty provided that they have filed a certificate of membership in the fire department with the County Clerk. The only men exempt from poll tax are soldiers and sailors of regular army and navy, and all old soldiers who have been in any of the wars in which the government has been engaged; also all colored men are exempt. This is under the United States law. Under the State law of New Jersey all old soldiers and sailors are entitled to exemption from taxation on $500 worth of real estate or personal property. The firemen are entitled to exemption from poll tax just as much as any other class of men.

Weather Predictions.

Prof. DeVoe, the meteorologist, has again let himself loose, and predicts the following changes in the atmosphere for August, which, it may be said, have proven quite correct up to date: "August will enter very close and sultry, with heavy thunder showers on the 3d and 4th. A sudden change will take place on the 5th, with cool northerly winds. Pleasant weather will prevail from the 6th to the 11th, and on the 12th warm, with heavy thunder showers; the 13th, 14th and 15th, pleasant weather; 16th, 17th and 18th, very warm and sultry, with dense fogs, earthquake period; 19th, sudden fall in temperature, followed by bright, pleasant weather to the 25th; rising temperature and thunder showers on the 26th; 27th, 28th and 29th, very warm; 30th and 31st, heavy thunder showers."

Fifteenth N. J. Vols.

The executive committee of the above named regiment held a meeting at Newark on Monday last. It was unanimously resolved to hold the next reunion at Somerville on Wednesday, October 19—the anniversary of the battle of Cedar Creek. This regiment took a prominent part in that battle, and lost heavily both in officers and men. This was the battle in which General Sheridan made his famous ride "from Winchester, twenty miles away." An excellent local committee, with Freeholder W. H. Wyckoff, of Raritan, at the head, was appointed. Comrade Wyckoff promises a good time at Somerville for every member of the Fifteenth that may attend.

—The usual Saturday afternoon trotting contest will take place at the Fair Grounds to-morrow.

NAMES OF NEWSPAPERS.

Curious Titles Invented by Imaginative American Journalists.

The "American Newspaper Directory," lately issued by George P. Rowell & Co., New York, makes an interesting exhibit of the names of American papers. The most common names are indicated in the following list:

News, 781 papers; Times, 591; Herald, 568; Journal, 559; Democrat, 512; Gazette, 390; Republican, 327; Enterprise, 228; Record, 218; Sentinel, 216; Independent, 214; Press, 196; Courier, 183; Star, 169; Register, 159; Chronicle, 152; Sun, 147; Advertiser, 144; Leader, 137; Reporter, 135; Advocate, 132; Review, 128; Standard, 118; Argus, 109; Free Press, 98; Post, 93; Messenger, 84; Banner, 84; Bulletin, 83; Observer, 74; Union, 75; Advance, 74; Dispatch, 73; Express, 71; Citizen, 71; Mirror, 68; Eagle, 64; Monitor, 63; Ledger, 59.

There are some very fanciful titles also: Athens, Ala., has a *Hot Blast;* Birmingham a *Negro American* and a *Saturday Hornet.* In Arkansas there is a *New Departure* at Carlisle, a *Log Cabin* in Conway, *Events* at Gainsville, a *Horse Shoe* in Hackette City, a *Linch Pin* in Harrisburg, an *Arkansas Wheel* in Jasper, *Sauce* in Kingsland, a *Meteor* in Malvern, a *Headlight* in Marion, a *Flying Serpent* at Paragould, and *Swift's Flying Needle* at Warren. In California the town of Calico has a *Print* Hollister a *Free Lance*, Lodi a *Cyclone*, Los Angeles a *Porcupine*. Sacramento, a *Rescue* (devoted to temperance), San Francisco a *Wasp*, and Salem an *Irrigator*. Colorado floats a *Current* at Crystal River, has a *Howitzer* at Greely, a *Solid Muldoon* at Ouray, and a *Cone* at White Pine. Iowa has the *Appanoose Iowegian* at Centerville, the *Western Crank* at College Springs. Kansas boasts an *Astonisher and Paralyzer* at Carbondale, a *Thomas Co Cat* at Colby, and a *Border Ruffian* at Coolidge; the *Dark Horse* is at Eustice, the *Prairie Owl* at Fargo Springs, the *Boomer* at Ford, the *Cap Sheaf* at Grainfield, the *Prairie Dog* at Lake City, a *Quill* at Leon, a *Brick* at McCune, the *Zenith* is at Madison, the *Sunflower* blooms at Morganville, and the *Sod House* is in Ravenna, a *Trail* at Santa Fe, a *Wonder* at Wilson, and a *Saw* at Woodson. There is still a *Pilgrim* in Massachusetts, located at the good old Puritan town of Duxbury, and the *Wayland and Cochituate Twins* appear each week in Wayland. In Michigan we find the Bessemer *Pick and Axe*, Big Rapids *Charlie's Wide Awake*, Birmingham *Eccentric*, Burr Oak *Acorn*, Grand Rapids *Yankee Dutch*, and *Romeo Hydrant*. Minnesota has a *Pine Knot* at Cloquet, and in Missouri we find the Eldorado Springs *Uncle Sam*, Marionville *Buzz Saw*, and Salem *Mountain Howitzer*. Nebraska has the Nonpareil *Grip*, Norden *Borealis*, and Trenton *Torpedo*. Nevada, Candelera *True Fissure*, and Winnemucca *Silver State*. Belvidere, N. J., has an *Apollo* and New York *Tid-Bits*. North Carolina listens to a *Philosopher* at Jefferson, a *Tar River Talker* at Rocky Mount, and has a *Pine Knot* at South Pines. The *Rip Saw* revolves at Williamsport, O. Oil City, Pa., has a *Daily Blizzard* and a *Derrick*. A *Pendulum* vibrates at Green, R. I., and a *Psalm Singer* appears monthly in Troy, S. C. *Adam* still lives in Memphis, Tenn., and the *Tomahawk* is seen weekly in Mountain City. Texas has *Cross Timbers* in Bowie, *Seven Mansions* in Calvert, a *Roundup* in Cisco, a *Dot* at Del Rio, the *Jimblecute* in Jefferson, *Mesquiter* at Mesquite, *Local Freight* at Sealy, and a *Gimlet* at Weimer. The *Pick and Gad* hails from Schullsburg, Wis., and Arizona has at Tombstone a daily *Epitaph* and also a daily *Tombstone*. In Dakota there is at Medora a *Bad Lands Cow Boy*, and at Steele *Ozone*. Wyoming has the *Rowdy West* at Douglass, and the *Laborette* in the interests of working men at Rawlins. The *British Lion* roars in Hamilton, Ont., and the *Beaver* comes out weekly at Napanee.

In foreign languages the German are the most numerous, there are 824 of them. One hundred and and twelve are printed in the French language, 59 in the Scandinavian, 34 in the Spanish, 16 in Bohemian, 12 in Hollandish, 7 in Polish, 4 in Danish, 5 in Welsh, 8 in Finnish, 5 in Italian, 2 in Portuguese, 4 in Hebrew, 2 in Chinese, and 1 each in Russian, Hungarian, Irish and Cherokee.

SURVIVAL OF THE FITTEST.

The Desperate Struggle for Existence in the Animal Kingdom.

During one of the most recent of sea-exploring expeditions, seals were found in the lonely Oceanic isles, not warily scuttling seaward at the far-off shadow of humanity, as they do on our coasts, but so perfectly off their guard as to allow the ship's crew almost to trample on them as they lay. South American travelers, says a writer in the New Orleans *Times-Democrat*, describing the changes in animal life, have struck down strong-winged birds from trees with poles. A marine animal of the same genus as the manatee was discovered in the islands, near Behring Straits, more than a century ago and has since paid the penalty of lack of wariness by having become utterly extinct, sailors killing it for its oil. The native animals of New Zealand, Australia, South America, New Guinea, etc., can not hold their own when brought face to face with quadrupeds and birds from the more densely populated centers, whose ancestors have had for ages a training in the very thick of the struggle for existence. The moa and the dodo have succumbed in modern times. With others, such as the sloth or the apteryx, it is a question only of time. On the far distant horizon, when man first appears with flint tools, he is surrounded with quadrupeds, a number of species of which have dropped by the way, while some of these that survive are modified or domesticated. Signs of evil omen hang all over the larger wild animal not in league with man. Some, by the irony of fate, seemed doomed by the very weapon or charms which first gave them success—as the elephant is shot for his tusks and the bird of paradise for its feathers.

When Persia invaded Greece the lion was in Tarace. When Hannibal crossed the Alps elephants were extant in the African possessions of Carthage. Naturalists are telling us that within the memory of man the true zebra has ceased to exist. No animal so cunning, so wary, so shifty as the fox and rat, the crow and the sparrow, has ever been found in lonely, unpeopled regions; and only in islands sparsely tenanted, and where no carnivorous animals exist, could we expect to find large birds running about without wings. When we turn to our domestic animals we can dimly see how slow the progress and how immense the pains by which they have been tamed, from the time when the savage instinctively killed the wilder and more troublesome ones and allowed those of greater docility to preserve the breed. Although the dog is perhaps, the wisest of quadrupeds, old shepherds are convinced that, even within the present century, from careful selection sheep dogs have improved in professional qualities. It is true that an idiot cow may be tolerated in a dairy, whereas it would be stamped out in a state of nature; yet we are careful not to breed from such while moral qualities and intelligence, both in cattle and beasts of burden, enhance their value.

DEADLY WIND-STORMS

Official Facts Relating to the Cause and Frequency of Tornadoes.

According to the Washington correspondent of the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*, the terrible destruction of life and property by tornadoes in the hot season causes much fear in several States. Recent investigations by Lieutenant John P. Finley, Signal Service, United States army, reveal to some extent the danger in each region, which will do much to allay unnecessary alarm in the Eastern States. At the same time other regions before thought to be comparitively safe are found to be more dangerous than had been supposed.

The first striking result of the examination of Lieutenant Finlay's map, showing the geograpical distribution of tornadoes from 1882 to 1886 inclusive, is that they uniformly avoid extended mountain ranges. The Rocky mountains present so insurmountable a barrier that the country lying west of th is great range is almost entirely free from the long, violent tornado tracts seen in Kansas and Missouri. It is known that storm centers which form west of the Rocky mountains are imperfectly developed, and are not persistent or violent in their course until the Mississippi valley is reached. Tornadoes form at an average distance of 453 miles southeast of the main storm center, as shown in forty-one cases cited by Prof. H. A. Hazen, of the Signal Service. It follows that the cold air from the foot of the Rocky mountains, coming in the wake of an eastward-moving storm manifesting unusually low barometer, causes sharp contrasts of temperature in Kansas and Missouri, and these contrasts, sometimes as much as fifty degrees, result in great tornado frequency in Northwestern Missouri and Northern Kansas. It is further shown by the distribution of tornado tracts that the average of severity and destruction steadily lessens as the storm centers move eastward from the Mississippi valley. This waning of tornado power is gradual, but the danger does not entirely cease, as the Atlantic coast is approached. The coast lines of the Gulf of Mexico and of the Atlantic ocean are nearly free from tornadoes, because great contrasts accompanying storm centers can not develop, owing to the equalizing effect of the ocean temperature and moisture.

Of the total number of tornadoes reported, nearly one-half occur in the Mississippi valley, which is the region of greatest violence. The lapse of time must make this even more marked, because the records of the Eastern States cover a much longer period, while the number of tornadoes is less. The region of greatest frequency is along the north and west boundary lines of Missouri, increasing toward the point of intersection. Then comes Northwestern Georgia, extending into Alabama. A very solid and compact region of tornado development is in Southern Michigan, tending toward the lower part of Lake Michigan. For a distance of about two hundred miles square this region nearly equals that of Kansas in frequency, though it has not more than one-tenth its extent, and its average severity is far less. In the Eastern States the most remarkable region, next to Western New York, is in the Connecticut river valley, which seems to be persistently followed by tornadoes through Connecticut and Massachusetts into New Hampshire. The open country here favors the development of a small tornado with a tract about a mile or half a mile long and from two hundred to five hundred feet in width. Western Connecticut and Massachusetts favor the accumulation of warm air from the Southwest, which moves steadily northward, while Pennsylvania, Virginia and Western Delaware remain cool, this causing sharp contrasts of temperature. In Southeastrn Pennsylvania the bend of the Delaware river there is a group of tornadoes centering near Trenton, N. J. Southeast of lakes Erie and Ontario there is also a lively region, which is an extension due to the still high contrasts of temperature common in the Mississippi valley and Southern Michigan. In northeastern Mississippi there is a very marked extension of the Georgia and Alabama region, though not quite equaling it in frequency.

The value of property reported to the Signal Service as destroyed in 205 years was about $28,000,000. Lieutenant Finlay estimates this to be about one-tenth the actual value, making the total losses about $300,000,000.

The number of deaths reported was 3,165, and the injured 5,049.

These figures are doubtless much below the actual damage, because tornado reports include the main facts only. The transmission of news is partly obstructed, and isolated regions escape report. The comparison of a number of tornadoes with the amount of forest lands by States, according to the United States census, indicates that these storms are not appreciably influenced by the presence or absence of forests. Tornadoes are caused by the persistent movement and accumulation of air masses on an immense scale. Forests and other local features of landscape have little effect. The Signal Service reported 289 tornadoes for 1886, 136 for 1885, 200 for 1884, 161 for 1883, and from that time back to 1870 the number diminished to 9. This does not represent a change in the actual number, but only indicates additional facilities for observation, due to the steadily increasing interest taken by the press and people, as well as to the organization of a large staff of voluntary tornado reporters in 1884, under the supervision of Lieutenant Finlay. In 1885 the number of reporters had increased to 1,500, and in 1886 to 2,500. This large working force sent in an immense mass of very valuable information, due to the good will of the people. These reports are used in estimating averages which will serve as foundations upon which the work can and will be carried forward for centuries. By this means the danger for given regions will be so well known that tornado insurance premiums can be estimated justly, and in that manner much expenditure saved. There is every reason to believe that if the tornado records were carried forward for several hundred years an astonishing regularity would be discovered. The statistics already show great advance in this direction.

The Check Was Forthcoming.

When Rev. Charles Deems, of the Church of the Redeemer in New York City, wanted money to pay off a debt on the building he called on Commodore Vanderbilt. "Are you going to preach what I want to hear?" asked the old man sternly. "I shall try to preach acceptably," answered the clergyman, in an evasive manner. But no sooner had he said the words than all the manhood within him rose in revolt and the spirit of John Knox seemed calling him to account. "I shall preach the Gospel as I believe and understand it, and if you have any special sins I shall be most likely to preach against them." "Humph!" said the Commodore, and ended the interview. The next day he sent Mr. Deems a check for $56,000 for not being afraid to do his duty.

THE MOUNTAIN LION.

Its Enormous Strength and Almost Incredible Jumping Powers.

Like his full-blooded cousin of the African and Indian forests, the American lion is endowed with immense strength. Did he but know it, he could assume absolute jurisdiction of the American mountains and forests, notwithstanding the mighty strength and aggressive hostility of the big grizzlies and silver tips which we have in this latitude. To illustrate the enormous strength of the Northern mountain lion, says a Fort Keogh (M. T.) correspondent of the New York *Times*, some time ago a bold Nimrod from Helena, while breaking a trail through the snow of Dry Gulch, with his dog at his heels, was suddenly startled by a large mountain lion that leaped a chasm of twelve feet with the nimbleness of a cat pounced upon the dog, and was off and away before the astonished hunter could catch his breath. The canine was but a trifle in his maw, for the bounds of the lion were immense, the weight of the dog impeding his progress not the slightest. The man, though dumfounded and startled for a minute, set after the brute, but could not catch him that day; but the next morning he had three huge steel traps set, tempt ily baited, and awaited results. That afternoon he took up the trail of the brute, and after following it four miles found all the traps sprung, but no prize.

The next day he went after that fellow double loaded, found him high in a tree, and with a forty-five bullet bored a hole in his hide that put an instantaneous termination to Mr. Mountain Lion's earthly career. He measured nine feet from tip to tip.

A ranchman on Sunday creek was flagging some antelope once, and when the foolish creatures came within range—victims of their inordinate curiosity—bang! went the gun, and down went a fine buck antelope. But the nimble thing was up again almost instantly, and, notwithstanding a fatal wound in the shoulder, made off at railroad speed, and in its efforts to escape tumbled head over heels down into a timbered coulee. The hunter came up hand over fist, on a dead run and totally out of breath, but when he arrived on the spot he found his quarry claimed by other parties. Two mammoth mountain lions were quarreling over the panting carcass, and literally tore the antelope limb from limb in their dispute over the proprietorship of the booty. The hunter, after viewing the scene a fraction of a second, decided that he had no use for the meat, and hastily retraced his steps to safer quarters. This conclusion was hastened from the fact his gun was unloaded and his cartridges somewhere in the rear.

A gentleman who has a ranch about forty miles south of this point, and who has had plenty of occasion to study the ways and habits of these midnight customers, says that the lions in his neighborhood will drag down a heifer or young steer and take off a quarter almost as neatly as a butcher would with his knife. They seldom consume it on the spot, but always drag it away and devour it. When they are hungry they will not be contented with the stock on hand, but will again attack another beef, never returning to a carcass they have once left. Their jumping powers must be extraordinary. To my own knowledge I know of one male adult making a clear leap of eighteen feet, and I have heard it told where the animals have covered a far greater space than that I have named.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1887.

Allison, Esther Miss	Ingram, Robbie Miss
Bosworth, Carrie W	Jenkins, M H Miss
Boyd, A Miss	Lewis, Sadie Miss
Clark, Charles	Miller, C E Mrs
Case, Hattie Miss	Pettibone & Co
Carmer, Henry C	Ruffen, H D
Chapman, M F Mrs	Sillinay, Carrie E Miss
Cadmus, Freeman Mrs	Stuart, Mrs B
Field, I Dr	Sellner, Josefa Miss
Gerry, Emma Miss	Stone W S Mrs
Hansen, George V	Sanders, Kate Miss
Hufford, Grace Miss	Topsom, Mary Miss
Irby, Rebecca Miss	Ueiger, Maggie Miss

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 3.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.20 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

AT WESTFIELD—HOUSE, TWELVE ROOMS, four minutes from depot; fruit and shade; will exchange for small place or vacant lots. Lots at Evona and North Plainfield $4 per foot up. WALLACE VAIL, Plainfield. 8|2|12

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

BUGGIES, PHÆTONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS, Depot Wagons, at moderate prices, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND PICNIC
IN AID OF
St. John, the Evangelist, Church,
ON THE GROUNDS OF
Middlesex Gun Club,
DUNELLEN, N. J.,
Thursday, Aug. 18.
Dancing and Refreshments.
MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.
TICKETS.....25C.

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!
EVERYTHING NEW.
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Backman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.
Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.
FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.
Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.
FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.
Nothing has ever equaled the Low Prices
WHITE GOODS
Are Now Offered
AT PECK'S!
YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.
WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my
Music and Sporting Goods.
GO TO
No. 33 Park Avenue
FOR
Musical Instruments
AND
Sporting Goods.
Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,
$20.
LATEST IN THE MARKET.
Children's Wagons and Carts.
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1
John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf
One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1
CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
I. LEDERER.
my10tf

LINCOLN'S FIRST FIGHT.

How the Lamented President Settled Sangamon County's Bully.

There does not live in the United States to-day one who was so actively associated with the martyred Lincoln as John White, who lives down the Bishop Branch, Town of Viroqua. While in the Viroqua (Wis.) *Censor* office Mr. White related many amusing incidents of his boyhood days in Illinois, when he and Lincoln were fast friends, split rails, did surveying, and went to husking bees together. Lincoln was his senior by a number of years, and for that reason the every act of the lamented President remains fresh in the memory of Mr. White. "I remember well," said he, "when the bully of Sangamon County, induced by some good-natured wag, came to the spot where we were chopping rails and challenged Abe to a prize-fight. The great, brawny, awkward boy laughed and drawled out: 'I reckon, stranger, you're after the wrong man. I never fit in my whole life.' But the bully made for Abe, and in the first fall Lincoln came down on top of the heap. The champion was bruising and causing blood to flow down Lincoln's face, when a happy mode of warfare entered his original brain. He quickly thrust his hands into a convenient bunch of smartweed and rubbed the same in the eyes of his opponent, who almost instantly begged for mercy. He was released, but his sight for the time being was extinct. No member of the trio possessed a pocket handkerchief, so Lincoln, with usual originality, tore from his own shirt front the surplus cloth, washed and bandaged the fellow's optics and sent him home. I was also present at the first lawsuit he ever conducted in justice court. How he served him well the inexhaustable supply of original ideas and ways which characterized his past and future life. In boyhood days he was as true to his friends as his great career proved him to be to his country."

FOOLED THE ROBBERS.

How a Shrewd Yankee Deceived a Band of Mexican Bandits.

Just as they entered his car he turned in his seat, relates a writer in the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, and with an appearance of anxious dispatch proceeded to squeeze a small sachel behind the shutters of the next window. They could not help noticing his maneuver, and promptly ordered him to stand up and fold his hands. When they collared him in due course, the spokesman at once turned to that window:

"What's this here? Tried to beat us, you poor sinner, did you? Locate, hold him, let me see that bag. Aha! bank notes; I thought so."

"Oh, don't! don't!" wailed the poor sinner; "that's my children's money; they will starve—they will die! my poor little girls!"

"Girls, you say? Send them this way, and we'll take care of them," was the brutal reply. "How much is that, anyhow?"

"Oh, Lord, senor; all I have in the world; $12,000 in American money—$12,300, I think."

"Is that so?" fingering the notes. "Yes, more or less; let's see your pockets, now."

A handful of silver was turned out, bit by bit—some ten dollars, perhaps.

"Oh, senor, you are not going to take my last penny?"

"Hang it, no!" broke in the leader. "Let him keep that, and his watch, too. This will do us," shoving the roll in his gripsack. "Good boy!" with a slap on his back.

"Next!" with a complacent grin, which a week or so later was probably seen on the other side of his face, when he ascertained that those "American bank notes" had been issued by the Confederate Government. A package of less irredeemable securities had in the meanwhile been sticking safe under the cushion of the wiley passenger who had taken that sachel along for the special purpose of diverting attention from the main stake.

SPONGING FOR DRINKS.

The Latest Dodge Practiced by Impecunious Chicago Topers.

"There is something like 'spongin' drinks in dead earnest," said an old barkeeper to a Chicago *Herald* reporter. I don't refer to impecunious topers who are early morning callers and try to make a straight raise of a 'bracer.' Nor do I mean the thirsty liars of the shabby-genteel class, who tell the old story of forgotten change. I mean sponging in a literal sense. You see, since we barkeepers have started a sort of union—at any rate, a place where we meet and talk over matters—we are fast catching on to all sorts of tricks that are played on us. Comparing notes the other day, I learned that a number of places had been 'soaked' for a drink in a very ingenious manner. The trick is mostly played early in the morning or late at night. It is done this way:

"An individual will rush into a saloon—he takes in drug stores, too, by the way—place a wide-necked bottle of dark green glass on the counter, and sing out: 'Gimme a pint of your best whisky, quick. Man hurt over there, and doctor sent me.' The unwary barkeeper will measure out the stuff, and then he is informed that the customer has no money, but will fetch it around presently. Of course the whisky is poured back into the jug and the customer departs with his bottle. At the curb he'll smash the glass, take out a sponge and suck it out. You see, the fellow takes a dry sponge which he can roll up into a narrow compass and bring through the neck of the bottle. The whisky once poured in, the sponge retains enough for a good-sized drink. Sponging it, that is."

Strange Presentiment.

Louisa Benn, the daughter of a laborer in Wednesbury, England, made up her mind to emigrate to Australia, and gained the consent of her parents. Just before she was to sail, however, her mother dreamed that the ship which was to carry her daughter struck a rock near the Australian coast and went down with great loss of life. She succeeded in persuading Louisa from going, but not until the girl's baggage had been placed on board the vessel and every preparation made for her departure. The ship went down, as Mrs. Benn had imagined it would, and among the lives lost were those of several girls who were to have been Louisa's companions.

A Florida Shark Story.

Not long since the sloop which carries the mail from Jacksonville, Fla., to Apalachicola was capsized in a squall and sank in twelve feet of water. The crew got savely to shore. The next day another sloop and schooner went out to raise the craft. A huge shark was evidently in possession, and it was deemed advisable to first dispense with his company. A shark-hook was baited, and after an hour's coaxing he took the bait and hook and was hauled on deck. On cutting him open it was evident he had been in the cabin of the sloop, as they found three canvased hams, one pair of new shoes, and the leather mail pouch, all of which were saved in good order.

AN AERONAUT'S STORY.

A Thrilling Struggle for Life with a Mad Man in a Balloon Car.

A great crowd gathered at F—— to see me ascend in a balloon, writes an aeronaut in the Leeds (Eng.) *Mercury*. Some of the citizens had promised to go with me, but their courage failed at the last moment, and I resolved to go alone.

Wherever I had made ascensions, although in widely distant places, I had always noticed among the spectators a young man, whose unusual pallor and deep-sunken, great eyes had impressed me. He was greatly interested in my undertakings, and pressed near to offer any slight assistance. I had become so used to his presence that at F—— I involuntarily looked round for him, as I called to my men to make ready. The unknown stood close by the barrier, paler and more haggard than ever. I sprang into the boat and ordered the rope to be cut.

At the same moment I saw a movement among the spectators, but did not heed it, as I was arranging some things in the bottom of the boat and was stooping over and busy when the quickly rising balloon was high in the air. Great was my astonishment when I looked up and saw the strange looking young man with me.

"Your obedient servant, sir," said he, very politely.

"By what right are you here?" I asked, indignantly.

"You could not escape me; therefore I have a right to be here," said he.

Perplexed by this answer, I was silent. Untroubled by my amazement, he went on—"In this way we shall never go up." With these words he seized two bags of balllast and cast them out.

"Sir!" I cried, angrily catching his arm, "I can not allow that." The barometer showed me that the balloon had risen two thousand feet. "We must descend," said I; "those clouds darkening around us, and growing blacker and heavier in the south, warn us of an approaching thunder storm."

"No," he cried, "we must dash through the clouds; the lightning shall flash far below us," and once more two bags of sand ballast flew overboard. I struggled to hold him back, but he pushed me to the floor with one hand, while he carried out his purpose with the other, saying, "I am very sorry, but I see that you do not understand the thing, so I must take the whole control. Now, don't interfere with me again."

He continued throwing overboard bag after bag of ballast, holding me firmly back as soon as I tried to prevent his actions. I saw I had to deal with a madman, far my superior in physical strength, so I resolved to try cunning. I tried to interest him in conversation while I slyly pulled the valve-rope and hoped to bring the balloon down before he observed our course.

Suddenly he said: "You have opened the valve in spite of my orders." I dropped the string. "Fortunately," he continued, while he flung some bags over the side, "we have yet two hundred pounds of ballast. I allowed you to open the valve because the gas threatened to burst the balloon, but don't you do it again." The clouds sailed under us in a glittering stream, on which the balloon cast a deep shadow. Thunder rumbled far below.

Once more he lightened the balloon by fifty pounds, and it shot upward like an arrow. The delirium of my uncomfortable companion seemed to increase in proportion to our distance from the earth.

"Higher, higher! You need not know more."

With these words he flung the compass out. I was helpless as a child before the madman. To my urgent entreaties to have our course changed, he only cried: "I am out of patience with you. Now you shall no longer know whether we go up or down." Then he threw the barometer and half the remaining ballast after the compass. Ever higher rose the balloon; my heart throbbed as if it would burst; blood flowed from my nose and mouth.

"How grand it is to die as a martyr!" shouted the lunatic, throwing overboard the last of the ballast.

Desperation gave me strength. I struggled with him, but I had to yield. He threw me to the floor, and, holding me there, he took a knife from his pocket and cut a rope.

With a shriek I thrust him aside and flew to the end of the boat, instinctively clung to the only remaining rope, and, overwhelmed by horror, closed my eyes.

After a long pause I opened them and found myself alone upon the boat—alone, ten thousand feet above the earth. My companion had vanished. I rose still higher, higher, rushing so swiftly through the air that every breath I drew was keenest torture. A sharp frost made my teeth chatter, but suddenly a suffocating heat took the place of the cold. I found myself in the middle of a glowing, fiery cloud, and heard a terrific report—the gas had burst from its prison.

The balloon whirled with horrible rapidity as it collapsed—an ugly, formless mass.

The descent seemed long. As I neared the earth I saw it was within two miles of the ocean, and feared the wind would drive me there. During the whole journey down I had been standing on the end of the boat, convulsively clinging to the rope. A violent lurch tore it from my hold and hurled me backward. I fell—not as I expected, into space, but in the soft grass of a meadow. I was nearer the ground than I could in my unfortunate position judge. The anchor, trailing along, had luckily caught fast. I had scarcely dropped before the balloon, now unburdened, sailed swiftly off over the sea. A miracle had saved me from the most awful peril my exciting life ever brought me. Nothing was ever heard of my unhappy companion. Probably he fell in the ocean; he must have been dead long before he reached it.

Western Men as Inventors.

Every one interested in the patent-list notices that the West is rapidly developing an inventive genius. A few years ago it was a rare occurrence to find the record of a patent issued to a resident of one of the Western States for any invention not connected with agriculture. Lately, however, the spirit of improvement seems to have taken a deep hold of the Western people, and among them are many of the most ingenious devisers in the country. New England still retains the lead in the matter of complicated mechanical devices, but the West is gaining rapidly, and especially in electrical machinery, is fast crowding to the front.

Housekeeping vs. Boarding.

A writer in the Chicago *Herald*, commenting on the boarding craze existing among newly-married couples, closes his article with the following bit of sensible advice: "The boarding-house is no place for young American men and women with moderate incomes and honorable ambitions. In housekeeping alone can they find perfect contentment. It promotes harmony, strengthens love and fosters habits of economy. It is the mainstay of American family life, and the couple who view its many advantages in the right light enjoy that unalloyed happiness of which the chronic boarding-house veteran knows naught."

THE BRANDON FAMILY.

An Old Indian-Killer Who Was the Father of Thirty-Three Children.

When Western Pennsylvania was the frontier and the Indian fighter was the most important and indispensable person in the settlements, Charles Brandon was one of the best and most daring of all the active foes of the red men, says the New York *Sun*. At the age of three years, in 1764, he was captured by the Indians, who killed his father at the same time. This was on the banks of the Ohio river. For twelve years the boy was kept among the savages, but he disliked them and escaped when he was fifteen years old. He found a white settlement and learned to talk his native language. From that time on he gave his life to Indian killing.

In 1790, when the Indians were getting scarce, Charles Brandon married a young woman named Mary Meyers. She bore him two children and died. He then married Fannie Slusher. She bore him eighteen children, and died in 1830. Braddon was then nearly seventy years old. When he was five years older he married Sarah Barker, who was only sixteen. She was the youngest of sixteen children. She lived with him twenty-one years, bearing him in the meantime fifteen children. Then she got a divorce from him, he being ninety-six. The separation from his wife broke his heart, and although at the time he was as agile, strong and active as he was when he was married he pined away and died the same year the divorce was obtained. He then had thirty-three living children.

His divorced widow had had the care of all of them, and she raised all that were young enough to need raising. Brandon had been the father of thirty-five children, but two died, one a child of his first wife and the other one of the eighteen his second wife had borne him. The divorced widow moved to Moundsville, W. Va., and the most of the thirty-three children went with her. Among them were two Johns and two Charleses. One of the Johns and one of the Charleses were the third wife's children. There was a James who was old enough to go to the Mexican war, where he was wounded in the neck. When the war of the rebellion broke out the two Johns, the two Charleses, Sim, Evans, Josephus, Hiram, James, Van Buren, Jacob, Abraham, Alexander, David, Andrew and Reese, of the sons enlisted in the Union army, all in Ohio and Virginia regiments. The third Mrs. Brandon's John and Charles were taken prisoners at Chickamauga. They were both put in Andersonville Prison. John died in nine months; Charles was there twenty-one months and escaped. Peter was killed at Shiloh while his regiment, the Seventy-second Ohio, was making a charge. All the other sons served through the war and came home.

The third wife of the remarkable old Indian-killer, and mother and stepmother of his remarkable family, still lives at Moundsville. She is seventy years old. Until three months ago she was in destitute circumstances. Then she got a pension and $2,500 as her claim against the Government. She is six feet in height, as straight as an arrow, as strong as a man, and exceling nine out of every ten men in powers of endurance. Only a few days ago she walked to St. Clairsville, twenty miles, in five hours and back again in the same time. She has only one eye. The other one was shot out about thirty years ago by one of the second wife's boys. She had occasion to correct him. He got his bow and arrow and shot her, putting out her eye. This remarkable woman knows the whereabouts of only nine of the thirty-three children. They live near her.

"But, takin' them an' their children an' their children's children, there must be nigh to a thousan' on 'em by this time."

WHERE THE DOG WAS.

A Tax-Collector's Adventure With Four Good Women of Lewiston.

It was Wednesday, relates the Lewiston (Me.) *Journal*, that Dog-catcher Meneally went down into the quiet precincts of Hines' alley, where the tall bricks shut out the sun, and where he had understood that there were six dogs in four families, the masters of which lived so closely together that one dog could have done nicely for all four families. With cautious steps the dog-catcher stepped along the alleyway intent on big game. He sniffed here and there, but didn't see a tail nor hear a bark. He rapped at the first door, and began wearily to question concerning the weather and the water pipes and the kitchen stove, all the time looking for dogs. Then he openly asked if the family had a dog, and the good woman said: "No, sir. We don't never keep no dog, and we won't keep none neither." This, liberally construed, was interpreted as a sound denial of ownership of dogs, and the ex-postman passed on to the next. The next had evidently been on the lookout, for there was no dog there. "Them keeps a dog," said the lady of the house, flipping her thumb significently in the direction of the first family where he had called. "And them in the next house keeps a dog," she added. Mr. Meneally went the round of the four houses, but found no dogs—each good woman asserting that the other families kept dogs.

Somewhat mystified, the dog-catcher went back to the house where he had called at first. The good woman sat in the chair where she had been during the first conversation. The voluminous folds of her skirts were around her. The expostman sat down and chatted. He talked about the dog tax. A little girl in the room seemed profoundly interested. Suddenly, in the midst of Mr. Meneally's exhortation, there was a rush ouside the door and a dog barked. Then there was an answering bark, that sounded as though it came from beneath the old-fashioned chair in which the woman sat. Then there was a rush from beneath the chair like the flight of a fox across the bush, followed by a scream from the little girl and an exclamation of disgust from the woman, and in twenty seconds the dog was back in the room, capering around in high sport. The woman said nothing. The little girl put her arms around the dog's neck and said: "We are going to get him licensed—we are going to get him licensed." And the dog-catcher is inclined to think that they will, although the woman of the house said, just before he left, that the dog belonged to Auburn. He is pretty sure that the woman sat on the dog all the time during the long interview that he had during the first call that he made.

A Definition of Jubilee.

Two Scotch fishwives in London were talking about the jubilee the other day. "Eh, wumman," said one, to the other "can ye tell me what a jubilee is, for I hear a' the folk spekin' about it?" "Ou, ay," replied the other. "I can tell ye that; ye see, when a man and a woman has been marrit for five and twenty year, that a siller waddin'; and when they've been marrit for fifty year, that's a gowden waddin'; but when the man's deed, that's a jubilee!"

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Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1,22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 5.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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The Wonderful Career of an Indian Millionaire Railroad Builder.

Mathias Splitlog is a full-blooded Wyandotte Indian, and was born in an Indian village in Canada, and shortly afterward moved to Ohio. While a boy he was apprenticed to a carpenter and millwright, and, although his wages were only seven dollars per month, young Splitlog thought he was getting rich. He imbibed a love for machinery and inventions, which has caused him to lend a helping hand to many a poor fellow who had a useful invention which only needed money to develop it and make it pay.

Splitlog's first venture, writes a Neosho correspondent to the St. Louis *Republican*, was to build a steamboat, which he did in company with his brother. They launched the boat upon the St. Clair river and started in the fishing trade. Uncle Sam soon became jealous of the boys, and confiscated the boat on a charge of smuggling.

In 1842 the Wyandottes, who were the last of the Indian tribes then in Ohio, by the treaty of the Upper Sandusky, ceded to the United States their lands in that State, and received in exchange land in what is now Wyandotte County, Kas. In 1843 Splitlog came West with some of his tribe and found, after his arrival at West Port Landing (now Kansas City) that he only had fifty cents in his pocket. He induced an old Indian to go his security for the price of an axe. With this axe he cut cordwood for the steamboats at the rate of twenty-five cents per cord, and after paying for the axe, which cost three dollars, he soon saved enough to buy a pony, and shortly afterward we find him with a herd of horses. About 1857 Splitlog was married to the granddaughter of the old man who went his security for the price of the axe, and shortly afterwards began to build a mill. At this time he had no money to pay for labor, so that he did the work himself. He selected the timber, cut and hauled the logs, and then had a "raising," that is, had his neighbors come and help raise the building. He finished the mill himself, with every thing but the burrs. These would cost at that time $150, and Splitlog had no money; still he was determined not "to give up the idea of running a mill." When in this dilemma a steamboat which was unloading a pair of burs at the "landing," accidentally let them fall overboard, and they sank to the bottom of the Missouri river. Splitlog, learning of this, contracted with the owner to pay him twenty-five dollars for the burs and take them up himself, which he eventually did after much trouble and hard work, and having got the burs out of the river it took but a short time to get ready to start the mill. The machinery was rigged for horse-power, and the day that Splitlog started he hitched in eight unbroken horses from his herd and earned eighty-five cents in cash, and in the evening he gave this money to his wife and told her to go to Northrup's (Splitlog's present banker in Kansas City) and buy them something good to eat, as he now had that much money he did not need.

Splitlog's mill was a success, and in 1855 we find him one of the leading men of his tribe. By the treaty of the Upper Sandusky the Wyandottes were not allowed to alienate their lands, but in the year 1855 a new treaty was made between the Wyandottes and the United States which severed the tribal relations of the Wyandottes.

After the adoption of this treaty Splitlog began to speculate in real estate, and, although he can neither read nor write, he has been one of the most successful speculators in the neighborhood of Kansas City, and is to-day worth over a million dollars. About fourteen years ago Splitlog moved to Indian Territory and located on Elk river, near the Missouri line, and about four miles from Tiff City, and recently he became interested in a silver mine in McDonald County, Missouri. With his characteristic energy he began operations at once. He hired a mining expert named B. F. Requa, from Chicago, to superintend the operations at the mines, and, becoming convinced that to develope the mines and build up the town of Splitlog a railroad was necessary, he, together with his partner in the mines, Moses W. Clay, commenced negotiating with the projectors of the New Orleans, Natchez & Fort Scott Railroad Company, and soon that company was formed for the purpose of building a railroad between the terminal points named in their title and running by way of Neosho and Splitlog City. This company being too slow to meet the vigorous ideas of Splitlog and Clay, they severed their connection with the same, and Mathias Splitlog, Moses W. Clay, George Hubbert, and others organized the Kansas City, Fort Smith & Southern Railroad Company, with a capital of $3,000,000, for the purpose of building a railroad from Kansas City to Fort Smith, passing through Splitlog City and Neosho. This road is now graded for about thirty miles between Splitlog City and Joplin, and it is only a question of a few months when the cars will run southward from Joplin to Fort Smith, and Mathias Splitlog, the millionaire Indian, who is probably the richest man of his race, will be known all over the country as the only Indian railroad man in the United States.

Mr. Splitlog has five children—four boys and one girl—and now lives at Splitlog City, McDonald County, Mo. He is like most men of his race, taciturn in his habits, seldom speaking in more than monosyllables, (still he is far from being disagreeable) because he can make himself clearly understood in very few words, and is a good listener and quick to catch a point in the discussion of any question; and when he determines what course to pursue, he begins at once in the execution of his plans and never ceases until he has accomplished his ends.

A SERMON TO WIVES.

A Baptist Minister Tells Them How to Convert Their Husbands.

Rev. Bird Wilkins, of Bethesda Baptist Church, is a very practical preacher, says the *Farm, Field and Stockman*. One thing he said in his sermon on a recent Sunday is too good to be lost. He was speaking of morning devotions and the benefit to be derived from family religion. He said: "My sister, if you wish to help your husband begin every day in the year as a Christian, you can do it. I do not mean you should get up in the morning and spend an hour in Bible reading and prayer, though this may be of service if not carried too far. But I do mean, stop giving your husband soggy bread and boiled-over coffee or stale meats. Good, warm, fresh bread, a tender steak and fresh tea will do him more good than a prayer twenty-four hours long. Many men backslide while their wives are attending to society 'duties' and forgetting the home which it is her duty to make pleasant. A woman who loves her husband and makes him comfortable will find him daily growing nearer to Heaven and nearer his own home than the one whose wife prays a good deal but neglects this. Bad bread has ruined many good husbands."

AROUND THE WORLD.

The Time Required for an Earth-Girdling Journey Reduced to Fifty Days.

A year or two ago, making the best possible time, a traveler could not have gone around the world in less than about one hundred days, writes the New York correspondent of the Detroit *Free Press*. From New York to Liverpool is a little more than six days, from Liverpool to the eastern boundary of Europe is an easily made journey; but from the very verge of Asia all the way across that great continent, or around it, was a slow journey; also across the Pacific to the American continent again. In America and in Europe, and between them, travel has long been reduced to a science, but this is not half around the globe. Two great enterprises have now been put on foot—one of which has just been accomplished and the other is intended to be finished within five years—whereby the Pacific may readily be crossed in ocean "greyhounds" and the Asiatic continent will be traversed by a railroad. Already the trans-Asiatic journey has been shortened greatly by the construction of the Trans-Caspian road, now just completed by Russia. The Russian Generals and soldiers who have conquered Central Asia have shown great bravery, but the railroad engineers who constructed the Trans-Caspian railway did an even more important service, for they have already opened a continent. Its construction presented difficulties equal to those of any hazardous military campaign.

The danger from ever-moving sand was obviated thus: Clay was brought from a great distance and spread over sand, sea water was brought and sprinkled over that uneasy element; at last fences were built against sandy winds. Water was brought to the railway stations from the neighboring mountains by a system of pipes, without any pumps. As to fuel, oil from Baku proved to be an excellent substitute for wood and coal—a substitute that has been made in Pennsylvania. Considering the great difficulties the Trans-Caspian railway has been pushed very rapidly. This is owing, in the first place, to the unlimited supply of money, the Czar's Government being its owner. In the second place, there never was a lack of laborers, even in the midst of a sandy desert, for a number of regiments of soldiers, especially trained and drilled for railway building, were always at the engineer's command. When this railroad is once in good working order, the Russian Government will not need to erect large fortresses in its Asiatic possessions, for in case of need any number of soldiers can be sent there with rapidity. Now Russia can threaten India more effectively than ever before. Besides its military significance, that railway is very important, even purely from an economic standpoint. Russia annually imports cotton (chiefly from the United States) valued at 70,000,000 to 80,000,000 roubles in gold (from $50,000,000 to $60,000,000). Now it is said that a considerable amount of cotton will be brought from Central Asia. Formerly a transport from Buchara to Moscow took about four months, and now it is only ten days.

A project to build a railway through the great territory of Siberia was made by an American company about ten years ago, which offered its services and capital to the Russian Government. As the Czar would not agree to the terms of the offer, which were like those on which the Pacific railroads were built in this country, the project was then dropped. But the American suggestion has had its effect in Russia. Since then the government greatly assisted the companies which undertook to push their lines toward the Ural mountains. Now there are two lines having their termini on the Ural, one at Orenburg and the other at Ekaterinburg, both places being distant from St. Petersburg about 1,500 miles. The question of pushing the railway lines beyond the Ural has been warmly discussed in Russia for the last five years; but the leading railroad men and statesmen could not agree as to what route should be preferred, the South Siberian or the Central Siberian. The latter route has been finally selected. The Czar has approved the decision of the Council of the Empire to build a railway running from the Ural mountains all the way to the Pacific, a distance of 5,130 miles by direct route. However, as in Siberia there are on the route great rivers like the Mississippi and Missouri, they will serve to shorten the railway proper by the establishment of steamship lines. The great Russian railway (about 7,000 miles) will run as follows: St. Petersburg, Moscow, Nijni-Novogorod, Tobolsk, Tomsk, Irkutsk, Lake Baikal, Stretinisk, Nertchinsk and Vladivostok on the Pacific. As far as Tobolsk the road is to be yet constructed, making 400 miles. From Tobolsk it is easy to reach Tomsk by water way, running down the Irtysh river and up the Obi river, a distance of over 1,100 miles. Then Irkutsk can be reached either by direct railway or by rail and water. From Tomsk to Irkutsk it is more than 700 miles. Thence onward, a railway, a part of which must be cut through the high mountains, must extend a distance of about 400 miles, and then the journey will be down the Amour river which flows into the Pacific. Steamers have been running on the Amour about ten years. From the point on the Amour lying the farthest south a railway must be constructed, leading to Vladivostok. This town is situated on the farthest south point of the Pacific shore belonging to Russia, and is the only Siberian harbor that does not freeze during the winter. The distance from Northinsk to Vladivostok is 2,000 miles. The time that will be required for the journey from St. Petersburg to Vladivostok is about fifteen days. The trip across the Pacific has just been shortened by the fast line of steamers from Vancouver to Yokohama, which makes the journey in fifteen days. This will soon be shortened. Already it has had the effect of lessening the price of passage from San Francisco to China to $.01. By the great Siberian railway the world-girdling excursion will be greatly shortened. Let a traveler start eastward from New York. In six days he will be at Liverpool; in three days more at St. Petersburg; in fifteen days more on the Pacific coast at Vladivostok; six days more at Yokonama; fifteen days more at Vancouver, and five days more back again in New York, having been gone but fifty days. Men now living are reasonably sure to take this excursion as a vacation pastime, and it may not cost more than $1,000.

Dining off a Man's Arm.

At the Laurent Menagerie, Toulouse, France, a lion attacked a musician who went too near the cage and tore off his arm. The musician was accompanied by two artillery men, who drew their swords and attacked the brute. This, however, only made the lion more ferocious and he devoured the man's arm before the horror stricken people. Several women fainted away at the ghastly spectacle, and everybody left the menagerie, the injured man being taken to a hospital, where he lies hovering between life and death. When the lion-tamers arrived the furious beast was licking his blood-stained jaws.

AMAZING ADVENTURE.

A Self-Possessed Soldier Plays with a Tiger for Half an Hour.

I was in charge of a party making a survey for a railroad line between Nagpoor and Fyderabad, India (said Major White to a New York *Sun* reporter), and as there was no hurry about the work, our party was as much a hunting as a surveying party. We numbered about thirty-eight people, ten of whom were white men. Owing to the difficulties of the country, we had no saddle-horses, but took along six or eight pack animals, and each native also had a pack to bear. The very difficulties in the way of building a line made the country a sportsman's paradise. Twenty years ago there was more wild and savage game to the acre in that district than elsewhere south of Lucknow, but the march of civilization has doubtless driven the big wild game away by this time.

We were traveling along the north branch of the Gadavey river—sometimes upon its bank and again a couple of miles from the water; sometimes traveling five or six miles a day, and again halting for a couple of days to fish or shoot—when a most singular incident befell me individually. I had left camp at an early hour in the morning to fish. While I carried my rifle with me, I had no intention of going out of my way to find game. On the previous afternoon I had observed what seemed to be a capital fishing spot in the bend of the river, and it was to this place I hastened as I left camp. Some of the native servants were astir and saw me set out, but I did not want their services. It was pretty thick jungle between the camp and the bend, but at the bend there was a clear spot of an acre in extent, with a heavy forest growth and a ledge for a background. As I took a look around before sitting down on the bank to my sport I remarked that it was a good spot for wild beasts, but as there was nothing moving I went right to work with my fishing-tackle.

I had landed half a dozen good-sized fish, and was just then playing a larger one, when a slight noise startled me, and I looked around to see such a sight as has seldom come to the eyes of a sportsman. A full-grown tiger was within five feet of me, playing with one of the fish. It was the last fish pulled out, and in its dying agonies it was jumping about on the grass. Every time it moved the tiger would reach out a paw in a playful way, and once or twice he struck hard enough to move the fish three or four feet. I tell you I was a badly-frightened man and all I could do was to set there with mouth and eyes open. The tiger had crept down from the bluffs, and why he hadn't attacked me was a mystery. He went from fish to fish, turning them over with his paw, and time and again brushing me with his tail as he moved about. My rifle was ten feet away, leaning against a bush, and I might have been idiot enough to try to reach it but for a warning. My personal servant had followed me, to see what luck I had. He came into the neighborhood while the tiger was playing with the fish and, softly climbing a tree, he uttered the call of a bird to attract my attention, and then sang out:

"Do nothing to provoke the tiger, master. He is a *hilowele*, and if you do not cross him he will go away."

He meant that the spirit of a good native had been transformed, and it was clearly the common-sense way to follow his advice. As the beast gave me no attention, I turned to the fish tugging at my line and landed him. He was of good size and full of vitality, and the tiger waited in a playful way until I removed the hook and threw the fish on the grass. Then he sprang for it as a kitten would for a ball of yarn, and he played with it in the same way. It was laughable, in spite of the circumstances, to witness his actions. He would run around in circles, as you have seen a young dog do, sometimes almost leaping over me, and then again he would become the cat and creep softly forward to pounce upon one of the fish. Each one as caught was flung to him, and it was a full half hour before he grew tired of the sport. I expected he would turn to me sooner or later, but the native saw the change of demeanor first and called:

"Master, the *Mlowcele* is going to play with you! Be as clay in his power."

The tiger suddenly left the last fish landed, and came stealing up to me, purring like a cat, and acting very playful. His first move was to worm his head under my left arm, and I'm telling you the solemn truth when I say that I smoothed down his fur as if he had been a favorite dog. I had on a big straw hat, and this he got hold of in his teeth and played with it for ten minutes, or until he had torn it all to pieces. I had no more bait to fish with, and sat there waiting for the tiger's next move. When he had finished the hat he came over and rubbed against me and purred in a pleased way, and I rubbed him with my hand from nose to tail. I gradually got over my scare, but was yet very anxious to know how the affair would end. The sun was getting well up and very hot, and the beast would soon be seeking his liar. In about thirty minutes from the time he appeared the tiger began to show a change of demeanor. He acted nervous and uneasy, and the hair on his back stood up at intervals. I judged that he had got the scent of my servant, and such proved to be the case.

I dared not rise to my feet, but I made up my mind that if the tiger attacked me I should make a spring off the bank into the river. It was infested with crocodiles, but there was not much choice between being eaten by beast or saurian. Once the tiger glared at me and growled, but next moment whined as if afraid, and edged up toward me as if for protection. The servant had been keeping a watchful eye on my strange playmate, and he now believed the time had come for decisive action. He, therefore, fired his pistol and shouted at the top of his voice. The effect was immediate. The beast dropped his tail, uttered a long-drawn whine, and with a sort of farewell glance at me he bolted for the forest and disappeared. I had looked him over pretty well, and had noticed, among other things, that he had a broken claw on the right paw.

We did not break camp that day. Just before sunset, as we sat in groups smoking our pipes, a tiger charged boldly in among the servants and seized one and attempted to make off. We rallied to prevent, and the beast knocked two other men over before he was dispatched. When we came to examine the body I had not the slightest difficulty in identifying it as that of my playmate of the morning.

A Michigan Lady's Novel Dress.

Mrs. Nelson McCormick of North Branch, Mich., has made a dress, the like of which is probably not to be found. The material is common spool thread, white, and the entire dress is hard crocheted work, beautifully flowered and strong, and ten thousand yards of thread were used in its construction. The sleeves are crocheted in the proper shape, and are fastened in by a lock crocheted stitch. It is very beautiful and Mrs. McCormick was six months completing it.

A TALE OF HORROR.

Story of the Cruel Drowning of a Ship-Load of Negro Slaves.

To-day, says a writer in the Atlanta *Constitution*, I heard a story from a sea captain who has been all over the world and finally settled near Atlanta.

Among the seafaring men he knew before the war was a captain that had been a slaver. Once he had a cargo of three hundred slaves, sailing with them from off the coast of Africa to Cuba. After a few days' sail he saw he was chased by a United States man-of-war. If he was caught with the slaves the penalty was death for him and his crew. And his cargo was worth $200,000. So he had two incentives to get away, and made his preparations for either event, escape or capture.

He hung the heavy iron cable or chain that holds the anchor all around the hull of his vessel, on the outside, just below the edge of the deck. It was held up by some cleats. These cables are so heavy that a man can lift only about two feet of one.

Then he had the three hundred naked negroes brought back on deck and each one's wrists crossed and tied fast. They were then placed among the gunwales, facing outward and leaning over, and a strong cord fastened the hands of each one to this heavy iron cable just below them on the outside.

Then the captain waited the result of the race. He had on every stitch of canvas his poles could carry. If he could run till dark, he hoped to dodge the steamer and be out of sight before another day. But the sun did not go down fast enough, and the steamer came on too fast. There was at last no hope of escape. The crew stood ready with axes; the captain raised his hand and in an instant every cleat was knocked loose. There was a sudden jerk, over went the negroes; there was for an instant a fringe of six hundred black heels in the air, and cable and negroes were gone to the bottom.

Commodore Maury says the pressure of water at great depths is such that fishes can not go there to devour, and chemical decomposition can not take place. So these negroes are down there yet, still tied in a circle to that iron cable, with their heads down and their heels up, in the eternal stillness of those depths. As soon as the man-of-war came up, a Lieutenant boarded the slaver and found plenty of signs of negroes, but not a single slave. And the captain was not arrested.

BILL HUNTON'S RIDE.

The Worst Frightened Man in Seventeen States and Territories.

Bill Hunton, of Bunker Hill district, was the most frightened man in ten Territories last Tuesday, says the Tombstone (A. T.) *Epitaph*. He was unarmed. He had been off somewhere, and had heard nothing of the outbreak. On arriving at Ashley's camp and finding it deserted he was surprised, and on going to the corral he was more than surprised to find a dead mule, which he thought at first had broken its neck, but on examination and discovering that it had been shot, he made an exclamation: "Indians, by gosh!" He immediately started for Scanlan and Diehl's camp, three miles distant, to warn them. Approaching cautiously to the house, he found that deserted and a general state of confusion existing around. On looking up he discovered several saddled horses of cowboys hitched to a tree near by, but did not observe the cowboys, who at that moment were digging the grave for poor Diehl, about a block off. He didn't stop on the order of going, he just simply started as if the whole Apache nation was after him. He lit on that horse of his in a twinkling. The rowels of his spurs dug deep furrows in the ribs of his steed, whose blood was not of the pride of the Baldwin stables, and whose speed was no more than the honest cart horse, but still he flew as best he could. Trails had no charms for him; he broke into the brush. A cowboy, just observing him at this time, shouted to him. The sound was as unmusical as a war whoop of the entire Indian nation, and he flew. The cowboy, apprehending the situation, mounted a fleet horse and started in pursuit. It then became a race for life. Hunton never looked back, but he could hear, and on he sped. The race was now a go-as-you-please for two miles and a half, when the cowboy overtook him and shouted his name just as he was about to dismount and make a fight for life.

GARFIELD'S MEMORY.

An Anecdote of the Lamented President's First Decoration Day Speech.

Let me tell you an anecdote of Garfield's power of memory, said ex-Postmaster-General James to a Des Moines (Ia.) *Register* correspondent. He related it to me himself. It seems that when Decoration Day was first started by the voluntary action of the people of Washington City, and before it became a legal celebration, Garfield was chosen to deliver the oration over the dead at Arlington. It was to him an important occasion, for General Grant was to be there, and that galaxy of people who would rule events for some time to come. Garfield was a good deal pressed by work in Congress, and he finally had to sit up most of the night to write his speech out. He got it done somewhere about four o'clock in the morning, and, going to his wife's chamber, he woke her up and read her the manuscript. It was his habit to communicate to her his performances and get her criticism. After he had read it he went to bed and slept. The next morning he went over to Arlington with the procession, and had the manuscript in his pocket. When he arose to speak he put it down before him and said to himself: "I will watch the eyes of Grant and these other people and see how long they are interested before I take my manuscript up." So he commenced and delivered his whole address without looking at the paper at all. There were shorthand writers present, and then they wrote their notes out that afternoon these were sent to Garfield to be revised. He was astonished himself to find that he had delivered almost literally a transcript of the manuscripts he had composed, and in the few instances where he had departed from that mode he had strengthened the expression.

The Crowns of England.

There are 20 diamonds round the circle worth $7,500 each	$150,000
Two large central diamonds, $10,000 each	20,000
Fifty-four smaller diamonds, placed at the angle of the former, $500 each	27,000
Four crosses, each composed of 25 diamonds	60,000
Four large diamonds on top of crosses	20,000
Twelve diamonds contained in the fleur de lis	50,000
Eighteen smaller diamonds in the same	10,000
Pearls, diamonds, etc., upon the arches and crosses	50,000
One hundred and forty-one small diamonds	25,000
Twenty-six diamonds in the upper cross	15,500
Two circles of pearls about the rim	15,000

The cost of the stones in the crown, exclusive of the metal, is therefore, nearly $500,000.

ANY farmer that feeds fifty tons of hay during the winter will find that the loss sustained through feeding from the stalk, will, in a few seasons, by constructing a cover for his hay. A substantial building that will shelter seventy-five tons of hay and fifty head of cattle can be put up for three hundred dollars. Such a structure will also add to the appearance and value of any farm.

ONE ounce of saltpeter to a gallon of water is effectually employed in the destruction of the squash root borer. Pour the solution on the soil about the plants soon after the young plants have come up, and repeat the operation two or three times after intervals of four or five days. This is a sure preventive. Some make the application only when the plants show signs, by wilting, of being attacked. The remedy is usually effective when thus enployed, but it is better to use it in advance.

A CORRESPONDENT of a farm journal writes. Our practice is to cover the seed potatoes slightly with soil and then sow the fertilizer in the furrows or trenches. We have used as much as a ton of potato fertilizer—which is strong in potash—to the acre, and yet we harvested clean potatoes with smooth skins and without 'scab.' Not so when fresh farm manure is used. This with us always causes 'scab' by attaching wire worms (iulus), which eat into the skin and give the potato the same corroded surface as the fungus causes."

NO POTATO is likely to be popular for market which has deep eyes. Whatever its excellence in other respects, this defect makes it less salable. There is not only a great loss in preparing such potatoes for cooking, but it is of the most valuable part of the potato, which is near the skin. A smooth, even surface, with eyes not deeply set, enables the housewife to pare the potatoes with little waste, and if combined with elongated shape to bake them unpeeled, which is perhaps the best way to cook this vegetable.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to compete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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OF ALL GRADES.

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND, PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS, BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS, JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

GREAT CUT-RATE SALE.

MEN'S FINE

All Wool Cassimere Suits, $8.00.

Former price $12.

Men's Imported Cassimere Suits $10,

In Sack and Cutaways. Former price $16.50.

LARGE LINE OF

Seersuckers, Alpacas and Panchees,

Coats, and Coats & Vests at cut-rate prices.

Schwed Brothers,

my10

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE--35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

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LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
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And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES.

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

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Our Railway System Embraces

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Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, AUGUST 13, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Postmaster Kneedler of Phillipsburg, has written to the First Assistant Postmaster General asking that the free delivery system be instituted there.

—Four stage loads of the employees of the Potter Press Works and their families went over to Boynton Beach this morning, to spend the day at that pleasant resort.

—At the Reform Club meeting to-morrow evening, the committee appointed to take charge of the recent excursion, willl probably submit a report of the number of passengers, receipts, etc.

—It has been suggested that the dog catchers take a wagon with them when they make a tour through the Boulevard, as a wagon load of dogs can be gathered up there at almost any time.

—The Central Railroad Company, it is said, is doing such a heavy excursion traffic on the lower end of the road that they are compelled to borrow cars from other railroads to meet the rush of pleasure seekers.

—The excursion of the Clark Thread Works employees of Newark, to Asbury Park, today, consisted of about 5,000 persons, and nearly one hundred cars were required to convey them to their destination.

—One of the electric light wires rubbed against the branches of a large elm tree standing on Madison ave., near 5th street, on Thursday evening, and for a long time bright sparks flickered from the contact with the tree.

—United States Secret Service Officer Bell, of Newark, has discovered that bogus $2 silver certificates are being circulated in New Jersey, and that they come from the Northwest. They are poor counterfeits, and made from a woodcut.

—At every station on the road, no matter how unimportant, the thirsty traveler is furnished iced water, excepting at Plainfield. For Summer after Summer the thousands of passengers from and to this city, drink lukewarm tank-water, or go without.

—Justice Farnham of Metuchen, Wednesday discharged John King, one of the young men who entered Mr. La Forge's stable last Saturday night and took his horse and wagon away. King is under bonds to appear as a witness against the other parties.

—The following persons composed the Committee of Arrangements who had charge of the picnic in The Crescent on Thursday evening: Messrs. William Mc Cann, President; Thomas Kenna, Vice President; Daniel Nolan, Secretary; Michael Powers, Treasurer.

—Twenty-four dogs in all have been incarcerated in the pound, up to noon of yesterday, since the dog catchers were appointed, and eight of this number have been slaughtered. Let the good work continue until every worthless and dangerous dog is taken from our streets.

—Officer Lynch arrested a young man at one o'clock this afternoon, whom, it is alleged, cruelly beat his wife yesterday afternoon. His name is withheld out of respect for his wife, who is a hard-working and industrious woman with two small children dependent upon her for support.

—While the recent heavy rains have done much damage, in many places the corn-fields and pastures look the better for them and a good foundation is laid for a fine hay crop next year. Farmers have had a good chance to get their seedling ground ready for Fall sowing and peach trees have made growth.

—Col. Hope, of Roselle, writes to the New York *Tribune* as follows: "I travel daily on a railroad where there is no trouble about car windows. Not only the windows, but the doors, may be wide open during the hot weather, and yet there is no dust and cinders. Stone ballast and hard coal do it. Why should we suffer this terrible discomfort of dust and soft coal on roads that profess to be first-class?"

—The Warren Mission Berean Class will be lead by Rev. J. B. Cleaver, to-morrow afternoon.

—But one service will be held in the Clinton Avenue Church of the Heavenly Rest to-morrow—at five, p. m.

—Mr. A. M. Runyon recently picked up a peculiar looking stone at the new Hillside Cemetery, which contains some very pretty designs.

—Schwed Bros. call the attention of the public to their large line of Summer pants, which will be closed out to make room for Fall goods.

—A lady is reported to have lost a diamond ring, when alighting from a carriage in front of Music Hall on Tuesday evening, which she never recovered.

—Free seats, ice water and fans for all who attend the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms on Monday evening. Mr. F. Moon will lead the meeting. Every man welcome.

—Papers have been served in an action upon contract brought by M. Cole, agent, against Samuel Smalley, and the case will come up for trial before Justice Hetfield on the 18th instant.

—Next Wednesday will be "Press Day" at the Waverly Fair Grounds. It will also be the first day of the Annual Trotting Meeting of the New Jersey Horse Breeders' Association.

—In the lower part of New Jersey several members of a family named Peach died from eating watermelon. This is the first time that we ever heard of watermelons killing the peach crop.

—Mr. George Dupee of Rockview avenue, North Plainfield, whose barn was washed away by the high water a few weeks ago, has decided not to rebuild the structure on the present low ground.

Concerning Justice Nash's Father.

As announced in THE PRESS Justice Nash left on Thursday evening for Richmond, Va., to be present at the bedside of his parents, who were seriously injured in a railroad accident near there a few days ago. The Justice arrived at his destination yesterday and immediately forwarded a letter to his wife in this city, of which the following is an extract:

"Father is very badly bruised. His stomach is as black as coal, and his shoulders and back are in the same condition. I cannot see how any person could be so badly bruised and yet live. The doctor at the accident said he could do nothing for him and left him for twenty-four hours before giving him any attention. His wife has a black eye; her head is cut and she is badly bruised from the hips down to the knees. From the story told me it seems to be a piece of carelessness on the part of the Newport News & Mississppi Railroad Company. The engine that was drawing the train gave out and a freight engine was pushing the train a portion of the way when another engine was substituted. Being an hour and a half late the train was running at such a speed that the passengers had to hold to the seats. The train broke in two and a portion jumped the track and ran down the embankment. Three persons have died, and many were injured."

Hurt On a Tricycle.

Miss Florence Burr, the seven-year-old daughter of Mr. T. S. Burr of La Grande avenue, met with an accident last evening that might have resulted fatally, and is yet a very serious matter. She was riding on the front of her father's tricycle sitting on the handle bars which are the same as on a bicycle. As the machine turned the corner of La Grande avenue and Broadway, the little girl slipped down, and suddenly and with all her weight struck the base of her spine on the sharp projection built to hold the lantern. Dr. Davis, who was fortunately at hand, took charge of the case at once, and summoned Dr. Rushmore in consultation. It was necessary to put the patient under the influence of ether while the deep wound was sewed and dressed.

The Fall Election.

There are many important offices to be filled at the coming Fall election, and politicians all over the State are canvassing for candidates, and the prospect is that the woods will be full of them before long. A State Senator will be elected from each of the following counties: Camden, Essex, Gloucester, Monmouth, Salem, Somerset, Union and Warren. Sheriffs will also be elected in all counties in the State, except Cape May and Somerset. Surrogates will be elected in Atlantic, Cape May, Middlesex, Monmouth, Salem, Somerset and Union, and County Clerks will be elected in Cumberland, Essex, Gloucester, Mercer, Sussex and Union.

Frighten The Loafers.

Ex-Councilman Arnold, the present Clerk of the borough of North Plainfield, sets a good example in the advertisement he publishes in our columns to-day. He offers ten dollars reward for the sake of getting the grip of the law on the "smart Alecks" that amuse themselves nights by stealing or exchanging gates, loafing on the corners, insulting ladies and in other ways defying the laws of peace and morals. They laugh at the authorities, and the only way to protect ourselves and our lady folks is to make a move, as Mr. Arnold is doing, and pay for an example that will be all the warning necessary.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Councilman Weaver, of North Plainfield, has joined his wife at South Branch.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Chase of "Edgewood" left today for Seabright, N. J.

Miss Kate Potter leaves to-day for a few weeks at Point Pleasant and Spring Lake, N. J.

The vessel on which Chief Dodd sailed for Europe on last Saturday is due in Glasgow on Monday next.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ross, of LaGrande avenue, are at home again, after a most agreeable Summer vacation.

Rev. A. R. Dilts, the pastor, will preach in the Park Avenue Baptist church both morning and evening, to-morrow.

Miss Kate Weaver, of Grove street, North Plainfield, left to-day for an absence of two weeks at Raritan, N. J.

Mrs. David Snedeker, family and maid of Plainfield are at Pepita Cottage, Asbury Park, for the remainder of the Summer.

Rev. Dr. D. J. Yerkes, pastor of the First Baptist church, left yesterday to spend his Summer vacation at Saratoga.

The morning service in the Congregational church to-mortow will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Lewis. No evening service will be held.

Mr. Charles Burnet and family have returned from their Summer visit to the White Mountains and are again domiled at Force's Hotel.

Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis is at home again from Spring Lake, and occupied his pulpit as usual in the Seventh-Day Baptist church this morning.

The Bound Brook *Chronicle* says: "Rev. Cornelius Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church of Plainfield, was in town on Tuesday."

Edward Cuff, one of the dog-catchers appointed by Mayor Male and confirmed by the Council, has thrown up his position and handed in his badge of office.

Mrs. J. J. Heideloff and child and Masters Ed., Fred., Werner and George Heideloff, have returned to this city after an absence of three weeks at Ocean Beach.

Mr. Harry Thorne, of Franklyn place, is anticipating a trip to Denver, Colorado. He expects to leave the latter part of the present month, and will remain there indefinitely.

Rev. Thomas Armitage, D. D., will preach at the First Baptist church, to-morrow morning. Dr. Armitage is one of the most eminent and eloquent divines of his denomination.

The condition of Mrs. Captain Melville, who sustained painful injuries by falling down stairs at her residence on Crescent avenue, during Wednesday evening, is to-day much improved.

Rev. R. S. Holmes and family of this city are at Chautauqua New York State. After next week Mrs. Holmes and daughters will go to Williamsport, Pa., and the family will return to Plainfield about September 15th.

Rev. Dr. A. H. Lewis, who his friends hardly recognize since he has sacrificed his handsome beard, says his daughter seems to be slowly gaining, although still seriously ill. She cannot yet be raised in an upright position without fainting away.

Mrs. S. A. Haines, of Netherwood, who gave such an interesting account at Reform Hall at the time, of the convention of commercial travelers held at St. Louis, recently, has been secured as the speaker at the Reform Club meeting to-morrow evening.

Rev. Mr. Skellenger, pastor of the Dunellen Presbyterian church, will supply the vacant pulpit in Trinity Reformed church, to-morrow morning. No evening service will be held in this church, and on Sunday next no session whatever will be held in the church during the day.

Councilman T. J. Carey, who has been summering with his family in the Blue Ridge Mountains in the neighborbood of Pepack, returned to Plainfield last evening. This afternoon Mr. Carey will return to Peapack, bringing his family home the latter part of next week.

An infant grand-daughter of Constable Amos Moffett, of West Sixth street, has been lying dangerously ill for about ten days past with cholera infantum. Much of the time the child's life was despaired of, but with careful nursing the little one is now on the way to recovery.

Mr. James McMullen, the newspaper writer from New Brunswick, who has been confined to the City Hotel in this city for the past month from an attack of typhoid fever, is rapidly regaining his health, and is now able to be about in his room. He will probably return to New Brunswick in a day or two.

H. McQuailshooter, of the sporting and musical firm of A. M. Vanderbeek & Co., accompanied by a friend from Westfield, went to Bound Brook yesterday to cast their lines in the muddy waters of the Raritan, and succeeded in capturing several small striped bass and a white perch. It is safe to say they did not come home loaded—with fish.

"Uncle Abe Runyon."

The following item concerning the aged father of ex-Chancellor Runyon, is taken from a New York paper:

"Almost every one in Plainfield calls the father of ex-Chancellor Runyon "Uncle Abe Runyon." His bent figure and snow-white hair are frequently seen in the streets now, for he prefers to spend his Summer with friends near Plainfield rather than at the ex-Chancellor's more pretentious Summer-house at Elberon. During the Winter he lives in Newark with his son. "Uncle Abe" was born in 1801 at Greenbrook, near Plainfield, on a farm that is still in the family. He is therefore eighty-six years old. His father and mother, Ephraim and Elizabeth, after raising a family of ten children, died at the ages of eighty-seven and ninety respectively. He is now the only survivor of the ten children. Most of them lived to a ripe old age and two of them reached eighty-nine. There is no indication that "Uncle Abe" will not reach and pass the age attained by any one of his family, for he is in excellent health, and though his age has rounded his shoulders he walks with a step that is firm and elastic. He has but two children, the ex-Chancellor and a daughter, the latter a very handsome woman and the wife of William Stanbury of Scotch Plains. He is proud of his son and likes nothing better than a chance to tell how Mrs. Grundy predicted that the ex-Chancellor's wife was throwing herself away when she married him."

"Uncle Abe," as he is familiarly known, every year makes his annual visit to THE CONSTITUTIONALIST office, and places his name on the subscription list with the thousands of other readers—each year remarking that "this will be the last."

Base Ball.

The Bicycle Club are to go to Somerville, this afternoon, to play the West Enders of that town.

The New Brunswick *Times* says: "The Y. M. C. A. team from this city will play at Plainfield on the 20th, and they won't get beaten as it is asserted by the *Press*."

The nine of the Y. M. C. A. organization that will play the Actives again today on the grounds at Park avenue and Arlington, will probably consist of: McMurray, catcher; W. Cadmus, pitcher; Gavett, first base; McCutchen, second base; Doane, third base; Dilts, short stop; Demarest, left field; Murray, Jr., centre field; Day, right field.

The New Brunswick *Times* says it is a base slander to say the Y. M. C. A. nine of the city is "accompanied at all their games by a rough gang of heelers who throw stones in the air at every fly their opponents have a chance of catching. These hoodlums also indulge in other methods of disturbance and throughout the State the New Brunswick team are gaining a reputation for winning games by means of the unfair practices of their friends." Such statement was made in these columns because the Plainfield nine was warned by other clubs in the State that had played with New Brunswick's, to that effect and in almost those words.

Played the Confidence Game.

A well known Plainfielder who, until a few weeks ago, did a flourishing business in this city, and who was at one time a shining light in the Reform Club, entered the office of a Plainfield gentleman in New York city a few days ago, representing that he had come to New York to purchase a supply of stock for his business, expending all of his ready cash for the payment of the same. While in the city, he said, he had lost his return ticket, and kindly asked for a loan of two dollars so as to get home, at the same time presenting his business card, and telling the gentleman to send around to his office the next day when he would return the borrowed money. The gentleman to whom the request was made, became rather suspicious and said, "my friend. I don't know you." "I know him, father," said the son, stepping forward, "that'll be all right." The loan was made, and the father was somewhat indignant the next day when his son called at the "office" in this city, only to learn that the borrower had vacated the place several weeks before, and was now a frequenter of the Bowery dives.

Tie Your Horses.

Most of the runaways in the city are caused purely through carelessness on the part of drivers or owners of horses. A driver will draw up in front of store or postoffice, jump from the wagon and transact his business, without the thought of ever tying his horse. If the animal happens to run away and in doing so wrecks another man's vehicle, the result is a suit in the courts for damages, and the owner of the horse that caused the wreck will inevitably set up a plea of "accidentally done." There is a city ordinance bearing strongly on the matter which drivers would do well to heed. Section twenty-four of the "Ordinance relating to the morals, peace and good order of the City of Plainfield" provides that "If any person leave any horse or team standing untied in any of the streets of the city, unless the same is in charge of some person competent to care for the same, he shall be liable on conviction to be fined any sum not exceeding ten dollars for each offence."

Improving Music Hall.

The repainting of the Music Hall scenery is progressing rapidly under the clever brush of Mr. Seymour Parker, the scenic artist of the Criterion Theatre, Brooklyn. Already the cold and stiff blue drawing room set, that has been so long repugnant to the good taste of our cultured community, has been blotted out, as THE PRESS promised a month ago. In its stead has developed an interior rich but soft, including twenty-one tints combined with pleasing effect in a style most elaborate. Other sets are to be altered or touched up to their great improvement, and from the evidence of the work he has done it is apparent that so far as Mr. Parker is permitted to go, just so far will the satisfaction of next season's patrons result. But unfortunately the Board of Managers cannot afford the sum it fully realizes should be expended. The people's patronage of the past does not justify the Board in saddling the stockholders with a great increase in the way of construction expenses. Consequently the most hideous curtain possessed by any opera house of its class in the World, will continue to chill us as we enter during the long Winter to come. Messrs. Alex. Gilbert and O. T. Waring of the Committee on Improvement, have been visiting all the New York theatres to learn from the experience of their managers, what remedies may be taken for bad acoustics. Something they feel must be done, although it is a question whether the difficulty in hearing often found by the audience, is not generally the fault of the player's articulation. From our own experience—we should be just enough to say—we can give a long list of actors that have appeared at Music Hall, whose every utterance was heard distinctly and clearly. But already a simple plan has been adopted that resulted Monday evening in the possibility of the audience enjoying the entire programme. Invisible wires have been stretched across the gallery in front of the proscenium arch, that break the body of sound and so scatter it that it seems to fill all parts of the house. This plan is a scheme of Stage Director Mattox's who is always trying to do something for the public's gratification.

The Rahway Murder Mystery.

The police and other officials at Rahway are now at a loss to know how to find a new trail which will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who so brutally murdered the young woman there a few months ago. As the weeks and the months roll by, the mystery deepens, and it is thought doubtful whether the criminal will ever be brought to justice. The matter will be laid before the Grand Jury immediately on the return of Prosecuting Attorney Wilson from Europe. Mayor Daly says that not one avenue by which a single word of information could be gained has been left open; that he and his assistants have worked on the case every day since it came to light, and that nothing further than the statements of Mark Keefe, Geo. Sausby and Alexander Osborn, who made affidavits that they saw in Baker's grocery store a little basket which was found beside the dead girl, had been learned. These affidavits, however, will be laid before Prosecutor Wilson, and it is thought several arrests will be made.

Not Yet Identified.

The body of the unknown man who was found dead in the roadway near Metuchen on Wednesday, lay in the morgue at that place yesterday. Hundreds of curious people had called during the day to look at the face of the dead man, but no one identified the features with those of any one known in life. County Physician Rice of New Brunswick, has instructed Coroner Norton, of Metuchen, to keep the body on exhibition until to-night, when, if still unidentified, it will be buried at the expense of Middlesex county. The jury impanelled at the inquest on Thursday will render its verdict on Monday morning.

A Stolen Horse Recovered.

The valuable horse and buggy belonging to Counsellor James R. English, of Elizabeth, which was stolen early this week from the old English homestead, at Liberty Corners, was recovered yesterday by Chief Keron, of Elizabeth, and Constable Marsh, of Westfield, who found the animal on the farm of Mr. Ten Eyck, at Iselin, near Metuchen. The thief, a fellow named Wilson, left the rig there with instructions to sell it to the first customer who presented himself. Farmer TenEyck gave the officers a description of the robber.

The Farmers' Disappointment

The disappointment felt by the Union County Farmers' Club over the refusal of Mr. Warren Ackerman to grant them the use of his commodious grounds at "Glenside" for their annual picnic to which they had invited all the big guns of the State, has been so great that at a meeting of the club, held yesterday at Elizabeth, it was resolved, in view of the failure to secure a desirable grove, to indefinitely postpone the festival, which was set down for August 18th.

More About State Schools.

The interview published in THE PRESS of August 5th, with State Superintendent of Public Instruction Chapman, having called forth some contradictory statements, a reporter called on Professor Chapman recently with a view to securing further data from him. He promptly reiterated his statement that the large cities in the State do not provide sitting room for seventy per centum of the children.

Of the other New Jersey cities, he said that not a single one would accommodate 70 per cent. Atlantic City accommodated 59 per cent.; Plainfield, 58; Salem, 65; Phillipsburg, 64; Bridgetown and Millville, 66, and Rahway, 68.

The Superintendent said that Jersey City can only accommodate 15,770 children, while 50,549 are enumerated.

In regard to the counties, Professor Chapman said Hudson county accommodated 32 per cent.; Passaic, 41; Mercer, 43; Essex, 46; Union, 48; Camden, 50; Middlesex, 59; Morris, 65, and Somerset, 66.

In 1886, 500 children in Camden, applied for admission, and were refused. In Hoboken, 150; in Jersey City, 1,759; in Millville, 75; in Morristown, 20 per cent.; in Newark, 650; in Passaic, 150; in Paterson, 345; in Perth Amboy, 20; in Trenton, 72.

It was likely that as many more had not applied at all of the school population. Mr. Chapman gave the figures as follows: He said that Perth Amboy and Elizabeth would beat 30 per cent.; Hoboken, 34; Trenton, 35; Morristown, Newark and Paterson, each 41; Gloucester City, 43; Camden, 44; New Brunswick, 46; and Passaic, 47. These thirteen cities furnished accommodations for less than half of their school children because the others were refused. He said some cities to make up for a lack of accommodations had adopted the half-day system, but this was not carrying out the intention of the school law.

For Local Sportsmen.

The editor of the Hightstown *Gazette*, who is an authority on the subject, has the following in this week's issue: "We are asked almost every day about the game laws. No material change in the seasons was made by the last legislature, but the State was divided into districts for the better enforcement of the law. The Warden of Mercer county means business, and if you intend to shoot out or season you had better deposite your fines beforehand. It is lawful to shoot upland plover now, reed bird after August 25th, quail bird and summer duck after September 1, gray squirrels and woodcock after October 1, quail, pheasant and rabbit after November 1. The law concerning squirrels was not changed. The penalty for each squirrel killed in September is $15, and an additional reward of $5 is offered in this county for persons violating the law, either on their own property or that of another. The squirrel law is obnoxious to all sportsmen, but they have made up their minds to have it rigorously enforced while it is on the statute books, and not permit a few to enjoy privileges from which others are debarred. The prospects for game this Fall are exceptionally good. Few woodcock were killed in July and these birds will return in great numbers. Rabbits were never so plentiful, and the call of the quail is heard from every field."

For the benefit of the writer of the above and those who might be guided by its statements, we will say that the article is unusually correct for such articles. The only errors are: the penalty for killing grey squirrels is only $5, not $15, and the law dividing the State into districts was not passed.

Another Installment of Hot Weather.

Locusts do not always tell the truth. Yet their appearance is usually considered an indication that sleighing is done for the season. Yesterday morning one of the locust family arrived in town by an early train, and proceeded without unnecessary delay to turn the heat on. The locust gave an occasional warble throughout the day by way of reminder that he was yet in town, and smiled as he saw people begin to puff and blow from the effects of the hot sun. A few people went over to Boynton Beach, and they seemed glad to know that they were going where the atmosphere was somewhat cooler. Outdoor labor was performed at a great discomfort, and everybody seemed bent on keeping as quiet as possible. During the afternoon, however, a delightful breeze came up, and the decided change in the weather was gladly accepted by all.

—An exchange says "When a young man detects the first evidence of hair on his upper lip, he feels elevated, when in reality it is a sort of coming down."

—Somerset county School Superintendent, W. T. F. Ayers gives notice that a meeting of the Somerset county Board of Examiners for the examination of candidates for teachers certificates of the Third Grade, will be held in the public school building at Somerville on Saturday, August 27th.

COUNTING THE DEAD

REPORTS OF THE RAILROAD HORROR SUBSTANTIATED.

Terrible Scenes of Suffering—Growing Suspicion that the Bridge was Deliberately Fired.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 13.—Now that comparative order has taken the place of wild excitement, it is seen that the first reports of the railroad disaster were not exaggerated. The number of killed, 100, will probably be very near the actual number of the slain, although the official report made by the railroad officials made the figures eighty-four killed and 100 seriously wounded. Peoria is the greatest sufferer, and the surrounding towns also mourn many relatives. Nearly all the excursionists were from that vicinity.

Among the many lying dead at Piper City is Mrs. Valentine of New York city. John C. Steen of Jersey City suffered internal injuries and both legs broken. He cannot live.

No picture of the horrible occurrence immediately succeeding the accident could equal in revolting details the scene at the Toledo, Peoria and Western depot here today. The west end of the little structure is a coal house and lumber room, where promiscuously stretched on the floor in the coal and rubbish were seven unidentified bodies. Blood-stained and bedraggled sheets and blankets were thrown loosely over each.

Torn and bleeding human beings, in all the different stages of suffering, lay around the rooms, moaning, while doctors and nurses were binding up the wounds. Many patients were under the influence of ether or chloroform, while their faces, ghastly white, the teeth being tightly shut, showed the sufferings which they were undergoing while partially oblivious.

A man with a heavy, dark mustache, and who was apparently about thirty-five years of age, had been struck in the face by some substance which had torn away his jaw and the side of his face, leaving the throat and lower part of his face exposed.

A five-year-old boy with a chubby face and curly hair looked contented and smiling. His chest was crushed in, and his little body was covered with bruises.

Nearly every corpse was mangled or disfigured. The faces of some of the dead were as black as though they had died from suffocation, while others were a deathly white.

S. B. Smither, of Fork Haven, W. Va., said that he saw a man who was pinned down by one of the cars offer several persons near by $100 and his gold watch and chain if they would release him. The persons to whom he appealed helped him out of the wreck as soon as they had assisted some women who were caught by the timbers.

The coroner's inquest is in progress at Forest. There are present only the coroner and his jury, President Leonard, Superintendent Armstrong and Master of Bridges Markley of the unlucky Toledo, Peoria and Western railroad and members of the press.

Superintendent Armstrong was in his car on the fatal train. Soon after leaving Chatsworth he felt a fearful shock, and the next instant the car passed over the burning bridge. He was thrown out of one of the windows into a hedge fence. After assisting the persons nearest him he turned his attention to the train. The bridge was only partly demolished when he saw it, the engine had not started the fire, and only one car and a Pullman sleeper were slightly burned. The engine which passed over the bridge in safety had gone to Gilman for help, thanks to the level-headed engineer, Sutherland.

The engine returned in three-quarters of an hour with physicians. The wounded were sent to Chatsworth and Piper City, the dead to Chatsworth.

Superintendent Armstrong met the section foreman near the wreck. He said that he went over the section at 5:30 o'clock on Wednesday, and there was no fire there then. The superintendent had warned him to have the section hands go over the section after quitting work, knowing that the excursion train was going over the road that night. No train went over the bridge after 5:30 o'clock Wednesday.

The superintendent counted the tickets before reaching Chatsworth, and found there were over 600 persons on the train. He said he believed there were only three or four dead persons in Piper City. The witness did not think it possible that anybody could have been so fiendish as to burn the bridge. About one week ago the grass along the right of way near the bridge had been burned off.

The train was running, he judged, about thirty-five miles an hour at the time of the accident. The engineer, Sutherland, told him that he saw a very small blaze before reaching the bridge, but thought it was from a few leaves burning outside the track. The engineer also told him that he did not see the fire until he got directly over the bridge, and then he called for brakes, but it was then too late to avoid the accident.

J. H. Markley, master of bridges and buildings of the Toledo, Peoria and Western road testified that he inspected the bridge in May last. It was made of two pile bents, four pilings to each bent. It was fifteen feet long and six feet high. The stringers wers seven by sixteen inches, two of them being under each rail. The ties were six by eight inches and nine feet long. The stringer, ties and guard rails were put in fourteen months ago. The piling was good for about two years. There was a wall of old timbers at each end of the bridge to keep up the embankment. Its condition was good.

The witness examined the bridge yesterday, and found nothing left but a part of the partially burned curb and a few pieces of small timber. The piles were burned off close to the ground; three or four of them were sticking up two feet above the ground. The witness thought it would take about two hours for such a bridge to burn.

Timothy Coughlan, the section foreman at Chatsworth, said that he had four men helping him on his six and one-half miles. He received orders on Wednesday to go over his section and see that the bridges and tracks were all right. Coughlan went to the east end of the section and burned the grass along the track for half a mile. He burned a piece a little over a half a mile from the wreck and put the fire out. He examined the bridge about 5 o'clock and found no smoke about it, and otherwise it was all right. About three weeks ago the grass under the bridge had been cut away for ten feet from the bridge timbers, and he had no idea how the bridge could have caught fire.

Superintendent Armstrong told a correspondent that the more he investigated the more it appeared to him that the bridge had been set on fire. The burned grass in its immediate locality was not of a nature that seemed likely to admit of the bridge's catching from it. He had observed many thieves at work and had stopped them while despoiling the wreck of property and money. Instances of the robbing of the dead were brought to his attention. The excursion had been extensively advertised, and the time it would pass over the bridge was well known.

Citizens say that a gang of suspicious fellows have been loitering around Chatsworth for some days. Many of these were found early at the wreck, paying more attention to relieving the bodies of their valuables than to caring for them otherwise. Trainmen and passengers had frequent contentions with the vandals.

In one instance Superintendent Armstrong found a well-known thief in the depot room where the property taken from the wreck was stored. While people of the town have done all in their power for the sufferers, there is a horde of tramps and thieves in the vicinity who do nothing but carry off anything they can get their hands on.

Miss Valedjo died last evening and two other deaths were reported. The dead and wounded are nearly all from Peoria and neighboring places. Fifteen bodies still remain unidentified.

LOUISVILLE'S CLUB FOR SALE.

A Hint that It May be Located in New York Early Next Season.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 13.—Baseball circles have been greatly startled over the rumors that there is a scheme on foot to purchase the Louisville club, players, franchise and all, outright, and place the club in some other city. The latest report says that a syndicate of wealthy capitalists from the east have made a bid for the club and intend placing it in some eastern city providing suitable arrangements can be made. It has been hinted that the club will be planted in New York city should the league attempt to place a team in Brooklyn. With such attractions as Ramsey, and Hecker, Kerrins, Browning and the rest of the team the New Yorks would have to play good ball or the new club would be the drawing card. By this the New York public will be treated to the very best exhibitions of ball playing. This last scheme has been concocted in the American association councils. The move will be a grand one and shows that the association is on the alert for any move the league contemplates making that will in any way injure the association. President Phelps of the Louisville club was seen this morning and asked if the Louisville club could be purchased.

"Why certainly," was the quick reply. "Money will do almost anything. I hold nearly three-fourths of the stock, and if I am offered enough money I would sell anything I have."

"What do you value the club at, franchise, players and all?"

"Well," said Mr. Phelps, "if some syndicate would offer me $50,000 for the club, I think it could get it without any trouble. I have no intentions of selling the club at the present time, as it is drawing well. No doubt we will receive many tempting offers this fall and winter, but just what we will do I cannot say now. This much I will say, the club will be in the association next season, no matter where it is located. You know that there are few better drawing cards than the Louisville club when traveling."

EXTENSIVE RAILWAY PROJECTS

Four Hours from New York to Lake George to be the Time.

SARATOGA, Aug. 12.—Negotiations are now pending for materially increasing the facilities for travel to lake George and Sartoga. The plan is to build a line of railway connecting Schenectady with Saratoga. The Mount McGregor railroad is to be extended to Lake George, the gauge widened, and a line of fast steamers put on the lake, which will run up and down on each side, stopping at every hotel and the principal places of interest along each side. A short line of railroad is also to be built at the foot of the lake, connecting with the Vermont Central, thus giving a new through route to Canada and the White mountains. It is the intention to make the running time between New York and Lake George four hours, and frequent excursion trains will be run from Troy, Albany, Saratoga and Montreal. The Lake George terminus of the extended Mount McGregor and Saratoga railroad will be at Bolton, and it is the intention of the enterprise to acquire as much of the property as possible along the shore at this point, both north and south of Mohican house point, erect a large casino at some central point, build large hotels and otherwise develop the property. The hills just back from the lake will be terraced to their summits. A grand drive 100 feet wide will also be constructed along the mountain sides, connecting Bolton and Caldwell.

Yesterday's Base Ball Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—The eastern league clubs were on their way home yesterday, and the only game played was at Indianapolis, where the home team vanquished the visiting Pittsburgs by a score of 17 to 5. In six innings the score between the Mets and Athletics was 9 to 7 in favor of the Mets. A lively row ensued over a decision of the umpire and he summarily ended the discussion and the game by awarding the game to the Mets 9 to 0. Baltimore defeated Brooklyn 7 to 6; Cleveland won at Cincinnati 4 to 2; St. Louis defeated Louisville 8 to 4. International league—Buffalo 8, Newark 5; Rochester 9, Jersey City 2; Hamilton 11, Scranton 6; Wilkesbarre 11, Trronto 6.

Jacob Sharp Seriously Ill Again.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—The condition of Jacob Sharp was worse this morning than any time since his incarceration in Ludlow street jail. When he awoke he was unable to move, and lay on his bed like one in a trance. Every bone in his body ached, and this morning could be heard all through the vast prison. All last night his condition was the same as this morning. He retired abeut 9:30, feeling unusually well. Half an hour later he was seized with pains all through the body, and from that hour he never closed his eyes in sleep.

Ex-Senator Thurman at the Capital.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—Ex-Senator Thurman has arrived at the Ebbitt house accompanied by his son, Allan W. Thurman. The ex-senator is here on legal business connected with the land office. He came direct from Columbus, and was so fatigued by his ride that he was not able to see his legal agents, who called on him. The rheumatism from which he suffered early in the season has almost disappered and his health is good.

Canadian Templars and Prohibition.

HAMILTON, Ont., Aug. 13.—The dominion council of the Royal templars of temperance, have adopted the report of their committee on temperance, urging on the dominion alliance to make a practical issue in politics by bringing out prohibition candidates for parliamentary honors in all con stituences.

Suicide of a Priest.

HUDSON, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Rev. John Howard, of the Catholic church at New Lebanon, committed suicide early this morning by cutting his throat. Despondency was the cause.

DEATH-BED REPENTANCE.

A Dying Editor's Protest Against Time-Worn, Hoary Chestnuts.

The owner of a paper lay dying in his lair, says the Boston *Globe*, and the dew of death had gathered on his brow so calm and fair; but a printer knelt beside him as his life blood ebbed away, and asked the dying writer if he had a word to say. The doomed man murmured softly as he grabbed the printer's fist: "Well, at last the struggle's over, and never will be missed; take a message and a token to that city man of mine, that all his worn-out chestnuts he had better put in brine. There's his joke about the weather, which he's used these many years, and the gag about the fellow who is always hunting beers, and the item he's so fond of on the man who peddles books, and the chestnut based on people who go fishing at the brooks; just to save the paper's credit and cast no slurs on mine, I would ask him, as a favor, just to put such gags in brine. And the lie he's fond of telling of the streetcars and the tracks, and the ancient joke about the man who steps upon some tacks; and the one about some dandy who will never pay for clothes, and the one on women—it's weary, heaven knows! Oh, I know I'll slumber happy in my grave beneath the vine, if the man who does the city work will put these jokes in brine. Tell the man who tends to business not to weep when I am dead, but to buy himself a club and hit the first man on the head who comes in with strings of items and requests them printed free when the regular rates are cheaper than they really ought to be. Tell the foreman when he makes up not to turn a rule for me, but to simply print an item saying that my soul is free; for I want no eulogistic taffy of that kind in mine, and I think such hoary chestnuts should be pickled well in brine. Have that gay and fresh reporter I engaged the other day put a stop to saying 'selah,' also 'We have come to stay'; and if he should say 'ye local' you must trample him in his gore, for you know I'd never allow it in the happy days of yore. And the man who comes to tell you how to run the paper well should be greeted when he enters with a pewter chestnut bell; and you'll print the paper promptly, be the weather full of storms, and the foreman must be careful, when he's making up the forms, that the beauty of the paper may through all the ages shine, and not be like its neighbors, only fit to put in brine." The dying writer faltered, as these simple words he spoke, and the printer knew directly that he was about to croak. So he propped him up as gently as a mother would her child, but the writer's soul had wandered to the land of undefiled. And the printer sobbed a little, as he gave one last caress, and he muttered: "I must leave him, for it's time to go to press. Very few could beat him writing, for his writings were divine, and we never had to place them in a bucketful of brine."

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1887.

Allison, Esther Miss	Ingram, Robbie Miss
Bosworth, Carrie W	Jenkins, M H Miss
Boyd, A Miss	Lewis, Sadie Miss
Clark, Charles	Miller, C E Mrs
Case, Hattie Miss	Pettibone & Co
Carmer, Henry C	Ruffen, H D
Chapman, M F Mrs	Sillinay, Carrie E Miss
Cadmus, Freeman Mrs	Stuart, Mrs R
Field, I Dr	Sellner, Josefa Miss
Gerry, Emma Miss	Stone W S Mrs
Hansen, George V	Sanders, Kate Miss
Hufferd, Grace Miss	Topsom, Mary Miss
Irby, Rebecca Miss	Ueiger, Maggie Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

$10 REWARD FOR INFORMATION THAT will lead to the arrest of the party or parties that stole the gate from the premises of JAMES K. ARNOLD, Friday evening, Aug. 12.—8132

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF CARRIAGE OR ROAD horses (chestnuts) 16 hands high; eight and nine years old; a first-class team; also a well-trained goat, wagon and harness. To be seen at J. R. PARSONS, New Market, N. J. 8-13-d3

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES OF SMALL store, doing good business. Address GROCERY, P. O. Box 1,081. 8-9-d3-eod

AT WESTFIELD—HOUSE, TWELVE ROOMS, four minutes from depot; fruit and shade; will exchange for small place or vacant lots. Lots at Evona and North Plainfield $4 per foot up. WALLACE VAIL, Plainfield. 812d2

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

BUGGIES, PHÆTONS, SURRYS, CABRIOLETS, Depot Wagons, at moderate prices, at HOMAN & RYERSON'S. 8-6-w1

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND PICNIC
IN AID OF
St. John, the Evangelist, Church,
ON THE GROUNDS OF
Middlesex Gun Club,
DUNELLEN, N. J.,
Thursday, Aug. 18.
Dancing aud Refreshments.
MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.
TICKETS.......25C.
8-8

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!
EVERYTHING NEW.
All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.
GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.
7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.
Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.
FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.
Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.
Torchon and Medeces Laces
AT
PECK'S.

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

We will close out our immense line of
ALL WOOL
PANTALOONS
AT
$2.00 and $2.50.
Finer Grades at $3.50, $4 and $5.
To make room for our Fall stock.
Schwed Brothers,
7 E. FRONT STREET.
my10

Music and Sporting Goods.
GO TO
No. 33 Park Avenue
FOR
Musical Instruments
AND
Sporting Goods.
Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,
$20.
LATEST IN THE MARKET.
Children's Wagons and Carts.
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
I. LEDERER.
my10tf

A GREAT CONFLAGRATION

FLAMES RAGING IN THE PRINCIPAL STREETS.

A Million Dollars Worth of Property Gone Up in Flames and Smoke—Calls for Assistance.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 13.—At 3:30 o'clock last evening an alarm from box 24, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, summoned the fire department to the upholstering store of Henry Holtzman, occupying a portion of Masonic hall. The flames originated among the excelsior and packing material in the basement and spread rapidly. Soon the store-room and basement were gutted and the flames spread to the adjoining storerooms, occupied by Campbell & Dick (the people's store), dry goods, carpets and oilcloths. This was soon gutted and the flames spread to the floor above, occupied as a masonic hall, the only one in the city.

In a few moments the entire building was in ruins and the fire was burning fiercely in the rear of the palatial music hall of G. Hamilton, a new eight-story structure the finest in the city. This building, as well as that adjoining, belonging to Smith & Friday, wholesale dealers in liquors and tobacco, were specially constructed with all modern appliances, for fighting fire and were regarded as fireproof. Both buildings were soon enveloped in flames, and burned fiercely until totally destroyed.

The *Despatch* buildings were next burned. The compositors remained at their cases until ordered away by Managing Editor Madders. A special request for assistance was responded to by the entire department from Allegheny City, but still the devouring elements defied all efforts to subdue them, and spread in the direction of the post office and city hall. Sparks and huge flakes of fire were carried in all directions to an almost incredible distance and the greatest of excitement prevailed.

The roof of the *Times'* building and the office of the United Press on the opposite side of Fifth avenue from the scene of the conflagration caught fire at 12:10 o'clock. After burning for a few moments this fire was extinguished. At 12:20 a. m. the flames reached the whisky barrels stored in the Smith & Friday building, and they exploded with reports resembling the firing of a cannon.

It is reported that several of the firemen were nearly suffocated in the Holtzmann basement, but were removed in time to save their lives. One of the tenants of the Hamilton building arriving on the scene, noticing his office doomed made a frantic effort to enter the building, and was only prevented when overpowered by two policemen, and locked up in the Central station. He is now a raving maniac. No satisfactory estimate of the loss or insurance can be made, but it will probably reach $1,000,000.

AN OVER-ZEALOUS OFFICER.

He Shoots Down Two Citizens Without Provocation.

DES MOINES, Aug. 13.—Constable Potts, of Saylor township, who for a year has been searching for liquor under the Iowa prohibitory law, was the principal in a shooting affray yesterday. Having a warrant for the arrest of Thomas Hardy, in whose barn he had found a keg of beer, he served the same upon him as he stood talking with a friend on the street. Hardy told him he would go with him in a moment, but Potts insisted upon immediate acquiescence. Hardy refused, whereupon Potts and his colaborer, one Hamilton, drew revolvers.

A bystander knocked Hamilton's revolver out of his hand. Potts fired three times at Hardy, one ball penetrating his hand, another his right side, while the third struck an innocent laboring man named Edward Work, severely wounding him in the thigh. It was not pretended that Hardy had the beer to sell. It had been bought by contribution of several parties who were drinking it. Potts and Hamilton are in jail. Hardy's wounds are dangerous.

Deserted by American War Ships.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 13.—Canadian waters are entirely deserted by American war ships. The Richmond, Ossipee and Galena sailed for Bar Harbor, whither the Yantic preceded them two days ago. It is not likely that the Dominion will be visited again this season by any ship of the North Atlantic fleet. Consul-General Phelan has repeatedly telegraphed to Prince Edward's Island for more definite information on the seizure of the Maine schooner J. H. G. Perkins, but though the seizure was made nearly a week ago he is still without the full facts desired. The case is still pending with the Ottawa authorities, who have not yet intimated what fine, if any, will be imposed.

Another Train Through a Bridge.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Aug. 13.—A combination train on the Evansville and Indianapolis road went through a wooden culvert at Saline City, twenty miles from here. The engine and fifteen freight cars passed over it safely, but it gave way under the one passenger coach, which fell on its side fifteen feet below. There were fifteen passengers in the coach. Six of them were injured, but only one, Thomas Brouthers, seriously. His spine is injured, and there are internal injuries which may prove fatal.

No Further Fear of Bloodshed.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 13.—There is no truth in the reported assassination of the newly elected chief of the Cherokees, Joel B. Mayes. Threats of violence are discountenanced by the leading men, and fears of bloodshed are no longer entertained. Late returns gives Mayes a majority over Rabbit Bunch of 142 and the nationals a majority of six in the legislature. Mayes will be inaugurated in November.

Suicide of a New York Club Man.

NEW YORK, Aug. 13.—George Hadden Palmer, a member of the Union club, of the Century club, of the stock exchange, a man well known in society, and in Wall street, was found dead yesterday, with a bullet in his head on the road from Gunthersville to Norton's Point, Coney Island. Three bullet holes in his hat led to the suspicion of murder, but closer investigation proved that it was a case of suicide.

Judge Lynch Wants Him.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Aug. 13.—Bud Smith, aged 17, of Rogersville, Tenn., pursued several children with an old gun, saying he would as lief shoot one as a rabbit. He fired and killed the daughter of Thomas Reynolds. Smith fled, but will be lynched if captured.

Lynched by Whites and Blacks.

FRANKLIN, La., Aug. 13.—It having been established to the satisfaction of a coroner's jury that Dan Pleasants, colored, had murdered his stepdaughter, all the people in the neighborhood, of either race, chased him down and hanged him.

UTES ON THE WARPATH

TERROR-STRICKEN SETTLERS FLEEING FOR SAFETY.

Old Colorow Murdering, Plundering and Burning—Difficulty of Protecting the Settlers—Serious Trouble Feared.

DENVER, Aug. 13.—The White river Utes, under old Colorow, are again on the warpath in Garfield county near the Utah line. The settlers are fleeing to Meeker and the nearest towns for safety. The ranchmen have already organized a volunteer company. Gov. Adams has received most earnest telegrams from Glenwood springs, asking for protection. He has telegraphed the war department the nature of the troubles, and hopes to obtain the assistance of United States troops from Utah.

The reports from the frontier are still quite meagre, but the Indians are said to have fired on the whites and then to have sent to the reservation for more warriors. No loss of life has yet been reported, but there is no doubt that the frontier is terror-stricken. All the women and children in the sparsely settled region have been warned to seek safety in the towns. The governor has telegraphed for further particulars and expects to learn more of the details of the situation to-night.

Colorow is one of the most brutal, and yet bravest of all the Ute warriors. He is now plundering and burning on the frontier. Adjt. Gen. West left last night for the scene of the trouble and will arrive at Glenwood Springs this afternoon. The militia at Leadville, Aspen and Glenwood springs have been ordered under arms, with instructions to be in readiness to march at a moment's notice. No matter what the result may be or what developments may show the true status of things to be, the news of the outbreak is the most sensational that has been received from the frontier since the Meeker massacre in 1879.

The fleeing ranchmen, with their families, are mostly seeking protection at Meeker. The United States troops at Fort Duchesne are practically powerless to aid Meeker. They number only a few companies of colored infantry, and these companies are poorly equipped, as a fire at the fort recently burned $15,000 worth of supplies. If they were well equipped they could not give Meeker aid in case of a sudden attack upon the place, as the present outbreak seems to be. They are 150 miles away, with no rail connection and the wagon road in poor condition, there being at least fifty miles of it over which it is almost impossible to get a loaded wagon.

The nearest telegraph point is Glenwood Springs, sixty miles to the southeast, and the nearest point on the north is Rawlins, 100 miles distant. Meeker is a little town on the Old White River reservation. It was the location for the agency for the White River Utes up to 1879, when the Meeker massacre occured, after which it was abandoned as an agency, and the Indians removed to the Uintah agency in Utah. At this removal, Colorow one of the chiefs and one of the principal leaders in the Meeker outbreak refused to be moved.

The government never succeeded in getting Colorow to go to the Uintah agency, as he never could get along with the Uintah chief who was there. For some reason Colorow was let alone to follow his own inclinations, and ever since then he and his followers, about forty families, have been roving over the country. His favorite resort has been on Piceance creek, about thirty miles south-west of Meeker. He oscillated between Piceance creek and Elk Springs, forty miles north of Meeker. This is a fine grass country and abounds with good game. After the White River Utes were sent to Uintah the white settlers began coming into Meeker and that vicinity, as the country was a splendid stock region.

The Utes had ceded their reservation, some 1,255 acres, to the United States, but reserved the right to hunt on the ground as long as they were at peace with the whites and game abounded, as the treaty reads. This reserved right probably is what has allowed Colorow and his followers to remain in the country.

The whites have tolerated Colorow and his followers in many ways, and gradually he has grown more independent and overbearing, often making white settlers, when found insolated from settlements, pay him heavy toll or rent, in provisions or whatever they had. Thus jealousies and bad feelings have grown up between them. The whites have appealed to have Colorow removed, but he persists in staying on the ground. At this writing it is difficult to state what the result will be. Correspondents of the Denver papers left for the frontier last night.

An Ignominious Collapse.

SOURIS, P. E. I., Aug. 13.—The case against the detained American vessel, the Perkins, has ignominiously collapsed. The vessel has been released and the Canadian officials are the laughing-stock of the crews of ferty American schooners now lying in this harbor. The Dominion government, having found that they had a case that would not hold water, announced that they "do not wish to test the delicate question involved just now," and crawl out of the hole in which they found themselves by going through the farce of taking his own recognizance from Skipper McDonald in the sum of $2,000 to answer charges that may be brought against him. Canadian fishermen are as much interested as the Americans in this case and agree that this government backdown is a practical admission that American vessels can ship crews outside the three-mile limit.

Detroit Disgusted.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 13.—This city is supremely disgusted over the fact that President Cleveland will not include Detroit in his visit to the west. The bone, sinew, muscle, beauty and statesmanship of this place have been engaged in getting up a popular demand upon the president. Several scores of dollars have also been expended in furthering the project, and now the whole thing is upset.

An Anarchist Opinion.

BOSTON, Aug. 13.—The usually quiet meeting of the Land and Labor club was broken up last night by anarchists and socialists, who took occasion to attack the doctrines of Henry George. They claimed that George did not practice what he preached; that he was now making $25,000 a year from the *Standard*, which according to his doctrines he had no right to keep.

King Kalakaua's Paintings.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13.—The treasury department has authorized free entry of a case of paintings intended for his majesty, King Kalakaua, of Hawaii, which is expected to arrive at New York soon, and which will be shipped direct to Honolulu.

Ex-Gov. St. John to Speak.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Aug. 13.—Ex-Gov. J. P. St. John is billed to make an address at a temperance camp meeting which will begin on Aug. 23 and end Aug. 2?, in the woods at Stone Ridge, Ulster county.

SENATOR AND JUDGE AT WAR.

Riddleberger, of Virginia, Spends the Night in Jail—Great Excitement.

WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug. 13.—Senator Riddleberger got himself into a pretty scrape here yesterday, and spent the night amid the discomforts of a squalid county jail as a consequence of his folly. The senator was interested in a case on trial in the county court which had some local political significance. Judge Newman, who tried the case, was no friend of Senator Riddleberger. In fact, some of the papers hereabouts have often referred to the two men as "bitter personal enemies." No one was surprised, therefore, when the verdict in the case on trial was exactly the reverse of what Riddleberger desired it should be.

But everybody was very much surprised and, moreover, very much excited at the spirit in which the senator took the verdict, and his peculiar manner of calling public attention to his anger. At Riddleberger's suggestion the prisoner who figured in the case was hauled through the streets of the town with a placard around his neck containing some pretty severe and caustic reflections on the judge. Troops of people followed the prisoner on his travels, most of them highly amused at the curious turn an old personal quarrel had taken, but many of them very indignant at the aspersions put upon the judge. Finally one of the judge's friends went to tell him what was going on. Ten minutes afterwards policemen were running around looking for Senator Riddleberger. He was found and summoned before his old enemy, the justice, to answer for contempt of court. There was a tumult in the streets around the court house and excited people clamored at the doors for admission. After he had given Mr. Riddleberger an opportunity to make an explanation, which did not appear to be satisfactory, the judge fined the senator $25 and committed him to jail for ten days. Protests and other attempts at explanation were in vain. Judge Newman left the bench in anger and Riddleberger was hurried off to a cell. The excitement was tremendous as the news spread about town, and partisanship ran rampant. Riddleberger's friends swore they would get him out before midnight if they had to burn the jail to do it. Upon hearing these threats Judge Newman's friends vowed they would defend the jail by force if necessary, and many of them volunteered their services to the sheriff. All Riddleberger's influence availed him nothing for his efforts in release. As darkness settled over the town the senator was making a fair meal off prison rations and preparing to make himself comfortable for the night. No attempt was made to carry out the threats.

Prince Ferdinand's Manifesto.

WIDDIN, Aug. 13.—Prince Ferdinand has issued a manifesto, in which he says: "Having been elected sovereign of the Bulgarian people, I consider it my sacred duty to set foot at the earliest possible moment on my new country, in order to devote my life to the happiness, greatness and progress of a loving people. I am convinced that they will support my endeavors to realize a glorious future for Bulgaria."

Capsized at Her Wharf.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 13.—The British iron bark, Teber, 200 feet long, capsized at her wharf here during a storm. Capt. Keep's pretty young wife came up the companionway scared nearly to death, and would have fallen overboard but for her husband's supporting arm.

Boys Drowned While Bathing.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Aug. 13.—Jake and Carl, the eight and eleven year old sons of J. Hellenbrand, was drowned while bathing in Portage Lake.

Sporting Gossip.

Umpire Ferguson says Seward, of the Athletics, can curve more balls over the plate than a pitcher he ever saw.

Nash has not made an error in eight games previous to August 8, six of them having been played at third base.

The Syracuse club are trying hard to secure Johnny Troy, who a few seasons ago covered second for the "Mets."

If Manager Caylor continues taking on men there will soon be more men on the "Mets" than any other club in the association.

Little Radford no longer leads the "Mets'" batting record, as Dave Orr has taken seventh place and relegated the short stop to ninth place.

Mike Cleary is training for a fight with Pete Nolan near Cincinnati about the middle of September. Cleary will give an exhibition at Jeffersonville on August 15.

Roger Connor is not letting his quietness interfere with his hitting the ball of late. The harder he hits it the better the New Yorkers are pleased.

Gore has not astonished New York by his base running, but Ward has. Ewing, Connor, Richardson, Gillespie, O'Rourke and Ward have all stolen more bases than Gore.

A McKeesport sporting man is trying to raise a purse for Charles Courtney to row an exhibition race over the McKeesport course with John Teemer, after the latter's race with Hanlan.

Bob Ferguson is not generally liked by the members of the western, nor a great many of the eastern clubs, but they obey him with alacrity just the same. Mr. Sullivan is liked about the same way.

Flint's disability has enabled Daly of the Chicagos to show that he has endurance as well as pluck, perseverance and skill. He caught four out of six games last week. He is only 21 years old.

The Grand Prix de Paris for 1889 has closed with 353 subscribers as against 347 made for 1888. There are no entries from this country. England, however, is well represented with eighty-two entries. There are also five entries from Russia.

The New York trotting meeting will cover three days, beginning September 13, which is immediately after the close of the Springfield grand circuit meeting. On the opening day there is a $3,000 event, for all ages, stipulated to include Harry Wilkes and Patron.

Captain Anson says he was agreeably surprised at the way Van Haltren turned out. Says he: "We thought we'd have to do more or less toward making a ball player out of him, but he was really made to our hands, and not made by an apprentice, either."

Manager Caylor, when asked what he thought of the idea of making John Ward president of the association, said that he did not think Ward would give up a lucrative salary to accept it, and in the second place his views on the reserve rule and the selling of players were not in accord with those of the directors of the association.

In the last five games played by the Athletics Poorman has been at the bat 25 times, made 8 runs, 11 hits and has a batting average of .440; Lyons, 24 times at bat, 9 runs, 12 hits, average 5?0; Mann, 24 times at bat, 7 runs, 11 hits, average .458; Bauer, 23 times at bat, 2 runs, 8 hits, average .348; Larkins, 22 times at bat, 2 runs, 10 hits, average .455.

Professor Tim McCarthy has been authorized by the backers of Eddie Meehan, of Fairfield, Vt., to match the latter against any 130 pound wrestler in the country for from $100 to $200 a side. Meehan will be remembered as the wrestler who threw Jack Dempsey so handily at Revere hall some years ago on the occasion of a benefit to Frank White, the old time pugilist.

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

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Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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PIANOS and ORGANS,

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Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
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etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

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Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

MRS. CLEVELAND HAS A REST.

She Will Hold a Public Reception at the Greely Mansion Next Monday.

MARION, Mass., Aug. 13.—Mrs. Cleveland is still quietly enjoying her rest and vacation from care at the Greely residence. She has remained so quiet and is seen so little on the streets that the villagers have got over the fever of curiosity and not hardly take any notice of the fact that the first lady of the land is here. Nearly all the people here and in the neighboring towns have managed, either on the street, driving or at the church to catch a glimpse of Mrs. Cleveland, and have gone home satisfied. It was hoped that she could be induced to attend some public entertainment or take part in a picnic or two or a church fair, but her evident desire to remain quietly at the Greely's has rather disappointed the people of Marion.

Mrs. Cleveland expects to leave Marion next Tuesday. She will probably go directly to Washington, taking the train to Fall River, and then going by boat to New York. Care has been taken to give no details of the journey, and possibly some other route may be selected. Mrs. Cleveland was urged to stop at Boston on her return and call on the Folsoms there, but she declined the invitation. Her mother, Mrs. Folsom, however, went to Boston, Wednesday and returned yesterday.

This evening a grand theatrical entertainment is to be given under the management of Miss Julia Gibbs. Mrs. A. W. Nickerson, wife of the millionaire, has consented to sing between the acts, and Mrs. Cleveland will attend the entertainment, which will be given for the benefit of St. Gabriel's chapel. On Monday afternoon, at the residence of Gen. Greely, Mrs. Cleveland will give her first public reception. The reports which have been circulated in relation to a visit of President Cleveland here are pronounced by confidential friends to be without foundation, and it is not belived by them that the President will visit Marion during Mrs. Cleveland's stay.

Partly Blinded by Vitriol.

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 13—Edward Graham entered Sievert's cigar store, and walking up to the counter, behind which Louis Sievert, jr., was standing, threw the contents of a can of vitriol into young Sievert's face. Graham then ran, but was arrested. Young Sievert is terribly burned. He has lost the sight of one eye, and it is feared will lose the sight of the other.

A Big Natural Gas Story.

CHICAGO, Aug. 13.—The *Times* special from Albert Lea, Minn., says: "Men boring on the Scott farm yesterday struck a strong flow of natural gas which displayed sufficient force to send the gas 100 miles in large quantities."

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS

Forest fires are raging in the vicinity of Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mrs. Eliza Kinlock, mother of Mrs. John Drew, died at Long Branch yesterday.

Dan Pleasants was lynched at Baldwin, La., for cutting his stepdaughter's throat.

Fred Hoyt, alias Welcome, was executed by shooting at Salt Lake for the murder of John F. Turner in 1880.

It is reported at Halifax that Admiral Luce is to be relieved from the command of the North Atlantic station.

Mr. Gladstone will not attend parliament during the remainder of the session unless his presence is absolutely necessary.

Detroit is supremely disgusted over the fact that President Cleveland will not include that city in his visit to the west.

Senators John Sherman of Ohio and Frank Hiscock of Syracuse will address the Wayne county fair in Lyons on Sept. 23.

A storm was particularly severe in eastern and central Pennsylvania. Considerable damage to property and injury to persons is reported.

The entire business portion of San Francisco was shaken by the explosion of the giant powder works at West Berkely, six miles from that city. One Chinaman was killed and four white men and six Chinamen seriously injured.

At the annual convention of the Ancient Order of Foresters at Chicago the announcement that the high court in session at Glasgow had decided to abolish the color line was received defiantly, and a split in the order is threatened.

Three tramps attacked Adolph Vineman, of West Point, Ky. After robbing and beating him nearly to death they tied him to the railroad track and left him to his fate. His cries attracted attention and he was released before the arrival of a train which was overdue.

A call has been issued at Buffalo for a conference of all reformers to be held at Syracuse on Aug. 24. It is addressed to all citizens of the State of New York and the United States who believe in reforming public affairs, and proposes the formation of a national reform party. The call is signed by W. V. R. Blighton, E. Evans and George R. Burnside.

The inmates of the Stillwater, Minn., penitentiary have issued the first number of a monthly paper to be printed by them called the *Mirror*. It is a sixteen-column paper, and full of interesting reading matter. Cole Younger is the printer's "devil." Younger is one of the famous Missouri bandits, who are now serving life sentences in connection with the Northfield bank robbery.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 13, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Cooler fair weather, northerly winds becoming light and variable.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK August 13.—Money on Call at 4 per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s.	1891, reg.	109⅜	109⅛
4½s.	1891, con.	111	110⅜
4s.	1907, reg.	127⅛	128⅜
4s.	1907, con.	128⅛	128⅜

STOCK MARKET.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	140	56⅛
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	87⅛	141
Central Pacific	101⅛	37
Del. & Hudson	129⅞	101⅜
Del. Lack. & W.	30⅜	130⅜
Erie	69⅛	30⅜
Erie pref.	94	6?⅛
Lake Shore	62⅛	94⅛
Louis. & Nash.	86	62⅛
Michigan Central	99	86⅜
Missouri Pacific	41⅜	98⅜
N. Y. & New Eng.	75⅛	45½
N. J. Central	108⅛	76
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.	114⅛	108⅜
Northwestern	95	114⅜
Oregon Navigation	89⅜	95⅜
Pacific Mail	55⅛	40⅛
Reading	126	55⅛
Rock Island	81⅛	126
St. Paul	—	8?
Union Pacific	—	55⅜
West. Union Tel.	73⅜	73⅜

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	80	80⅜	81⅜
Corn	49	50⅛	50⅜
Oats	31⅛	31⅛	32⅜

MERCHANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm Creamery—Eastern 23a24c.; Western 22a24c.; Dairy—Imitation 16a18c.; eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a.; western, 14a16c. Factory—Fresh, 13a15.; old grades, 7a8c.

Cheese dull; 10⅛a10⅜, 6a8.

Eggs quiet but steady; 15a16 14a15.

OUR DARLING.

When do we miss our darling most?"
I sometimes wonder, then a host
Of tender memories fill and thrill
The aching heart I question, till
When most she's missed I do not know,
For each long hour we miss her so.

At early morn she'd press her face
Close to my own with childish grace,
And, looking on the new born day,
With reverent, wondering sweetness say;
"God made the pretty daylight come."
Thinking of that I know our home
Has lost the morning-glory light
That used to make it fair and bright.

With folded hands and head low bent,
At table she would wait content
Till grace was asked of God above
For His protecting care and love;
Then she would say with reverence due;
"Why, papa, I can say prayers, too!"
How bright her lovely eyes would shine,
And tears would often rise in mine,
To see her sweet face bending there.
"God keep our darling," was the prayer
We daily, almost hourly prayed,
And to our hearts: "Be not afraid,"
Was whispered back, and now, although
She is not here, she's safe, we know.

And evenings, cleanly robed in white,
When prayers were said, and last good-night,"
I'd fold her closely to my breast,
And lull, with songs, her soul to rest;
And looking on her sleeping face,
So full of innocence and grace,
My heart would swell with mother love
And mother fear. Oh, God above,
Thy loving heart canst only know
How drear the way our steps must go,
Since Thou hast taken for thine own,
Our darling, and we walk alone.
When most she's missed we do not know,
For each sad hour we miss her so.

—*Annie Wall, in Farm and Fireside.*

THAT GREEN-EYED JACKSON.

A Strange Tale of Honest Love and Cold-Blooded Assassination.

I hated Jackson from the first moment of our meeting, when I caught him staring at me with his malevolent green eyes, as if he would like to do me a mischief. Do you think I may have been prejudiced? Perhaps I was. Other people liked him; but for my part, I shall always believe in first impressions.

Yes, others liked him. Mrs. Shillingsworth, the rich old lady who had the back parlor, spoke of him on that first day in these words:

"Jackson is a great favorite. All the ladies fairly worship him; and I don't think he knows which he loves best."

"Do the gentlemen also adore Jackson?" I asked.

I am afraid there was a little sarcasm in my tone, but Mrs. Shillingsworth did not notice it.

"Why, Mr. Abbot, I am sure you could not expect that. They never do," she answered. "Never."

"I know *I* shouldn't," I said.

Still I reflected that I need not have anything to do with Jackson; and as the house seemed pleasant and the boarders generally very nice people, I engaged the front room on the third floor, sent over my own easy chair and desk, waste paper basket, trunks and book-case, and became a boarder at Mrs. Polo's.

Mrs. Polo had seen better days, and was apt to tell you so. She had had misfortunes and liked to talk about them. She had had boarders who cheated her. It was some consolation to her to give their names, and to say what perfect manners they had, how well off they seemed to be, and how it was impossible to doubt their honest intentions or high social position, and how, after all they went off without paying. In the case of one lady, a boarder's sealskin sacque went also; but that was an unusual circumstance.

But Mrs. Polo was meek and mild, low-voiced and sad. She had maddonna eyelids, and bands of pale brown hair, and was not uninteresting. The young lady boarder who studied music with Signor Screecholini, with a view to future success in Italian opera, was always making wild efforts to get a certain note, or failing to trill as she desired; but my musical ear is not very fine and I did not mind. The strong-minded maiden lady in the back parlor had a way of pouncing on me at table, and asking me, "Why I refused to let women vote?" which was alarming to me at first, but I soon got used to it.

The impecunious boarder borrowed a good deal of small change, but when he had got up to five dollars he cut me, lest I should expect the return of the loan, and I felt I had parted with him cheaply.

But, on the whole, it was not unpleasant there, or would not have been but for Jackson. I hated him, from his green eyes to his gray coat; but it was not for his appearance, but for his manners.

No one could doubt that they were very bad indeed. You may be shocked that such things could be allowed in any respectable boarding house, but I assure you that in one week I had seen him with his cheek against that of the fair pupil of Screecholini; sitting on the sofa beside Mrs. Mack, with her hand on his head; and with his head actually on the knee of Mrs. Smiles, the lady boarder whose husband was a commercial traveler and away for most of the time. They were all considered respectable ladies, and I am sure if I had taken the least liberty with any of them, I should have been obliged to leave the house at once; but Jackson did as he pleased. They said he was so good. I know if I had staid out all night as he did sometimes, never coming in until morning, and then plainly having been engaged in a fight, *I* shouldn't have been called good; but he was privileged. There was no doubt that he could do what no other boarder dared do. It might have been amusing to some people, but it was not to me. Moreover, I was sure he was not strictly honest. In fact, to use plain language, I *knew* he was a thief. I had seen him steal things. He was always having things given to him, always being admired and caressed; and while I might come and go with no more than a civil word or a bow, there would be a chorus of, "There comes Jackson," from the ladies when he sneaked into the room in that nasty, sly, noiseless way of his. I hated his voice, too. In fact, he was my pet detestation.

I believe I should have left Mrs. Polo's in a few months, comfortable as I was there otherwise, merely to be rid of Jackson, had not Rose May come there to board with her mother. She was a charming girl, and I fell in love with her at once. I had resolved to remain a bachelor, but she had not been seated opposite me at table more than a dozen times before I changed my plans entirely.

I resolved to marry, if she would have me, and I set to work to make myself as agreeable to her as possible. I believed that I had succeeded. She seemed to like to talk to me. She shared my tastes, and she pretended to share my prejudices against Jackson. When she said, "I don't know what they see in the creature," I felt that I adored her; and when she added that "*she* should call him a hateful thing," I admired her more than ever.

I was quite sure she liked me, as I said, and I was ready to propose and be accepted; to buy the engagement ring, and follow it up by the plain gold one which is put on on the wedding day, when a circumstance occurred of which I can not even think calmly. One night I had retired, but had not gone to bed, and was reading near an open window, when I heard a voice below softly whisper the word, "Jackson." Surely that was Rose May's voice. I extinguished my light and stuck my head out of the window. The Mays' window opened on a balcony. Rose stood in it, leaning over, looking down into the garden, which was large for that of a city house. She spoke again. "Jackson!" His hated voice answered her. I saw him moving stealthily over the path below, and I suppose I made some involuntary motion. At least the white-robed figure instantly re-entered the window, and Jackson vanished in the shadows.

The next morning I was inclined to think it all a dream, but I determined to watch carefully. I did so. At the hour of eleven I heard the little creak of a tread upon the balcony below, and warily peeped over the edge of my window sill. I saw Rose May on the balcony, and there was something gray in the garden. Jackson was bad enough for any thing, I knew. I had caught him in my room that day, and I had been greatly tempted to kick him out. Of course he may have been "admiring my gold fish," but, as I told you, I knew he was a thief; and now he had some reason for being out there in the darkness, I knew. And again I heard "Jackson!" uttered softly, and this time he not only answered, but advanced.

He was very active. In another moment he had scaled the balcony, and stood beside Rose; and, to my horror and disgust, I heard her call him sweet names and saw her fondle him. She had something to eat out there, some dainty which she shared with him.

I suppose Mrs. May, her mother, was on the inside of the window, perhaps asleep in her bed. She may have known nothing about it, but I shall never be sure. If it had been any other woman in the house, I should not have been surprised; but Rose May—my rosebud I had called her in my own mind. It was more than flesh and blood could stand.

At that date I carried a pistol, which was always under my pillow at night. I consider it wrong to possess one now. It is so easy to shoot first and repent afterward. Jackson remained in the balcony about half an hour. Then he descended, and Rose closed her window. A little afterward a shot was fired; a cry followed. Every body heard it. No one thought any thing of it; but I crept to my bed with guilt upon my soul, and only slept to pass from one nightmare dream to another.

In the morning I hardly dared to go down-stairs.

I should have settled my bill and left before breakfast; but that would have betrayed me. I dressed and opened the door softly. A great commotion stirred the house below—cries of horror and pity. I advanced to the balcony and leaned over.

Mrs. Shillingsworth passed through the hall, with her handkerchief to her eyes.

She saw me, and looked up.

"Oh, Mr. Abbott!" she cried, tragically. "Some one has shot Jackson!"

"Is he much hurt?" I asked.

"He is *killed*," she answered.

I went down stairs and joined in the lamentations.

No one ever suspected me, and Rose May never dreamed why I did not propose. In fact, I think I never confessed the deed before; but it is so long ago.

Mrs. Polo has married a rich Cuban, and gone to Havanna with him.

The boarders are dispersed, but I met Mrs. Shillingsworth the other day and she asked me to call on her. I did so, and the first object that I saw when I entered the room was Jackson.

"I had him stuffed," said the dear old soul. "I was so fond of him."

The taxidermist had made a fine bit of work of it, but the big, green, glass eyes stared at me in a way that stirred my conscience, and I could not stay long. I was afraid Mrs. Shillingsworth would see the truth in my face. Yes—oh, yes. Of course Jackson was a large pet cat. What did you think he was? I couldn't have killed a dog that way. I am too fond of dogs myself.—*N. Y. Ledger.*

SENATORS' DAUGHTERS.

Leading Statesman Represented in Society by Charming Girls.

Senators' daughters old enough to take part in Washington society were not very numerous the past winter, there having been so many married within two or three years, and few of the married daughters of Senators live here, though they occasionally visit their fathers during a session of Congress. The following, says a Washington correspondent, is a tolerably if not wholly accurate list of Senators who had with them last winter daughters old enough to be in society: Sherman, Ohio; Beck and Blackburn, Kentucky; Brown, Georgia; Butler and Hampton, both of South Carolina; Cameron, Pennsylvania; Cheney, New Hampshire; Cullom, Illinois; Dawes, Massachusetts; Dolph and Mitchell, both of Oregon; Edmunds, Vermont; Eustice, Louisiana; Evarts, New York; George, Mississippi; Jones, Arkansas; McMillan, Minnesota; Farwell, Illinois; Mahone, Virginia; Payne, Ohio; Pugh, Alabama; Sawyer, Wisconsin; Voorhees and Wilson, Iowa; and Whitthorne, Tennessee. The daughters of Senators Beck, Eustis, Farwell, Payne, Pugh and Sawyer are married, while the daughter of Senator Sherman, one of Senator Butler's daughters, and the daughters of Senators Cheney, Mahone, Whitthorne and McMillan each made her first formal appearance in the social gatherings frequented by her parents last winter. Some of the others were debutantes last season. Miss Eustis, who was married in February, had her debut ball in New Orleans just before accompanying her parents to Washington early in December. She married her first cousin, George Eustis, the grandson of Mr. W. W. Corcoran, of Washington.

Senators Don Cameron, of Pennsylvania, and Evarts, of New York, probably have more daughters than any other Senators. The former has six and the latter five. Only one of Senator Evarts' daughters is now unmarried—Miss Mary, who has always been so helpful to both her parents that her father, in alluding to the fact that she alone of his daughters has not married, says: "It is an instance of the survival of the fittest." She is always with her parents, whether in Washington or elsewhere. None of the married daughters live in Washington.

A Fair American Diplomate.

The most popular woman in the diplomatic corps at Athens is Mme. Bauhmetiew, the wife of the Russian charge d'affaires. She was Miss Mary Beale, of Washington, daughter of General Beale, the trusted friend of the late General Grant. Her husband is not only one of the shrewdest diplomates in that nest of political intrigue, but both he and his wife are gifted with an exquisite taste in house decoration, and their Athens home is famous for its collections of Eastern bric-a-brac, so artistically arranged that several rooms have been photographed and the pictures distributed among friends fond of Turkish loom-work and shaska and kindjals of Circassia.

PATRIOTISM FOR GIRLS.

Miss Cleveland Offers Some Good Advice to Her Young Countrywomen.

American girls can help being American very easily; they can be very un-American without half trying. I shall not try, writes Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland in the Augusta (Me.) *Sunshine*, to speak of all the ways by which this very undesirable reputation can be deserved; but there are two ways which are so much to the point I wish to make, that I will speak of them, and leave you to enumerate others for yourselves.

In the first place, then, you can be very un-American, indeed, and become more and more so, and when you have become just as un-American as you can, you can keep so by simply being and remaining ignorant about your country.

It is a good rule about good things that if you wish to feel very little interest in them, you must know very little about them; and if you wish to have no interest at all you must know nothing. This rule holds particularly good about this particularly good thing we call America. The girl who wants to be un-American must know nothing about her country; she can then feel no interest in it, and if she has no interest she will have no pride, no love, no Americanism. This is the first, best way to be un-American. In the second place you can be very un-American indeed by being very something else—very French, very Italian, very German, or, alas! "very English." There is no better way in the world to alienate yourself from an old friend or benefactor than to be disloyal to that person. The very best way in the world for a shallow girl to lose admiration for one friend is to compare that friend with another who is more admired by every one else; who is "the fashion." And, even if she be not shallow, it is a dangerous experiment, if she wishes to retain her own self-respect and sense of loyalty, for any girl to expose a dear friend to too much comparison with others, and to hear too much criticism from others. It is a good thing not to permit one's self to do this at all. If your old friend, your brother, your sister, your mother, your father, is not so much admired for surface qualities by people in general, as is some new friend, that is not your affair; he or she is, after all, yours, and yours to keep, yours first and best, always and forever.

A very good way, indeed, to be thought to be un-American, and to really become so, is to compare your country with other countries, with a constant willingness to believe the criticism of other people which makes America come out of the comparison second best. An then to imitate, as much as possible, the manner and customs of European countries; to catch all the foreign expressions and "airs" you can—in short, to be just as French or just as English as you possibly can be. You will lose your sense of loyalty toward your own land in this way, and then you will find it very easy to dislike America, just as we poor sinners find it very easy, always, to dislike every body and every thing which is a reproach to us.

To be a truly American girl is to be a truly country-loving girl; that is, to be truly patriotic; and that is to love, and honor, and be ready to serve her country at all times and in all places. Plenty of times and plenty of places will be found if one is looking for them.

No American girl can possibly help loving and honoring her grand country if she knows any thing about it. The long, thrilling story of its making, from first to last, from its beginning way back in the hearts of men, to its present growth and greatness, will sink deeper and deeper into the heads and hearts of all who study it, and mean more and more, as time goes on. Learn all you can, girls, of every country; you can never study history too much. But first and last, and in the middle, learn all you can of your own country. You can never, in a whole long lifetime, learn all there is to learn. The story can never grow stale, if rightly studied, and never grows tiresome.

And stand up for America wherever you are. Don't imitate any foreign styles or manners. If in the depths of your good, true, country-loving hearts you are compelled to admit that your country has a fault, as every great nation has, why, go to work to first conceal and then cure the fault; and let it be your glory that, as American girls, it is your mission to make every thing American so good and so beautiful that not long hence it shall be more fashionable to be "very American" than very any thing else, even "very English."

EARLY TELEPHONE DAYS.

How the Stock Was Hawked Around Without Finding Purchasers.

I heard a story to-day, writes a Washington correspondent, about the manner in which the telephone invention was originally offered around New York, without finding any one to take it or furnish capital to promote it. Certain gentlemen secured an option on the telephone at one time, the terms of which would have given them its use in the entire United States for a royalty of not over $30,000 a year. Their part of the agreement was that they should establish exchanges in the leading cities and pay $3 royalty a year on each transmitter used, but in no event were they to pay over $30,000 a year. They were unable to raise the necessary money to start even one exchange before their option expired. Mayor Hewitt had an opportunity, it is said, to get the biggest end of the telephone for $20,000, and a controling interest at about the same time was offered to the Western Union Telegraph Company for $11,000. Ex-Governor A. B. Cornell was acting president of the Western Union Company at that time, Mr. Orton being abroad. When the use of the telephone was explained to Governor Cornell he said: "The machine is all right, but what do men want to talk about?" Then he went on to argue that men would not be inclined to commit their secrets over a wire, where other people might hear them. Then he indicated that they would prefer to use written messages and inclose them in an envelope, where nobody could see them and have them sent without danger of others knowing any thing about them. Senator Don Cameron has denied the report that he was offered a fourth interest in the telephone for $50,000, but it was understood, nevertheless, that he was offered a big interest for a small sum of money and refused it. The figures may not be right, but the general fact has at least passed into current public belief.

A Postmaster's Commission.

According to the *Courant*, Postmaster English of New Haven has received a letter from Ohio with an inclosure. The letter reads: "Please hand to the most beautiful and intelligent young lady in New Haven, from eighteen to twenty-four years old, and who moves in the best society, unopened." The inclosure is sealed. It is understood that if the most beautiful and intelligent young lady in New Haven will call for it, it will be handed to her.

THE GRANGERS' GRIST.

AN experimenter in the growth of corn has attained almost perfection and a yield of eighty bushels to the acre through cutting out the tassels of stalks producing no ears.

ANY obtainable plaster about the premises may be advantageously used in the composition of a fertilizer for all crops, and as a disinfectant about the poultry house.

AN emulsion of kerosene oil and water sprayed on will destroy the apple aphis. This insect appears unceremoniously and in great numbers, and therefor the material for its destruction should be ready at hand.

IN warm weather the sheep and cattle in the pasture eagerly seek any available shade. This fact should induce the planting of a few shade trees of rapid growth, such as the silver maple, the elm or any of the broad poplars.

THE best known device for the prevention of self-milking by cows is the old-fashioned neck rack. This consists of two square frames placed around the neck, and connected with each other at the four corners by light sticks, which keep them about a foot apart.

INFLAMMATION and swelling of the hock joint occassoned by a sprain should be treated to a cold bath frequently every day. It takes considerable time to reduce the swelling, and the horse so affected should be allowed ample room and time to recover.

PURE maple sugar has become a rarity in the market owing to the decreased demand brought about by the adulterated article that is commonly offered. It is safe to say that a pure article put up and sealed by makers in small tins would find ready purchasers everywhere.

THE symptoms of black leg in cattle are a lameness in the shoulders followed by swellings which extend to the brisket. This is a singularly rapid and fatal affection when it once gains headway. Upon its appearance in the herd laxative feed should be given, and half-pound doses of sulphate of magnesia administered once or twice a week for a short time.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY,

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

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FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE.

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to undersell as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND, PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS, BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS, JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call. 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 38 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

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SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

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JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

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ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
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Our Railway System Embraces

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—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
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Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
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—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—The work of repairing Somerset street to the Borough line, will begin the forepart of the week.

—Forty prisoners lie in the Middlesex county jail at New Brunswick, thirty of whom are held for the Grand Jury in default of bail.

—Friends' Quarterly meeting will be held in the Peace street meeting house next Thursday morning. Services commencing at 11 o'clock.

—Sunday was a magnificent day, cool, clear and refreshing—more pleasant atmosphere could not be found in the mountains or at the sea shore.

—A disgraceful fight between two colored men took place on Somerset street near the bridge, late on Saturday evening, but as usual the principals got away.

—A wagon load of choice bird dogs from the Graphic Kennels at Netherwood were this morning sent to Orange, to make room for other blooded stock at Netherwood.

—Mr. F. Moon will lead the Young Men's Meeting at the Y. M. C. A. rooms, this evening, at eight o'clock. Topic:—"Remission of Sin By the Blood." All men welcome.

—Some white and colored men got into a wrangle at Park avenue and Second street late on Saturday evening, but Officer McCue happened along and straightened out matters.

—The New Jersey Cycling and Athletic Association will hold its annual tournament for professional and amateur riders on Saturday afternoon next at Roseville, N. J. Many of the cracks of the country have entered.

—Every day the value of newspaper advertising becomes more apparent. Only a day or two ago a lost canary bird flew in the composing room of the *Republican* at Darlington, Wis., while a compositor was setting up an advertisement for it.

—The Boulevard in the neighborhood of Liberty street was the scene of a brutal slugging match during yesterday when two bullies are reported to have beaten an inoffensive plumber in a shocking manner. The names of the offenders are known and their arrest is thought to be only a matter of a short time.

—Hurlburt, Hunting and Frost, whose advertisement appears elsewhere, will exhibit in this city on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. The exhibition will consist of a menagerie, gymnasium and trained animal show. The press throughout the country speak in the highest terms of the organization, and the small price of admission will doubtless fill the tent to overflowing each night.

Reform Club Meeting.

There was a very large and attentive audience present at the Reform Club meeting last evening. President French was in the chair, and Freeholder Vanderbeek and the usual choir conducted the musical part of the exercises. Capt. Wm. B. Ostrom led the devotional exercises, after which President French introduced S. A. Haines, Esq., of Netherwood, as the speaker for the evening. The speaker with eloquence and power advocated the principles and practices of total abstinence and no license, and held the undivided attention of listeners to the very close of his remarks. At the close of the meeting a few persons came forward and voluntarily put their names to the list of total abstainers.

A Child Fearfully Burned.

George, the three-year-old son of Mr. Geo. H. Babcock of Eighth and Union streets, was frightfully burned on the chest and arms a few evenings since. The little fellow was sitting at the supper table, when he accidentally overturned a bowl of boiling hot porridge, the contents of the bowl covering his arms and running down the chest. Dr. T. H. Tomlinson was called in and under his efficient treatment no fatal results are anticipated.

Another Barn Added to the List.

About two o'clock yesterday morning, John McIlroy, a watchman employed by Mr. William Thompson about his house corner of Central avenue and Sixth street, heard a man pass along Sixth street in the direction of New street. The man was walking in the gutter at the time, and the watchman followed him, supposing he was about to seek lodgings in the unoccupied house at the corner of New and Fifth streets. The strange and suspicious looking individual was lost sight of for a time, and presently the watchman saw him passing along New street to Fifth. The latter followed, but again lost track of him, and proceeded to Fifth and Liberty streets, where he met special officer Flanagan, and told him of the man's actions. While the two were conversing together, a young man, apparently under the influence of liquor, passed near them from Fifth street, and went on his way through Liberty street to Fourth. Officer Flanagan at once identified the man as one whom he says is none too good to commit any crime when he is drunk. The man is supposed to have eluded the watchman by stepping into a dooryard on West Fifth street, until the latter passed, and evidently thinking that the coast was clear, had again started to walk along Fifth street when he was discovered by the officers. Soon afterward Mr. McIlroy started to return, and officer Flanagan resumed his beat through Liberty street to Seventh. As the former turned into New street from Fifth, he discovered a bright light in the unoccupied barn standing on the east corner of Sixth and New streets. He immediately gave the alarm, and officer Flanagan hastened to Mr. Titsworth's residence, where he found that gentleman already at the telephone notifying the firemen. Meanwhile a son of Mr. Sharp, who live on the opposite corner had arrived, and with assistance forced an entrance into the barn and succeeded in getting out a buggy belonging to Mr. Humbert. The fire spread very rapidly, although those who were among the first to arrive declare that the blaze could have easily been extinguished with a few pails of water when it was first discovered. The heavens were brilliantly illuminated and many persons were drawn to the place by the bright light. The structure was frame one-story high with mow, and belonged to William McCutchen of North Plainfield, who several years ago bought it from the late Peter Balen at a cost of about $300 and removed it to the lot on which it stood. The barn was totally destroyed, and the loss is said to be covered by insurance in one of the companies which the owner represents. William Graydon with his family occupies the house on the premises. He had a cook stove stored in the building, which is the only loss he sustained. Adjoining the burned building was a frame barn belonging to James Clark. This was damaged $100, and was uninsured It was unoccupied, nothing being in it except a lot of kindling wood and some lumber. Fortunately but little wind was blowing at the time or the result would have been more disastrous, situated as the building was in close proximity to a number of frame dwellings. As usual the firemen experienced some difficulty in getting water, but they did efficient service in keeping the fire from spreading. Special Officer Flanagan told a PRESS reporter last evening, that the man he had seen on Fifth street but a few minutes before the fire was discovered, was one of the first to arrive at the fire. He says that he is well acquainted with him, and for a long time has suspicioned him as being the fire bug who has been applying the torch to barns in this city. The officer carefully noted the man's action while the fire was in progress and pointed him out to several persons at the time. This clew promises to make a good foundation for the arrest and conviction of the criminal, and when this is accomplished residents of this city will all breathe easier when they retire at night.

The Netherwood Hop.

The class of people that Hotel Netherwood under its new management is attracting this season, is of the very highest grade of society in New York and other cities. Consequently its evening dances have been a mingling of the refined and beautiful, and especially on Saturday evenings has the gathering been unusually brilliant. The hop of last Saturday evening was no exception to this rule, and the parlors presented a bright picture of fair women and brave men. The music was good and the selections pleasing. Only the coming of Sunday morning, and the calling of the roll by hard hearted parents, could at last cause the happy couples to "break away."

Among the elegantly dressed ladies were Miss Plum in white corded silk with mechlin lace, pearls and red patent leather slippers; Miss Yelland, white moire and white lace; Miss Goelet, pink surah with pink gauze trimmings and pearls; Miss Swain, pink silk with white lace and pink flowers; Miss Cullen, blue satin with cream lace and pink flowers; Miss Condit, white and gold brocade with white lace; Miss H. Cullen, white silk and white lace; Mrs. W. J. Roome, black and red brocade with black lace trimmings, and diamonds; Mrs. O. P. Bridgman, black moire and black lace, and diamonds; Mrs. R. T. Howard, black silk with jet; and the Misses Williamson, white and blue satin, and white flannel.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Kitty Case is visiting friends in Brooklyn.

Mr. John Mantz of this city, is spending a few weeks at Mount Horeb.

Mr. John H. Doane and wife have returned from their Summer trip.

Mr. George Sanders and Miss Sanders have returned from the Catskills.

Miss Bertha Smith, of Fanwood, will visit at Manasquan during August.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris VanArsdale left to-day for a fortnight's visit to Plucknamin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. McClymont, of the Park, North Plainfield, are at the Catskills.

Rev. Mr. Schenck, pastor of the Trinity Reformed church, is now domiciled at Ocean Grove.

Freeholder Kyte, of Scotch Plains, gave a luncheon to a few of his intimate friends on Saturday.

Miss Flora Hill of Roseville, N. J., is visiting her cousin Miss Eva Peer of West Front street.

Mr. Frank Van Winkle of Newark, N. J., spent yesterday with his parents on Central avenue.

Mrs. John M. Burnet of this city was registered at the Tremont House, Sea Girt, on Saturday.

Miss Grace Johnson of the Borough, is a guest at the cottage of Mr. George F. Brown, Asbury Park.

Mrs. James B. Clarkson and son left to-day for a two weeks' absence at Ocean Grove and Asbury Park.

Mr. and Mrs. Carman Parse, Mr. and Mrs. D. C. Adams, and Miss Adams are back from the Adirondacks.

Miss Sue Van Winkle of North Plainfield, is taking a much needed rest at Washington, Warren county, N. J.

Miss Emma Birdsell of the "Chatsworth House," Larchmont, N. Y., is being entertained by friends in North Plainfield.

Mrs. Walter McGee, of North Plainfield with her sister, Miss Ida Yerkes, of this city, are at Windham, Greene county, N. Y.

Mrs. John Cameron and daughter Mamie, start today for a two months' visit at Highland, Ulster county, New York State.

Mrs. Charles Berry and family of Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting Mrs. Berry's sister, Mrs. George Demarest of Warren street, North Plainfield.

Ex-Councilman John Cameron returned to Memphis, Mo., where he is engaged in building a railroad, on Saturday last after a week's visit here on business.

Mr. Seymour G. Smith of Central avenue, who is with his family at their Summer quarters in New York State, is nursing a sore foot, wounded by a rusty nail.

Mr. Adam Fritz starts this week for Western Virginia and Kentucky on business and pleasure combined. He will bring back with him a car load of horses.

Mr. Frank J. Hubbard arrived on Saturday at his destination, the ranch of Mr. C. D. Vail, at Rock Creek, Wyoming Territory, where he intends to remain for a year or two.

Miss Minna M. Godown left on Saturday to spend a few weeks at Point Pleasant, where she expected to meet a party of friends from Trenton. They are registered at the Resort House.

Rev. J. Taylor of Rome, N. Y., who so ably occupied the pulpit of the Crescent Avenue church, yesterday morning and afternoon, is a guest of his nephew E. R. Taylor, of Duer street.

Mr. William Sanford of West Seventh street, accompanied by his wife, and daughter Miss May, and Mrs. Sandford's mother, have gone to Asbury Park for a week or so, starting this morning.

Later advices from Richmond, Va., concerning the condition of Justice Nash's father, state that the old gentlemen is doing as well as can be expected. Justice Nash will leave Richmond with his father at half-past six o'clock this evening, arriving in Brooklyn to-morrow morning.

Samuel B. Haines, a minister of the Society of Friends, delivered an excellent address at the Hicksite meeting house on Peace street, yesterday. Mr. Haines is, and has been for many years past, teller in the Bowery Savings Bank, of New York city, and has frequently spoken in this city before.

Mr. Robert J. Gill, of the County Down Flax Spinning Company, of Belfast, Ireland, is a guest for a few days of Mr. Justus Hesse of Seventh street, this city. Mr. Gill is in this country on business for his firm. He brought over with him a beautiful and valuable collie dog as a present to his friend, Mr. Hesse.

Ex-Councilman Jasper G. Cadmus was in town a few hours to-day. Himself and wife have been spending the Summer months at Belvidere, Warren county, N. J. Mrs. Cadmus remains there a couple of weeks longer while Mr. Cadmus goes to his favorite fishing grounds, Sewaren, N. J., where he will engage in warfare with the weak-fish.

Base Ball.

CYCLERS vs. SOMERVILLES.

The game at Somerville, Saturday afternoon, between the Bicycle Club nine of this city and the West End team of that town, was a close one. The Cyclers led at the end of the sixth inning, but in the seventh the Somervilles won the game. To James Murray of the Plainfielders is due the credit of one of the finest plays of the season. He cleverly captured a difficult fly and touched a man out at second. The following is the score:

WEST END.	R.	O.	BICYCLE CLUB.	R.	O.
Davenport, 2b.	2	2	Shadford, ss.	4	2
O'Leary, c.	2	3	F. Walz, 1b.	2	2
McMurtry, cf.	2	1	Sover, lf.	1	3
Barcalow, ss.	1	3	J. Murray, cf.	2	3
Bedford, p.	2	2	R. Murray, c.	1	2
Conklin, 1b.	2	2	Lu , 3b.	0	4
Gaston, lf.	2	2	Chamberlain, p.	2	0
Hallagan, rf.	3	2	Martin, 2b.	2	2
Mack, 3b.	1	4	L. Walz, rf.	2	3
	17	21		16	23

West End..... 1 2 0 2 1 7 4 *—17
Bicycle Club..... 1 2 2 0 0 8 1 1—15

ATHLETICS vs. MYSTICS.

The Athletic base ball club of this city went over to New Brunswick on Saturday afternoon, and for the second time defeated the Mystic base ball club of that city. The two nines, it is understood, will play a series of five games. Three games have already been played, the New Brunswick nine winning the first match and the Athletics the second and third. Much interest is manifested in the deciding contests, and the Plainfield team is hopeful of winning the next match, thus giving it a majority of the games in the series. The game on Saturday was very exciting, and each nine made a commendable record. Following is the score:

ATHLETICS.	R.	O.	MYSTICS.	R.	O.
Duckworth, rf.	1	2	McDavitt, rf.	1	4
Condon, ss.	0	4	Dunn, ss.	2	2
Nelson, lf.	1	2	Conly, p.	1	3
Winn, c.	1	2	Bowman, 1b.	0	3
Mattox, cf.	1	3	Lawrence, 2b.	0	4
Evans, 2b.	1	3	Tellere, c.	0	3
Buckley, p.	0	3	Hayley, 3b.	0	3
Cocker, 3b.	0	3	Grenwald, lf.	0	3
Babcock, 1b.	2	2	Kenny, cf.	2	2
	7	24		6	27

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Athletics.....2 2 0 0 0 1 2 0 *—7
Mystics.....2 1 0 0 0 0 3 0 0—6

Near the close of the game there was considerable excitement, and during the eighth and ninth innings neither side scored a single run. The players, however, were all good natured and at the conclusion of the match the Plainfield boys were royally entertained, being provided with an abundance of refreshments. The Athletic club returned home late Saturday night, and all were loud in their praise of the New Brunswick team for the courteous manner in which they were entertained.

Y. M. C. A. vs. ACTIVE.

These two clubs, each with a victory and defeat to its credit, crossed bats for supremacy on the Park avenue grounds on Saturday. The Actives were strengthened with a new battery—Lee and Dawe, and had Cadmus on second base. The Y. M. C. A.'s were weakened by the absence of Chamberlain, Cornwell and Dilts—the substitutes for whom were not equal to their principals. The contest was exceedingly fine, and was a rare treat to the crowd of visitors overlooking the game. Accuracy and brilliancy of play was the rule—not the exception. The bases were capitally manned, and flies were rarely missed. In centre field, eight long flies were taken without a miss—three by Murray, two by McMurray, and three by R. Townley. The Actives excelled in base running—having but one man left during the game, while Y. M. C. A. had six. The errors charged were for the most part due to *wild and reckless throwing*—so fruitful in runs, and so fatal to the side which practices it. The following is the score in detail:

ACTIVES.

	AB	R	O	1B	SB	PO	A	E
R. Townley, c f.	4	2	2	1	1	3	1	0
G. Cadmus, 2 b.	4	1	2	1	3	5	3	1
Young, s s.	4	0	4	0	0	0	3	1
Talliant, 1 b.	4	1	3	0	0	8	0	1
W. Townley, l f.	4	0	4	0	0	1	0	1
Gee, p.	4	0	4	0	0	0	1	1
Dawe, c.	4	2	2	2	4	7	1	2
Voehl, 3 b.	4	1	2	1	1	3	2	2
Flemming, r f.	3	1	2	1	2	0	0	0
	35	8	25	6	11	27	11	9

Y. M. C. A.

W. Cadmus, 2 b.	5	2	1	2	1	0	2	0
McMurray, c c f.	5	1	3	1	1	4	3	3
Gavett, 1 b.	5	1	3	2	0	11	0	0
McCutchen, 2 b.	5	1	3	2	0	1	0	1
Doane, 3 b.	5	0	5	0	0	1	4	2
Murray, c f c.	4	0	3	1	0	5	1	0
Demarest, l f.	4	1	2	1	0	1	0	1
H. Cadmus, s s.	4	1	3	0	1	1	1	0
Webster, r f.	4	0	4	0	0	1	0	0
	41	7	27	9	3	25	11	7

ACTIVE.....1 1 0 0 2 1 0 2 1—8.
Y. M. C. A.....0 0 0 1 0 0 5 0 1—7.

Runs Earned—Active, 5; Y. M. C. A., 5. Three Base Hits—McCutchen. One Base Hits—Y. M. C. A., 6, Active, 6. Left on Bases—G. Cadmus, 1, W. Cadmus, 2, Gavett, 1, McCutchen, 1, Murray, 1, Demarest, 1. Hit with Ball—Voehl, 1, B. Townley, 1, McMurray, 1. Base on Balls—W. Cadmus, 1. Struck out by Lee—Gavett, 1, Doane, 1, H. Cadmus, 1, Webster, 3. By W. Cadmus—Young, 3, Talliant, 2, W. Townley, 1, Voehl, 1, Flemming 2. Flies caught by Actives, 8; by Y. M. C. A., 8. Umpire—Mr. Charles Dunham.

A Treat for To-morrow.

We have for publication to-morrow a letter from a clever correspondent at Chautauqua, who tells of the Plainfield people at the Assembly and of what they are doing. We are safe in saying that a communication of so much general interest is seldom presented. Dr. Vincent and his family, Dr. Hurlbut, the Rev. R. S. Holmes, Miss Kimball, Prof. Bridge, Miss Chamberlin, Mr. Knaufft and the Misses Angleman and Bellemere are those of our citizens at Chautauqua.

A Batch of Law Breakers.

One young man was arraigned before the City Judge at the station house this morning, for being drunk on the streets last evening. He was committed for fifteen days in default of a five dollar fine.

Edward Miller, colored, was arrested on Somerset street at noon yesterday, by Borough Marshal Becker, for using profane language. He was locked up and this morning Mayor Cooley sentenced him to pay a fine of five dollars or be committed for ten days. At last accounts he was looking for the five dollars.

Mrs. Sullivan, a well-known offender from the Fourth Ward, was arrested on Saturday for being drunk and using foul language. This morning she could not tell how many times she had been arrested within the past three months. Two different times she was brought out of her cell in the station house to plead to the double charge, and each time she refused to plead guilty. Judge Ulrich remanded her for trial. This afternoon Judge Ulrich suspended sentence.

On Wednesday, August 3d, Mary Kane of Westervelt avenue, North Plainfield, went before Mayor Cooley and swore out a warrant for the arrest of John Barry of Bull Frog City, charging in the complaint that the said Barry "in violation of the eighth and ninth sections of an ordinance of the said Borough of North Plainfield entitled 'An ordinance relating to the morals, peace and good order of the Borough of North Plainfield,'" was drunk and disorderly and gave intoxicating liquors to minor persons. The warrant was issued and on Saturday afternoon the accused was apprehended and paroled on his own recognizance to appear for a hearing before Mayor Cooley on Thursday morning.

Union Gun Club.

Several members of the Middlesex Gun Club attended the shooting tournament of the Union Gun Club at Springfield, N. J., Saturday last, and participated in the sports of the day. They however failed to secure first money in the grand event of the day, which was a contest at fifty clay birds, $2.50 entrance. There were eighteen entrees for this—Mr. Hobart of the South side, taking first by breaking forty-seven out of fifty. Enock Miller took second with forty-five. In the double bird match, Dickens of the Middlesex Club took second money with seventeen out of twenty. Among those present was "Old South Paw" of the Jersey City Heights Club. The visitors all report having a good time.

Presenting a Gold Medal.

The Turn Section of the Plainfield Gesang and Turn Verein, celebrated the seventh anniversary of its organization, yesterday. A large number of the active members went to Florida Grove in carriages, and spent the day there in thorough enjoyment. The great feature of the occasion was the presentation to Turnwort Piker—who had occupied that office for the past five years—with a handsome gold medal. Mr. H. Haurand made the presentation speech, and the rest all joined in the chorus of cheers. The medal was meant as a token of the Turners' great admiration and regard for their Turnwort.

The Organ Recital.

So many of Plainfield's cultured people being out of town for the season, the audience was not very large at the organ recital in Crescent Avenue church, Saturday evening. Those who were present, however, enjoyed a real musical treat. Mr. Taft having had a chance to more thoroughly acquaint himself with the ability of the organ, rendered the programme published by us, with one substitution, in a thoroughly artistic and appreciative manner. Jensen's "Bridal Song" was given instead of the Gavotte by Holst, and, of course, was one of the gems of the evening.

Netherwood's Need.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—I learn from your esteemed paper, that some members of the Street Committee, accompanied by the Street Commissioner, have been on an investigating tour for the purpose of individually ascertaining the improvements and repairs needed. It is to be hoped that they have seen the condition of South avenue, as well as the streets in the neighborhood of Prospect avenue, and that the much needed repairs in those parts of the city will have immediate attention.

TAX PAYER.

Rev. Dr. Vincent at Chautauqua.

Fully 6,000 persons listened yesterday morning at Chautauqua, N. Y., to the baccalaureate address of Chancellor John H. Vincent of this city, to the class of 1887, which is to graduate on Wednesday next. About 2,000 members of the class were present. Dr. Vincent preached from the text, "But grow in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ." In the afternoon a service in memory of deceased Chautauquans was held. The platform was decorated with floral designs.

—There are 260 Catholic Priests in New Jersey, and 1,050 Sisters in the various orders.

Plainfield's Public Schools.

As a marked instance of the good and extended repute of the Public Schools of Plainfield, a communication was recently received from an official in one of the eastern counties of New Jersey, desiring to be informed of the *modus operandi* of successful school management in this city. To that inquiry, the Secretary of the Board of Education made the following reply:

BOARD OF EDUCATION,
PLAINFIELD, N. J., August 9, 1887.

DEAR SIR:

I cannot in response to your letter of 8th inst., furnish, as requested, a copy of the rules and regulations governing the Public Schools of this city, because we have no formulated data of the kind.

Our schools are conducted under a special act of incorporation and supplements thereto (to be found in the Laws of New Jersey), procured from the Legislature years ago, pursuant to which the Board of Education consists of five members, holding office for the term of five years, one member being elected by the people at each annual municipal election.

The system of public instruction here in vogue is graded up to the highest branches, and the earnest and single aimed efforts of the Educational Board have ever been to provide suitable buildings for the health and comfort of pupils, and to make all the schools thoroughly efficient and progressive institutions of learning, through the agency of a well qualified and faithful Principal, aided by Vice Principals and Teachers selected with sole reference to their practical ability and personal worth. Such, I feel safe in saying, is mainly why the Public Schools of Plainfield enjoy the honorable reputation you quote.

Our schools re-open September 5th, and should any gentlemen of your Board desire to visit them, they will be most cordially welcomed.

I am, very respectfully,
NATHAN HARPER,
Secretary.

There is no public interest more deserving of liberal aid and encouragement than the free and thorough education of the rising generation. Education is the reliable foundation of not only individual prosperity in life, but of the welfare of society and the integrity of government.

Plainfielders certainly have cause to feel proud of their Public Schools, and to honor the memory of the late Doctor Stillman for his long and devoted services in connection therewith. Contributing as much, if not more than aught else to build up Plainfield, her schools now enjoy the distinguished credit of being publicly declared and generally admitted the very best in the whole State.

The Death Record.

William H., the ten-months-old son of Edward E. and Charlotte Wolverton of La Grande avenue, died yesterday after a short illness. The funeral will take place from the house on Wednesday afternoon. Interment in the Presbyterian Cemetery, North Plainfield.

Nathan M. Winans, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of Elizabeth, died at his house on Cherry street, that city, on Friday, after a lingering illness. He was 72 years of age, and a native of this country. He was a member of the Third Presbyterian church, and leaves a wife, two sons and two daughters. One of the daughters, Mary, is the wife of Sheriff George M. Stiles, of this city. The funeral took place from his late home at three o'clock this afternoon. Interment was made in Evergreen cemetery, at Elizabeth.

New Orders Sent Out.

The following circular has been sent out from the office of the Superintendent of the Central Railroad of New Jersey:

CENTRAL R. R. CO. OF NEW JERSEY,
OFFICE OF GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT,
ELIZABETH, N. J., Aug. 12th, 1887.

NOTICE TO AGENTS.

Complaints are made by the traveling public that at such stations where newspapers, cigars, etc., are sold by the agents, so much of their time is taken up in attending to this business that passengers are frequently neglected, in consequence of which it has been decided to discontinue the practice of allowing agents to sell any articles at their stations and from this date our employes will be expected to engage in no outside business during such hours as should be devoted to the legitimate business of the company.

J. H. OLHAUSEN,
General Superintendent.

A New Order of Odd Fellows.

A new encampment of Odd-Fellows will be instituted at Washington Hall, Elizabeth, on August 25th. Ex-Councilman Isaac Van Hart has been selected as Chief Patriarch of the new lodge, which will be instituted by the State officers. Noah's Dove Encampment, of Plainfield, will visit Elizabeth in a body on this occasion and participate in the inaugural ceremonies.

A Good Horse Trade.

The New Brunswick *Fredonian* of last Friday contained the following:

In reference to the trade alleged to have been made by Jockey Morris, the latter said this morning:

"I have just traded Fannie Gilbert to a gentleman of Plainfield, who gave me in return the bay horse Frank Ellis, whose record is 2:33. I made the trade for Rogers Bros., of Asbury Park, who owned Fannie Gilbert."

—A large number of blue fish were caught off shore at Asbury Park on Saturday, some of which were this morning consigned to persons in this city.

WRECKED IN PORT

A SPANISH BARK CAPSIZES AT HER DOCK.

One Man Killed and Nine Injured by a Singular Accident—Turned Completely Over.

BROOKLYN, Aug. 15.—An accident of a peculiar character occurred about midnight on the water front, which created a panic and caused the death of one person and injuries to nine others.

The accident happened at the foot of Twenty-sixth street, South Brooklyn. A Spanish bark which a few hours before had been placed on a dry dock for repairs, suddenly careened and now lies partially submerged. The sleeping people aboard were rudely awakened and forced to flee for their lives. In the hurry and excitement everybody had to look out for himself. The pitch darkness added to the panic.

The Spanish bark Marie Louise arrived at the dry dock Saturday noon. She left Havana, Cuba, fourteen days ago, bound for the Canary Islands. Besides her crew of twenty-two sailors there were seventy-six passengers, of whom twelve were women and little girls.

The passengers are members of a company which left the Canary Islands a few years ago to work at their trade of cigar making in Havana. Having succeded in making a little money these people shipped aboard the Marie Louise to return to their old home.

The Marie Louise is 300 tons burden. Her cargo consisted of general merchandise, but principally of rum and molasses. Captain Juan Ortago commanded her.

Before the bark left Havana it was found that some of the copper on her bottom was torn off. Arrangements were made with the New York agents to have her come into this port and go into the dry dock to be repaired. She arrived here on August 10, and after discharging a number of empty oil barrels was towed to the dry dock on Saturday.

At 5 o'clock the dock was in readiness to receive the bark, and she was placed on it. The engine on the dock was then put in operation, and in less than an hour the vessel was high out of water and apparently resting securely upon the supports. It was thought that the work of repatching her bottom would be completed by this noon at the latest, and neither the captain nor Dry Dock company employs considered it necessary to put the passengers ashore.

A half-dozen of the crew were on the dock at the time the accident occurred. The rest of the crew, the captain and all he passengers were asleep in their banks below deck. Those on the deck were startled by a sudden crackling sound, as if timbers were being broken beneath the vessel. The crackling was succeeded in a few moments by a loud crash.

Then the bark trembled and rocked violently from side to side. The sailors on her deck saw that she was gradually sinking and the dry dock with her. They raised loud cries of alarm and made a dash for the cabin to arouse the unsuspecting sleepers.

The crash of the breaking timbers and the strange motion of the vessel had already startled many of those below deck. Some of them thought there had been an earthquake shock.

The affrighted people were hardly able to leap from their banks before a flood of water swept into the cabin. Men shouted, women screamed and children cried at the top of their lungs. The only light in the cabin was that thrown from a swinging oil lantern overhead.

The bark lay on the south side of the long dock. The supports under it at this side seemed to have been the ones to give way. She toppled over until all of her deck on this side was about six feet under water, and her starboard was elevated at an angle of about forty-five degrees. As she careened her three masts came down with a bang upon the engine house on the dock, and carried away the tall smoke stack. Her mainmast extended clear across the dock and became entangled in the rigging of another sailing vessel moored there.

When the water poured into the cabin it floated everything moveable. The terrified passengers were struck by trunks and other bulky articles while making a mad rush for the stairway. They had no opportunity to put on any clothes. All they thought of was to save their lives.

The cries of the imperilled people were heard by the crews of the H. H. Harness and other vessels lying about. They came to the rescue with lanterns and ropes. Captain Ortago, in his undershirt and pants, assisted in placing several planks in position from the deck of the bark to the dock. He stood in the water up to his waist while doing so.

All of the passengers had managed to get out of the cabin. Those who had been injured were carried up by the sailors. These were taken ashore, while the others scampered to land as best they could.

Ambrose Dodigio was the passenger who lost his life. In his hurry to climb ashore he lost his hold and fell into the water. Efforts were made to rescue him, but in the darkness he could not be found. Later his body was seen floating a few yards away from the bark. As there was a gash on his forehead it is believed that he struck some object while falling and was stunned. He was seventeen years of age and had been working in Havana two years.

Shaken up at Sea.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 15.—The steamship New Orleans, of the Cromwell line, from New York, arrived Saturday night. Capt. Halsey reports that at 8 a. m. on the 8t inst., when in the latitude of Charleston, he experienced a severe shock of an earth, quake. There were three or four unusually high seas and a terrific jar throughout the ship; at the time she was in 18 fathoms of water. An hour before this occurred one of the firemen, becoming deranged, jumpe overboard and was drowned.

Run Over and Killed.

LANCASTER, Penn., Aug. 15.—Frank Shuck, a track repairer of the Pennsylvania railroad was struck and instantly killed by a freight train at Leaman place last evening. He was young and unmarried and lived with his parents in this city. He had just stopped work for the day, and was on his way to take a train for home, when, stepping on the track to watch an east-bound freight he was struck by one going in the opposite direction.

For New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The acting postmaster general has appointed the following fourth-class postmasters: Mrs. Caroline Scott, Claysville, Penn.; John W. Goodwin, Rutan, Penn.; Albert H. Eastman, Colebrook, N. H.; Seymour C. Elliott, Page Brook, N. H.

Gen. Sherman at Block Island.

BLOCK ISLAND, Aug. 15.—Gen. William T. Sherman, Miss Rachel Sherman, John F. Plummer, A. M. Thackera and Commodore W. E. Bateman arrived here last evening on the steam yacht Meteor, and are registered at the Ocean View.

THE THISTLE STILL UNSPOKEN.

Fears That She Was Overwhelmed by the July Tidal Wave.

NEW YORK, Aug 15.—Yachting circles received a shock yesterday, when a cable was received from Glasgow saying that there was a rumor there that the cutter Thistle, which sailed for New York July 25, was lost. The only foundation for the rumor is the non-arrival of the yacht in New York, she being expected to make a fast voyage over.

Mr. James Bell, the principal owner of the yacht, who is in Glasgow, does not place any credence in the report, saying that the rig of the Thistle was much cut down and the winds that have prevailed since her departure have been light.

It is reported by the pilot who brought the steamer Bothnia into Boston a few days ago, and who also piloted the steamer Etruria into this port yesterday, that the officers of the former steamer sighted the Thistle apparently all right a few day's before reaching port. This is one of the many rumors afloat regarding the cutter,s safety. It is said by men conversant with yachting matters that the Thistle has taken a very southerly course to escape the numerous icebergs which are floating about on the ocean, which accounts for her not being sighted by the many Atlantic steamers.

Indignant Photographers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—About 75 photographers, delegates to the national convention from all parts of the country, held an indignation meeting last night to protest against the award of prizes at the exhibition just closed. The judges who awarded the prizes were Dr. Nichol, of Chicago, Dr. Elliott, of New York, and Messrs. Goebel Long, of Quincy, and James Ingalls, of Rochester, N. Y. The speakers charged that these gentlemen did not know their business, and that the awards were notoriously unfair. Resolutions were adopted expressive of the indignation of those present, and deploring the injustice done to the young men of the profession whose work had received the admiration and approval of all the leading critics, and protesting against "the unfairness and partiality displayed as being calculated to work serious detriment to the interests of the profession."

Twenty-two Fishermen Lost.

GLOUCESTER, Mass., Aug. 15.—The schooner A. D. Story, the first of the Iceland halibut fleet, arrived here to-day. Capt. Ryan has made several voyages to that region, and reports the weather this season the worst he ever experienced. Halibut are plenty, but the vessel could not fish. The French condfishing fleet, he says, has done fairly well. Danish vessels were reported lost on that coast, but the crews were saved. The French fishing vessel Sophie, of Morel, was lost at Reikiavik with a crew of 23 men. Great destitution prevailed among the natives, many of whom were leaving the country. The Story sailed from Iceland July 31, meeting unmerous icebergs on the Labrador and Newfoundland coasts. Inquiries were made about mackerel, but none had been seen this summer.

Freight Trains in Collison.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—An Aurora (Ill.) special says: "A serious railroad accident occurred near here yesterdey, where the Fox River Branch leaves the main line of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy. A main line freight train going south ran into the rear end of a freight train going to the Fox River Branch. A man named William Breed was fatally crushed. Another man named Watkins was also bruised up a great deal. Two men in a box car of the second train were somewhat injured. The engines and many cars were wrecked."

President Campbell Very Sick.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 15.—Fears have been entertained that the Rev. W. H. Campbell, D. D., LL. D., the aged ex-president of Rutger's college, and pastor of the Suydam street Reformed church, cannot recover from illness with which he has been suffering for a week past. His condition was considered improved, but he is very week, and his age counts against him. United States Marshal Gordon, who is also editor of the New Brunswick *Times*, is also so ill that fears of his death are entertained.

Unexpected Tenants.

MALONE, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Congressman Ashbel P. Fitch, who, with Inspector-General Schaefer, of Gov. Hill's staff, and other guests, passed through this place on the way to his camp at Kagged lake, in the Adirondacks, was met here by the information that the camp was found by guides sent in yesterday to arrange the place for occupancy to be held by a she bear and two cubs. The unexpected tenants vacated the premises at once and Mr. Fitch's party has taken possession.

Charged With Wife Murder.

BELOIT, Kan., Aug.—Mrs. Eliza Johnson, who lived three miles from Beloit, disappeared from her home on the morning of Aug 2. She was found hanging in the timber on her husband's farm, the Friday following. An inquest was held and a verdict of suicide given. On Aug. 11 her husband, the oldest settlers in the county, was held for her murder on complaint of neighbors, and a new inquest was held, the verdict being that she was killed by blows inflicted by her husband.

To Celebrate the Centenary.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 15.—The board of freeholders of Middlesex county has made a movement toward celebrating the coming centenary of the constitution. The members, at their meeting yesterday, listened to an address from their director, in which he ulogized the services of William Paterson, a member of the constitutional convention." Luther Martin, one of the representatives from Maryland, was born in Piscataway, and lived in this city.

Irene Hoyt Visits Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—Miss Mary Irene Hoyt, accompanied by her counsel, E C. Carrigan, arrived from Boston yesterday. Miss Hoyt's purpose in coming west is to look after the interests of the Hoyt estate, of which property to the value of about a million and a half dollars in real estate and grain elevators is located in Chicago.

Kicked to Death by a Horse.

NEWBURG, Aug. 15.—Charles Jansen, a Sweed, twenty-five years of age, while leading new horses from the depot at Pine Island to the Orange county stock farm yesterday, was set upon by one of the animals and kicked to death. He resided in New York city.

California Wants to be Seen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Aug. 15.—The state democratic club of California has appointed a committee of seven to consult with the state and city authorities with a view to extending to President Cleveland a formal invitation to visit California.

THE ART OF WHISTLING.

A New Class of Music Which Promises to Become Fashionable.

A comparatively new class of music is likely to be heard a good deal of in Chicago before any of us are many months older, predicts a writer in the Chicago *Journal*. This is nothing more or less than—whistling. At the first reading, with one's mind full of recollections of the street-car, sidewalk and office, the statement may appear a little far-fetched. But until one has heard a really accomplished whistler, like several young people I know, whistle pretty and intricate music to an artistic piano accompaniment and with a faultless regard for time, shade and so forth, he can have no idea of the beauty of the accomplishment. The ordinary human whistle, like the ordinary human voice, is rough and discordant, and grates harshly enough on the cultivated ear, but some performances I have recently had the pleasure of listening to convince me that the really talented whistler has an object and a future. A notice that I saw recently in a New York society paper of a young woman whose husband collapsed suddenly from wealth to penury, and who is now helping him by earning twenty-five dollars a night by whistling at private entertainments, lends color to my views. The really good whistler, once heard, becomes so popular that I fancy a school for instruction in scientific whistling would find a ready road to prosperity.

Knew Its Native Tongue.

Some Americans recently going through the Jardin des Plantes of Paris stopped to look at a big rattlesnake in a cage. It lay motionless, apparently asleep, but when two of the party, who lingered behind, began to speak in English it moved, lifted its head and gave every sign of interest. A test was made later in the day, when the reptile paid no attention to conversation in French, but got up and rattled cheerfully as soon as English was spoken again.

He Never Stuttered.

A good story is told of a Kingston man who has an impediment in his speech. One day a stranger arrived in town who professed to be able to cure a person afflicted with stuttering. Several wags, knowing how sensitive the Kingston man was on the subject, to play a joke sent the stranger to the man's office, telling him that the man stuttered and wanted to get cured. The stranger entered the office and, after nodding to the man, said: "I was sent here by several of your friends to cure you of stuttering. I make a specialty of the business." "Geg-get out of my my of-of-office. Yo-you lie, I don't stut-stut-stutter."

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1887.

Allison, Esther Miss	Ingram, Robbie Miss
Bosworth, Carrie W	Jenkins, M H Miss
Boyd, A Miss	Lewis, Sadie Miss
Clark, Charles	Miller, C E Mrs
Case, Hattie Miss	Pettibone & Co
Carmer, Henry C	Ruffen, H D
Chapman, M F Mrs	Sillinay, Carrie E Miss
Cadmus, Freeman Mrs	Stuart, Mrs R
Field, I Dr	Sellner, Josefa Miss
Gerry, Emma Miss	Stone W S Mrs
Hansen, George V	Sanders, Kate Miss
Hufford, Grace Miss	Topsom, Mary Miss
Irby, Rebecca Miss	Uelger, Maggie Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

FOR SALE—BAY HORSE, 16 HANDS HIGH. Address Box 201, Plainfield. 8-15-d1

LOST—A ROLL OF PLANS ADDRESSED TO "Mr. Foss, St. Albans, Vermont." Please leave at B. & O. TEL. OFFICE, 4 Park ave. 8-15-d1

LOST—A BUNCH OF KEY AT THE FIRE ON Sunday morning. Please return to THIS OFFICE.

$10 REWARD FOR INFORMATION THAT will lead to the arrest of the party or parties that stole the gate from the premises of JAMES K. ARNOLD, Friday evening, Aug. 12.—8132

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF CARRIAGE OR ROAD horses (chestnuts) 16 hands high; eight and nine years old; a first-class team; also a well-trained goat, wagon and harness. To be seen at J. R. PARSONS, New Market, N. J. 8-13-d3

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.,

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS ..... 25C.

8-8

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 5 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Torchon and Medeces Laces

AT

PECK'S.

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10my

We will close out our immense line of

ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

AT

$2.00 and $2.50.

Finer Grades at $3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

Schwed Brothers,

7 E. FRONT STREET. my10

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods. my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

VIRGINIA'S SENSATION

"THE MOTHER OF PRESIDENTS" GREATLY SHOCKED.

Senator Riddleberger Talks About His Arrest and Rescue—Officers Try to Avoid Re-arresting Him.

WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug. 15.—People hereabouts have not yet recovered from the shock of seeing a United States senator from this state—the mother of presidents—a man in an elective office hardly less exalted than the president of the nation, pass the night as a criminal in a common jail. But they also recognize the fact that Senator Riddleberger is now party to one of the greatest crimes against the laws of the country he represents—mob rule. It is probably the first time in the history of this country that a United States Senator ever occupied a prison cell on a charge of crime or misdemeanor. Every one here is on the tiptoe of expectancy to know what will be done when the judge returns. Senator Riddleberger is still at large. He appeared on the streets and sat in front of Geary's hotel and chatted with his friends. In speaking of the affair he said the warrant had not been properly served and that he had not resisted arrest. He said it was his misfortune to practice before a judge who was a lunatic. He spoke excitedly at first, but after a while laughed and joked as natural as ever. He answered a remark made by a friend saying, "Why man, you had better go to jail," and added: "I have been there and I am going back again."

The commonwealth attorney will ask for a grand jury and summon before it the sheriff to show why he cannot produce the prisoner. There will be other prominent citizens summoned before it, and some interesting developments may follow. It is said by the most conservative of Senator Riddleberger's friends that if he had kept quiet in court nothing would have been proved against him or that there would have been found to be others as deeply involved. All the law abiding residents of the town and country have but one opinion and that is that the law must be vindicated. But the senator numbers among his frends some as devoted and as blind in their devotion as the followers of the false prophet, who would go any length and who say he shall not be put in jail.

Last evening soon after dark Senator Riddleberger came down the street and took his seat under the hotel piazza and engaged in conversation. There are persons here of good judgment who doubt if much of a crowd were engaged in rescuing the senator. Senator Riddleberger is very angry and much excited and not in a condition to view the situation calmly, and he and his best friends differ as to the right course to pursue.

It is curious to note the effect on the popular mind of putting a real live senator in jail. One old darkey says it is no disgrace to go to jail now, and another said: "Why they won't even hesitate to put a rich man in jail now." The senator says he will not resist arrest if taken, but that he will not go back of his own accord. It is a rather curious incident that when the senator is on the street not one of the officers is around. It makes no difference, however, since it has been decided to postpone action.

It is now pretty well ascertained that only about fifteen men were in the crowd that released Senator Riddleberger. They wore handkerchief-masks. The finding of the key to the back door was done by some one in the crowd who was posted as to its location. This door could not be opened with a key from the outside. It was passed through a feed hole in the heavy jail door to the senator, who released himself. It is an impossibility for the senator to have gotten out in any other manner. It is reported that a watermelon party was held out at the senator's residence after his delivery.

A Sign of Weakening.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 15.—It was currently reported yesterday that John Perry president of the merchants' bridge company had stated that should the tolls of the St. Louis bridge be reduced the Merchants bridge would not be built, because the object of the organization of the Merchants' bridge company would have been accomplished. This was regarded by those who heard it as a sign of weakening on the part of the Merchants' bridge company, for one of the principal objects of the organization of the Merchants' bridge company was the building of a bridge so cheap that the fixed charges of it would be reduced to a minimum and the old bridge would not be able to compete for the business. If the new company was willing to acknowledge that the old bridge, with its $1,500,000 fixed charges could make a rate which would drive out the new bridge project there was an element of weakness in the plan which had not been counted upon before.

Didn't Know He Was Divorced.

PROVIDENCE, Aug. 15.—Another sensation in the divorce courts has come to light. James Cameron, a well known business man, who sometime ago separated from his wife, was astonished to read in the papers a few days ago that she had secured a divorce from him. On searching the records it was found that she had applied for a divorce, alleging infidelity against him, and that, without any notice having been served on him, and without any hearing in the case, her petition had been granted, Mr. Cameron will at once commence proceedings to have the divorce set aside. All the time the two have been living happily toge ther.

A Singular Accident.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Aug. 15.—By a singular accident Laura A. Ward, a widow, was so painfully injured by fire this afternoon that she cannot live. She was cooking some preparation for a medicine on a benzine stove at her home, 509 Pennsylvania avenue, when the medicine exploded, instantly enveloping the stove in flames. The tank in the stove also exploded, scattering the blazing liquid all over the woman. She ran to the door and screamed for help, but before assistance arrived her clothing was completely burned from her body.

A Bank President Ill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 15.—James C. Flood, president of the Nevada bank, is still ill at his Menlo park home. His physicians do not state the exact nature of his ailment, but have recommended a change of scene and climate. It is expected that, if able, he will leave for Carlsbad, Germany, next week. Various rumors regarding the invalid are in circulation, but the officials of the Nevada bank declare that his condition has not been regarded as serious.

Murderers Run Down.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 15.—Hiram Pigman and A. Berry were indicted by the Rowan county grand jury Friday for murdering Craig and Rud. Tolliver on June 22. They fled to Huntington, West Va., a day or two ago, where they were arrested yesterday by the local authorties. They will be brought back to Morehead for trial.

PLUCKY PRINCE FERD

IN DEFIANCE OF THE POWERS HE MOUNTS THE THRONE.

His Address to the People—Ready to Sacrifice "Our Life" Which He Has Heavily Insured.

TIRNOVA, Aug. 15.—Prince Ferdinand was enthusiastically welcomed on his arrival here on Saturday night. Yesterday he attended a Te Deum in the cathedral. From the cathedral, with a brilliant military and official escort, he proceeded to the hall of the great sobranje. The sobranje was in session, and when the prince entered he was greeted with prolonged cheering.

The metropolitan delivered an address and administered the oath to the prince, who thereupon signed the constitution.

M. Stoiloff, the prime minister, on behalf of Prince Ferdinand, read a proclamation, saying:

"We, Ferdinand I, by the grace of God and the will of the people, Prince of Bulgaria, announce to our well beloved people that we assume the government of the country. We will rule in accordance with the constitution with intent to promote its glory, greatness and development. We shall always be ready to sacrifice our life for its happiness."

The prince thanks the people for his election and the regents and ministers for their able conduct of affairs during the difficult crisis; pays a tribute to the patriotism and bravery of the people during recent events, and concludes: "Long live free and independent Bulgaria!" There is no reference to Russia in the proclamation.

After the ceremony of installation the ministers tendered their resignation and the Sobranje was dissolved.

Neither Turkey nor any of the powers have replied to Prince Ferdinand's note asking their approval or his election.

Prince Ferdinand will on Tuesday next start for Philipopolis, where he will arrive Thursday evening. He will go via Gabrova and Calofer. The garrison here has taken the oath of allegiance.

Prince Ferdinand held a council at Sistova, at which it is reported Foreign Minister Nachevitch disagreed with the prince in his views upon the formation of a cabinet, and tendered his resignation.

It is rumored that Prince Ferdinand has insured his life for 2,000,000 florins.

A DYNAMITE SENSATION.

Arrest of a French Woman at Cowes with Three Cakes of the Deadly Stuff.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—A great sensation has been created at Cowes, in the Isle of Wight, by the arrest of a Fenn chwoman named Deyroint, on the charge of having dynamite concealed in her baggage. She had taken up her abode at the fashionable Marine hotel, and the descent of the detectives on the place surprised everybody.

It is reported that three small cakes of the explosive were found. What would bring them in a lady's baggage unless for some criminal purpose is the question asked. Under the explosives act passed at the time of the conviction of Gallagher and his associates it was made a felony to possess dynamite under such circumstances.

The proximity of Cowes to the queen's residence, Osborne house, gives the discovery its most startling feature, as the woman may have intended to use it there. This is the police theory.

An Aged Countess Dying.

MADRID, Aug. 15.—Countess Casa Miranda, a venerable lady of one hundred years, who was the governess of Queen Mercedes and of the Countess of Paris, was suddenly seized last night with congestion of the brain, and her imminent death causes deep sorrow in Madrid society. Her husband was one of the most cherished heroes of the Spanish war of independence. Her son is the husband of Christine Nilsson.

The Midland Railway Strikers Defeated

LONDON, Aug. 15.—The strike of engineers on the Midland railway has failed. All the strikers have been taken back by the company except the ringleaders and those who deserted their engines while on trips in order to embarass the company. The men are obliged, however, as a rule, to accept less desirable positions than they formerly held, owing to the retention by the company of some of the men who took their places.

KIDNAPPING HER CHILDREN.

An Indiana Mother Threatens to Shoot Any One Who Resisted Her Claim.

VINCENNES, Ind., Aug. 15.—Several weeks ago Mrs. Belle Horrall, wife of Perry S. Horrall, a prominent citizen of Petersburg, Pike county, twenty miles south of this city, eloped with Dr. G. B. Blackwell, a physician of that place. Blackwell was a married man and deserted a large family. Mrs. Horrall also left two children.

The night before last Mrs. Horrall returned secretly, having been abandoned by the doctor. She got a horse and buggy, armed herself and set out to the home of her children's grandmother. She begged pitifully to see her children, the eldest of which is only six years old.

The grandmother refused, when the mother pulled out her revolver and said she would murder anybody who interfered with her. She then seized the babies and left for parts unknown. When the husband returned home the next day he found that his children had been kidnapped, and he is now scouring the country to find them.

Gallant Rescue by an Old Man.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 15.—The three-year-old child of John McGlinn, of No. 534 Armstrong street, fell into a cistern which is sixteen feet deep and contains about twelve feet of water. Michael McNamra, the child's grandfather, immediately plunged in. The child has sunk twice and was just coming to the surface when he caught it by the neck. McNamara went under twice, but by a desperate effort he caught a slender piece of clothesline hanging in the cistern. With one hand holding the child and the other grasping the rope he kept above water until a fireman arrived with a ladder. McNamara is about seventy years old and was suffering with a broken leg.

Killing Diseased Cattle.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 15.—Both the state and national authorities are giving attention to the pleuro-pneumonia among cattle at Walton, Delaware county. The disease has been traced to a carload of cows and yearlings shipped from New York in March. So far 137 head have been killed by the authorities, and several other herds have been put under quarantine. It is hoped that further spread of the contagion will be arrested. The government inspector will remain on the ground until all danger is over.

GONE TO VISIT SATAN.

The Jocular Manner In Which a Gambler Wrote of His Intended Suicide.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., Aug. 15.—James A. Brown, a native of New York city and a noted gambler, committed suicide here by taking morphine. In his line there were few men on the Pacific coast better known than he. During the flush mining days he was the proprietor of several of the largest games in the state. He was proud, daring to the point of recklessness, and at one time was influential in political circles. In character and temperament he might easily have been the original of John Oakhurst. Brown left a long letter in which he says:

Life has now become a burden. I am trying an experiment. If it succeeds, I shall be happy. I have started for those realms of shade where each must take his chamber in the silent halls of death. Address all correspondence in care of his satanic majesty. He is a personal friend, and I think the oldest resident of the camp I expect to visit, and therefore can make it pleasant for me.

In giving directions for his funeral he says:

Just put me in a box, and as you are about to plant me drop in a small flask of whiskey straight. No ice, unless it is purified.

Says She Was Abducted and Sold.

TOLEDO, O., Aug. 15.—The sale of a wife for a glass of wine has created a sensation here and resulted in the arrest of Eugene Severy, of Susquehanna, Pa., and W. J. Cowell, of South Valley, N. Y. The girl who was sold claims that she was abducted from the home of her grandmother and says that she was a member of one of the wealthiest families in Susquehanna. She claims that she was drugged and that when she became conscious she was in Cleveland, O. She joined Eugene Severy, an adventurer, and he, becoming tired of her, as she alleges, sold her to W. S. Cowell of South Valley. She has appealed to the police and the detectives are investigating.

Strike in the Lockwood Mills.

WATERVILLE, Me., Aug. 15.—About one-third of the weavers in the Lockwood mills struck for a further advance in wages The dissatisfaction seems to arise from the belief that wages are not equally and properly adjusted. The back boys and spoolers are still out. There seems to be a feeling among the operatives that there should be a general advance in wages. The claim that wages have been unequally advanced is denied by the manager of the association is denied by the manager of the corporation. He says that all piece work has been advanced 7½ per cent. without distinction.

Good and Bad Crops.

LEWISTON, Me., Aug. 15.—The *Journal* published yesterday a synopsis of the crop reports from all portions of Maine. Hay will yield from 25 to 50 per cent. more than last year. There will be less than half the average crop of fruit. There is also no increase in the average of corn. The yield is large. Potatoes average the same as last year. The yield is below the average. They are not bottoming well in some sections, and some are rotting. Oats promised above the average, but are rusting.

Killed at a Grade Crossing.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 15.—A fatal accident occurred at the grade crossing at North Grafton on the Boston and Albany railroad yesterday, by which a young man, Edwin Ames, lost his life, and his sister, Winfred, had both legs, an arm, and collar bone broken, besides receiving cuts and bruises which will probably result fatally.

The Chicago Boodlers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 15.—There is reason to believe that several of the convicted boodlers will get a new trial anyway, even though the state declines the expense. Those of them who are Free Masons have committed offenses over which the state has no jurisdiction, but which they will be undoubtedly tried, nevertheless.

Still Another Invitation.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 15.—The California state democratic club has appointed a committee of seven to consult with the state and civil authorities with a view to extending a formal invitation to President Cleveland to visit California.

Industrial Items.

In Dakota the knights of labor and farmers combine.

The anti-two-job strike in Pennsylvania and Ohio is about settled.

The knights of labor of Reading, Pa., have decided to enforce the new law providing for the payment of employes every two weeks.

Corliss, the great engine builder made no attempt at invention until he was 35 years old. His first effort in this line was a machine for sewing shoes which was a failure.

Jackson, Tenn., with a population of 10,000 and in the cotton belt has subscribed $33,335 in cash, and will donate a site from three to five acres of land toward securing a $100,000 cotton mill.

Powdered glass is largely taking the place of sand in the manufacture of sandpaper. It is readily pulverized by heating it red hot and throwing it into water, the finishing being done in an iron mortar.

Postmaster-General Vilas has awarded the contracts for blanks and printed forms for the money order department for four years, from Sept. 3, 1887, to the Avil Printing company of Philadelphia, a non-union concern.

Lupe Bros., cigar manufacturers, of Allentown, Pa., have locked out their employees because the latter demanded that after a recent stoppage they be taken back as union men. This the firm refused to do. One hundred men are thrown out of employment.

Carpet weavers' district assembly No. 126, knights of labor, which was recently expelled from the order by the general executive board for alleged insubordination, has issued a *circular giving reasons* why the general executive board should be deposed. The principal charge is that the board has persistently and systematically persecuted district assembly 126, and is guilty of collusion with other bodies to secure the same end.

The largest dam in the world is to be built across the upper end of the San Mateo canyon, about four miles west of the village of San Mateo. The dam will consist of a solid wall of concrete, from hillside to hillside. It will be 700 feet long, 170 feet high, 175 feet thick at the base, and 20 feet at the top. The reservoir which will be formed by this dam will have a capacity of 32,000,000 gallons, and some time in the future will be connected with the San Francisco water-shed by a tunnel five miles long.

General master workman T. V. Powderly was in New York during the past week for only a short time. While there he made personal investigations of the homes and resorts of the poorest classes, with a view to obtaining information bearing upon emigration, temperance and education, which subjects he has long been studying, intending when his investigations shall have been completed to make a few recommendations. He expressed his satisfaction with the responses sent in approval of his recent temperance circular. In a single day he said he found twenty-five men who were unable to either read or write.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

EMILE BERCKMANS,
Teacher of Piano.
For Terms, etc., address P. O. Box 1164, Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
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Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

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Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

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Bookseller and Stationer.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
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North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turnouts day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

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Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

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The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
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MEDICATED
Suiphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-21-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-21-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.28, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.35, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8,57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7,28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.09, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 6.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 6.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—6.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

8.10 a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14 a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32 a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21 a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08 p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34 p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16 p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02 p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38 p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.32, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 5.05*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 8.35 p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

Front, Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS,
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!
J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
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W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-tf SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

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Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

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New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
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(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

NEW YORK DROPS AGAIN.

Standing of the Clubs and Summary of Saturday's Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—In our last review we mentioned that New York was always slow to take advantage of opportunities and the truth of this statement was proven in Saturday's game. When the New York team reached Boston it occupied third place in the league race and a victory would have made it comparatively safe. Instead of making up his team in the strongest way, however, Ewing made it up to suit himself and the game was lost changing the positions of Boston from fourth to third and third to fourth respectively. True New York had some excuse in the fact of having arrived late and having to go into the game under the fatigue of travel and without preliminary practice. Boston won in the first inning by scoring two unearned runs and one earned, but after that the game was well played, close and exciting. Chicago gained a point for first place by defeating Detroit. The games of this week possess peculiar interest, as the leaders are facing each other and the games will virtually decide the first three positions. Whichever club drops to fourth, however, will have to look out sharp that it is not pulled down still lower and passed by Philadelphia which is now playing great and winning ball and is uncomfortably close to New York. The following table shows the relative standing of the clubs:

	Lost.	Won.	Played.	Per cent. Won.
Detroit	51	31	82	.622
Chicago	49	32	81	.605
Boston	45	36	81	.556
New York	46	38	84	.548
Philadelphia	44	39	83	.530
Washington	32	44	76	.408
Pittsburg	33	48	81	.407
Indianapolis	25	57	82	.304

The American association race still maintains the order of a procession. The only feature of the week is the firmly intrenching of itself in second position by Louisville, as will be seen by the table:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent. Won.
St. Louis	66	24	90	.733
Louisville	53	39	92	.576
Baltimore	49	38	87	.563
Cincinnati	51	43	94	.543
Brooklyn	45	44	89	.506
Athletic	41	49	90	.456
Metropolitan	31	56	87	.357
Cleveland	23	66	89	.258

The race for first place in the International league remains about the same as a week ago between Buffalo, Newark and Syracuse, with the probabilities that these three clubs will remain in the order mentioned until the close of the season. The standing is as follows:

	Played.	Lost.	Won.
Buffalo	79	50	29
Newark	70	44	26
Syracuse	67	41	27
Toronto	69	41	28
Hamilton	72	41	31
Rochester	72	39	33
Jersey City	68	33	35
Binghamton	67	25	42
Scranton	47	11	36
Wilkesbarre	73	18	54

SUMMARY OF SATURDAY'S GAMES.

National league—Boston 4, New York 2; Chicago 3, Detroit 2; Philadelphia 5, Washington 2; Indianapolis 1, Pittsburg 6.

American association—Metropolitan 13, Athletic 11; Baltimore 3, Brooklyn 13; Cincinnati 5, Cleveland 4; St. Louis 3; Louisville 13.

International league — Binghamton 8, Syracuse 7; Hamilton 7, Scranton 6; Toronto 20, Wilkesbarre 6; Rochester 8, Newark 3; Jersey City 7, Buffalo 2.

Sunday Ball Games.

BROOKLYN, Aug. 15.—One of the greatest games of the season was played at Ridgewood yesterday between the Metropolitans and Brooklyns. Weidman made his first appearance in the box for the Mets and did highly effective work, shutting out the home team with five hits. Terry also pitched a fine game and both were brilliantly supported. The score was 2 to 0.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—The home team defeated Cleveland 8 to 1.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15.—The visiting Louisville team was defeated here by a score of 6 to 1.

The Work of Incendiaries.

TONAWANDA, N. Y., Aug. 15.—A citizen living near Sweeny street saw two men about 2 o'clock yesterday morning run out a yard around the big saw mill of Jackson & Smith, situated on the north bank of the Tonawanda creek, and disappear in the darkness. A few minutes afterward a bright flame shot up from the mill. He hurried to give an alarm, but the watchman of the mill, who had previously discovered the fire and made an ineffectual attempt to put it out, and got ahead of him. The flames spread with fearful rapidity, and by the time the fire department arrived the whole structure, 250 feet long by 60 feet wide, was a mass of flame. The loss will reach $80,000, upon which there is about $30,000 insurance.

An Interesting Incident.

CHAUTAUQUA, Aug. 15.—An interesting incident occurred at 8 o'clock last evening, when, in the presence of 6,000 persons, Col. J. C. Courtney, of Atlanta, Ga., presented Chancellor J. H. Vincent with a pine gavel made from the famous signal tree which stood on the summit of Allatoona mountain, to which Gen. Sherman, from Kenesaw mountain, 15 miles away, signaled to Gen. Corse over the heads of the Confederate troops to hold his position until Federal reinforcements could arrive. The gavel came from Joseph M. Brown, a son of Senator Joseph E. Brown.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Work on the Poughkeepsie bridge is being pushed vigorously.

Six new cases of yellow fever were reported at Key West yesterday.

Chattanooga is excited over a rich strike of natural gas near that city.

Mr. Parnell has had a slight relapse. He will go to Ireland to spend the recess.

Thomas Keeler, aged 19, of Syracuse, is under arrest for forging his father's name to a check.

At Malta there have been five new cases of cholera and three deaths.

Editor Grady, who is in Washington, says nearly all the republican office holders in Georgia have been removed, and he is correspondingly happy.

Among the duties of the American consuls in Ireland is the payment to several hundred persons who are on the United States pension rolls of their quarterly dues.

Fires in Buffalo damaged the Columbia brewery to the extent of $25,000, and destroyed Clark, Kunz & Co.'s planing mill and several adjoining dwellings; loss, $35,000.

Abe Reynolds, a leading member of the salvation army at Northville, N. Y., was working in a well when it caved in and he was buried alive fourteen feet deep. His body was recovered late at night.

Frankie Wise, stepson of S. M. Davis, of Decatur, Ill., was spirited away by a band of gypsies, and was found strung up by the thumbs to a tree at the camp. The gypsies fled, and a posse of citizens has started in pursuit.

THE BEANS OF BOSTON.

Reliable Facts Concerning Canned Beans, Brown Bread and Fish-Balls.

The figures of the Boston Chamber of Commerce show that 83,441 barrels, or about 350,000 bushels, of white beans were brought to Boston in 1886, an increase of nearly 25 per cent. over the year preceding. One firm, says the New York *World*, which has an office on State street, handles nearly one-third of the entire lot. Two other dealers take another third and the rest is widely scattered. The figures in the books of these jobbers show that a big share of the beans are used in Boston and vicinity, though the manufacturing towns all over New England consume large quantities. Most of the latter have now, however, direct consignments from the bean districts. Some shipments are made even to farming towns. Boston hotels and restaurants buy largely, and the bakers take a good many. One baker in the Highlands thinks nothing of ordering 200 bushels at once. The canning industry consumes thousands of bushels. Public penal institutions and eleemosynary establishments, as well as the army and navy, use a large quantity.

The first patent ever issued for canning baked beans was dated August 7, 1887, and given to W. K. Lewis of this city. The beans are prepared exactly the same as for the retail trade and canned like any thing else, with four to six ounces of salt pork in each can of perhaps one and a half pints. This patent was issued to another party, this to a company, and is now owned by a firm engaged in the fish trade and in canning many other articles of food. Nearly all the beans canned in Boston are put up by this firm, the senior member of which said to the writer: "We are canning 200,000 cases of two dozen cans per year, or 4,800,000 cans of baked beans. Our factory is in East Boston. Our goods go West principally, and find their way into ranches, mining camps and Government forts, as well as into dwelling houses and logging shanties. Some are exported, and travelers have told us of seeing our cans in Rome, St. Petersburg and Constantinople. We get from $1.15 to $1 40 per dozen cans, and they retail at 15 to 20 cents each. People who live in flats are getting to buy them, and we can trace a direct increase in the sales wherever there is an increase in apartment houses.

"Another thing which we are canning is brown bread. By a discovery of our own we can give you a loaf of brown bread in a tin case which will taste just as though newly made months and years after it is canned. We sold about 480,000 cans of brown bread last year at $1.15 a dozen. It goes well with the beans. Codfish balls, another staple delicacy, we are canning at the rate of 700,000 cans a year. The higher price of the materials in this country prevents us exporting many of these articles, but the home consumption is constantly increasing."

In the bakeries the method of cooking beans is as follows: After being washed clean they are placed in barrels or tubs and soaked for several hours, after which they are put in large iron kettles and parboiled for half an hour or so. Then they are flooded with cold water to reduce the temperature and put into earthen pots holding ten quarts each, with about five pounds of salt pork sunk to the general level in each pot. At night they are placed in ovens, from under which the fires are drawn, and are thus baked slowly ten or twelve hours. The slower the baking the better taste do the beans get. The ordinary price at the best places is 15 cents a quart, baked, but they are also sold at 12 cents. Quite a number of people prepare their own beans, and send the pots to the baker, who charges 5 cents for baking them. Most of the smaller bakeshops get their beans from large bakers, who also supply many of the restaurants.

The scene Sunday mornings at the bakeries which do a large business in beans is highly entertaining. All sorts of people come with their pails to get not only their beans, but their hot brown bread, sometimes with plums, their doughnuts, and, perhaps, a can of milk. It is the most democratic crowd imaginable. The wealthy citizen elbows his way among mechanics, children and servant girls. Frequently carriages with liveried drivers are seen stopping before bakehouse doors, as the delivery of beans on Sunday is not practiced by many of the bakers. Winter and summer the crowd meanders toward the bakery each Sunday morning, and the bakers say their trade increases constantly. One who has recently commenced to furnish beans Saturday evening says that his Sunday trade is not lessened thereby. A Western traveler notes that they are learning how to cook beans properly in that part of the country, and says the Chicago bakers are adopting the Boston system.

In the hotels and restaurants a plate of beans costs all the way from five to 30 cents. At the best hotels the latter price is charged, while the former prevails only in the cheapest eating-houses and the holes-in-the-wall. The usual price at most restaurants, even of the middling class, is 10 cents. The writer noticed a sign in a Court street window reading: "Baked beans, with bread and butter and tea and coffee, 10 cents." With the milk and sugar which accompanies the tea and coffee it does not seem as if a very large margin of profit could remain. Beans are a staple article of lunch with railroad restaurants and small dining-rooms. The granger who drops into town for a day invariably asks the waiter to repeat over his entire list of edibles and then says: "Wall, I guess I'll take a plate of beans." He always experiences a severe shock, however, when the waiter roars through the tube: "Stars and Stripes for one!" In many of the best hotels conducted on the European plan, guests who would prefer beans to any thing on the bill of fare, are ashamed to ask for them on account of their low price. They fear that it will be taken as a "give away" on the small size of their pile.

The value of the bean as an article of diet is recognized in all European countries. In some places it practically takes the place held here by potatoes. The French are really much more entitled to the appellation "bean-eaters" than are the Yankees. In the restaurants of Paris the calls for haricot rouge or haricot blanc are heard constantly. It is in the baked bean that the New Englander leads the world. There are signs that the excellence of this dish is becoming recognized in other parts of the country, perhaps on account of the value of the canned ones as pioneers, and an increase in the consumption of white beans is becoming evident throughout the West and South.

Cotton a Hair, Not a Fiber.

Cotton, according to a scientific authority, is not a fiber, but a plant hair. It holds to be spun into a thread because of peculiar twists in each hair, shown by the microscope, especially in polarized light. Linen thread may be spun because the flax fibers have certain roughness on their surfaces which enable them to cling together. Hence it is impossible to make as fine linen as cotton cloth, but it is much stronger.

THE OLD REPORTER.

He Tells in Pathetic Words Why He Was an Unmarried Man.

Things were a little dull in the reporters' quarters one morning about two o'clock, and some one suggested that the old reporter be requested to explain why he was an unmarried man. The younger reporters, says a writer in the Albany *Argus*, who pronounces the story an actual occurrence, had never heard the story of the old man's, and when the idea was suggested it met universal approbation.

"Tom, why haven't you ever married?" asked the new reporter. He was called Tom by every one, though a man old enough to be father to some of his associates. He never resented it; on the other hand, he always seemed to like the easy familiarity of the boys. But when the new reporter broached the question so abruptly, just a shade of anger shot into his eyes.

The legal reporter saw it, and being a man of tact, at once saved an outburst, by saying:

"Yes, Tom, tell us the romance of your life. It must be that you have one, that will be of interest, and will help to while away the hours just now, when there is nothing to do."

Then a look of unutterable sadness came into the eyes of the old reporter, and it seemed as though the flood of recollections that came to his mind would overpower him, but he mastered his emotion and commenced.

"Boys, I buried my wife in less than a month after I took her away from her home to become my bride. That ring is all I have left of hers, and that is dearer to me than any thing else in the world." And he pointed to the ring we had all noticed on the little finger of his left hand. It was a plain gold band, now nearly worn to a wire.

"It was when I was about nineteen that I met her," he continued. "I was then a new reporter myself, and full of the enthusiasm for my profession that all of us have experienced. It seemed to me as though the whole world was open to me. Young from school, and without a cent, I went to an island city and was engaged as a reporter on a morning paper. Full of life and spirits, with good sense and energy, I soon advanced and began to earn a salary which gave me hope of saving something.

"One day I dropped into a small city some miles from where I was employed, and found that a local syndicate was contemplating starting a daily paper. They at once made me an offer to come and act as city editor. The position of city editor on a new daily paper in a small city means both that position and legal, sporting, dramatic, musical, literary, financial, political and every other kind of reporter. In short, the city editor on such a paper, with usually a single assistant, composes the whole staff. But it paid me a better salary than I was then receiving, so I accepted the position.

"From the day the paper made its initial bow to the public it made money, but I had to work day and night to keep up the local department and hold the circulation.

"Then I took a vacation and told the stockholders I was going to be married. Something over four years had elapsed, and so I was twenty-three. All that time my wife, or she whom I intended to make my wife, had been true to me, though many, many miles away. I was happy in the thought that within a week or two she would be mine. My health had suffered somewhat, and I intended to go immediately upon our marriage to a certain spot I had selected, on the banks of a quiet, beautiful lake, to spend a month—our honeymoon, as the sentimentalists and humorists call it.

"The appointed day came. I shall never forget the vision of loveliness which swept across my view as she entered the old-fashioned parlor, for she was the daughter of a retired farmer. It seemed as though St. Peter had left the gates of Heaven ajar, and allowed one of the most beautiful of all the throng to escape, and that she was about to become mine."

Here the old man's eyes filled with tears, and for a few moments nothing was heard but the uneasy scratching of the old editor's pen in the next room. But no one spoke. The old man's grief was too sacred for human interruption. Even the new reporter, a recent importation from an Eastern college, let his cigarette go out, and hesitated about dropping the stub for fear of making a noise. Then the poor old man took up the thread of his tale.

"Where was I? Oh, yes, I remember. The ceremony took place and that afternoon my bride, who seemed more beautiful to me than all the angels in Heaven could have seemed, and I departed.

"We reached the shores of the little lake, and for a few days were happy, happier than all the blessings of Heaven could have made us. About a week after we were married, we went out for a row on the lake. The oarsman was intoxicated and before he had gone far, he succeeded in overturning the boat. Fortunately I could swim well and not being far from shore, I saved my little wife from drowning. But the cold she caught killed her, for in less than a month from the day we were married, she died."

Again the old man stopped and this time tears, great, sorrowful heart tears, rolled down his face.

"And when I stood beside that coffin, and looked for the last time upon the dead face of her whom I had loved so deeply, whom I had worshipped, my heart broke. From that day to this, I have never looked upon a fair young girl without feeling an involuntary throbbing within."

The old man's head dropped upon his breast, and it seemed as though the sobs that wrenched his form would indeed sever his life from the mental anguish he must have suffered so long. One by one the boys left him and when the office boy came around in the morning to clean up the office the old man still sat there.

But he was cold. His heart, broken so long ago, had ceased to beat and the man who would have made a great editor, had he not loved a pretty girl, was dead.

New Terrors of the Cyclone.

The cyclone is taking on forms that add new terror to its visits. The New York *World* depicts a recent occurrence well calculated to appal the soul of the sturdiest reader: The cyclone which simultaneously struck Fredericton, N. B., and Robbin's circus was one of the most lamentable phenomena of the season. A whirlwind of monkeys, barns, peanuts and elephants filled the air, eddies of trained goats and brick chimneys added horror to the scene, and the situation was not modified when, a few minutes later, it began to rain spangled trousers and pink lemonade, followed by a hailstorm during which clowns, patent mowers, a brass band and several dozen trapeze performers were seen descending with fearful velocity upon the doomed city. A cyclone at all times is a menace to the peace and dignity of a town, but when it draws up a large and well-furnished circus it is armed with terrors not usually contemplated or provided for.

THE PRODIGAL'S RETURN.

The Homely Tale of a Youth Who Had Been Nine Years on an Errand.

Just nine years ago on a June day morning, according to the Paducah *News*, from a farm-house on the bank of the Ohio, a few miles above the city of Paducah, a boy of sixteen was sent by his mother to town for some household supplies—a dollar's worth of sugar and coffee. The incident of itself is nothing; it occurs scores of times in the life of every farm boy, but thereby hangs a tale of which DeFoe could have written a volume, and which woven into a novel would be of intense interest to the youthful readers of the half-dime libraries. If the family to which this hero belonged had waited the evening meal for his return the coroner would have found a "death by starvation case," and if no other messenger was sent for the articles the hum of the coffee-mill and the singing of the kettle would not have been heard of in that house all these many days.

The boy was of a roving disposition, was a bohemian by nature, and, fired with the highly-colored stories of the far West, his errand for sugar and coffee ended in a nine years' search for fame and fortune beyond the Rockies. Coming to town that day he disappeared as utterly as though the earth had opened and swallowed him up. Not a trace of him could be found, not a word could be heard, and after days of anxiety had lengthened into months of sorrow and months had measured years, without tidings, the grief and pain grew into apathy and despair, and the mother let longing die and thought of him as having crossed the dark river to join the countless crowds on the farther shore. The boy went west. Sometimes fortune smiled upon him and left him happy and hopeful; sometimes luck went by on the other side, and he sighed for the rest at home. Sometimes he dined on plenty; sometimes the dinner-table was a stranger.

Wearying at last of the struggle he determined to return. He reached Paducah nine years from the day he left home. The steamer Rhea was in port, and he tarried in the city only long enough to purchase the sugar and coffee for which he had been sent so long before, and took passage. When the boat rounded in at his landing he was in the pilot-house and saw his mother standing at the gate looking at the boat and wondering no doubt who could be coming. He went ashore and walked up to the gate. She did not seem to know him, and as he advanced retreated toward the house. He came nearer, nearer, until she could see every line and lineament of his face. Then did she recognize him? Ask any mother who has had a son go out from her sight into the world and in after years come back to her with the stamp of age upon him; ask any mother if that one whom she has nursed and nurtured through the tottering days of babyhood and watch grow tall and strong and proud could be forgotten. We know not what words they said, what tears they shed; but we venture this, that if on the farm there was one yearling just a little fatter than all the rest, that calf never saw daylight again, and when the feast was spread the first line on the bill of fare was "sugar and coffee."

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And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

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The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, AUGUST 16, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON: SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE."

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J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—Muzzles may be worn by dogs for several weeks yet with perfect safety.

—Blackberries, which have been none too cheap this season, have about gone.

—The lawn mower has done excellent service this season, and well kept lawns are the result.

—The annual press dinner of the State Agricultural Society will be given at Waverly to-morrow.

—The Veteran Zouave Gattling Gun Company, of Elizabeth, will go into camp at Sea Girt on Monday next.

—The City Council will meet in adjourned session this evening for the purpose of approving the Assessor's books.

—Before another fortnight rolls by the public school scholars will begin to think of entering upon another school year.

—Three more unmuzzled dogs were taken in yesterday, and two this morning. Four of the imprisoned animals were shot at the dog pound yesterday.

—One of two things is certain: Either sunflower stalks are not growing as tall as usual, or those who have them on their premises are not saying much about them.

—Officer Lynch "gathered in" a man named Baghardt on Park avenue this morning, whom he found acting in a disorderly manner. Judge Ulrich fined him three dollars.

—A handsome specimen of a Pancrethon lily, in full bloom, is exhibited in front of a North avenue fruit store and attracts much attention. It is a native of Florida and very rarely seen in flower in this climate.

—Messrs. Laing and Nelson will take their annual excursion to Long Branch and Asbury Park to-morrow. The train will leave this city at 8:30 a. m., and returning will leave the Park at 7:30 p. m., thus giving the excursionists a full day at the beach.

—The survivors of the Fourteenth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, will hold their annual reunion at Toms River, on Friday of next week. There are several members of the Regiment in this vicinity who will probably be present and take part in the proceedings.

—Mr. William H. Coombs, yesterday, staked out the lines for a new building, 26x32, at the corner of Steiner place and Linden avenue, to be used as a grocery store with apartments above. Wm. H. Smith will do the carpenter work, and Mr. S. M. Williams the masonry.

—The colored Star base ball club of this city will play a match game with a colored nine from Somerville on Thursday afternoon, beginning at three o'clock. The members of the home club hope to be able to secure the Park avenue grounds for the occasion and promise to give their antagonists a "tight pull."

—A new base ball club has recently been organized in this city, with Mr. S. C. M. Allen as Captain. The new nine will be known as the "Central Base Ball Club," and will play for the first time on Thursday afternoon with the Twilights of Scotch Plains. The game will be played on East Front street, near Raymond avenue.

—Some people are inclined to think that the suspicious looking individual who was seen at the fire early on Sunday morning, should have been immediately arrested and made to give an account of himself. Such clews are worth following up, and the man who is instrumental in causing the arrest of the criminal will need no better protection than the city.

—Larry Green, an employee at the Scott Printing Machine Works, is carrying his arm in a sling since this morning, and may not be able to be at work again for a week or two. While putting together a cylinder press, the whole weight of a ponderous piece of the machine was thrown on the hand and wrist while the forearm was upright and the elbow rested on the bed of the press. A terrible strain resulted.

—There will be no Court of Special Sessions at Elizabeth to-morrow or thereafter until the first Wednesday in September.

—It is said that the Cranford River Improvement Association, assisted by the Cranford Boat Club, contemplate holding a grand carnival early in September.

—The members of the Plainfield Cornet Band will hold their final rehearsal in the band room this evening, preparatory to giving the open air Concert in front of Miller's Hotel to-morrow evening.

—A law, passed February 4th, 1863, requires Boards of Freeholders to keep a sun-dial within 100 feet of the court-house. A supplement passed a year later requires a compass with latitude and longitude recorded thereon to be placed near the dial.

—Dog-catcher Babbitt furnishes a great deal of amusement these days for people about town. This morning he made an attempt to lasso an unmuzzled dog that was following a gentleman and lady along West Front street. The dog escaped and tho lady cast a defiant glance at the dog-catcher, who smiled aloud.

—Three carriages are said to have drawn up in front of a store on Liberty street, during Sunday afternoon, and the occupants of each entered the store for the purpose of "filling in" with hard cider. The owner of the place refused to dispense his liquids on the Sabbath, and the men finally became very demonstrative and left, declaring that they would never patronize the place again. The proprietor of the store was evidently aware of the fact that cider selling on Sunday is in direct violation of the city ordinance, and acted accordingly.

Narrow Escape From Drowning.

Mrs. Case and her daughter May Ida, of Pittsfield, Mass., are visiting at the residence of Mrs. F. Westphal on Liberty street. The daughter is about eleven years of age, and on Friday afternoon last she started out in company with a companion named Laura Mattis, also eleven years old, for a stroll along Green Brook. In the rear of Mr. Charles Hyde's residence on East Front street, while the children were playing on the bank, May Ida accidentally fell into the water, which at that point is several feet deep. The girl was unable to swim and for a time struggled to keep her head above water. Laura Mattis discovering her companion in such a perilous predicament nobly rushed to her rescue and at the peril of her own life succeeded in dragging the almost unconscious girl from the water. The latter, however soon recovered sufficiently to go home, where she related her experience to those around her. To a friend she said: "Oh, dear, if I had drowned, my poor mamma and papa would go crazy." When telling of her commendable bravery in rescuing her companion from a watery grave, Laura Mattis is reported to have declared that she would have "died too, if May Ida did." Green Brook, in its normal condition, is very shallow, but during the late freshet a number of deep holes were washed into the bed of the stream, and it is supposed that the young lady fell into one of these. At any rate her rescue is credited to her friend.

The Church of Our Savior at Netherwood.

After the morning services of Sunday last, the congregation of the Church of *Our Savior at Netherwood, had a meeting* for the purpose of taking steps to found a diocesan mission under the proper ecclesiastical authority. The meeting organized with W. J. Leonard as chairman, and S. A. Haines as Secretary. A letter from Bishop Scarborough was read, stating that he had been made acquainted with the action of Grace church in the matter, which he considered favorable to the organization of a diocesan mission. Accordingly, the congregation proceeded to organize by selecting a committee, or board of trustees, whose names are to be sent to the bishop of the diocese for his approval. The gentlemen selected as members of the committee are Messrs. S. A Haines, J. J. H. Poillon, Charles C. Burke, George Taylor and Dorsey W. Hyde. The meeting directed the Secretary to request the bishop to appoint a clergyman to administer the communion on the first Sunday in September. The meeting then adjourned.

An Ex-Policeman Injured.

Robert Randolph, colored, an ex-policeman in this city who is employed in the coal yard of the David J. Bolee estate on Park avenue, met with painful injuries in the yard this morning. He was unloading chestnut posts from a car standing on the trestle work when a number of the logs rolled over on him, pinning him fast to the car. The unfortunate man screamed for assistance and a number of his fellow workman soon succeeded in releasing him. With difficulty he was carried to the ground and Dr. Tomlinson who was immediately summoned, found the patient suffering from severe bruises on his left leg near the hip, but was unable to discover any fractured bones. The wounded man was taken to his home in a wagon, and this afternoon the doctor pronounces him slightly improved.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. F. A. Dunham is home from a vacation in New York State.

Mr. Richard Williams, of Union avenue, is visiting friends at *Chestnut Hill*.

The Misses Woodland of Somerset street, have returned from a long stay at Ocean Beach.

The Rev. Mr. Simonson, of Park avenue, has returned from a visit at Fallsburgh, N. Y.

Mr. Horace J. Martin and family of the Borough, have left for a week's recreation at Asbury Park.

Mrs. L. M. French and daughters of North Plainfield, have returned from their sojourn by the sea.

Mr. J. T. Vail and family of this city, were on Sunday registered at the Victoria Hotel, Asbury Park.

Miss Julia Stelle of Central avenue, is visiting her sister Mrs. Randolph of Randolphville, this State.

Dr. Fred Wells spent the morning in town, to-day, on the way from the mountains to Westerly, R. I.

The Misses Ella and Teresa Moran, of Toronto, Canada, are visiting at the residence of Mr. James Moore at Scotch Plains.

Dr. and Mrs. H. P. Reynolds, of Washington Park, have gone to West Willington, Conn., the former home of Mrs. Reynolds'.

Mrs. Charles W. Dodd received a telegram from Londonderry this morning, stating that Chief Dodd had arrived there safely after a delightful passage.

Mr. R. R. Fairchild and family of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield are home again after an absence of two weeks at Edgartown, Martha's Vineyard, Mass.

Messrs. John Force and Herbert Willett, are home again after a few weeks at Asbury Park. They have gained lots of health, but one of them lost about twenty pounds of flesh.

Miss Lilian V. Marsh, formerly of Plainfield and now of Hartford, Conn., daughter of Randolph Marsh, Esq., of this city, was married on August 2d, at Hartford, to Mr. Alonzo Evens, of that city.

Mrs. Wright, widow of the late Frank Wright of this city who was for many years a faithful employee of this office, died at her home in Cornwall, N. Y., during last week. A sad sight was the presence of the two orphaned children by their mother's coffin.

Mr. A. I. Smalley, of the firm of Smalley Bros., of North Plainfield, was presented with a handsome boy, Saturday. He has been married eleven years and the happy home of himself and wife has been brightened by the coming of two daughters. But the young son has all the attention and admiration, just now.

We received a call from Bro. Mason of the Bound Brook *Chronicle* the other day, who is in quest of a new power press to meet the demands of his increasing business. He viewed the workings of our new press which prints the DAILY PRESS, made by Scott of this city, and expressed himself as highly pleased with its mechanism and workmanship. He can do no better than buy a duplicate of the PRESS machine.

Dr. William Riley, a wealthy and highly esteemed physician of Baltimore, died suddenly at his home during last Sunday evening. He was the father of Mrs. Dr. Rushmore of Park avenue, this city. Mrs. Rushmore received the news of her loss by wire from her brother, Dr. Charles Riley, early yesterday morning, and left at once for Baltimore. Dr. Rushmore follows her today after arranging for the care of his practice during his absence.

By the "City of Chester" on Saturday, Mr. Frank W. Morse, formerly of this city, and Mrs. Morse, daughter of Morgan Bird, Esq., will sail for Europe. Mr. Morse goes in the interest of the Tide Water Oil Company which he represents, and will probably be absent at least two years. As we stated with less detail before, he will establish receiving stations at some of the most prominent seaports on the Continent, and erect enormous tanks and warehouses for the storage of the oil in bulk and after being barrelled. The Company will try the experiment of shipping its export oil in bulk in large ships erected for the purpose, instead of in barrels as now.

A telegram was received in this city last evening stating that the physicians in charge of Justice V. W. Nash's father at Richmond, Va., would not permit his removal to his home in Brooklyn. In a letter to this office Justice Nash says: "The Retreat for the sick (where he is at present with his father) is an *unendowed benevolent institution*—the only one of the kind in the South—is centrally located, and under the immediate control of a Board of Lady Mangers, composed of representative committees from the various religious denominations of the city. It is open both Winter and Summer for the reception and care of the sick. The Lady Managers make every effort to render "The Retreat" as home-like as possible, and provide for the comfort of the patients."

Plainfielders at Chautauqua.

MESSRS. EDITORS—Three cities in America are closely connected by the Chautauqua Idea. They are Chautauqua itself; Meadville, Pa., the home of the *Chautauquan*, the official organ of the C. L. S. C.: and Plainfield, which is not only the business centre of the Chautauqua University, but the home of ten of its business heads. This ten forms an interesting group at the Assembly now in progress. At the head stands Dr. J. H. Vincent, first and foremost in everything pertaining to Chautauqua. The Doctor is the busiest man on the continent in his line of work. No sooner had he returned from his European trip than he started on a lecturing tour through the Northern States. He has just returned from the Silver Lake, N. Y., and Lake Bluff, Ill., Assemblies, where he had the pleasure of distributing diplomas of the C. L. S. C. to graduates of the class of 1887. He will perform the like office at Chautauqua on commencement day, August 17. The Doctor presides at all the public sessions in the great Amphitheatre and is in constant demand elsewhere almost every hour of the day. Dr. Vincent's assistant is his son, George E. Vincent, perhaps the most popular young man at Chautauqua. Besides transacting all the business at the Assembly during his father's prolonged absence, he presides at the public sessions in the Amphitheatre. The *Chautauqua Assembly Herald* recently said of his manner on these occasions: "Mr. George E. Vincent manages the platform with tact and skill in the absence of his father, the Chancellor. George has a splendid voice—well trained, and with just enough of words he makes the announcements and introduces the lecturers. His style is a good one, which may be profitably studied by a good many public men who visit the amphitheatre."

Chancellor Vincent's family are comfortably quartered in their cottage on Lake Avenue—an ideal Summer home. The rear portion is a frame building, and the tented projection—open to the roadway—is prettily furnished by Mrs. Vincent's artistic hands.

Next in rank to the Chancellor Vincent is genial Dr. J. L. Hurlbut. Dr. Hurlbut is just closing his first year as Principal of the C. L. S. C., and by his tact, enthusiasm, and fine courtesy to every one has won general appreciation. He led the South Framingham, Mass., Assembly, the oldest of Chautauqua's children. From South Framingham Dr. Hurlbut traveled west to Monona Lake, Minn., and conducted the Assembly there, whence he returned to Chautauqua and received a hearty welcome. Dr. Hurlbut's specialty is the training of Sunday School teachers, and the success of his system is shown by its adoption by more than twenty Assemblies. Dr. Hurlbut is quartered at the Hotel Athenæum.

Another Plainfielder prominent in work at Chautauqua is the Rev. R. S. Holmes, Vice-Principal and Registrar of the College of Liberal Arts, and Professor of English and Ecclesiastical History. Professor Holmes is happy in the new building in which the five hundred students of the College are pursuing their Summer studies. The building is of Moorish architecture, and stands on the highest hill on the grounds. It has twelve class rooms all of which command a noble outlook over the Lake. Professor Holmes is an industrious student and an acknowledged authority in his departments. With his wife and three children he is pleasantly located at the Herrick Cottage.

Connected with Professor Holmes in the management of the College, is Miss G. L. Chamberlin, Secretary of the College, of the Chautauqua Teachers' Retreat and of the various Summer classes at work on the grounds. Miss Chamberlin is quartered at the Assembly Cottage on Terrace Avenue.

Professor Bridge is Dr. Vincent's private secretary, and in addition to the duties this position requires of him, he is teacher of several popular classes in typewriting, the stenograph and phonography. Professor Bridge holds a high place in the phonographic world as a successful teacher of the Graham system of short-hand. The badge of his typewriting class is the prettiest on the grounds. The letters are gold on a blue ground, with fairy fingers playing over typewriter keys in the centre. The Professor and his family are quartered in a little cottage near the Amphitheatre.

Settled at the Aldine, next the Hotel Athenæum, is Mr. Ernest Knaufft, leader of the summer classes of the Chautauqua Society of Fine Arts. Mr. Knaufft is a pupil of Frank Fowler, the director of the society and also of Walter Satterlee and of the Art Student's League. Though young for a man of his attainments, he has secured a thorough education and a wide experience in his profession. His Chautauqua classes occupy pleasant rooms in the Museum building. Mr. Knaufft is in frequent attendance at the Amphitheatre lectures and in other ways has evinced his enjoyment of Chautauqua.

Another busy worker among the Plainfielders is Miss K. F. Kimball, Secretary of the C. L. S. C. and of the whole catalogue of sub-societies connected with that organization. To Miss Kimball belongs the task of marshalling the thousand graduates of the class of 1887 into line for commencement day. Her other duties are impossible of enumeration and it is the constant marvel of her friends that she finds the time in which to perform them all so thoroughly and satisfactorily. Miss Kimball's efficient assistants at Chautauqua are her under secretaries Miss Ida Angleman and Miss E. B. Bellemere. The three are lodged at the cottage of Mrs. J. A. Stevens on North avenue. The cottage overlooks the lake.

Though thus so busily and constantly engaged, the Plainfield party at Chautauqua manages to find time for recreation now and then. THE PRESS correspondent had the pleasure recently of taking a peep upon a group of them through the red-curtained window of the Assembly Cottage. Seated in a rocker was Dr. Hurlbut with a volume of Browning on his knees. While at the South Framingham Assembly, the Doctor gave a public reading from Browning, and an Eastern journal gave him great praise for his ability in that line. On the Doctor's left were Rev. W. D. McClintock and his wife, professors of English Literature in the College of Liberal Arts. Before the day of his honeymoon, the professor, who is from Blue Grass Kentucky, spent some weeks in Plainfield, where he left a number of friends. Next the McClintocks was Mrs. Frank Beard, wife of Frank Beard the famous "Chalk talker," Miss Kimball, Miss Angleman, Miss Bellemere and another lady guest of the hostess, Miss Chamberlin, completed the pretty group.

REDBOTTLE.

Runaway this Afternoon.

Mr. R. V. Saums, the builder, is engaged in the construction of a handsome new residence for Mr. Marks, the artist, on Netherwood avenue. Between twelve and one o'clock to-day he sent his horse to the new building in charge of a workman, and when the man arrived there the horse was left standing in the roadway. Presently a portion of the scaffolding which surrounds the building, fell with a crash. This so frightened the animal that he ran away, and in his eagerness to reach town started across the fields. The horse scaled several fences, and before he reached Richmond street the wagon was reduced to relics. The runaway was captured, however, before doing further damage.

Electric Railway for New Brunswick.

The Board of Alderman at New Brunswick last evening received a favorable report from the committee appointed to investigate the Vandepoele electric system of street railroading, and a resolution was framed giving the City Railroad Company the right to erect poles along its route, provided no opposition was encountered from property owners. The resolution was allowed to remain inoperative in the hands of a special committee until the next meeting of the Council, when final action will be taken upon it. In the mean time the railroad company is to prepare a guarantee offering to give bonds for the good repair of the streets if the franchise is given at the coming meeting.

Trotting at the Fair Grounds.

The usual weekly trials of speed took place at the Fair Grounds on Saturday afternoon, and the usual large number of persons were present to enjoy the sport. The track was in good condition and all of the horses trotted to good advantage. In the first race Edward Waring's "Ledger Boy" was matched against Geo. Phillips' bay mare "Gypsy." "Ledger Boy" won two straight heats in 2:53 and 2:43 respectively. The second race was between "Nat" Robbins' black colt, and Mr. Hayes' bay horse "Andy," the latter horse winning the first heat in 2:30, and the former horse winning the second heat in 3:00. The deciding heat in the race was adjourned over until next Saturday.

Regatta at Sewaren.

On Saturday, August 27th, will occur a regatta at Sewaren, N. J. The event promises to be one of much interest to lovers of aquatic sports. The route will be over a triangular course, under the rules governing the Columbia Yacht Club of New York. There will be three separate races—the first, Class A., four entries, for the Johnston prize; the second, Class B., six entries, for the Sewaren prize, and the third, Class C., seven entries, for the Guest's prize. The Judges selected for the occasion are: Albert D. Brown, Com. William James Greacen and John A. Greene, the latter President of the New York Press Club.

Base Ball.

The Newark Y. M. C. A's are getting worried because they expect to come here next Saturday and "down" their brothers of this city, and yet they saw it stated that a game had been arranged between the New Brunswickers and Plainfielders for August 20th. We can only warn the Newarkers to believe no paper but THE PRESS, and to keep cool because they'll need strong nerves to stand the defeat our Y. M. C. A's will give them next Saturday.

Warning to Train Jumpers.

The dangerous practice of jumping on and off coal and freight trains, is frequently illustrated when some poor victim loses his hold and rolls under the wheels, *maiming himself for life*. Probably at no point along the line of the Central Railroad is the practice so common as in this section. Every day the coal and freight trains passing through this city are loaded with human freight, most of which range in age from a dozen to twenty-five years. The Central Company has at last determined to put a stop to the nuisance. It has been the practice for years for those who wished to travel without giving an equivalent to the company to jump on the passing coal or freight trains. The peach growers along the line of the road complained to the company of the robberies of their orchards, and demanded that the railroad officials stop it or they would be held responsible. Instructions were recently given to the railroad detectives to arrest all persons found jumping on the trains, and on Saturday Detective Bell of Glen Gardner, arrested a traveling salesman for stealing a ride on a coal train. He was fined five dollars and costs. Twenty other warrants have been issued against parties in that neighborhood.

"The Salutes Yesterday."

Under the above heading, the following item appeared in a Raleigh (N. C.) paper in May, 1865:

"A salute of thirteen guns was fired at sunrise in the morning, and one gun every half hour and thirty-six at sunset yesterday, by Battery E, 3rd U. S. Artillery, in charge of Lieut. Scott. The discharge in the morning broke some of the glass in the windows of the buildings in the vicinity of the guns which were in position in the Capitol Park fronting Fayetteville street. The selection of this battery to fire these salutes was a deserved compliment to the discipline of the men composing it."

At the time there were three members of the battery present from this city, who still reside here. They are: Borough Councilman David R. Weaver, his brother, Peter V. Weaver, and James H. House.

New Jersey Breeders to Meet.

The second annual meeting of the New Jersey Horse-Breeders' Association will be held at Waverly Park, Newark, on Wednesday, and last for two days. Young roadsters will be exhibited. The first race will be the stakes for foals of 1884, and there will be at least six starters. The second race will be for the class of 2:40 horses, and the stallion race will follow. The big list of brood mares will be brought out on Thursday. David L. will also start to beat Billy Button's time on the Waverly track.

The Big Ten Cent Show.

Hurlburt, Huntington & Frost's hippocynagon, menagerie, gymnasium, and school of trained animals, will exhibit under immense tents on the lot East of the Oil Cloth Works, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Many wonderful things are promised, and the admission to all will be only ten cents. The features of the show embrace troupes of trained horses and dogs, and a galaxy of acrobats and gymnasts. Two performances will be given daily, afternoon and evening.

Trap Pigeon Shooting Declared Legal.

A pigeon shooting case of importance to sporting men was tried yesterday in Newark before Justice Dean and a jury. Charles Baker, a bartender for John Erb, of Bloomfield avenue, was accused of shooting pigeons from a trap. He admitted that he did so, but his counsel claimed that this did not come under the act relating to cruelty to animals. It was contended that pigeons were exempted, and the jury took this view of the matter and dismissed the case.

The Baltimore and Ohio Bridge.

The construction of the great bridge across the Sound for the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad is going forward rapidly, and the expectation of the contractors to have the immense piers finished this Winter will doubtless be realized.

The masonry for the pier on the Jersey side has been started, and the granite column is going up fast. Saturday the crib or dam for the construction of the centre pier was sunk in the stream.

DUNELLEN.

Miss Venie VanWhy, one of the young society ladies of Dunellen, is stopping at the Arlington, Ocean Grove.

The baker employed by M. Finger, had both limbs scalded while taking a kettle of water from the stove yesterday. Dr. Shotwell was called in and dressed the wounds, and left him as comfortable as can be expected under the circumstances.

Advice to Female Bathers.

A New York physician of great note said the other day that young ladies get about as much harm from overbathing as they might get good from a moderate indulgence in this great luxury. His advice to ladies who go to the seashore is: Bathe not oftener than three times a week, nor longer than fifteen minutes at a time.

ANOTHER GRAND VICTORY

THE VOLUNTEER WINS IN HANDSOME STYLE.

Most Satisfactory Results Yet Obtained. The Sachem Also Again a Winner. News from the Thistle.

NEWPORT, Aug. 16.—The fourth race for prizes during the New York yacht club cruise sailed from Vineyard Haven to this place, gave the most satisfactory results as to speed yet obtained.

The new sloop Volunteer defeated the Puritan 7m. 14s., and the Mayflower over 21 minutes, over a thirty-eight-mile course, while the schooner Sachem defeated the Palmer 18m. 3s. This prize of $250, added to the others the Sachem has won during the cruise, makes the handsome total of $2,500 won by the Providence schooner.

Eight craft participated: Four sloops and four schooners. The vessels crossed the starting line in the following order: Mayflower, 10.01.14; Sachem, 10.01.44; Volunteer, 10.01.48; Magic, 10.02.22; Halcyon, 10.03.15; Puritan, 10.03.55; Noreman, 10.04.20; Palmer, 10.05.22.

There being no second class sloops half of the $500 purse presented to the club by the Providence people was given to the winning schooner and half to the winning sloop. At the start the Volunteer was third yacht away and twenty-four seconds astern of the Mayflower. Before two miles had been sailed she had passed the Mayflower to windward and taken first place. The eight racing craft stood across Vineyard Sound on the port tack, the Sachem being the first to go about.

Half a mile to the westward of Nohska, at 10h. 30m., the Volunteer tacked close in the south beach of Naushon Island and stood across the sound. She was then nearly a half a mile to windward and ahead of the Mayflower. This was but another proof of the superiority of the new sloop in the windward work. Not only in high winds but strong ones, for the breeze was now of such force that the big sloops could barely carry club topsails with their lee rails "awash."

At 10h. 41m. the Mayflower tacked to the southward, and the Puritan two minutes later. The latter sloop was then about an eighth of a mile astern, but slightly to windward of the Mayflower. When these two next tacked close to the Vineyard shore the Mayflower had passed the Puritan had passed the Mayflower to windward by several lengths, after quite an interesting "luffing match." Half an hour later the Puritan had increased her lead to half a mile. The Palmer meanwhile had made wonderful progress. She was the last yacht away; nearly five minutes behind the Sachem, but in an hour she had closed the gap, and was close under the Providence's schooner's lee.

Steadily the Volunteer increased her lead and when off the western point of Cuttyhunk she was fully half a mile ahead of the Puritan. This was a remarkable performance, for some of her crew, while swimming around her found her bottom to be in a very foul state, the cement having started out all over her, making, with the barnacles, a very rough surface. She was sailed admirably throughout—in fact, no mistakes have been made at any time during the cruise in the sailing of the new yacht.

By making a tack to the southward, when close in to Cuttyhunk, the Mayflower and Palmer lost much valuable time. Knowing that the ebb tide turning out of Buzzard's bay would set the Volunteer to windward, Captain Haff kept her on the port tack, and Mr. Forbes followed suit with the Puritan. Both these sloops and the Sachem, fetched by the red buoy, making the Sow and Pigs rocks to the northward of the lightship. On the port tack the others stood over to midchannel before tacking, and lost by the operation. The race of fifteen miles from here to the finish off Brenton's reef lightship was most exciting. All three sloops were "cracking on" all the sail they could carry, and the Volunteer was traveling not less than twelve knots an hour in the stiff breeze.

The Electra only reached her anchorage off Brenton's reef lightship a few moments before the beautiful white sloop, with half her weather side out of water, came dashing across the finish line.

The finish was made as follows: Volunteer, corrected time, 4:03:53; Puritan, 4:11:07; Mayflower, 4:24:57. The Sachem crossed first in her class in 4:23:15, followed in order by Palmer, Magic, Norseman and Halcyon.

Thus the Volunteer wins the $250 prize, beating the Puritan 10m. 24s. elapsed, and 7m. 14s. corrected time. She defeats the Mayflower 21m. 4s. corrected time. The Sachem wins the schooner prize of $250 defeating the Palmer 18m. and 3s. and the Magic 17m. 39s. An important discovery was made after the Mayflower arrived in the harbor. As soon as the sloop was anchored, Mr. Morgan, her owner ordered the centreboard dropped out, and when it floated up alongside the cause of the sloop's slow sailing was apparent. Nearly half the forward part of the board was gone. The sloop went too near the hedge fence a week ago.

At a meeting of yacht owners held on board the flagship, Commodore Gerry presiding, it was resolved that the squadron disband after the race to-day.

The yachts are racing to-day for the Newport Citizens cup.

THE THISTLE SAFE AND SOUND.

She Will Probably Reach New York To-day—A Fast Voyage.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—All sorts of rumors were afloat yesterday regarding the cutter Thistle, which left London for this city on the 25th of July. Some are to the effect that she had foundered with all hands, and others that she met with some accident that will delay her arrival a number of days.

A despatch was received from London stating that the Thistle was sighted on Saturday the sixth inst, in longitude 42.29 west and latitude 46.42 north by the outward-bound steamer Annie for London. At that time she was making about seven knots an hour, going before a fresh southerly wind and was about seventy miles east of St. John, N. B.

A latter dispatch which comes from Philadelphia, says that Captain Urquhart of the steamer Lord Clive, sighted the Thistle at 10:25 Sunday morning in longitude 70.25 and latitude 39.56. This brings her about 135 miles southeast of of Sandy Hook. The report made by the Lord Clive's captain agrees with that of the Annie's when the allowance is made for the distance between St. John and the place she was last spoken of which makes her arrival confidently expected at any moment.

No Information.

OTTAWA, Aug. 16.—The department of fisheries have no information as to the alleged sinking of an American fishing schooner, with the loss of her entire crew, off Buctouche, New Brunswick, and expresses entire disbelief in the genuineness of the report to that effect as published in the United States.

FOUND AFTER MANY YEARS.

Mary Ann Delaney Sends Word from Australia to Her Illinois Folks.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 16.—A communication from Melbourne, Australia, which appeared in a Chicago paper on Saturday, signed by Mary Ann Delaney, asking the whereabouts of her parents, has brought great joy to a family here. William Delaney came to America from Queen's county, Ireland, in 1864. At that time Mary Ann was a babe, and her health was so delicate that physicians saw she could not survive a long sea voyage. The babe was left with Mrs. Delaney's mother, who was very fond of the child. About three years afterward the babe's grandparents died, and she was taken to Australia to be brought up by her father's sister, wife of one Gibson, who at that time was governor of Beechworth jail.

Murdered and Robbed.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 16.—The body of Luke McNamara, a baker, was found on the railroad horribly mutilated. A hole, supposed to have been made by a bullet, and two gashes, supposed to have been made by a knife, were found on the body. Late Saturday night McNamara was in the city drinking, and started to walk home. He then had money in his pocket, but the money was gone when the body was found. The impression gained ground that the man had been killed and robbed and placed on the railroad track. Two negroes found in the locality were arrested, and blood was found on the clothing of one. They deny their guilt, but are held.

The Passengers Escaped.

SPRING VALLEY, N. Y., Aug. 16.—There was a collision here to-day between two trains on the Northern railroad. It was caused by the engine of a wildcat train composed of twenty loaded freight cars being unable on account of a heavy grade to stop the train in time to prevent it from crashing into the passenger coach of the regular train, conductor Roberts in charge. The twenty passengers saw their danger in time to escape from the car, with the exception of one lady, who in her haste fell and rolled down an embankment. She was slightly injured. The engine and coach were badly wrecked.

Meeting of Florists in Chicago.

CHICAGO, August 16.—The third annual meeting of the society of American florists will be held in this city August 16, 17 and 18. Fully one thousand delegates are expected to be present and their number will include all the leading men in business in this country. The florists' club of Philadelphia and New York will arrive to-day on a special train.

CONDENSED NEWS TELEGRAMS.

The new silver mines at Placentia, N. F., are being worked successfully. Some ore gives 500 ounces to the ton

The fisheries of Newfoundland, as well as the crops, have failed, and over 50,000 persons on the island are in destitute circumstances.

Jack Turner, leader of the Turner faction in Bell county, Ky., has surrendered himself, and the troubles in that section is probably at an end.

A court of honor, consisting of six officers, Gen. Campos presiding, has declared that it is not imperative that Gen. Salamanca shall fight a duel.

James Reynolds, who was charged with assaulting Mrs. Mary Nobles, was lynched at Leon, Ia. He protested his innocence to the last.

"Doctor" Henry Harris has been sentenced to eight months' imprisonment at Arkansas city for poisoning James Vonters with voudoo medicines. The citizens threaten to lynch him.

Prairie fires have caused heavy damage in the vicinity of Mexico, Mo. They invaded the fair grounds and although extinguished before much damage was done almost caused a panic among the spectators.

C. W. O'Neil, D. Holzmann, and John Hackett, while traveling from Thompson Falls, Mont., to the Cœur d'Alene mines on horseback, were set upon by masked highwaymen and robbed of $4,000 which they had in their possession.

The British man-of-war Wrangler arrived at Halifax Sunday evening from the west coast of Africa. It is not known whether her arrival has anything to do with the reported intention to send British ships to the Gulf fishing grounds.

An attempt was made to wreck a special train on the Windsor and Annapolis railway on the occasion of the recent visit of Messrs. Schreiber, Pottinger & Archibald, the head officials of the Dominion railway deparment.

A company is being formed in Germany with a capital of 50,000,000 marks for the purpose of purchasing all spirits produced from potatoes in distilleries at a contract price, and then retailing it at a higher price after the payment of the excise duties.

The storm that visited Chilicothe, Mo., Saturday night blew down the west wall of the new round house of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railway. At Sampsel Station six or eight frame houses were torn to pieces, but no one was injured.

Mrs. Mary Smith, a professional beggar who lived in a miserable little room in the rear of an Albany street tenement house in Boston, was recently removed to the hospital where she died. Remarks caught during her ravings led to a search of her room, where $7,000, in money and bonds were found secreted.

About 1,000 delegates are expected at the third annual convention of American florists which opens at the 1st Regiment armory, Chicago, to-day. The florist's clubs of Philadelphia and New York will arrive on a special train. The headquarters of the delegates will be at the Grand Pacific hotel.

Prof. King made a baloon ascension in Philadelphia on Saturday afternoon, accompanied by a signal service officer and several newspaper men. While at an elevation of 5,000 feet for some unknown reason the air bag suddenly dropped to within 50 feet of the earth when its descent was checked. A landing was finally effected in a tree.

Two Canadian steamboats, the Hastings and the Kathleen were seized by the custom house officers at Charlotte, N. Y., on the ground that neither of the boats had been inspected by United States inspectors. The inspector-general of steamboats, James A. Dumont, was present, and the seizure was made under his direction. The forfeiture is $500, and the boats were allowed to return to Toronto upon giving bonds to the amount of $1,000.

The body of a 2-year old child of John Mahinsky, a laborer living on Spring ally, Pittsburg, was devoured by flames in its coffin Sunday while awaiting burial. In accordance with the rites of the Roman Catholic Church a number of candles were burning about the coffin. Several children were in the room, and one of them accidentally upset one of the candles. The lace in the coffin took fire and before the flames could be extinguished the coffin was in ashes, and the remains of the little one burned to a crisp.

Ann Bransteler, colored, of Mexico, Mo., left her two children, aged five years and ten months, in an 8 by 10 room closely shutup Sunday while she went to a neighbor's house to spend the day. At night when the room was opened a horrible sight presented himself. The older child was almost suffocated and the younger was in the throes of death. A portion of the flesh of the breast and stomach had been eaten away by the older child who was almost starved. The mother is under arrest, as the younger child will die.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1887.

Allison, Esther Miss	Ingram, Bobbie Miss
Bosworth, Carrie W	Jenkins, M H Miss
Boyd, A Miss	Lewis, Sadie Miss
Clark, Charles	Miller, C E Mrs
Case, Hattie Miss	Pettibone & Co
Carmer, Henry C	Ruffen, H D
Chapman, M F Mrs	Sillinay, Carrie E Miss
Cadmus, Freeman Mrs	Stuart, Mrs R
Field, I Dr	Selbner, Josefa Miss
Gerry, Emma Miss	Stone W S Mrs
Hansen, George V	Sanders, Kate Miss
Hufford, Grace Miss	Topsom, Mary Miss
Ivy, Rebecca Miss	Uelger, Maggie Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF CARRIAGE OR ROAD horses (chestnuts) 16 hands high; eight and nine years old; a first-class team; also a well-trained goat, wagon and harness. To be seen at S. S. PARSONS, New Market, N. J. 8-13-d3

FOUR BOARDERS WANTED ON RICHMOND street. Terms moderate. Enquire at THIS OFFICE. 8-9-w1

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY, No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

To-Night and To-Morrow Night,

And each day and night during this week you can get at R. J. Shaw's, Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for the cure of Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle *to-day* and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 50c. and $1.00. Sample bottles free. 8-16-y1

AUCTION SALE

OF

Upholsterers' Material & Implements,

ON

THURSDAY, AUGUST 18,

at 2 p. m., at the late residence of C. L. Tallant, deceased, at No. 30 Manning avenue, North Plainfield: m. sofa, 6 chairs in mohair, three tables, 4 bureaus, 2 wash-stands, bedsteads, two superior hair mattresses, 3 single mattresses, pillows, bed and pillow ticks, b. w. and table d-sks, arm chair, (in leather) 12 foot counter, with drawers, carpenter's bench, scales, lamps, vise, brads, tacks, varnish, paints, hair, moss, sponge, corn-husk, excelsior, step ladders, six window frames and sash, doors, posts, 3 stoves and various other articles.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer.

Terms Cash.—8-16-d2

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.,

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS ..... 25C.

8-8

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 8-5tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Torchon and Medeces Laces

AT

PECK'S.

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

THE LEATHER STRIKE

ADDITIONS TO THE RANKS OF THE NEWARK STRIKERS.

They Consider the Prospect of Success Improved—Orange Knights Win a Fight—Carpenters Endorsed.

NEWARK, Aug. 16.—All the union leather workers in several shops quit work yesterday when their employers asked them to sign the agreement to withdraw from the knights of labor, and therefore the 1,200 men who had quit work last week were jubilant. They have been pledged the support of every district assembly of the K. of L. in the United States and Canada, and they are confident that when the union leather workers in Europe understand the situation in Newark they will not work for the Newark manufacturers.

The bag finishers' association, the bagmakers' union, the German tanners' association, the brewers' union, the trunkmakers' union, the German federation of trades and the Essex county trades assembly, which represents a score of different trades in Newark, Orange and other towns will contribute money to support the idle leather workers. One union has promised to contribute $150 a week, and the members of the bagmakers' union will not work on leather work in "foul" shops hereafter. Taken all in all, the outlook for the strikers is brighter now than it has been since the trouble was begun.

The members of the leather manufacturers' association declare that the origin of the trouble was interference in their business by Master workingman Dodd, who is a carpenter, and by other officers who are not leather workers; that they will arbitrate with individual workmen of trades unions, but not with officers of the knights of labor.

Master Workman Dodd did not order any strike in the leather shop. The leather workers council, composed of five members, have charge of the present strike, and no men are ordered out of a shop until the council has made every effort to arbitrate.

The leather workers say that they will not treat individually with their employers for the latter have devised that scheme in order to break up district 61 and then make the men their slaves. The strikers indignantly deny that any of them have made any threats against the "scabs" now in the shops.

The employes of ex-Mayor Henry Lang, C. H. & J. D. Harrison, Lang & Stengel, Jacob Dawson, Dingwell & Nugent, Bentz & Dietch, Bensteen & Bates and J. H. Perry were ordered to quit work yesterday, the leather workers' council having declared the shop foul, and every union man obeyed the order. During the afternoon union men employed in foul shops were notified to quit at once. Ten of the Russian Jews Jews, secured in New York last week by P. Reilly & Sons, have returned home, and yesterday men brought here from Massachusetts and other states by the manufacturers refused to work when they learned that the union men were on strike. P. Reilly paid his old hands through an outside window.

It was reported by the German tanners' association that R. G. Salomon, who was the first manufacturer to declare his shop independent, had asked that association for beam men. Salomon said he would treat with them, but not with the trades assembly. He was not given any men. He has been boycotted abroad, and the men say much of his stock has been returned by dealers.

Thirty-two firms were represented at the leather manufacturers' association and they reported 1,023 men at work, but a lot of men struck before the meeting adjourned. The manufacturers claimed, however, that the men who were at work on Saturday last are in the shops yet, and that they can get all the new hands they want. Members of the association ridiculed the report that the knights of labor might boycott leather, and they said that they could ship leather so that nobody could tell whether it was made in a union or non-union shop.

Orange Knights Win.

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 16.—The ninth annual convention of the federation of organized trades and labor unions of New Jersey opened at 11 o'clock. From the opening the old fight between the knights of labor unions was stirred up. A delegate wanted the floor for Samuel Gompers, president of the international cigarmakers' union but could not get it. The knights won and re-elected Dennis Mullens president by a vote of 67 to 44. Harmony was restored for a few minutes by the election of Samuel Mellor, jr., the trades union candidate for president, to the vice-presidency. O. P. White of Paterson, was elected secretary. He is a trades union man. Henry B. Stokes was elected treasurer. No other business was accomplished.

The Knights Will Stand By Them.

CHICAGO, Aug. 16.—Ira B. Aylesworth of the general executive board of the knights of labor left for Philadelphia after endorsing the stand taken by the carpenters of Chicago in resisting the attempts of the contractors to abolish the eight-hour day. He has been here since Saturday investigating the situation, and as a result he promised that the general executive board of the knights would now, when necessary, help the local unions in supporting carpenters left idle by a refusal to work more than eight hours. Over 4,500 of the total 6,500 carpenters in the city are at work without any having acceded to the demands made by the bosses except in the case of about 450, none of whom are knights.

BAD OUTLOOK FOR BOODLERS.

The Canadian Government is Willing to Turn them all Over.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 16.—Hon. Mr. Thomson, the minister of justice, has again drawn attention to the fact that the the responsibility for the present unsatisfactory extradition treaty between the United States and Great Britain, under which Canada has become a refuge for American defaulters, embezzlers and boodlers, lies upon the United States senate, which refused to ratify a draft submitted by the British government.

Mr. Thomson says he has officially voiced the wish of the whole Canadian people in saying that it was desirable that this state of affairs should come to an end. "Unrestricted reciprocity" in criminals as well as in commerce is what the Canadian people want.

Mary Anderson is Satisfied With England.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Dr. Hamilton Griffin, of Elbert Colorado, Miss Mary Anderson's step father is at the Victoria hotel, having just come on from the west. He will probably sail soon for Europe, but may stop a few days at the seashore first. He does not think there is much likelihood that Miss Anderson will return to this country to make a professional tour very soon, if at all.

A HOME RULE VICTORY

GLADSTONE'S CANDIDATE TRIUMPHANT AT NORTHWICH.

He Defeats the Son of the Duke of Westminster—A Silly Scare in London. Great Fire at Scutari.

LONDON, Aug. 16.—The full significance of the Gladstonian victory in the Northwich election cannot be realized by a mere inspection of the figures. It has a much greater moral force than is apparent from the gain of 1,857 votes as compared with the last election in that district and the changing of Mr. Brunner's minority of 661 then to a majority of 1,129 now. The triumph of the liberals lies mainly in the fact that this reversal of majorities in their favor has taken place in the hotbed of conservatism and under the eyes of the powerful duke of Westminster, whose dominion over the people of that locality is well nigh as supreme as that of a feudal baron over his subjects.

The duke made every effort to secure the success of his son, the young Lord Grosvenor, but so strong is the undercurrent of popular dissatisfaction with the party in control of the government that even the powerful influence of the richest nobleman and most extensive landlord of the kingdom was unavailing against it.

Colonel Majendie, chief inspector of explosives, declares that the satchel of the woman arrested at Cowes on suspicion of having dynamite in her possession contained not dynamite, but specimens of modeling in clay, which the officers mistook for something of a more dangerous nature.

The overdiligence of the police as exemplified in this instance indicates the prevalence among them of a latent dynamite scare, which the slightest provocation to suspicion awakens to activity.

A special committee appointed by the war office to examine and report upon the small arms in use in the army has decided that the caliber of the military rifles should be reduced, and the decision will have the effect of discarding 100,000 new Martini-Henry rifles.

MANY HOUSES BURNED.

A Great Fire in Turkey's Capital—Narrow Escape of the Palace.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 16.—A fire broke out in a frame building near the English cemetery and spread with alarming rapidity up the heights, under a brisk northwesterly wind. Most of the houses in the town are built of wood, and they were kindled like match boxes at the approach of the flames. Two thousand buildings, covering an area of three square miles, were destroyed in a few hours.

The convent of howling dervishes was at one time threatened, but the dervishes turned out in force and by drenching the roof with water saved the building. The barracks occupied as a hospital during the Crimean war and two mosques were burned to the ground. The imperial palace was saved by the splendid work of the firemen, in spite of the fact that their machines are cumbrous and that they are obliged to drag them to the scene of fire.

All that saved the town was its peculiar construction on seven hills. The streets are filled with thousands of destitute people. Two women and a child were burned to death and many persons were injured. A relief fund has been started.

Labor Troubles on Long Island.

LONG ISLAND CITY, Aug. 16.—The Laurel Hill chemical works, at Laurel Hill, have been shut down, throwing 150 men out of employment. Friday last twenty men in the acid room struck work because their demands for higher wages, and the dismissal of Daniel Broderick, a foreman, who was alleged to be very obnoxious to the men, were refused by the superintendent, Mr. Hereschoff. As the men did not return to work Saturday, Mr. Hereschoff notified all the employes that he would shut down the works in preference to acceding to the strikers' demands. Efforts are being made by some of the non-strikers to bring about a settlement.

Funeral of George H. Palmer.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The death of George H. Palmer, who committed suicide on Friday, was announced on the stock exchange this morning. Mr. Palmer was a member of the exchange, though under suspension at the time of his death. The seat still stands in his name, and may be sold either for the benefit of the estate or to meet the claims of creditors. The $10,000 gratuity benefit will be paid to the widow. The funeral of Mr. Palmer took place this morning at the undertaker's room 355 Fourth avenue, and the burial was at Woodlawn.

Improving Naval Plants.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—The secretary of the navy has directed that $75,000 be expended for the purchase of tools and plant for the New York navy yard, and a like sum for the purchase of tools and plant for the Norfolk navy yard. This action is taken under the act for the increase of the navy, passed at the first session of the Forty-ninth congress, which provided for the expenditure of $150,000, under the direction of the secretary of the navy, for improving the plant of such navy yards as he might select.

Disturbance at a Camp Meeting.

JERSEY CITY, Aug. 16.—A number of arrests have been made and others will follow, on account of a disturbance at a colored camp meeting. A man named Geo. Stone sold liquor on the ground, and the negroes became intoxicated. Razors and knives were drawn and used, the pulpit was torn down, and benches were broken and hurled about, the minister was driven out of the grounds and stoned. The man who sold the liquor will be prosecuted.

No Fish or Flesh for Fifty-five Years.

HUDSON, N. Y., Aug. 16.—Elder Evans, of the Shaker community at New Lebanon, Columbia county, has celebrated his 85th birthday. The elder has abstained from eating fish and flesh for fifty-five years. To a correspondent he said the community was prosperous and that the Shakers will go on just as they now do after he is dead and buried.

General Whipple Withdraws His Charges.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16.—The necessity for a court martial in the case of Colonel William Burns has been averted by the withdrawal of all the charges preferred against him by General W. D. Whipple. The trouble between the two officers has been amicably settled, and calls for no action by the war department.

Sharp Feels More Comfortable.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—Jacob Sharp was more comfortable this morning. He felt about as he did before his attack on Friday. Last night he slept fairly well. He made his usual breakfast this morning, and did not complain of any pain.

WHO SET THE FATAL FIRE?

Two Men Held on Suspicion of Causing the Chatsworth Horror.

CHATSWORTH, Ill., Aug. 16.—Two men are under arrest at State Line charged with burning the bridge on which the great accident occurred. They were given a preliminary hearing, and the evidence was considered strong enough to hold them. The news of the arrest was brought to Chatsworth by L. Dobbs, a passenger on the freight train.

A correspondent interviewed William F. Terrell, conductor of the freight train. He said that the arrest had been made on Saturday, the men being arrested at Kentland, Ind., on suspicion, and unable to give a good account of themselves. They will be held till identified.

J. T. Bullard, a respectable citizen, says he saw section men carrying water into the house of the section foreman Wednesday afternoon between 2 and 4 o'clock, while before the coroner's jury the section foreman and his men testified that they were on the road at the time mentioned.

Mr. Bullard is disinclined to say much, but from his remarks, and those of other citizens, it is inferred that the road was not examined at all on Wednesday, despite the instructions received by the section foreman from the road master.

"On Wednesday morning," Mr. Bullard says, "the station agent, who is my neighbor, told me that extraordinary precautions had been ordered to be taken, as a heavy passenger train was expected."

PEORIA, Ill., Aug. 16.—It is said by good authority that the Toledo, Peoria and Western railroad will try to raise the money and pay off all claims for damage resulting from the late accident. It is probable that the whole matter will be settled up at once without litigation.

Sentenced to 24 Years in State Prison.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—This morning at the court of general sessions Judge Gildersleeve sentenced the notorious highway robber, John Joyce, to twenty-four years and nine months in state prison at hard labor. This case has become somewhat celebrated because of its frequent appearance in court. His first appearance was when he was brought before Judge Cowing and pleaded not guilty in the absence of his counsel. The case was appealed, and the verdict of twenty-five years was set aside. Since that time he has for two years and two months been in the tombs. He has a bad record, having been convicted for assault and four times for robbery. Immediately after the sentence was passed by Judge Gildersleeve this morning, his counsel, Lawyer Frank R. Kellar, applied to Judge Donohue, at the supreme court for a stay of peoceedings. It was granted, and the district attorney is ordered to show cause why a new trial should not be granted.

Another Fiendish Attempt Which Failed.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., Aug. 16.—A report has just reached here of another fiendish attempt at train wrecking on the Burlington and Missouri river railroad at a place ten miles west of this city. As the passenger train was crossing the trestle bridge across a deep ravine, the woodwork was discovered to be on fire. Investigation disclosed the fact that the stringers and braces were entirely consumed and the bridge in a shaky condition. The fact that the train was unusually light alone prevented a fearful catastrophe. It is supposed to have been done for spite, and several persons are suspected.

John Breslin Very Ill.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—John Breslin, the famous Fenian leader who rescued the Australian political prisoners on board the Catalpa is lying dangerously ill at his residence. He fell sick a week ago.

Of Interest to Laboring Men.

The Illinois state knights of labor have rejected the George theory of land.

The central laborers' union No. 1 have decided to turn out in the labor day parade.

The cigarmakers of New York city are taking up subscriptions to aid the men in their trade on strike in Toledo.

The labor of 300 convicts in the South Carolina penitentiary is offered at 40 cents a day for women and boys and 50 cents a day for men.

George Baer, a Pittsburgh mill-hand, has invented a device for drawing the coke ovens, which is expected to perform the work of twenty men.

The eight pin factories in New England produce 6,720,000,000 pins a year. In England the yearly production of pins is set at 4,695,000,000.

P. H. Cummins of Amsterdam, N. Y., was last week elected a delegate to the Syracuse convention of the united labor party by the local land and labor club.

The Iola ancient order of united workmen lodge has purchased 50,000 brick of the knights of labor brick yard at Mosha Falls for their new hall building at Iola.

The Teutonia assembly, knights of labor, of Milwaukee, has withdrawn from that organization. The assembly is one of the largest in the city and has a membership of 600.

The total capital invested in 1877 in the fourteen southern states is greater by $97,574,500 than during 1886. Alabama shows the largest increase, with Tennessee second.

The Southern Beneficial legion (colored), of New York city, have decided to capitalize a stock company of $20,000 to be increased to $150,000 for the purpose of erecting a hall at an early date.

A paper beer bottle is to be the next achievement in the bottle line. Inks, paints, oils and certain acids have for some time past been put in paper bottles, which do not break or freeze so readily as those made of glass.

The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers met in Atlanta, Ga., on Saturday. The delegates were welcomed by Gov. Gordon and Mayor Cooper. Chief Arthur made an address on the object and nature of the order.

A movement has been started among leading business men of Buffalo to raise a fund of $100,000 which will be offered as a prize for the best invention for utilizing the water power of Niagara river. Competition will be open to the world.

The miners of Iron Mountain, Mich., have struck against an order requiring them to work on Sunday nights. Their appeal states that they are buried under ground sixty hours a week already. Two men lost their lives and several men were badly injured in these mines last week.

The English co-operatives have a bank whose transactions amount to $80,000,000. They have 1,400 stores and do a business of $150,000,000 a year. Their 900,000 members receive an annual profit of $15,000,000. Their profits during the past twenty-four years have been $50,000,000.

The London *Times* announces that photography in colors is now an accomplished fact; that after three years of study, experiments and chemical researches a Mr. Mayal, of New Bond street, has produced several colored photographic portraits without the aid of hand work or brush, which possess the brilliancy and delicacy of highly finished miniatures in oil.

A despatch from Reading, Pa., says it was learned officially on Saturday that the knights of labor had arrived at an amicable understanding with the Philadelphia and Reading railroad company in regard to the test for color-blindness. The knights are to be allowed the privilege of having representatives present when examinations are made and to see that they are fairly conducted.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

EMILE BERCKMANS,
Teacher of Piano.
For Terms, etc., address P. O. Box 1164, Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 24 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c., Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

R. THORN,
No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges, Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S
Furniture Express.
45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf.

SHARKEY & BLIMM,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c. No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
. Sharkey, J. H. Blimm, my9tf

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J.
my9y1

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.: 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.30, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.30, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN PIANOS and ORGANS, FOR 30 DAYS, AT A. VANDERBEEK'S, 33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES, WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles. Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my1oy1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. my10tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET.
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, **$3.50 per Dozen.** my10y1

FIRST-CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

DON A. GAYLORD.
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF
16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

MRS. CLEVELAND'S RECEPTION.

The People of Marion and all the Surrounding Towns Go to See Her.

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 16.—Yesterday was notable in the annals of Marion. In the forenoon Mrs. Cleveland and her mother went for a drive, and on their return Mrs. Cleveland received a few callers.

The reception was fixed for 4 p. m., and at that hour many persons were in waiting, and carriages lined the roadway for quite a distance. The reception was marked by the absence of formality, and it is estimated that nearly 1,000 persons were presented to Mrs. Cleveland.

There were a few handsome toilets, but the majority of the people were in plain walking dress. Gen. Greely presented the callers to Mrs. Cleveland, who was assisted in receiving by Mrs. Folsom and Mrs. Greely.

Mrs. Cleveland was charmingly attired in pale blue surah silk with draperies of spotted illusion lace. The corsage was cut square and filled in with lace, and about her neck she wore a broad band of blue ribbon. She was ungloved and wore very little jewelry.

Mrs. Cleveland's manner delighted everybody, and this, added to her kindness in consenting to give a public reception, has increased her popularity, if that were possible. She shook hands with a heartiness that made all feel that the lady of the White House was really pleased to see them. People from the surrounding towns formed quite a respectable contingent, and there were a dozen or more private carriages from Mattapoisett well filled with summer residents. Half a doezn carriages went from New Bedford, over a dozen miles away, and the adjoining town of Wareham sent twenty or more carriages.

The carriages were so numerous that the street in front of Gen. Greely's house at one time was almost impossible. In the house occasionally there would be a slight lull in the passage of vistors, and then Mrs. Cleveland would take a moment to chat with some of her more intimate friends who remained in the room or upon the piazza. She had a word or two for nearly every one who was presented to her.

Gen. Greely at the close of the reception, said that Mrs. Cleveland would probably accept no further public attentions during her stay.

Base Ball News.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—The giants bob up serenely in third place by defeating Boston 3 to 2. It was a pitcher's game and Keefe outdid Stemmeyer. Chicago again defeated Detroit, 6 to 4; Philadelphia beat Washington, 6 to 1; Pittsburg won from Indianapolis 4 to 3. At a meeting of the league presidents at Asbury Park, yesterday, it was decided that the disputed New York-Detroit game must be played over in Detroit in September. The American association games resulted as follows: Metropolitan 11, Baltimore14; Athletic 7, Brooklyn 3; St. Louis 15, Cleveland 3. International league—Newark 4, Rochester 2; Jersey City 7, Buffalo 5; (a. m.) Hamilton 12, Toronto 3; (p. m.) Toronto 6, Hamilton 0; Syracuse 2; Binghamton 1.

Death from Excitement.

ASBURY PARK, Aug. 16.—A slight fire in the cottage of the Misses Fooling on Heck avenue in Ocean Grove, caused great excitement and several thousand persons gathered on the street opposite the fire. C. F. Kapitza, a wealthy manufacturer of Pottsville, Pa., was so excited that he was attacked by a severe hemorrhage. He staggered along the streets to Dr. Stark's sanitarium with the blood gushing from the month. He fell upon his face at the bottom of the steps. He was picked up and carried to the upper piazza, where he died in less than five minutes. The fire was extinguished with a loss of about $200. It was caused by the explosion of a small oil stove.

A Fight With Old Colorow.

NEW YORK, Aug. 16.—A special dispatch received this morning describes a fight which lasted all the afternoon between Sheriff Kendall's party of cowboys and Old Colorow's band of Utes, which lasted all the afternoon. Four bucks were wounded and the Indians retreated toward their reservation hotly pursued by the sheriff.

Riddleberger Gives Himself Up.

WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug 16.—Senator Riddleberger came down to the jail at about daylight and presented himself for admission. During most of the day he was a privileged prisoner, sitting on the portico of that part of the jail occupied by the jailer's family, talking with friends and occasionally going across the street in the custody of the sheriff.

A Monopoly of Spirits from Potatoes.

BERLIN, Aug. 16.—A company is being formed with a capital of 30,000,000 marks for the purpose of purchasing all spirits produced from potatoes at a contract price and then retailing it at a higher price after the payment of the excise duties.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 16 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, preceded by local showers, slight changes in temperature, variable winds shifting to northerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 15.—Money on Call at 2 per cent.

	Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
4½s, 1891, reg.	109¼	109
4½s, 1891, con.	110¾	110
4s, 1907, reg.	128⅛	127⅝
4s, 1907, con	128⅜	127⅞

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—The stock market remained without any important feature for the afternoon, the changes in quotations were but fractional and without significance.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Saturday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56⅛	56½
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	141	141
Central Pacific	37	37½
Del. & Hudson	101¾	—
Del., Lack. & W.	130⅞	131¼
Erie	30⅜	30⅜
Erie pref	69¼	69½
Lake Shore	94¼	91⅛
Louis. & Nash.	62⅞	63⅜
Michigan Central	86⅛	86¼
Missouri Pacific	98⅝	99¼
N. Y. & New Eng.	45⅛	47⅛
N. J. Central	76	—
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	108⅞	109
Northwestern	114¾	115⅛
Oregon Navigation	95⅛	95¼
Pacific Mail	40⅞	42⅞
Reading	55¾	56½
Rock Island	126	123
St. Paul	8?	83
Union Pacific	65¾	55⅞
West. Union Tel.	73⅞	74¼

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug.	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	80¼	81	83⅛
Corn	48⅝	49⅞	50⅛
Oats	30⅞	31⅛	32

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market firm Creamery—Eastern 2 [illegible] Western 24a25c.; Dairy—Imitation 1 [illegible] eastern. half-firkin tubs, 18a22c; western, 15a17c. Factory—fresh, 13a17c; raw grades, 7a8c

Cheese firm; 11¾c, 6a8.

Eggs steady: 15a16 14a15.

ODD AND CRAZY WAGERS.

Big Bets Made by Wealthy and Titled Men for Fun and Money.

So far as we can go back in the world's history we find the rage for making wagers prevalent. The Romans had a great taste for wagers and bets, and they had a conventional form of ratifying these contracts, which consisted in taking from the finger the ring which the higher classes invariably wore and giving it into the keeping of some third party or umpire, says *Chambers' Journal*.

A wager was made early in the last century by a banker named Bulliot. He was a firm believer in the superstition that if rain falls on St. Swithin's Day (July 15) it will also fall, more or less, for forty days after. St. Swithin's Day in the year 1705 was very wet; and so Bulliot offered to bet any one who chose to put down his money that the next forty days would be rainy. So many persons showed a desire to take up this wager that its terms were reduced to writing, as follows: "If, dating from St. Swithin's Day, it rains more or less during forty days successively, Bulliot will be considered to have gained; but if it ceases to rain for any one day during that time Bulliot has lost." On these terms Bulliot betted against all who presented themselves. He was so confident of success that he placed money against articles of value of every description. People brought gold-headed canes, snuff-boxes, jewels, even clothes; and Bulliot wagered as much money against them as he considered they were worth. When his stock of cash came to an end he issued notes and bills of exchange to such an extent that it was said that he had paper money out to the amount a hundred thousand crowns.

All this naturally excited a great deal of public curiosity, and the rash man found himself quite fashionable for the time being. Verses were made in his honor, a play was produced which had him for its hero; in a word he attracted as much attention as if he had been a monarch or famous statesman. But, unfortunately for Bulliot, St. Swithin was not true to his character. For the first twenty-one days of the stipulated time more or less rain fell. The twenty-second day, however, was bright and cloudless, and night came on without there being the slightest sign of rain. Bulliot was ruined, and ruined so completely that he was unable to meet the notes and bills that bore his name. The holders of these tried to enforce payment; but the ancient law did not recognize debts of this kind any more than does the law of more modern days. They were accordingly non-suited and their debts declared irrecoverable.

A foreign Prince staying in Paris made a bet with a member of the Imperial Club that he (the Prince) would, in the course of the next two hours be arrested by the police without committing any offence or provoking the authorities in any fashion. The way he won his wager was by dressing himself in a tattered old blouse, a pair of mouldy boots full of holes, and a disreputable burlesque of a hat. Thus attired, he walked up to one of the most aristocratic cafes in Paris, and, seating himself at a table, called for a cup of chocolate. The waiter, as was only natural, did not care about serving so suspicious-looking a customer before he was assured that payment would be forthcoming, so he told the Prince that he must pay in advance.

Upon this his Highness pulled a bundle of bank-notes out of his pocket, and picking out one of considerable value, told him to take the price of the coffee out of it and bring back the change. The man immediately went in search of the proprietor of the cafe, who, when he heard the facts of the case, ordered the coffee to be served, and at the same time sent to the nearest police station for a sergeant de ville. The Prince was of course arrested and taken before a commissary of police. He announced his rank and told his reasons for assuming such an unprincely costume. The authorities were obdurate at first; but finally they consented to sent the Prince under escort to the Imperial Club, where the gentleman with whom the bet had been made proved his identity and paid his Highness the money he had fairly won.

A wager was made in 1806 in the Castle-yard, York, between Thomas Hodgson and Samuel Whitehead as to which should succeed in assuming the most singular character. Umpires were selected, whose duty it was to decide upon the comparative absurdity of the costumes in which the two men appeared. On the appointed day Hodgson came before the umpires decorated with bank notes of various value on his coat and waistcoat, a row of five-guinea notes and a long netted purse of gold round his hat, whilst a piece of paper bearing the words "John Bull" was attached to his back.

Whitehead was dressed like a woman on one side, one-half of his face was painted and he wore a silk stocking and slipper on one leg. The other half of his face was blackened to resemble that of a negro; on the corresponding side of his body he wore a gaudy, long-tailed, linen coat, and his leg was cased in half a pair of leather breeches with a boot and spur. One would fancy that Whitehead must have presented by far the most singular appearance. The umpires thought differently, however, and awarded the stakes to Hodgson.

A notorious gambler of the last century finally ruined himself by a very extraordinary bet. He had been playing with Lord Lorn. Their stakes had been very high and luck had gone steadily against him. Exasperated at his losses he jumped up from the card-table and seizing a large punch-bowl said: "For once I'll have a bet where I have an equal chance of winning! Old or even for fifty thousand guineas!" "Odd," replied the Peer, calmly. The bowl was dashed against the wall, and on the pieces being counted there proved to be an odd one. The rash gambler paid up his fifteen thousand guineas, but, if tradition be correct, it was only by selling the last of his estates that he was enabled to do so.

A Dog's Hair Turns White.

About four weeks ago, says the Rome, (Ga.) *Sentinel*, when the water was comparatively high, Mr. Barber, of Lyonsdale, threw a black Newfoundland dog into the river at that place, and he passed over the dam. Instead of going down stream the "back water" carried him to dry rocks under the dam, from which he was unable to make his escape until the water receded. He remained there twenty-one days without food, during which time his hair turned nearly white. These facts are substantiated by a prominent resident of that place.

Mark Hopkins' Silver Trumpet.

It was announced some years ago that on a certain Sunday Dr. Hopkins was to preach at the South Church, Pittsfield, Mass., and a great congregation assembled to hear him. In fact, it was Rev. Mr. Longley, of Peru, who was to preach, and he began by saying: "You came to this place to hear the Gospel proclaimed through a silver trumpet. You must hear it, however, through a ram's horn."

STUDENT'S STORIES.

How an Examiner Sacrificed His Own Hat to Satisfy Stern Discipline.

Among stories of examinations, those that are most popular with the students are told at the expense of the examiners, says the *St. James' Gazette*. We have two capital ones at Edinburgh. According to the first an examiner had made himself obnoxious by warning the students against putting their hats on his desk. The university in the Scottish capital is remarkable for a scarcity of cloak-rooms, and in the excitement of examination hats are, or used to be, flung down anywhere. This examiner announced one day that if he found another hat on his desk he would rip it up. Next day no hats were laid there when the students assembled. Presently, however, the examiner was called out of the room. Then some naughty undergraduate slipped from his seat, got the examiner's hat, and placed it on the desk. When the examiner re-entered the hall every eye was fixed on him. He observed the hat and a gleam of triumph shot across his face. "Gentlemen," he said, "I told you what would happen if this occurred again." Then he took his penknife from his pocket, opened it, and blandly cut the hat in pieces amidst loud and prolonged applause. They do say that there were other examiners in the room at the time who could have warned him had they chosen.

Another story illustrates the fact that the student may sometimes be too much for his examiner. Soon after the examination opened he was observed looking around him stealthily as if meditating guile. From the other end of the hall the examiners watched him narrowly; so did a number of students. He took a handkerchief from his pocket and spread it over his knee. Every few minutes he lifted up the handkerchief and looked beneath it, and then wrote with renewed vigor. It seemed a clear case of copying, so an active examiner pounced upon him. The student whisked the handkerchief into his pocket. "Come, Mr. ——," said the examiner, "I must see your handkerchief." "Certainly, sir," said the student, blandly showing it to him. Then the pocket was searched, with no result. The student began to grin, and then the other competitors, and then the other examiner followed suit. Obviously it was a practical joke, though at the time no one understood how practical. The crestfallen examiner returned to his desk, and soon afterward the student took a small book from his pocket, spread it open upon his knee, and seemed to resume his old tactics. The fear of being "sold again" kept the examiners from interfering this time; but, when they looked at his paper subsequently, it was seen that his answers had come from a "crib." Whether his ingenuity availed him in the end I can not say. A better story, in the opinion of examiners, is one of a student who made a miniature crib for himself, meaning to smuggle it up his sleeve into the examination room. He forgot it, however, and his mother, finding it in his room, hurried to the university with it and sent it by a messenger to the examiner, asking him to give it at once to her son, as she knew it was something very important.

WORK AND WORKERS.

At a recent picnic in Ohio over 10,000 Knights of Labor participated.

The *Railway Age* reports total track new railway lines laid since January 1st, 3,700 miles. A much larger trackage has been graded and is ready for rails.

Business men of Austin, Tex., have offered the International Typographical Union $10,000 and eighty acres of land towards establishing a home for indigent printers.

A fine five-foot vein of coal has been struck by the natural gas company which is exploring about a mile east of Evansville, Ind. The vein is about three hundred feet below the surface.

Michael Kennedy, of Troy, N. Y., has brought suit against several carpenters who are not members of the order for conspiracy, charging that they would not work with him because he was a Knight of Labor.

Sixteen glass factories, newly constructed, will start up in September, having 209 pots, of which 100 are for window glass, 20 for flint, 80 for table-ware and 6 for green glass. It is likely that several of the window-glass factories in New Jersey will remain idle next year.

One coal dealer at Chicago has had the singular experience for some months past of giving his customers an excess of from 100 to 150 pounds of coal on every ton. He did not discover it until he had lost a good deal of money. He has begun suit for $4,000 damages against the scale maker.

In the manufacture of neckties in New York City there are over twelve hundred girls employed. The wages of these are according to their skillfulness, as they work by the piece, the average being eight or nine dollars a week. There are employed in this industry a number of men who are wholly engaged in getting up fresh designs, which are always in demand.

A Magistrate on Himself.

A police justice in the city of New York is an officer of serious responsibilities. This year Police Justice Duffy, who has served thirteen years, passed sentence in more than 16,000 cases. He says that the most difficult of the duties of a police justice is to act according to the dictates of his conscience. By long training he thinks that he always knows when a prisoner is lying. A guilty prisoner's wisest course, he declares, is to say: "Judge, I am guilty. I throw myself on the mercy of the court." In a case of intoxication or disorderly conduct this course is likely to secure his discharge if it is a first offense. "When a woman weeps before me," declares Judge Duffy, "I remember that I had a mother, a sister, and nieces, and I am apt to let her go. When a man weeps, I think the worse of him. I haven't wept myself since I was sixteen years of age."

A Disinterested Objector.

He was trying to raise money to build a new church. It was greatly needed, but his congregation was made up of persons in moderate circumstances; so he was making appeal to his wealthy brethren in larger cities. "I am surprised," he sadly said, "at the lukewarmedness of the rich men and women I have talked with on the subject. Here is an opportunity to advance the interests of our denomination, and they are so absorbed in their worldly affairs that they hardly give it thought." "When you go to B——," replied his friend, "you had better call on Mr. Blank. He is rich and childless, and has a reputation for great liberality." "Oh, I don't think he will give any thing. I won't mention the matter to him. He has been giving away money all his life, and I think he ought to save what he has left for his nephews and nieces." The speaker was one of the nephews.

They Like Oat Meal.

President and Mrs. Cleveland are very fond of oat meal, and always eat it for breakfast. Mr. Cleveland is not a lover of tobacco, and seldom smokes more than one cigar a day, and this one immediately after dinner.

RAKES AND STAKES.

How Gambling Is Carried On at Monaco's Famed Monte Carlo.

Before play commences, which it does at eleven or twelve o'clock, according to the season, solemn processions may be seen on the way to the salon, writes Charles C. Welman in the *Cosmopolitan*. First come two attendants in livery, carrying between them a money chest, and close behind march the croupiers who are to begin work, and of whom there are seven to each table. Four of these sit facing each other on either side of the roulette board in the center, and one at each end. The seventh, the chef-de-partie, as he is called, perches himself on a high stool close behind one of the pairs of croupiers at the center, keeps a lookout all around, and is appealed to in case of any dispute. "Je domine" are the words in which he expresses his position.

Each of the croupiers, the chef-de-partie excepted, is armed with a long-handled rake, which, as it has so much work to do, is strengthened at the foot by a plate of brass. The bank-notes are placed in boxes, the money counted out, and the louis and five-franc pieces arranged in long rows standing on their edges, so that they look like gold and silver snakes. Each of the four croupiers at the center has snakes of both colors to look after. Those at the ends of the tables have nothing to do with raking in or paying out the money lost or won; their business is to put stakes on, or rake winnings off, for those who, unable to secure seats at the table, are crowding around outside; to get change for them as required, and to keep order.

And now it is time to begin; the rakes of the croupiers facing each other at the center are laid across the table head to head, their long, thin handles appearing beyond the elbows of the men about to wield them with so much skill. The croupiers at the top and bottom lay their instruments close in front of them at right angles to the length of the tables, which are long enough to accommodate about twenty players besides the croupiers, and eight shorter rakes unsnod with brass are placed ready for the use of players.

All is now prepared for the attack, the garrison is perfectly drilled and disciplined, and amply supplied with the sinews of war. Table and men together form one machine, a machine that plays without committing a mistake, never made reckless by disaster, never rendered foolish by success.

Open the doors, then, and let all who will approach and do battle. Daily the challenge is accepted, the chairs are seized at once, the forces are ready to renew the assault. Many of the players produce pocket-books or sheets of paper ruled in every conceivable way; these are the believers in systems or martingales. Others are content to use the cards and pins supplied by the attendants, others again neither know nor care what color or number last came up, but play hap-hazard as the fancy takes them.

When those who mean to play have put on their stakes, the croupier in charge of the roulette board, who has several times uttered the warning: "Messieurs, faites vos jeux," gives the ball a spin in one direction, the revolving disk a twist in the other, and the battle begins in earnest.

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES. 5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY,

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL. my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to underprice as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call, 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

We will close out our immense line of

ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

AT

$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

AT

$3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

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HURLBURT, HUNTING & FROST'S

Hippocynagon, Menagerie,

GYMNASIUM AND COLLEGE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

THE

LARGEST 10c. SHOW ON EARTH.

D. P. HURLBURT'S

Troupe of Trained Horses,

In their Grand Military Drill. Crown Prince, the horse with human intelligence.

A TROUPE OF

Eighteen Thoroughbred Dogs.

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Including the Leading Gymnast performers of this and foreign countries.

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The Finest Collection of Wild Animals on Exhibition, including a

Lioness and Her 8-weeks-old Family.

10 CTS ADMITS TO ALL 10

Will exhibit in PLAINFIELD on lot near Oil-Cloth Factory,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

Aug. 18, 19, 20.

Street Parade 10 a. m., Thursday. Two performances daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m; performance commences one hour later. Grand FREE EXHIBITION on the grounds at one p. m. daily. 8-8-d6

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 17, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—Watermelon Lawn Parties are becoming quite popular.

—A large band of gypsies came to town last evening, and are camping near the Fair Grounds.

—The State Board of Pharmacy will meet at the Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, to-morrow, at ten a. m.

—The luxuriant growth of weeds this Summer is claimed to be a prognostication of a very cold Winter.

—A garter snake about four feet in length was killed near the Pond tool works yesterday afternoon.

—The Netherwood Hotel guests are arranging a subscription ball for next Wednesday evening, as a benefit to the musicians.

—Mr. Balcom of Metuchen is making a half-mile racing track on his premises which will be one of the finest in this vicinity when completed.

—The jurors for the Fall term of the Middlesex County Courts were drawn yesterday. Those from Piscataway are Geo. S. Bunting, Fred Valentine and F. P. Kelly.

—Two of the male help at the Park House got into an altercation last evening, but when officer McCue, who was summoned by telephone, arrived, peace and quietness was restored.

—On next Sunday and the Sunday following, services in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, at Evona, will commence at 7:30 p. m. After September 1st, they will commence as usual at 11 a. m.

—The New Jersey Kennel Club will hold a bench show on the grounds at Waverly, the same week the State Fair is in progress, and thus far the outlook is good for a large number of entries.

—The Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermon on our last page today, tells of denominational bigotry; and among others to whom a lesson is given, are they who boast unceasingly of "our" church, "our" minister, and "our" choir.

—The Laing and Nelson excursion to Asbury Park this morning, consisted of seven passenger coaches, well filled. The scholars of Grace church Sunday school went along, and the day is a perfect one for enjoyment at the beach.

—The firemen at New Brunswick are exerting themselves in anticipation of the annual meeting of the State Firemen's Relief Association which convenes in that city on September 28th. Delegates from this city will be in attendance.

—One day last week a valuable horse by the name of "Tom," the property of Mr. Clark Balcom, of Metuchen, which had been put out to pasture, became mired in a small pond and was drowned. The horse was worth about $200.

—The Vanderhoof family in New Jersey held their re-union at Clinton, in Caldwell township, yesterday. The occasion drew together members of the family from all over the State. Speech-making and singing were the principal features of the day.

—The next attraction at Music Hall will be on Tuesday evening next when Tony Pastor and his grand company of European and American Vaudeville stars will appear in a specially arranged programme. See advertisement for sale of seats and other particulars.

—There have recently been reports made of business places being found unlocked during the night, when they should be barred and bolted against thieves. The constant recurrence of this sort of carelessness occasions much unnecessary annoyance to the police.

—Another warning to excursionists was illustrated at the depot this morning, when an elderly gentleman attempted to jump on the excursion train after it had started. As usual he miscalculated the distance and missed the step. Only the assistance from one of the train hands saved him from rolling under the cars, and probably losing his life.

—Mr. P. H. Bennett, successor to B. H. Bachman, is having the front of his store on Park avenue attractively touched up, and a neat sign has been placed in position over the door.

—The Fanwood Township Committee met in adjourned session last evening. All present. The Assessor presented his tax duplicate for the year which was approved and the meeting adjourned.

—Officer Lynch arrested two unlicensed peddlers yesterday afternoon, and each one of them seemed very grateful to the officer for the opportunity to pay $1.50 to the City Judge for their release.

—On the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club at Dunellen to-morrow will occur the grand picnic in aid of St. John the Evangelist church of that place. The music for the occasion will be in charge of Prof. Reilly, and a pleasant time is predicted for all who attend.

—The fatality among horses seems to be on the increase. During the past week sixteen horses died in this vicinity, most of which were attacked with a complaint known as spasmodic colic. The animals are taken suddenly ill, and oftentimes drop down and expire while in harness.

From Plainfield to Central America.

By fast freight leaving this city late last night, a car load of handsome Jersey cattle from the herd of Mr. J. Wesley Johnson, was shipped to Jersey City to be sent by Steamer "Atlas," leaving New York to-day for Central America. The car contained eleven registered Jerseys, averaging just over a year old and worth about $200 each. On the same train was a car of six Holsteins, selected by Mr. William F. Williams of Somerset street, from Senator McPherson's herds, to be shipped to the same destination. The Jerseys are the first ever sent to Central America, and the entire lot—including some short-horns just arrived from England—are consigned to an American breeder by Mr. Pond of Union avenue, this city, a shipping merchant of New York. The cattle will be placed in single stalls between decks, and the transportation will cost about $100 a head. The short-horns will be crossed with the native cattle for beef raising, while the Jerseys will furnish the natives of Central America with the finest butter in the World.

Running at Large.

Some day, if they have not already, the dog-catchers will exceed their official authority, and the City may be called upon to pay damages for the illegal acts of its agents. A dog accompanied by its owner passing through Plainfield, to-day, jumped from its owner's wagon and was at once seized by a dog-catcher for running at large without a muzzle. Now these very officials, with their dollar-and-a-half badges, although engaged in a good work when acting according to the provisions of the ordinance defining their powers, must not be permitted to run at large without a muzzle, themselves. The question arises in the case we speak of above—was that dog running at large? And the same question applies to cases of the past.

The Council Moves.

We feel a little satisfaction after our efforts to agitate the city and the community upon the question of "Our City Park the City's Disgrace," because the Council last evening adopted unanimously the motion of President Marsh requesting the Committee on Streets *and* Public Health to report at the next meeting specifications and estimates for putting the Park in good order. It is the only Park the city has, but that is no reason for it being permitted to violate the peace and morals of Plainfield. The underbrush should be cut away, a fence built, a light or two erected to drive away those who love darkness better, and the benches repaired. The Council begins to appreciate the City's disgrace, at last.

Circus To-morrow.

Hurlbut, Hunting and Frost's circus will arrive in town during to-night, and give six performances here, during to-morrow, Friday and Saturday. Regarding the exhibition, the Elizabeth *Herald* of yesterday says: "The performance given is well worth fifty cents, and one can see more and enjoy it better than to go to Barnum's or Forepaugh's. Everybody who attends the show speaks in glowing terms of it, and it deserves all the commendation given it. The animals alone are well worth going a good distance to see, and "Bob" Hunting's jokes will surely make you laugh and feel like a new person."

Withdrew the Complaint.

Mary Kane of Westervelt avenue who caused the arrest on Saturday of John Barry of Bull Frog city, for drunkenness, assault, and dispensing liquors to minors, has withdrawn the charge of assault. The case was to come up for trial before Mayor Cooley to-morrow morning, but it is understood that the defendant will appear before his Honor this evening and plead guilty to the remaining charges, thus getting off with a light fine.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. David Lennox is back from Lake Hopatcong.

Judge Bartine of Somerville was in town to-day on official business.

Mrs. Charles D. Wadsworth, of Central avenue has returned from Washington, Conn.

The family of S. A. Potter, Esq., of Grove street, will go to Spring Lake for a few weeks.

Miss May Sutphen of Flemington, is the guest, for a few days, of relatives in North Plainfield.

Mr. James Smith of Elm street left yesterday to spend a week with his sister on Long Island.

Mr. George Westervelt, Librarian of the Y. M. C. A., has gone to Albany, N. Y. for three weeks.

Miss Gertrude Spaulding, of Syracuse N. Y., is the guest of the Misses Green of Eighth street.

Benjamin Wright, his wife and Charles Remsen are back from a two weeks stay at Asbury Park.

Mrs. Thines and child of Trenton, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Coriell of West Front street.

Senator Robert L. Livingston, who has been summering in the Adirondacks, returned home today.

Miss Virginia F. Randolph of East Front street, is visiting Miss Lissignolo of Montague street, Brooklyn.

Miss Annie A. Moore of New street, left this afternoon to spend the remainder of the Summer at Long Branch.

Ex-Mayor John H. Van Winkle and family of North Plainfield, are at the Grand Avenue Hotel, Asbury Park.

Mrs. Depew and the Misses Depew have returned from the West End, Long Branch, to their Crescent avenue residence.

Mr. and Mrs. Craig A Marsh leave town today for a visit of a week at least at Stockbridge, Mass., and probably elsewhere.

Mr. David Lyon, the organist in the First Baptist church, started today on a two weeks vacation to various points of interest.

Miss Peniston and Master Richard Peniston of La Grande avenue, have gone to Spring Lake, for the remainder of the Summer.

Messrs. Isaac Brokaw of North Plainfield, and N. W. Pike of this city, leave to-morrow to attend the camp meeting at Mount Tabor.

Mr. Robert Radford of Park avenue, is at home again from Saratoga Springs, after a two weeks' trip to that delightful Summer resort.

After an absence of about two months at Clinton, N. J., during which recreation and health were sought, Miss Georgie Cornell returned to this city yesterday.

Major-Gen. Wm. J. Sewell and Adjt.-Gen. Wm. S. Stryker, were in consultation with Gov. Green yesterday. Matters relating to the State militia were discussed.

Mrs. Edward Hoyt of New York, is visiting her parents, Mr and Mrs. Butterworth of East Second street, during her husband's absence on business in the South.

Dr. and Mrs. George W. Endicott, who have been recuperating at Minnewaska Mountain House, N. Y., have gone to Wachusette House, Princeton, Mass., for a month.

No cablegram has been received from "Signor di Segromigno," otherwise known as "Peanut John," who sailed for "Tuscan, Lucca, Italia," on July 9th, but it is supposed that he arrived safely in Italy.

Among the latest arrivals at the La Tourettee House, Bergen Point, as taken from the hotel register and published in the New York *World* this morning, are: Mrs. A. D. Mellick and Mrs. R. Van Rensselaer Schuyler.

The W. C. T. U. of New Brunswick gratefully acknowledged the receipt of $2 from John Sayers and $20 from Noah W. Pike, both of this city, received at the annual meeting of the State Sons of Temperance at Boynton Beach on Thursday.

Mrs. David Jones and three children of Park place, are spending three weeks at the Ocean Hotel, Long Branch. The children have just recovered from an attack of the measles and scarlet fever, and the mother was also sick at the same time with the measles.

The importance of the game of ball between "Sam" Allen's nine, the "Centrals," and the "Twilights" of Scotch Plains, to-morrow afternoon has made it necessary to secure the services of Mr William H. Turton of Brooklyn, as umpire, and Mr. Charles R. Frace of Upper New York State, as official scorer.

The aged mother of Freeholder Vanderbeek, who has been visiting her son in this city for some weeks past, left yesterday evening for a visit to other relatives at North Branch. The Freeholder accompanied her for a fish in the South Branch, to-day. Mrs. Vanderbeek is 96 years of age, but travels all over as active as her great grandchildren.

COMMON COUNCIL MEETING.

The Council met in regular adjourned meeting, last evening. Present—President Marsh and Councilmen Bowers, Dunham, Taylor, Simpson, Voorhees. Absent—Councilmen Carey, Cox, Dumont, Waring, Wilbur.

The minutes of the regular meetings of July 5th and August 1st, were approved as read.

PETITIONS AND COMMUNICATIONS.

Mrs. Rachel Boice submitted, as desired, a proposition for the adjustment of the street line on Park avenue at the south corner of Fifth street. The subscriber offered to set the fence back to conform with the line of other fences, relay the sidewalk and curb, &c., if the city would agree to pay $100 for the property that must necessarily be surrendered as part of the public thoroughfare, to make the street in accordance with the line established. Ref'd to the Streets Com.

Petitions for pedler's licenses were received from Mr. Frank Totton, of Mount Horab, and Mr. J. Gatley, of Newark. Ref'd to License Com., and subsequently granted.

Mr. F. A. Miller and others—residents and property owners in the vicinity—appealed to the Council for the locating and lighting of two lamps on Carlton avenue between Broadway and Putnam avenues. Ref'd to the Lamps Com., with the petition of Mr. James W. Jackson and others that the lamp on Crescent avenue, opposite Third Place, be lighted.

CLAIMS.

The following claims were presented and referred to the proper committees: N. Y. & N. J. Globe Gaslight Co., burning gasoline lamps for the month of July, $165.08; O. B. Leonard, salary as City Clerk for one quarter, $112.50; stationery, $7; J. Hervey Doane, two badges for the official dog-catchers, $3; Jones & Co., cleaning sewer basins, $10; J. B. Gable, rent of room to city poor, $4.

The Clerk read a commnication from the absent Chief of Police, thanking the Council for the leave of absence granted him, and assuring them of the willingness of the others to do extra service, if necessary, to make up for his absence.

The Committees on Alms, Finance, Lamps, Salaries and Streets, reported as correct sundry claims in their hands for examination. Ref'd to Auditing Com.

Mr. Bowers, from the Committee on Lamps, reported a reduction of seven dollars that had been allowed by the Company in the July bill of the Plainfield Electric Light Co. He stated that the allowance was because of the turning off of a few of the lights upon some occasions during the month; but, he also said, the Company had considered it was giving so much gratuitous service in other places, the bill had originally been made without the reduction. The Committee also reported against the lighting of the electric light that had been located by certain citizens at their own expense at the corner of Fifth and Division streets. Mr. Bowers stated that the appropriation for electric street lighting would not permit another, and the precedent would be a bad one to establish, as the Council would be called upon for every light private citizens might erect by contribution.

Upon the opening of "new business" the Council went into a Committee of the Whole, with Councilman Dunham in the chair, for the purpose of receiving the Assessor's books of valuation and assessments for the year. After a general examination the Committee arose, and chairman Dunham reported to the Council the Committee's approval of the duplicate as submitted and investigated, and recommended its acceptance after increasing the assessment on "The Crescent" building by $2,500. It was so adopted; and the total valuation of 5,127,000, and the Assessor's tax rate for the year of $1.80, was approved.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the Police Board to purchase three new uniforms for police officers, the same as last year.

The President called Mr. Dunham to the chair, and presented a motion, which was carried, requesting the Street Committee to report to the next meeting of the Council the expense of putting in good order the City Park. All voted aye, including Messrs. Simpson and Voorhees.

Mr. Bowers presented a request informally to the effect that the members of the Council personally investigate the system of incandescent street lighting now in service on a portion of Seventh street. He stated the Company would probably make the Council a favorable proposition, in the near future, to light the entire city by the same plan.

President Marsh having resumed the chair, he took occasion to thank the Council individually and collectively, for their words of sympathy and resolutions of condolence, expressed at the last meeting, upon his late bereavement.

The Auditing Com. reported its approval of the following bills, for which warrants were ordered drawn:

Plainfield Elec. Light Co.	$343 00
N. Y. & N. J. Globe Co.	165 08
S. H. Wilson	290 67
O. B. Leonard	119 50
Jones & Co.	20 00
F. A. Dunham	46 55
John Johnston	13 97
J. H. Doane	3 00
John Gable	4 00

The Council then adjourned.

The Open Air Concert.

The long talked of open air concert by the Plainfield Cornet Band will occur this evening, from the balcony in front of Miller's Hotel on West Front street. The band held its final rehearsal last evening, when the entire programme was gone over and thoroughly rehearsed, so that music lovers may expect something more than the ordinary at the concert this evening. The programme as given below will be strictly followed as numbered, and numbers will be hung in front of the platform. When a number is turned backward, that will signify that an extra piece is to be played by the band in addition to the regular programme. In the event of the concert proving a success, similar entertainments will be given by the band at short intervals. Subscriptions addressed to N. H. Guttman, leader, will be duly acknowledged. Annexed is the

PROGRAMME:

PART I.

March......"Erminie,".....Jakowbowski.
Medley....."Black Brigade,".....E. Beyer.
Schottische.."Dear One Far Away"..J. O. Casey.
Serenade....."Pleasant Dreams,"....W. Ripley.
Caledonians. Imitation of Bag Pipes"..F. Keller.

PART II.

Fantasia....."Witch Dance,".....Fr. Goetz.
Waltz....."Queen of Hearts,".....Fr. Goetz.
Solo.."Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep"..Bol-(with variations.) [linson.
Professor Le Vere.
Polka....."Babies,".....
Galop....."Fire Alarm".....Southwell.

The First of the Season.

A few days ago THE PRESS stated that the sun flower fiend would soon be "ripe," and he now sallies forth in the height of his glory. Several times of late residents of this city have been seen in their back yards with a fourteen-foot rule, but they were only measuring "one particular stalk of corn" and had no intention whatever of measuring that sun flower plant. We had intended to refrain from any allusion to the matter but the following item from a New Brunswick journal calls for immediate action and should be "sat on" at once: "A sun flower on the farm of W. T. Woerner, of Piscataway town, has on it sixty-six flowers and is about twelve feet high. It is called Black Giant."

THIS FROM NORTH PLAINFIELD.

A gentleman of veracity, on Mountain avenue, yesterday placed a forty-foot ladder against his barn and ascended it to look at the tops of some sun flowers near by, to see if they were in bloom. He was disappointed to find that they had not attained half their growth yet. The plants are of the "high-noon, nun-such" specie, which scarcely ever blooms until it is touched by the clouds. It is said that chickens are killed by the falling seed, that are so large. Next.

Burning an Ice House.

At about 10:30 o'clock of last evening, telephone messages received in this city and a bright light in the northern sky, led some to think Netherwood Hotel was burning down, and the fire alarm was rung loud and long. The department turned out, but upon learning by experience the distance of the conflagration, all turned back again. The fire was located at Westfield, where an incendiary had lighted the ice house of ex-Surrogate and Postmaster Addison Clark. The Westfield laddies worked nobly and succeeded in saving the bricks of the foundation and the cellar. The Bucket and Engine company got first water, and with the assistance of all hands Mr. Clark's residence adjoining was saved. The building was empty and was a total loss of about $500. No insurance.

Rev. Dr. Vincent Presented With a Gavel.

At Chautauqua, N. Y., on Saturday evening, an interesting incident occurred, when, in the presence of about 6,000 persons, Col. J. C. Courtney of Atlanta, Ga., presented Rev. Dr. J. H. Vincent of this city, Chancellor of the C. L. S. C., with a pine gavel made from the famous signal tree which stood on the summit of Allatoona mountain, to which Gen. Sherman, from Kenesaw mountain, fifteen miles away, signaled to Gen. Corse over the heads of the Confederate troops to hold his position until Federal reinforcements could arrive. The gavel came from Joseph M. Brown, a son of Senator Joseph E. Brown.

Tax Rate for 1887.

The total valuation of property according to the Assessor's duplicate examined and approved by the Council, last evening, is $5,127,000. The tax rate for all purposes fixed is $1.80, apportioned as follows:

	Rate.	Tax.
County	60	$29,381.95
State School	26	12,533.00
Library	5	2,300.00
City	44	20,000.00
Poor	7	3,500.00
School	38	19,590.04
Totals	1.80	$87,304.99

This rate is six cents lower than last year.

—Gov. Green yesterday appointed State Prison-Keeper Patterson as delegate to the International Prison Congress, which meets at Toronto, Canada, on Sept. 15.

—A New Brunswick paper says: "Judge Ulrich, of Plainfield, attorney for Green, the driven-well man, expects to collect the $50 royalty on each of about fifty wells in Bound Brook and vicinity."

WESTFIELD.

Mrs. Jos. Edder is at the Park Hotel for the Summer.

The annual Election of officers of Engine Co., No. 1, will take place at their rooms Friday evening.

The Town Committee met according to the requirements of law, last evening, and approved and accepted the Assessor's tax duplicate for the year.

The genial "Al" Berner, of Westfield, who by the way, has only been among us about five months, having formerly been proprietor of the well-known Diamond "B" express, of New York, which he sold to become manager of Thatcher's Rose Cottage Farm and Dog Kennel) has now in successful operation an incubator of his own get up, which costs nothing to run—as it is heated by hot water, which is generously furnished him twice a day by his good-natured wife from the kitchen fire. After experimenting for a few weeks, he set the machine going, and at the same time set two hens. After a lapse of twenty-one days, the hens' eggs were all rotten, not one chick hatched, but the incubator produced three fine Brahma chicks. Therefore he feels it a perfect success and says he will become a full-fledged Jerseyman, and add chicken-hatching to the farm, and any one wishing to inspect the same is cordially welcome to do so. "Al" is also learning to be a good fisherman. He had a friend, Robert Taggart, of West Side Storage-Warehouse fame, of New York, drive down to see him with his famous horse "Darby," and they both went fishing at New Market lake. "Al" landed a black bass weighing three pounds—largest catch in lake this year—and in landing him sent his friend Bob overboard. Upon emerging to *terra firma*, Bob claimed that, heretofore, he considered himself fire-proof, but now he is satisfied he is also waterproof, and will hasten to advertise his warehouse as such. After being dried out by the sun, they got home all right, proud of the days' catch—summed up—two bass, sixteen sun-fish and three cat-fish; Bob claiming "Al" to be all he is—a clever fellow.

Fourteenth Regiment Re-Union.

The following circular has been sent out concerning the ninth annual re-union of the Fourteenth Regiment New Jersey Volunteers:

Comrade—The Ninth Annual Reunion of our regiment will be held at Toms River on Friday, August 26th, 1887, it being the Twenty-fifth Anniversary of our muster into the U. S. service.

Comrades will be met at the different trains by the Reception Committee, and escorted to A. E. Burnside Post rooms rooms and welcomed as the guests of Burnside Post G. A. R. and the citizens of Toms River.

The line will form in front of the Post room at 11.30 a. m. with our old Colonel at the head of the line. After a very short parade the column will halt at the Court House. Capt. Thos. W. Middleton will deliver the welcoming address. Dinner will be served at 1 p. m. After dinner an oration by Rev. A. H. Dashiell. At 3 p. m., business meeting, followed by short addresses from eminent guests. This will be the grandest reception given to us during the time of our organization. Come if you can, and tell any comrade you may see.

Take trains as follows: On the Pennsylvania railroad from Jersey City, Newark, Elizabeth, Plainfield, Trenton and New Brunswick so as to take the train at Rahway at 7.57, which arrives at Toms River at 10.38. Comrades from Freehold, Red Bank, Asbury Park, Manasquan and Point Pleasant should take the same train at nearest point. The circular is signed by John C. Patterson, Secretary of the Re-union Committee. The following surviving members reside in this city, most of whom expect to be present: Edward P. Thorn, Russell Johnson, Chris Pope, Wm. B. Ayers, Alonzo Townley, Jacob Naylor, Wm. Pangborn. Last year the re-union was held in this city.

United States Grand Jurors.

The Federal Grand Jury will be drawn on the 25th instant at Trenton. There is every indication that they will have a great deal of work to do, as there have been many arrests for smuggling, counterfeiting, violating the pension laws, etc. The court term opens on the 20th of September, and as there are defendants who have been awaiting trial for months, the petit jurors will likewise have a busy time of it.

—The summer girl complains that the picnics and excursions follow so thick and fast upon each other that her mother cannot get her white dress washed quick enough for her to keep up with the procession.

—A bit of exceedingly good advice is given to workingmen generally by the Detroit *Free Press*. "The mechanic who is so ready to drop his tools at a moment's notice to carry out a strike had better look over the papers for drought news. Michigan, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, and one or two other States are about burned up, and provisions will take a big jump before Winter sets in."

THE THISTLE AT ANCHOR

VISITED BY THOUSANDS OF INTERESTED PEOPLE.

Her Beauty and Lightness Greatly Admired—The Verdict is She Looks Like an American Boat.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—The Scotch candidate for the honor of bearing back to Great Britain the America's cup is at anchor in New York bay, and her arrival has stirred up an interest in yachting matters quite unprecedented in the history of the exciting struggles for that trophy. As the Thistle lay at anchor off Tompkinsville yesterday, everybody who could get within eyeshot was an eager gazer and a ready talker on the subject of the Thistle. She was easily distinguishable as she rode at anchor between the steam yacht Rahda and the cutter Cythera. Her tall spars made her conspicuous, though the towering mainmast was about all she had on which to raise her signal high up in the American air. The short topmast only showed by contrast how loftily her colors will float when the racing topmast of nearly the length of her big, fat mast is in its place. The colors, added to the peculiarity of her sky-scraping rig, will make it easy for even the most casual excursionist who falls in with her down the bay to identify her. Her colors are flown at the topmast head and consist of a blue pennant blowing away from the halliards, but divided like a fish's tail at the free end. In sharp contrast to the deep blue body of the flag are the bright yellow spots on it. Two of them contain in markings of red the figures of a crown and lion, and constitute the club signal of the Royal Clyde yacht club. The third is a plain round yellow spot and adds to the rest the significance of a vice-commodore's signal. Mr. James Bell, the principal in syndicate owning the Thistle is the vice-commodore of the Royal Clyde yacht club.

Descending from the colors, so unfamiliar in these waters, the eye rests on the extraordinarily heavy work about the masthead and the foot of the topmast, and the size of the blocks and the cordage of both the standing and the running rigging. The shrouds have a very substantial appearance, and are tightened by a novel use of screws, like the familiar turn buckle, instead of the usual arrangement of rope lashings in dead eyes.

From alongside, the vessel has a peculiar look, which seems to come from the way the rail runs down from the stem with a slight shear nearly to the quarter, and then gracefully but oddly rises to the taffrail, an open-work affair that seems intended to let the water off should any come aboard. The effect is in a degree similar to the cocked-up stern that the Pride of Bay Ridge displayed in her first season. Her stem rakes aft in a manner surprisingly unlike the other contestants for the cup, and in a jumping sea in one of her races she is said to have lifted her nose enough to show that this rake continues below the water line to make her forefoot exactly like those of the progressive series of Burgess boats. The cutter's quickness in stays shows that this must be so. The other distinctive feature of the bow is the figure head, a green moulding bearing a gilt-lettered scroll and ending in a mammoth gilded thistle. The lettering on the scroll is "*Nemo me impune lacessit*," from the royal arms of Scotland. How the bow fines away under the water line is only to be guessed at on this side of the Atlantic, where neither her hull plan nor the hull itself have ever been displayed. But the insinuating smoothness with which that same bow enters the water, scarcely rippling its surface, makes the guess work easy, and shows how closely the designer has figured on this part of the resistance of the yielding medium. The same thing shows again astern. In spite of the broadness of the pronunciation of the crew, the "starn" fines down to an edge that leaves the water almost as unruffled as does the entering wedge of her ingratiating prow.

Her sides are said to rise from the keel with a gradual sweep out, and above the water line they have a slight appearance of convexity. This is, however, nothing in the nature of a "tumble in" to her free board, as the rounding out and consequent good bearing surface in heeling continues well above the point she will ever reach in dipping to leeward. The free board itself is very deceptive to the eye. Her proportions is so nicely adjusted that she seems to sit low on the water. But measurement shows that the rail is four feet six inches above the water.

With all these little points to attract the attention of the observant yachtsmen and Staten Islanders, more than half of those who were asked to mention the most striking feature of the Thistle's appearance agreed upon this answer:

"She looks like an American boat."

YESTERDAY'S DRIFTING MATCH.

The Volunteer Wins Again and Shows Her Sailing Qualities.

NEWPORT, Aug. 17.—The Volunteer captured the $850 cup offered by the citizens of Newport. The race was long drawn out because of light breezes and occasional calms. The Electra did not get in from the finish until midnight and the last yacht crossed the line at 10:51:43.

The Volunteer was the first yacht to get under way. She cleaved the almost wave less harbor with as little commotion as any of the swarm of catboats that followed her out to Beaver Tail. The Mayflower was delayed by the shipping of her mended centreboard. She was the last flyer to make sail, but she got out in ample time for the start. The other racers, besides the Puritan, were the schooners Sachem and Magic, the second-class sloops Gracie and Mischief, and the third-class sloops Cinderella, Fanita and Bertie.

For four hours the race, if the lazy undulations of the little fleet over the long swells might be so called, was interesting mainly as an exhibition of the power of the Volunteer to sail without a breeze. At 4 o'clock she led the fleet, with the Puritan nearly a half mile on her lee quarter. The other yachts were strung out in this order: Gracie, Fanita, Mischief, Sachem, and Cinderella. The Magic and Mayflower were far to the southward searching for luck.

The Volunteer finished at 9:57:30, Puritan at 10:29:38, and Mayflower at 10:13:07.

Thus the Volunteer beats the Puritan 11 minutes and 2 seconds. The Sachem, according to the regular club allowance, beats the Magic 2 minutes and 6 seconds, and the Cinderella beats the Fanita 1 minute. With double time allowance the Magic wins.

Bates Knocks Out Painter.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 17.—Sunbank, six miles from this city, was the scene of a desperate prize fight between Jack Bates of Youngstown, Ohio, and Fred Painter of Homestead, Pa. The conditions of the mill were Queensberry rules to a finish, 1th hard gloves, for a purse of $100. The contestants fought desperately, but Painter was not well trained, and in the seventh round he was knocked out by his opponent. Both men were terribly punished, Painter's face being pounded almost to a jelly, while Bates's body was covered with bruises.

AN OLD SENSATION REVISED.

Teller Scott Makes a Confession—His Pal Arrested.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—The embezzlement of $160,000 from the bank of the Manhattan company at 40 Wall street by Richard Seaman Scott, its paying teller, first made known in June, 1885, is brought up again by the arrest of John R. Dunn, for many years a practising attorney in this city, on an order issued by Judge Donohue in a suit by the Manhattan company to recover $146,000 of the money which was embezzled by Scott. Dunn was arrested on Monday, and is in Ludlow street jail in default of $150,000 bail.

Scott escaped on June 1, 1885, and has never returned, being now in London. Dunn is a cousin of Scott's wife and once had a desk in the law office of W. & S. W. Fullerton. Lately he started a broker's office at 56 New street. The law firm of Stern & Myers appear for the Manhattan company in the proceeding against Dunn, and aver that he is more guilty than Scott, having incited Scott to commit the crime and received and kept most of the stolen money.

Accompanying the petition for the order of arrest against Dunn, is an affidavit, made by Scott himself before Consul-General Waller at London, on June 14, last, in which he makes a clean breast of the whole affair. In this affidavit he does not mince matters, but speaks of himself as a thief and of his act as stealing.

Died Away From Friends.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 17.—Information comes from Biloxi, Miss., that Mrs. Lillie D. Murray, wife of Dr. R. D. Murray, of the United States Marine hospital service, at the quarantine station at Ship Island, died yesterday evening of peritonitis. She leaves five children. As no personal intercourse is permitted between the quarantine station and the mainland Dr. Murray and his family are isolated from their relatives, which renders this calamity peculiarly distressing. There are no ladies on the island, and no clergyman could be obtained to administer the consolation of religion. The body was embalmed, and will be kept in a building on the island until quarantine restrictions are raised after frost falls, when it will be sent north for burial.

Thousands of Mackerel and Bluefish.

QUOGUE, L. I., Aug. 17.—A large school of bluefish with great ferocity yesterday drove thousands of mackerel, weighing about a pound apiece, onto the beach, the sand being literally covered with them. For a while fish were to be had for the catching without rod or line, and at supper almost every one for a radius of five miles around had mackerel and bluefish. Even the children had mackerel for playthings. A passing fishing steamer observing the school of bluefish set their nets and caught about three tons and gave away many to those who rowed out to the steamer. The day before the steamer Peconic, Capt. C. Mark Gritting caught 23,000 bluefish, selling the cargo at New London for nearly $2,000.

He Was Never in Rahway.

RAHWAY, Aug. 17.—Caspar Strombach, the young German who confessed that he was the murderer of the girl found by the roadside here last March, has written to Chief Keron of Elizabeth, acknowledging that there was no foundation for his story, and that he was never in Rahway in his life. He says that he was out of his mind, and really thought he had killed the girl. He denies that anxiety to get a free ride to New York from Illinois was the object of his confession, but suggests that in view of his present statements the chief ought to take his zither out of pawn in New York and send it to him. Mr. Keron has done this.

Sporting Gossip.

It is said tdat good jockeys are very scarce at Chicago.

Graham, the English trap shot has located at Chicago.

Troubadour is reported a magnificent cripple, and certainly is a costly one.

Charter Oak park has 118 entries, which include all the cracks. Island park has 129 entries.

Jack Fallon, the Brooklyn strong boy, wants to fight any man in America except Kilrain or Sullivan.

Kansas City is getting up a race meeting in honor of President Cleveland's forthcoming visit there.

Shaffer, formerly of the Mets has been signed by Jersey City and is expected to do good work in the pitcher's box soon.

Manager Wright offered Manager Mutrie fifty per cent. of the gross receipts to play off the tie game of June 6 in Philadelphia.

Shortstop Lang of the Jersey City team is making a big reputation for himself by his beautiful stops, pickups and accurate throws.

Knowles, formerly of the Washingtons, and Lewis, the old league player, are batting well for Rechester, Their fielding too is excellent.

Muldoon, who formerly played with the old Cleveland league team and other league and association clubs has been released by Jersey City.

Roxbury, the ex-Athletic catcher, is getting $250 a month as manager and catcher of the Ridgeway, (Pa.,) club, which leads the Mountain league.

The Jersey City team has another new pitcher named Daily. His delivery is very swift, and at times, very puzzling. He is as yet somewhat wild.

The Brooklyn team seem to have a great many friends in the City of Churches, but when the Mets play there with them the friends seem to desert their own club for the visitors.

It is said on good authority that Dempsey's arm has mended all right, and that he will be ready for all comers when the real season arrives. That is when the society people come back from the mountains and seaside.

Boston sports are developing a new kind of sport—swimming matches between dogs trained for the purpose. A match of this kind came off in the bay off City Point. The distance was from a buoy moored half a mile off shore in shore.

All records for the season must go to the wall now. In Monday's game against Wichita, the Lincoln club made 50 clean hits off Pitcher Baldwin, scoring 35 earned runs, and winning the game by a score of 46 to 7. Wichita made 15 errors.

It is strange, but true, that more complaints about umpires emanate from Detroit than from any other league city. If the Wolverines win, why, then the work of the umpire was simply poor, but if they lose "the umpire was rotten."

Catcher Schriever, of the Scranton team, has been doing elegant work for the club; but if he loses his pitcher, Meakim, it is probable that he will not do so well, as both have played ball together from a very early age, and living in the one city they both understand each other to a T.

Over half a million dollars have been invested in trotters and pacers by Tennessee people within the past year. The Hermitage stud farm purchased the great stallion Wedgewood, 2.19, last winter, and last week Mr. Overton purchased a suckling colt, by Electioneer out of Beautiful Bells, for $5,000. The blue blooded youngster is a full brother to Hinds Rose, 2.19½; St. Bel, 2.14; Chimes, 2.33¾, and Bell Boy, 2.29¼. He also purchased a filly, by Jay Gould from a Cleveland gentleman for $3,000.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 12, 1887.

Allison, Esther Miss	Ingram, Robbie Miss
Bosworth, Carrie W	Jenkins, M H Miss
Boyd, A Miss	Lewis, Sadie Miss
Clark, Charles	Miller, C E Mrs
Case, Hattie Miss	Pettibone & Co
Carmer, Henry C	Ruffen, H D
Chapman, M F Mrs	Silliday, Carrie E Miss
Cadmus, Freeman Mrs	Stuart, Mrs B
Field, I Dr	Sellner, Josefa Miss
Gerry, Emma Miss	Stone, W S Mrs
Hansen, George V	Sanders, Kate Miss
Hufford, Grace Miss	Topsom, Mary Miss
Irby, Rebecca Miss	Ueiger, Maggie Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY, No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam, for Coughs and Colds, does it is indeed wonderful. He authorizes R. J. Shaw to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c. and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Tony Pastor's Great Show.

TONY PASTOR

AND HIS

EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

Secured personally by visit to the Capitols of the Old World. Every artist carefully selected by Tony Pastor himself. Also the Best of America's Specialty Stars, the whole

FORMING A DOUBLE SHOW.

AUCTION SALE

OF

Upholsterers' Material & Implements,

ON

THURSDAY, AUGUST 18,

at 2 p. m., at the late residence of C. L. Taillant, deceased, at No. 30 Manning avenue, North Plainfield: m. sofa, 6 chairs in mohair, three tables, 4 bureaus, 2 wash-stands, bedsteads, two superior hair mattresses, 3 single mattresses, pillows, bed and pillow ticks, b. w. and table desks, arm chair, (in leather) 12 foot counter, with drawers, carpenter s bench, scales, lamps, vise, brads, tacks, varnish, paints, hair, moss, sponge, corn-husk, excelsior, step ladders, six window frames and sash, doors, posts, 3 stoves and various other articles.

T. J. GILLIES, Auctioneer.

Terms Cash.—8-16-d2

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.,

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS ..... 25C.

8-8

..No. 8..

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(*Successor to B. H. Bachman*)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

☞ Goods delivered to any part of the city. ☜

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

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FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(*Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.*)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream: a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Torchon and Medeces Laces

AT

PECK'S.

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(*Successors to A. Vanderbeek.*)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

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John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.

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CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

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FIGHTING THE UTES

SHERIFF KENDALL'S POSSE HAS SEVERAL ENCOUNTERS.

State Militia Hurrying to the Scene of Battle by Order of the Governor.—Old Colorow's Son Killed.

RAWLINS, Aug. 17.—A messenger has just arrived from White river, Col., who reports that 150 Utes are fighting at Beaver creek, fifteen miles from Meeker. Families are rushing into Meeker and more Indians are coming. The country is all on fire below Meeker between the White and Bear rivers. Mr. Golden, the messenger is trustworthy. One hundred mounted men are ready, and will march on the Utes. Women are making bandages and the town is thoroughly excited.

GLENWOOD, Col. Aug. 16.—Vanclief, the courier whom Gen. West sent out to find Sheriff Kendall, arrived this morning having ridden from Kendall's camp, near Thornburg's cattle ground, in less than thirteen hours, a distance of 105 miles. Forty of Kendall's men weakened and deserted him, leaving him only fifteen men. He is greatly reduced, his horses are worn out, and he is working toward Meeker for assistance and supplies. Vanclief says that Harry Goff started out five hours ahead of him from Meeker with a message. He has not arrived, and it is feared he has fallen in with the Utes. The messenger says the Utes are coming up from the reservation and Augustine's band from Douglass creek. A messenger has also been despatched to Fort Duchesne for cavalry. None of Kendall's men was killed, but one had a horse shot from under him. The greatest excitement prevails.

GRAND JUNCTION, Col., Aug. 17.—The manager of the Philadelphia cattle company came in from Colorow's camp to the Unitah reservation, below Rangely. The Indians forced his party back and drove them before them at full speed. Dreeker, Roth and other cattlemen are riding night and day, gathering up their cattle and hurrying them from the White river range. All settlers have been warned by white couriers to leave, and they are abandoning everything to get away before the Indians can arrive from the reservation.

DENVER, Aug. 17.—Gov. Adams received a telegram from Adjutant-General West at Glenwood, containing an appeal from Sheriff Kendall for assistance. In response the governor ordered the cavalry companies at Denver, Colorado Springs, Caffon City, Leadville, and Aspen to start for the front at once. They left for the seat of war. The governor also telegraphed Gen. Crook at Omaha that the situation was becoming serious, and urged the war department to protest the settlers. Kendall has had several skirmishes with the Indians since last Thursday, has been deserted by part of his posse, and is now left in a dangerous position, surrounded by hostiles, and without food and ammunition. It is not denied that serious results are anticipated, unless prompt action is taken by the state militia.

THEY WERE ALL SERVED ALIKE.

An American Schooner as Well as British Vessels Seized.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—Captain Shepherd of the United States revenue cutter Rush, under date of July 18, at Onalaska, Alaska, has forwarded to the secretary of the treasury an official report of the capture of the British schooners W. P. Sayward, the Dolphin, and the Grace, and the American schooner Lilly L. for violation of section 1956 of the statutes for protection of the seal fisheries which capture had been reported by telegraph.

Captain Shepherd reports that the vessels were seized between the 11th and 17th of July, and that on each one of them was found quantities of seal skins, showing that the seals had recently been killed, and that several of the vessels then had small boats out, evidently hunting for seal.

The captain of the American vessel claimed that he had a right to hunt seals outside of certain limits, but Captain Shepherd did not recognize any such right. All the vessels were seized in Behrings sea, and they were sent to Sitka and turned over to the United States marshal.

Preparing to Build the Battle Ship.

WASHINGTON, Aug 17.—Secretary Whitney has appointed a board of officers, consisting of Chief Constructor T. D. Wilson, as senior member and president; Engineer-in Chief George W. Melville, Captain Geo. Brown, Assistant Naval Constructor Francis T. Bowles, and Assistant Naval Constructor Lewis Nixon, United States navy, to convene at such time and place as may be designated by the presiding officer of the board for the purpose of examining and carefully considering the plans furnished by The Barrow Ship Building Company of London, England, for the construction of a battle ship of about 6,000 tons displacement authorized by congress and reporting to the department the probable cost, exclusive of armament, of constructing such vessel in accordauce with said plans the armor to be furnished by the Bethlehem Iron Company, of Bethlehem, Pennsylvania, under their contract of June 1, 1887.

Alaska Is All Right.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—The navy department is informed of the arrival at Wrangel, Alaska, on June 26, of the United States steamer Pinta, having on board Governor Swineford and Educational Agent Jackson. All well and everything serene.

Bids for Bonds to be Opened.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—At noon to-day the offers to sell bonds to the treasury will be opened. The bids will go direct to Secretary Fairchild and will be opened by him. In some quarters the opinion is held that some of the bids will go below 110.

Chance to Buy Two Ships.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—The United States steamer Tennessee has been appraised at $28,000, and will be offered at public sale in New York on Sept. 15. The New York will also be offered for sale at the same time for $2,000.

A Stationery Board to Move.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—The stationery board of the navy department, heretofore located at New York, will in the future, by direction of the secretary of the navy, be stationed in this city.

An American Schooner Wrecked.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Aug. 17.—The American schooner Annie Bell became a complete wreck here. She was being towed through the falls when the hawser broke and she was swept against the rocks and a hole punched in her bow. She filled and sank. The crew were taken off. The Annie Bell had on board 2,300 barrels of lime for New York.

OVER IN EUROPE

THE LIBERAL UNIONISTS RETURNING TO THE FOLD.

Young Mr. Bright's Scheme a Failure. Confident of a Gladstone Victory. Various Matters of Interest.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Among the signs of the total disappearance of the liberal unionist vote throughout the country is evidence just added by the youngest son of Mr. John Bright—John Albert Bright. He recently issued a circular to the electors of Rochdale, a Gladstonian district, with a view of getting together the unionists and consulting about the political situation. He reports that the response to his appeal was a dead failure. He found it impossible to make any estimate at all of the unionist strength. They all seemed to have deserted their unionist colors, and to be holding back in the position of true liberals, ready for a straight liberal campaign. Mr. Bright says that many of the liberals of Rochdale, whom he knew personally to be unionists and lately Hartingtonians, did not respond to his circular.

The conservative press, while affecting to disregard the results of the bye elections, specially of the last crowning triumph of the liberals at Northwich, are manifestly very sore about them, and attempt to solace themselves by the consideration of every little advantage which their party still control. The newspapers seem to find relief in the fact that the conservatives, with their unionist allies, still command a majority in parliament, whether they hold a majority in the country or not. This is only a sham comfort, however, for the government would scarcely presume to utilize a merely parliamentary majority in hostility to the changed and plainly expressed sentiment of the people.

The liberals are now fully confident of the result of an appeal to the country, as soon as Lord Salisbury may find himself compelled to dissolve parliament. Mr. Gladstone's words, "The flowing tide is with us," are in everybody's mouth. His followers expect to sweep the country and give their old leader an overwhelming majority at the first opportunity.

Mr. Richard Jeffries, the well known author of works on national history, and contributor for years to many journals and magazines, has just died after a continuous illness which had lasted six years. He leaves a widow and several children unprovided for. His friends are inviting assistance for them, and intend to endow them adequately.

Honors to Ferdinand.

TIRNOVA, Aug. 17.—The garrison gave banquet in honor of Prince Ferdinand. In reply to a toast, the prince expressed his devotion to Bulgaria and promised that he would preserve intact everything with which the name of Prince Alexander was connected, in view of the fact of Bulgaria's love for its late rule. Prince Ferdinand afterward reviewed the troops.

Two Storms Collide.

BORDEAUX, Aug. 17.—This city has been visited by a hurricane, which destroyed an enormous amount of property. The storm caused the collision at Areachon of two excursion trains, and several cars were wrecked and seventeen persons were injured.

Where Was the Fool Killer?

AUSTIN, Ark., Aug. 17.—Dudley and Oscar Adams, brothers, were digging a well, and gas accumulated in the excavation. Men outside threw a shovel of fire into it when the gas exploded killing both brothers instantly.

RIDDLEBERGER FREE AGAIN.

The Condition of his Health Moved Judge Newman to Pity.

WOODSTOCK, Va., Aug. 17.—Senator Riddleberger, after delivering himself up, sat all day on the portico in front of the jail, where he held a levee with his friends. At noon he walked off, but was arrested on the streets and brought back. At 7 o'clock he walked off again. The jailer, Harry Shull, made a grab at him, but the senator walked off up the street without molestation. Judge Newman was informed that the senator's condition was such as to render confinement dangerous. He thereupon appointed three physicians as a commission to ascertain and certify to the facts.

Their report confirmed the information already received, and Judge Newman issued an order to Jailer Schull suspending the sentence of ten days for contempt of court until such time as Riddleberger may be in fit condition to be returned to jail. Friends of the senator say he is not in condition to know what he is doing.

A Bungling But Successful Swindle.

MONTREAL, Aug. 17.—The Jacques Cartier bank was swindled out of $25,000 by means of a check which had been raised from $25 to $25,000. The check was presented by Joseph Duclos of Joseph Duclos & Co., commission merchants, and cashed. Mr. Duclos says, that Charles Page, head bookkeeper with Beauchemin & Son, came to him, and, saying that he was well known at the Jaques Cartier bank, asked him if he would go to the bank and get the check cashed for the firm. Mr. Duclos complied and gave Page the money, and has not seen him since. The work was very bunglingly performed, the added figures being of a different shade of ink.

Hanlan Has Not Lost Faith in Himself.

TORONTO, Aug. 17.—Hanlan believes that he is still the best sculler in America, and if he was not going to start for Australia to-day he would have another race with Teemer. He thinks that he is a better man than Teemer, but admits that he was fairly beaten. He knows he can row three miles forty seconds faster than he could four years ago. He blames the bad start for his defeat on Saturday. He says he has got $1,000 to bet that he can row three miles on Lake Quinsigamond in less than 19:10 which it the fastest time that Teemer is credited with.

A Break in an Atlantic Cable.

HALIFAX, Aug. 17—Advices have been received from Grand Bank to the effect that Captain Trott, of the cable steamer Mina, was there last week repairing a broken Anglo-American cable. The break occurred at a depth of three miles, and the repairers had great difficulty in picking up the broken ends. They succeeded, however, and spliced on a new cable and steamed 500 miles westward, piting out as they went and abandoned intermediate piece. It is understood that the steamer Faraday will come from England to repair the broken French cable.

A Rooster Struck by Lightning.

LANSINGBURG, Aug. 17.—An elegant cock owned by George Clayton, and for which he had refused $10, was struck by lightning and killed. None of the other fowls in the flock were in the least injured.

THE STRUGGLE FOR POSITION.

Exciting Contests Among the League Giants Yesterday.

CHICAGO, Aug. 17—Fifteen thousand hearts were broken at the base ball park, and 15,000 people felt the pangs of unutterable disappointment when the home team which had enjoyed the satisfaction of being in first place for twenty-four hours, were obliged to lower their colors and drop back to second place, relinquishing the lead to Detroit, which has worked so hard and held it so long. Clarkson as usual proved a tower of strength against Detroit, except in one inning when he weakened, and the weakening was fatal, as Detroit took advantage of it and won the game then and there. Following is the summary:

Detroit	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	—5
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	—3

Base hits—Detroit, 8; Chicago, 8. Errors—Detroit, 5; Chicago, 1. Pitchers—Clarkson and Getzein.

BOSTON, Aug. 17.—There was another hard struggle between Boston and New York, and the visitors from the metropolis won by a batting streak in the sixth and seventh innings. Welch pitched another grand game, and was splendidly supported. The home team was demoralized and played miserably.

Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	—3
New York	1	0	0	0	0	0	4	3	0	—8

Base hits—Boston 8, New York 12. Earned runs—Boston 3 New York 5. Errors—Boston 14, New York 4.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 17.—Philadelphia pulled up alongside of Boston in fourth place by defeating Washington. Philadelphia has played two more games than Boston, winning one and losing one and on percentage of games won it is almost even, Boston's figures being .542 and Philadelphia .541. Yesterday's victory was won after a hard fight which remained uncertain to the end, as may be seen by the summary:

Philadelphia	2	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	1	—7
Washington	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0—6

Base hits—Philadelphia 17; Washington 12. Errors—Philadelphia 4; Washington 6. Pitchers—Ferguson and O'Day.

OTHER GAMES.

American association—Athletic 6, Brooklyn 5; St. Louis 11, Cleveland 4; Cincinnati 4, Louisville 2; Metropolitan 14, Baltimore 8.

International league—Buffalo 5, Scranton 4; Syracuse 13, Wilkesbarre 0; Rochester 7, Binghamton 4.

ASBURY PARK, Aug. 17.—The presidents of the eight National league clubs donned bathing suits and tackled the Asbury Park nine. Six innings were played, the presidents making 17 runs, 10 hits and 11 errors to 20 runs, 14 hits, and 12 errors for the local nine. Al Spaulding, a famous pitcher of long ago occupied the box.

E. M. ADAMS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

Van Depoele

Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—THIRTY PATENTS IN—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—ESTIMATE.—

WM. K. MCCLUBE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law,

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

EMILE BERCKMANS,

Teacher of Piano.

For Terms, etc., address P. O. Box 1164, Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

P. HOAGLAND'S

City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Coal Dealer.

Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder.

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,

Bookseller and Stationer.

No. 7 Park Avenue.

A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,

HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,

No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

R. THORN,

No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges. Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S

Furniture Express.

45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,

Florist

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

SHARKEY & BLIMM,

Grocers

Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 26 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. B. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 5.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 4.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.35, 3.55, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

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STRIKERS REMAIN FIRM.

Meetings and Addresses—No Change—The Strike May Extend to Indiana.

NEWARK, Aug. 17.—Several hundred of the union leathermakers who are out on strike met in the large hall at the headquarters of District 51, K. of L., in Newark yesterday, and Joseph Atkinson, Child Labor Inspector Lawrence T. Fell and Erastus E. Potter, "the country schoolmaster," who was the labor candidate for United States senator against ex-Governor Leon Abbott, made speeches. They urged the strikers to stand firm, not to break any state law, and denounced the action of the Manufacturer's Association as a conspiracy against workingmen.

None of the general executive board of the knights of labor are in Newark now, but General Secretary Charles H. Lichman will be invited to make an address at a public meeting of the strikers and citizens. Other members of the general executive board are expected to go to Newark if the trouble is not settled soon, and one member, Mr. Hayes of New Brunswick, called on ex-Congressman George A. Halsey's shop to try and arbitrate. Mr. Halsey said that the manufacturers would not treat with the men as knights of labor, but are ready at any time to deal with the leather makers as individuals or as a trade organization of their own.

It is reported that 4,000 carriage trimmers at South Bend, Ind., will strike if the Newark leather workers are not successful. Mr. Halsey says there are not over 100 carriage trimmers in South Bend, one-third of whom are females, and they had enough of striking a year ago. If all the carriage trimmers in the United States quit work, Mr. Halsey added, they will have to remain idle, as 90 per cent. of the carriage leather used in this country is made in Newark, and 90 per cent. of the capital employed in the leather business in the United States is in the Manufacturers' association, of Newark.

Cost of the Railroad Horror.

PEORIA, Aug. 17.—Many of the friends and relatives of the dead were at the company's general office to-day, and considerable speculation is heard as to the possible action of the company relating to the settlement of claims. The road is by no means in good financial condition. Its stock, or at least the greater part of it, is owned by persons in New York city. The officers of the company are reporting to the stockholders the extent of the calamity and all facts connected therewith. As soon as these reports have been reviewed and digested a line of policy will be marked out and communicated to the officials here. Then a public announcement of the action of the company will be made. The aggregate loss measured by precedents will amount to about $1,000,000.

Wedded by Her Mother's Coffin.

ELMIRA, Aug. 17.—A strange wedding was performed at No. 509 Pennsylvania avenue. In the room where the ceremony took place lay the remains of the bride's mother in its somber encasement, and instead of the cheerful robes usually worn by a bride were the garments of mourning. The bride was Miss Belle Williams, aged 18 years, and the groom Harry S. Fitch, of the Northern central railway. The Rev. M. F. De Witt performed the singular ceremony. The marriage was in compliance with the dying wishes of Mrs. C. C. Williams, who was so badly burned by spilling a can of alcohol over her clothing that she died four hours after the accident.

The Letter That He Longed For Came.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—A letter has been received by the president from Queen Victoria in response to a letter from the former, congratulating her on the occasion of her jubilee. It is addressed to "Our good friend," and asks him to accept in return her best wishes for his uninterrupted happiness and welfare and recommends him to the protection of the Almighty.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Mr. Blaine goes to-day to Hamburg.

The Rev. Sam Jones's meetings at Round lake are creating great interest.

The tobacco and sugar crops of San Domingo are large and of a superior quality.

The hop crop of central New York will not exceed 50 per cent. of that of 1885.

Admiral Luce explains that his Shakespearian quotation had no reference to Secretary Whitney.

A bill is to be introduced in the German Reichstag to suppress the selling of goods on the installment plan.

The two months' drought in Arkansas has been broken by heavy rains. Cotton and corn prospects are much improved.

Gov. Hill will review the parade of the state firemen's association, at Troy, on Friday. It is expected 12,000 men will be in line.

A heavy rain and hail storm caused much damage in the vicinity of Pana, Ill. Trees were twisted off and many buildings unroofed.

Cleveland had the heaviest rainfal yesterday for thirty-three years, 1.53 inches falling in forty minutes. It has effectually dispelled the drought.

It is stated that Lord Randolph Churchill is living near Vienna under the name of Spencer. He leads a retired life, takes long walks and drinks Carlsbad water.

Senator Sherman's party was given a grand reception by the citizens of Tacoma, irrespective of party. Carter Harrison and family have arrived in that city.

J. P. Cody, a boiler maker at Council Grove, Kan., and a nephew of Buffalo Bill, who was bitten by a mad cat six weeks ago, has been attacked with genuine hydrophobia.

John Miller and Harry Streub were killed by the New York express train while driving across the Erie track at Red Creek junction, near Rochester. Miller's daughter was badly injured.

Mrs. John McSheeny, aged 42, is under arrest at Shelton, Conn., charged with having seven husbands, all living. She began her matrimonial career at the age of 16, when she became Mrs. John Smith at Woodbury.

Wesley C. Parker, aged 20, attended services at the Congregational church, at Elmdale, Kan., Sunday night. After the benediction had been pronounced he drew a revolver, made the worshippers good-bye and shot himself in the breast fatally.

The tenants on the Ponsonby estate have engaged a civil engineer to supervise the construction of works of defense in preparation for expected evictions. Barricades are being erected and trenches and drains made, and in case of emergency the farms will be flooded from a bog.

The Chinese government is making inquiries about Chinamen who have had experience in railroad building in this country and are competent to superintend the construction of roads in China. Two quartz mills have been shipped to China from San Francisco on an order from the Pekin government.

The American fishing schooner Oscar and Hattie was reported off Malpeque harbor, with her sails so damaged that she could not risk remaining at sea. United States Consul-General Phelan at Halifax, who replied that the vessel could enter port and effect repairs.

CONCERNING BIGOTS.

Dr. Talmage Talks About Religious Intolerance.

How Bigots Are Made, the Harm They Do, and How to Fight Them—How Gospel Growth is Hindered by Bigotry and Sectarianism.

THE HAMPTONS, August 14.—To-day the Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage's sermon was "Concerning the Bigots," and the text, "Then said they unto him, Say now shibboleth, and he said sibboleth, for he could not frame to pronounce it right. Then they took him and slew him at the passages of Jordan."—Judges xii. 6.

Do you notice the difference of pronunciation between shibboleth and sibboleth? A very small and unimportant difference, you say. And yet that difference was the difference between life and death for a great many people. The Lord's people, Gilead and Ephraim, got into a great fight, and Ephraim was worsted, and on the retreat came to the fords of the river Jordan to cross. Order was given that all Ephraimites coming there be slain. But how could it be found out who were Ephraimites? They were detected by their pronunciation. Shibboleth was a word that stood for river. The Ephraimites had a brogue of their own, and when they tried to say shibboleth always left out the sound of the "h." When it was asked that they say shibboleth they said sibboleth, and were slain. "Then said they unto him, Say now shibboleth, and he said sibboleth, for he could not frame to pronounce it right. Then they took him and slew him at the passages of Jordan." A very small difference, you say, between Gilead and Ephraim, and yet how much intolerance about that small difference! The Lord's tribes in our time—by which I mean the different denominations of Christians—sometimes

MAGNIFY A VERY SMALL DIFFERENCE,

and the only difference between scores of denominations to-day is the difference between shibboleth sibboleth.

The church of God is divided into a great number of denominations. Time would fail me to tell of the Calvinists, and the Arminians, and the Sabbatarians, and the Baxterians, and the Dunkers, and the Shakers, and the Quakers, and the Methodists, and the Baptists, and the Episcopalians, and the Lutherans, and the Congregationalists, and the Presbyterians, and the Spiritualists, and a score of other denominations of religionists, some of them founded by very good men, some of them founded by very egotistic men, and some of them founded by very bad men. But as I demand for myself liberty of conscience, I must give that same liberty to every other man, remembering that he no more differs from me than I differ from him. I advocate the largest liberty in all religious belief and form of worship. In art, in politics, in morals, and in religion let there be no gag law, no moving of the previous question, no persecution, no intolerance.

You know that the air and the water keep pure by constant circulation, and I think there is a tendency in religious discussions to purification and moral health. Between the fourth and the sixteenth centuries the church proposed to make people think aright by prohibiting discussion and by strong censorship of the press, and by rack and gibbet, and by hot lead down the throat, tried to make people orthodox; but it was discovered that you can not change a man's belief by twisting off his head, and that you can not make a man see things differently by putting an awl through his eyes. There is something in a man's conscience which will hurl off the mountain that you threw upon it, and, unsinged of the fire,

OUT OF THE FLAME

will make red wings on which the martyr will mount to glory.

In that time of which I speak, between the fourth and sixteenth centuries, people went from the house of God into the most appalling iniquity and right along by consecrated altars there were tides of drunkenness and licentiousness such as the world never heard of, and the very sewers of perdition broke loose and flooded the church. After a while the printing press was freed, and it broke the shackles of the human mind. Then there came a large number of bad books, but where there was one man hostile to the Christian religion there were twenty men ready to advocate it; so I have not any nervousness in regard to this battle going on between truth and error.

The truth will conquer just as certainly as that God is stronger than the devil. Let Error run if you only let Truth run along with it. Urged on by skeptic's shout and transcendentalist's spur, let it run. God's angels of wrath are in hot pursuit, and quicker than eagle's beak clutches out a hawk's heart God's vengeance will tear it into pieces.

I propose this morning to speak to you of sectarianism, its origin, its evils and its cures. There are those who would make us think that this monster, with horns and hoofs is religion. I shall chase it to its hiding place and drag it out of the caverns of darkness and rip off its hide. But I want to make a distinction between bigotry and the lawful fondness for peculiar religious beliefs and forms of worship. I have no admiration for a nothingarian.

In a world of such tremendous vicissitude and temptation, and with a soul that must after a while stand before a throne of insufferable brightness, in a day when the rocking of the mountains and

THE FLAMING OF THE HEAVENS

and the upheaval of the sea shall be among the least of the excitements, to give account for every thought, word, action, preference and dislike, that man is mad who has no religious preference. But our early education, our physical temperament, our mental constitution, will very much decide our form of worship.

A style of psalmody that may please me may displease you. Some would like to have a minister in gown, and band, and surplices, and others prefer to have a minister in plain citizen's apparel. Some are most impressed when a little child is presented at the altar and sprinkled in the waters of a holy benediction "in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost;" and others are more impressed when the penitent comes up out of the river, his garments dripping with the waters of a baptism which signifies the washing away of sin. Let either have his own way. One man likes no noise in prayer, not a word, not a whisper. Another man, just as good, prefers by gesticulation and exclamation to express his devotional aspirations. One is just as good as the other. "Every man fully persuaded in his own mind."

George Whitefield was going over a Quaker rather roughly for some of his religious sentiments, and the Quaker said: "George, I am as thou art, I am for bringing all men to the hope of the gospel; therefore, if thou will not quarrel with me about my broad brim, I will not quarrel with thee about thy black gown. George, give me thy hand."

I.—In tracing out the religion of sectarianism, or bigotry, I find that a great deal of it comes from wrong education in the home circle. There are parents who do not think it wrong to caricature and jeer the peculiar forms of religion in the world and denounce other sects and other denominations. It is very often the case that that kind of education acts just

OPPOSITE TO WHAT WAS EXPECTED,

and the children grow up, and, after awhile, go and see for themselves; and looking in those churches, and finding that the people are good there, and they love God and keep his commandments, by natural reaction they go and join those very churches. I could mention the names of prominent ministers of the gospel who spent their whole life bombarding other denominations and who lived to see their children preach the gospel in those very denominations. But it is often the case that bigotry starts in a household, and that the subject of it never recovers. There are tens of thousands of bigots ten years old.

I think sectarianism and bigotry also rise from too great prominence of any one denomination in a community. All the other denominations are wrong, and his denomination is right because his denomination is the most wealthy, or the most popular, or the most influential, and it is "our" church, and "our" religious organization, and "our" choir, and "our" minister, and the man tosses his head, and wants other denominations to know their places. It is a great deal better in any community when the great denominations of Christians are about equal in power, marching side by side for the world's conquest. Mere outside prosperity, mere worldly power, is no evidence that the church is acceptable to God. Better a barn with Christ in the manger than a cathedral with magnificent harmonies rolling through the long-drawn aisle, and an angel from heaven in the pulpit, if there be no Christ in the chancel, and no Christ in the robes. Bigotry is often the child of ignorance.

You seldom find a man with large intellect who is a bigot. It is the man who thinks he knows a great deal, but he does not. That man is almost always a bigot.

THE WHOLE TENDENCY OF EDUCATION

and civilization is to bring a man out of that kind of state of mind and heart. There was in the far east a great obelisk, and one side of the obelisk was white, another side of the obelisk was green, another side of the obelisk was blue, and travelers went and looked at that obelisk, but they did not walk around it. One man looked at one side, another at another side, and they came home each one looking at only one side; and they happened to meet, the story says, and they got into a rank quarrel about the color of that obelisk. One man said it was white, another man said it was green, another man said it was blue, and when they were in the very heat of the controversy a more intelligent traveler came and said: "Gentlemen, I have seen that obelisk, and you are all right, and you are all wrong. Why didn't you walk all around the obelisk?"

Look out for the man who sees only one side of a religious truth. Look out for the man who never walks around about these great theories of God and eternity and the dead. He will be a bigot inevitably—the man who only sees one side. There is no man more to be pitied than he who has in his head just one idea—no more, no less. More light, less sectarianism. There is nothing that will so soon kill bigotry as sunshine—God's sunshine.

II.—So I have set before you what I considered to be the causes of bigotry. I have set before you the origin of this great evil. What are some of the baleful effects? First of all it cripples investigation. You are wrong, and I am right, and that ends it. No taste for exploration, no spirit of investigation. From the glorious realm of God's truth, over which an archangel might fly from eternity to eternity and not reach the limit, the man shuts himself out and dies, a blind mole under a corn shock.

IT STOPS ALL INVESTIGATION.

While each denomination of Christians is to present all the truths of the Bible, it seems to me that God has given to each denomination an especial mission to give particular emphasis to some one doctrine; and so the Calvinistic churches must present the sovereignty of God, and the Arminian churches must present man's free agency, and the Episcopal churches must present the importance of order and solemn ceremony, and the Baptist churches must present the necessity of ordinances; and the Congregational church must present the responsibility of the individual member, and the Methodist church must show what holy enthusiasm, hearty congregational singing can accomplish. While each denomination of Christians must set forth all the doctrines of the Bible, I feel it is especially incumbent upon each denomination to put particular emphasis on some one doctrine.

Another great damage done by the sectarianism and bigotry of the church is that it disgusts people with the Christian religion. Now, my friends, the Church of God was never intended for a war barrack. People are afraid of a riot. You go down the street and you see an excitement, and missiles flying through the air, and you hear the shock of fire-arms. Do you, the peaceful and industrious citizen, go through that street? O, no! you will say: "I'll go around the block." Now, men come and look at this narrow path to heaven, and sometimes see the ecclesiastical brickbats flying every whither, and they say: "Well, I guess I'll take the broad road; if it is so rough and there is so much sharpshooting on the narrow road, I guess I'll try the broad road."

Francis I. so hated the Lutherans that he said if he thought there was one drop of Lutheran blood in his veins he would puncture them and let that drop out. Just as long as

THERE IS SO MUCH HOSTILITY

between denomination and denomination, or between one professed Christian and another, or between one church and another, just so long men will be disgusted with the Christian religion, and say: "If that is religion, I want none of it."

Again, bigotry and sectarianism do great damage in the fact that they hinder the triumph of the gospel. O, how much wasted ammunition, how many men of splendid intellect have given their whole life to controversial dispute, when, if they had given their life to something practical, they might have been vastly useful! Suppose this morning, while I speak, there were a common enemy coming up the bay through the Narrows, and all the forts around New York began to fire into each other—you would cry out, "National suicide! why don't those forts blaze away in one direction, and that against the common enemy?" And yet I sometimes see in the church of the Lord Jesus Christ a strange thing going on; church against church, minister against minister, denomination against denomination, firing away into their own fort, or the fort which ought to be on the same side, instead of concentrating their energy and giving one mighty and everlasting volley against the navies of darkness riding up through the bay!

I go out sometimes in the summer, and I find two beehives, and these two hives are in a quarrel. I come near enough, not to be stung, but I come just near enough to hear the controversy, and one beehive says: "That field of clover is the sweetest." And another beehive says, "That field of clover is the sweetest." I come in between them, and I say, "Stop this quarrel; if you like that field of clover best, go there; if you like that field of clover best, go there; but let me tell you that that hive

WHICH GETS THE MOST HONEY

is the best hive." So I come out between the churches of the Lord Jesus Christ. One denomination of Christians says: "That field of Christian doctrine is best," and another says, "This field of Christian doctrine is best." Well, I say, "Go where you get the most honey." That is the best church which gets the most honey of Christian grace for the heart, and the most honey of Christian usefulness for the life.

Beside that, if you want to build up any denomination, you will never build it up by trying to pull some other down. Intolerance never put any thing down. How much has intolerance accomplished, for instance, against the Methodist church? For long years her ministry were forbidden the pulpits of Great Britain. Why was it that so many of them preached in the fields? Simply because they could not get in the churches. And the name of the church was given in derision and as a sarcasm. The critics of the church said: "They have no order; they have no method in their worship;" and the critics, therefore, in irony, called them "Methodists."

I am told that in Astor Library, New York, kept as curiosities, there are 707 books and pamphlets against Methodism. Did intolerance stop that church? No. It is either first or second amid the denominations of Christendom, her missionary stations in all parts of the world, her men not only important in religious trusts, but important also in secular trusts. Church marching on, and the more intolerance against it the faster it marched.

What did intolerance accomplish against the Baptist Church? If laughing scorn and tirade could have destroyed the church it would not have to-day a disciple left.

The Baptists were

HURLED OUT OF BOSTON

in olden times. Those who sympathized with them were confined, and when a petition was offered asking leniency in their behalf, all the men who signed it were indicted. Has intolerance stopped the Baptist Church? The last statistics in regard to it showed about thirty thousand churches and two and a half million communicants. Intolerance never put down any thing.

In England a law was made against the Jew. England thrust back the Jew and thrust down the Jew, and declared that no Jew should hold official position. What came of it? Were the Jews destroyed? Was their religion overthrown? No. Who became prime minister of England years ago? Who was next to the throne? Who was higher than the throne because he was counsellor and adviser? The descendant of a Jew! What were we celebrating in all our churches as well as synagogues a few years ago? The one hundredth birthday anniversary of Montefiore, the great Jewish philanthropist. Intolerance never yet put down any thing.

III.—But now, my friends, having shown you the origin of bigotry or sectarianism, and having shown you the damage it does, I want briefly to show you how we are to war against this terrible evil, and I think we ought to begin our war by realizing our own weakness and our imperfections. If we make so many mistakes in the common affairs of life, is it not possible that we may make mistakes in regard to our religious affairs? Shall we take a man by the throat, or by the collar, because he can not see religious truths just as we do? In the light of eternity it will be found out, I think, there was

SOMETHING WRONG IN ALL OUR CREEDS,

and something right in all our creeds. But since we may make mistakes in regard to things of the world, do not let us be egotistic and so puffed up as to have an idea that we can not make any mistake in regard to religious theories. And then I think we will do a great deal to overthrow the sectarianism from our heart, and the sectarianism from the world, by chiefly enlarging upon those things in which we agree rather than those on which we differ.

Now, here is a great gospel platform. A man comes up on this side of the platform and says, "I don't believe in baby sprinkling!" Shall I shove him off? Here is a man coming up on this side the platform and he says, "I don't believe in the perseverance of the saints." Shall I shove him off? No, I will say, "Do you believe in the Lord Jesus as your Saviour?" He says, "Yes." "Do you take Christ for time and for eternity?" "Yes." I say, "Come on, brother; one in time and one in eternity; brother now, brother forever." Blessed be God for a gospel platform so large that all who receive Christ may stand on it."

I think we may overthrow the severe sectarianism and bigotry in our hearts, and in the church also, by realizing that all the denominations of Christians have yielded noble institutions and noble men. There is nothing that so stirs my soul as this thought. One denomination yielded a Robert Hall and an Adoniram Judson; another yielded a Latimer and a Melville; another yielded John Wesley and the blessed Summerfield while our own denomination yielded John, Knox and the Alexanders—men of whom the world was not worthy. Now, I say, if we are honest and fair-minded men, when we come up in the presence of such churches and such denominations, although they may be different from our own, we ought to admire them, and we ought to

LOVE AND HONOR THEM.

Churches which can produce such men, and such large-hearted charity, and such magnificent martyrdom, ought to win our affection—at any rate, our respect. So come on, ye four hundred thousand Episcopalians in this country, and ye eight hundred thousand Presbyterians, and ye two and a half million Baptists, and ye nearly three and three-quarter million Methodists—come on, shoulder to shoulder we will march for the world's conquest; for all nations are to be saved, and God demands that you and I help do it. Forward, the whole line!

Moreover, we may also overthrow the feeling of severe sectarianism by joining other denominations in Christian work. I like when the springtime comes and the anniversary occasions begin and all denominations come upon the same platform. That overthrows sectarianism. In the Young Men's Christian Association, in the Bible Society, in the Tract Society, in the Foreign Missionary Society, shoulder to shoulder all denominations.

Perhaps I might more forcibly illustrate this truth by calling your attention to an incident which took place fourteen or fifteen years ago. One Monday morning at about two o'clock, while her nine hundred passengers were sound asleep in their berths dreaming of home, the steamer Atlantic crashed into Mars Head. Five hundred souls in ten minutes landed in eternity. O, what a scene! Agonized men and women running up and down the gangways, and clutching for the rigging, and the plunge of the helpless steamer, and the clapping of the hands of the merciless sea over the drowning and the dead, threw the two continents into terror. But see this brave quartermaster pushing out with the life-line until he gets to the rock; and see these fishermen

GATHERING UP THE SHIPWRECKED,

and taking them into the cabins, and wrapping them in the flannels snug and warm; and see that minister of the gospel, with three other men, getting into the life-boat, and pushing out for the wreck, pulling away across the surf, and pulling away until they saved one more man, and then getting back with him to the shore. Can those men ever forget that night? And can they ever forget their companionship in peril, companionship in struggle, companionship in awful catastrophe and rescue? Never! Never! In whatever part of the earth they meet, they will be friends when they mention the story of that awful night when the Atlantic struck Mars Head.

Well, my friends, the world has gone into a worse shipwreck. Sin drove it on the rocks. The old ship has lurched and tossed in the tempests of six thousand years. Out with the lifeline! I do not care what denomination carries it. Out with the lifeboat! I do not care what denomination rows it. Side by side, in the memory of common hardships, and common trials, and common prayers, and common tears let us be brothers forever. We must be. We must be

"One army of the living God,
To whose commands we bow;
Part of the host have crossed the flood,
And part are crossing now."

I expect to see the day when all denominations of Christians shall join hands around the cross of Christ and recite the creed: "I believe in God the Father Almighty, Maker of Heaven and earth, and in Jesus Christ, and in the communion of saints, and in life everlasting." May God inspire us with the largest-hearted Christian charity!

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

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A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY,

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

21 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to moopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call, 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

We will close out our immense line of

ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

AT

$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

AT

$3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

my10

HURLBURT, HUNTING & FROST'S

Hippocynagon, Menagerie,

GYMNASIUM AND COLLEGE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

THE

LARGEST 10c. SHOW ON EARTH.

D. E. HURLBURT'S

Troupe of Trained Horses,

In their Grand Military Drill. Crown Prince, the horse with human intelligence.

A TROUPE OF

Eighteen Thoroughbred Dogs.

ROBERT HUNTING'S

Galaxy of European Gymnasts,

Including the Leading Gymnast performers of this and foreign countries.

Hyatt Frost's English Menagerie,

The Finest Collection of Wild Animals on Exhibition, including a

Lioness and Her 8-weeks-old Family.

10 CTS ADMITS TO ALL 10

Will exhibit in PLAINFIELD on lot near Oil-Cloth Factory,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

Aug. 18, 19, 20.

Street Parade 10 a. m., Thursday. Two performances daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m; performance commences one hour later. Grand FREE EXHIBITION on the grounds at one p. m. daily. 8-8-d6

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	LAMP,	$8 00	PER ANNUM.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., THURSSDAY, AUGUST 18, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—The usual weekly meeting of the Reform Club will be held in Reform Hall this evening.

—The sale of seats for Tony Pastor's show at Music Hall on Tuesday evening next will begin on Saturday at the usual places.

—The country is at present so full of pretty city girls, that the farmers' sons have no inclination to leave the farm, not even on circus day.

—The recent heavy rains and high winds that prevailed during the oats harvest, is estimated to have damaged the crop in Hunterdon and Warren counties to the extent of $50,000.

—A woman was seen to pass through the city yesterday seated on a coal train between two men. The novelty of seeing a woman ride on coal cars was witnessed by several persons.

—The difference in cost to the railroad between 1,000 signs reading "Look out for the Locomotive," and the same number reading "Danger!" is $600, and it has been found that the latter are more effective.

—The picnic in aid of St. John the Evangelist church of Dunellen, will take place on the grounds of the Middlesex Gun Club at Dunellen this evening. Good music and plenty of dancing will be features of the entertainment.

—As was predicted in THE PRESS last evening, John Barry, of Bull Frog City, appeared before Mayor Cooley, of North Plainfield, and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of drunkenness preferred by Mary Kane. He was fined five dollars and costs.

—The quarterly meeting of the Society of Friends in this city, convened at eleven o'clock to-day. At the meeting this morning, Thomas Folk, of New York city, and other well known speakers, made addresses. The session will conclude to-morrow.

—It is authoritatively announced that the settlement between the Reading and the Jersey Central companies has been confirmed by the Directors of both boards and by the receivers of both companies. The settlement covered an account of over $17,000,000.

—"Silver," the handsome white faced horse belonging to No. 2 engine company, was taken with a congestive chill yesterday, and for several hours the animal's life was despaired of. A veterinary surgeon applied the usual remedies, with successful results.

—City Judge Ulrich informs us that all but one of the owners of driven wells in this city have promptly paid over the ten dollars royalty on each well as soon as they were notified, and that particular one was yesterday sent a notice to settle at once or suit would be instituted to recover the same.

—Between 350 and 400 composed the excursion of Messrs. Laing and Nelson to Asbury Park, yesterday, and fully a dozen other excursions arrived at the Park during the morning. Nothing happened to mar the pleasure of the excursionists, and when they arrived home, soon after nine o'clock, many of them helped to swell the crowd at the band concert.

—A man was arrested in the Borough yesterday afternoon for being intoxicated and leaning against a post. This morning Mayor Cooley told him he would have to fine him five dollars and costs. "I haven't got five cents," said the prisoner. He was given two week's time to pay the fine, and in his failure to do so at the expiration of the time, the prisoner is to surrender himself and be committed for ten days.

—It is feared that the cranberry crop in South Jersey will be much smaller than it has been for many years past. A few weeks ago the vines were full of berries, and looked remarkably healthy, but since then the scald has set in on some of the most prolific bogs, damaging them considerably. In addition to this the insect plague has cut many of the vines so badly that they look as though a fire had passed through them.

Open Air Concert.

Long before the hour arrived for the beginning of the open-air concert people began to congregate in front of Miller's hotel last evening, so that by eight o'clock the sidewalks on either side of the street were literally packed with people. Many heads protruded from windows in the neighborhood and many persons were obliged to find standing room in the roadway. Baby carriages were there in abundance, each occupying something less than an acre of ground, and occasionally a youngster would fall down and be trampled upon. Nothing, however, was thought of these slight occurances, and soon after eight o'clock when the members of the Plainfield Cornet Band arrived and took their seats on the balcony in front of the hotel, it is estimated that fully one thousand persons were craning their necks to catch a glimpse of the bright uniforms worn by the band. Mr. J. B. Miller had, during the day, three electric lights placed in position on the balcony, and encircled the band stand with flags and bunting. The selections were according to the programme published yesterday, each piece being heartily applauded. Some of the selections were considered very difficult, but the players handled them to the satisfaction of all, and especially very creditable to themselves. It was ten o'clock before the entire programme was rendered, and some people did not seem to have enough, even at that late hour.

A Small Fire.

About ten o'clock of last evening, Borough Councilman Weaver and Thomas J. Young were conversing together in front of the latter's residence on Somerset street, when a lady approached Mr. Young and told him that his house was on fire. The two gentlemen rushed into the house and ascended the stairs to the second story, where a bright fire was discovered burning in one of the back rooms. The flames had already burned through the floor and was climbing the wood-work to the roof when discovered. When the two men entered the room a stream of burning oil was descending from a lighted lamp, which was suspended from the wall by means of a bracket. With considerable difficulty the lamp was thrown out the window, and the fire extinguished. Although several members of the household were at home at the time, they were not aware that the house was on fire until the two men rushed in. The carpet on the floor was badly damaged, otherwise the loss is trifling.

Too Much Bark.

MESSRS. EDITORS: The residents of Netherwood are a law-abiding, peace-loving people, who, while fully concurring in the action of the Mayor in enforcing the dog ordinance, feel aggrieved beyond measure that a building on North avenue should be turned into a dog pound. What have we done? Wherein have we offended that this ignominy should be heaped upon us? Is not the punishment greater than we can bear? Or have we so far fallen from grace that we no longer enjoy the light of his Honor's countenance? But no, it cannot be! We will not believe the Mayor wants to punish us with canine bark. We are not sick—but soon will be, if that receptacle is not removed.

"SONAMBULIST."

The Second Instalment.

The sun flower seed sown by THE PRESS yesterday has already taken root, and the fall crop promises to be unusually large. A correspondent from North Plainfield writes as follows:

EDITOR—I seen in youer collom that you want some infermation about the Sunflower if you call at—Peirl St. you cain find the Sothern Sunflower 9 feet high the pretest you have ever seen, And besides we have still a grater qureausity ouer nabor has punkens growing on trees the butifullest site you ever seen from a

reader of
you paper
pleas correct
and oblige me.

A Pair of Tramps.

The indications are that in a few years Plainfield will be able to produce a list of youthful pedestrians that shall astonish the members of the old school and the world generally. Messrs. W. N. Runyon and G. O. Stevens departed Tuesday morning for a forty miles walk to Dingman's Ferry, Pa. Their route was by way of Lake Hopatcong on the cars, and thence over the Kittatinny Mountains—a neat two days trip. They will remain two weeks. As we are not advised of their return route, we venture to place it as probably by way of Lake Ontario, the White Mountains and Salt Lake City.

Bids to Repair Somerset Street.

The North Plainfield Township Committee advertise elsewhere for proposals for filling in the washouts near Demler's Hotel, caused by the storm of Tuesday night, July 26th. Specifications may be seen at the office of the Township Collector, H. N. Spencer, 62 Somerset street. The bids will be opened by the Committee at two o'clock p. m., of Monday next, at Demler's Hotel.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. John Whitenack, register clerk in the post office, is rusticating at Asbury Park.

Mr. John S. King, his wife and son, of West Second street, have gone to Asbury Park for a week.

Miss Florence E. Keep of New York City, is visiting at Mr. H. P. Reynolds', Washington Park.

The wife and children of Mr. J. P. Homan of West Fifth street have returned from Asbury Park.

Ex-Chief Keron, of Elizabeth, has been confined to his home since Monday by a severe attack of asthma.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. A. Woodruff, their daughter Mabel and Miss Minnie Force, are all home from Asbury Park.

Mr. E. W. Runyon, Jr., of this city, is seriously ill of consumption at Asbury Park, and is not expected to live.

Eugene France and wife of Arlington, N. J., arrived in town at noon to-day and are visiting relatives on Elm street.

The wife and children of Mr. Edward Pound, of West Fourth street, will spend a week at the seashore, leaving to-morrow.

Miss Caroline Dusenbery of West Fifth street, sister of Mrs. J. H. Vincent, left yesterday for a short visit in the White Mountains.

Mrs. E. P. Williams of Union avenue, will hereafter for a time be registered at the Abilene Cottage, 349 Sea View avenue, Ocean Grove.

Mrs. Charles Wann and family, Mrs. S. A. Potter and family and Mr. E. C. Woltmann and family, are all at West Windsor Villa, Spring Lake, N. J.

Among the Carleton House sojourners at Spring Lake during the week, were, Miss Mary Whiton, Mrs. H. E. Bowen, Miss Marion P. Bowen and Miss Ethel Bowen.

Mrs. J. Hervey Doane, of LaGrande avenue, and Mr. Charles Doane, Mrs. S. O. Doane and Miss Beatrice Craig, of Fourth street, are at the "St. Claire," Asbury Park.

The Asbury Park *Journal* says: "Henry C. Squire, of Plainfield, N. J., is with his family at the Metropolitan. Mr. Squire is President of the Adirondack Preserve Association."

The Asbury Park *Press* says of one of Netherwood's citizens: "General Raffo, the Consul from Italy to the United States, passes his evenings at a game of chess with his estimable wife."

It is said that ex-Chief of Police Keron of Elizabeth, has entered the list of candidates for the office of Sheriff of Union county, and that he intends to exert himself to secure the nomination.

Mr. Charles D. Wheeler of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, has gone to Ocean Grove for a week's outing, after which he will go to New Brunswick on a visit to his many friends there.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Edwards, formerly residents on Eighth street, were in town yesterday arranging to remove their household effects to Brooklyn, N. Y., where they will permanently reside.

Mr. Frank Jones of Chatham street, one of the faithful carriers of THE PRESS, left today for Long Branch where he will spend the rest of the Summer. His subscribers will be served, however, as usual.

Rev. Dr. Ketcham conducted the funeral of the young son of Mr. Edward E. Wolverton, from the house on La Grande avenue, yesterday afternoon at three o'clock. The remains were interred in the Presbyterian Cemetery, North Plainfield.

Mr. William Walker, a brother-in-law of Mrs. John Walker of Park avenue will sail for Scotland on his return trip this afternoon. Mr. Walker came to this country in March last, and has since traveled extensively on the continent. Mrs. Walker will accompany him to New York.

Freeholder Vanderbeek still retains the belt. Yesterday, in the South Branch, he captured two bass and five cat-fish, while the five others of the party caught but one fish collectively. He also caught a fine lot of peaches from somebody's orchard, that we assisted in thoroughly enjoying.

United States Marshal A. E. Gordon of New Brunswick, who has been suffering from partial paralysis for several days, was last night pronounced dangerously ill. Close watch is kept by his bedside for any unfavorable symptoms. A faint hope is entertained of his recovery, although his friends have been notified that he is not expected to live.

At the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Angerbauer, No. 48 Pearl street, North Plainfield, last evening, was given a birthnay party in honor of three of their oldest children, aged respectively 23, 21 and 19 years. All three of the children were born in the month of August—one on the sixth, another on the twelfth and the third on the fifteenth. Guests were present from this city and Netherwood and all apparently enjoyed themselves. The members of the Singing and Turning Society were present and rendered some fine vocal selections.

The Death Record.

Thurston W. Cutter, for a long time a resident of Scotch Plains, died last night from old age. Deceased was 77 years old. The funeral services will take place from the house to-morrow. Interment at Elensville, N. Y.

The death is announced of August G. Blume, which occurred at his home in Washington Valley at an early hour this morning, aged 62 years. Old age is assigned as the cause of death. Funeral services will be held in New York city on Sunday, the 21st instant.

Rachel Brown, an elderly widow lady, residing at Scotch Plains, expired early this morning, at the advanced age of 77 years. She was born in Warren township near Mount Bethel, and has been a life-long resident in the State. General debility is given as the cause of death. The funeral will take place from the late residence of the deceased on Saturday at one p. m. Interment at New Providence.

Francis Runyon, an old and highly respected citizen of Somerset county, died suddenly at his residence, Liberty Corner, on Tuesday evening. Had he lived until next week, the deceased would have reached his 90th year. Mr. Runyon was well known in this city. About thirty-five years ago he was in partnership with Mr. P. M. French, and conducted a dry goods and grocery store under the firm name of French & Runyon, at the corner of Front and Somerset streets, now occupied by Pope's dry goods store. The deceased was an uncle of Mr. J. C. Runyon of the *Central New Jersey Times*, and his wife is the grandmother of Mrs. S. C. M. Allen, of this city. His wife and one daughter, the latter the wife of the Rev. H. M. Gallaher, formerly pastor of a Baptist church in Brooklyn, but now living in Essex county, are the only surviving members of the family. The funeral will take place from the house to-morrow afternoon at two o'clock.

A Family Row.

A disgraceful fight took place on Somerset street near Linden avenue yesterday afternoon, the participants of which were two brothers named Allen. The quarrel is said to have originated through some domestic difficulty of long standing. The two principals met during the afternoon, each charged to the nozzle with fiery explosives, and after a war of words the affair terminated in a genuine old-fashioned slugging match, in which the wife of one of the brothers is reported to have taken an active part. Some of the neighbors sought to reconciliate matters, but they only came in for their share of the blows. Several knock-downs are reported and the scene of the encounter was dotted here and there with crimson spots. The concluding chapter in the affair will be duly recorded in these columns when the participants are arraigned for a hearing.

Plainfield to be Mesmerized Again.

Arrangements are making at the request and suggestion of many of the most intellectual and scientifically interested of our citizens, for a return engagement of Prof. Reynolds whose mesmeric seances in Reform Hall, last season, were so large attended and specially interesting. Prof. Reynolds' reappearance will probably occur during the second week of November, and as the public now feel so thoroughly satisfied as to the honesty of his claims and the reality of the wonderful results he accomplishes, even a greater success than when he last appeared is assured. Mr. Reynolds' marvellous gifts and the amazing power he exhibits in controling the will, the mind and the body of his subjects, are not possessed by any other mortal in the world.

Building Loan Association.

The stockholders of the Plainfield Building Loan Association, met in Cutter's Hall on Monday evening, in special session, for the purpose of amending the constitution so as to allow the issue of new stock. A vote was taken on the subject, Messrs. W. R. Codington and E. W. Titsworth acting as tellers. The result of the vote was stockholders to the amount of 707 shares declared in favor of the amendment. After the meeting the Directors met and by a two-thirds vote adopted a resolution providing for the issue of new stock to be known as the second series, and to date from Monday, August 22. The number of shares is limited to 1,000.

The Great Ten Cent Show.

Hurlburt, Hunting & Frost's big ten cent railroad show arrived in this city early this morning, and have pitched their tents near the Oil Cloth Works. The show offers numerous attractions, principal features being the exhibitions by trained horses and dogs, and the gymnastic performances. There is also a menagerie attached. The procession of the educated horses this morning made a very creditable appearance. They were all beautiful animals. One of the proprietors of the show rode in a carriage drawn by a team of blacks guided over the route without reins. The show exhibits here three days, afternoons and evenings.

Condition of our Schools.

The Jersey City *Evening Journal* refers to State Superintendent Chapman's recent utterances concerning the condition of the schools of the state in the terms we quote:

The statement made by State Superintendent Chapman as to the insufficiency of accommodations for children in the public schools of this state are not flattering to the pride of Jerseymen who live in the cities; but there is this to be said, at least, that New Jersey is no worse off than many other states. It should be noted that the ratio of the increase of population in this state—and the increase has been almost wholly in the city population, within the last twenty-five years—has been very much greater than that in any other of the older states, greater than that of any other state east of the Mississippi river, and it is not, perhaps, very remarkable that our public school house buildings and accommodations have not kept pace with the increase of our population.

Correct as far as it goes, but the *Journal's* comparison is short of what it should be. The riparian fund of the state, which is estimated at from $2,000,000, to $3,000,000, and which is continually growing, gives New Jersey greater school advantages than those possessed, as far as our information extends, by any state of the federation. While we may compare favorably, as the *Journal* says, with other states, the fact remains that, our capacity, considered, we ought to be far ahead of all others. By a wise law of the state any poor school district not having the means to build school edifices can borrow from this ever-augmenting fund all the money it wants to use for building purposes at the low rate of four per cent. per annum. It is humiliating, we think, that New Jersey, blessed with advantages of this nature, should have thirty per cent. of her children of school age without a place where they can be instructed in the rudiments of an English education. The fault is with the local school boards, and it is a grievous fault that public opinion should at once condemn and abolish.—*Elizabeth Herald.*

Base Ball.

The "Centrals" of this city, recently organized under command of Mr. S. C. M. Allen, are intending to play the "Twilights" of Scotch Plains, this afternoon, on the grounds at East Front street and Raymond avenue. The new club is a good one, with a good captain, but the Scotch Plains team has a great record which they don't propose to break.

The "Stars"—Plainfield's crack colored nine—will play a team of Aunt Hagar's children from Somerville, this afternoon. The game is to be called at three o'clock on the grounds at Park avenue. We are very proud of the ability of the Plainfield nine to get away with anything in the State, but we also understand that the Somerville boys are fine players.

The Y. M. C. A.'s will probably put forth their strongest team in the return game with the Newark club, on the Park avenue grounds, Saturday afternoon at three o'clock. The first game was played Saturday, the 6th inst, and resulted in a victory for the Plainfielders by a score of 10 to 7. Although the home nine propose to beat the visitors again, yet they have made preparation to treat them handsomely afterwards and will spread a supper at the close of the game. Mr. Dilts will probably play and thereby strengthen the team more than would any other one man. If Cadmus pitches such another game as last Saturday's the Newark nine's name will be "Dennis"—which, however, is a good old Newark name.

He Had Fits.

A man known as "Trenton Jack" whose name is John Calahan, fell in a fit on the sidewalk in front of the City Hotel, yesterday afternoon. By the fall a severe flesh wound was inflicted on the bridge of his nose and he was otherwise considerably bruised about the head and body. As usual a crowd collected around the prostrate man as he lay on the sidewalk, and Officer Lynch exerted himself to keep the people from running over him. The man recovered sufficiently to sit up, but was soon after violently attacked again, and he was removed to Muhlenberg Hospital. During the night he became delirious, and Special Officer Mattox was detailed to watch over him. The man was so violent that it became necessary to tie him to the bed. The cause of the fits is thought to have resulted from the excessive use of stimulants. Today his condition is much improved.

Lost His Best Friend.

Mr. Robert Hunting, the celebrated clown—one of the proprietors of Hurlburt, Hunting & Frost's circus, now here—received a telegram this morning, forwarded him from New York, telling of the sudden death of his brother John, owner of one of the largest hotels in Baltimore. Mr. Hunting feels the loss most deeply, as his brother was the best loved friend he had in the world. The delay in the telegram may cause his departure for Baltimore at once, but in any case the shock will naturally prevent his appearance in the ring. He has with him the sincere sympathy of his partners and his employees, who all hold him in kind esteem.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

KILLED IN AN ELEVATOR.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18—The falling of an elevator in G. Sidenberg & Co.'s building, Nos. 47 and 49 Mercer street, at a quarter to eight o'clock this morning resulted in the death of one woman, the injuring fatally of a man and slight injuries to about a dozen girls. At a quarter before eight o'clock John O'Neil, the elevator boy, loaded the elevator to take a number of operators to the upper floors. About eighteen female hands got aboard. When the elevator got to the third floor it began to descend. All O'Neil's efforts to stop the car were unavailing. The safety catches failed to work. The passengers became frightened and jostled one another. The car increased its speed and crashed to the basement. Several of the passengers had fainted. One woman, Mrs. Jane Lynch, aged fifty-five years, of No. 297 Mulberry street, was killed, and O'Neil, the elevator boy, sustained a fracture of the spine. He was taken to the hospital and will probably die.

From all that can be ascertained this is an accident pure and simple. The elevator, one of Otis Brothers' make, was inspected but a week ago and pronounced all right. The terrible accident this morning is due to the breaking of the pinion wheel which controls the drum on which the cable winds.

After the Milk Dealers.

There was a lively scramble among the milk venders at New Brunswick yesterday, when it became rumored about that two milk inspectors, acting under orders from Inspector Newton, of Paterson, were in that city in search of fraudulent dealers in the lacteal fluid. Adulterations were found in some cases and prosecutions will follow in a few days. The sudden appearance of these inspectors, and the fact that they are successful in each raid which they make in bringing the milk adulterators to justice, has had an excellent effect at New Brunswick. Many of the venders when they heard that the inspectors were in the city hastily drove out of town. Many of the names of those who took flight have been ascertained, and when next they appear in New Brunswick the contents of their milk cans will be thoroughly tested. The inspectors generally drop into town unobserved, and at once proceed to make investigations, and when adulterations are discovered the milk is emptied in the gutter.

Coroner's Inquest.

The coroner's jury summoned to investigate the circumstances of the death of the man whose body was found at Metuchen last week, met at half-past six o'clock Tuesday night and, presided over by Coroner Martin, heard the testimony of three witnesses, Augustus Hoagland, and Theodore and William End. They are the men who found the body and they detailed the circumstances under which it was found. The jury then adjourned until this evening at half-past six o'clock, when it is expected that the inquest will be completed and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts.

A Coming Honor.

Under the above heading the New Brunswick *Home News* thus alludes to the efficient operator in the telephone office here:

"The handsome young lady who presides over the switchboard of the Plainfield central telephone office was heard to say yesterday that she would present Harry Blumer of our own central office with a leather medal for answering so promptly. She should remember that Harry has just got home from the seashore and has not yet got the sand out of his ears."

WASHINGTONVILLE.

Mr. and Mrs. Cheny, of Jersey City Heights, are spending the Summer at Mr. Leanison's.

Captain William Hand to-day took a stage load of our young boys down to Boynton Beach.

Mr. Charles Milliken has gone to Lake Hopatcong for two weeks, where he will be met by a party of friends who are spending their vacation camping out.

WESTFIELD.

Town Clerk Whittaker and family are enjoying a few weeks recreation at Galena, Kent county, Maryland.

Messrs. Geo. Van Emburgh, Hiram L. Fink and Aaron B. Clark will leave Saturday for a trip to Richmond, Va., going by steamer.

—So long as the nights continue as cool as they have been since the heated term ended, perspiring humanity can endure considerable fervor in the weather during the day. It is the uninterrupted heat that tells.

—The New Jersey Veterinary Medical Society has decided to hold the next meeting at New Brunswick, in December, before which Dr. Rush Huidekoper, of the University of Pennsylvania Veterinary Department, has been invited to read a paper.

REMARKABLE ACCIDENT

AN EXPRESS TRAIN CRASHES THROUGH A HOUSE.

The Engineer Killed and Twenty People Injured—Buried Under Debris—The Air Brakes Did Not Work

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—The few residents in the neighborhood of the Baltimore and Ohio "Y" who were on the street witnessed a most startling scene. It was no less a spectacle than that of a train of cars leaping from the track and rushing with great speed and the crash of a thunderbolt through a brick house. In an instant the train and the house were in a heap of ruins and the track for some distance was littered with debris.

Train No. 4, the St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati express from the west, due here at 6:20 came thundering into the city over the Metropolitan branch at 6:30, and at the curve nearly a mile away from the "Y" began whistling "down brakes." For some reason the brakes were not put down. The air brakes it was said, did not work, and the engineer began blowing his distress whistle for the brakemen to put on the regular brakes. Either the brakemen did not heed the signal or it was not given in time to be of use, for the train, flying at a frightful rate, came thundering on toward the sharp curve at the Y. On the south side of the Y, in the little corner made by the intersection of the tracks, was the railroad signal tower, a brick structure three stories high, where railroad men are employed to regulate the signals and the switches. When the train turned the sharp curve of the Y, the cars behind the engine flew the track and smashed into the signal tower, and in an instant there was a wreck, which for confusion has seldom been equalled in railroad annals. The engine was dragged from the track, and, ploughing through the dirt and mud a distance of 150 feet, rolled completely over. There it lay, giving forth its steam and hot water in great jets. The steam ploughed up the dirt and covered the house in front of the engine with a fine layer of yellow mud that looked like a fresh coat of paint. The steam and water were blown through the house, and some of the inmates were badly scalded.

Near the engine lay Hamilton Brosius, the engineer, crushed and dying, and his fireman with several bones broken. But behind the engine was a scene of panic and confusion. One car was crushed and nearly buried under the tracks and timbers of the demolished building. Two sleeping coaches and one passenger coach remained on the track. The mail car, the express car, and the baggage car were rolled over and their sides was crushed. The roof of one car protruded from the ruins of the building.

When the men began to clear away the wreck there was a man in the debris who would not leave, but showed fight. He dug desperately at the broken timbers and heaps of bricks. When he was ordered away by a policeman he turned savagely and said: "If you don't leave me alone I'll knock h—l out of you. My son is there." He was let alone and continued his desperate struggle until he had uncovered the bruised and battered form of his son.

Labor's Pronunciamento.

CHARLESTON, Aug. 18.—A important labor pronunciamento has just been issued by the Builders' trade league of Georgia, headquarters at Augusta. The league is composed of bricklayers, stonemasons carpenters, tinners painters, &c., and embraces nearly the entire state of Georgia. The following schedule is published: "No work with non-union men. No work in any sub-contract job. Fifty-eight hours a week the limit, and all firms furnishing building material to contractors who exact more than fifty-eight hours to be boycotted." A formal demand will be made in a day or two for the discharge of all non-union men.

An American Missionary in Danger.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Secretary Bayard has instructed the United States consul at Manila, Philippine Islands, to look after Rev. Edward T. Doane, an American missionary, reported to have been arrested at his post at Ponape, one of the Carolize islands, and imprisoned at Manila. The Spaniards have recently taken possession of the Caroline islands, and they are supposed to have made the arrest. If there is any formal charge against Mr. Doane the consul can try him in accordance with the usage in certain remote or half civilized countries. Mr. Doane has been fifty-three years a missionary.

Shot at a Camp Meeting by His Rival.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 18.—An atrocious murder was perpetrated at a colored camp meeting near Wilmington. After preaching was over Fannie McDonald and Moses Garrett, her accepted lover, were strolling through the pines when they were overtaken by Anthony McCormick, a former lover of Fannie, who, after speaking pleasantly to the couple, suddenly pulled a pistol from his pocket and shot Garrett in the right side. The murderer fled, and so far has eluded the sheriff's posse, who have been in pursuit of him.

Hired Murderers.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 18.—John Keeton testified in the Rowan circuit court that Z. Taylor Young and his son, Allie W., had offered him $100 to kill Howard Logan, and he refused to do the deed; but that he did carry the money to John Trumbo, who attempted to kill Logan. He said Taylor Young told him that Judge Cole had said that there would be nothing done with the man who would kill Howard Logan. This same Cole now presides over the court. Not guilty was the jury's verdict.

A Gold Medal to a Confederate General.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Aug. 18.—After twenty-six years Gov. Richardson is about to obey a joint resolution of the legislature of 1861, which was endorsed and renewed by the legislature of 1886, to present a gold medal as a gift of the state to Gen. N. G. Evans of the confederate army, for conspicuous gallantry at Leesburg, Va., in 1861. This is the only testimonial presented by the state to a soldier in the late war. It will cost $500.

The Fall River Labor Troubles.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Aug. 18.—The Spinners' executive committee held a long session, but took no new action that was reported. The mechanics' mill strike has been settled by a conference. The spinners went back to-day and the mill resumed work. There is no change in the situation at the American linen mill.

Dr. T. L. Brown Dead.

BINGHAMTON, Aug. 18.—Dr. Titus L. Brown, a prominent physician of this city, president of the County Homœopathic Medical association and president of the Freethinkers' society of America, died here to-day of paralysis aged 53 years.

PENNSYLVANIA'S CONVENTION.

Republicans Organizing for the Campaign. The Platform.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 18.—The republican state convention organized with the election of Adjutant General D. H. Hastings as permanent chairman. General Hastings made a brief speech. He said that when the convention had finished its labors the republican convention would advance to the skirmish line of the great battle of 1888.

The following is the platform:

The republican party of Pennsylvania in convention assembled declare: (1) That they reaffirm their declaration of 1886 in favor of submitting to a vote of the people the prohibitory constitutional amendment. We also indorse the action of the last legislature in the submission of the amendment making suffrage free by abolishing the tax qualification for a vote.

2. We favor a tariff for the sake of nurturing American manufactures until the resources of this country furnish our people with every item of consumption they can naturally produce, and for the purpose of protecting home labor against foreign labor as well as its products.

3. We favor the creation of an American marine by the provision of bounties upon exports and discriminating duties upon imports in American bottoms.

4. The soldiers of the Union are worthy of the lasting gratitude and continued favor of a restored government, and the surplus in the treasury cannot better be distributed than in the enlargement of the general pension list so as to include all honorably discharged soldiers of the Union army who may be in absolute need of public aid.

William B. Hart was nominated for state treasurer by acclamation.

Judge Henry Warren Williams was nominated on the first ballot for supreme judge.

PHILADELPHIA BEATS NEW YORK

Boston Wins from Washington—Summary of the Games.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 18.—One of the best games of the season was that between Philadelphia and New York, and won in the eighth inning after hard play by the home team.

Philadelphia	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3
New York	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Base hits—Philadelphia 11, New York 12. Earned runs—Philadelphia 2, New York 1. Errors—Philadelphia 3, New York 3.

WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 18.—A postponed game between Boston and Washington was played at the fair grounds here in the presence of over 5,000 people who were rejoiced to see the New England representatives win after a hard struggle as follows:

Boston	2	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	—6
Washington	0	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	0	—5

Base hits—Bostons 15; Washington 10. Errors Boston 11; Washington 12. Pitchers—Stemmyer and Gilmore.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—Rain stopped the game at Pittsburg. Chicago was the visiting club. There was no game at Detroit. Rain. Indianapolis was to have played.

There were only two association games yesterday. Baltimore defeated the Metropolitans 2 to 1; Brooklyn defeated the Athletics 15 to 2.

International league—Buffalo 14, Scranton 9; Rochester 11, Binghamton 9; Syracuse 8, Wilkesbarre 1; Jersey City 7, Toronto 11; Hamilton 3, Newark 0.

Mrs. Cleveland at Marion.

MARION, Conn., Aug. 18—Yesterday was passed very quietly here by the distinguished party at Gen. Greely's house. Mrs. Cleveland in the afternoon, in company with Mrs. Greely, drove to Mettapoisett and made a short call on some friends there. She still remains firm in her determination not to attend any more public entertainments during the rest of her stay. Those friends who know of Mrs. Cleveland's future movements are very reticent as to the length of her stay, but the general opinion seems to be that she will remain until the last of this week or the first of next.

Did the End Justify the Means?

NASHVILLE, Aug. 18.—Richard Hunt, a colored preacher, is in jail here on a queer charge. Hunt has a church in the Hermitage district. He lacked the money necessary to get up a revival. He stole a cow from one of his neighbors, brought it to Nashville, sold it for $15, and went home and started a revival on the proceeds. He had fifteen conversions and had six promising mourners on the anxious seat, when a constable closed the revival and brought Hunt to jail.

A Veteran Found Dead on the Track.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 18.—A man supposed to be Francis A. Scott, captain in the 55th Illinois infantry, was found dead on the track of the Baltimore and Potomac railroad near here this morning. Papers found on his person show that he was born in Boston, had been honorably discharged from the army, was in receipt of a pension, and was at one time employed on the New York, Lake Erie and Western railway.

Sporting Gossip.

The Mets have three fine catchers in Holbert, Donohue and Sommers. They might secure another one in Jack Hayes, who has just returned from Nashville.

Little Paul Radford is playing a wonderful game at short for the Mets. Some of his stops and pick-ups of hot grounders excel anything seen with that club in some time.

It was thought by all New Yorkers that Gore would give the Giants some lessons in base running, yet the ex-Chicagoian has only stolen twenty bases to Johnny Ward's seventy.

Before he was released Weidman asked to be given on opportunity to pitch a farewell game for the Detroits, but his request was not granted.

The Detroits have new white shirts. They are just like the Chicagoes'. The Washingtons have a full suit of white of the same style.

The Mets leave for the west with the brightest prospects before them of any time since they captured the pennant in 1884. By good playing they should yet lead the Brooklyns and Athletics in the race.

Johnny Ward, as figures demonstrate, is playing the greatest game of his life at short field for the New Yorks. He has made more assists and has accepted more chances than any other player at that position and has a percentage of .920.

Last season Silver Flint, of the Chicagos, ranked fifty-seventh in the batting averages while this season, in the thirty-three games he played he is placed fifteenth. A big upward bound for the old back stop.

The Metropolitan and St. Louis clubs will play at Weehawken on Sept. 4. It will be a grand love feast. The New Yorks will escort the Indians to the ball grounds, while the Detroits will do the honors for the St. Louis men. The affair will wind up with a dinner in the evening.

No more conscientious player appears on the diamond than Roger Conner, New Yorks' big first baseman. He has played in, counting yesterday's game, no less than eighty-six games, which gives him a better record than any other player in the league. Ward follows with eighty-five; Morrill and Johnston, of the Bostons, eighty-four, and Thompson, of the Detroit, Fogarty, of Philadelphia, and Ryan, Williamson and Burns, of Chicago, eighty-three.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 19, 1887.

Brown, Elwood Mrs	McManus, B Mrs
Collins, R J	Moore, C L Mrs
Crone, C E Mrs	Murphy, W Mrs
Casey, Bridget	Rogers, Martha
Duhre, Amey Mrs	Scott, Rachel
Dodd, Samuel	Smith, John
Frazee, B	Thomas, Emily
Green, Geo	Tenon, E W Mrs
Harrison, Arenath	Walcher, M H
Hawkins, Lizzie	White, Mattie E
Kedslie, B Mrs	Welling, Carrie R

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-1f

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-23-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Arch't's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

PROPOSALS

FOR REPAIR OF SOMERSET STREET.

Sealed proposals for filling in washouts on Somerset street, near Demler's Hotel, will be received at the office of H. N. Spencer, collector, 62 Somerset street, or by members of the Township Committee, until Monday, Aug. 22d, 1887, at two p. m., when they will be opened at Demler's Hotel. Specifications can be seen at the Collector's office on and after Friday p. m., 19th inst. The Township Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. N. SPENCER,
8-18-d3 Township Clerk, *pro tem.*

Would You Believe

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for Coughs and all Throat and Lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle Free at R. J. Shaw's. Large Size 50c. and $1.00.

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Tony Pastor's Great Show.

TONY PASTOR
AND HIS
EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

Secured personally by visit to the Capitols of the Old World. Every artist carefully selected by Tony Pastor himself. Also, the Best of America's Specialty Stars, the whole
FORMING A DOUBLE SHOW.

GRAND PICNIC

IN AID OF

St. John, the Evangelist, Church,

ON THE GROUNDS OF

Middlesex Gun Club,

DUNELLEN, N. J.,

Thursday, Aug. 18.

Dancing and Refreshments.

MUSIC BY PROF. REILLY.

TICKETS ..... 25C.
8-8

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Backman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, Nos. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Torchon and Medeees Laces

AT

PECK'S.

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

SOCIALISTS LOCKED OUT

FIRST DAY OF THE UNION LABOR PARTY'S CONVENTION.

A Test of Strength Between the two Factions—The George-McGlynn Party Victorious—Real Work Comes To-Day.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 18.—The state convention of the united labor party has got under full headway. It opened with a test of power between the George-McGlynn faction and the socialists and the former established their supremacy beyond further doubt or debate.

After the delegates and would-be delegates had all arrived and the factions had mapped out their plans Jeremiah Murphy, of New York, chairman of the committee on state convention, called the delegates to order. Secretary Augustus A. Bebey read the call for the convention. The roll of delegates was read also. The decision of the committee on state convention to the effect that the delegates whose seats were contested should be admitted until the convention decided who was entitled to sit, was read.

Sergius E. Shevitch arose and tried to speak, but a dozen delegates objected. Philip J. Scannell, of New York, suggested that no business could be done until a temporary organization had been effected, and he moved the election of a temporary chairman. A spirited debate took place about the disposition of the decision which the committee had presented and it was decided that the decision should stand until reversed.

The motion to elect a chairman was adopted. It had been arranged that Dr. W. C. Wood, of Fulton county, should propose Lewis F. Post, of New York, for temporay chairman, but as Dr. Wood was rising, William Penn Rodgers, of New York, shot up like a flash and started a eulogy on his candidate, Frank J. Ferrell, the colored delegate from the eleventh district. Dr. Wood arose when Rogers finished and named Louis F. Post. "I second Mr. Post's nomination," said Dr. McGlynn.

"I would like to favor Mr. Post's nomination," said Henry George, "for several reasons." At this point the chair interrupted him, saying: "Give your name and district." A roar of laughter and cheers greeted this, and Mr. George blushed until his face looked as red as his beard. He then went on to tell why he favored Mr. Post. J. A. Ronayne named R. H. Ferguson, of Buffalo.

John McMackin moved that the contesting delegates from the Eighth, Tenth and fourteenth districts be denied a voice until their cases were disposed of, and this was carried.

R. H. Ferguson declined to run for chairman, narrowing the contest to Post and Ferrell. It was suggested that the roll should be called and each delegate announce his choice. The secretary was instructed to call, and Dr. McGlynn voted for Post. The first New York District went solid for Post. As the roll call progressed and Ferrell's vote increased, it looked as if the knights of labor and trades union delegates were going solid for the colored man. Brooklyn labor men turned the tide by piling up Post's vote and the county delegates helped them. The roll call ceased and W. T. Croasdale and John J. Joyce announced that Post had received 91 and Ferrell 69. A cheer and a motion to make the election unanimous followed. Ferrell and James P. Archibald escorted Mr. Post to the platform.

After twenty names had been presented for temporary secretaries, Alvin T. Walsh of Brooklyn, Thomas Devine of Westchester, and Thomas Sanford of Troy, were elected and installed. It was decided that each congressional district should elect two men, one to serve on the credentials committee and the other on the committee on permanent organization.

W. T. Croasdale moved that the credentials committee, which is anti-socialistic in its make-up, should report in two hours. Several delegates said the socialistic contestants deserved some consideration, and that matters should not be rushed. John McMackin contended that no time should be lost on the eight socialistic delegates. He said the committee could have no trouble in deciding the merits of the case, which was "a mere matter of principle." He wanted an early report, so that the committee on resolutions could get to work.

W. P. Rogers and J. H. Magee, of New York, and P. D. Murray argued in favor of adjourning, until the committee on credentials could hear all the evidence the socialists could produce. An anti-socialist moved to instruct the committee to report in the evening at 7 o'clock. The motion was put and the vote was a test of the strength of the anti-socialistic element, who favored an early report. The vote stood: 108 yeas, and 44 nays. Dr. McGlynn and Henry George voted yea.

The convention took a recess and the committee organized with Mr. Croasdale as chairman. The committee's session was a lively one and the anti-socialists said when it ended that the chances of the socialists gaining admission were slim. The pro-socialists said they were safe. The convention was called to order at 8:30, and the committee reported progress, whereupon a recess was ordered until this morning.

Three messages of cheer were received by the convention. One came from Mrs. Clara Hackett, a former parishoner of St. Stephen's church, New York; one from Lillie Devereux Blake, who urged a woman's suffrage plank; and one from the Hon Reuben Carroll, of Richburg, N. Y., who advised a fusion with the union labor party.

A mass meeting was held at the rink last night. The Rev. J. C. Grumbine, a Universalist pastor, presided. Addresses were made by the Rev. Hugh O. Pentecost, Mr. George and the Rev. Dr. McGlynn.

The committee on permanent organization decided at midnight to report in favor of John McMackin for permanent chairman and the temporary secretaries as permanent secretaries.

Prospects of a Stay for Sharp.

SARATOGA, Aug. 18.—Homer A. Nelson, of counsel for Jacob Sharp, said that he had not heard from Judge Potter, in reference to the application for a permanent stay in the Sharp case, but that he had learned enough to justify him in saying that a stay would certainly be granted. Judge Potter is satisfied, said Mr. Nelson, that our exceptions are taken to gross errors in the trial of Sharp. We are satisfied that the appelate court will set aside the verdict and order a new trial. I think Judge Potter will make his decision Friday.

The State Firemen's Association.

TROY, Aug. 18.—The state firemen's association decided to hold the next annual convention at Cortland. George W. Irish of Cazenovia was elected treasurer of the association by a unanimous vote; T. J. Armstrong of Jamacia was elected president by a vote of 104 to 50 for James H. Lloyd of Troy, and J. D. Norris of Garnerville was re-elected treasurer.

CHAMBERLAIN'S DILEMMA

THE LIBERALS DO NOT WANT HIM BUT THE TORIES DO.

His Vote Will Be Needed to Save Salisbury.

The Latest Gossip from London.

Foreign News in General.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—It looks very much as if Joseph Chamberlain were going to be left out in the cold in the new deal of the political cards which is now in progress. It is of very little consequence what his particular excuse is for shifting his ground, or trimming his sails to suit each new wind that strikes him. It is a little unfortunate that he is not a sufficiently astute mariner to discern a breeze on the horizon. This one has taken him by surprise, and bids fair to overthrow him. Rumors are just now flying about the Gladstonian clubs that Mr. Chamberlain has declared himself dissatisfied with the government's handling of the land bill, and that, with this new and flimsy preface, he has once more made overtures to the liberal party looking toward rejoining Mr. Gladstone. The liberals, however, have already signified their contempt for Mr. Chamberlain and his time-serving convictions, and on this occasion his fresh advances have been met quite coolly, according to the current reports. Whether this be actually the true state of affairs or not, there is little doubt that the report o Mr. Chamberlain's latest right about has awakened the government to a recognition of the absolute necessity of agreeing to the desires of the unionists with respect to the disputed amendments. The tories need every unionist vote that they can retain in the house of commons to uphold their majority, and are much more sensitive now to the behavior of a man like Chamberlain than the liberals are or can be. Without the assistance of Chamberlain, even the adhesion of Lord Hartington and his friend might not suffice to save Lord Salisbury from a reverse.

Incidents which reveal a strong desire on the part of Russia to arrange the Bulgarian affair amicably have just become known in Tirnova. It seems that shortly before the advent of Prince Ferdinand on the scene, the Bulgarian regents were visited by a certain native of Bulgaria named Zeimoff. Zeimoff represented himself as charged with a semi-official mission from the government of St. Petersburg. This was nothing less than an offer of a promise by the czar to give his recognition to the regency on condition that the sobranje should be dissolved and new elections held, and that Prince Oldenburg's candidature, endorsed by Russia, for the Bulgarian throne, should be accepted. As, however, Zeimoff had no documents with him which to support his statements about his authority from the czar's government, the regents refused to negotiate with him, and kept him under arrest until Prince Ferdinand arrived and assumed the reign of the country.

RUSSIA IS IN A FIT OF RAGE.

She Says Ferdinand has Invaded the Rights of the Powers.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 18.—The *Journal de St. Petersbourg* says the Russian embassy at Constantinople has handed to the Porte a protest against Prince Ferdinand's occupancy of the Bulgarian throne. It delares that he has been guilty of an audacious attempt against the rights of the powers, and that the responsibility for his adventure and for his flagrant violation of these rights must now rest entirely with him, even should the other powers think fit to permit the violation of their privileges. The *Journal*, however, makes this pertinent inquiry: "Can it be supposed that Russia will consider herself alone bound to become the defender of what remains of the Berlin treaty!"

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 18.—The Russian protest referred to by the *Journal de St. Petersbourg* is a copy of Russia's circular to the powers, wherein the czar requests the powers to take concerted action to uphold the Berlin treaty.

ROME, Aug. 17.—The *Riforma* insists that the recognition of Prince Ferdinand by some of the powers is sufficient to make his election valid in accordance with the Berlin treaty.

VIENNA, Aug. 18.—Prince Ferdinand has issued a general order assuming command of the Bulgarian army.

MR. BLAINE GOES TO GERMANY.

He Will Meet Senator Hale at Homburg. The Dublin Reception.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 18.—Mr. Blaine and his family arrived here last night from London and will proceed to-day or to-morrow to Cologne and the Rhine country. The Dublin Irishmen will no doubt be surprised to learn that he did not cross to the continent last Friday, as he declared in his letter to the lord mayor be must do, but remained three days in the metropolis.

The only engagement of any moment made by the family was to rejoin senator and Mrs. Hale at Homburg, the popular watering resort near Frankfort. This they reserved the right to do at their leisure, so there was nothing to prevent their accepting the Dublin banquet. The bulk of the family baggage has been forwarded to Homburg, where it is anticipated Mr. Blaine will be content to remain several weeks. The mineral waters possess well proved virtues for sufferers from stomach and kidney complications.

Before going to Homburg it is likely the Blaines with stop at Cologne to inspect the cathedral.

HAS STANLEY BEEN MURDERED?

More Irresponsible Rumors that Evil has Befallen Him.

PARIS, Aug. 18.—A despatch from Zanzibar says that Henry M. Stanley has been massacred by natives after having been deserted by his escort.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Neither the foreign office nor the Emin Pasha relief committee has received news regarding the alleged massacre.

Sir Francis de Winton, president of the Emin Pasha relief committee, says that trustworthy news of the Stanley expedition could not possibly have arrived at Zanzibar so soon after the arrival of the expedition at Yambunga, on the Aruwimi, on June 18.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 18.—At the offices of the Congo independent state in this city, and in other well-informed circles here, the report that Stanley has been murdered is discredited.

Sentenced Under the Crimes Act.

DUBLIN, Aug. 18.—At the Limerick sessions three persons were sentenced under the crimes act, two to six months imprisonment and one to four months, for resisting the sheriff.

Emperor William Indisposed.

BERLIN, Aug. 18.—Emperor William is indisposed, and, in accordance with his physician's advice, is keeping to his bed

TO RUN DOWN OLD COLOROW

Troops Ready to Move at a Moment's Notice if They Are Needed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—A telegram was received from Gen. Terry, saying that the governor of Colorado had requested Gen. Crook to assist the civil authorities in serving a process upon two Ute bucks who had been indicted by a grand jury. Gen. Terry asked for instructions. A telegram was sent to him to hold troops in readiness to move at a moment's notice in case of necessity. The war department has received no official information of the reported engagement between Colorow's band and the sheriff's posse, and the military authorities do not feel authorized to order troops to assist the civil authorities in their efforts to arrest the indicted Indians. In the event of the defeat of the posse and Colorow's taking to the warpath, Gen. Crook, who is near at hand, has full authority to take any needful action.

Gladstone's Views on the Victories.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to Mr. Brunner, the successful candidate for parliament in the Northwich election, in which the ex-premier says: "Few will seek to disguise the unquestionable addition thus made to the evidence, now rapidly approaching a demonstrative character, that the people of England intend to do full justice to the people of Ireland by confiding to them in a spirit alike generous and wise the conduct of Irish affairs. It is to be lamented that years of the precious legislative life of the country should have been spent in a controversy which can only end in one way. But while it is important that the nation's judgment be speedy, it is more important that when it does come it shall be unequivocal and decisive."

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Rear-Admiral Luce will not resign.

Mr. Flood, the California bonanza banker, is again reported to be dying.

Four breweries have been seized in Philadelphia for defrauding the government.

The Russian council at its meeting in September will further increase the import duties.

Another large consignment of arms and ammunition has been shipped from San Francisco to Honolulu.

The British cabinet will sit to-day to decide finally upon the course of business to be pursued during the remainder of the session.

Four fatal accidents to Alpine tourists are reported from Zurich, making eighteen deaths in the Alps within a month.

The London *Daily News* says Lord Hartington will be again asked to join the ministry, and that he can hardly refuse to do so.

Marion Powell and Steve Wilson, farmers quarrelled and fought at Leichfield, Ky., and Wilson was fatally shot in the stomach.

A suit has been filed at New Albany, Ind., to set aside the will of the late Washington C. Depauw, who died recently leaving $6,000,000.

After a long delay the trial of Z. T. and Allie W. Young for conspiracy to murder H. W. Logan has been begun in Rowan county, Ky.

One of the Anglo-American transatlantic cables is broken between Newfoundland and Ireland. A new 500 mile section is being inserted.

It is reported that divorce proceedings will soon be commenced between the Marquis de Mores and his wife, who was Miss Von Hoffman of New York.

The largest raft of pine logs ever towed in the world reached Bay City, Mich., yesterday from Au Train. It contains 80,000,000 feet and is valued at one million dollars.

Buffalo Bill is about to add a typical American bar to his Wild West show in London. It will be under the charge of Johnny Kane, a well known Omaha bartender.

A cyclone ravaged a great part of the south of France. It was the severest in the department of Aude, where a number of houses were destroyed and several persons were killed.

The London *Standard* now openly advocates a coalition ministry. It admits that Mr. Gladstone is still followed by the bulk of the liberals through the anomalous position occupied by the unionists.

One of the largest Catholic pilgrimages ever made in the United States was that from Kalamazoo, Mich., to Notre Dame university, at South Bend, Ind., yesterday. There were 700 pilgrims in the procession.

Samuel Randall, a wealthy Kentucky farmer, shot and killed his wife near a church in the vicinity of Harrodsburgh, Ky., on Sunday. Services were suspended to hunt the murderer down and he was captured.

The latest reports show that the cholera is fast decreasing everywhere in Southern Europe. In Palermo there is only three new cases and two deaths reported. At Naples and Resina there are only isolated cases.

Numerous arrests have been made within a few days of employes among the freight crews on the New York division of the Pennsylvania railroad in connection with extensive stealing of freight packages. More arrests are expected.

Stewart Jackson president of the Despatch Transfer company is missing from Kansas City, Mo., and his father-in-law, wife and the stockholders in the company are anxiously looking for him, he having squandered a large amount of their funds.

The annual encampment of the Northwestern soldiers' association commenced at Sioux City with a large attendance from Iowa, Nebraska, Dakota and Minnesota. Gen. Tuttle made a rousing speech, which was enthusiastically received.

O. B. Selden, one of the wealthiest residents of Wyoming territory, was assinated yesterday while writing in his office at Malvile, by some unknown person, who fired a shot through the window. A second shot was fired at Mrs. Selden but missed her.

A cloud burst on the upper Rickaree and Republican rivers in Nebraska swept away two new bridges, and a great many cattle caught in the canyons by the sudden rise were drowned. It is reported that a family of six emigrants camping on the banks of the Lickaree river were drowned.

The Canadian Pacific railroad company have blocked the Boundary railroad scheme by purchasing all the land at Winnipeg, over which the new road must pass and laying tracks across it. The citizens talk of appealing to the queen, and rebellion against the dominion government is again threatened.

Near Fredericksburg, Washington county, Ind., John Hertel and Daniel Wyninger, long time enemies, met on the turnpike, renewed their quarrel, and finally ended it by Hertel stabbing Wyninger to death with a huge butcher knife. Hertel then robbed the dead man of $2,000 and fled. Officers are in pursuit.

Jesse Gaba, a farmer, was asphyxiated in a well at Springfield, Mo. George Vyers attempted to save him and was also overcome. Michael Copinger took out both at the risk of his life. Gaba is dead and the other two are barely alive. In the fall from the bucket down the shaft Gaba's skull was crushed and two ribs were broken.

During the past week seven attempts have been made to wreck passenger trains twenty miles east of El Paso, Tex., on the joint track of the Texas and Pacific and Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio railroads. No serious damage resulted. The offenders proved to be three Mexican boys, aged 15, 14 and 10 years. They were surprised in the act of building more obstructions.

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Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 316, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.26, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

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DAVID W. KING'S

Fish Market.

Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 366. my10tf

A COUPLE OF SNAKE STORIES.

Startling Adventure of a Maine Fisherman. Blacksnakes Milking Cows.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 18.—A man named Lobby had quite an adventure with a sea serpent. He says he was fishing off the cape when he noticed what he took to be the head of a serpent some rods off above the water. The object moved in the direction of his boat, and when within twenty feet of him the head and about four feet of the body of an enormous snake was lifted out of the water. The creature was of a dull brown color and its head was about twice as large as the head of a seal. It lay near enough to the top of the water to give him a good view of it. He thinks it was about thirty feet long and thinks that it may be a big South American snake as he has seen serpents closely resembling it in South America.

HUNTINGTON, Aug. 18.—William Coggswell of East Neck for some time past found that his two cows were not giving their usual quantity of milk. He was of the opinion that some one was milking them. He put a watch on them, when it was discovered that two immense blacksnakes were in the habit of sucking from two to three quarts of milk from the cows daily.

Crippled by the Strike.

EL PASO, Aug. 18.—The third division engineers on the Mexican Central railroad went out yesterday. The three divisions now out represent 850 miles of track. Passenger trains are running on two divisions. The strike interferes with the running of trains, about fifty engineers having left their locomotives with their firemen. The officials of the road are hiring all the competent men that can be found. Freight will be kept back from the United States until freight engines can be manned. It is reported that some of the strikers now regard the movement as a bad blunder and the question is beginning to be asked if Suter, who issued the order for the strike as chief of the brotherhood of locomotive engineers for Mexico, did not usurp authority belonging only to Chief Arthur. The officials of the company say that the cause of the strike was frivolous, and that they cannot give in an inch, having already acceded to all reasonable demands. Public opinion does not sustain the strikers.

Ample Working Capital.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Aug. 18.—Valuable discoveries of iron ore have been made near Waukon, Allamakee county, and a company has been formed in Rockford, Ill., with a capital of $4,000,000 to operate them. The incorporators are Henry W. Price, George S. Roper and John B. Sine.

Industrial Items.

So far this month about 15,000 men have struck for higher wages.

The strike on the Memphis and Charleston railroad has ended and trains are again running.

Lumber manufacturers, tool makers, hardware dealers, shoe manufacturers, and stove dealers are all doing a good business.

It has been noticed that workingmen travel less from town to town this year than ever before. Everything points to a prosperous year for the toilers.

The old time telegraphers' association and the United States telegraph corps will hold their seventh annual reunion and convention in Philadelphia.

It is noticeable that very few strikes occur in the fall season. At this period workmen generally labor steadily so as to prepare for the hard times that may possibly come during the winter.

The Memphis and Charleston freight conductors have struck. They demand an increase of $10 a month, which will make their wages $85. No freight trains were run yesterday in consequence. They believe a compromise will be effected.

Mr. Lawrence J. McParlin of Lockport, N. Y., who was nominated by the union labor party as attorney general at Rochester last week without his knowledge, states that he will not accept the nomination, as he favors the platform of the united labor party.

There is no truth in the statement that the Canadian knights of labor intend to withdraw from the general body. They may, it is said take united action with a view to securing the special jurisdiction over Canadian matters when the general assembly convenes at Minneapolis.

The spinners' executive committee held a long session at Fall River but took no new action. The mechanics' mill strike has been settled by conference. The spinners went back and the entire mill resumed. There is no change in the situation at the American linen mill.

It was stated yesterday that a large number of Sheffield silversmiths are about to depart for New York in search of employment. The story is not credited in labor circles because it is an industry not over supplied in France and England, the two principal manufacturing countries in that line.

William H. Dailey, John W. Hayes and Ira B. Aylesworth, all members of the general executive board of the knights of labor, have been defeated in their candidacy as delegates to the coming session of the general assembly, which is to meet in Minneapolis, Oct. 3.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Light rains, winds shifting to westerly slightly cooler

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—Money on Call at 4 to 5 per cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s, 1891, reg.	108⅝	108⅝
4½s, 1891, con.	110⅛	110
4s, 1907, reg.	127⅛	127⅛
4s, 1907, con	127⅛	127

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—The close of the market was disappointing after the promise of the morning and the news from the treasury, for in spite of all, the market became extremely dull and in some instances weak.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56½	56¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	142	141½
Central Pacific	39	39
Del. & Hudson	101⅞	101⅞
Del. Lack. & W.	131⅞	131¼
Erie	31⅛	31⅛
Erie pref	70⅛	71½
Lake Shore	94½	94⅛
Louis. & Nash.	63⅛	63⅝
Michigan Central	86½	86½
Missouri Pacific	99⅛	99⅜
N. Y. & New Eng.	46½	46½
N. J. Central	76⅞	77
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	109½	109½
Northwestern	115⅛	115⅝
Oregon Navigation	95	96
Pacific Mail	42⅛	41⅞
Reading	56⅝	56⅝
Rock Island	129	129
St. Paul	83⅞	83½
Union Pacific	56⅝	56⅜
West. Union Tel.	74⅝	74

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Wheat	80	80⅛	81⅝
Corn	48⅛	48	4[illegible]
Oats	30⅞	31⅛	3[illegible]

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern, 25a26c; Western, 24a25c; Imitation, 17a18c; Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, 21a23c; western, 16a18c. Factory—Fresh, 15a17c; [illegible] packed [illegible].

Cheese.—Market steady. Factory—New York cheddar 12¾a12⅞c.; western, flat, 10a11c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs.—Market steady, Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 17½a18c; Canadian, firsts, 16½a17½c; western, firsts, 16a17c.

JERSEY MOSQUITOES.

Lively Insects That Are Ripe from Late in May to Early in October.

This is the best place to come in order to see the Jersey mosquito in his glory, writes a Toms River (N. J.) correspondent to the Pittsburgh *Dispatch*. He is always ripe here from late in May to early in October. Barnegat Bay breeds more mosquitoes to the square inch than any locality in the world, and this place almost borders on the bay. The newspaper man that can brave the mosquito here and study him where he lives and moves is really worthy of a place among such journalistic heroes as Forbes and Stanley.

The Barnegat mosquitoes are, as a rule, very small, with dark body and light legs and wings. They never stand on ceremony when a victim has been selected, never give that soul-piercing mosquito war-whoop, but light on him, bite him and fly away before he has a chance to realize what has happened. The realization, however, comes but too quickly. It comes in the shape of a red blotch and a stinging sensation.

It comes about a quarter of a minute after the mosquito has done its work, and it stays right by a man for what seems to be an endless length of time. It does no good to scratch, it does no good to bathe, the only thing that is good to do is to lie in wait for that individual mosquito and end his existence. Barnegat Bay is bordered on the water edge by marsh grass and tall reeds, and near these the insects breed and lay their eggs. When the summer comes they swarm by the million on every reed, every blade of grass and every weed, and are blown hither and thither by strong winds, sometimes across the whole length of the bay.

The people who live around the bay generally get used to the bite of the Barnegat mosquito and do not seem to mind how many there are about. Farmers make hay along the shore where a citizen man would nearly die. Their hands and faces are so tanned and tough that the little pests have no effect upon them. The men wear boots when walking through the grass; the women, boys and girls stick newspapers inside their stockings. The fishermen and the few sailors who come up inside the inlet are comparatively untouched. The mosquitoes prefer softer skins and less salty complexions. The unsuspecting man from other regions is their victim.

Toward the upper part of Barnegat Bay there is a little bay called Mosquito Cove, and here seems to be the mosquito's paradise. Many a yachting party has been becalmed off the cove, and the tales told about that place are mysterious. What they suffer is evident in the fact that the yachts take care never to get becalmed there again. A little further down the bay is a broad flat and a fascinating place to see, where many a boat with a crowd of amateur sailors on board was run up and anchored for the night. What the transient visitors in that locality feel and experience during their night would take volumes to relate, a poet to express with sufficient feeling.

A BAD INVESTMENT.

An Idaho Pioneer Educates a Deaf Mute and Wastes His Outlay.

There is a disposition on the part of the people of this town to make fun of J. K. Sutor because of his singular experience with a deaf and dumb man, writes a correspondent from Beef Gap, I. T. Sutor has been noted for his admiration of his own smartness. He has never been taken in before, it is said and it is for this reason perhaps that his acquaintances enjoy his present discomfiture so much.

A year or more ago Sutor had a quarrel with two men from Oregon about some land, the title to which was not clear. Sutor asserted that he had had his sign on the claim first, and that the Oregon men came along afterward, took down his card and substituted their own. For a time there were no witnesses on either side, but after a while Sutor discovered that Smith Hollister, a well-known deaf and dumb man living in the vicinity, had seen the Oregon men at their work. Hollister had never learned to use the sign language, and consequently the only way in which he could communicate with others was by the most elaborate motions. Sutor satisfied himself, after a long pantomime, that Hollister had seen the Oregon men take down his sign and substitute their own, and he accordingly announced his intention of sending Hollister alway to be educated that he might use him as a witness.

This was finally done, and after an absence of several months the mute returned able to read and write and to communicate in the sign language. For a time Sutor was so proud of Hollister's achievements that he paid little attention to the matter which more nearly concerned him. At length, however, he broached the subject, and, taking a piece of paper, he wrote:

"You remember my mentioning to you about my claim that two men from abroad say is theirs. You saw them take down my sign, did you?"

The reply was: "Yes, I remember, but I didn't see them take down any sign."

Sutor grew red in the face, and seizing the pencil, he wrote: "What in the deuce did you see, then?"

Hollister smiled, and writing as unconcernedly as possible, answered: "I saw you." Sutor groaned, and little by little learned that Hollister had seen him put up the sign some months before in place of an old one, which was carried away, and had tried to explain this to him by motions, but Sutor had interpreted him incorrectly, and thought he meant the Oregon parties, whom Hollister now says he never saw, and did not know any thing about.

Hollister says he can not be thankful enough to Sutor for the interest that he took in him. Sutor says that hereafter when he wants a witness he will buy him ready-made.

How Chautauqua Got Its Name.

Chautauqua means "the place of easy death," and the Moravia (N. Y.) *Republican* tells this story of how the lake got its name: "An Indian maiden, mourning over the death of her lover, wandered away from her people, seeking a poisonous root. In a secluded place by the shore she found it, partook freely, and then lay down to await death. The poison created delirium and a burning thirst. Her lover seemed to come and offer her cool, fresh water, yet when she reached out her hands for the grateful draught he vanished. She dragged herself to the edge of the lake, and stooping over to cool her parched lips in the waves, saw her lover beneath the water holding up his arms to her. Joyfully she threw herself in, and was never seen again."

Two Kindred Souls.

"Young man," said the long-haired passenger, solemnly, "do you drink whisky?" "Well—er—I am sorry to say," confessed the young man with a blush of shame, "that I do occasionally drink a little, sir." "Well, try a swig at that," said the long-haired passenger, passing over a quart bottle.

BOTH FISH AND FOWL

A Strange Creature Discovered by a Wyoming Joe Mulhattan.

The mountains of Wyoming, writes a correspondent from Lander, in that Territory, have been long haunted by "The Traveler," a man now over sixty years old, but possessing the vitality of youth and the endurance of early manhood. The Traveler spends his days in wanderings through the Owl, Big Horn and Rattlesnake mountains. His wanderings are apparently aimless, and the man himself is as much of a mystery as is the object of this singular mode of life. He made his appearance in this region a quarter of a century ago and began the mountain wanderings he has ever since kept up. He is gloomy and taciturn in manner and speech, but has on several occasions given evidence of manners and education curiously inconsistent with his recent life.

The Traveler dropped into the streets of Lander a few days ago, and was soon surrounded by a curious throng, because of the beautiful down which he displayed, and of which he, in his usual sparing speech, told an extraordinary story. In the most hidden recesses of the Rattlesnake mountains there is concealed a deep and beautiful lake. It is inhabited by a singular freak of nature, which is both fish and fowl. From this nondescript the Traveler obtained the down. It is softer and more beautiful than that of the eider duck.

This fish and fowl has a body and head like those of a pike. Two wide and strong fins spring from the center of the body. Beneath these fins grows the down beautiful and luxuriant. The belly is closely covered with feathers overlapping one another. The back is covered with slate-colored feathers, while the fins display broad silvery scales. Just in front of the fins there emerges from the lower breast or belly feathers a pair of strong legs, to which are attached broad, webbed feet. The tail is the tail of a fish, but is straight up and is covered with luxuriant and bright-hued feathers. The curiosity is at home both on the surface of the water and in the depths. It also frequents the land. The Traveler has seen the surface of the lake covered with broods of young.

MARRYING FOR MONEY.

The Kind of Men Whom Girls Should Leave Severely Alone.

Says the *Woman's Home Journal:* Girls don't marry a man for money, position, or any thing but love. Don't do it, if you want to live to a good old age and be happy. You may think that money can bring you all you desire, but it can't. That is where you are mistaken. It can buy a good many things, but it can never purchase contentment for your heart or happiness for your soul. It may bring temporary smiles to your face, but it will leave great shadows in your heart. Don't think that I would advise you to marry a worthless fellow just because you imagine you love him. A refined, good, intelligent woman should never marry a vulgar, ill-bred man. No, no, never unite yourself to any one who is not a man in the truest meaning of the word. Neither could I advise a woman to marry a man who had no visible means of supporting her, but for heaven's sake don't marry a millionaire or a King if you don't love him. It will not do. People have tried it time and again, only to find it a miserable failure. It may do for awhile. You may revel in gilded halls and be lost in the giddy rounds of pleasure, but a time will come when these things will be a hollow mockery to you. There will be an "aching void" the world can never fill. Sometimes mothers are to blame for the unhappiness of their daughters. They teach them that respect for their husband and lots of "boodle" are infinitly to be preferred to that foolishness called love. That would do very well if life had no waves of trouble, but it takes something more than simple respect to make two hearts cling together in the hour of adversity. A woman that turns her back on wealth and takes the man of her choice may miss some of the luxuries of life, but she will be happy. Don't marry a dude. Better get you a monkey. It is cheaper and a great deal nicer. Don't fool with that class of animals. They generally wear a ten-dollar hat on a ten-cent brain, and the woman who takes one of these chaps will get left about as badly as the Southern Confederacy did at Appomattox.

AN ÆSTHETIC BRUTE.

One of Don Cameron's Steers Walks Quietly Into a Parlor.

Quite a number of steers are being driven through town every few days to the freight depot to be shipped away, says the Mount Joy (Pa.) *Star*. Very frequently these cattle play some rather queer capers while parading the streets. The lot brought here the other morning by the tenant farmer of J. Donald Cameron was, however, above the ordinary run in that respect. One of that number, who, doubtless thought himself better than the rest, decided to walk on the pavement, which he did for a considerable distance, much to the annoyance of pedestrians. Several glass fronts made narrow escapes from being run in by the bovine's great horns. Indeed the animal at one time seriously considered to go down the steps into the queensware cellar of Breneman's store. It was, however, decided to enter in at a more convenient place, and the next attempt was made to get up the steps into the tailoring shop of Frank B. Gram, and was only prevented from doing so by having the door slammed in his face and shut before an entrance was gained.

The walk was continued until the residence of H. S. Stauffer was reached; here the front door of the parlor was open, to let in some fresh morning air. The brute at once walked inside without rapping or waiting for an invitation. As he was considerably overheated and found the room quite cool, it seems that it was at once decided to stay at such a comfortable place, as it took the work of several persons for a considerable time, with good whips well laid on, to make the intruder decide to leave the parlor. At last, however, he came out, and that, too, without doing any damage. Before the stock-yards were reached several other attempts were made to enter buildings, yards, and to get on the pavement.

Calisthenics for Young Ladies.

In a certain city dwells a beautiful woman, a great belle. To keep the suppleness of her figure she stands one hour daily, fifteen minutes at a time, with her hands on her hips before a long mirror, and, bending her knees out from each other, sinks slowly down toward the floor as low as possible, then again as slowly uprising; meantime moving her arms in any way to their utmost length, out or up, forward or back, until, when she stands erect, they are ready to be placed on her hips again. Each movement is repeated, every time a little accelerated, until at the end of thirteen minutes it is done quite quickly and a beautiful color is glowing on her cheeks. She then lies down until her breath comes smooth and regular, as it will in the two minutes left in her quarter of an hour. To a friend, who asked how she could afford to spend the time, she replied: "When you and I shall be forty-five, I shall for this reason be many more years younger than you than the sum of these hours of exercise."

HOOKED-NOSE SALMON.

One of the Most Unique Bear and Fish Stories Ever Concocted.

The Carbon river is a wild, turgid stream, fed by the great glaciers at the base of Mount Tacoma. It tears down through a region indescribably grand and picturesque, and as it rushes onward toward Puget Sound other streams join it until it is a broad and sweeping affluent. Almost all the way along this river fish and wild animals of many sorts are to be found in abundance.

Henry Thorndyke, of Carbonado, is at a down-town hotel.

"Did you ever hear," said he the other day to a San Francisco *Examiner* man, "how the bears fish for salmon on the Carbon river? They do for a fact. I live on the margin of the river, and I pledge you my word that in the Bottomless canyon, twelve miles from my home, I have seen as many as three bears within a scope of a mile sitting at the river's brink and fishing as industriously as any man you ever saw. Others in the same vicinity have seen many of them oftentimes. They are black bears, and live in the thick woods along the stream.

The fish they particularly like are the hook-nosed salmon, a large fish, not well liked by most persons on account of their age. The fish get up in the Carbon river, and, being unmolested by men, stay there. The noses of the old ones are long and hooked.

"The bears sit on the side of the stream, watch their chance and swipe them up as they come along. There's a great many in the river, and, being largely unmolested, they are pretty tame. The bears often rake out fish there that are a couple of feet or more long.

"Well, so many of these hook-nosed salmon do these bears eat that people do not like the bear meat. It is so fishy. The result is that it is an almighty country for bears, too. There are lots of them, and they are as fat as butter. From one end of the Carbon river to the other bears in profusion are to be found.

"Myself and Tim Worthington of Wilkeson killed last January in a three-days' hunt nine bears, and we could have killed a great many more if we had wanted to. The bear meat is not tinctured up with the taste and smell of fish so much in January as at other times of the year. But we didn't save all the meat. It would have been far too much trouble to get it down.

"Three or four hunters left for up there the following month and they got somewhere about thirty bears before they stopped. Like us, they were principally after the skins.

"They went far up in the snow only a short distance from the glaciers and had to bring down their meat and skins on toboggans.

"They had no accidents, but they run several narrow risks. It is rather dangerous hunting for bear in that region. The country is so new and wild that men are rarely seen and the bears have it all their own way except when they collide with other wild animals, and when they do it is not often they get left.

"There are a few grizzlies there, with plenty of mountain lions and smaller game."

E. M. ADAMS.

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Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

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ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

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—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

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—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
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Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

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SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES. 5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

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JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

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Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

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A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

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Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL. my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

28 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to moopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND, PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS, BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS, JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call, 113. my10tf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

We will close out our immense line of

ALL WOOL PANTALOONS

AT

$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

AT

$3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

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Hippocynagon, Menagerie,

GYMNASIUM AND COLLEGE OF TRAINED ANIMALS.

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LARGEST 10c. SHOW ON EARTH.

D. P. HURLBURT'S

Troupe of Trained Horses,

In their Grand Military Drill. Crown Prince, the horse with human intelligence.

A TROUPE OF

Eighteen Thoroughbred Dogs.

ROBERT HUNTING'S

Galaxy of European Gymnasts,

Including the Leading Gymnast performers of this and foreign countries.

Hyatt Frost's English Menagerie,

The Finest Collection of Wild Animals on Exhibition, including a

Lioness and Her 8-weeks-old Family.

10 CTS. ADMITS TO ALL 10

Will exhibit in PLAINFIELD on lot near Oil-Cloth Factory,

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

Aug. 18, 19, 20.

Street Parade 10 a. m., Thursday. Two performances daily. Doors open at 1 and 7 p. m; performance commences one hour later. Grand FREE EXHIBITION on the grounds at one p. m. daily. 8-8-d6

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner, in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

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LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at cost.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, AUGUST 19, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Autumn begins Friday, September 23, and lasts 89 days.

—The term "dude" is now applied to young ladies wearing a certain style of dress.

—Next Wednesday afternoon and evening a cornet band from New Brunswick will furnish music at Boynton Beach.

—No further action has as yet been taken toward organizing a Grand Army Post composed of the veterans in this city.

—The weather of yesterday and today has been unusually fine, notwithstanding the old saying that "it always rains during Quarterly Meeting."

—The circus last evening was the cause of bringing to town many of our rural neighbors, and the peanut man smiled as he pocketed the nickels.

—Four o'clocks, a beautiful flower of various colors, which unfold at four o'clock each morning and afternoon, adorn many dooryards, and are always on time.

—The Ninth New Jersey Veteran Volunteer Association will hold its twenty-sixth anniversary at the Trenton Opera House, in Trenton, on Wednesday, September 13.

—The Ladies' Helping Hand Society of the M. E. church of Scotch Plains will hold a peach and ice cream festival in Excelsior Hall at that place on Wednesday evening next.

—A communication received at this office states the Central base ball club awaits a challenge from the Twilight club of Scotch Plains, without dictation to players or position.

—The Women's Christian Temperance Union of Chicago has sent out a call to Christian women in every land to observe November 12 and 13 as days of prayer for the success of the temperance work.

—Four boys were arrested in Elizabeth, yesterday, for snatching hats and handkerchiefs from excursionists, as the excursion trains pass through that city. They were committed for seven days each.

—Forty-five night blooming cereus buds will unfold this and to-morrow evening at Carl Peterson's Conservatory on Peace street. On one plant there are forty-five buds, on another four, and on the third one bud.

—A number of persons witnessed a night blooming cereus plant in full bloom at Mr. Wm. C. Ayers' residence on West Second street last evening. Three flowers were out, and the fragrance coming from them was delightful.

—Robert Randolph, the colored man who was injured in the coal yard of the David J. Boice estate a few days ago, is rapidly recovering from his injuries, and it is thought he will be able to be about as usual in a few days.

—The quarterly business transaction of the Society of Friends in this city closed to-day, after a session covering a period of two days. At the meeting this morning eminent speakers were present and made addresses, which were highly entertaining.

—An item recently quoted in this paper and credited to a New Brunswick journal to the effect that Judge Ulrich of this city expected to collect the $50 royalty on each of about fifty wells in Bound Brook and vicinity, is being extensively published throughout the State. The whole matter is that only $10 royalty is claimed on each well and not fifty dollars, as stated.

—Since the ornamental lamp post in front of the Crescent Avenue church has been wired for incandescent lighting with such satisfactory results, it has been suggested that provided all the electric light wires were put under ground, in the event of the Council entering into a contract with the company for incandescent street light, the wires could be easily attached to lamp posts now standing, and the unattractive poles would then be done away with.

A DWELLING HOUSE BURNED.

Another Fire Credited to an Incendiary.

About one o'clock this morning fire was discovered in a two-story tenement house, situated on the South side of West Fifth street, between Liberty street and Plainfield avenue. The place is owned by a Mrs. Dodd of New York, and was occupied by Mr. A. J. Dent, who was formerly employed in the Potter Press Works, but is at present an agent for a Philadelphia Publishing House. Mr. Dent and his family left the city yesterday morning to spend the day with relations at Somerville, expecting to return to-day, and consequently no one was in the house during the day. The fire was first discovered by Mrs. C. M. Wilson, who lives next door, and to whom a PRESS reporter is under obligations for much valuable information concerning the fire. That lady said this morning that her son returned from the circus about midnight, but he saw nothing unusual about the place. She said about one o'clock she was awakened from her slumber by a strange cracking noise, and when looking out of her bedroom window discovered fire in the next house. She immediately aroused her husband, who at once dressed and tried to force an entrance into the building through the front door. Meanwhile her son had come to town and given the alarm. With the assistance of a colored man, who was soon on the spot, Mr. Wilson broke out one of the front windows and entered the building which was by this time all in a blaze on the inside. The heat was very oppressive and the smoke stifling, but the two men worked heroically and with assistance, which came soon afterward, succeeded in removing most of the parlor furniture. A general alarm was sent out and two engines and the truck responded. When the firemen arrived on the spot the entire structure was enveloped in flames, and their efforts were directed to saving the frame houses on either side of the burning building. In this they were very successful, and much credit is due them for the manner in which they handled the fire by not allowing it to spread. The building in which the fire originated was totally destroyed, together with most of the furniture. It was erected by Mr. Solomon Dunn several years ago at a cost of about $2,500. We are unable to ascertain the exact amount of insurance on the house, but understand the loss is covered by about one-half. Mr. Dent's loss will probably not exceed $900, on which there is said to be $700 insurance. An offer of $2,250 was recently made for the premises but the offer was rejected by the owner.

Mrs. Wilson told the reporter this morning that when she first looked out of the window, the dining-room in the next house appeared to be all in a blaze. She also noticed that one of the shutters—which had been closed all day, was thrown wide open. This would seem to indicate that someone had tried to enter the building through the window. A report was in circulation this morning that one of the windows on the east side of the house was broken out and that a man was seen around the building shortly before the fire was discovered, but this is denied by the neighbors. Other persons who were among the first to arrive on the scene, say that the house seems to have been fired in many places, as the flames burst through the sides and roof simultaneously. From a careful investigation there appears to be no doubt that the fire was the work of an incendiary, and it may as well here be stated, that if this state of affairs continue to exist, about the only effectual way to rid the community of the fire-bug is to organize a Vigilance Committee, and equip each of the members with a shot gun and a coil of rope. Said a colored man this morning when alluding to the fire: "I don't see why it is that they don't ketch them fellers; I'll bet you, if I see a man settin' fire to my house I'll shoot him on the spot, and the undertaker will want him the next mornin', or else it will be because I can't shoot straight."

Struck by An Engine.

Yesterday afternoon as the 1:30 o'clock train from New York to Long Branch was rounding the curve at Elizabethport, the engine struck a boy about thirteen years of age. The boy, evidently supposing the train was coming on the main track, had stepped on a siding when he was struck. Fortunately the train was running slowly at the time, or he would have been killed. As it was he received severe injuries. The unconcious youth was carried into the Elizabethport station and medical aid was immediately summoned.

Reform Club Meeting.

There was a small attendance at the Reform Club meeting last evening, which is probably due, in a measure, to the circus. The interest, however, was none the less, and those who did attend were well paid for their pains. President French occupied his accustomed seat on the platform, and in the absence of Miss Alice Smith, George Rogers presided at the organ. Interesting addresses were made by a number present, after which the meeting came to a close.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Peter V. Weaver and William H. Brown of North Plainfield, are today chasing weak fish at Sewaren.

Officer Lynch was laid up yesterday with the cramps, but he reported for duty as usual this morning.

During Dr. Geo. W. Endicott's absence from the city, Dr. W. H. Murray is attending to his patients.

Among the recent patents issued to Jerseymen was one to Mr. F. S. Ruttman of this city, for a tripod.

The beautiful new residence of Dr. W. E. Stelle on Park avenue, will be a model of its kind when completed.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie M. Daniels are at home again from Pine Hill, near Kingston, in Upper New York State.

Miss Emma K. Bowman has been appointed postmistress at Mount Freedom, N. J. This is a fourth-class office.

Rev. Mr. Honeyman and wife will leave again to-morrow for a week's absence at Mount Freedom, Morris county, N. Y.

Miss M. M. Godown of North Plainfield is recorded as being among the latest arrivals at the Resort House, Point Pleasant.

Mrs. G. Cole of Emily street, North Plainfield, is enjoying a season of rest and recreation among her many friends in Hunterdon county and vicinity.

Mr. E. T. Perine of Ninth street and Arlington avenue, struck out afoot yesterday for Central New Jersey. He will probably continue to strike out as long as the walking remains good.

Rev. J. H. Hector the eloquent colored divine, who has on several occasions delivered telling addresses in this city, will lecture for a short period for the benefit of the Starr King Monument fund.

Mrs. Margaretta P. Hesse, wife of Justus H. Hesse, died at her home on Seventh street, this morning. The funeral service will take place from her residence on Monday, the 22nd inst., at 2:30 p. m.

Mr. D. Hobart Sayre, the Union township assessor, had one of his eyes badly injured recently by a bolt from a thrashing machine flying out of its place, and striking him a severe blow in the face.

John Reinmann, an old resident of Mt. Bethel, died yesterday from hasty consumption, aged sixty-one years. He was well known in this locality and leaves a wife and eight children. The funeral will take place from the Mt. Bethel church on Sunday at two p. m.

Justice V. W. Nash returned from Richmond, Va., with his father to-day. Mr. Nash says that the railroad officials at Richmond did everything in their power for the comfort and convenience of his father and himself, and compromised the matter to the satisfaction of all the parties concerned.

Miss Carrie Stryker, one of the newly-appointed teachers of the Bound Brook public school, has asked the trustees to release her from her engagement, as from the care of her sister, during her long illness, she has become so worn out as to be unable to undertake the arduous duties of the schoolroom.

The beautiful plot of ground at the corner of Park and Crescent avenues, that was recently purchased by Mr. George Watson, is to be transformed into a handsome lawn. For many years the land has been allowed to remain idle, but after the new owner gets through with it, it is said, the change will be noticeable.

Sheriff Stiles' fig tree forms a centre of attraction for many persons who pass up and down East Front street every day. Some of the figs on the tree are so large and ripe that they have actually bursted open, and some persons think it is a shame to see the luscious fruit going to waste for want of some one to eat it.

Mr. George Washington Boorum dropped into our sanctum, recently, and the following words of wisdom fell from his lips: "Pride often miscalculates and more often misconceives. The proud man places himself at a distance from other men. Seen through that distance, others appear little to him, but he forgets that this very distance causes him to appear equally little to others."

Frank Howell who recently gave up a lucrative position with the Plainfield Electric Light Company to engage in the Electrical Supply business at Pittsburgh, was last week stricken down with typhoid fever, and was on Tuesday removed to his home at Madison, Indiana. Late advices from there report him to be in a critical condition. The young man was well known in this city, and during his stay here had won many warm friends.

Rev. and Mrs. W. E. Honeyman of Somerset street, returned last evening, after an absence of four weeks at Pine Hill, N. Y. Rev. Mr. Honeyman reports having had a delightful time and says that the "torrid heat" is unknown in that locality. Every night they were obliged to sleep under blankets in order to be comfortable, and a spring overcoat is required in the early morning. The other sojourners from this city now at Pine Hill are Messrs. J. W. Yates and family, James Clark, wife and Miss Gertie Lathrop, S. C. Milliken and family, and Miss Miller.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

As we stated yesterday Plainfield is very proud of its crack colored base ball club, the Stars, and it is more than ever proud of the players now, since they sent the Somerville team home sick yesterday. Although the Somervillians may be considered a strong nine in their own rural district, they should have known better than to come down here with the expectation of carrying away any of the laurels of the game. At any rate they should have left the "hay seeds" at home. When the visitors stood up before William Kline and Frank Nelson, constituting the battery for the Stars, at the time of calling the game, on the Park avenue grounds yesterday afternoon, there was a noticeable shrinkage in the players, and as the ball whizzed past the home plate, one after another of the visiting team became dazed and struck out regardless of the consequence. oftentimes, it is said, attempting to make a home run on a foul ball. Before the close of the game, however, the Somerville men began to warm up, and at the end the score stood 33 to 14 in favor of the Stars. Following is the score in detail, the star (*) indicating that the player was left on base.

STARS.

S. Peterson	1	1	1	0	0	0	*0	*0	1
T. Martin	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0
W. Kline	0	1	1	*0	0	*0	0	0	1
E. Martin	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
C. Kline	1	0	0	*0	0	0	0	1	1
W. Jones	0*	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
F. Nelson	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1
A. Atkins	1	0	*0	0	1	0	0	1	1
P. Randolph	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
	5	4	7	1	1	1	1	5	8

SOMERVILLE.

W. Hall	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	*0
J. Schenck	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
J. Kline	0*	0	1	*0	0	1	0	1	0
S. Vanderveer	0	0	0	*0	0	*0	0	1	0
S. Marrott	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	*0	0
C. Laine	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
G. Laine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
S. Rogers	0	*0	*0	0	0	0	0	0	1
G. Tims	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1
	1	0	5	0	0	3	0	3	2

SCORE BY INNINGS:

STARS	5	4	7	1	1	1	5	8	—33
SOMERVILLE	1	0	5	0	0	3	0	3	2—14

Umpire—Lewis Peterson.
Scorer—Eli Odam.
Time of Game—2 hours and 15 minutes.
(*)—Left on base.

CENTRALS vs. TWILIGHTS.

The game of base ball between "Sam" Allen's nine, the "Centrals" of this city, and the "Twilights" of Scotch Plains yesterday afternoon, was not all one-sided as some people supposed it would be. The Captain of the Centrals, it is said, even predicted a whitewash for the Twilighters, but to use the common expression, he "got left." The Centrals were composed of such men as Babcock, Lee, Winn, Buckley, and other equally well known players about the city. The "Buckwheats," however, proved themselves fully equal to the emergency, and creditably "filled the bill." The latter club has already won twelve consecutive games this season, and they did not come all the way from Scotch Plains to be bulldozed. Much more they were determined to defend the little hamlet which they represent, and from the appearance of the official score as published below it will be seen, that the town was ably defended. Some little difficulty was occasioned by selecting an empire which did not altogether suit one side, but finally this obstacle was overcome, and the game ran smoothly along until the end of the game when the score stood 16 to 8 in favor of the Twilights. The score by innings is as follows:

SCORE BY INNINGS:

Twilights	0	0	3	2	0	4	4	3	0	—16
Centrals	1	0	2	0	3	0	0	1	1	— 8

They Got There all the Same.

The latest advices from Messrs. Runyon and Stevens, two young men from this city, who have been "hoofing it" to Pennsylvania this week, report a series of experiences barely equaled by any of the explorers who have gone before them. The hardships and perils of DeLong, Gordon and Stanley, sink to insignificance beside their report of Tuesday's and Wednesday's walk. The total number of wild animals killed in those days was eighty-two—exclusive of mosquitoes and other insects of like harmless nature. Among the number is included eleven rattlesnakes, twelve dogs, seven cats, three rabbits, a bear, two wild men, (escaped from a circus) and sixteen cat-fish. The first evening the careful Jersey farmers refused them admission to their houses, or even barns, and the only alternative was to lie out under the soft, shimmering starlight, counting the revolutions of the katy-dids' cylinders per minute. Finally, locked in each other's embrace, they fell asleep, only to waken with the sun to new perils. On the second day the bear and the wild men were slain, and weak from excitement and joy from the fray, they reached their destination with thankful hearts and well-frayed pantaloons. They report that Pennsylvania scenery and young ladies' society is "just immense."

—The Active base ball club of North Plainfield will play the Madisons of Elizabeth, on the Somerset street grounds to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

State Agricultural Society.

The New Jersey State Agricultural Society gave an informal reception and dinner to the press on Wednesday, at the Waverly Fair Grounds. Nearly all the New Jersey and several New York newspapers were represented. President E. A. Wilkinson said that aside from bringing about a pleasant social reunion the object of the occasion was to explain to the press some of the work of the society and what it proposed to do in the future. Secretary P. T. Quinn said that various improvements about the grounds had relieved the Treasurer of much responsibility, and, though the first dividend on the stock was yet to be declared, the Society was by no means discouraged. Wm. Walter Phelps was singled out from among the guests for the next speech, and gave an entertaining history of New Jersey's agriculture. "When the opening of the railroads," he said, "brought the Western States into competition with New Jersey in the growth of cereals the Society urged a change to cultivation of garden vegetables. The result was exceedingly profitable to the producers for several years; but the fast trains were put on, and the West begun growing vegetables and shipping them to Eastern markets. Once more the Agricultural Society came to New Jersey's aid, and instructed the farmers to begin to growing fruit. This they are doing now to their greatest advantage." Congressman James Buchanan also spoke at some length, and he was followed by a dozen or more of the other guests. At the close of the dinner the party adjourned to the grand stand to view the races of the New Jersey Trotting Horse Breeders' Association.

Yesterday was the second day of the meeting, but the threatening clouds and occasional bursts of rain kept many persons from attending. Nevertheless there was some excellent trotting. The Judges were Messrs. J. C. Shaw, A. V. Sargeant and A. de Cordova. The Marshal was Austin Moore, of Somerville, N. J.

Nearly an Accident on the Central Road.

A passenger train on the Central Railroad which leaves Elizabeth at 5:20 p. m., narrowly escaped wrecking the draw on the Newark Bay Bridge and probably tumbling some of the cars into the water on Wednesday afternoon. A coal train was crossing the draw just in advance of a passenger train, and when the latter train was partly over the draw, the man in charge began to turn the draw so as to allow a steamer to pass through. The engineer of the passenger train, seeing the danger, instantly reversed his lever and moved his train back on the bridge. Had the locomotive gone ahead a little further the draw would in all probability have swung around with the train on it, the weight of which would have smashed the structure.

A Temperance Camp Meeting.

The temperance people of Bergen and Rockland county, N. Y., have arranged for a ten day's camp meeting. The camp will be opened August 24th, and closed September 4th. Interesting meetings and noted speakers for the cause of temperance and prohibition are promised for each evening. Among those expected to deliver addresses are ex-Gov. John P. St. John, of Kansas; Mary T. Burt, President of the Women's Christian Temperance Union; John B. Finch, Rolla Kirk Bryan, the famous chalk talker, of Michigan; Robert Drunsfield, of Glasgow, Scotland; A. G. Lawson, of Boston; Geo. R. Scott, of the New York *Witness*; Stephen Merritt, Rev. J. C. Price, the distinguished colored orator; Anthony Comstock, E. J. Wheeler, of the *Voice*; Hon. Chauncey Schaffer of this city, and others.

The Ten Cent Circus.

Many persons were present at the Hurlburt, Hunting and Frost circus last night. The exhibition throughout is all that is claimed for it. About as much satisfaction can be had in witnessing it as is obtained in most of the great high price shows, where the display is largely outside. The acrobatic and trapeze performances are up to the average, and any one of the other features of the show is worth the admission charged for the whole. Prof. Hurlburt's educated horses and dogs furnish an amusing entertainment, and is alike interesting and instructive. Bob Hunting, the clown, keeps the audience in continual laughter. To-night another opportunity will be given to witness the exhibition.

New Jersey Druggists.

The New Jersey State Board of Pharmacy held its annual meeting at Leland's Ocean Hotel, Long Branch, on Wednesday. The officers of last year were re-elected. The following pharmacists were registered upon presentation of their diplomas from schools of pharmacy: Arthur H. Steine, Long Branch; John W. Batchelder, Long Branch; Rudolph E. Wilhelm, Jersey City; William Vincent Dee, Red Bank; George A. Sleinicken, Elizabeth; Henry F. Spaecker, Camden. Seven candidates were examined, but none passed.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

A STEAMSHIP BURNED AT SEA.

LIVERPOOL, August 19.—The steamship City of Montreal, of the Inman Line, from New York August 6, for this port, was burned at sea.

QUEENSTOWN, August 19.—The steamer York City arrived here today with the news of the burning of the City of Montreal. She had on board the crew and passengers of the ill-fated steamer, with the exception of thirteen, who perished. The York City was *en route* to London from Baltimore. There were no cabin passengers on the ill-fated vessel, but there were about twenty-five intermediate passengers and about 100 on the steerage list.

DESCRIPTION OF THE VESSEL.

The burned vessel was built by Tolley and Co., at Glasgow, Scotland, in September, 1871. She was a screw steamer, built of iron, and had nine bulkheads. She had compound engines, of 600 horse power, and which were fed by nine large boilers. Her dimensions were: Length, 419 feet; breadth of beam, 44 feet, and depth of hold, 34 feet. She was last surveyed in this city in November, 1885. She was built for the Inman Line. Her tonnage was 3,027, and she had four decks.

New Jersey Cycling Association.

Racing wheelmen from all over the country will be present at the Roseville bicycle track to-morrow afternoon. The tournament will be held under the auspices of the New Jersey Cycling and Athletic Association. The races will be twelve in number, as follows: One mile novice, one-half mile amateur, one-mile championship Bloomfield Cyclers, two-mile amateur handicap, one-mile professional handicap, one-mile tandem tricycle, one-mile amateur handicap, one-mile championship New Jersey Wheelmen, one-mile amateur lap race, two-mile professional handicap, club race and one-mile amateur consolation. Among prominent amateurs entered are Crist, of Washington; Rich, of Staten Island; Hall, of Brooklyn; Pavers, of New York; Struken, of Jersey City; Lamb, of Smithville; Hardiag, of Hartford; Midgley, of Worcester; Foster, of Canada; Wilhelm, of Reading, and Van Wagoner, of Millerville. All these are warranted to make the mile in the neighborhood of 2.40. Besides the regular programme, Rowe, the Champion, will give an exhibition mile to beat his own record. The racing begins at 3:30 p. m.

Cigarette Smoking.

The number of small boys in this city who are daily seen on the streets smoking cigarettes, is greatly on the increase. Where the boys get the cigarettes is not known, as a general law approved March 22d, 1883, prohibits dealers from selling them to any minor under sixteen years of age. Following is the law.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey that hereafter no person or persons in this State shall knowingly sell any cigar or cigarette, or tobacco in any of its forms, to any minor under the age of sixteen years.

2. And be it enacted, That if any person or persons in this State shall violate the provisions of this act, he, she or they shall be liable to a penalty of $20 for each and every such offense, such penalty to be sued for by and in the name of the parent or guardian of such minor, in any court of competent jurisdiction in this State, such penalty to go to the County Collector for the use of the county wherein the violation of the act occurs.

New Postage Stamps and Envelopes

The Post Office Department, about Sept. 15, will make certain changes in the color and design of some of the adhesive stamps and impressed stamps upon envelopes. The two cent stamp now issued in red will be changed to green. The three cent stamp now in green will be changed to vermilion. The design will remain unchanged. In stamped envelopes, the two cent envelope will be changed from red to green; the four cent envelope from green to carmine; the five cent from brown to dark blue; the thirty cent from black to brown, and the ninety cent from carmine to purple. The design of the stamped envelopes will also be the same as now, except with the one, two, four and five cent denominations. The heads on these stamps have been re-engraved and have a slightly different appearance from the old stamps. The ornamentation around them is also slightly different.

Relief at Last.

Persons who are troubled with mosquitoes in their bed chambers at night, will be glad to learn that an effective remedy has been brought about, as the following from an exchange will indicate: To remove mosquitoes from a room, mix four ounces of oil of cloves, two ounces of oil of peppermint, three ounces of oil of lavender, eight ounces of capsicum, eight ounces of camphor, half a pint of spirits of turpentine and half a pound of insect powder. Catch the mosquitoes and give them half a teaspoonful every fifteen minutes. As soon as they begin to show signs of paralysis hit them tenderly with a paving stone. They can then be removed from the room without danger.

LABORERS AT SYRACUSE

THE SOCIALISTIC ELEMENT AGAIN DEFEATED.

They Are Given No Show at all in the United Labor Party Convention. McMackin in the Chair.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 19.—The committee on credentials, a strongly anti-socialistic body, met at 9 o'clock. The eighth district was taken up first and several hours were spent in listening to the testimony of the socialistic and anti-socialistic delegates from it. The socialists claimed that their men were fairly elected and asserted that their opponents were not.

A spirited debate followed, and a motion was adopted by a vote of 15 to 8. The anti-socialistic delegates from the tenth district, August W. Mayer, Thomas Baur and John Bruenig were declared to be entitled to seats as against S. E. Shevitch, Max Boehm and Lawrence Groemlund, socialists. The committee also declared that William McCabe and Dr. Denis J. Quirk, the anti-socialists from the 14th district were entitled to seats and that Geo. Block and Walter Vrooman, socialists, were ineligible. William J. Boyhan, of the Eighteenth district was declared ineligible, being an office holder. The socialists waited outside of the room to the end, and they went away cursing Henry George, Dr. McGlynn and John McMackin. After ward nine members of the committee who had supported the socialists met, and drew up a minority report recommending the admission of the socialists.

It was 10 o'clock when the convention was called to order by chairman L. F. Post. The Rev. Dr. McGlynn, genial and happy, occupied a front seat in the space reserved for delegates. Henry George, John McMackin, W. T. Croasdale, Thomas Moran, James Archibald, and James Magee, master workman of district 75, sat near him.

W. T. Croasdale, of the credentials committee, took the platform and read his report, which sealed the fate of the socialistic delegates. It declared that all the socialist delegates had been rejected, evoking loud applause and socialist hisses. The reason given was that the socialists owed allegiance to another political party.

Ed. Finkelstone asked the floor to present the minority report. "Take the platform," shouted a dozen pro-socialists, and Finkelstone obeyed. The substance of his report was that the socialists should be admitted and that McMackin's anti-socialist decision was illogical.

Thomas Moran's motion to admit the majority report, Dr. Severson's amendment to admit Socialist George Block and reject his colleagues, and William Penn Roger's amendment to admit all the socialists, were fired at the chairman in less than a minute. William Clarke arose and proceeded to lash socialism. Waving a red covered constitution of the socialist party over his head he thundered out:

"It is high time that we should take this bull of socialism by the horns and let it be understood once for all that the workingmen of America will never indorse the wild theories of socialism." [Applause.] "One plank of this platform demands that all machinery, property, factories and means of production shall be owned by the government. I decline to belong to a party which wants my coat to be owned by the community. Another plank in their platform that encourages divorce is rotten and disgraceful." (Cheers and socialistic cries of "No, no!") "Then why do you speak of it in your platform?" continued the speaker. "The members of the united labor party are loyal American citizens, and as such they can never indorse socialism.

Socialist Louis Berliner flew into a passion and charged the united labor party with cowardice. He was a socialist and proud of it. He dared the party to expel his colleagues, who would battle down prejudice.

Augustus A. Levy renewed the anti-socialistic attack, ending with a motion to allow each of the socialists and the men who contested their seats five minutes to talk.

A rural delegate said the motion was null because Levy was only an alternate. James H. McGee made the motion and, in seconding it, Henry George said he heartily approved of the idea of giving the socialists the widest latitude. The motion was adopted. To a delegate who asked Mr George if it was wise to give the socialists the floor he said all they needed to kill themselves was a chance to talk.

George Block, the first socialist to take the platform, said: "If I hold socialistic views that is no one's business. The cry of socialism was not raised until some of Mr. George's friends were defeated in the race for delegates. You ought to be thankful to the socialists." [Cries of "Oh, Rats."] "This resort to excommunication is in bad taste for a party which has identified itself with a man [pointing at Dr. McGlynn] who was excommunicated because he differed in politics with his holiness." [Loud hisses greeted this reference to Dr. McGlynn, who laughed heartily].

Hugo Noight, a thin, boyish-faced socialist, from the Eighth district, followed Block. He modestly claimed that the socialists were the only pure men in the world, and that they started the political labor movement. Strenuous objection was raised to Walter Vrooman, the socialist boy orator, when he climbed on the platform, but at Mr. George's request he was granted five minutes' time. He said:

"Of late there has been a growing disposition in labor circles to sit on the socialists. You will find out that they will not be sat upon."

S. E. Shevitch, the handsome and dignified Russian nihilist, who runs the socialist party in New York asked if he might take the time allowed two of his colleagues. The privilege was granted and Shevitch said: "The last speaker said that an attempt is being made to sit down upon socialists. Go ahead and you will find socialists very hard cushions to sit upon. Socialists are used to hard knocks. You will ruin the united labor party beyond hope in New York if you reject the socialists who ask admission here. Your evident purpose is to force the most honest end sincere men in your party out of it." ["Oh, that is rank nonsense," remarked Dr. McGlynn.] "If you expel them you will do incalculable injury to the labor movement."

The speaker then made a reference to the Catholic ecclesiastical machine. A dozen delegates protested against an attack on any religion. Mr. Shevitch continued: "I certainly would not reflect on religion in the presence of the great man, Dr. McGlynn, who honors us with his presence. Beware of the attempt which is being made to make the united labor party a mere reform movement. Go ahead, repel the socialists, and take the consequences. All the brains of the nation are in the great cities, and to the cities we must look for help. The farmers are not intelligent enough to catch an idea. Expel and brand us, and you will regret it. It would be just as criminal for you to expel us as it would have been for the republicans to expel the abolitionists. Do not commit a folly. The socialists have no ambition under God's heaven but to serve labor's cause." [Cheers.]

Henry George attempted to get the floor, but Chairman Post rapped him down. August W. Mayer, leader of the anti-socialistic element in the Tenth district, took the floor next. It was Mr. Mayer, who, as president of his district, decided that no member of the socialistic party could join the united labor party. He is one of the three men elected to take the places of the socialistic delegates from his district. He ridiculed the pretensions of the socialists to being the brains and honesty of the labor movement. He said that their claim to being the originators of the united labor party were infamous falsehoods, and that when five years ago it was proposed in the central labor union that workingmen should take political action, George Block, Ludwig Goblinowski, Henry Emrich and other socialists bitterly opposed political action. They said that anybody who wanted a labor party could join the socialist organization.

"The land question is the question of the hour," declared Mayer, "and upon it all workingmen can unite. Organize the toilers, educate them, and if they need a more radical platform they will make it themselves. They don't want a platform fixed up by socialists." [Prolonged applause.]

William McCabe, anti socialistic delegate from the fourteenth district, followed. He is foreman in Mr. George's printing office. He set the convention in a roar by saying that, in spite of their pretensions to honesty, when the socialists split off from the fourteenth district, they stole $30 and a seal belonging to the organization.

"That is false," shouted Socialist George Block. McCabe repeated his statement and shook his hand significantly at Block.

W. H. Autenreith, John N. Bogert and J. F. Clancy, anti-socialistic delegates, took five minutes each and poured rhetorical vitriol on the heads of their socialistic antagonists.

After several attempts John McMackin obtained the floor, and he said that his decision against the socialists was in accordance with the rules of the united labor party. The socialists condemned rings and caucuses, but nothing could be viler than the methods they had used to elect delegates.

A recess was taken at 1:30, and the discussion on Wakeman's pro-socialistic substitute was resumed when the delegates reconvened. Mr. George got the floor and said that while he favored the admission of Delegate Boyhan, he was opposed to Mr. Wakeman's substitute, which, he said, would settle nothing. "The issue has arisen," he declared, growing earnest, "and it must be settled. It is claimed that if the socialists are rejected labor's ranks will be divided. I have no such fears. The question is whether we are to have harmony or retain an incongruous element which will cause constant jangling.

So long as the socialists went our way we were willing to go with them; but now that they want us to go another road, we refuse. The socialists believe that the government should not only own the soil, but all machinery and means of production. I, for one, cannot and will not accept any such doctrines. [Applause.] This question must be settled; we cannot compromise. If we cannot get along with the socialists, and we cannot, we had better part company now. Their presence in our ranks will cause only constant wrangling. [Applause.]

Dr. McGlynn took the same stand. "Parties must be based on principles," he said. "The socialists agree on certain principles with us, but that is not enough, for we insist that they shall indorse our main principle. The question is whether the dog shall wag the tail or the tail the dog. If the tail is to wag the dog we must cut it off."

The previous question being moved and carried, the question of Socialist Block's admission was first voted upon. He was rejected by 91 to 86. Dr. McGlynn and Henry George voted against him. Boyhan's case came next and there were not over twenty votes against him.

Now came the test. The part of the Wakeman substitute which provided for the admission of socialists and anti-socialists who claimed to represent the eighth, tenth and fourteenth districts, was put. The anti-socialists were directed to sit on the right side of the hall and the pro-socialists on the left. It seemed as if the whole body went to the right. The vote was counted and was: Anti-socialist, 100; opposition, 54. Not over ten of the minority admitted that they were socialists. At least forty said they voted to admit the socialists for harmony's sake. Two openly acknowledged membership in the socialistic party.

When the vote was announced a ringing cheer went up and Dr. McGlynn prayed. The socialists prayed and shook their fists at the anti-socialists.

W. H. Autenreith, an anti-socialist of New York named John McMackin for permanent chairman, and James S. Magee eulogized and nominated John R. O'Donnell. Dr. McGlynn, Henry George, John J. Beulin and Wm. McCabe spoke urging McMackin's election as a tribute for his past services. Another speaker said he should be elected as an indorsement of his course with reference to the socialists.

He was elected receiving 111 votes as against 58 for O'Donnell. Dr. McGlynn, Mr. O'Donnell, and Dr. W. C. Wood, the finest looking men in the convention, escorted Mr. McMackin to the chair.

A recess was ordered at 6:30. On reassembling at 8 James Ryans, of Oswego, and Dr. W. C. Wood, of Fultonville, were elected permanent vice-chairmen, and John F. Burke, Thomas Sanford and Thomas Devine secretaries. A platform committee, made up of one man from each congressional district, was appointed. Dr. McGlynn, Henry George, James Redpath and John R. O'Donnell are on the committee.

A communication from the harmony committee of the union labor party, asking a conference with a view to harmony, was tabled without being read. It was afterward taken from the table and read. The members of the committee were denounced as vile political tricksters, whose presence anywhere, J. P. Archibald said, meant contamination.

A motion to inform the committee that the convention would not hold any communication with them was carried by 150 to 1. William Penn Rogers alone voted.

The committee on platform went into executive session at 11:15, in the Empire house. The session lasted until morning. Joseph W. Parker, of Chemung county, presented a resolution that the party place itself on record as being opposed to the state or municipal governments devoting public moneys to any other than public schools. It is thought Dr. McGlynn will support this motion.

The platform committee organized at midnight, Henry George presiding. The platform will demand the single land tax, government ownership of telegraphs, government control of issues of money, several planks of the Knights labor platform, and the principal planks of the Clarendon hall platform. About one hundred resolutions have been submitted to the committee.

IN A TERRIBLE PLIGHT.

A Swell Society Woman Discovers That Her Costume Is Washing Off.

The women under the parasols one day on Coney Island soon discovered that something was wrong, says the New York *Star*. As Mrs. B. took a souse up and down—she was not an expert swimmer—it was noticed that surrounding her the water took on varied colors.

"The dye is coming out of that gown," said one.

"I should say so," screamed another, "why, she'll dye us all."

"Never say dye," said a third; "rather will she the 'multitudinous seas incarnadine.'" But here she stopped, for one of the red splashes landed on her white suit and it was seen that a figure had come off intact.

"Why, Mrs. Billings," some one cried, "those patterns were just stuck on!"

Here some one caught hold of the dress. It turned a soft mass in her hand.

"Oh, heavens!" yelled Mrs. B., "It's washing off!"

"Squat down in the water!" screamed one.

"Fetch an umbrella!"

"Bring a barrel!"

"Who's drowning?" sung out Duncan De Witt De Wolf, the swell man of the party, dashing in among them.

You can't imagine what an excitement there was. Those on shore leveled their glasses, and every one in the water swam up. There was Billings all but melting into pulp. De Witt De Wolf ran up to the bath houses and got one of the old blue jeans things they rent for twenty-five cents to the men, and came back with it, and poor Mrs. Billings got into it and scuttled out of the water as soon as she could. Gobs of that Japanese dress were washed ashore, and most every one had a little red and green worsted ball that came off the scallops to keep as a souvenir of the event. The Japanese stuff was made of paper, it seems, and began to resolve itself the minute it was wet into the pulp it was originally composed of. It was a narrow escape for Mrs. Billings.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 19, 1887.

Brown, Elwood Mrs	McManus, B Mrs
Collins, R J	Moore, C L Mrs
Crane, C E Mrs	Murphy, W Mrs
Casey, Bridget	Rogers, Martha
Dubois, Amey Mrs	Scott, Rachel
Dodd, Samuel	Smith, John
Frazee, B	Thomas, Emily
Green, Geo	Tenon, E W Mrs
Harrison, Arenath	Walcher, M H
Hawkins, Lizzie	White, Mattie E
Kedslie, B Mrs	Welling, Carrie R

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.30, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

FOR SALE—ENGLISH COB, CART AND HARness, all in best order; owner gone West. Inquire N. W. PIKE, 122 E. Front street. 8-18-d1

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—*THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER* of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

PROPOSALS

FOR REPAIR OF SOMERSET STREET.

Sealed proposals for filling in washouts on Somerset street, near Demler's Hotel, will be received at the office of H. N. Spencer, collector, 52 Somerset street, or by members of the Township Committee, until Monday, Aug. 22d, 1887, at two p. m., when they will be opened at Demler's Hotel. Specifications can be seen at the Collector's office on and after Friday p. m., 19th inst. The Township Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. N. SPENCER,
8-18-d3 Township Clerk, *pro tem.*

The Excitement Not Over.

The rush at R. J. Shaw's still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Kemp's Balsam, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size, free.

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Tony Pastor's Great Show.

TONY PASTOR

AND HIS

EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

Secured personally by visit to the Capitols of the Old World. Every artist carefully selected by Tony Pastor himself. Also the Best of America's Specialty Stars, the whole

FORMING A DOUBLE SHOW.

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS.

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream: a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Torchon and Medeces Laces

AT

PECK'S.

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET. 10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

THE CORONER'S VERDICT

RESPONSIBILITY FOR CHATSWORTH'S HORROR.

The Company Let Down Easily and the Blame Fixed Upon Foreman Coughlan.

CHATSWORTH, Aug. 19.—The coroner's jury investigating the recent railroad accident has agreed on a verdict, which holds Section Foreman Timothy Coughlan to the grand jury, and negatively exonerates the company. The management is not censured for running a double-header, for a lax system of track inspection, or for anything else. The verdict simply says that the failure to patrol the track for six hours before the train came, and the habit of burning grass close to the track, are subjects for criticism. The three or four friends of the road on the jury had better staying qualities than the two or three who wanted to fix a portion of the blame on the management.

Coughlan was promptly arrested. He says he cannot give bail and will have to go to jail. He insists that the verdict is unjust; that he went over his entire section as ordered, and that no fires were built as near the ledge as Heald and Taggert testified.

Separate verdicts were made out for each of the victims. A portion of the jury's finding is as follows:

"We find that the wrecking of the train, which totally demolished eight coaches, one baggage car, and one engine and either killed or wounded most of the occupants of said coaches, was caused by the bridge having been burned out before the train struck it. We think from the evidence that the bridge was fired from fires left burning, which had been set as late as 5 o'clock that afternoon by the section men, as close as sixteen feet on both the east and the west sides of this bridge. We further find that the foreman of section 7, Timothy Coughlan, disobeyed positive orders from his superior to examine the track and bridges on his section the last thing on Wednesday, and we find that he did not go over the west two and a half miles at all on Wednesday, and that the said foreman, Coughlan, was guilty of gross and criminal carelessness in leaving fires burning along the track in such a dry season and with such a strong wind blowing.

We recommend that he be held for examination by the grand jury; and, further, it is the opinion of the jury that the leaving of the track without being patrolled for six hours before the passage of the excursion, and the setting of fires by the section men on such a dry and windy day as the 10th of August, 1887, were acts which deserve severe criticism."

Another victim of the Chatsworth wreck died at Fairbury. His name was Elton Waters, of Cattaraugus, N. Y. Until within a few days of the accident he was employed in a watch factory at Peoria. This makes the total number of verified deaths 79.

Saved Two Cents at the Cost of Dollars.

JAMESTOWN, Aug. 19.—Burt Harrington owns a farm near Westfield. When he buys anything he establishes the rule of fixing the price himself. Recently he entered the cigar store of John Spaulding, called for a five cent cigar, laid down three cents and walked out. Mr. Spaulding demanded the two cents due. Harrington laughed at him. The next day Harrington was served with a summons, and complaint for the two cents. He paid a lawyer $5 to defend him, furnished amusement for the village folks, paid a judgment of two cents and costs, and went home. Spalding will have a copy of the judgment with the two cents framed.

Killed by Lightning.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Aug. 19.—A singular freak of lightning, with fatal results, is reported from the neighborhood of Marion, Ark., a few miles across the river from Memphis. As a storm approached, the two sons of a colored farmer named Bendures, who were working in a field, unhitched their mule from the plow. Both mounted it and started for the house. When they were almost at the door a clap of thunder shook the earth, and at the same instant the boys and the mule were struck dead by a bolt of lightning.

The Firemen at Troy.

TROY, Aug. 19.—The city is alive with firemen to-day, companies arriving from all parts of the state to attend the tournament in connection with the state firemen's convention. The delegates to the convention went down the river on an excursion yesterday. Horse races were run at Rensselaer park, and were followed by hand engine contests. This morning there was a prize drill and hook and ladder contests. This afternoon there will be a grand parade of the state firemen.

Base Ball Gossip.

The Athletics have not been shut out this season.

"Buck" Ewing has failed to make a hit but once in eighteen games.

Big "Dan" Brouthers, of the Detroits leads the league batters, while his little brother leads the Uticas.

Pitcher Smith, the left-handed prodigy of the Cincinnatis, has won 21 out of 32 games in which he has played.

Detroit's second baseman, Fred Dunlap, has thrown away his crutches and threatens to play ball again in a few weeks.

President Spalding insinuates that Detroit and Indianapolis will remain in the league next season. Spalding ought to know.

Anson, Ryan and Glasscock are the latest additions to the 100-base hitters. Thompson, of Detroit, has made 140 and Brouthers 121.

Nineteen triples ornament the batting record of Roger Connor, the Giants' first baseman, while Detroit's big fielder Thompson is credited with eighteen.

A broken finger will rob the New Yorks of Ewing's services long enough to make the team miss him.

Three league players are having a race as home run hitters. So far Morrell, of Boston; O'Brien, of Washington, and Brouthers, of Detroit, are tie with twelve each.

Brouthers, of the Detroits, has done darling base running this season. He recently stole second base three times in one game, a remarkable performance for so large a man.

The Detroits are the first club in the country during the season of 1887 that have played a game free from passed balls, wild pitches, bases on balls or bases on being hit by a pitched ball.

It cost the Cincinnati team $496 to jump the team from New York to St. Louis the other day. Before the interstate commerce bill was enacted the trip could have been made for half the money.

Doescher thinks the hooting and hissing will drive all good men out of the umpiring business. Not if the salary was raised to $2,000 per season. There are many ambitious persons who would stand a little hooting for such a consideration.

The following league players have made twenty or more two-base hits this season: Hines, of Washington, 27; Thompson, of Detroit, 25; Wise, of Boston, 21, and Anson, of Chicago; Connor, of New York; Denny, of Indianapolis, and Morrell, of Boston, 20 each.

MATTERS IN EUROPE

THE LAST ROUND OF THE LAND BILL FIGHT.

Amendments of the Lords Accepted. United Ireland's Advice—Legislation Abandoned—General Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 19.—The land bill was reported to the house. Mr. Balfour announced that the government accepted the lords' amendment to the bill relating to town parks.

The amendment was opposed by Mr. O'Doherty and Sir William Harcourt, the latter accusing Mr. Balfour of gross ignorance in asserting that no tenant had a right to town lands. It was high time, he said, that the Irish people demanded home rule when they found their rulers so ignorant of the principles upon which land was held.

Mr. Goschen spoke in support of the amendment.

Mr. T. M. Healy said that the Irish towns were so rapidly falling into decay that it was mockery to call them towns. The name "town park," he said, was merely a dodge to enable landlords to evade fixing a fair rent.

Mr. Balfour's motion to accept the amendment was carried by a vote of 206 to 164.

Sir James Fergusson, under foreign secretary, stated that the government was negotiating with France for a settlement of the differences in regard to the Gambia river territory.

Mr. W. H. Smith announced that the government would abandon for the present session the Tithe bill, the rent charge bill, the technical education bill, Mr. Goschen's revenue collection bill, the Irish constabulary bill, and other minor measures, and indicated the measures it intended to proceed with, among which he mentioned the allotments bill.

Sir Henry Holland, colonial secretary, replying to a question, said that the queen had advised that the colony of Queensland assume sovereignty over New Guiena.

WHAT IS THE CZAR GOING TO DO

He is Advised to Make Serious Trouble for Prince Ferdinand.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 19.—The *Journal de St. Petersbourg* says that the view taken by the Berlin *North German Gazette* of Prince Ferdinand's manifesto is clear and correct, and declares the proclamation to be a veritable act of defiance and an exhortation to Bulgarians to evade all their engagements. Prince Ferdinand, it says, appears to have realized that his rupture with public rights is complete, and continues precipitately and blindly in his path of adventure.

The Moscow *Gazette* urges the Russian government to act with vigor in regard to Bulgaria. The occupation of Bulgaria is needless as yet, it says, but Turkey should be held responsible for the violation of the Berlin treaty, and threatened with the occupation of Trebizonde and Erzeroum unless order be restored in Bulgaria.

United Ireland's Advice to Landlords.

DUBLIN, Aug. 29.—United Ireland urges landlords to embrace their last chance and confess that home rule is inevitable. It advises them to appoint a committee to meet Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Parnell, and Lord Salisbury in a round table conference and submit to them suggestions regarding their wishes and to make the best of the situation. The result will be, it says, the election in a few weeks of a home rule house of commons and the opening of an Irish parliament in 1888. If the landlords fraternized with the national league they might still influence the structure of the party parliament which will follow, whether the landlords like or dislike it.

THE FALL OF AN ELEVATOR.

A Woman Killed, a Man Fatally Hurt and Eleven Girls Injured.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—The elevator in Sidenberg's collar and ruching manufactory, No. 47 Mercer street, fell from the third story with one man and twenty women on board. A boy who saw the accident notified a policeman standing near and the officer hastened to the scene.

Upon approaching, a most horrible and sickening sight was presented. The door at which the policeman looked in led to an elevator shaft. At the bottom of the shaft lay the elevator, and piled upon it, struggling, clutching and uttering the most agonizing groans and cries for help, was a mass of human beings, twenty-one in number.

For a moment the officer was transfixed with horror at the sight. Then recovering he rushed into the large show room and ran downstairs to the basement where the mangled human mass lay. Two or three of the women had managed to extricate themselves from the pile of half dead women, and with the policeman began to lend assistance to their companions.

One woman, Mrs. James Lynch, aged fifty-six years, of 297 Mulberry street, was unconscious, and two minutes after she was taken from the death trap and laid upon the stone floor blood began to flow from her mouth and she died.

After the women had been taken upstairs to the show-rooms attention was turned to John O'Neil, the elevator man. He was found to be badly injured and an ambulance call was sent out. His spine was fractured and in an unconscious condition he was taken to St. Vincent's hospital.

The others, nineteen in all, were more or less seriously injured. They were at first taken to the different apartments of the four-story building in which they worked. Afterward carriages were called by Mr. Sidenberg, and they were conveyed to their several homes.

A Great Scarcity of Fruit.

CHICAGO, Aug 19.—The *Tribune* this morning says the fruit dealers of the United States have been placed in an unprecedented situation. Except in California, the fruit crops throughout the country have failed. In Chicago, as elsewhere, stocks of dried and preserved are about exhausted, and owing to the very small amount of labor on the Pacific coast, cannot be replaced, although wholesale prices have risen from 10 to 15 per cent. Canned goods, especially fruits, are apparently going to retail during the winter at fully 50 per cent. above the prices obtained a year previous. According to the *Tribune* an increase of 25 per cent. to California's last year's pack will not be sufficient to prevent the threatened canned fruit famine in the east.

The Regatta at Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., Aug. 19.—The royal Nova Scotia yacht squadron has decided to sail all the races on the programme for the jubilee regatta in two days. The event will accordingly occur on Friday and Saturday. The races on Friday will include those for the cups contributed by New York and Boston citizens. The second day will be occupied by the principal race, and for the Halifax jubilee cup.

OLD COLOROW FULL OF FIGHT.

He is Said to be Trying to Involve Several Tribes in War with the Whites.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 19.—The White River Utes have sent runners to the Uncompagre camp and the Blackfoot, Sioux, Crow, and other tribes in Colorado, Wyoming, Montana, and Idaho for aid. Colorow knows that he must fight, and says this will be a decisive war and will end the Indian question forever. He has determined it is said to have other tribes brought into the present difficulty, and while the outbreak has been local so far, he wants to make it a national one. The runners are reported to have started for the camps of other tribes from Yellow Jacket Pass on Sunday night. Duncan Blair, a white ranchman, who married a Ute squaw, and who is said to be popular with the Utes, is alleged to have reported this to be a fact.

A Successful Swindler.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 19.—Alvin Thurston is the name of a dashing young man who is very much wanted by the police of this city and the authorities of Belleville, Ill. A few months ago he appeared here and represented himself as the agent of the Creditors' Protective association of Kansas City. The association furnished mercantile reports to subscribers, and Thurston hustled around for subscribers at $10 a head. He secured several hundred in St. Louis, and then transferred his operations to Bellville, Ill., where he was equally successful. Then he disappeared, and it was found that the creditors' protective association had repudiated him several months before his appearance here. He is believed to have secured about $4,000 in the vicinity.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Mr. Parnell has returned from Ireland to attend the debate on the land bill.

Billy Moloney is a guest at the Russell house, Ottawa. He is said to be contented and happy.

The free delivery system has been ordered to be established on Oct. 1 in Hudson and Middletown, N. Y.

The primate of the Bulgarian church at Constantinople has published an encyclical letter declaring Prince Ferdinand an usurper.

During a drunken row at Bloomfield, Conn., Martin Ryan split his son Jerry's skull with an axe. Jerry will die and Ryan is under arrest.

Secretary and Mrs. Whitney gave a reception to the officers of the North Atlantic squadron at Bar Harbor. Admiral Luce was not present.

Eleven roustabouts undertook to cross the Ohio river at Cincinnati in a skiff. A passing steamer swamped the skiff, and three of them were drowned.

Brooks, alias Maxwell, the famous chloroformer of Preller, turned his attention to religious matters about a month ago and was received into the Catholic church.

A bridge under construction on the Ohio Valley railroad, five miles south of Marion, Ky., fell, killing one man and fatally injuring three others.

Sheriff Charles Lynch of Alpena, Mich., who was shot by "Blinkey" Morgan during the struggle of capturing the Ravenna assassins, has died in the hospital at Detroit.

Three hundred Munsons held a family reunion at New Haven, Conn., yesterday. They are descendants of Capt. Thomas Munson, who settled in Connecticut 250 years ago.

Letters were received in London yesterday from Henry M. Stanley, dated June 19, from Yambuya, a village near the rapids of the Aruwimi, reporting himself and party all well.

One of the crooks arrested in Troy during the firemen's convention has been recognized as John J. Welch, who is wanted in Massachusetts for the murder of a man named Roarke, near East Brookfield.

The Nebraska prohibitionists have nominated a full state ticket, with Judge C. F. Abbott for supreme judge. Mrs. Bittenbender, of Lincoln, was nominated for judge of the second judicial district.

The Rev. Dr. Burton of Park church, Hartford, Conn., is in a critical condition from the effects of a driving accident three weeks ago. Two of his ribs were broken and pneumonia has set in. Fatal results are feared.

The revolutionary movement in Russia continues to spread rapidly, especially among students and priests. The minister of the interior has ordered that a close watch be kept on academies, schools and other institutions.

The Rev. B. K. Pierce, editor of *Zion's Herald*, Boston, has resigned, to take effect on Jan. 1. He will be succeeded by the Rev. Dr. D. A. Goodsell, who has for some years been the literary editor of the *Christian Advocate* of New York.

John Bosker, aged 35, of Plains township, Pa., pushed open the door of the Wilkesbarre hospital and staggered in with three bullet holes in his head. He died without regaining consciousness. In his delirium he said he had been murdered for his money. There is no clue to the identity of his murderer.

Patrick Derkin, aged 71, a well-to-do farmer residing near Cascade, Dubuque county, Iowa, left a neighbor's house one stormy night last February for home. That was the last seen of him until yesterday, when his headless and dismembered body was found at the edge of a creek 900 yards from his house. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

The German agent at Sofia has been instructed to continue administrative relations with the Bulgarian government, but to avoid anything of a nature that might lead Prince Ferdinand to suppose that Germany was holding official relations with him. The French consuls in Bulgaria have been instructed to discontinue even business relations with the government.

James O'Neill, the actor, has brought suit against Jacob Litt, manager of the academy, at Milwaukee, Wis., to recover $5,000 damages for infringement of copyright. The alleged offense was committed last fall, when Mr. Litt engaged Stevenson to play at the academy in a version of "Monte Cristo" which O'Neill claims to be identical with the one on which he holds the copyright.

Capt. Renard, chief of the military balloon service in the French camp at Chalons-sur-Marne, has invented mechanism for steering and propelling balloons which will enable them to resist wind blowing at the velocity of ten metres per second. In order to preserve the secret of his invention, Capt. Renard has the various parts of his device made at different places, and puts them together himself.

An 8-year-old daughter of John Schmidt, a ranchman on Colotto Creek, near Victoria, Tex., was sent out to drive up a horse. The horse ran away, and, throwing her to the ground, dragged her after him, mutilating the body almost beyond recognition. One arm was torn off, and at last accounts had not been found. About three years ago a young son of Mr. Schmidt was killed while feeding his father's gin, and later on another one had an arm torn off while performing the same duty. Later on still the gin was burned to the ground.

J. F. Riley, a newspaper man from Washington, who has been in Omaha for two months, was arrested on a charge of embezzling $30,000 from the Union Trust Company of Philadelphia. He was arrested as James N. Taggart on information furnished by Pinkerton. On examination Mr. Riley proved that he was not Taggart, and Edward L. Perkins of the trust company failed to identify him. As soon as released Mr. Riley brought suit against the trust company for $10,000, and got service on Perkins. Suit will be commenced against Pinkerton for a like amount.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

EMILE BERCKMANS,
Teacher of Piano.
For Terms, etc., address P. O. Box 1164, Plainfield, N. J. my10y1

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

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Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

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Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c., Paper Hanging A Specialty.
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Bookseller and Stationer.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
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Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

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The Grocer.
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MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths.
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.31, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 6.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.13, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.30, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.35, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.00, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.30, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.

H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN PIANOS and ORGANS, FOR 30 DAYS, AT A. VANDERBEEK'S, 33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES, WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
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SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
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Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
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Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

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Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

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CARPENTER and BUILDER.
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ROBERT JAHN,
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BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. my10tf

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Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

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House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
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BOOTS AND SHOES AT
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New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
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J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh Fish* every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

'TIS CHANGE, 'TIS REVOLUTION.

A Great Shaking Up and Shifting About of League Clubs.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Yesterday's ball games resulted in several changes in the standing of the clubs. The failure of the Bostons to play and Philadelphia's victory over New York caused the Bostons to drop to fifth place, and the same victory and defeat make the New York and Philadelphia clubs tie for third place. The Detroits moved up a peg by defeating Indianapolis, and the Chicagos went down one by being defeated by Pittsburg. The Boston-Washington game was prevented by rain.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 19.—Two facts were made apparent in the game here—that is, that the Phillies are just now playing a great game and creeping toward the top and that the New York giants have struck another streak of very bad luck in the temporary loss of three of its best men: Ewing has a broken finger, Connor is sick, and Keefe's side is so lame it was decided not to put him in the box for fear he would be laid up for a long time. Fortunately Welch is in good form now, but having pitched the day before he could not be used. So it came about that George and Brown formed the battery and the young twirler was punished for 21 hits with a total of 23 and he sent nine men to bases on balls. Dorgan covered first base. There were three brilliant plays in the game. Irwin stopped a hot ball from Richardson's bat in the second inning as it was going over second base, and threw the runner out at first. Fogarty made a great running catch from Gore's bat in the fifth inning and in the seventh Farrar closed the inning by stopping a lightning drive, also from Gore's bat. At the bat Irwin led with three singles, Gunning made a two baser and three phantoms. Only one of Fogarty's hits was real. Dorgan led New Yorks' batting with a single and a two baser, and Gore made two singles. The summary:

Philadelphia	4	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	3	—11
New York	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	—2

Base hits—Philadelphia 21, New York 8. Earned runs—Philadelphia 3, New York 2. Errors—Philadelphia 3, New York 4.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 19.—Detroit defeated the home team easily 7 to 1. Detroit made 15 hits and 2 errors, and Indianapolis 6 hits and 2 errors. Boyle and Getzien were the pitchers.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 19.—Chicago received a setback at the hands of the home club being defeated 2 to 1. McCormick and Baldwin were the pitchers. Pittsburg made 12 hits and 3 errors, and Chicago 6 hits and 2 errors.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—There were but two association games yesterday. Louisville defeated Cincinnati 5 to 4; Cleveland defeated Baltimore 10 to 8.

International league—Newark 5, Hamilton 2; Syracuse 4, Buffalo 0; Rochester 8, Scranton 4; Binghamton 9, Wilkesbarre 7; Jersey City 2, Toronto 11.

A Dinner to Mr. Trotter.

BOSTON, Aug. 19.—A dinner was given to Recorder James M. Trotter, of Washington, at Young's last evening by leading colored citizens of Boston. Mr. E. E. Brown called the gathering to order, and E. G. Walker presided. Speeches were made by these gentlemen, Recorder Trotter, Lewis Hayden, and several others. About thirty persons were present.

Large Smelting Works Erected.

TACOMA, W. T., Aug. 19.—Dennis Ryan, the St. Paul millionaire, and a company of eastern capitalists began the erection of the largest smelting and reduction works in the country at Tacoma yesterday. The capital stock of the company is placed at $2,000,000, and the works are to turn out 400 tons of iron daily.

Industrial Items.

Cigarmakers' union No. 90 of New York, contributed $25 toward the payment of the expenses of impecunious socialistic delegates to the united labor party convention at Syracuse.

Cigarmakers' union No. 30 has ordered all its members who have been in the country long enough to be entitled to the rights of citizenship to take out their papers at once.

A conference of the pressmen and feeders of New York will shortly be held to debate on the question of working nine hours a day. Three delegates will be allowed from each union.

One of the features of the Labor day parade will be the display of the International boatmen's union. They will have a canal boat towed by a tug on wheels along the line of march.

An article will appear on Saturday in the *Journal of United Labor*, the official organ of the knights of labor, edited by General Secretary Charles H. Litchman, from General Master Workman T. V. Powderly. Mr. Powderly denounces the enemies of the order, and particularly those who sail under the labor flag. He also gives the reason of the compulsory per capita tax imposed on the members of the order. He says one of the main ends of the organization is to establish cooperative institutions by the aid of cooperative industrial system. If a knight does not believe in that cardinal doctrine, he is not a knight.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, winds generally westerly, cooler except in southern New York.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 18.—Money on Call at 5 per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s.	1891, reg.	108⅝	107⅞
4½s.	1891, con.	110	108⅞
4s.	1907, reg.	127⅛	127⅞
4s.	1907, con.	127	126

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—A slight hardening of the market was the only change from the morning.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56⅛	56⅛
Chicago, Bur, & Q.	141⅝	10[illegible]
Central Pacific	39	38½
Del. & Hudson	101⅞	101⅝
Del. Lack. & W.	131¼	1[illegible]
Erie	31⅝	31⅝
Erie pref	71⅝	71
Lake Shore	94⅝	91⅝
Louis. & Nash.	63⅝	63
Michigan Central	86½	86⅝
Missouri Pacific	99½	98
N. Y. & New Eng.	46⅝	45⅝
N. J. Central	7[illegible]	75¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	109⅝	10[illegible]
Northwestern	115⅞	1[illegible]
Oregon Navigation	96	9[illegible]
Pacific Mail	41½	39⅝
Reading	56½	5[illegible]
Rock Island	129	12[illegible]
St. Paul	81⅛	8[illegible]
Union Pacific	56⅝	55⅝
West. Union Tel.	74	7[illegible]

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79⅛	80⅝	81⅞
Corn	48¼	4[illegible]	50⅝
Oats	3[illegible]	31⅝	32

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern 2[illegible]a2[illegible]c.; Western 24a25c.; Imitation 17a1[illegible]c.; Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, 2[illegible]a2[illegible]c.; western, 16a1[illegible]c. Factory—fresh 15a1[illegible]c.; [illegible] packed 1[illegible]a1[illegible]c.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York cheddar, 12a12½c.; western, flat, 10a11c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs—Market steady, Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 17½a18c; Canadian, firsts, 16½a17c; western, firsts, 16½a17c.

CARE OF CHILDREN.

Suggestions by the Ohio Board of Health for the Management of Infants.

The care and management of infants and young children is an important question with mothers, says the Cleveland *Leader*. The following suggestions, which have been prepared by the Ohio State Board of Health, are recommended by Dr. Ashmun, of this city, and they will no doubt be read with much pleasure and profit by those who have little ones under their care:

Thousands of children in Ohio die every year from improper care and bad surroundings. It is estimated that out of one hundred live-born children, from forty to fifty will die before the close of the fifth year. That a large proportion of these deaths could be prevented, is well established, and the State Board of Health has presented herewith, in simple form, instructions for the care and management of children, which, if followed, will be the means of saving each year many precious lives. In seeking for the cause of this excessive infant mortality, we find that the acute infectious fevers, such as measles, diphtheria, small-pox, scarlet fever and whooping-cough; inflammation of the respiratory apparatus, as pneumonia, bronchitis, etc., and diarrheal diseases, are the main factors in producing it. Small-pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, etc., are to be prevented by avoiding exposure to these diseases, or to clothing or other articles containing the poison by which they are caused. It is to be specially urged that children be vaccinated at an early age, and thus be protected from that dread disease, small-pox. Circulars on the restriction and prevention of these diseases have been issued by the board, and will be sent to any one on application. The other causes of death of children, viz.: inflammation of the lungs and diarrheal diseases, may be largely prevented by precautions in regard to exposure and diet. Great care is needed with little children, to provide them with proper clothing.

The first want of a new-born babe is heat. It is unable to supply sufficient heat to keep itself warm, even when heavily clothed; hence, unless constantly in bed with its mother during the first week or two of life, the rooms it inhabits must be constantly kept warm. As the child grows older, and is placed, as it should always be, to sleep by itself, it will often, by its restlessness, become uncovered at night. It should sleep in night dresses of flannel, preferably made as one garment and sewed up at the bottom, so the feet can not become uncovered.

The factor of the greatest importance to the health of children is their food and feeding. Especially is this true of nurslings and children under two years of age. The only natural and best possible food for an infant is breast milk. If the mother has a sufficient supply and is in good health, or if a suitable wet nurse can be secured, nothing but breast milk and pure water should be given the child for the first five or six months. The child is very frequently injured by overfeeding. A feverish child, craving water, is often given an inordinate supply of food, by nursing, to quench its thirst. Many things besides hunger cause children to cry and be restless; and, as a rule, for the first two months they should not be nursed oftener than once in two hours, and older children not so often. From the first, children should be nursed less frequently at night, and the mother must not sleep with her child at the breast.

After the first week or two the child should always sleep by itself. The mother should carefully guard her own health, using such diet as best agrees with her. She should not give the breast to the child when she is greatly fatigued or overheated, nor when suffering under great excitement from any cause. When the mother's milk is insufficient, or the child, for any reason, can not be nursed, it will be necessary to resort to artificial food.

This is always an evil, and nothing but necessity should cause a mother to resort to it. The one factor of greatest importance in infant mortality is diarrheal diseases, and these more frequently occur in children wholly brought up by hand. When breast milk can not be had, cow's milk properly prepared, offers the best substitute. Great care should be exercised to secure pure milk from healthy, well-fed cows. This is of importance, and should not be neglected.

The milk should be obtained as fresh as possible, and kept in a cool place in perfectly clean vessels. It would be better, perhaps, to immediately boil the milk, especially in hot weather, when liable to rapid decomposition. Never keep milk in damp, moldy cellars, or in those containing decaying vegetable or other matter. Neither should it be kept in sleeping rooms, or those constantly inhabited. It should be remembered that nothing so readily collects and preserves filth of all kinds, as milk. Cow's milk, to fitted for food for young infants, must be diluted, from one-third to one-half, and slightly sweetened and salted.

For diluting milk barley water is much better than pure water, acting both as a diluent and as a food. It may be prepared by boiling a tablespoonful of ground barley in a pint of water for fifteen minutes and carefully straining through a cloth. It is much better to buy the whole barley, which may be sufficiently ground in an ordinary coffee mill. The proportion of barley water to be added will depend on the age of the child.

This food must be given at regular intervals, and to young infants should be administered blood warm, through a nursing bottle. A plain bottle of small size should be used, with a nipper, avoiding long rubber tubes, and bottle and nipple must be kept scrupulously clean.

Prepare enough milk for one meal, and if any remains after feeding, empty at once and thoroughly scald the bottle and nipple. If the child thrives and gains weight on this diet, nothing else should be given it for food for the first six or seven months.

Children from nine to ten months of age may be allowed a greater variety of food, but milk should still form an important part of their diet.

The Size of the First Watch.

At first the watch was about the size of a dessert plate. It had weights and was used as a "pocket clock." The earliest known use of the modern name occurs in the record of 1552, which mentions that Edward VI., had "one larum" or watch of iron, the case being likewise or iron gilt, with two pummets of lead. The first watch may readily be supposed to be of rude execution. The first great improvement—the substitution of springs for weights—was in 1560. The earliest springs were not coiled, but only straight pieces of steel. Early watches had only one hand, and, being wound up twice a day, they could not be expected to keep the time nearer than fifteen or twenty minutes in twelve hours. The dials were of silver and brass; the cases had no crystals, but opened at the back and front, and were four or five inches in diameter. A plain watch cost more than $1,500, and after one was ordered it took a year to make it.

REVOLUTIONARY PRINTERS.

Old-Time Printing Shops and Newspapers of New York City.

In 1783, or one hundred and four years ago, he who would have had the hardihood to predict the future greatness of the New York press or to predict any thing at all for journalism in the hamlet of Brooklyn would have been considered a harmless visionary, a mild lunatic who might safely be allowed to go at large, but whose absurb prophesies were entitled to no more weight than the chattering of a magpie, says a writer in the Brooklyn *Times*. For one hundred years the art of printing had made little or no progress. It is true that types and paper were more plentiful, but the forms still went on a wooden press; they were inked with balls and needed two pulls to complete an imprint. Printers depended on England for their supply of new types and for most of their paper. There were no paper stores in New York and no type foundries, and printers in the future metropolis were often forced to borrow type from their brethren of the printing craft in Philadelphia or Burlington, Boston or New Haven. The printers were, as a rule, extremely poor, though some who had Government contracts accumulated modest fortunes, as Benjamin Franklin did, for instance, in Philadelphia. Some others added to their income as book-sellers. These were the fortunate ones, though they also would be considered poor, indeed, by many of New York's wealthy printers of to-day.

It is curious to glance back at those primitive days of the craft which was one day to become such a power in the republic. John Turner, once a well-known New York publisher, served his apprenticeship in that city in the last century. His master was one Samuel Loudon, with whom he lived. "My boss," he says, "was a worthy and excellent man, but he was very poor. The frequency with which we boys had to polish the bones of fresh cod-fish in the kitchen when they had been pretty well picked in the parlor gave me a disgust for fresh fish which to this hour I am unable to overcome. In those days the 'devil' was a 'devil,' and in addition to the inky work of the shop and the printing office we had to serve a route of subscribers with the *Packet*. How delightful it is of a cold winter morning to have a chance, after serving my papers, to run home twice a week at early dawn and fill my belly with nice hot buckwheat cakes at the table of my poor widowed mother."

Three of the printers who had sympathized with the revolutionary cause returned after the evacuation of New York. The Loudon above mentioned was one of these. He was a Scotchman, and was originally a ship chandler, but later bought a half interest in a printing office and published a paper which warmly espoused the American cause. He published it in adjoining towns till the evacuation of New York by the British gave him an opportunity to return to the city. He had very strong religious convictions, was an elder in the Scotch Seceders' Church, and died in 1813 at the age of eighty-six. Another one of these early printers was a Quaker named Isaac Collins. He did the State printing for New Jersey in 1770 or later, and had the patronage of the Friends. He also began in 1779 the publication of a quarto family Bible, says W. W. Pasko, the printing antiquarian, and determined to make it the best American edition ever published. The proofs were read eleven times, the eleventh proof being corrected by his daughter, Rebecca, a trained proof-reader. He once had a shop at 189 Pearl street, and published many valuable works. His sons and grandchildren have carried on the business since his death, early in the present century, under the firm name of Collins & Brother.

As to the newspapers, the week after the evacuation of New York only one journal, says the authority I have quoted, was published in the city. During the revolutionary war the New York papers consisted of the *Royal Gazette*, which appeared on Wednesday and Saturday; the *Mercury* or *Gazette* on Monday, the *Royal American Gazette* on Thursday, and the New York *Mercury and General Advertiser* on Friday. They were mouthpieces for the British invaders, and most of the proprietors thought it prudent to decamp on the evacuation, fearing the ire of the victorious "rebels." Rivington, who published the *Royal Gazette*, remained. He had traduced the Americans as a matter of business, or, rather, as it will be seen, partly as a matter of policy. While he was scandalously abusing the Americans he was in the pay of Washington, to whom he furnished military and naval intelligence. He was bland as a May morning in his manners, a man whose serene temper was never ruffled. He once thought it necessary to publish an article reflecting severely on Ethan Allen, the hero of Ticonderoga. The old Vermont soldier felt so outraged by the attack that he came all the way to New York for the express purpose of thrashing the editor. He entered the office and said sharply: "I am Colonel Ethan Allen."

"Ah! Colonel, delighted to see you," said the amiable editor; "delighted to meet you, I am sure. Let us go down and have a bottle of wine."

"No, sir; I don't care for any wine. I—"

"Not a word, my dear Colonel, not a word. I insist upon your having a bottle of wine with me and I won't hear a word till you do."

The hero of Ticonderoga was routed. He enjoyed the amiable editor's wine and found it impossible to muster sufficient indignation to quarrel with him.

New York newspapers had a precarious existence for many years after the revolution. Thousands of the inhabitants had left with the English, going to England, Canada, Nova Scotia and the West Indies. There had been two great fires to reduce the wealth of the city, the population was small, enterprise was dead. Nothing could be more striking than the difference between the newspaper poverty of one hundred years ago and the journalistic opulence of 1887.

Shocked at His Father's Shame.

A tragical suicide, which has a touch of romance about, has just occurred at the prison of Karthaus, near Prague. A young soldier named Kazowsky was standing guard there. In his early youth he had lost his father, not through death, but in a far more melancholy way. His father had committed murder, had been pronounced guilty and condemned to twenty years' hard labor. The young son was then eight years old, and his father's features remained firmly imprinted upon his memory, as well as the whole painful impression of the event, which produced a severe shock upon his youthful mind. While standing sentry before the prison of Karthaus, and seeing the convicts led past him on their way to the open air, he recognized in one of the hoary criminals his own father. He spoke no word, neither did he discover himself to his father, but on being relieved from his post he quietly loaded his gun and discharged a bullet at his head. Dying, he confessed to his comrades the horrible discovery he had made, and which had driven him to seek death at his own hands.

CREMATING A PRINCE

The Burning Up of a Dead Member of the Royal House of Siam.

The cremation of the body of a Siamese Prince at Bangkok is thus described by the *Pall Mall Gazette:* The King entered the phramane about five o'clock amid much trumpeting and surrounded by a big retinue. He bowed to the dais and prayed, then ascended the steps and entered the inclosure, and amid the loud chanting and tomtoming of the kowtowing priests he fired the pile beneath the urn and again prayed. He descended and departed. Then the Princes entered the inclosure and performed their obsequies, and then followed the native nobles, among whom we found ourselves. On the dais around the urn was a kind of shelf, on which were piled innumerable tapers made of sandalwood, frankincense and wax. Each person on entering lit a number of these and shoved them under the urn, which, by the same token, was not much bigger than a decent-sized pot. How they managed to stow the remains in it I do not know. The abominable smell of frizzling human flesh that spluttered and spat in the pot, which the aromatic fumes of the sandal and frankincense failed to disguise, permeated the building and drove us forth.

When the King had performed his obsequires he adjourned to a pavilion, where he held an audience. He seated himself on a kind of balcony, and several of his little children were brought to him. On another balcony on his right the numerous Princes of royal blood seated themselves. The body of the pavilion was set apart for the nobles, ministers, and "distinguished foreigners," some of whom were ladies. When his Majesty had sat for a time in silence he suddenly produced a large bag, full of green limes, each of which contained a small silver coin in its core. These he threw among the Princes, nobles, and people to be scrambled for, but presented some by hand to the foreigners, especially to the foreign ladies. When he had exhausted the contents of this bag he produced another containing nuts, which he treated similarly. Each nut contained a numbered ticket, with the name of the prize, as a kernel. The prizes were the personal effects of the deceased and were distributed in this way to be mementoes of him. Some of them were not bad, but many were naturally distributed ludicrously. One of my friends, a non-smoker, received an old and much-abused meerschaum pipe, another an old cigar-holder and a very common Chinese wood axe. A French lady of title received a man's shirt-front—a thing commonly called a "dickey;" also an old pair of the dead man's long stockings and an old white waistcoat, all much the worse for wear. I myself received a pretty little satinwood cabinet, and was much pleased. I heard that some of the prizes were costly articles of jewelry, but did not see any such.

A MATHEMATICAL WASP.

How It Succeeded in Disposing of a Large White-Bodied Spider.

While sitting one summer day at the side of the house on a platform which served as a piaza, but was roofed only by the branches of two large trees, something dropped upon my head and rolled into my lap, when I saw a large white-bodied spider in the clutches of a small wasp, writes a correspondent of the *Owl*. Hastily brushing these unceremonious visitors on to the floor, I watched to see if the wasp would succeed in flying away with his huge enemy.

After a struggle the spider lay quiet, and the wasp ran around seizing first one part, then another, but finally went away, as I supposed, for help. In about a quarter of an hour he returned, still alone, and began trying again, as I thought, to find some place by which he could seize the round body and carry it away. Again he departed without his spider.

This time I watched him and saw him disappear at the edge of the lawn under a pear tree, and, following, found him, after some searching, diligently at work with another wasp enlarging a hole in the ground, having already thrown out quite a little mound of earth.

I returned to the piazza, and soon, when the wasp came back, I was convinced, by more careful watching, that he was measuring each part of the spider's body instead of trying to get hold of it. The antennæ seemed to be the organs mostly employed in this operation. When he went home again I was before him, and saw him meet his co-worker, put his head close to his, and evidently inform him that the doorway was not yet big enough, for they fell busily at work enlarging it.

Then more measuring, more digging, until after three long hours he returned, this time with his friend, and they carried away their prey and bestowed it in their underground home.

THE MARVELS OF MUD.

Wonderful Creatures That Thrive at the Bottom of the Sea.

I never tire of examining through the microscope some bit of ocean mud, remarks a writer in the Hartford *Courant*, for in it I am constantly finding some remarkable form of shell. They are often spined, sometimes they are smooth and polished as the best glazed chinaware; at times they are pure white, then again they are banded and striped with every hue of the rainbow. It seems a pity that such beauties should be so small and hidden so far from the eyes of men. On this great bed of mud the most remarkable creatures live in vast numbers. There are serpent-like starfishes, beautiful branching corals, ugly black fishes, pure white "sea-cucumbers," bright pink, purple and red sea-anemones, and a host of other creatures. The fishes are always strange and uncouth, with huge mouths and stomachs all in one, but with the tail hardly noticeable. When the fishes are brought to the surface their air bladders and stomachs protrude from their mouths, their eyes bulge out, and the blood is forced through the skin. Life has been crushed out of them by the sudden change of pressure, the gases within having burst the tissues and body walls asunder. The tremendous pressure of the water was well shown by lowering an empty bottle, which was crushed to atoms.

Bullfrogs Eating Young Turkeys.

The St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* is responsible for the following extraordinary tale: Lewis P. Hathaway, while fishing at Clear creek some time since, captured six or seven large bullfrogs, which he brought home and placed in a pond. Mr. Hathaway has a turkey with a dozen young ones. Some of the latter, it appears, have been disappearing mysteriously. The other morning Mr. Hathaway was watering his horse at the creek convenient to the frog pond, when he heard the mother turkey making a racket at something in the creek. On investigation Mr. Hathaway saw a monster bullfrog in the water with a young turkey in its mouth endeavoring to swallow the young fowl, which had attained the age of three weeks.

HOW TO COUNT BANANAS.

The Simple Way of Determining the Number Contained in a Bunch.

"Stop a minute and count the bananas in this bunch for me, please," said a genial dealer in fruit the other day to an Indianapolis *News* writer. The reporter stopped, wondering at such a request, and proceeded to count. He first counted all those hanging on the outside in plain sight, and then lifting them up or pushing them aside, counted the hidden ones below. "There are exactly 163," he said.

The dealer smiled a pitying smile and remarked modestly that he "had supposed even a newspaper man could count." Then the reporter proposed to count them again to prove his accuracy.

This time he observed they were arranged in circles or tiers about the stalks, and he numbered them carefully, tier by tier. Alas! for his boasted accuracy. He found there were 147 bananas in the bunch. Fully aroused to the precarious situation in which his mathematical ability was placed, he began again, while the dealer stood by with arms akimbo, occasionally emitting an audible chuckle. The final count gave 139 as the result, and the newspaper man was attempting to slink away unobserved when the dealer told him to wait a minute.

Said he: "You are not inflated with pride in your numerical ability now, are you?" The reporter meekly signified that he was not. "Well, then, I'll tell you that not one man in a hundred can count bananas correctly as they hang in the bunch, so."

"How, then, do you find how many are in a bunch?"

"We use strategy. We take a paper of pins and count just how many pins there are in it. They are arranged in rows, and we can count them, and we know we are right. Then we go through the bunch of bananas and stick a pin in each one, going over them several times to make sure that each one has its pin. Then by counting how many pins are left and performing a little problem in subtraction, we learn what we are working after. There are exactly 153 bananas in that bunch."

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Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions.

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

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Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to moopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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OF ALL GRADES.

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

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Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

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ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

AT

$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

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To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

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NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

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OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

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And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

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1st Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.	
2d	do.	7 00	do.
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And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

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A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

Van Depoele Electric Motors

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ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
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—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBER."

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—Over $100 was realized from the recent picnic in The Crescent.

—There will be no service whatever in Trinity Reformed church to-morrow.

—Special Officers Mattox and Noel are detailed to keep order at the circus field.

—Services will be held in the Clinton Avenue Church of the Heavenly Rest, to-morrow at 7:30 p. m., instead of 5 p. m.

—The streets are lined with produce wagons these early mornings, and the farmers are busy disposing of their wares.

—The dog-catcher this morning, for the second time, "took in" the large New Foundland dog belonging to ex-Councilman Cuthbert.

—Some of our exchanges are continually telling their readers "How to help a town." There is good reason to believe that some people could best help a town by moving out of it.

—A horse belonging to Mr. J. W. Murray, ran away on Tuesday evening, and besides wrecking the family carriage, collided with a barbed wire fence and was severely injured.

—Camp Green will be formerly opened at Sea Girt today, and the First Brigade of the National Guard of New Jersey, for the first time in its history, will spend a week in camp under pay.

—The Dunham Choristers will go to Westfield to-morrow night to assist in the Union Gospel Service held in the tent. They will meet at the home of their President at 6:30 o'clock sharp.

—Dog-catcher Babbitt made a tour through the Boulevard this morning and took in three unmuzzled dogs. Three were also taken in yesterday and five were executed. There are at present sixteen unredeemed dogs in the pound.

—The fire well at the corner of Sixth and Liberty streets is in a dangerous condition, and should be repaired at once. The heavy weight of the fire engines pumping on the well Thursday night, caused the ground to settle several inches, and in one place the earth caved in to the depth of a foot or so.

—During yesterday a crowd of boys organized themselves into an amateur Hook and Ladder company and amused themselves by pulling over the *debris* left by the fire on West Fifth street. Although the sport was dangerous, the boys seemed to take great delight in playing the part of heroic firemen.

—Fairs and fat hogs; sows and sausages; pumpkins and potatoes; beer, beasts bulls and beets; corn and calves; grapes and grain; horses and hens; turkeys and trots; melons, music and mirth; men and misses; President and people, will soon be in order at the various county seats throughout the land, and all will rejoice over their great products.

—The successful comedy of "The Highest Bidder" is again placed on the boards of the pretty Lyceum Theatre, New York, next Monday evening. Mr. Sothern, Mr. Lemoyne, and the other members of Mr. Frohman's original company have returned after their brief vacation and the comedy will remain on the Lyceum stage until the production of "The Great Pink Pearl."

—From the present indications it is plain to see that a public bath will *not* be established in this city the present season. We had hoped to see some public spirited man take the matter in hand, and fit up a suitable place for bathing purposes. But the city cannot afford to enjoy too many luxuries at once, and perhaps another season will bring about the result sought for by all.

—Officer Lynch was summoned to Mr. Seymour Hait's residence on Union avenue, yesterday afternoon, to eject a man and his wife—who were both employed in the family—because they were obstinate and unruly. When the officer arrived at the place he found the couple packing their wardrobe preparatory to leaving, and after exacting a promise that they would not return, the officer allowed them to depart.

—As the circus band passed through Park avenue, yesterday, a horse succeeded in climbing a telephone pole several feet.

—A man named Moe was cared for by the police and this morning he did not know how he got in the station house. Judge Ulrich fined him three dollars this afternoon.

—It is said that an attempt was made to set fire to a barn belonging to William Pangborn, on Chatham street, North Plainfield, during last night, but the attempt was frustrated.

—On our next page the Treasurer of the Fire Department gives official warning to all delinquents, that if their taxes be not paid by September 14th, their names will be returned to the Justice of the Peace for prosecution.

—"Mister" Babbitt claims that he is unjustly censured for trying to comply with the dog ordinance. He says thus far he has carried out the law to the letter, and has not illegally impounded a dog. In other words, he says, he "gets there just the same."

—Those who attended the picnic in aid of St. John the Evangelist church, of Dunellen, on the Middlesex Gun Club grounds, Thursday evening, report having had a good time. The affair was a success in every particular and reflected credit on the management.

—A tramp appeared at the rectory of St. Mary's church to-day and asked for something to eat. He was told that the meal had been cleared away, when he began to abuse the girl. Special Officer Higgins arrested the man and he is now incarcerated in the station house.

—The corner stone of the new Chapel of the Willow Grove Sunday school (Lambert's Mills, Fanwood Township, New Jersey) will be laid next Wednesday afternoon, August 24, 1887, at three o'clock, if stormy the Thursday next following; same hour. The school will be pleased to have all their friends present upon that occasion.

—Tony Pastor, whose reputation is known to all, will present a budget of novelties at Music Hall on Tuesday evening next. The entertainment will consist of songs, dances, gymnastics, acrobatic feats, burlesques, juggling, etc., and will conclude with a laughable absurdity entitled "The Man from Way Back." Tickets on sale at the usual places to-day.

—An exciting bicycle race took place around the triangle in front of Crescent Avenue church last evening. Spencer Conway, on his home-made machine, glided over the course at the rate of about two blocks in ten minutes, but he was unable to catch up to a youth on his "Store" bicycle. Several spectators watched the proceeding with evident delight.

—Peaches are beginning to come into market from Washington Valley. The shipments made from Bound Brook for the four days ending Thursday are as follows: Monday, 304 baskets; Tuesday, 128; Wednesday, 374; Thursday, 143. A number of new growers are shipping from Bound Brook this year and many of the peach men will dispose of their entire crop in this city and vicinity.

—John Kiely, Patrick Motley, Patrick Lawler and Edward Kennedy, were arraigned for trial before Judge Ulrich in the city court room this morning, for being implicated in the fracas on West Fourth street last Sunday, when John Mullen, a plumber, was severely beaten. Kiely was fined fifteen dollars and costs, and Motley was let off with a ten dollar fine. The other two were discharged.

—We hear complaints of a notion vender who is in the habit of clipping choice flowers, etc., from the front yards, when he does not meet with success in the sale of his wares. People in the borough have threatened to put him in the "cooler" if he comes around again. In Morristown yesterday a man named Michael Murter was sentenced to four months' imprisonment for destroying plants and shrubbery.

—There was a sudden outpouring of electric fluid from a converter on one of the poles in front of Dr. Lowrie's residence on Park avenue, about seven o'clock last evening. One of the electric light men was up the pole making some repairs, and the report made by the sudden outbreak resembled the discharge of a huge cannon. A PRESS reporter happened along at the time, and in his effort to escape, he never before displayed such agility since the time the school marm chased him around the playground for throwing putty balls at his classmates.

Ready For Victory.

The Y. M. C. A.'s of this city have completed all the arrangements necessary for the defeat and the entertainment of their brothers from Newark, this afternoon. The grass is trimmed on the ball field where they propose to defeat the visitors, and Y. M. C. A. Hall is decorated with golden-rod where the host propose to feed their guests afterwards. The Plainfield team is the best we have, and if the Newarkers send a better they will certainly deserve to win. The weather's cool and every thing's propitious. May the best men win. Let her go, Gallagher!

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Annie Saybrook is the guest of Miss Mooney of Grove street.

Mrs. Dr. Carmen of Brooklyn, is visiting Mrs. Leland of Leland avenue.

Mrs. A. M. Runyon of Madison avenue has returned from Pocono Mountains.

Miss Kitty Case, who has been visiting friends in Brooklyn, returned home yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dunshee and family, of Madison avenue, leave to-day for a week at Saratoga.

Miss Crane, of Morristown, N. J., is visiting her friend, Miss Grace Johnson, of North Plainfield.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Dunn of West Front street, started today for a week's visit at Southold, Long Island.

Miss Mollie Dunn, of New Market, is visiting Mrs. Sarah Randolph, of Duer street, North Plainfield.

Mr. Samuel Samuelson is away on a short vacation, visiting at the home of his parents, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Mr. F. Honneger and family have returned from Europe and taken possession of their Prospect avenue residence.

Mr. Mooney, of Grove street, and Mr. Fred Thorn, also of North Plainfield, returned from Asbury Park, yesterday.

Judge E. W. Runyon has removed his family from Asbury Park to this city, where he will open a law office shortly.

Mr. T. A. Rogers, of Broadway and Sixth street, starts to-day for an extended trip through upper New York State, his objective point being Niagara Falls.

Rev. Mr. Burdick of New Market, will occupy the pulpit in the Congregational church to-morrow morning. There will be no service in this church in the evening.

Mr. S. R. Hope, wife and grand-daughter, Miss Annie Harris, have gone to spend a week at the Delaware Water Gap, Belvidere and other places, starting to-day.

Mr. William Milliken, the efficient accountant of Mr. Howard Pope's establishment, has left on his wheel for a week's trip to Philadelphia and around its vicinity.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist church to-morrow. Preaching by the Pastor, Rev. Asa R. Dilts, at 10:45, a. m. and 7:45, p. m. Morming theme: "Life's Method and End."

The *Atlantic Journal* of May's Landing, N. J., says: "Dr. and Mrs. George W. Endicott are now at Princeton, Mass. The Dr.'s wife reports her husband as steadily but surely regaining his health."

Mr. Thomas Pettis who rides a Kangaroo, doesn't laugh any more at the gentleman who rides the home-made bicycle. Why? Because the latter beat the former in a race on Broadway, last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Rushmore, of Park avenue, have returned from Baltimore where they were called by the sudden death of Mrs. Rushmore's father, Dr. William Riley, as recorded by us at the time.

Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham pastor of the First Presbyterian church, occupied Dr. Lewis' pulpit in the Seventh Day Baptist church this morning. Dr. Ketcham will preach in his own church to-morrow morning.

Rev. Father Flood, a visiting priest from Ireland, will preach at the last mass in St. Mary's church to-morrow morning. In the evening Rev. Father Smyth will conduct vespers as usual in the church at eight o'clock.

Miss Ella McAndrews, sister of the efficient night operator at the depot here, who has been spending a week at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Schermerhorn, left for her home at White Haven, Pa., today.

Rev. Henry Steelman, of Troy, N. Y., will preach in the First Baptist Church tomorrow morning. On account of necessary repairs being made in the Sunday School room, no session of the school will be held to-morrow.

An item started in some irresponsible sheet regarding the strange mixing of the Pikes and Savages by their singular relationship, is copied throughout the State, as a remarkable fact. The fact is, it isn't a fact at all; and the peculiar connection of the two families by marriage is the result of the ignorance of the writer of the item.

Mr. Samuel J. Moore, so long a faithful employe in the establishment of the Rev. Mr. Love, of this city, has just accepted an advanced position in the same line of trade with a New York firm. He today took leave of his friends and companions in this city, and after a short vacation with his parents in New York State, will at once enter the new place offered him.

The Rev. Dr. Niles of York, Pa., will preach from the pulpit of the Crescent Avenue church, to-morrow morning and afternoon. This able and eloquent speaker is the uncle of Mrs. A. C. Baldwin of Park avenue, and will be remembered as preaching here before. The announcement that the Rev. Mr. Skellenger would preach to-morrow, is an error; he will occupy the pulpit the next Sunday, Aug. 28th.

Mr. Goff of Corning, N. Y., is visiting at Mrs. Malthy's on Plainfield avenue.

Miss Maggie Manning is back from Spring Lake.

Miss Bertha Taylor is home again after a pleasant stay with Philadelphia relatives.

Mr. Seeley Edsall, who is spending a few weeks at Lake Hopatcong, is in town to-day.

Mrs. Thomas Crossley and others will address the Reform Club, to-morrow evening.

Mr. Walter Moore, who has been spending a month at Point Pleasant, returned yesterday.

Miss Nettie French has returned from a very enjoyable visit with friends at Morristown.

Mr. Fred T. Cuthbert left Plainfield for St. Paul, today, at which latter city he will reside permanently.

Mrs. Worthington and Mrs. Talmadge of First Place and Franklin avenue, have left Lake Placid and are now at Saratoga.

A large number of the parishioners of Mt. Olive Baptist church tendered their pastor, Rev. Mr. Mitchell, a donation party on Thursday evening. Several hours were agreeably passed with the pastor at his residence.

The *Daily Leader* of Kingston, N. Y., says: "Auguste Saltzman, ex-chief engineer of the Plainfield, N. J., Fire Department, and Secretary of the New Jersey State Council, O. A. F., is spending a few weeks at Hill's Hotel with his wife and family."

Mr. John H. Frech, the accommodating station agent of the Central Railroad at Bound Brook, was presented with a purse of forty dollars on Wednesday. The money was subscribed by merchants and others about the place as a token of their appreciation of the efficient manner in which he conducts the railroad company's business at Bound Brook.

Messrs. George and Will Craig of Somerset street returned last evening from Lexington, Ky. They report having found their grandfather in a feeble condition. His throat and tongue are partially paralyzed, but his mind does not seem to be affected. The Messrs. Craig returned by way of Niagara Falls, stopping off to view the scenery. They left for Maine, today.

Sued for Fifty Cents.

Some time since John Krewson, of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, ordered some mineral water from Carl Kaerth of East Second street, for which he paid fifty cents. It appears that a man employed by Mr. Kaerth was wrongly directed as to where it should be taken, and when he went to deliver the goods was told that no such man lived there, and that no order had been given from the house. The man returned the order to his employer, and Mr. Krewson subsequently demanded the return of his fifty cents, which was refused him. Suit was brought before Justice Nodyne to recover the same, and the case came up for trial yesterday. On motion of Mr. W. R. Codington, counsel for the defendant, a nonsuit was granted on a defective return of the summons. After the Judge granted a nonsuit the defendant tendered the plaintiff the fifty cents, which was refused. New papers have been drawn up and the case will come up for trial again next week.

N. B. C.

A night blooming cereus plant was in full bloom on the veranda of Mr. S. A. Potter's residence on Grove street, last evening. On the plant there were seventeen beautiful flowers, and during the evening many persons were present to witness the blossoms while they remained out. At Carl Peterson's conservatory on Peace street, last evening, eight night blooming cereus buds unfolded and at the residence of ex-Postmaster Pope on Park avenue several more flowers were in bloom. Mr. Peterson expects to have some twenty-five or thirty more flowers on his plants this evening. Mr. S. H. Hope of West Fifth street also exhibited a plant in flower last evening, to a number of persons. These fragrant flowers can be preserved for a day or two by laying them on a piece of ice.

High Tea at Netherwood.

Mrs. James R. Plum of New York city gave a tea at The Netherwood, recently, that was a specially *recherche* affair even for this Hotel which is of late attaining such a reputation as the scene of so many refined and select social events. Among the guests were Mrs. Guild, Mrs. Robins, Mrs. R. Howard, Mrs. Rice, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. Dana, Mrs. Swain, Mrs. Tobey, Mrs. Eckert, Mrs. Townsend, Mrs. Rouse, Mrs. Wood and Mrs. E. Howard. Mrs. Plum received in a tea-gown of heliotrope satin elaborately trimmed with white lace. The gowns of Mrs. Rouse, Mrs. Rice and Mrs. Howard also attracted much admiration by their style and elegance.

—September will arrive one week from next Thursday, and with it comes the c-y-s-t-e-r.

Rebecca and Jeremiah.

1. And it came to pass that on the fourth day—which is Wednesday—that Rebecca, whose surname is Price, did arrive from the city of Baltimore, and her companion cometh with her.

2. And when they had come they straightway goeth to the house of one Mary Jane Field, and there was great rejoicing thereat.

3. But, lo! their gladness turneth to woe and lamentation. For Rebecca hath lost her glasses and she knoweth not where. And she eateth naught, and refuseth to be comforted.

4. And they bring others from near and from afar. But she seeth not without her own. And there is great fear least she starve, for she tasteth no food.

5. But as the night cometh a man knocketh on the door of her tent. And his name is Jeremiah, or by some called Garretson and Mister.

6. And he holdeth in his hand a pair of specs, and he saith, "Is them thou's?" For he knoweth that they be Quakers, and that they cometh together for the quarterly meeting of the Friends.

7. And then is loud rejoicing. And Mary Jane, and Rebecca, and Martha, and Hannah and all were wont to fall upon his neck in thanks. And he did blush thereat.

8. And he saith, "Verily they were found in the car that bringeth ye hither. And knoweth I you might have come to the habitation of sister Field, and I did bring them here."

9. Then they sought urgently to reward the faithful master of the baggage. And they did cry out: "Jerry the Good; and Jerry the Blessed."

10. But he refuseth the purse they offered, and went his way. But his reward shall be the greater hereafter. Selah.

The Ten Cent Circus.

Hurlburt and Hunting's ten cent railroad show again exhibited to large audiences yesterday afternoon and evening, in the tents located on the ground east of the oil cloth works. To those who attended on the first evening, Bob Hunting, the clown, said he supposed the people expected to be humbugged, but the management proposed to send them home equally surprised, and at the close of the performance not a person was heard to utter a word in condemnation of the show. The entire show is a very good one, and much better than many for which five times the admission is charged. The menagerie comprises eight cages of animals and curiosities. The show opens with an exhibition by Prof. Hurlburt's educated horses, introduced by the trainer. The animals perform many wonderful acts and are well worth seeing. They seem to have almost human intelligence, especially "Crown Prince," the talking horse. The Huntings, Miss Clarice and Robert, are truly wonderful as gymnasts on the flying trapeze. Albert Meridith, the human serpent, accomplishes many startling feats, and Master Lew Hunting on the wire astonishes all. The performance of Ricardo and Fitz on the horizontal bars, tumbling, etc., are tricks that are wonderful and pleasing. Bob Hunting, the clown, is one of the funniest under canvas. The school of educated dogs comprises sixteen pedigreed and registered dogs, and their tricks are very entertaining. This evening will be the last opportunity given to witness the exhibition in this city.

Wheeling Through the Catskills.

Mr. Frank L. C. Martin, Secretary of the Plainfield Bicycle Club, and its long distance champion, leaves New York today for a trip on his wheel up the Hudson and through the Catskills. He will visit Peekskill and Poughkeepsie before turning into the mountains, and then after a short rest at "Mackintreville," he will ride and push his machine to Stamford, at the base of the last of the Catskill range. Here is the beautiful country seat of Jacob Kirkner, Esq., of this city, where Mr. Martin will be a welcomed guest for a week. He will then return by way of Cooperstown.

Trotting To-Day.

Lovers of good trotting will have an opportunity to witness some exciting contests on the track at the Fair Grounds this afternoon. The event of the day will be the deciding heat in the race trotted last Saturday between Nate Robbins' colt and Mr. Hayes' bay horse "Andy." Each horse has won a heat, and considerable speculation is made as to which of the two horses will come out victorious in the final heat. The horses are about evenly matched, and but little odds is offered on either. "Andy" won the first heat last Saturday in 2:30, and Mr. Robbins' colt the second heat in 3:00.

WESTFIELD.

At the annual election of officers of engine company No. 1, held last evening, the following was the result: Foreman—James Henry Manning; First Ass't—Edgar S. Brocaw; Second Ass't—John J. Wahl; President—John M. C. Marsh; Secretary—Charles R. Clark; Treasurer—C. F. W. Wittke. The report of the Treasurer showed the Company to be in good financial condition.

Smart Eli of Hightstown.

Mr. Elias C. Tantum, of Hightstown, N. J., is what may be comprehensively called a "smart Aleck"; and the local paper of the little village he inhabits, is naturally proud of Elias. The Hightstown *Independent* of last week says:

"Elias C. Tantum on Tuesday of last week shot on his barn a pigeon, which turned out to be a carrier. The left wing was marked S. Dorman, Plainfield, 50; left leg had a brass ring on marked, S. 240. No matter how fleet the bird may be, when Elias points, down it comes."

What a great big editorial head it must be that is stuffed with a brain so big as the brain that conceived that last paragraph. And what a great big town it must be that can contain so big a boy as Lias; yet it swells with pride when he shoots a little pigeon on a barn. Brave Eli! Noble-minded editor! Proud village of Hightstown!

But, fortunately, it seems probable that the bird killed is not the "Silver" hen of Mr. Dorman's, whose wonderful flies have given her a proud name throughout this and other states. It is supposed to be the missing one of a number of young birds that were released recently at Wilmington, Del. The "Silver" hen, however, has not yet been heard of. A few days ago a gentleman living in Elizabeth—who, like many another, had become interested through the newspapers in the bird and her journey of 700 miles from Charleston, S. C.—sent word to her owner that she had come to his barn tired out and he had captured her. Mr. Dorman left at once, and, reaching the address designated at midnight, called his correspondent up out of bed only to find the bird was not his, although answering somewhat her description.

Our County Jail.

There was a time when Plainfield furnished her full quota of prisoners for this favorite resort for law-breakers, but lately the good morals of our city, and the efficient police and detective service has had its effect in reducing the quota from Plainfield at least one-half. The "cops" billy, and the "brogue" that has such a powerful meaning to it, and the careful watchfulness of our city's guardeans, who spot them at the station as they alight from the train causes would-be offenders to steer clear of Plainfield as soon as possible. The town of Summit now carries the palm of the county for number and quality of prisoners; there being prisoners of the worst type in the county jail at present from that place. We do not wish to encourage law-breaking, but the prisoners are fed so well, and have such easy times that they are anxious to remain and thus they are induced to commit the second offence, and are greatly disappointed if they do not get sixty or ninety days. The female department of the jail, we are sorry to say, has its full share of Summer boarders, being more or less represented from all sections of the county. The action of the Board of Freeholders in compelling the short term prisoners to crack stone, has had but little effect in diminishing the number of criminals.

Stolen Goods Recovered.

What is thought to be another important link in the chain of railroad robberies was discovered yesterday afternoon by Detective John Gregory, of New Brunswick. At Bound Brook, Somerset county, on Tuesday, there was received at the Adams Express Company's office a bale of merchandise composed of valuable silk and wool counterpanes, cloths, laces, &c., worth $1,000. The bale weighed 420 pounds, and had been forwarded from Nyack, N. Y., by United States Express to W. G. Armstrong. The detective found that no such person lived at or within a circuit of ten miles of Bound Brook, and believes that the bale of goods represents the result of robberies on New York State railroads; that they had been packed at Nyack and sent to the ficticiously-named Armstrong to be called for by an agent of the robbers. Detectives will go to Nyack to-day to trace up the source of the goods.

Turned Back.

The iron steamer "Atlas," that left New York Wednesday noon for Port Limon, Costa Rica, is back at her pier. Part of her cargo was described in Wednesday's PRESS, consisting of eleven young Jerseys from Mr. J. W. Johnson's herd and a number of registered Holsteins from Senator McPherson's. The steamer was run into during Thursday morning and a four-foot hole stove in her starboard bow by the bow of a coaling schooner.

Crushed His Thumb.

John Whitehead, an employee of the Potter Press Works, met with a painful accident at the Works yesterday afternoon. With his helpers he was engaged in turning over one of the heavy two-revolution press beds when the heavy piece of iron fell, crushing the thumb on his right hand. The injured man walked to Muhlenberg Hospital and had the wound dressed.

—The much talked of "humidity" has almost entirely gone—at night—and as a consequence, all breathe freer and enjoy life more.

DEATH ON THE SEA

PARTICULARS OF THE BURNING OF THE CITY OF MONTREAL.

Origin of the Fire Unknown—Waiting for the Rescuers—The Captain's Accusation.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 20.—The steamship York City, bound from Baltimore to London with a miscellaneous cargo, put in here to report the burning at sea of the Inman line steamship City of Montreal. She had on board the crew and passengers of the fire consumed vessel, with the exception of seven passengers and six of the crew who are reported lost.

All of the survivors were landed here. Many of the passengers are in an extremely pitiable condition.

They are Poles and Hungarians who had worked in the western mines and accumulated small amounts of money. The drafts for these sums were, in quite a number of instances, packed safely away where they could not be reached in a hurry and they were burnt up with the steamship.

None of the passengers saved anything except the clothes they wore and such articles of personal property as they could readily lay their hands upon and secrete in their clothing. Consequently the burning of the steamship has reduced some of them from comparative affluence to absolute poverty.

The passengers unite in praising the officers and crew of the lost steamship for the splendid discipline which was maintained from the time the fire was discovered until all the boats had got safely away.

There are conflicting statements as to when the fire broke out. A number of the steerage passengers assert that the smoke from it became perceptible shortly after midnight on the 11th inst., but the second cabin passengers and several of the officers and crew say that evidence of the fire was given at about 11 o'clock on the night of the 10th by the burning heat which came up the ventilating shafts from the upper 'tween decks.

The evidence points in some respects to the fire being of incendiary origin. Captain Land says it broke out in several places at once. A passenger declared it to be a "fiend's work," but nothing positive can be ascertained yet.

One of the most intelligent and self-possessed of the intermediate passengers, whose statements were confirmed by several of his fellow-voyagers who stood near him as he spoke, said, soon after landing from the York City:

"The City of Montreal left her dock in Jersey City at 7 o'clock on the morning of August 6. We had an ordinarily pleasant voyage, free from rough seas and adverse winds. The night on which the fire broke out was exceptionally clear and fine, and many of the passengers remained on deck much longer than usual to enjoy the healthful air. I retired about 9 o'clock, as I was not feeling well, but did not go to sleep. My stateroom was well toward amidships, and the smell of smoke came in it soon after I retired and before I heard any alarm given.

"In a few minutes the smoke itself appeared in blinding clouds. Quickly donning my clothes I hurried out on the open deck. Confusion seemed to have overtaken everybony. The officers were shouting out orders and the sailors were racing around in their efforts to fulfill them. There were not over a dozen passengers on deck when I got there. One of the officers, the fourth, I think, was on watch, and he summoned the captain, who told him to have all the passengers called on deck. Before the order could be conveyed to the passengers fully three-fourths of them were on deck, as they had been aroused by the smoke and the noise of the hurrying sailors. The engines were put at half speed, and Captain Land, who was on deck almost immediately after the smoke appeared in the cabin, held a hasty consultation with the first officer and the chief engineer.

"The fire seemed to be burning a little aft of amidship. Vast volumes of dense and acrid smoke poured out of the afterhatchways, which had been opened for the purpose of locating the fire. The smoke rose in a thick cloud above the vessel and shut out the bright skies and the shining water. The flames had not come into sight, and there was a general belief that the vessel could be saved. Her head was turned towards Newfoundland, and the crew was put to work in an effort to subdue the fire. Nine streams of water were poured into the hold, and the passengers aided the crew in every way possible. Several of the steerage passengers begged for permission to go to their bunks in order to secure some jewelry or other articles of value which they had left there, and it was difficult to restrain them from rushing down the companionways. The choking smell of burning cotton soon arose, and the smoke had a heavy, yellow tinge.

"By order of Captain Land the passengers had all been sent forward, as the movement of the steamship blew the smoke aft. To get some of the passengers to the bow it was necessary for the sailors to guide them along the deck, so thick and suffocating was the smoke. Considering that many of the steerage passengers were almost heart-broken at the fear that they would lose all of their baggage and possibly their lives, it is remarkable that a panic did not break out. It was a fearful position to be placed in. The nearest land fully four hundred miles away, the heat from the concealed fire making it uncomfortable for a person to stand on the deck, the smoke smarting one's eyes so badly that it hurt to open them, and a rapidly growing belief that the fire was spreading—all these circumstances terrorized many of the passengers, and perhaps that terrorism prevented a panic.

The crew felt encouraged by the knowledge that each of the four decks which divided the vessel was made of iron with an upper covering of wood, and they said the fire could not burn above the hold in which it started because the surface presented to it above was composed of sheets iron; but they were wrong, for the fire made such headway that Captain Land decided to abandon the vessel while there was time to get the passengers and crew safely in the boats.

When the first boat was lowered, just before daylight, three second cabin and four steerage passengers and six of the crew scrambled into it and rowed away, without waiting for the full complement of persons to be placed in it. The boat was ordered back, but the persons in it refused to return, although they knew that there were but scant facilities for rescuing those on the vessel.

"It is this boat that is said to be lost, and it seems a fit return for the base selfishness and cruelty of the persons who coolly sailed away, leaving two hundred people to whatever fate the elements might visit upon them. As soon as it was decided to the boats the hatches were battened down tightly, as it was considered futile to fight the flames with water. The closing of these air shafts did not seem to stifle the fire much. Rockets had been fired, and signals of distress kept burning during the night in the hope that the attention of some passing vessel might be attracted. The Montreal was in the track of steamships crossing the western ocean and the officers were all hopeful that the signals would be seen. At dawn the smoke of a steamer well down on the horizon was seen, but apparently no notice was taken of our signals. Captain Land was on the bridge and kept his marine glasses to his eyes as he swept the horizon in the hopes of sighting a sail. The steamship that had been seen almost hull down suddenly loomed up into view and not over a dozen miles away, and when this was told to the exhausted crew and passengers they gave a faint cheer.

The wind was blowing moderately, but with increasing velocity, north-northwest. The fire was discovered at 9:30 p. m. on the 10th. When it was found to be necessary to abandon the ship the women and children were put into the boats first and the male passengers and crew followed them. The boats were not manned by their regularly allotted crews, as the men were kept battling with the flames until the last moment. Boat No. 8, whose crew behaved in a most cowardly manner, sailed away from the ship as soon as it was manned and partly filled, in direct defiance of my orders, and if its occupants are lost nobody but themselves are to blame.

"The Union Jack was set union down as a flag of distress and when the oncoming steamer was seen to be bearing down upon us rapidly. Almost at the same time a bark hove in sight from the opposite direction, and Captain Land smiled wearily as he ordered the officer at the signal flag to communicate with the two vessels. Signals were interchanged, and then the captain gave orders to man the boats. This was quickly done, they were filled with the passengers and crew, and as the bark which was the Freidant, a German vesse., was the nearest to the Montreal, we were picked up by her and then transferred to the York City, the steamship which had sighted us. The Freidant went on her course, which, it was expected, would bring her up with the boat containing the thirteen fellows who deserted us.

"Our treatment on the York City was of the most generous character. Everybody, from the captain to the least important of the crew, did everything that was possible to alleviate our distress."

Captain Land made the following statement concerning the destruction of his vessel by fire:

"It is impossible to bestow too much praise upon Captain Benn, of the York City, who shared his own property, clothing, &c., with everybody in need and surrendered every comfort that was his own or that his ship afforded to others.

"The missing boat has a good chance of being saved. She is right in the track of the eastward and westward bound vessels. The smoke and heat almost ruined the eyes of myself, the chief officer and several others belonging to the ship, as well as some of the passengers, and we will all be pur-blind for some time to come.

"The chief officer had to be led to the boats and suffered terribly. He was totally blind for two days. The crew of the City of Montreal were cool, steady and obedient. The passengers and crew lost everything except what they wore. The fire undeniably started in several places among the cotton."

The Inman company's agents forwarded to their destination all of the passengers who were able or prepared to travel. The passengers and crew present a pitiable sight. Blackened, blistered, smoke-begrimed faces are plentiful and many of the unfortunates are scarcely able to walk.

Sporting Gossip.

Mutrie does not love George, but necessity compels him to put the pitcher in the box.

A special meeting of the American association will be held in Columbus next Friday.

Baldwin, of the Chicagos, is not credited with a double or home run this season, but has made two triples.

Three-base hits have been plentiful in the league this year. Up to yesterday the players had made 486 triples.

The league players are doing remarkably heavy work with the stick this season, as they have already made 239 home runs.

The Athletics are not over strong in the box. Seward has been suspended and Atkinsou released. Whyeing, Matthews and Casey are the only members who will be pitched on the present trip.

Maul, in the eight games played with the Philadelphias, was thirty-five times at bat, scored eight runs and made fourteen first base hits, giving him a batting average of .400. He leads the Philadelphias in batting.

Little "Davy" Force was put upon the block at Nashville and knocked down to the highest bidder Des Moines offered $750, and the auctioneer accepted it. Thus again the popular short stop changed hands, but he is still held as so much chattel property.

Deacon White has been playing a remarkably stiff game at third base during the past two weeks. Some of his pickups have been marvellsus, and the errors which the deacon was given to making in the first part of the season have been remarkably few. He is also hitting the ball hard.

Clarkson's arm is only saw when he attemps to delivea certain peculiar balls. He has curves enough to puzzle Detroit without calling into use any "sore arm curves." Detroit, therefore, did not notice any indication of lameness. Rowe, Thompson, Brouthers, Getzein and Bennett, who were struck out, thought the arm worked remarkably well.

President Day is credited with having said to a Chicago reporter that with Anson as captain and manager of his team the Giants), they could win the pennant as they pleased. "I attribute Chicago's success on the field to the generalship of Anson," he said. "He is high, low, Jack and the game." This is exceedingly doubtful, and even if Mr. Day tuought so it is not reasonable to think he would say it.

A big miner called "Red Mike" attends the games at Scranton occasionally, at which time the umpire is cautioned "to miud his eye," as Mike has baen known to jump into the diamond and throttle an umpire who displeased him with his decisions. Emslie, it is said, left Scraston one night without his supper on account of the threats made by a number miners who attended the day's game and who thought that Emslie had not treated Scranton fairly.

Dairymple says that he expects the Pittsburg team to improve in play from the present, and that play, attendance and support will be better. He has great confidence in the team's ability to do better, and deplores the shortness of pitchers early in the season. McCormick suffers a little from rheumatism in the ankle, but it does not interfere with his pitching. The attendance at the games is improving with the team's victories. If the present gait is maintained it will make the club financially solid.

"Mike" Dorgan, of the New Yorks, gets this in his favor from a female admirer of the game: "I have taken an interest in base ball since 1877, and I think I am very competent to judge who is the best general ball player in the league. I say Mr. Dorgan, of the New Yorks. When he used to catch for the Syracuse Stars nobody could beat him, and he led the leage in pitching in 1884 and ranked three in batting in 1885, and is known as a good every day and brilliant fielder. Mr. Dorgan can catch and pitch, and play any position with the rest of them, besides being a gentleman. My second choice is Mr. Kedy, and third Mr. Williamson."

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 19, 1887.

Brown, Elwood Mrs	McManus, B Mrs
Collins, R J	Moore, C L Mrs
Crone, C E Mrs	Murphy, W Mrs
Casey, Bridget	Rogers, Martha
Duhre, Amey Mrs	Scott, Rachel
Dodd, Samuel	Smith, John
Frazee, B	Thomas, Emily
Green, Geo	Tenon, E W Mrs
Harrison, Arenath	Walcher, M H
Hawkins, Lizzie	White, Mattie E
Kedslie, B Mrs	Welling, Carrie R

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

HESSE—On Friday, 19th inst., Margaretta P., wife of Justus H. Hesse.
Funeral services from her late residence, 7th street, Monday, 22d inst., at 2.30 p. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

FAMILY OF THREE WANT FURNISHED rooms, with or without board. "H," Plainfield. 8-20-d1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

LOST—ON FRIDAY MORNING A DIAMOND belonging to an ear-ring. The finder will receive a suitable reward by leaving it at THIS OFFICE. 8-20-d1

WANTED—A STRONG YOUNG MAN TO DRIVE horse and cart, and make himself useful on farm. Apply at WILSON'S Stone Crusher. 20d1

GOOD TABLE BOARD IN PRIVATE FAMILY. No. 17 Peace street, corner Second. MRS. L. PRESCOTT.—my20tf

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. K. McCLURE, Treasurer.
Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

PROPOSALS

FOR REPAIR OF SOMERSET STREET.

Sealed proposals for filling in washouts on Somerset street, near Demler's Hotel, will be received at the office of H. N. Spencer, collector, 62 Somerset street, or by members of the Township Committee, until Monday, Aug. 22d, 1887, at two p. m., when they will be opened at Demler's Hotel. Specifications can be seen at the Collector's office on and after Friday p. m., 19th inst. The Township Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

H. N. SPENCER,
Township Clerk, *pro tem.*
8-18-d3

A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, why? when a sample bottle is gladly given to you *free* by R. J. Shaw and the large size costs only 50c. and $1.00.

TRY OUR
QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-tf

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Tony Pastor's Great Show.

TONY PASTOR
AND HIS
EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

Secured personally by visit to the Capitols of the Old World. Every artist carefully selected by Tony Pastor himself. Also the Best of America's Specialty Stars, the whole

FORMING A DOUBLE SHOW.

--No. 8--
PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S
Furniture
Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(*Successor to B. H. Backman*)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
☞ Goods Delivered to any part of the city. ☜
8-2-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
18 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 5 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(*Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.*)

JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Good Sellers and Good Wearers.
CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,
FROM
PECK'S.

YOU
CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?
TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO
No. 33 Park Avenue
FOR
Musical Instruments
AND
Sporting Goods.
Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,
$20.
LATEST IN THE MARKET.
Children's Wagons and Carts.
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
(*Successors to A. Vanderbeek.*)
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.
my10tf

COERCION IN FORCE

THE IRISH LEAGUE REGULARLY PROCLAIMED.

Announced in the House of Lords and Commons—Ireland But Little Disturbed by the News.

LONDON, Aug. 20.—The Irish national league is proclaimed. It is now under the coercion act as an illegal organization, and arrests of its leading members in Ireland may follow. In the house of lords Lord Salisbury announced it grimly. In the house of commons Irish Secretary Balfour told the members of it in his most ladguid manner. He toyed with his chain as if he was changing small talk with a pretty woman. This is his way.

Mr. Balfour said the government had thus taken advantage of the power granted by the crimes act to prohibit the workings of or to entirely suppress the league. Mr. Harrington asked wheather Mr. Balfour was aware that nearly all branches of the league were engaged in registration work, whether he knew that the league was the only association opposed to the conservatives in that work, and whether the proclamation was not intended to paralyze the efforts of the league to the advantage of the conservatives.

Mr. Balfour said that no branches of the league whose work was confined to registration would be interfered with. Replying to a question by Mr. Sexton, Mr. Balfour said that until the viceroy of Ireland should issue an order regarding the particular district to be proclaimed the government proclamation would not be enforced.

The feeling is that the tories have played their last card. The Irish members received the announcement with jeers.

Mr. Parnell, in an interview said the action of the government in proclaiming the national league was a gratuitous insult to the people of Ireland. In regard to the present condition of Ireland, the proclamation is merely a move to cover the weakness of the land bill. If that means does not protect tenants from eviction there will inevitably be trouble during the coming winter.

Mr. William O'Brien, editor of *United Ireland*, said this evening: "The proclamation of the National league, as it stands at present, will not impede the work of the league, and I regard it as a better indication of the hopeless position of the government than even the parliamentary election at Northwick. It is significant that the league is not proclaimed under the sections of the coercion act relating to crime or association with crime, and the government have placed themselves by the action they have taken in the position. If they do nothing further they will be laughed, while if they pursue an aggressive policy they wil antagonize public opinion in Great Britain. Whatever they may do they are powerless, because the league means the Irish people."

DUBLIN, Aug. 20.—The news that the league had been proclaimed was received here without any signs of excitement. The people read the bulletins on the newspaper offices and went their way laughing or cheering. Sackville street, where the offices of the league are situated, was more than usually thronged, but no demonstrations. Detectives are watching the offices, where business is proceeding as usual. So far no arrests have been made. The news that a delegation of Irish members headed by Parnell are on their way here is received by the crowd with cheers. In Belfast the Orangemen are marching about singing "Croppies lie down," but the challenge to a row has not been taken up.

Highwaymen in New Jersey.

ASBURY PARK, Aug. 20.—A party of ladies and gentlemen returning from a carnival here were attacked by highwaymen near the Halfway House, on the road leading to Long Branch. There were three of them. One man held the horses' heads while the others went on each side of the coach and demanded money. When the driver made an attempt as if to draw a revolver, one of the highwamen said, "See here, none of that, we are as well fixed as you are." Before the men could commit any depredation another coach from here came along and the unknown men hurried away. The ladies were badly frightened. The occupants of the coach who were from Long Branch, will endeavor to have the man apprehended. The Halfway house is situated on the most lonesome part of the road from here to Long Branch.

What Master Workman Dodd Says.

NEWARK, Aug. 20.—At the knights of labor headquarters the officers of district assembly 51 seem to be in an unusually cheerful mood. Master Workman Dood says of the circular which John Jarrett, of Pittsburg, had shown George A. Halsey that it was in part the result of his (Dodd's) protest to Jarrett that protectionists were inconsistent in going to Castle Garden to get men to take the places of so-called protected workingmen. Mr. Dodd did not mention the fact that his name was signed to the circular, and that it had been written in this city. Dodd says that Halsey told Jarrett that several labor men had urged him to continue his fight against the knights, and promised to organize the strikers as members of the American federation of trades.

A Shifting Engine Runs Wild.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., August 20.—A wild shifting engine on the Pennsylvania elevated tracks running into Broad street station collided with another engine near the station and killed Engineer Morris Thompson. It then dashed away at 20 miles an hour toward a train approaching for the Powelton avenue station. At Thirtieth street it crashed into engine No. 1,100 and both engines were wrecked.

The Revenue Cutter Bear Safe.

PORTLAND, Me., Aug. 20.—A letter received a few days ago by the Rev. Father P. F. Healy, from his brother, Captain Healy, of the revenue steamer Bear, announced that he had beached his vessel. He constructed a cofferdam, found the leak, replaced the copper and had gone on his northern voyage. The rumor of the loss of the Bear is therefore contradicted by the captain's own report.

Industrial Items.

Detroit has awarded a contract for an iron bridge to cost $80,000.

The spring and axle manufacturers are forming a national association.

Six hundred coal miners are on strike in Laurel county, Ky. They demand a half cent of an increase a bushel on all the coal mined.

Indications point to trouble between the Long Island railroad and the brotherhood of locomotive engineers. The engineers claim that one of their men was docked $25 by the company unjustly.

The annual report of the American order of carpenters and joiners shows the total receipts for the year amount to $30,025.44. The expenditures were $10,416.73, and the benefits to members and relatives of deceased members amounted to $18,274.16 leaving cash on hand, $4,338.85.

UNITED LABOR PARTY

STATE TICKET NOMINATED AND PLATFORM ADOPTED.

An Harmonious Day's Work at Syracuse. The Socialists Sqelched But Still Full of Fight.

SYRACUSE, Aug 20.—Here is the ticket the united labor party nominated:

Secretary of state—Henry George of New York.

Comptroller—Victor A. Wilder of Brooklyn.

State treasurer—P. H. Cummins of Jamestown.

Attorney-general—Dennis C. Feely of Rochester.

State engineer—Sylvanus H. Sweet of Rochester.

Every man was nominated by acclamation, and every one is opposed to socialists. The last vote of the convention was a reiteration of the clause of the constitution of the united labor party of the city of New York, and its adoption as a rule for the state, that no man can belong to the united labor party who belongs to any other political party. To make the stand of the party as clear as possible, an anti-socialistic plank was put in the platform. It was a thorough victory for the friends of Mr. George, and it was won without caucusing or electioneering. The only appeals made were made on the floor of the hall in public speeches, and with the exception of the most rabid socialists, the convention was conducted with rare good feeling and enthusiasm. The state ticket is as good a one as could be made from the ranks of the party, and from a labor standpoint it is strong.

A scheme to reopen the discussion as to the eligibility of the socialists was being tried when it was shut off by the entrance of the resolutions committee, which was in the midst of its report when the platform committee entered. This, being the most important was given priority.

Mr. George presented the report, and read it from the platform. He first denied a report that he had offered the nomination for attorney general to E. P. Doyle, of Richmond county. He said he was not arranging a ticket, and least of all was not going about the state offering nominations. He explained that the platform in its main doctrines was the old Clarendon hall platform. Planks had been added to remove any doubt about the meaning and intentions of the party. There was cheering as he read.

The salient points of the platform are as follows: The party aims at the abolition of a system which permits monopolies to deprive labor of its natural opportunities by filling the land with tramps and paupers from foreign countries; also for the abolition of the system which makes railroads and telegraphs means for oppressing the people and aggrandizing aristocrats. The true principle of government is declared to be "the maintenance of that sacred right of property which gives to every one opportunity to employ his labor and security that he should enjoy its fruits." "We do not aim at securing any forced equality in the distribution of wealth. * * * Nor do we propose that the state shall take control of land and either work it or rent it out. * * * What we propose is not the disturbing of any man in his holding or title, but by abolishing all taxes on industry or its products to leave to the producer the full fruits of his exertion, and by taxation of land values to the exclusion of improvements, to devote to the common use those values which, arising not from exertion of the individual but from growth of society, belong to the community as a whole. * * * While thus simplifying government, by doing away with a horde of officials required by the present system of taxation, with its incentives to fraud and suspicion, we would further promote the common weal and further secure equal rights of all by placing under public control such agencies as are in their nature monopolies. We would have our municipalities supply their inhabitants with water, light and heat; we would have the general government issue all money without the intervention of banks; we would add a postal telegraph system and postal savings banks to the postal service, and would assume public control and ownership of those iron roads which have become highways of modern commerce. The platform declares in favor of such legislation as will reduce the hours of labor, prevent the employment of children of tender years, avoid competition with convicts, to secure sanitary inspection of tenements, factories and mines, and put an end to the abuse of the conspiracy laws. The desire is expressed to simplify the procedure of courts, diminish expenses of legal proceedings and the adoption of the Australian system of voting in order that the effectual secrecy of the ballot and the relief of candidates for public offices from the expenses now imposed on them may prevent bribery and intimidation do away with the practical discrimination in favor of the rich and the unscrupulous and lessen the pernicious influence of money in politics.

There was repeated applause over the anti-socialist plank, cheers when it came to the planks declaring the functions of government, and shouts as the plank against the abuse of the conspiracy laws was read. The platform was offered as a whole, and not plank by plank.

J. A. Ronayne of Buffalo moved that the platform be adopted without alteration. It had received the support of all members of the committee on platform except two, and it was the essential feeling of the convention.

Dr. Montague R. Leverson had a minority report signed by himself and James H. Quinlan of Warren county. Dr. Leverson thought there were two errors in the majority report. First, in the introduction of matters of secondary importance about which the committee were not agreed, and in the omitting of certain cardinal principles second in importance to the land theory only. For those reasons he presented a minority report which was promptly rejected.

The resolutions committee was then given a show, and reported a resolution concerning the Erie canal and government of that artery by the national government. This met with considerable opposition, and the resolution was modified and adopted, as follows:

Whereas, The united labor party recognize the great value of our canals as regulators and controllers of freight rates, they acting as the only safeguard of protection between the giant railroad monopolies and the masses, therefore

Resolved, That we are in favor of improving the state waterways, thus placing them in the highest efficiency, thereby reducing the cost of transportation, the necessaries of life, the product of the soil, to the minimum, and thus further utilize New York's superior commercial advantages.

The next resolution was aimed at Gov. Hill, against whom the convention seemed to have a grudge. It passed with cheers:

Resolved, That this convention denounce the flagrant abuse of executive power by which, at public cost, the governor of New York employs public agents of the corrupt democratic party to travel through the state in the guise of factory inspectors, arbitrators, and statisticians, but in reality to work for partisan purposes.

It was decided to have no debate on the resolutions, but to vote on each one separately.

Resolutions were passed condemning congress for its failure to pass the ten hour bill for letter carriers; favoring the extension of the time which children shall be by law required to attend schools from fifteen to sixteen years; favoring the establishment of free public libraries; demanding the passage of a bill creating a state printing department; to prohibit the employment of bodies of armed men by corporations or individuals; that under no circumstances should state funds be used for other than public schools, nor for the benefit of any institution except it is under the control and management of the state: demanding the rigid enforcement of proper forestry laws: favoring the abrogation of all laws which do not equal the civil and political rights of women. The last resolution expressed "our heartiest sympathy with the Irish people in their present struggle for a national legislature, and that we also wish them success in their laudable efforts to destroy the baleful system of landlordism in Ireland."

The nominating speeches were then made the mention of the leaders names exciting great enthusiasm. The result is presented at the head of these despatches.

To make sure that there could be no mistake about the standing of these men of socialistic tendencies in the party J. Franz, and William McCabe, an anti-socieist, asked for a ruling of the chair whether or not socialists could belong to the united labor party. The chair said that adherence to the platform and rules of the party was the only test. It was suggested that as yet the party had no rule save that of the New York city constitution that no member of the united labor could belong to any other political party. So Mr. O'Donnell moved that the rule be adopted by the state convention to apply to the state. It was done unanimously. This clinches the ejectment of the socialists.

Resolutions of thanks to Chairman McMackin and the secretaries were passed, and a motion to adjoin was carried.

The state committee was then selected by congress districts.

The committee met in the Empire house to organize. J. H. Blakely of Broome county was elected chairman and Gaybert Barnes of Brooklyn, secretary. Mr. Barnes is the present secretary of the land and labor committee. Dr. McGlynn, William McCabe, John McMackin and Gaybert Barnes were elected executive committee.

The state committee were authorized to notify the candidates of their nomination, and empowered to fill any vacancy occurring in the state ticket.

The local socialists held a meeting in the City Hall to protest against their expulsion. Some 200 persons were present. Young Vrooman, who was excluded because he is a minor, a resident of Kansas, and a Socialist, made a speech denouncing the United Labor party. J. P. Kohler answered him, denying that the Socialists were right. Vrooman replied. Wm. Delmar, J. Franz and a local celebrity also talked. Resolutions were passed denouncing the action of the convention. The meeting was short, and most of the 200 left before it was over.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—The Socialists here are very indignant over the action of the Syracuse convention of the New York Labor party. They denounce Henry George as a political trickster and demagogue, and predict his speedy political death.

NEW YORK, Aug. 20.—The socialists are determined to have it out with George, and have engaged Cooper Union for Monday night to begin an onslaught upon him. Editor Servius E. Schevitch, Lawrence Groenlund, and George D. Block got back to town yesterday. "The present outlook is that the socialists will not vote at all in the election, but will in the present campaign do all they can to show up the hollow pretenses of the present labor party," said editor Schevitch.

Animals for Breeding Purposes.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Assistant Secretary Maynard has written a letter to the editor of a trade paper in Chicago in regard to importations of animals for breeding purposes, in which he says that inasmuch as the law does not require such animals to be of superior race or blood, the department cannot adopt the suggestion that a certificate of registration in the "herd book," etc., be required in cases of such importations. In regard to the inquiry as whether the right to bring stock for breeding purposes into the United States is confined to citizens thereof, Judge Maynard says that such importations rest upon the same footing as importations of merchandise. Judge Maynard says that the department as a rule is more stringent in cases of importations from Canada in the exaction of satisfactory or conclusive evidence that such animals are specially imported for breeding purposes than it is in the case of animals imported from across the seas, even though the latter may arrive by way of Canadian ports.

Eclipse of the Sun in Berlin.

BERLIN, Aug. 20.—There was an eclipse of the sun to-day. The sky was entirely overcast and the sun was invisible. The eclipse was preceded by the appearance of deeply colored clouds. The color increased as the sun rose, but gradually faded, whereupon general darkness suddenly set in. Clouds of increased deep coloring returned a few minutes and then daylight ensued. Thousands of people came to Berlin by the railway and in carriages from different points to observe the phenomenon.

Prisoners of the War.

CHICAGO, Aug. 20.—There are several hundred veterans in the city, for the purpose of attending the national convention of ex-prisioners of war, which begins in this city to-day and conitnues for two days. The convention is being held at battery D., and there are large representations from every northern state, Indiana, Illinois, Wisconsin, Ohio and Michigan sending the largest delegations, though Kansas and Iowa are well represented.

A Missouri Farmer Shot by Robbers.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 20.—Samuel Gann, a wealthy farmer living ten miles from here, was shot twice by two masked robbers at his home last evening. The villians escaped but the whole country is aroused and searching for them. Mr. Gann was worth a quarter of a million, and the motive of the crime was undoubtedly robbery. He is shot through the lungs and cannot recover.

Gone, But Not Forgotten.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., Aug. 20.—E. A. Morse, a lawyer, is believed to have left for parts unknown. He has been leading a fast life for some time, and is supposed to have $20,000 or more with him. Foley Brothers and the Minnesota loan and trust company are the principal losers by his departure.

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
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EMILE BERCKMANS,

Teacher of Piano.

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Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

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Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

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City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Coal Dealer.

Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

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Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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A. SWALM.

Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,

Paper Hanging A Specialty.

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Bookseller and Stationer.

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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND CENT'S FURNISHINCS,

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Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

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SHARKEY & BLIMM,

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Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets, North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer.

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.29, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 6.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m., Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.21, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN PIANOS and ORGANS, FOR 30 DAYS, AT A. VANDERBEEK'S, 33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

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SELL

OIL STOVES, WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10my1y

W. N. ROWE,

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.

my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.

No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,

for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,

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Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

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Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

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Soda Water,

With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

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CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

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ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. my10tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,

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Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, **$3.50 per Dozen.** my10y1

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.

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House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.

PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.

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BOOTS AND SHOES AT

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New Coods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.

AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S

Fish Market,

Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Senator Riddleberger is reported to be seriously ill.

It is expected that 50,000 grand army veterans will join the parade at St. Louis.

Fifty kegs of beer were seized at Providence to test the new prohibitory law.

The farmers' convention at Atlanta, Ga., repudiates the idea of forming a third political party.

The cholera in Sicily has been overcome and there is no longer danger that it will spread at Napies.

Two new cases of yellow fever have been reported in Key West since Wednesday and one death.

Premier Norquay of Manitoba is visiting Chicago in the interest of the proposed boundary railroad.

Richard Lyman, a prominent business man of Lockport, N. Y., broke his arm while playing a game of ball.

The colored people of Nashville have formed an association to unite their votes at the coming city election.

A Russian sailor in the Walton Workhouse near Liverpool, has just awakened from a thirteen months' sleep.

F. H. Morse, a lawyer of St. Cloud, Minn., has left for parts unknown, taking $20,000 of other people's funds with him.

Oliver Atkins aged 1, deliberately murdered Willie Hawkins, aged 3 at Memphis by shooting him through the heart with a revolver.

Axel Nylen, a money order clerk of the Bridgeport, Conn., post office has resigned and $750 was found missing from the safe after his departure.

Gov. Gordon has issued a proclamation inviting the people of Georgia to participate in the constitution centennial celebration at Philadeldhia.

The Austrian government has withdrawn the Pasteur subvention to the general hospital at Vienna, the treatment having proved a failure.

George Brinski, who was President Cleveland's army substitute died of consumption at the Soldier's home at Bath, N. Y. He was 54 years old.

One person has been killed and five wounded in the French village of Mirabeau-sur-Beze in a riot resulting from the introduction of Italian laborers.

Mr. Alvin Clark, founder of the famous telescope manufactory at Cambridge, Mass., is dangerously ill. He is over 83 years of age. His death is expected at any moment.

The marquis of Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain jointly advised the government that it would be impolite to proclaim the league till the effect of the new land act was seen.

Citizens of Orange, Dubois and Crawford counties, Ind., are terrorized by the plundering bands known as White Cap Regulators, and have appealed to the governor for protection.

A collision occurred in the yard of the Pennsylvania railroad in Philadelphia between two passenger engines, by which Morris Thompson and another engineer were probably fatally injured.

United States District Attorney George M. Stearns of Massachusetts has resigned, to take effect Aug. 31. Ill health is the reason assigned. He positively declines to be a candidate for the governorship.

On March 18 Jim Harris, alias Charley Parker, robbed an army paymaster's wagon of $7,000 at Douglas, Wy. A week ago he was robbed of most of the money by other outlaws, and yesterday he was captured by the sheriff after a desperate struggle.

The London *Chronicle* says: "It would be as easy to make an empty sack stand up stiff and straight as to support the government's chameleon-like policy. 'A plague on both your houses' is the natural verdict of the English and Scotch unionists."

Dennis Ryan, the St. Paul millionaire, and a company of eastern capitalists, began the erection of the largest smelting and reduction works in the country in Tacoma on Wednesday. The capital stock of the company is $2,000,000 and the works are to turn out 400 tons of ore daily.

The damage caused by the storm in England was very serious. In London three persons were killed, and a number of churches and houses struck by lightning. In the country, also, there was much damage to property, and many persons are reported to have been killed.

The body of a man found near Glen Cove about a week ago and which was buried at that place by the authorities, has been exhumed and identified as the remains of William Malley, of Bridgeport, Conn. The sons and a nephew took charge of the body and removed it to Bridgeport. The deceased was a brother of Edward Malley, New Haven, the wealthy dry goods merchant.

Collision of Schooners.

VINEYARD HAVEN, Mass., Aug. 20.—The schooner Frank A. Nelson of Calais, Me., for New York with a cargo of sardines and herring, and the E. L. Watts of Thomaston, from Smithtown, Me., for Philadelphia with a cargo of ice, collided between Chatham and Nanset during a thick fog. The Nelson was cut through just abaft the main rigging, causing her to fill with water in twenty minutes. It is thought she afterwards sunk. The captain and crew jumped on board the Watts, and arrived here last night. No part of their effects was saved. The crew were sent to Calais this morning. Capt. Thompson proceeded to Boston.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20, 3 p. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, winds becoming light and variable slightly cooler.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 19.—Money on Call at 4½ per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s.	1891, reg.	107¾	107¾
4½s.	1891, con.	108¾	109
4s.	1907, reg.	127¾	126½
4s.	1906, con	126	126½

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—Absolute dullness was the one and only feature up to the close to-day, and, as as usual the case in a dull market, prices sagged off.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56¾	56½
Chicago, Bur, & Q.	101	140
Central Pacific	38¾	38
Del. & Hudson	101½	101½
Del. Lack. & W.	1,1	130¾
Erie	31½	31½
Erie pref	71	71
Lake Shore	91½	94½
Louis. & Nash.	63	63¾
Michigan Central	86¾	86
Missouri Pacific	98	97¾
N. Y. & New Eng.	45½	45¾
N. J. Central	75½	75¾
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	109¼	108¾
Northwestern	115½	115¾
Oregon Navigation	95	94½
Pacific Mail	39½	30½
Reading	56	55¾
Rock Island	124	128
St. Paul	82½	82¾
Union Pacific	56¾	56¾
West. Union Tel.	74	73¾

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79¾	80	81½
Corn	49¼	49¾	50½
Oats	31¼	31½	32

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern 25a26c.; Western, 24a25c.; Imitation, 17a19c.; Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 20a22c.; western, 16a18c. Factory—firsts, 15a17c. June packed, firsts.

Cheese—Market steady. Factory—New York cheddar, 9a9¾c.; western, flat, 10a11c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs—Market steady, Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 17½a18c; Canadian, firsts, 16½a17c; western, firsts, 16½a17c.

THE OPIUM FARMER.

Hindoos Who Remain Poor with Wealth Always Within Their Grasp.

"There is nothing the soil can produce that can be cultivated with more profit to the husbandman than the poppy, if it is cultivated in the right country," said the head of a large drug importing house to a New York *Sun* reporter, "and yet there are no farmers in the world who are so universally and perpetually poverty-stricken as the growers of the poppy. The many thousands of people who are engaged in the production of opium in India—and I speak from personal knowledge obtained on extended visits to the provinces of Benares, Babar and Malwah—live year after year from hand to mouth, when they might reap fortunes by a very little energy and extra exertions. The opium farmer of India lives and labors with but three objects in view. These are, first, to decorate his wife profusely with ornaments, to eat off a brass plate, and to be in a position to make a great display when his oldest son is married. As far as the wife's jewelry is concerned that is a religious duty, the Hindoo religion demanding that certain ornaments must be worn by married women, and the real wealth, if wealth it may be called, of the native land-owner, is his wife's jewels, and whatever a husbandman may gain by his poppy culture he immediately invests in jewelry, the same as the Yankee farmer places his money in bond and mortgage. If the Indian farmer on marrying can not do any better in the way of jewelry he must give the bride he obtains lead ornaments. This keeps the religious form, but the very first year he has been energetic enough to raise a good opium crop the lead jewelry gives place to silver or gold. On the marriage of his oldest son an Indian farmer will waste in a week's jollification the entire savings of years of privation.

"It is a strange sight to see the Hindoo women at work in the fields, gathering poppy juice or picking weeds, decked out with huge gold rings, bracelets, anklets and chains, and wearing but a single short petticoat and a gay colored wrap of light texture. The wants of the Indian *raiat*, as the farmer is called, are very few and simple. A thatched roof, covering four confined mud walls, shelter him, and there are families who have lived for hundreds of years, generation after generation, in the same hovel-like homestead. The farmer's suit of every-day working clothes is a very scant cloth fastened about his loins. His 'dress up' suit is a big cotton sheet folded about him. His entire family, from himself down to the smallest child he owns that is not too small to crawl about among the poppy plants and know the difference between a weed and a poppy, share in the toil of the field. The small children are clothed just as they came into the world, and appear comfortable, no matter how the sun shines or how low the temperature may fall—and in November, December, January and February, when the bulk of the field work is done, the weather is quite cold enough for at least summer clothing.

"These happy-go-lucky tillers of the soil depend entirely on the Government to keep them going year after year in the matter of farming. Thus the Government advances the poppy seed that is to be sown, loans the money by which the land is irrigated, and the bullocks purchased to carry on the work. The cultivator will not till more of his land than he can manage without other help than his own immediate family, and consequently a patch leased to any one farmer that is half an acre in extent is an exceptionally large holding. The one-twentieth of an acre, called a *bigka*, is the favorite quantity of land for a farmer to seed down with poppies, but he will put in a tenth or a sixth on a pinch.

"The farmers themselves have no direct intercourse with the Government. Each village of opium growers select some native as their representative or agent with the authorities. He is called the *lambardar*. It is his business to give estimates to the Government agents as to the probable yield of the farms he represents, on which the loans and advances may be based. He manages every transaction between the Government and the farmers, and for his services he gets a commission on all the opium he causes to be delivered to what are known as the weighing stations.

"The opium gathering begins in January or February. The poppy flowers have then given away to the seed pods, which are lanced in the afternoon. The thick gum, the opium, exudes from the cut made in the pod, and at daylight the next morning the entire family of a *raiat* are astir in the fields, scraping the opium from the pods, the incisions being carefully closed again, by rubbing the finger sharply up and down on the cuts, which glues them shut. If carefully treated the pods will expand liberally to six lancings. The opium is at first placed in brass vessels, and the dew that may adhere to it is drained off. Then it is kneaded like dough until it is at the proper consistency, when it is packed in new earthen jars and is ready to be carried to the weighing stations.

"The order to fetch in the year's crop of opium is generally given early in April, and that is the most interesting season of the year to the *raiat* and his family. Each farmer is notified that on a certain day he must be at the weighing station of his district for the testing and weighing. An entire village, men, women, and children, join in joyous procession when this notice is received, and, laden with the jars of opium, start for the destination. They travel only at night, as the heat of the sun is so great at that season of the year that the journey would be unendurable. All day they lounge in the groves and shady lanes, feasting and joining in various recreations. These wayside camps of the opium villages are picturesque sights to the traveler through these provinces. When a group arrive at the weighing station they are ranged in long lines before the examiner, who examines the opium of each one and marks the quality and weight of each jar with a piece of chalk on the side of the jar. The examiners are experts, and can tell by the feeling whether a sample of opium is adulterated, but they put it to chemical tests as well. After the opium is all weighed and tested the different farmers receive the amount their yield entitles them to, less the Government advances, and the gay procession takes up its march for home. The opium is forwarded to Calcutta in boxes known as opium chests, and the insidious drug is ready to be sent on its mission of blessing to many and of misery to many more."

Culture in the Dining-Room.

At a Boston hotel the head waiter came out of the office and informed the learned and cultured clerk that a man was raising a disturbance because he could not have his accustomed seat at the table. "Go in again," said the Browning-saturated clerk, "and propitiate him in some way—I leave it to you." Back went the waiter to the dissatisfied boarder and said: "If you don't like the way things is done here you can get right out, or I'll propitiate you pretty quick."

FORTY YEARS A POSTMAN.

A New Yorker Who Has Delivered Over Five Million Pieces of Mail Matter.

Little has ever been written about the old postmen who have spent their lives working for us here, says the New York *World*. The higher officials in the post-office building do not like to have the employes interviewed. There is something pathetic in the life-work of these men, who, when they get too old to attend to their duties, are shoved aside to starve, if so be. Other faithful public servants are pensioned. Not so with these men. With postmen, more than any other class of public servants, lengthy service means proved trustworthiness. Thousands of dollars pass through their hands, and valuable documents and important letters are entrusted to them. But people forget these things. Less ornamental than the policeman as a sidewalk adornment, and infinitely more useful, the postman's familiar figure betrays nothing of the time he has done duty on the streets. There are no stripes on the postman's coat sleeve indicating the years he has traveled to and fro on his peaceful errands. Yet each year added to his record sheds a luster upon his character as an honest employe of the Government. The drawback, so far as he is concerned, is that he flourishes in virtue comparatively unknown. Non-political, he can hope for no advancement by influence. He is wholly at the mercy of his superiors, who cast light or shade upon his existence as they may choose. He is doomed to hard work year in and year out. The people of one district no sooner become acquainted with him than he is removed to another and he is quickly forgotten by his former friends.

Thus a letter-carrier may go on his rounds for twenty or thirty years without the fact being publicly known. A letter-carrier with the patience of Job and the modesty of a saint could pass a lifetime delivering mail in this city without other than his immediate acquaintances being aware of it.

Charles A. Tyler has the longest record of any postman perhaps in the United States, certainly in New York. He was appointed in 1845 through the instrumentality of Edwin Crosswell, then editor of the Albany *Argus*. He has done every kind of postal work—delivered and collected letters, superintended a station, and clerked at a money-order office. Since 1880 he has attended to all the mail matter on Governor's Island, where he is a general favorite. Forty-three years is a long period to pass in any department of the civil service. As the experience of a letter-carrier it implies not only a career of rectitude, but familiarity with the various changes that have affected our postal system. Mr. Tyler's hair has grown silvery in the work. He is sixty-four years of age and far from infirm. There were twenty-five regular carriers when he sought a position among them. He commenced as an outside assistant. The regulars had the privilege of hiring whatever help they needed. Finally he obtained a route to himself, some two and a half miles round, with the city hall as its center. Fifty men are now detailed to it.

Those were halcyon days for the postmen. They had their deliveries daily at nine in the morning, noon and three in the afternoon. They levied tribute on the public. For each letter delivered they received two cents and for each newspaper one cent. Many of them made money. When they had more mail than they could distribute they resorted to a drug store or grocery, where they parceled up the surplus for their assistants to deliver. It was nothing for a "regular" to earn ten or twelve dollars per day, and his gains increased when the gold fever broke out.

The first improvement in the post-office was to stamp the amount of postage on the cover of the mail. If in red letters, it was to be paid by the receiver. Some amusing incidents occurred in this connection. The carriers did not quite comprehend the salary principle. A list of the postage they were to collect was kept by the clerk, and on Friday, which was pay-day, the total sum for the week was deducted from their wages. "Well," said Mr. Tyler, "as a set-off against this imposition, as they called it—for it was mighty hard to convince them that the postage charged was not their due—some of them collected the amount on the envelope, whether it was printed in black or red figures. Consequently double postage was extorted on some letters. So long as the public did not grumble the carriers were indifferent. They did it to be on the safe side, and sure enough, when Friday came round, the majority of them not only had enough to meet the bill for 'reds' but a nice nest-egg for the following week."

Mr. Tyler calculates that he has delivered over five million pieces of mail matter since he joined the service, including at least half a million letters, etc., to Governor's Island.

POINTS FOR THE PARSON.

Theological Advice Imparted to Him by a Western Vigilance Committee.

A young man who recently graduated from an Eastern theological school went out to Murray, in the Cœur d'Alene country, to take charge of a church, says the Omaha *Republican*. The largest gambling hall in town was cleared for his accommodation the first Sunday, one table on which Spanish monte was usually dealt being left for him to stand behind. A large stock register-book was laid on this, which was supposed to represent the Bible. The whole town turned out, and the young divine preached a powerful sermon. In it he strongly denounced gambling, horse-racing, drinking and profanity. That afternoon he was called on by a committee of leading citizens, one of whom said:

"Pardner, thar's a little matter we'd like to talk over with ye. I am the chairman uv the vigilance committee."

"Is it possible?"

"Mighty poss'ble, Captain; the cussedest possible thing ye ever seed. Wot we come here to say is that we don't approve o' your preachin'."

"I am very sorry that such is the case, but I can't see how I can change it."

"Can't, hey? Well, I reckon you'll hev to. Ye've got to let up on hollerin' again gamblin', an' horse racin', an' swearin', an liker. Them things air all 'lowable here, an' air highly recommended by the leadin' citizens, an' the clergy has got to fall inter line. As a committee we moseyed up here to warn ye, an' taint our style to warn more'n once."

"But, my dear sir, what can I preach against—I must denounce something."

"What can ye preach ag'in? Well, I swar! Hain't there wickedness 'nough in this country 'thout goin' outer yer way to jump onter sich thing? Preach ag'in hoss stealing and jumping mineral claims uv course. Rip 'em up the back an' tramp on 'em. Then there's original sin—tech that up once in while. Jes' confine yerself to these things and the boys will jes' crowd in to hear an' cheer yer every time yer make a good pin't."

THE WORK OF FIENDS.

A Cruel Crime Committed in Central Illinois Thirty Years Ago.

The number of crimes committed in this country out of what may be termed "pure cussedness" is astonishingly large, and includes many murders, observes a writer in the New York *Evening Sun*. The death of Charles J. Walton, as mentioned in Chicago papers the other day, recalls the particulars of a crime of thirty years ago which made a great stir at the time, but which can not now be remembered by a dozen persons. At the time of the murder Walton was a boy eleven years of age, and in the employ of a farmer named John Courtwright, in Central Illinois. One rainy day in the fall the two were shelling beans in an old barn about half a mile from the farm house. It had come to be three o'clock in the afternoon, when the farmer, using his knife to cut off a piece of tobacco let it slip through a crack in the floor. The boy went out doors and crawled under to secure it. It was a close squeeze for him, and he had not yet reached the spot when he heard three men enter the barn. The sound of their voices proved them strangers in the neighborhood. The spokesman said they had come to see if the farmer had a horse to sell. He replied that he had not, when one of the men laughed and said:

"Come, old fellow, we don't want a horse. We want to see you dance and hear you sing."

The farmer must have realized that they meant him harm, and he began to beg and beseech and offer to buy them off. He had about a dollar in change in his pocket, and he gave them this, together with a knife and pipe. The trio had no sooner stripped him than they armed themselves with some switches used to drive the oxen and proceeded to whip the poor man until his screams seemed likely to be heard at the highway, half a mile off. Young Walton was terribly frightened, and he explained why he did not go for help by saying:

"There was no one at our house but Mrs. Courtwright, and no neighbor nearer than a mile and a half. As it was raining, no one would be likely to be passing on the road. And, too, there was such a lot of rubbish under the barn that I could not move without making a great noise, and I felt that they would certainly hear me."

When the farmer began to shout for help they knocked him down and gagged him with a handkerchief, and then their devilish thirst for blood became more apparent. One of them seized the farmer's left hand and coolly and deliberately broke every finger in succession. They pulled off his boots and applied lighted matches to the soles of his feet, and with their knives creased the soles in every direction. They at first seemed to delight in his violent struggles, but finally used chains and ropes to tie him down.

"When they had kept up their torture for about half an hour," he said, "the gag came loose, and Mr. Courtwright called out to them in the name of God to spare his life. He offered them $300 he had in the bank and a deed of his farm if they would let him go, but they only mocked him. One of them said it was the greatest sport he had had in twenty years, and another said he had always wanted to see how much a man could suffer before death came to relieve him. Most of the time they had their victim gagged, so that I could not hear his voice, except as he kept up a moaning, but sometimes, when the gag was loosened, he cried and begged of them in a way to melt your heart."

The cutting and slashing of the farmer did not satisfy the cruel nature of the tormentors. One of them had a muzzle-loading pistol, and he loaded it with small charges of powder, and fired them into the naked body of Courtwright. Another stuck his legs full of splinters. These two latter modes of punishment furnished the clew by which the murderers were overhauled. When they had been at their infernal work for nearly an hour they began to tire of it. The farmer was in a dying condition, and they finished him with a knife. The boy heard every word and movement, and he said:

"I heard them talk about finishing 'the old fellow' off, and there was quite a dispute as to who should use the knife. It was finally decided, and the fellow sharpened the blade on his boot and then kept thrusting and counting—one, two, three, and so on up to sixteen, and these were the number counted on the dead body. I was lying on my stomach on the ground just under the body, and the warm blood ran through the cracks on my head and shoulders."

As soon as the trio had left, the boy crawled out to give the alarm, but it was nine o'clock at night before any considerable number of men had gathered and the pursuit was taken up. The men were tracked to a point north of Pekin, where they stole horses from a field and headed for Monmouth. To the north of that place they stole a team, and made for the Mississippi river, and there all traces of them were lost. It seems that they stole a shanty boat and started off down the river, and were next heard of three weeks later, at the mouth of the Illinois river. They tied their boat to the shore and roamed around the country in a lawless way, and one night a farmer shot one of them in the leg as he was robbing the hen house. The man had a pistol, and he fired back at the farmer and missed. It was then knocked from his grasp, and as he lay on the ground he gritted his teeth in rage and exclaimed:

"You infernal hound! but how I'd like to revenge on you. I'd like to shoot you full of powder and fill your flesh with splinters."

The words caught the farmer's attention. He had read of the murder of Courtwright, and he believed he had one of the men. Giving the alarm to three or four of his neighbors, they secured the wounded man and then set out for the boat-house. They were fired on, but when they had killed one of the men the other surrendered. Being charged with the Courtwright murder, he held out for awhile and then confessed. Out of the dozen men who had by this time gathered together not a voice was raised to turn the prisoners over to the sheriff and the law. The one unhurt was strung up within half an hour of his confession, and the wounded one a little later on. When life was extinct the bodies were weighted and sunk in the river. Just who the men were was never known, but they were ruffians of the worst description, who were probably making their way to Missouri and beyond and living on the country as they went. The one who confessed said they meant only to rob Courtwright, but his betrayal of fear angered them, and they killed him for being a coward.

Only Wanted a Chance.

"No, Bobby," said his mother, "one piece of pie is quite enough for you!" "It's funny," responded Bobby, with an injured air; "you say you are anxious that I should learn to eat properly, and yet you won't give me a chance to practice."

America Ahead on the Cow.

England is said to have one cow to eight and a half persons; France one cow to three and one-third, and America one cow to one and two-thirds persons.

THE WRONG CARD.

Fortune and Happiness Lost by a Single Inexcusable Blunder.

We have all some sad moments in our lives, sad secrets that are not immoral or criminal or any thing like that, says a writer in the San Francisco *Chronicle*, but simply moments of unhappy accident or painful stupidity. Don't you recollect, for instance, the time when your best girl wanted you to take her to the theater and you wrote to her you were were sick and confined to your bed, and her younger brother told her next morning he had been out at a prize-fight with you?

Don't you remember, and kick yourself when you think of it, the time you wanted to show her the pretty letter you had from your mother about her, and you gave her instead a dunning note from the jeweler for the handsome bracelet you gave her as a present on the Christmas before? There are worse contretemps that you recollect occasionally, I know, but they would not look pretty in print.

I am reminded of the subject by the absent-mindedness of a fellow who dressed himself up in his best and went one evening to call upon the pretty daughter of a rich man, upon whose fortune he was building great hopes of future happiness. He rang the bell, handed his card and was shown into the parlor. In a minute the old gentleman himself came down with the card in his hand.

"We are very glad to see you, Mr. Jones, but I don't think you intended this card for us."

It was a pawn-ticket.

A CUSTOM with P. T. Barnum is to advise every man who has a wife to give her a signed temperance pledge as a New Year's gift.—*N. Y. Mail.*

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NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

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We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

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BY THE WAY.

—Janitor Mattox will light up Music Hall between five and six o'clock this evening, and exhibit the new scenery to a select few.

—A cordial welcome awaits you at the meeting conducted by young men for young men in the Y. M. C. A. Rooms, this evening at 8 o'clock.

—As we go to press, navigation has opened again under the railroad bridges, and those who are down-town will have to stay there until the few sewers we have can carry off the floods accumulating from a heavy "local shower."

—A team of horses belonging to Carl Kaerth, the mineral water dealer on East Second street, attempted to run away on that thoroughfare at one o'clock today. One of the reins broke and the driver pulled the horses on the sidewalk where they fell and were captured. But little damage was done.

—The most scientific men that we know of, are those who can carry a screen door from a place of business half way to the depot and then throw it back with a tremendous bang to its exact position without breaking the hinges. Such scientific movements are exciting our learned business men at this season of the year.

—At the request of Mr. John Krewson, one of the parties concerned, we would state on his authority that the suit he brought against Mr. Carl Kaerth was for fifty cents he had paid the latter for porter ordered but not delivered. In our account of the case, Saturday, we called the beverage mineral water, but Mr. Krewson, who knows what he ordered, says it was porter.

—The seventeen mile level of the Morris Canal and the Pompton feeder in the northern part of Morris county are usually stocked with black bass in the Autumn, coming probably from Lake Hopatcong. When the water is drawn off these fish are destroyed, but it is now proposed to draw the waters through a net and transfer the fish to Lake Hopatcong, Greenwood Lake or the Passaic River. Miller's Pond, near Denville, and the Middle Forge Pond, both in Morris county, have recently been stocked with black bass by Commissioner Wright.

"Ah! There."

The Perth Amboy *Republican* of Friday, contained the following news item: "Ex-Chief Jennings and Foreman Thos. Keller of the Plainfield Fire Department, visited this city one day last week for the purpose of catching all the fish in Princess Bay. The veteran fisherman, Alex. Seguine, volunteered to bring the fish ashore, and consequently went with the party. These two fire laddies had not made the proper arrangements with old man 'Neptune,' and he sent in his big rollers and called them to an account. They rendered up everything—even to a breakfast that had been eaten three days previous. They did very well for fire laddies, however, in regard to fishing. Counting the toad-fish, they had fifteen in all."

Fell Down Stairs.

George Winkler, a resident of Netherwood, sustained painful injuries by falling down stairs at his home, yesterday morning. He was about to descend from the second story, when he stumbled and fell headforemost to the bottom landing. The fall stunned him, and he lay in an unconscious condition for some time. A severe scalp wound was inflicted on the forehead and the right arm at the wrist was badly sprained. Last evening the injured man called at Dr. Long's office to have the wounds dressed.

Enterprise and Accuracy.

Over two weeks ago THE PRESS published an account of a coaching party of Netherwood cottagers to Summit, and mentioned among those present Mr. and Mrs. Buchanan and Mr. and Mrs. Haines. That job-lot newspaper, the New York *World*, only got so far in their Jersey news by this morning, and put those spoken of above as Mr. and Mrs. Bachman and Mr. and Mrs. Harris.

DROPPED DEAD IN THE POST OFFICE.

Louisa Smalley, an Elderly Lady, Expires while Conversing with a Clerk in the Office—Heart Disease the Cause of Death.

Louisa Smalley, widow of the late Ambrose Smalley, of Bound Brook, walked into the post office in this city about half-past six o'clock on Saturday evening, and after dropping a postal card into the box, dropped dead. The deceased was 55 years of age, and had been for many years past a resident near Bound Brook. She resided with her sister, Mrs. T. J. Sebring, at Bloomington, Somerset county, N. J., and came to this city on Saturday morning to spend the day with her neice, Mrs. Wm. J. Nelson. The latter prevailed upon her aunt to remain over Sunday, and she finally consented. During the day she wrote a postal card to her sister at Bloomington, telling her that she intended to remain with friends here until the middle of this week. She carried the postal card to the office, and dropped it into the box without addressing it. When the old lady returned to Mrs. Nelson's she distinctly remembered that she had not addressed the card, and returning to the office asked Mr. Ed. Pope, one of the clerks, for it. He handed her back the card and returned to his work. In a firm hand she wrote the following inscription: "Mrs. T. J. Sebring, Bloomington, Somerset county, N. J.," and again dropped the card into the box. She then went to the general delivery window, and to Assistant Postmaster Force, she said, leaning her arm on the window sill: "Oh, how tired I feel." Without another murmur she reeled and fell to the floor, striking on the back of her head, and expired immediately. In falling her head struck the floor with great force, inflicting a deep scalp wound on the back of the head. Dr. Hedges was soon on the spot, but life was extinct, and he pronounced heart disease as the cause of death. When the old lady fell, her parasol, purse and a small vial dropped to the floor. The latter contained a liquid headache cure, and there was between four and five dollars in cash in the purse, and an excursion ticket to Bound Brook. As usual, in such cases, a crowd of curious people gathered about the corpse, and soon afterward the body was removed to Ford and Stiles' morgue, when Mr. Swan Smalley identified it as that of his stepmother. During the evening Sheriff Stiles went to Bound Brook and notified the relatives of the deceased. Although surprised at her sudden death, they had been told by the family physician that Mrs. Smalley was likely to die in bed or at any time, as she was subject to a heart disease. For a long time past whenever the old lady went away from home, some one always accompanied her, but she seemed to be enjoying remarkably good health on Saturday, and was allowed to come to Plainfield alone. The news of the sudden death spread like wildfire, and many people went to the morgue to make inquiries and to get a look at the body. County Physician Westcott came up yesterday morning, and after viewing the remains, issued the usual death certificate.

The deceased was born at Weston, Somerset county. Her husband died several years ago, and since then she has been living with her sister at Bloomington. The was a distant relative of ex-Mayor Rockfellow of this city. The remains will be taken to Bound Brook on Wednesday, where the funeral will take place at 2:30 p. m. Interment in the Presbyterian Cemetery at that place.

An Incendiary's Attempt.

About 8:30 o'clock of Friday evening last, Mrs. Elias Southard, of Race street, North Plainfield, upon looking out of her window saw a man at the rear of Mr. William Pangborn's barn, which is situated just back of the house and alongside the Presbyterian Cemetery. The stranger was evidently intent on setting fire to building and Mrs. Southard at once notified her husband. Mr. Southard called to the man, asking, "What are you doing there?" but without an answer he ran into the cemetery and towards Water street. Mr. Pangborn, who was at the circus, arrived home later, and mistrusted something wrong upon finding the front gate lying at the side of the fence, evidently taken off its hinges by some one who wanted to leave in a hurry and without making any noise or being heard. Mr. Southard would like to have the villain give him another call that he might rid the community of a dangerous criminal. The residents of North Plainfield, as well as this city, should organize themselves into a Vigilance Committee, equipped with shot-guns and rope, and if the villain should be caught string him to the nearest tree and riddle his body with buckshot, on the spot.

Benefit Hop at The Netherwood.

Great preparations are making for the grand full-dress benefit hop to be given at The Netherwood. Wednesday evening, upon which occasion all will outdo one another, and the very handsome purse subscribed by the generous guests will be presented the orchestra who have so faithfully served the people during the present season. Elaborate programmes of the dance are being printed as souvenirs of the occasion, and a gala night is assured.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss May Pennington of Orange Valley, N. J., is spending a few days with friends in this city.

Mr. W. F. Lytell of Newark, spent yesterday with Mr. Dudley Miller of Sherman avenue.

A boy baby came to gladden the household of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Daly of West Third street last night.

Mrs. Will and family, formerly of North Plainfield, and now residing at Brooklyn, N. Y., are visiting friends in the borough.

The members of St. Joseph's church choir and some of the Sunday school teachers are spending today at Boynton Beach.

The Rev. Mr. Steelman of Troy, preached in the First Baptist church, yesterday morning, from Mark 2:30—"The World to Come."

Dr. John R. Shotwell of Asbury Park and Friend Thistlewait each made a few remarks at the Friend's meeting yesterday forenoon.

Mrs. J. Runyon and Miss Runyon of Central avenue, and Mr. David Lyon, have gone to Atlantic Highlands for a short vacation.

Mr. Al. Day of New Market has leased a new house on Madison avenue, between Eighth and Ninth streets, where he will hereafter permanently reside.

Mr. Emil Dreyer, a brother-in-law of ex-President Beguelin of the City Council, has returned to Plainfield, after an absence of two months in Europe.

As a mark of their esteem, the friends of Mr. Rogers presented him with a handsome overcoat before he started on his trip through Northern New York.

Mr. Fred. Dedrick, a past prescription clerk in the pharmacy of Mr. H. P. Reynolds, but now of Kingston, N. Y., has just finished a visit with friends in this city.

Mr. D. E. Davis the organist in the M. E. church is away on his Summer vacation, and Miss Gilbert of New York presided at the organ in that church yesterday.

Mr. S. H. Whitney, wife and child, returned on Saturday from the Pocono Mountains, where they have been registered for a month past at the Hooker House.

Rev. Mr. Burdick, pastor of the Seventh Day Baptist church at New Market, preached a forcible and interesting sermon in the Congregational church yesterday morning.

Mr. Charles D. Berry of Brooklyn, N. Y., spent yesterday with his wife and family who are visiting at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. George Demarest of Warren street, North Plainfield.

Miss Maggie Flynn of Madison avenue, and Miss Lizzie Carney of West Third street, left town this morning for a two weeks vacation at Greenwood Lake, Passaic county, N. J., where they will be registered at the Brandon House.

Rev. Mr. Taylor of Park avenue returned from Western Pennsylvania on Saturday. Yesterday morning he officiated in Grace church in the absence of the rector. Last evening he occupied his own pulpit in the Clinton Avenue Church of the Heavenly Rest.

Mr. Charles F. Powlison, connected for some months past with the establishment of Mr. M. Estil, severed his business connection on Saturday last and left today for a vacation at Troy and Saratoga Springs, N. Y. Monday Sept. 5th, he will go to Somerfield, Mass., and begin a two year's course of preparation for the profession of a Y. M. C. A., secretary.

The little infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Daniel of this city, died yesterday after a life-long sickness of six months. The cause of her death was marasmus, from which she had been a sufferer since her birth. The funeral will take place from the parents' residence, No. 68 Liberty street, to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The Rev. C. E. Dunn of Hempstead, L. I., will officiate in the absence of the Rev.'s W. R. Richards and K. F. Ketcham.

Reform Club Meeting.

There was a large audience present at the Reform Club meeting last evening, President French in the chair. In the absence of Miss Alice Smith from the city, Mr. George Rogers supplied her place at the organ. Among others seated on the platform was the venerable Mayor, Job Male. Captain Ostrum read a portion of scripture and offered a most earnest and beautiful prayer. The speakers of the evening announced were Mr. Thomas Crossley, a Vice President of the club, and Doctor John R. Shotwell, of Asbury Park. Both gentlemen with zeal and eloquence advocated the individual practice of total abstinence from liquor drinking and the legal suppression of the liquor traffic. In support of their side of the question many incidents were recited and apt illustrations drawn. The large audience gave close attention to all that was said. A few appropriate remarks by the President brought the meeting to an end.

STILL ANOTHER BARN GONE.

The Fire-Bug Detected in the Act, But as Usual He Makes His Escape.

It is safe to say that within the past few months Plainfield has had more incendiary fires than any other town of any size in the United States. For several weeks past there has been an average of one fire a week, and in each instance the origin has been traced and credited to an incendiary. In most cases large barns have been singled out and burned to the ground, aggregating a loss of thousands of dollars. A noticeable fact is that all of the fires are discovered in the neighborhood of one or two o'clock in the morning, when all good people are at rest, and the fire bug has the greatest chance to escape. Although rewards have been offered and the police have exerted themselves, not enough evidence has been secured to warrant the arrest of any one.

About two o'clock yesterday morning the frame barn, 16x32 feet in dimensions and two stories in height, belonging to Mr. Isaac P. Brown on Broadway, below Ninth street, was discovered to be on fire. Mr. Brown was awakened by the crackling of the flames, and hastily donning a scanty supply of clothing rushed out of the house and succeeded in rescuing a lot of farming implements. A hired man known as "John" was asleep in the barn, but when Mr. Brown arrived he was up and had removed two carriages to a place of safety. "John" returned from town about midnight and went to sleep on an improvised cot in the North corner of the barn. About six feet from the head of the cot was the barn door, but as the night was warm, this was left open. Some time afterward he heard a man approach the barn and running up to the doorway threw a bundle of some combustible material into the building. The bundle was on fire and resembled burning waste. It landed on the stairway in the midst of a pile of hay, and the fire soon communicated with the woodwork, running into the mow. The man then ran away. Everything was dry and the flames spread with great rapidity, so that when the owner arrived on the spot the whole interior of the building was on fire and the flames soon after burst through the roof. An alarm was sent out and two engines and the truck responded. The latter company were obliged to draw their apparatus by hand. Then, as usual, there was a scarcity of hose, but finally the engines got to work and the firemen labored hard to save the wagon house situated about twenty-five feet to the Northward and the corn crib adjoining. The barn was burned to the ground, and the roof and upper story of the wagon house was also burned off. The corn crib and contents were considerably damaged. In the barn was stored about $300 worth of furniture belonging to Jane Seaman, a colored woman, now employed in a hotel at Bloomfield, N. J. This was all destroyed, and the loss is total, together with a lot of clothes belonging to the workman, some hay, oats (just put in), harness, a sleigh belonging to William Moore, and some other traps. Fortunately a horse belonging to Mr. Brown was out to pasture or the animal would doubtless have been burned. Twenty pigeons quartered in the upper story of the wagon house were burned. Mr. Brown estimates his loss in the neighborhood of $1,000. He had $300 insurance on the barn in the Agricultural Company of Watertown, N. Y., $50 on the wagon house and corn crib and $50 on the phæton. The top of the latter was badly burned.

Mr. Brown says he does not mind the loss so much, but he does not want to be bothered in this way. Two years ago last Spring, a barn standing in the same place was totally destroyed, the horse being the only thing saved, and the owner was fearfully burned at the time when rescuing the animal. Mr. Brown told a reporter yesterday that if his horse had been burned, he would have deposited one thousand dollars with the Pinkerton Detective Bureau for the purpose of hunting down the criminal. He says he will now give the horse to some one who will kindly care for it, as he considers it useless to rebuild the structure. He also says that he had anticipated that the barn would be burned, and had taken the extra precaution to thoroughly wet the floor all around a door on the lower side of the building, every day or two. Four weeks ago last Friday night, an attempt was made to burn the barn, but the fire died out before doing any damage. During that night the dog woke him up several times, and when he yelled to the dog to remain quiet, the hired man heard him and came out of the barn, thus frightening away the fire bug before he had time to accomplish his work. Mr. Brown thinks he can name the man who fired his building, but like all other instances, there is not enough proof to warrant an arrest. We will here state that the matter of burning barns will reach a climax before long, and woe be unto the man who is caught applying the torch.

—A young man arrested by Officer McCue last evening for being intoxicated was fined three dollars by the City Judge this morning.

A Fraternal Battle.

The Y. M. C. A.'s of this city—as THE PRESS promised in its last issue—again met a nine of their brothers from Newark, Saturday, and again defeated them by a close score. The game was played on the grounds at Park and Arlington avenues, and was witnessed by a large crowd of interested ones, including a number of lady friends of the three brothers and other members of the home team. When the precarious umpire who had been brought all the way from Newark for the occasion, called "play" shortly after three o'clock, Captain Gavett found he had only a bob-tail nine, and was compelled to draw and fill from such material as was at hand. Mr. Dilts was unable to take active part save as an enthusiastic spectator: Chamberlain had been loaned to another nine; Roger Murray had sprained his ankle, and J. Murray was at Newport. But, as a member said, "we can get along without them"—and they did. The game opened with Cadmus in the box, and that young twirler seemed to have started out with the intention of killing everyone within his reach. The man at the bat, the man on deck, the uncertain umpire and others near and far were either hit or saved their lives by dodging; but when he had almost knocked his brother, the catcher, senseless by a down shoot on the top of the head, he settled down to careful work and was joined by his support in gaining a victory. Only three base-hits were made off him, and he struck-out twelve.

The game was rather a tame one, and only held the interest of any because of local patriotism. The Plainfield nine at times played in the listless way of a competitor with a walk-over. We will do the Newark nine the justice of saying, we believe the umpiring was very unsatisfactory to both sides. There were no "brilliant" plays offered but once, and then both the first and second basemen of the Plainfielders missed the chance. The only fly of much account was one well judged and well caught by Day. The score in detail is as follows:

Y. M. C. A.—PLAINFIELD.

	AB	R	O	1B	SB	LB	PO	A	E
G. Cadmus, c. l. f.	4	3	1	3	2	0	12	3	1
W. Cadmus, p.	4	1	2	1	1	1	0	1	0
McCutchen, 2 b.	4	2	2	2	1	0	4	1	2
Gavett, 1 b.	4	0	3	0	0	1	8	1	0
Doane, 3 b.	4	0	4	0	1	0	1	1	0
McMurray, c. f., c.	4	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	1
Cornwell, s. s.	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	4	1
Demarest, l. f.	3	0	3	1	0	1	0	0	0
Day, r. f.	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	0	0
	33	6	24	9	5	3	27	11	5

Y. M. C. A.—NEWARK.

Shurts, 2 b.	4	1	3	0	0	0	2	2	1
Bishop, r. & l. f.	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wood, l. f. & 3 b.	4	0	3	0	0	1	1	1	0
Lewis, c. f.	4	0	3	3	2	1	0	0	1
Schwab, s. s.	4	2	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
Hampson, 1 b.	4	1	3	0	0	0	10	0	0
McKenna, 3 b. & p.	3	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	3
Hartshorn, p. & r. f.	3	0	3	0	0	0	2	3	0
Dreyer, c.	3	0	3	1	0	0	8	2	0
	33	4	27	5	2	2	24	10	5

PLAINFIELD	3	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	*—6
NEWARK	—0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—4

Earned Runs—Plainfield, 4, Newark, 1. Two-Base Hit—McCutchen. Hit with Ball—Shurts, 2. Base on Balls—G. Cadmus, Doane, Lewis, 2. Struck out by Cadmus—Bishop, 3, Hampson, 3, Hartshorn, 3, Lewis, 1, McKenna, 1, Dreyer, 1. By Hartshorn—McCutchen, 1, Doane, 1, Demarest, 1. By McKenna—McCutchen, 1, Gavett, 1, Day, 1, Doane, 1. Flies Caught—Plainfield, 4, Newark, 3.

Time of Game—2:20.

Umpire—Mr. Ulrich.

After the game and three cheers for one another—and for "Woods of '88"—the visitors were escorted to the rooms of the Y. M. C. A., and there bountifully entertained by their hosts. A long table ornamented with elegant glass and china, decorated with beautiful flowers and shrubs, and laden with toothsome salads, delicate sandwiches, and piles of rich cake, luscious fruit and other tempting edibles, was set in the Hall, and around it gathered victors and vanquished with a few other guests. Fair damsels hidden from sight of the fascinating ball players, brewed rich coffee that Captain Gavett and Short-stop Cornwell served with their unapproachable grace. Everything was so good it took some time to satisfy the cravings of the home team and its victims, but so soon as all seemed filled, a feast of speeches and a flow of applause, followed. Judge L. F. Wadsworth—to whom the Y. M. C. A's feel under immeasurable obligation for his accurate scoring in detail—was the honored guest first called upon. He promptly responded with a speech that stirred the base-ball-heart of every listener. He told how he had played ball before many of those present were born, and how he had guarded first base week after week, for year after year, from the time the frost left the ground until the ice of Winter began to form. Secretary Cozzens of the Newark Y. M. C. A., also spoke, and was followed by Secretary Manning of the Plainfield Association. The parting was cordial and brotherly.

Lively Trotting.

Mr. Mount Morris, the jockey of New Brunswick, on Thursday speeded a well-known horse, "Lady B." on the Plainfield track. She trotted the first half mile in 1.18½ and repeated it in 1.18, which is remarkable time when it is remembered that the mare has not been driven for speed until within a few days, and was new to the Plainfield track. Mr. Booraem, the owner of "Lady B." is much pleased with her trotting, and Mr. Morris is confident of scaling the time down to 2.30, with care and careful handling.

Base Ball.

The second game between the "Actives" of North Plainfield and the "Madisons" of Elizabeth, on the Somerset street grounds Saturday, again resulted in a victory for the former and with as much ease as the first game between these clubs. Saturday, July 30th, the "Actives" won at Elizabeth by a score of 22 to 2 in a nine inning game. Last Saturday, however, the Elizabethans sent a strong nine—only Baker and Titus being of those who played on the first team. The "Actives" did them up in four innings to the visitors five, and may now justly claim the title of Champions of the County as well as of the City and Borough. Mr. George Rogers was umpire, and Mr. John McLaughlin scorer. The following is the result:

ACTIVES.	R.	O.	MADISONS.	R.	O.
Young, ?	4	0	J. Baker	1	1
Tallant	2	2	Titus	0	3
W. Townley	3	1	Grady	1	1
Voehl	0	4	W. Baker	1	1
R. Townley	2	0	Shepherd	1	2
Condor	1	2	Grun	0	3
Buckley	2	1	Babcock	0	3
Mattox	2	1	Webster	1	1
Randall	2	1	King	0	2
	18	12		5	15

Actives	2	4	6	6	*	—	18
Madisons	4	0	1	0	0	—	5

A ball club composed of members from this city, styled the "Nameless," and a nine from Westfield, played a match game for a ball on the grounds near the Potter press works, on Saturday afternoon. At the end of the fifth inning the Westfielders were two runs ahead of the competing team, and "pleaded the baby act," stating that they had "just time enough to catch the train," and consequently could not finish the game. The Plainfield boys, however, got possession of the new ball, which they intend to keep until the game is fairly played out. The score at the end of the fifth inning stood: Westfield, 17; Plainfield, 15. Walter Bennett was umpire and Joseph Dawe, scorer. It is not likely that the Plainfield boys will trifle with such a nine in the future, as they are desirous of competing with players who can spare time enough to finish the game.

Resolutions of the Royal Arcanum.

A special meeting of the Grand Council of the New Jersey State Royal Arcanum, was held at Elizabeth, recently, to take action in relation to the death of A. J. Westbrook, Past Grand Regent. The following set of resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, We, the members of the Grand Council of the Royal Arcanum, State of New Jersey, have, in the mysterious providence of Almighty God, been suddenly called upon to lament the loss by death of our beloved friend and brother, Past Grand Regent and Supreme Representative Alfred J. Westbrook; be it therefore

Resolved, That we desire to record our deep sense of the almost irreparable loss which has come to our beloved order, as well as to his bereaved widow and the community in which he lived, and to bear willing testimony to the many qualities of heart and mind which have endeared him to us all. Corteous and genial in social intercourse, vigorous and decisive in action, prompt and skillful in execution, in his death this Grand Council has lost a most wise and energetic leader, and its members a true and steadfast friend whose life was a worthy exemplification of the loved attributes of our order—virtue, mercy and charity.

Resolved, That to the bereaved widow, deprived of a tender and considerate husband we tender our sincerest sympathy and commiend her to the love and care of him who, though inscrutable in his ways, is, we believe, "too wise to err, too good to be unkind."

Resolved, That these resolutions be spread in full on the minutes of the Grand Council and a copy be transmitted to the widow of our deceased brother.

Larger Bridges Required.

Since the recent floods, which swept away dozens of bridges in different parts of the State, the Freeholders of the various counties have been advocating the need of building the bridges larger. A committee recently formed to inspect the bridges at Summit has submitted a report. The committee reported that the bridge crossing Linden avenue, Summit, is entirely too small for the volume of water passing under it, and recommends that a large and substantial bridge be erected. During the heavy rains the street at this point was three feet under water. A general enlargement of bridges through the State will, it is said, be undertaken between now and cold weather.

Firemen Object to Taxation.

The firemen of Elizabeth are indignant over the presentation to them of tax bills this year for poll tax, from the payment of which they have heretofore been exempt. This is owing to the repeal of the law granting firemen exemption. Many members in the department say they will resign sooner than pay the tax, and several of the leaders have advised them to let the apparatus remain in the houses when the next alarm of fire occurs unless the tax is remitted. A protest against paying the tax is to be handed in at the next meeting of the City Council. It is thought that the agitation will lead to a paid fire department in place of the present volunteer system.

—Messrs. Hurlburt, Hunting and Frost, closed their engagement here on Saturday evening, exhibiting to a large audience. The circus left for Easton, Pa., early yesterday morning.

THE PRESIDENT'S PLANS

HE WILL DO CONSIDERABLE TRAVELING THIS FALL.

Quiet Summer Life—Various Matters of Public Interest Gathered at the Nation's Capital.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The president has been at the executive mansion but little during the past week. He is living an ideal summer life at Oak View. In his suburban home he is completely the master of his own time and movements. He is free from the constant importunity of the office seeker and can work or rest as may best suit his humor. The close of the week will probably see Mrs. Cleveland under the same roof with him.

Although President Cleveland has traveled less than most men who have reached his years and have had his experience in public affairs, he promises to make a good record as a tourist before the year is over. When he was elected president he had never been further west than Cleveland, and the visit to that city was made when he was a young man. He had visited Washington on business for a day some ten years ago, but he had never been in New England. He was not fond of travel, and his business did not give many opportunities to do so had he so desired.

But if his present plans be consummated the president will, before congress meets, have visited the Canadian boundary and the far south; will have traveled the greater part of the Mississippi valley, from St. Paul to St. Louis, and visited most of the large cities of the west.

A movement is being made all along the line in grand army circles to have the existing system of pension payments changed, so as to have them made monthly instead of quarterly. The argument in favor of this change is based upon the assumption that it would be more convenient for the pensioners to receive their money from the government as their monthly bills become due.

The pensioner who receives $8 a month and lives in rooms, or in a house rented for that sum, would gladly devote it to payments on that account as a matter of convenience to himself as well as to other parties interested. Those who receive larger or smaller pensions, depending on that certain income for the defraying of certain expenses, would also be better accommodated than by the present system. This argument seems to be accepted by the Grand Army of the Republic posts the country over, and the probability is that a petition founded upon it will be in readiness to be presented to the Fiftieth congress next October.

IMPROVED OUTLOOK FOR CROPS

More Rain Has Bettered the Condition of Things in General.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—During the week ending Aug. 20 it has been slightly warmer than usual throughout the southern states and the Ohio valley, and cooler than usual throughout the lake region and the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys, the average daily temperature in the last named district ranging from 2 to 4 degrees below the normal. In New England, the middle Atlantic states and on the Pacific coast the temperature differed but slightly from the normal.

The large deficiency in the rainfall for the season, ranging from five to fifteen inches in the Mississippi valley, has been slightly reduced in the northern states and augmented in the southern states during the past week, the only sections reporting an excess of rainfall for the seasons being northern New England, central portions of the middle Atlantic states, southern Dakota and the north Pacific coast.

The weather for the week has been favorable throughout the corn belt, the recent rains having greatly improved the condition of that crop, but owing to the lateness of the rains in the principal corn producing states the yield will probably be below the average.

In the cotton region from Alabama westward to Texas the weather for the week has improved the crop conditions, and the cotton harvest is progressing, but more rain would benefit the crop in the central portions of Arkansas. In North and South Carolina an excess of rainfall for the week is reported as unfavorable for the cotton crop.

The weather has been generally favorable for all crops in Kentucky, Tennessee, Virginia and in the Middle Atlantic and New England states.

In Minnesota the uncut crops were improved and harvested crops damaged by rains.

Killed His Father.

INDIANA, Pa., Aug. 22.—William Byers, aged nineteen, during an altercation shot and instantly killed his father yesterday morning. They were both farmers. The latter ordered his son to commence ploughing, and when he refused the father picked up a poker and advanced on his son. The latter drew a revolver and shot his father through the heart. Young Byers was arrested.

An Iron Safe Floats Away.

EAST BROOKFIELD, Mass., Aug. 22.—A large dam near the woollen mill gave way yesterday and a tremendous flood of water swept everything before it. Geo. Forbe's & Co.'s office was wrecked and battered, with its contents on the meadows now. The safe weighing more than a ton was carried a hundred feet and lodged against the boiler house of the Bradford mill.

The Murder of Mrs. Ada Stone.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 22.—The murder of Mrs. Ada Stone, which occurred last Tuesday afternoon, is still shrouded in mystery. No clue to either the motive or the perpetrator has been obtained. Public opinion entirely exonerates the husband from suspicion of being connected with the affair. The inquest will be continued on Monday evening.

The Ranks of Labor.

The Mexican Central railroad company, whose engineers went on strike about a week ago, has secured all the engineers necessary to run all their trains, and the strike has practically failed.

Labor organizations are incensed over the action of Paper Box Makers' assembly No. 7,030, which employed non-union music at its recent picnic, and had its printing done at a non-union printing office.

The Pennsylvania railroad employees have been granted a national charter by the general executive board of the knights of labor. The work of organizing a national trade district will be pushed forward as rapidly as possible.

The oystermen's union has commissioned men throughout the United States to organize the oystermen in the different sections for the purpose of forming a national organization.

A movement is on foot to organize an independent political party. Work in organizing the different districts will be begun immediately. The object of the party is to defeat Henry George, and as a prominent socialist of the tenth assembly district said this morning, "teach him a lesson."

THREE DROWNING ACCIDENTS.

A Young Girl, Two Boys and a College Professor Lose Their Lives.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Aug. 22.—Little Maude Carter was drowned in the Delaware river, in front of her home and in the sight of her parents. The girl was nine years of age, and the daughter of Frank S. Carter, of the firm of Patrick & Carter, the Philadelphia electricians. He resides in an elegant villa on the green bank above St. Mary's hall. Maude was playing in a boat near her father's steam yacht, the Laura Buck. She was suddenly taken with an epileptic fit and fell into the water. The father and mother were at the time standing on the lawn in front of the house, but before they could reach her she had drowned. The body was recovered.

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 21.—Two young lads were drowned at Levan's mill, on the Conestoga. Harry Fisher, aged fourteen, son of a farmer, attempted to swim across the creek to Emanual Zwalley, a friend of the same age, who was on the other side. He got into a sink hole and began to drown. Zwalley, who was a fine swimmer, went to his rescue and reached him after he had gone down twice, when Fisher threw his arms around his would-be rescuer's neck. Zwalley was thus unable to help himself and both boys sank together. The bodies were recovered after several hours search.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 22.—Dr. Nathaniel Archer Randolph, professor of hygiene in the University of Pennsylvania, and residing at No. 112 Price street, Germantown, was drowned at Longport at the lower end of this beach. Dr. Randolph and his wife were bathing in the surf, and getting beyond their depth became exhausted and called for help. Mr. Topliff Johnson, of Germantown, went to their rescue and succeeded in getting both ashore, but in an unconscious condition. Dr. Remington Frischmuth, who was present, made every effort to resuscitate Dr. Randolph, working at it for over three hours, but without avail. Mrs. Randolph was restored to consciousness. County Physician Reilly was summoned from Atlantic City and gave a certificate of death from accidental drowning. Dr. Randolph leaves three children.

FRANCIS GOING HOME WITH DAN

Her Visit at Marion Will Probably be Brought to a Close To-day.

MARION, Mass., Aug. 22.—Everybody in the town was very much disappointed when Mrs. Cleveland made up her mind not to go to church, but to spend the day quietly at home. She devoted her time to writing letters, which have grown into a pile, and have been neglected since her stay here. If she answered all the letters that have been sent to her she would have had time for very little else. She spent all the forenoon and afternoon in replying to such as could not possibly be avoided. Many of these were answers to invitations to attend church societies, picnics and entertainments and requests from photographers to allow them to point their cameras at her for just a moment. These she declined with regrets.

It is said that Mrs. Cleveland will leave for Washington on Tuesday, but nothing definite is known. She has been careful to conceal her plans because she fears if it is known when she starts that a crowd will collect at the station, which she wishes to avoid. It is said that Gen. Greely told some one that the faithful Dan Lamont would come here Tuesday and escort Mrs. Cleveland home. When she returns it will probably be by the Fall river boat to New York, then to the Pennsylvania depot and direct to Washington.

TRAGIC END OF A JOURNEY.

A Love Episode Sets two Families to Quarreling and Shooting.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 22.—Two families named Graham and Harrison were traveling through Chickasaw Nation, Indian territory, en route for Texas. The Grahams comprised father, mother, and two boys of nineteen and twenty-one years. The Harrisons were father, son aged twenty, and daughter aged twenty-five. The families had lived in the same neighborhood in Butler county, Indiana, and an intimacy had grown up between the Harrison girl and the eldest Graham boy. The father of the girl discharged Graham's attentions, and from the time of commencing the journey there was quarrelling.

During a dispute young Graham drew a pistol, and aiming it at Harrison, threatened to kill him unless he consented to the immediate marriage of the lovers. Young Harrison, believing his father's life in jeopardy, shot Graham, mortally wounding him. His brother retaliated by shooting Harrison, wounding him dangerously. The old man Harrison, securing a rifle, returned, and as he approached Graham shot him through the head, the bullet tearing away a part of the scalp. Other members of the family, who had been at a spring now joined the group and prevented further violence. It is expected that the wounded men will die.

A Bridge to Cost Nearly $4,000,000.

CAIRO, Ill., Aug. 22.—A vast assemblage of spectators witnessed the successful launching of the first of the massive cassions, weighing 300 tons, to be sunk in the Ohio river at this city in connection with the erection of the Illinois central railroad bridge. The structure will cost nearly four million dollars. The Union bridge company have the contract, while A. Noble, resident engineer of the firm of Morrison & Carthell, of Chicago, has the work in charge.

An Ex-state Treasurer Sentenced.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 22.—I. V. Vincent, ex-state treasurer, was sentenced yesterday to five years in the penitentiary in each of the two cases in which he was convicted of embezzlement. Having appealed to the supreme court, he remains in the county jail until that tribunal decides. It meets in December. There are thirty-seven other indictments against him.

A Thief Shot and Killed.

INDIANA, Penn., Aug. 22.—Jacob Rodgers was shot and killed by Postmaster Kelly at Blacklick Station yesterday morning while he was attempting to rob the post-office. He was wrenching the money from the drawer when it rang an alarm which brought the postmaster to the room. He was shot without warning and the thief fell dead.

A New Departure in Lynching.

RICHMOND, Aug. 22.—A despatch from Raleigh, N. C., says that a colored man charged with trying to assault a young woman near Dunn, in this state, was pursued by a party of her friends and finally captured. They took him to Black Rock and drowned him. His body has been found.

Suicide in a St. Louis Hotel.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 22.—Austin W. Morris was found dead in his room at the Laclede hotel. He had committed suicide by stabbing himself in the heart. He came here August 1 to manage the cyclorama "Battle of Chattanooga," but as business was poor he was discharged.

Productions of Florida.

It is somewhat the fashion to sneer at Florida as a poor sort of concern; but the State manages to get along very well and to make a pretty fair show in the statistical reports. It is reported that Florida produces $3,000 worth of honey, $40,000 worth of strawberries, $50,000 worth of hogs, $30,000 worth of sheep, $350,000 worth of beef, $750,000 worth of sponges, $3 0,000 worth of fish and oysters, $3,500,000 worth of oranges, lemons, limes and pineapples, $65,000 worth of sugar and molasses, $200,000 worth of rice, $500,000 worth of cedar and $20,000,000 worth of other lumber, $4,000,000 worth of cotton.

Mayor Hewitt's Youth.

Mayor Hewitt was asked the other day how he earned his first money. He said that he got it by reading to a rich man some three or four hours a day for a year. He did not get the appointment by influence, but by competitive examination. The man came to the school and heard the boys read, and made his selection of Hewitt as the best reader. He was then but sixteen years of age. For his year's reading he received the munificent compensation of $15. Ten dollars of this sum was used to buy his student's gown, and the other $5 was kept by his mother for incidental expenses. During his college years Mr. Hewitt worked about seventeen hours a day, engaged in teaching or coaching other students. At the close of his college career he had saved about $1,000. With this he went on a European tour, and on his return he had $3 of it remaining.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 19, 1887.

Brown, Elwood Mrs	McManus, B Mrs
Collins, M J	Moore, C L Mrs
Crone, J E Mrs	Murphy, W Mrs
Casey, Bridget	Rogers, Martha
Duhre, Amey Mrs	Scott, Rachel
Dodd, Samuel	Smith, John
Frazee, B	Thomas, Emily
Green, Geo	Tenon, E W Mrs
Harrison, Arenath	Walcher, M H
Hawkins, Lizzie	White, Mattie E
Kedsile, B Mrs	Welling, Carrie B

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.: 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.: 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

DANIEL.—At Plainfield, on Sunday, Aug. 21st, Elizabeth Brewster Daniel, infant daughter of Leslie M. and Elizabeth M. Daniel, aged six months.

Funeral at parents' residence, No. 68 Liberty street, (near Seventh street) on Tuesday, August 23d, at 2.30 p. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

GIRLS DESIRING SITUATIONS AS SERVANTS should apply to MRS. WARD'S Intelligence Office, 26 Washington street, this city, where good situations and wages are guaranteed. 22tf

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. K. McCLURE, Treasurer.
Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

Card of Thanks.

If the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam should publish a card of thanks, containing expressions of gratitude which come to him daily, from *those who have been cured of severe throat and lung troubles* by the use of Kemp's Balsam, it would fill a fair-sized book. How much better to invite all to call on R. J. Shaw and get a free sample bottle that you may test for yourself its power. Large bottles 50c. and $1.00

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Tony Pastor's Great Show.

TONY PASTOR
AND HIS
EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

Secured personally by visit to the Capitols of the Old World. Every artist carefully selected by *Tony Pastor himself. Also the Best of* America's Specialty Stars, the whole

FORMING A DOUBLE SHOW.

..No. 8..
PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S
Furniture Warerooms
ARE
NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Backman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city.
8-2-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.
Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Good Sellers and Good Wearers.
CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,
FROM
PECK'S.

WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

Music and Sporting Goods.
GO TO
No. 33 Park Avenue
FOR
Musical Instruments
AND
Sporting Goods.
Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,
$20.
LATEST IN THE MARKET.
Children's Wagons and Carts.
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
Plainfield, N. J.
myloy1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.
my10tf

CHASING OLD COLOROW

SHERIFF KENDALL EXPECTING SOME HARD FIGHTING.

His Posse Now Consists of 150 Cowboys.
State Troops Arrive at Meeker.
A Patriotic Priest.

DENVER, Col., Aug. 22.—Instead of Sheriff Kendall being caught in ambush by the Indians, as was reported, he sent word by a courier who arrived at Glenwood Springs yesterday that he would leave with 150 cowboys and expected to have some hard fighting. Kendall reports that the Utes are receiving reinforcements all the time. Another courier from Meeker has arrived at Glenwood Springs, and says there is no change in the condition of affairs at Meeker except that Capt. Gasline, with his Aspen company had arrived. The arrival of this company, affording better protection to the women and children at Meeker, will enable Sheriff Kendall and the cowboys to leave and hunt up the Indians, who are reported to be camped to the north of Meeker. The other state troops who have been collecting at Glenwood Springs are now en route to Meeker and expect to arrive there to-day. Some express the opinion that the Indians are hardly aware of the rapid transit of the state troops to Meeker.

There was no definite news from the frontier this afternoon, but by this time Gen. Reardon's command will have reached Meeker if they have not encountered the Indians on the way. Gen. Reardon has tried to guard against the possibility of an ambush by the use of scouts. Couriers were stationed at a distance of five miles from each other, with instructions to ride at full speed and to spare neither horse or man if they had an important message. There will be considerable anxiety until it is known whether or not the troops have passed safely through the narrow and dangerous canyons leading to Meeker.

The most interesting scene at Glenwood Springs yesterday was the services at the Catholic church, which were conducted by Father Edward Downey. Before mass he said: "I have not time to preach to-day, for the boys need Meeker need me. It is my parish, and my duty is to attend the calls of the sick. I start after mass. If I get scalped or anything happens to me, you must know that the dear little church in Glenwood Springs does not owe one dollar. If all goes well I hope to say mass here next Sunday. If not, we'll hope and trust in God." Simple as the words were they were eloquent. Every one in the audience was thrilled by the calm manner and simple talk of Father Downey. Some of the women and children cried and men used to the hardships and dangers of the frontier were deeply affected. After mass the women and those men who could not go to Meeker came forward to bid the brave priest good-bye. Many devout prayers will ascend that the heroic priest may pass through the mountain canyons in safety. The excitement at Glenwood Springs is increasing and will continue to do so until the safe arrival of the troops is known, and until the result of the fight between Sheriff Kendall's little band and the hostile savages is known.

THE RESULT OF A QUARREL.

A Prominent Florida Man Shoots Another in the Head.

JACKSONVILLE, Aug. 22.—G. C. Miller, of Starke, Fla., is a wealthy orange prince, owning the finest orange grove in Bradford county. He has a beautiful wife, who is one of the most accomplished women in this section. The relations between the husband and wife became somewhat strained owing to the fact that the wife accused Miller of infidelity, and ultimately she sued for divorce. J. C. Richard, who is wealthy and highly respected, and at one time was mentioned for congress, this morning met Miller and upbraided him for his conduct. Both men became excited, and Richard struck Miller with his cane. Miller's little five-year-old daughter came on the scene and begged Richard to stop beating Miller. Richard, becoming even more exasperated, drew his revolver and fired at Miller. The latter also drew his revolver and returned the fire, shooting Richard in the forehead, the ball going through Richard's skull and mortally wounding him. After the shooting, Miller surrendered himself to the sheriff.

The affair has caused great excitement in Starke, owing to the prominence of the parties concerned. Fearing he would be lynched, Miller begged the sheriff to carry him to Jacksonville. A train being at the depot at the time, the sheriff brought Miller here and confined him in the county jail.

Killed at a Railroad Crossing.

STAMFORD, Aug. 22.—As J. H. Ficken, a confectioner, who has a store in town, was crossing the track at Sellick's Cut, half a mile below the depot, last evening, his vehicle was run into by the train from New York reaching here at 6:25. The locomotive struck the wagon squarely, and the horse got loose. Mr. Ficken and his only son, aged 14, were thrown out, and the vehicle was reduced to splinters. The boy was instantly killed. Mr. Ficken sustained serious injuries, his lower limbs being crushed and his head gashed. It is not known whether he can live. The crossing has been noted as dangerous for years. It is not protected by a flagman. Ficken came here about ten years ago from New York, where he has relations. He is a widower, and has done a large and successful business here.

A Coffee Pot Would Hold the Baby.

MONROE, Ga., Aug. 22.—Three miles from this place is a log house, the home of Dennis and Betsey Broughton. Seven weeks ago a child was born to them which weighed at birth scarcely two pounds. Today it will tip the beam at scarcely three pounds. The child's full name is Martha Ann Mary Magdalen Frances Cleveland Broughton. At first sight, the little one's features seem slightly drawn, but form and features are alike perfect. The head is the size of an ordinaay appie, the hand not as broad as a man's thumb, and a coffee pot would make a comodious abode for it. The mother says there is nothing the matter with it; "jes' small dat's all."

Still in Pursuit of "Mike" McDonald.

CHICAGO, Aug. 22.—The affairs of the informer, Nic Schneider, the boodler were yesterday placed in the hands of a receiver on the application of one of his creditors. An order was issued requiring M. C. McDonald and others to render an account of any dealings they may have had with Schneider. As contractor Schneider was merely a dummy for the boodlers.

Depositors of the Columbian Bank.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 22.—A call for a meeting of the depositors of the Columbian bank, to be held in Germantown on Monday evening, has been issued. President Phillips and other officials of the bank are expected to be present. It is believed that a statement of some kind will be made.

A BRIGHT RAY OF HOPE

GLADSTONE AND PARNELL SANGUINE OF THE FUTURE.

Both Parties Actively Preparing for a Great Debate Next Thursday—Fresh Gossip from Europe.

LONDON, Aug. 22.—Not only will all the tories be on hand for Thursday's debate on the league proclamation, but the liberals will turn out in full force also. Urgent whips have been issued by both parties. There is an eager interest shown in the expected proceedings, and already most of the available room for members and spectators has been secured. Mr. Gladstone is expected to make an interesting, if not important, speech, and there is some curiosity to hear what Mr. Chamberlain will say. His speech at Birmingham is not regarded as committing him to support the tories, though he left no doubt that he would act with them on the whole, and would certainly not go over to the Gladstonian ranks.

It is suspected that Chamberlain will assume an independent position in the debate and give the government some hard knocks. He is now about in the same position as when he branched off from the liberals originally. He is a party all by himself, a minority of one, and except for his remarkable facility for making bitter speeches, is not a very formidable quantity in political affairs. He is a melancholy example of the fate which attends mere opportunism in English politics. His last speech is chiefly important as indicating that the government cannot probably count on the full support of the unionists. Chamberlain said:

"I regret that the crimes bill was necessary, but the act was, in my judgment, intended to protect our Irish fellow-subjects. I do not believe that it has given a moment's apprehension to any loyal subject or any Irishman who does not desire to commit outrage. I admit that there is less crime and outrage in Ireland now than for many years past, but why is this so? It is because those who have stimulated disorder and winked at outrage have discovered that the law is stronger than they and that in future law breakers must pay the penalty of their misdeeds.

"I regret also that the government saw fit to proclaim the league, and think they made a mistake in doing so, though I am precluded from condemning the proclamation in strong language; but I am afraid the course the government has pursund will land them in the midst of the gravest difficulties. An Irish landlord asked me to oppose the policy of proclaiming the league, because, he said, the league was already losing its influence in many parts of Ireland and summary measures would do it more good than harm."

There is an excellent opportunity for a deal as matters stand, by which some of the unionists could feather their future nests at small expense of principle. It was to avoid such a transaction, involving the government in a possible defeat in the closing days of the session, that Mr. Smith put so much urgency into his whip, almost begging the conservatives not to desert the house until the adjournment. The ministerialists are in a bad enough situation at best, and naturally wish to avoid the additional humiliation of going before the country burdened by the disgrace of a chance defeat in a division of the house. The debate on the proclamation itself will, it is thought, be very brief. A decision may be reached on Friday, and there is no doubt that the government will on this occasion be sustained by nearly its usual majority, but the danger of a defeat through "dry rot" will come afterward, unless a speedy dissolution of the parliament is arranged.

The proposal of Russia to Turkey to jointly occupy Eastern Bulgaria and Roumelia is not regarded here as meant to be taken seriously. It is believed to be a feeler thrown out for the purpose of testing the consensus of opinion among the powers as to Prince Ferdinand's status. No action of the kind suggested would be taken until all other means of ousting Ferdinand had been exhausted. England would seriously object to the arrangement even then, and there is already a feeling of resentment noticeable among English commentators on the subject.

Mr. Healy's language at Harwick to the effect that the league will be more dangerous now than before, is generally regretted by the friends of the liberal cause. Mr. Healy went distinctly beyond Mr. Parnell's sufficiently defiant ground, and besides being imprudent his remark was unnecessary as everybody recognizes now that coercion is sure to be a thing of short life, not worth getting revolutionary about.

Indiana "Dead Broke."

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 22.—The last dollar in the general fund of the state treasury was paid out yesterday, and there are no resources that can be drawn upon until next December. In the mean time $300,000 will be needed to pay the current expenses of the state government and public institutions. Treasurer Lomike announces that he will call upon the counties to advance funds, but if they do so it will be voluntary, as the law does not require them to respond to such calls. One effect of the exhaustion of the treasury will be the suspension of work on all state institutions, of which several are now in course of erection.

200 Persons Fall Twenty Feet.

NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Aug. 22.—At an Ancient Order of Hibernian picnic in Adams yesterday Jake Kilrain and Jack Dempsey gave a four-round sparring exhibition with soft gloves before several thousand persons, men, women and children. Each round lasted three minutes, and a few hard blows were exchanged. During the third round a large elevated platform, holding 200 persons, fell twenty feet to the ground. Many people were bruised, but none seriously.

International League Notes.

Jersey City will win about as many games as it loses.

The Canada clubs can pass Newark, and are very likely to.

Syracuse is in good shape with three good pitchers, and is winning almost every game.

Scranton signs a new player every few minutes. Eagan and Crane are among late accessions.

The clubs scheduled for the tail of the procession are Binghamton, Scranton, and Wilkesbarre.

Some weeks ago it was predicted that Newark would not win the prize, and the prophecy now seems very likely of fulfilment.

The Pennsylvania clubs cannot win a game off of any of the other clubs, and there will be great excitement when they play with each other to see which can lose the most.

Either Rochester or Toronto may be looked upon as likely to tie Newark for third place. Hamilton is a dark horse, and is generally looked upon as unreliable to predict about. Its percentage is close to the leaders.

THE OLDEST BANK PRESIDENT

Col. Samuel Shoch, Who is in His 91st Year, But Attends to Business Daily.

COLUMBIA, Pa., Aug. 23.—The retirement from active business of Daniel Spraker, for thirty-five years president of the Mohawk bank at Fonda, N. Y., on account of physical infirmity, he being 90 years of age, leaves Col. Samuel Shoch, president of the Columbia national bank, beyond doubt the oldest bank president in the country.

Col. Shoch was 90 years old on the 28th of last May, having been born in Harrisburg in 1797. In 1839 he was made cashier of the Columbia bank, and served as such until 1878, when he was elected president of the bank. He was a delegate to the republican national convention of 1860.

Col. Shoch attends to the routine duties of his office with unvarying regularity, beginning work at 8 o'clock in the morning, and remaining at the bank until the last account is arranged and the bank closed. He is in the best of physical and mental health, and does not look more than 60. His venerable contemporary, ex-President Spraker, has been blind and deaf several years. Col. Schoch has two diversions of which he is passionately fond. One is teaching a Bible class, which he has taught every Sunday for many years, and the other is playing the violin. He is an excellent performer on that instrument, and plays on a rare old Stradivarius.

Found His Affianced in a Coffin.

ATHENS, Ga., Aug. 22.—Jasper Porter, who lives near this pace, was affianced to Miss Wards, who lived in the neighborhood of Walnut Church, in Jackson county. Their wedding day was set for the near future, and he had an engagement to visit her to arrange the final details. He started across the country on horseback and when nearing the church he saw a crowd there, and, finding that it was a funeral, he dismounted and entered. The preacher was in the middle of his discourse, and no mention was made of a name by which Mr. Porter could tell who the dead person was. When the sermon was over the coffin lid was opened, and all were invited to take a last look. Mr. Porter took his place in the procession, and was shocked upon reaching the coffin to find that it contained the dead body of his affianced. She had died suddenly, and the notice of her death was on its way to him by mail.

An Innocent Man Sentenced to Death.

ATLANTA, Aug. 22.—For six weeks Henry Pope, charged with assaulting Miss Minnie Kenrick in Chattooga county, has been confined in Fulton county jail. A telegram from Somerset, Ky., tells of the arrest of John Taylor there, who confesses that he committed the crime. The strange part of the story is that Henry Pope was convicted and sentenced to death, and was only saved by the interposition of the governor. Miss Kenrick swore positively that he was the man, and yet between him and Taylor there is not the slightest resemblance.

Secretary Whitney Visits Admiral Luce.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Aug. 22.—Secretary Whitney visited the Richmond yesterday morning. Admiral Luce, in citizen's dress, with other officers of the flagship, received him. A salute was fired from the war vessels in the harbor as he mounted the steps. It is certain that the admiral will be relieved and transferred to some other command before the date fixed by him, Sept. 6, should he persist in his desire.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Emperor William is again seriously ill.

The men who rescued Senator Riddleberger from jail have been indicted and arrested.

William L. Roberts, the defaulting Baltimore broker, has made good his escape to Canada.

The Bulgarian government has ordered 200,000 repeating rifles from an Austrian firm.

A heavy white frost has damaged the vines in Michigan. Forest fires have also started again.

F. A. Hoyt, the cashier of the Putnam county savings bank, is a defaulter to the amount of $25,000.

Sir Samuel W. Baker argues that England must retain control of the Suez canal or she will not be able to hold India.

John W. Mackey says that neither himself nor Mr. Flood was affected by the recent disastrous wheat deals in the west.

Workmen on the line of the Minnesota and Northwestern railroad have unearthed a portion of the skeleton of a mastodon near Galena, Ill.

At Malta there have been fourteen new cases of cholera and nine deaths. There were 27 new cases and seven deaths reported in Catania.

The papers relating to the extradition of ex-warden McGarigle have been laid before Governor Ogiesby. It is supposed he will take favorable action.

The London *Standard* believes that the followers of Lord Hartington will support the government in the latter's proclamation of the Irish national league.

A gang of counterfeiters has been captured in a dense cane brake, near Little Rock, Ark., where bogus silver dollars were being manufactured on a large scale.

During a riot in Sicily, growing out of the efforts of the authorities to enforce quarantine regulations, two genarmes were killed. Many of the rioters were arrested.

During a sham battle at the reunion of the 57th Illinois veterans at Enfield, Ill., two cannons were prematurely discharged, killing one man and badly mangling five others.

It is reported that Colorow's band has been increased by recruits from the southern Utes, Sioux, Blackfeet, and Crow reservations until it now numbers in the neighborhood of 400.

Minister Hanna has negotiated a sweeping retroactive extradition with the Argentine republic, which covers every known crime. American refugees in that country have become frightened and are moving out. Embezzler Winslow can be extradited.

Body No. 12, one of the victims of the Chatsworth disaster, which after lying in the morgue for several days, was finally interred has been identified, as that of Mrs. Clay of Eureka. The body which had been buried proved to be the remains of Mrs. Samuel Hicks of Chillicothe.

John Wallace, a soldier in the regular army, committed suicide at Omaha, by taking morphine. He was disappointed in love, his sweetheart having refused to marry him while he was in the service. He wore an Indian scalp next to his body taken while fighting Indians under Custer.

Secretary Whitney says that in addition to the presence of the naval forces at Philadelphia during the constitutional centennial celebration the navy department will be instructed to make practical demonstration of the advance of naval construction and armament in the last hundred years. The United States steamships now at Bar Harbor will be ordered to Philadelphia early next month.

A man named Buckalew, who was serving a term of imprisonment in Chambers county, Ala., for wife beating, escaped from jail. A deputy sheriff engaged a negro to pilot him around on a three days' unsuccessful search for the runaway. The officer was much chagrined afterward upon discovering his guide was none other than Buckalew himself, who had blackened his face for the occasion.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

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Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Paper Hanging A Specialty.
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Bookseller and Stationer.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-tf

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Furniture and Freight Express.
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RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

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SHARKEY & BLIMM,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
C. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.
H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J.
Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. B. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.22, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.35, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.55, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.35, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.09, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.16, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.15, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.35, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS,
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!
J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.
Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
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SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day, $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DAY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
Large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

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Homoeopathist.
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Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

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of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

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Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

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With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

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CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
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Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

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Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
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No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

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TRY
DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

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OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

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House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
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16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
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BOOTS AND SHOES AT
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New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

UP AND DOWN THE LADDER.

Lively Times in the League Pennant Race. Summary of Games—Gossip.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—The past week has been not only the liviest of the season, but the liviest on record in the national league. There are now five clubs bunched in an exciting and varying struggle for first and second positions, and five cities are straining their eyes toward the pennant. Never in the history of the league has the race been so close. During the past ten days the leading clubs have shifted position with kaleidoscopic rapidity. Both Detroit and Chicago have been first, Boston and New York have each been third, and Philadelphia has almost tied both the former for the third position. New York has an up-hill row to hoe this week, meeting Pittsburg—which is now playing a very strong game—and Chicago. New York has the advantage of playing on its home ground. Philadelphia's chances for getting into third place are first-class. Saturday's games earned another shifting about and the clubs begin this week's work in the following positions:

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent. Won.
Detroit	52	34	86	.605
Chicago	51	35	88	.593
New York	49	39	84	.557
Philadelphia	48	41	87	.535
Boston	47	41	88	.540
Pittsburg	36	49	85	.424
Washington	34	48	82	.415
Indianapolis	27	59	86	.314

For the first three days of the week New York will play Pittsburg, Philadelphia will play Indianapolis, Boston will play Chicago, and Washington will play Detroit. For the last three days of the week New York will play Chicago, Philadelphia will play Detroit, Boston will play Pittsburg, and Washington will play Indianapolis.

The association clubs still hold the same relative positions as may be seen.

	Won.	Lost.	Played.	Per cent. Won.
St. Louis	70	25	95	.737
Louisville	55	42	97	.567
Baltimore	52	41	93	.559
Cincinnati	55	44	99	.556
Brooklyn	46	49	95	.484
Athletic	44	51	95	.463
Metropolitan	33	60	93	.355
Cleveland	26	69	95	.274

There is also just now some very sharp work going on in the International league, and the Newark team, which held the lead so long is slowly dropping behind.

The race for the pennant grows more exciting as Syracuse creeps to the front. It is about an even thing between Syracuse and Buffalo for the prize. Buffalo has the advantage of playing the final games of the season on the home grounds, while Syracuse and Newark finish away from home. On the other hand, Buffalo's crack pitcher, Walsh, has a lame arm, which will probably incapacitate him for further employment this season. Knowlton, late of Kansas City, is now change pitcher. He shows up fairly well. But, with only one pitcher and a half, Buffalo's chances are not of the brightest. The positions are as follows:

	Played.	Won.	Lost.
Buffalo	75	53	23
Newark	75	47	28
Syracuse	74	46	28
Toronto	74	43	31
Hamilton	78	44	34
Rochester	77	43	34
Jersey City	73	35	38
Binghamton	70	26	44
Wilkesbarre	76	19	57
Scranton	51	12	39

Summary of Saturday's games:

National league—Philadelphia 5, New York 5; Boston 1, Washington 3, (a. m.); Boston 3, Washington 4, (p. m.); Pittsburg 2, Chicago 3; Indianapolis 5, Detroit 4.

American association—Cincinnati 1, Brooklyn 0; Cleveland 16, Metropolitan 4; St. Louis 2, Athletic 10; Louisville 16, Baltimore 1.

International league—Newark 5, Toronto 4; Syracuse 7, Rochester 2; Scranton 9, Buffalo 1; Jersey City 6, Hamilton 8.

SUNDAY GAMES.

The association clubs all played yesterday: Metropolitan 7, Cleveland 5; Cincinnati 9, Brooklyn 14; St. Louis 5, Athletic 1; Baltimore 1, Louisville 8.

Counted the Passengers and Sunk the Boat

WASHINGTON, Aug. 22.—The secretary of the treasury has received a report from the local board of steamboat inspectors at Norfolk in regard to the sinking of the steamer George Law in the Appomattox river on the 2d inst. The steamer had been chartered by a colored society for an excursion and had about 350 persons on board. The excursion committee forced all the persons aft in order to count them. This submerged the after-air ports, causing the steamer to fill with water and sink. No lives were lost.

Base Ball Talk.

The citizens of Birmingham caused the arrest of all the members of the Birmingham and Charleston teams for playing ball on Sunday.

Three fine players—Richardson of Detroit, Richardson of New York, and "Georgie" Richardson of the Beacons of Boston. They are all ornaments of the national game and perfect gentlemen.

The Boston club managers have offered the large sum of $5,000 to its players if they win the championship. The New York club managers have made no such offer. Still, if the New Yorks win the championship they will get four or five times that amount.

Connor is a power in the New York nine. To him alone is due the credit for at least one of the New York victories. In the first game he made the first run on his own two-baser. In the second game he scored on a base on balls, and again scored after a brilliant three-baser. In the last game he sent in two runs and scored himself.

The Cleveland club stockholders will in all probability make an early raid for players with a purchase fund of $5,000 to back it up. By this means the new members of the team can be tried this fall and can aid the club in its fall series with Cincinnati for the state championship. It is probable that only five or six at most of the present team will be retained. Two catchers, two pitchers, two outfielders, and first and third basemen are needed. The men are selected and will be secured if some one else does not get them.

The number of balls pitched in a game has been a subject of study to Prof. Martin of Louisville, and he is keeping a register. In last Tuesday's game Ramsey had a total of 135 balls, an average of 15 in each inning. Mullane pitched 141 balls, or an average of 17⅝ each inning, the Louisvilles only going to bat in eight innings. His average for each man who went to the bat was 4 1-35 balls, while Ramsey's average was 3 15-16. The work done by both pitchers was remarkable, however, as only one man was given his base on balls—Hecker. In an average game the number of balls pitched is over 200.

It can now be positively predicted that at its September meeting the American association will adopt the percentage plan in place of the present plan of guaranteeing visiting clubs $65 a game. Cleveland, the Mets, Louisville and St. Louis have all along been favorable to the change, and a deal will be made with Cincinnati by which, in return for certain concessions, in the way of games next summer at Cincinnati, the Cincinnati club will cast its vote with the percentagists. And it is by no means certain that Baltimore will not vote for the change, which is a healthy one, and destined to drive out the hog policy which has caused so much trouble in the association.

LIFE ON THE PLAINS.

A Wild Western Tale Told in the Smoking-Room of a Sleeping-Car.

In the smoking section of a sleeping-car on the St. Paul road, after supper the other day, says the Chicago *Times*, the conversation turned on tricks at cards, and one of the party asserted that "Canada Bill" was the originator of that peculiar industry. A lantern-jawed man from Wyoming, who had been an attentive listener, remarked:

"Gentlemen, you are wrong. I saw a 'sucker' play it to my sorrow before Canada Bill ever thought of it."

In response to urgent requests, the resident of the sage-brush district in the West went on with his story: "The last year of the war, I, being a boy of eighteen, cut loose and drifted toward the then newly-discovered gold mines of Montana. On the way I became separated from the outfit I was traveling with and drifted along from one frontier ranch or trading station to another, until I finally made a halt at the crossing of the Big Laramie river, on the old stage road, at a ranch kept by Al Smith. Smith's ranch consisted of a log building, twenty by forty, all in one room, in which he ran a general store and saloon. As there was no water for fifteen miles either way, his ranch was a camping-ground for all trains bound either east or west. The Indians were bad in those days, and every ranchman kept as large a force about him as possible, and stragglers like myself were received with open hospitality and urged to prolong their stay. I remained at Smith's ranch several months a welcome guest. Swapping horses, hunting antelope, drinking whisky, playing poker, and trading in Government mules—which in those days was considered all over the West as legimate as any other respectable and honorable industry, I made plenty of money, and had occasional Indian skirmishes and lots of excitement. There were several of us young fellows there, and every evening we would indulge in poker by ourselves when we could not get a stranger in, but when we could we took him in, and we got them almost every night, and, as money was abundant, we were all well fixed. One evening, late in the fall of 1865, a cadaverous, lank, homely-looking specimen of humanity rode up to the ranch on a poor, scrawny mare pony, followed by a half-starved colt. He was dressed in ragged remnants of a threadbare broadcloth suit, a number of rents in his trousers showing a tattered pair of gray ones underneath. An old pair of congress gaiters adorned his extra-large feet, and an antiquated stiff hat scarcely protected him from the sun. His hair was long, his face unshaven. From his shoulder hung by a piece of rope an old flour-sack stuffed full of old clothes, while under his right arm he carried a bundle wrapped in an old striped hickory shirt. He awkwardly crawled off his Rosinante, and in a drawling, stuttering voice inquired if he could 'git to stay all night!' He was informed that he could spread his blanket on the floor and could eat with us such as we had, but that the nearest hotel was three hundred miles down the road. His stuttering speech and gawky manner caused us youngsters unlimited amusement, and we guyed him most unmercifully, all of which he took in good part.

"Before night a number of trains went into camp, and by dark the log cabin was lively. Freighters and teamsters were buying goods and drinking whisky and playing cards for canned fruit—the one great luxury of the Western pilgrims. At an early hour, long before any one else had thought of sleep, 'Rusty,' as we called him, spread his blanket on the floor, and with his old artillery saddle for a pillow, turned in and tried to sleep. Four of us youngsters drew around a table and proposed to start a poker game if we could get some one to come in and make it five-handed. 'Rusty' jumped up and said as it was impossible to sleep he would play a little while for fun. We kindly informed him that we did not play for fun, but for a quarter ante, just to make it interesting. He demurred at first, but finally agreed to play five dollars worth. We did not want him to play on account of his povery, but when he produced a fat leather pocketbook stuffed with greenbacks our scruples diminished and the game began. I never saw as awkward a man with cards in my life, but I am free to confess that I never saw a man have such luck as he did. The flushes, threes, full-hands and straights that man held was remarkable. By one o'clock I had lost three hundred and fifty dollars and was broke. By two o'clock Frank Jones had lost over five hundred dollars and had to quit for lack of funds. Frank Williams lasted until four o'clock, when he got knocked out, and the game progressed single-handed between Joe Lowery, a superintendent of the Overland Stage Company, and our single friend, who by this time was over two thousand dollars winner. Joe was considerably out, but had about two hundred dollars left. "Old Rusty" kept up a running fire of silly remarks, but none of us had any superfluous hilarity left. As we had all by this time commenced to smell a large-sized rodent, we were watching Rusty with all of our eight eyes. The ante had been raised to one dollar, with two dollars and fifty cents blind. It was Rusty's deal, and Joe Lowery went two dollars and fifty cents blind. After the deal Rusty saw the blind and Joe made it good and raised him fifty dollars. Rusty saw the raise, and raised Joe back one hundred and fifty dollars, which Joe called, it taking all the money Joe had left to call. Joe had three queens and drew two cards; Rusty drew three, but I saw him take one of them from the bottom of the pack, and called Joe's attention to it. Joe grabbed the stakes, when Rusty whipped out a 45-revolver, and, cocking it, ordered Joe to 'drop that money.' Frank Jones drew a revolver and fired at Rusty, missing him, when Rusty fired in return, killing Jones instantly. Joe and I both reached for our revolvers, but a shot from Rusty's revolver hit Joe in the heart, and he fell, but as he keeled over his gun went off, hitting Frank Williams in the back of the head, the ball penetrating his brain, killing him. At the same instant I fired at Rusty and broke his left arm. He returned the fire, hitting me in the heart, and I fell dead."

As he hesitated the crowd cast reproachful glances at him, and a fat man with gold spectacles remarked it was about bedtime.

A Fortified Sanctuary.

The little village of Landwehrhagen, near Munden, is among the very few in Germany which may still boast of a fortified church, dating back as far as the fifteenth century. The stone-work surrounding it, and chiefly protecting the entrance, contains a number of port-holes, and was strong enough in the seven years' war to withstand the attacks of the French, escaping without little injury. In view of a recent decree of the communal authorities, ordering the destruction of this interesting historico-architectural relic of the middle ages, numerous petitions are in circulation favoring its preservation.

THE HOUNDS OF 'FRISCO.

How a Band of Scoundrels Ruled San Francisco in the Early Days.

During the early mining days there was little system in the kind of goods kept by the merchants of San Francisco, or in the prices asked for them. Each dealt in whatever happened to fall into his hands and asked whatever price he pleased, irrespective of his neighbors. One day, says H. H. Bancroft in his "Popular Tribunals," a quiet, modest, undemonstrative "hound," so called from an organized band of ruffians of which he was a member, entered a tent store which was filled with a great variety of merchandise. He picked out a pair of fancy patent-leather gaiters, which he thought would set off his somewhat small and well-shaped feet to advantage. The shoes were little stronger than paper, costing but a dollar or two in New York, but their bright polish had caught the gentleman's eye, and as business had been good of late he resolved to indulge his fancy.

Seating himself on a box he took off his shoes and gave them a fling that sent them over behind some goods at the other side of the tent. He took up a pair of the glittering shoes, drew them on his feet, and then putting his hand in his pocket demanded "How much?" "An ounce" (about $17), was the reply. The dust was promptly paid, and the young man walked away evidently well satisfied with his bargain.

But on the following day his houndship returned. On his calm features there did not appear the slightest traces of annoyance, ill temper or disgust. The shining gaiters were burst open in several places. Treading his way carefully round the piles of merchandise stacked upon the floor, he fished out his old shoes, seated himself on the same box, drew from his feet the illusive shoe leather, and, putting on his old ones, walked away without saying a word.

But such docility was phenomenal on the part of a hound. Their trade was pillage and outrage, and for some time they held San Francisco completely in their power. They corrupted all the fountains of justice and were ever ready to act as jurors. Their services as witnesses were freely offered, faithfully testifying to any thing they were paid for. They were useful at the polls on election day—voting early and often themselves, preventing others from voting, and at sunset guarding the ballot-box while it was being stuffed. If you wanted a house fired, a man beaten, or a murder done, they were always at hand to serve you for a consideration.

As the numbers and opportunities of the hounds increased they put on new dignities. Becoming ashamed of their canine appellation, they changed their name to the Society of Regulators. It was the good men of the community and their affairs that this reprobate band proposed to regulate, and to their aid came demagogues and aspiring politicians.

An initiation fee of ten dollars was paid on entering, and in return each member was to be cared for in case of sickness, supported when penniless, and extricated from any trouble that he should chance to fall into. No qualification as to character was requisite, except that it should not be too bright. It was a model system of vagabondage.

SELLING BELOW COST.

How a Boston Merchant Rebuked a Too-Smart Salesman.

The peculiarities of a well-known Boston merchant, lately deceased, were talked over by a group on the lower deck of a harbor steamer, the other afternoon, according to the Boston *Transcript*, and many stories of his shrewdness were told. One of them ran as follows:

The merchant, having occasion to buy many tons of coal, wrote to several dealers for offers, which, as usual in such cases, varied widely. The salesman for one of the competitors for the contract followed up his note with a call in a few days.

"Sorry you can't talk as low as your neighbors," said the merchant: "I have bids from responsible houses at from twenty-five to fifty cents a ton below yours."

"Don't see how they can do it," said the drummer; "we quoted fifty cents below cost."

"So?" queried the merchant; "well, I'll think it over."

Days passed, and the head of the coal concern called to know the result of the merchant's cogitations.

"I have made up my mind not to give you the contract," said the merchant. "I should feel very sorry for you to lose so much money. Besides," he added, in a somewhat sarcastic tone, "it might so break you that you would be unable to fill the contract, and where should I be? Now your neighbors, of whom I have agreed to take three thousand tons at fifty cents below your bid, acknowledge that they will make a little something, and I think I prefer to trade with prosperous concerns, for my own safety."

"Lose money? break me?" shouted the coal man. "What do you mean?"

The other had to quote the salesman's remark to make his present position understood. There was a big, big D detected in the reply of the disappointed competitor, and the gossip ran that the too-smart salesman was severely talked to by his employer.

HE WOULD NOT SIGN.

How Justice Field Subdued an Arrogant Railroad Ticket Agent.

A rather spare old gentleman, with thin grayish whiskers and wearing a pair of highly polished spectacles, leaned over the counter in the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company's ticket office and asked for a round-trip ticket to Portland, Ore., says a San Francisco dispatch.

"Thirty dollars," promptly responded the clerk.

The passenger laid the gold on the counter and the clerk pulled a ticket out of the case and handed it toward him with a well-inked pen.

"What's that for?" asked the passenger, with a touch of contempt in his tone and glancing toward the clerk.

"Sign there, please," said the clerk.

"I beg your pardon," was the response of the passenger.

"Sign the ticket, please."

"No, sir, I decline. There is no law in the United States compeling me to sign steamer or railroad tickets. There is your money—give me the ticket."

Somewhat ruffled the agent looked at the passenger and then at the ticket, but did not touch the money.

"What is your name, sir?" he asked at length.

"Stephen J. Field," was the reply.

Then it dawned upon the rather dazed mind of the young man behind the counter that he was talking to one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States. He quietly stamped the unsigned ticket, handed it to the passenger with a subdued air, and then sat down to reflect.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

A Fork, Swallowed Many Years Ago, Removed by a Surgical Operation.

Dr. William Wilson reports the following interesting case to the London *Lancet:* "Cipriani, to whom you referred in a recent number, while imitating the exploits of a juggler in swallowing a fork, some sixteen years ago, allowed it to pass into his esophagus beyond his control. After various attempts at extraction made by himself, his friends and his wife, he was on the following day transferred to the Ospedale de Santa Maria Nuova, where also all efforts at removal were unavailing. Several ingenious instruments were invented for the purpose, but failed. He remained in the hospital for five weeks, suffering more or less inconvenience, moral as well as physical, for the public were divided in opinion, some proclaiming him only a fool, others an imposter. A year or so afterward, having produced severe pain, hemorrhage and other untoward symptoms, it was ascertained that the fork had effected its exit from the stomach and passed into the intestines, accompanied with a relief to the more urgent phenomena; motion, however, occasioned severe suffering. He now wandered from place to place, a subject of interest to some, of ridicule to others, till three or four weeks ago he was attacked by acute pleurisy of the right side, terminating in effusion, and was admitted into the Ospedale di San Giovanni di Dio. Recovering from this, attention was again directed to "the fork," which was discovered in the right iliac fossa, pointing obliquely upward to the left side. It was evidently fixed in this situation, for palpation effected no change in its position, and considerable enlargement could be detected in the immediate neighborhood. After long hesitation he consented to an operation, which was performed by the distinguished surgeon, Prof. Rosati, aided by his skillful assistant, Dr. Catani. An incision was made extending from an inch and a half below the unbilicus perpendicularly down to the pubes, and after considerable difficulty the fork was extricated from the ascending colon, the blunt end pointing upward. There had been long and constant inflammation, as was proved by the great thickening of the bowl, adjacent tissues, and the arm adhesion of the colon to the abdominal parietes. The bowl was opened, the edges secured to the abdominal integuments, and the wounds dressed in the usual way. The fork measured twenty-two centimeters, and presented but little erosion; for, though the plating had disappeared, the extremities retained their original defined outlines. The time could not be calculated which it had taken in reaching its ultimate destination, but probably many years, judging from the condition of the surrounding textures. The patient bore the operation well, and was very anxious to secure possession of the fork as conclusive evidence against his detractors. There has been no fever or unfavorable symptoms, and the wound is nearly healed, there remaining only a small fistulous opening communicating with the intestine."

IN YOSEMITE VALLEY.

What a California Hotel Porter Received for Extra Attention.

It was from Illinois they came, says the San Francisco *Chronicle*. I don't remember exactly which suburb they came from, but they were newly married and had lots of trunks and things and they were not a bit surprised at the bigness of the Yosemite. They thought the Sentinel peak about as high as several buildings in Chicago, but they didn't quite admit there wasn't a higher. I am told there are houses in Chicago the roofs of which are covered with snow the year round. But the only thing that is positively known here about Chicago is the wheat deal, and that was run from California. However they were from Illinois. Young married couples from the interior of the country get perfectly reckless when they come to California. I guess its the climate that makes them extravagant. They're braced up by the air and that sort of thing, and they want to spend money. They felt like throwing it around, don't you know, just as if it were confections at a carnival. I don't know how many trunks the Inter-State Commerce act allows to a newly married couple, but they generally come out here with stacks of them. I have been told that some of them bring out their lunch and a supply of tinned provisions, believing that we live here principally on corn-husks and fruit. However, they had trunks for a century, and they marched into Yosemite valley.

There are some people in Yosemite this year who have money. I know one party that gets a remittance from San Francisco of twenty-five dollars every blessed week as ever is, but of course they can't put on the style that Eastern people can. The porter at one of the hotels of the valley viewed with tears of joy running down his cheeks this bridal fall of trunks. I don't know if every thing is really so big up in the Yosemite valley. It is so difficult to appreciate heights and distances, that perhaps the porter's tears were big enough to bathe in one, and the fall of them was fifteen hundred feet. Any how he had not seen a job like that for many a weary day. The picayunish Californian does not travel with that style. The owners of the trunks had pity on the lean and hungry porter, and they gave him all the work they could devise in connection with unpacking, repacking and pulling the trunks about.

"We'll make it all right," was the kindly hint given him, and on that hint he worked like a Trojan. The bridal pair were about to take their departure. The porter was only waiting to receive the reward, when he intended immediately to resign and come to San Francisco and go into business. The delicacy of the true Easterner came out beautifully. They did not, like a true Californian, boldly slip it into his hand. A pretty little girl whose acquaintance he had made came up as he was seeing them off and put two coins into his hand. Well, $5 was something, and he, too grateful to look, put the money into his pocket and put another dollar's worth of effusion into his good-bye. Then he stole into his aparments to gloat over the yellow gold. He caressed the coins and then he looked. They were two pennies. Ah, me! How pleasant it is to travel around the country and give employment to poor people, and spend your money making them happy. It's just such little incidents as this that develop the far West and make things boom.

Abraham Lincoln's Honesty.

When Abraham Lincoln was a clerk in a dry goods store he sold a woman a little bill of goods, amounting in value by the reckoning to $2.06 1-4. He received the money, and the woman went away. On adding the items of the bill again to make himself sure of correctness, he found that he had taken 6 1-4 cents too much. It was night, but, closing and locking the store, he started out on foot, a distance of two or three miles, for the house of the defrauded customer, and, delivering over to her the sum whose possession had so much troubled him, went home satisfied.

AN ABLE-BODIED YARN.

The Great International Prevaricator at Work in Sunny Georgia.

A Dr. Seyers, of Clayton, Ga., was startled a few evenings since, while driving home from a visit to a patient, by the fall of a meteor, or what he supposed to be a meteor, and which buried itself in the earth only a few yards ahead of him. Hurrying home, continues the Chicago *Mail*, he procured a spade and pick, returned to the spot and dug up the aerial visitor while it was still smoking hot. To his great surprise, instead of finding an irregular mass of meteoric stone, there appeared a smooth, perfect sphere of steel-blue metal, with polished surface and engraved with pictures and writings. There was a deep-graven circle within which was a four-pointed star, a representation of a bird-reptile resembling in a measure our extinct archæopteryx, and a great number of smaller figures, resembling those used in modern shorthand. The metal of which the ball was composed was about as hard as copper, entirely infusible by the Bunson blow-pipe, and evidently a new element. The doctor is of opinion that this picturesque missile may have been fired from some monster gun on a neighboring planet, probably Venus or Mars, or possibly the moon, and that it may be the first result of a series of experiments which may end in establishing communication with those heavenly bodies. It is expected that the heavenly cannon-ball, or whatever it is, will attract unusual attention among scientists. They will probably discover, if they give the matter thoroughly scientific investigation, that the great international liar is loose somewhere in Georgia.

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Etc., at less than New York Prices.

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ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

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$2 and $2.50.

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To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

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The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—It is said that every change in the atmosphere brings with it a new candidate for sheriff.

—A recent law makes the Morristown Health Board illegal, and a new Board will be organized.

—The wet weather has had a tendency to force the peaches, causing them to ripen prematurely.

—The grand shooting tournament of the Middlesex Gun Club occurs on their grounds at Dunellen, October 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 and 8th.

—The Brakeman's Brotherhood of Jersey City and Phillipsburg will make a joint excursion to Lake Hopatcong, on the 31st inst.

—September and October are the months when fishermen expect to have the black bass tugging at their lines with avidity and gameness.

—Soon the public schools will open, and once more be heard the pleasant chatter of the school children on their way to receive knowledge and education.

—To-morrow is regular Club shoot day on the Middlesex Gun Club grounds. A large number of visiting members of other clubs are expected to be present.

—The Central Railroad Company purposes erecting at Lake Hopatcong before the next season opens a handsome depot that will accommodate a large excursion party in case of rain.

—Tony Pastor and his grand company of European and American Vaudeville stars, will appear at Music Hall this evening. The company is spoken of as one of the strongest on the road.

—Since the heavy rain yesterday afternoon, the mud remains on the sidewalks under some of the railroad bridges, and particularly under the Park avenue bridge, to the depth of an inch or more.

—Michael Slattery, who was struck last week by a Long Branch train near the Elizabethport station, still lies in a precarious condition. His friends accuse the engineer of the train of neglect of duty.

—A handsome and substantial new iron safe, of Butler's patent, from the DeBaud Safe and Lock company, was put into the meat market of Mr. J. W. VanSickle, on North avenue this morning. This is another evidence of Billy's prosperity.

—The new law by which all moneys remaining to the credit of a school district on the 1st of September are confiscable to the County Collector will probably urge district trustees to pay better salaries and make sure that there is no balance to be confiscated.

—The ore shipments over the High Bridge Branch of the Central Railroad for July were: To Phillipsburg and points beyond, 30,110.06 tons; local to Chester and Port Oram, 1,373.18 tons; total, 31,484.04 tons. Limestone to Port Oram, 1,684.17 tons.

—Professor Proctor says that were it not for the house fly, epidemics would carry off millions of people every year. Science may weigh the earth, measure the stars, tame the earthquake and cyclone, and do many other amusing things but it never can convince a bald headed man that flies are a human necessity.

—Janitor Mattox lighted the gas at Music Hall yesterday afternoon and exhibited the newly painted scenery to members of the press and a few others. The new scenery makes a decided improvement in the make up of the stage, and reflects great credit on the artist who did the work. It is said that the Music Hall Association is considering the advisability of adding a new drop curtain.

—THE PRESS some time ago called attention to the matter of allowing certain persons to go about the city collecting from the butchers, bones and fat substances, and stated that complaints had been made against a certain dealer. The police, evidently acting on the suggestion, arrested one of the offenders and arraigned him before Judge Ulrich, on Saturday afternoon. The Judge [illegible] him with a [illegible].

Struck by Lightning.

Another heavy shower passed over this city yesterday afternoon, accompanid by much thunder and lightning. The rain fall was very heavy and there were several very loud reports of thunder. People who were in town shopping and live east of the railroad track, were storm bound for a time and many of them were obliged to wait for nearly an hour until the water lowered under the railroad bridge. On Park avenue at the bridge the water backed up nearly to North avenue and horses walked through the water up to their breast. Some of the drivers took the sidewalk when passing under the bridge, so deep was the water in the roadway. During the heaviest part of the shower, lightning struck the spire of the Park Avenue Church, at the base, tearing away a portion of the slate roofing and some of the woodwork, but fortunately the edifice did not take fire. Some of the slate and boards were thrown across Park avenue and deposited on the sidewalk and in the yard in front of Mr. O. T. Waring's residence. Lightning is also alleged to have struck a new house on Orchard Place, belonging to Janitor Clarkson of the high school. A colored man was in the cellar at the time and he declares that the building was struck. He was visibly affected by the bolt, but suffered no serious injury. About seven feet of the foundation wall in front of the dwelling was demolished, and the earth was torn out to a depth of two feet. Residents on Eighth street say that they plainly detected the odor of sulphur when the storm was most severe, and supposed that the lightning had struck in several places near there. A house at Roselle, belonging to a man named Hibbard was also struck and considerably damaged, this being the second time this season the same building has been damaged by lightning. Many lima bean poles were blown down and corn suffered to a certain extent. Outside of this no other damage is reported in this immediate vicinity.

Hop at Netherwood.

The complimentary hop at Hotel Netherwood to-morrow evening, promises to be one of *the* events of the season. The hop is given as a benefit for the orchestra, and those persons whose names appear in the various committees below, have subscribed a purse of about $200 to be presented to the orchestra. The Committees are as follows:

Floor Committee—Messrs. J. R. Plum, Jr., F. Martin, Jr., H. D. Brewster, A. P. Eckert, Wm. J. Roome.

Reception Committee—Messrs. J. L. Anthony, A. E. Benary, S. E. Buchanan, H. W. Bowen, T. H. Cullen, J. W. Condit, W. H. Eckert, W. L. Flagg, Dr. A. H. Goelet, E. B. Howard, A. T. J. Rice, H. C. Swain, Wm. Yelland, Count Marazzi, J. J. Corning, S. D. Freshman, J. A. Jansen, D. Jesurun, H. L. Jansen, Isaac Lewis, F. Martin, H. W. Martin, J. R. Plum, C. N. Parsons, C. H. Parsons, J. B. Ryer, Chas. Rous, S. H. Tobey, E. M. Knowles, G. Clark, Jr., E. J. Abbs,

Another Factory for Plainfield.

This city is rapidly coming into favor as a manufacturing place, and a new and extensive manufacturing concern is about to locate here. The particulars we are not yet allowed to divulge, but this much can be said. On Saturday parties from Easton were in town, surveying ground with a view of purchasing the same, for the erection of a large factory between Grant avenue and Evona. The factory, it is said, will be on a far more extensive scale than that of the Pond Tool Works now in course of construction near the Grant avenue station. The high quality of the water, the excellent railroad facilities, and the desirable sites for mechanics' residences, are the principal inducements offered the company for locating here, all of which shows the desirability of Plainfield as a manufacturing centre as well as a residence place.

Funeral of Mrs. Hesse.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Margaretta P. Hesse, who died on Friday, took place from the late residence of the deceased on West Seventh street, yesterday afternoon at half-past two o'clock, in the presence of the relatives and near friends of the family. Rev. Mr. Williams of Chatham, N. J., the father of the deceased, officiated. The floral display was beautiful and consisted of a broken column, a pillow, a crown, anchor and wreath, all of which were artistically arranged and furnished by Carl Peterson. At the close of the services the remains were taken to Hillside Cemetery for interment.

They Wanted Coffee.

Thomas Reiley and James Murphy, two tramps, applied at a house on Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, this morning, and asked for something to eat. The mistress of the house fed them, when the two men demanded coffee, and when she refused to comply with their demand, they grabbed her by the arm, and are alleged to have made threats. Marshal Becker and special officer Sterling, succeeded in capturing the brutes after a chase, and locked them up. This afternoon Mayor Cooley sentenced Reiley to 15 days and Murphy to 30 days in the Somerville jail.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

David Runyon, the efficient assistant in the First National Bank, is taking a week's vacation.

Mrs. Charles Whitenack and son, of New Brunswick, are visiting among friends in this city.

Mr. S. P. Dunn and family of Seventh street left yesterday for a few weeks absence at Cornwall-on-the-Hudson.

Mr. Horace Huff, formerly with Mr. R. J. Shaw, has accepted a position as salesman in a Park avenue stationery store.

Mrs. John H. Roy, of New York city, is spending a week with her sister, Mrs. William H. Grogen, of West Front street.

Our esteemed fellow citizen, William C. Ayers, is recovering from a severe attack of sickness commencing Sunday morning.

Mrs. Baker, who for several weeks past has been visiting friends on West Fifth street, returned to her home in Brooklyn, yesterday.

A dispatch to the New York papers locates Mrs. Stanton and family of North Plainfield at Willow Lake Villa, Delaware Water Gap.

Mrs. E. C. Cook and daughter of West Front street, left on Saturday to spend a fortnight at Flemington, Hunterdon county, N. J.

Mr. Frank Hand of Manning avenue, North Plainfield, was presented with a young son last evening. Weight eleven and one-half pounds.

"Chief Grant" he is now known as, the Council at its last meeting having authorized Officer Grant to perform the duties of chief in the absence of Chief Dodd.

The employees of this office tender their thanks to Mr. Andrew Vanderbeek, Jr., for their "fill" of choice peaches from his father's orchard near Pluckamin, N. J.

Rev. J. B. Van Meter, pastor of the M. E. church in this city, is among the clergymen who are announced to preach during the ten days session of the camp meeting at Mount Tabor.

The young son of Mr. George H. Babcock of Eighth and Union streets, who was so seriously burned about the head and arms, by the overturning of a bowl of porridge, is said to be rapidly recovering and is now thought to be out of danger.

Mr. Love, designer, decorator, and his corps of able workmen in the manufacture of elegant wall paper designs, corner Park and North avenues, are having a two weeks' vacation, and all are enjoying themselves at various places and in divers ways.

Mr. R. R. Fairchild and family, of Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, started yesterday for an extended tour across the Continent. During their absence they will visit the Yellowstone National Park and San Francisco, and will be absent for several weeks.

John S. Bishop, of Bound Brook, the lightning rod man, has received several orders to repair and erect lightning rods on dwellings and outbuildings, since Monday's severe shower. Among others he will put in thorough order the rods on the Westfield Public School building.

*Mr. Eli S. Sherman, who acted as co*rrespondent for the New York *World* from this city, recently, but who was obliged to leave the city on account of ill health, has arrived in Denver, Colorado, and is said to be captivated by the beauty and business energy of the "Queen City of the West."

A private dispatch from Paris to New York yesterday, announced the sudden death, from apoplexy, of Aaron J. Vanderpoel. The deceased was the senior member of the firm of Vanderpoel, Green & Cumming, of New York, of which Gov. Green is a member, and was well known as a jurist of ability.

Mr. Geo. F. Brown, of North Plainfield, who is summering with his invalid wife at Asbury Park, with a view of the latter regaining her health, was in town today. He reports the condition of his wife as steadily improving, and says that during the past few days she has been able to walk across the room with assistance. They will probably remain several weeks longer at the seashore.

"Uncle" David Smith, a former well-known resident of this city, but now residing with his son John, at Trenton, called in our office this morning. Mr. Smith met with an accident over a year ago, breaking one of his legs, from which injury his many friends never expected to see him recover from. He did, though, and now walks about nearly as spry as of old. The injured limb is, however, shorter by an inch than the other.

Among the hundred and more dwelling houses now in course of erection in our fair city, is that of a New York city real estate agent, Mr. Geo. H. Fountain, who has contracted for the construction of a handsome dwelling for himself at the corner of Grant avenue and Eighth street, with Mr. C. E. Johnson, builder. The building will be of the Queen Ann style of architecture, Mr. Chas. E. Smith, architect, C. E. Johnson, carpenter, and John Emmons, mason.

Mr. William Sandford, of West Seventh street, his wife and daughter, Miss May, and Mrs. Sandford's mother, all returned yesterday from a brief sojourn at Asbury Park.

Rev. C. E. Dunn of Hempstead, L. I., conducted the funeral of the young daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Daniel, from the house on Liberty street, at half-past two o'clock this afternoon. Interment was made in Evergreen Cemetery.

The remains of the late Mrs. Louisa Smalley, who suddenly expired in the post-office on Saturday evening, was taken to Bound Brook on the noon train to-day. The funeral took place from the Presbyterian church at that place at half-past two o'clock this afternoon, instead of to-morrow afternoon as at first arranged.

Twenty of St. Joseph's Cadets and the members of the choir and Sunday School teachers of St. Joseph's church, of North Plainfield, spent yesterday at Boynton Beach. During the afternoon a light shower somewhat dampened the ardor of the day, but it was unaccompanied by heavy thunder and lightning. Several fishermen were in the party, but what become of the fish no one seems to know. Home was reached on the return trip about eight o'clock.

Base Ball Notes.

Our noble colored giants, the Stars, are trying to make satisfactory arrangements to play with a colored club on the enclosed grounds at Elizabeth on Saturday. The Stars are desirous of bringing home some coin, as well as honor.

The Crescents of this city will play a match game with a nine from Westfield on the Park avenue grounds to-morrow afternoon. Messrs. Cadmus and McMurray will probably comprise the battery for the Crescents, and with careful playing, victory is almost assured.

Mr. William H. Turton of the Central Base Ball Club, called at THE PRESS office this morning and stated that the club he represents is awaiting a challenge from the Twilight Club of Scotch Plains for $100 a side. He says the Centrals are confident of winning the next match, and that the club will also apply for admission to the Inter-State League another season. The Centrals will compete with a New Brunswick nine on the grounds in this city, on Saturday afternoon of this week. The club is also arranging a game with the Butler nine of Rahway and also with the Athletics of that place. On account of the match with the New Brunswick club the contest arranged between the Centrals and the Westfield club for Saturday, has been indefinitely postponed.

Saturday's Trotting.

The usual number of spectators were present at the Fair Grounds on Saturday afternoon to witness the trotting. The unfinished race between Nate Robbins' black horse and Mr. Hayes' brown horse, two heats of which were trotted a week ago, was not concluded, but instead the two horses entered another race to harness. Mr. Hayes' horse won two straight heats in 2:57 and 2:58½. Mr. J. W. Johnson's horse, "Echo," to wagon, trotted a mile heat against Mr. A. C. Vail's "Betsy Bobbitt," to wagon. The latter horse came in ahead in 2:43. Mr. Vail then drove "Betsy Bobbit" two single mile heats to wagon. Time—2:44 and 2:44½. Mr. Edward Warring drove his horse "Ledger Boy" in team with Mr. Johnson's "Echo," one mile heat. Time—2.46. Several other exciting brushes took place on the track during the afternoon, but the time was not recorded. Next Saturday lovers of trotting will be given another opportunity to witness some good trotting.

A Carrier Pigeon Gone Astray.

During the thunder shower yesterday afternoon a beautiful red checker carrier pigeon flew into the barn occupied by Mr. A. M. Griffin, near Music Hall. The bird had evidently been on a long journey and appeared to be weak from want of food. On one of the legs was a nickel leg band, containing the following: "B 202." Mr. S. E. Flower, the artist, came in possession of the pigeon and this morning turned it over to the care of Mr. J. Hervey Doane. He has written to Mrs. Starr of New York, the Racing Secretary, for information, and is awaiting word from the owner, in which event he will either again liberate the bird, or express it home.

Who Stole the Corn?

During Friday evening of last week, some unknown person or persons entered the cornfield of Mr. Richard Elliott, at the corner of Clinton avenue and Eighth street, and stole therefrom a large wagon load of green corn. Mr. Elliott first mistrusted that something unusual had occurred during the night, when he saw the wagon tracks in the morning. Upon investigation it was found that some one had gone through his cornfield and pulled the best that could be found. Mr. Elliott is desirous of having them call again that he might be prepared to give them a warm reception.

—Mr. Thomas V. Cator, as chairman of the Prohibition State Committee of New Jersey, has issued a call for a meeting on September 8th.

The Bids Opened.

Messrs. Vail and Coddington constituting a quorum of the North Plainfield Township Committee met at Demler's Hotel in the Notch at two o'clock yesterday afternoon for the purpose of receiving bids for the repairs on Somerset street occasioned by the recent flood. After all the bids were opened, the contract for the construction of the wall and for filling in the roadway between Wilson's Stone Crusher and P. M. French's dam, on motion adopted, was awarded to Mr. D. D. Smalley for $150. The construction of the wall, filling in and the erection of a fence on Somerset street above Demler's Hotel was awarded to Henry Bodesheimer for $150. The contract for dressing up Somerset street was awarded to Henry Bodesheimer for $300. Other bids for one or more parts of the work were submitted by Messrs. J. D. Smith and J. W. Whitlock, jointly; Jno. Emmons and Geo. Conover, jointly; John Emmons, singly and Geo. Conover, singly. The work of repairing the damage will commence at once.

A Warning to Corner Loafers.

The police promise us to make an effort to rid the corners and curbstones of the city's sidewalks of the loiterers that now crowd us into the streets, and of the loafers that insult our ladies with bad language, and expectorate ponds on the pavement for us all to wade through. To brace up the officers of the law, and give fair warning to the guilty, we publish below the section of the city ordinance that governs the matter:

SEC. 22. If any person obstruct the free passage of pedestrians by loitering or assembling on the streets, or on the corners of the streets, or on the sidewalks, or in front of any private or public building, or church, or place where religious services are held, or interfere with, or annoy in any way whatever, persons going to or returning from any place where religious or other services have been held, such person so offending shall on conviction be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the city or county jail not exceeding sixty days, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

Negotiating for Budd's Lake.

It looks now as if Budd's Lake as a public pleasure resort and fishing ground would soon be numbered among those delightful little inland seas that have been gobbled up by sporting clubs, to the exclusion of the general public. A club has already secured title to about half the acreage of the lake, and negotiations are being made to procure the balance. The Stephens estate has been offered a considerable sum for the possessions fronting the lake, and if they could be secured there would be very little left that did not come under the control of the club. Mr. J. Al. Staats, of the Sheridan House, Elizabeth, is the negotiator. If the scheme succeeds, the lake will be restocked and none but members of the club will be permitted to fish therein. We hope they may not succeed.—Hackettstown *Gazette*.

The Fish Felt Easier When They Left.

Messrs. George W. Rockfellow, A. Vanderbeek, R. Stelle, Halsey Compton, M. M. Thorn, L. A. Hummer and Mr. Ross, constituted the party of Plainfield fishermen who went to the fishing banks yesterday, intent on beating the record for catching fish. Several fine catches are reported, among them severe colds by some of the party. Freeholder Vanderbeek no longer carries the belt, poor fellow! He cornered a toad fish, and the rest of the fishermen caught three small fish between them. Mr. Leader of North Plainfield, was to go with the party at 6:30 a. m., but they started ten minutes earlier and he was therefore left. However, he went to his business in New York as usual and caught a big day's work, and came home feeling much happier than the rest of the party.

News via Fanwood.

The Fanwood correspondent to the Rahway *Advocate* sends in the following bit of intelligence: "'Conductor' Meader, as he is familiarly called, who was paralyzed a few years ago after running a train 352 miles, is completely cured and now runs the newspaper stand at Evona." Will our exchange never learn to consult the columns of THE PRESS for accurate and trustworthy information? Mr. Meader is *not* entirely cured, and although he is to be sympathized with in his sad affliction, it is not probable that he ever will be. Neither does he run the news-stand at the Evona depot, but enjoys the lucrative position as general station agent at that point.

Exceeds All Others.

The *Hotel Mail* of New York, the paper that stands highest in character and influence of any journal of its class in the country, goes out of its way to show its appreciation of a success that is apparent to us all. In a recent issue appears the following:

The Plainfield Daily *Press*, only a few months in existence, has made rapid strides in provincial journalism. It far exceeds any daily paper published within a radius of twenty miles of this city, and in each issue contains one whole page of local news.

—The Rahway *Advocate* says the Rahway river at that place is no more than a New York sewer multiplied by two, and that a pig would become sick at the filth.

WESTFIELD.

Cyrus P. Wilcox has sold his mustang to Job DeCamp of Newark.

Evelin, wife of Benjamin H. Woodruff, is lying seriously ill, from dysentery, at her residence on North avenue.

The Westfield Hotel is properly and capably managed by Mr. Fred. Coombs. The travelling public and guests find in him an accommodating landlord.

Mr. Charles Echman and Mr. William H. Stitt, who have rusticating at Asbury Park for the past week, returned yesterday. They will leave today for Lake Hopatcong.

Mr. Geo. Van Emburgh who intended going on Saturday last on a trip to Richmond, Va., was taken with intermittent fever on Friday, and is now confined to the house.

The Board of Health met at Town Rooms on August 22. Present—Miller, Cory Harrison and Marsh. The health ordinances were passed on their third reading, with slight amendments. A number of complaints were received and the secretary required to give the inspector notices to serve on the owners of property complained of. On motion the Board then adjourned.

The Assessor has completed the assessments roll for the present year, The rate is as follows, exclusive of special roads in the several districts:

County tax,	60	cts	on $100	valuation.
Township tax,	13	"	"	"
Poor tax,	6½	"	"	"
State School tax,	26	"	"	"
Roads,	13	"	"	"
Crushed Stone,	26	"	"	"
Street Lamps,	10	"	"	"
Fire,	4	"	"	"
	1.58½			
Special School No. 10,	75	"	"	"
	$2.33½			

The same taxes for the year 1886 was total $2.41½ on $100 valuation.

Yesterday at about noon, John Peiffer visited the unoccupied dwelling of Mr. John J. Willis, located on South avenue. On opening the front door of the house he heard a noise in the cellar and on going there he detected an Italian rag picker cutting loose the lead pipes. The Italian on seeing Pieffer, fled from the premises across to North avenue and jumped in his wagon and drove off at a rapid rate. Peiffer was unable to overtake him. The thief had succeeded in cutting loose and had packed into bags about 100 pounds of the pipe, and no doubt if it had not been for the timely arrival of Mr. Peiffer, would have succeeded in damaging the house considerably.

WASHINGTONVILLE.

The storm yesterday was very heavy in the Valley, and considerable damage was done to the peach crop. In many places large quantities of peaches were blown from the trees, and most of them are useless.

Nearly all of the Summer boarders in this vicinity are still domiciled here, and all are enjoying themselves. The season has been a very profitable one to boarding house keepers, who will reap a rich reward at the close of the season.

A good story is told of two of our citizens. One night recently one of them was driving along Somerset street when he turned out to allow a wagon to pass. In doing so he accidentally collided with another wagon. Then arose a long controversy as to who was responsible for the accident. The party all drove to Blatz's Hotel, where they procured a lantern and ascertained that the damage done was slight. Then it was claimed by one of the men that lamps were lighted on his carriage, but the other failed to see them. The matter was amicably adjusted to the satisfaction of all, and after treating, the ruralites all started for home.

Let Us

Know when you return, that we may inform your patrons.

Hear what interesting events are to take place in your neighborhood.

Know how many fish you caught, or whether you didn't get a bite, except from mosquitoes.

Know where you are going to spend a vacation, that we may inform your friends through THE PRESS.

Know what improvements you desire us to mention, or what is needed, and we will call public attention to it.

Inform your patrons through our advertising columns, what an immense stock of choice goods you have.

Know what kind of a time you had at the hop or reception, and who were there and what were the *trousseau* of the principal ladies present.

We are not omnipresent, but will give our readers all the information we possibly can. If any one will kindly assist us in any of the above matters, we shall deem it a great favor, and it will help make THE PRESS more interesting for all to read.

A fresh tomato leaf is said to be a specific cure for a bee sting. If cabbage leaves have a like cure the young [illegible] of our town would be so proof hard- [illegible] would take no effect.

RIOTOUS COAL MINERS

THREE HUNDRED MEN BELABOR EACH OTHER WITH CLUBS.

A War of Races in Which the Sabbath and Many Heads Were Badly Broken.

Sixty Rioters Reported Badly Hurt.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 23.—Three hundred miners engaged in a riot at Glen Lyon, five miles from Nanticoke, on Sunday. It was a war of races, and was caused by the zeal of Rev. Mr. Taggart, a Methodist minister. Glen Lyon is occupied solely by the breakers of the Susquehanna coal company.

The combatants were composed of men of all nationalities, Irishmen, Welshmen, Hungarians and Poles being largely represented. It has been the custom of several Hungarian and Polish merchants of Nanticoke to send peddlers to Glen Lyon daily to supply certain boarding house keepers. These latter, in many instances, are hired by young unmarried men who club and live together. They order by turns goods of the peddlers, who trust them.

The Susquehanna Coal company always selects Saturday for pay day. However, for the first time, they paid their men at Glen Lyon and Morgantown on Sunday, which day has always been chosen by the merchants to make the collections. Rev. Mr. Taggart of Glen Lyon has frequently preached against what he called such a desecration of the Sabbath, and he finally determined to put a stop to it if possible.

He organized a posse of his church members for that purpose Sunday. The men got wind of it and made up their minds to resist any overtures of the kind. The collectors made their appearance as usual, and the natural excitement of the moment was augmented by a universal indulgence in beer and whisky.

As the day advanced the church men became alarmed at the situation, and kept themselves in hiding. The feeling of antagonism was so intense, however, that it finally culminated in a free fight between men of opposite nationalities. Mad with drink, it was not long before hundreds of men were furiously engaged in a battle with sticks, stones and clubs for weapons.

The riot lasted for half an hour, and many men were struck down on both sides. Dozens were carried away on improvised stretchers with cracked and bleeding heads to their homes. A few women, maddened by the general excitement, mixed in the fray, and several were badly beaten.

The riot ceased only when its participants were too few to carry it on, the wounded requiring the attention of many who did not return after they had left the field.

It is reported that more than sixty of the rioters were seriously hurt, many of them fatally.

POISON IN THE MILK-CANS.

Four Persons Dead and Others Dying when the Physicians Arrived.

KEY WEST, Fla., Aug. 23.—*La Lucha*, of Havana, Cuba, contains an account of wholesale poisoning by milk sold at the residence of Mme. Mendez. The family consisted of Mme. Mendez and four children, Mrs. Irene Concepcion De Castro Desmtre, Miss Rita Yallada, Miss Rosario Valdes and Miss Concepcion Mestre, daughter of the well-known photographer, who was visiting there. The milkman left two cans of milk, as usual, and the family partook of the milk at breakfast. At about 11 o'clock Miss Mestre was seized with a violent attack of vomiting. Shortly afterward Mme. Mendez and two of her children were taken ill. Physicians were telephoned for, and Drs. Savior and Aguilera answered the summons. Upon their arrival at the home they found Miss Mestre dead on a sofa in the parlor, Mme. Mendz and two children on the floor also dead, and Miss Valdes and Miss Yallada were so far gone that medical aid could be of no assistance to them. Every person who had partaken of the milk was either dead or dying. The man that sold the milk, two servants in the house and two outside persons have been arrested. The dead were persons highly connected in social circles.

A Woman Shoots a Negro.

ANDERSON, S. C., Aug. 23.—Mose Lynch, a negro, called at the house of Mrs. Miles Werner in the absence of her husband and presented a note purporting to have been written by Joe Summers a white man, with whom Werner had been in litigation, instructing him to get certain papers. Upon Mrs. Werner's refusal to produce them Lynch said he would have them or cut her throat. She said: "Well, I will get them for you then, rather than be killed." Instead she got a double barrelled shotgun at the sight of which he broke and ran but had not got far when he got a load from one barrel, and about the time he recovered the contents of the second were poured into him. The negro managed to escape, but is thought to have been mortally hurt.

Blunders Which Cost $75,000.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 23.—Two freight trains collided on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad about ten miles above this city, totally demolishing the engines and fifteen cars loaded with merchandise. The west-boun train had orders to side-track at Coalburg, and the east-bound to take siding at St. Albans, the points being 28 miles apart. The train bound east passed its points and rolled on to near Laughter's creek, where it collided with the west-bound which should have stopped at Coalburg, but the operator had gone to sleep on duty and let the train pass. Two employes were slightly injured by jumping. Immediately after the collision fire broke out and fifteen cars were consumed. The loss will reach $75,000.

The President's Stay in St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 23.—Definite information has been received that President and Mrs. Cleveland and accompanying party will arrive here on Saturday evening, October 1, but the president will see nobody that evening except a reception committee, who will meet him at the depot. The party will remain in St. Louis over the 2d, 3d and 4th, attending the fair on the 3d and the veiled prophet's ball on the night of the 4th and leave at midnight for Chicago.

Pastor Goss Slips Down.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Rev. Charles T. Goss, pastor of the Chicago avenue church, announced his resignation of his charge, to take effect October 1. He said that for some time there had been dissatisfaction among some of the church members, who did not sympathize with his teachings. A sermon on "Chicago's toiling girls" brought on the resignation.

Stitchers Strike.

DOVER, N. H., Aug. 23.—Eighty stitchers and all of the other employees in the factory of Martin & French struck work today because the firm would not discharge two stitchers who do not belong to the knights of labor.

THE PHILADELPHIA FORGER.

More Victims Coming to the Front with Tales of His Sharp Practice.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—Facts are daily coming to light to show that Emil L. Schoenberg is an adventurer of no small calibre. He was known here as the millionaire partner of John F. Betz, the great brewer, and between them they started to build the finest theatre in the United States, which is now thrown back on Betz's hands. Nothing wrong was suspected until Schoenberg disappeared, and then Betz discovered that he had been swindled. Schoenberg is one of a family of four brothers who were raised in Baltimore. Their names were Israel, Isaac, Abraham and Emanuel, who called himself Emil. Schoenberg Brothers started in the metal business in Baltimore, but after a short career they had to leave the city. In 1868 they turned up in New York as metal merchants, but their methods were again objected to, and they disappeared, having victimized many merchants. Emil then lived by his wits in New York. He is supposed to be Frederick Strauss, who figured in New York as a leather merchant in 1873. In 1874 he got into mining speculations, and managed to victimize President Durrell of the Salt Lake National bank, making him pay dearly for his experience. John M. Hummel of the firm of J. M. Hummel & Son, leather merchants of this city, said to-day:

"I know Schoenberg to my cost. He and his confederates have robbed me of about $150,000 and caused the death of my son Theodore, who was a victim of their dishonest schemes. My son was in partnership with Andrew Meny, importing plumbago and German clay for melting purposes, and they were doing well. In an evil hour Meny brought Schoenberg to me as a great mining expert and wealthy man from the west. I afterward found that he was a New York adventurer who had failed in the leather trade. Schoenberg persuaded my son and his partner to go into mining speculations and I was also drawn in. My boy died from anxiety and I am out a small fortune."

A BIG FIRM'S EMBARASSMENT.

Mitchell, Vance & Co., of New York, in Financial Distress.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The position of the firm of Mitchell, Vance & Co., manufacturers of gas fixtures, is in a very uncertain condition. Although rated high by commercial agencies, there is every indication that it may be found necessary to appoint a receiver in order to wind up its affairs. The primary cause of the trouble was the suicide of its former president, Dennis C. Wilcox, in 1886. At that time no house in the trade stood higher, but the speculations of Mr. Wilcox, besides ruining and causing him to take his life, involved the corporation to such an extent as to oblige it to raise a large sum of money in order to carry on business. It was hoped at that time the business would be able to pay off the amount thus raised within a given period; but it has been found that, with reduced profits and labor troubles, this could not be accomplished. The corporation is therefore now in financial distress, and the stockholders are considering the best means to adopt in order not only to save themselves, but to continue on the business of the corporation.

The Drawback of Pressed Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—In answer to an inquiry by the collector of customs at New York, the treasury department has decided that cube sugar, made from refined white sugar powdered and pressed into moulds, is subject to the same rate of drawback upon exportation, 2.80 cents per pound, less one per cent, as that prescribed for loaf, cut loaf, granulated and powdered sugar.

To be Placed in Jeopardy Again.

DAYTON, O., Aug. 23.—Charles Morris, colored, who was acquitted at Xenia, of the charge of murder of Douthet and wife, whose bodies were burned in their home, was arrested here and taken to Xenia on the charge of robbery and arson. It is understood that new testimony has been developed and the accused will be tried on the present charge in connection with the same case.

The Massachusetts Democrats.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 23.—The democratic state committee calls the state convention at Worcester, September 20, for the nomination of state officers and election of delegates and four alternates to the next national democratic convention.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Col. C. Rodney Layton, U. S. A., died at Rehoboth, Del., aged 51.

The Ghilzai rebellion has collapsed. The rebels are seeking refuge in all directions.

The Chicago knights templar have decided to expel McGarigle, the fugitive boodler.

Senator Sherman and party passed through Winnipeg, en route for Montreal last night.

Prince Ferdinand has refused to accede to the requests of the foreign consuls for an unofficial interview.

The Putunam county savings bank will not be affected by Cashier Hoyt's defalcation, as it is amply secured.

Detectives have arrested a young man on suspicion of being concerned in the mysterious murder of Mrs. Ada Stone, at Rochester on last Tuesday.

Mark's hotel at Fort Arthur, Man., was burned. Loss $20,000. A printer named Kathern from Winnipeg was seriously hurt by falling timbers.

An agent for an insurance company of Hartford is at Peoria, settling up the losses to the company for the Chatsworth disaster. The amount is a little over $80,000.

The trial of the murderers of Editor Gambrell at Jackson, Miss., has been postponed until February. An attempt will be made to secure the release of the prisoners on bail.

Among the participants in the international encampment at Chicago in October will be ten officers and forty sub-officers of the Belgian Guards. Denmark and Sweden will also send representatives.

Walter S. Babcock, the Chicago lumber dealer, who was mysteriously shot at Gardner, Ill., died last evening. He refused to give any information about the matter further than that he was shot by a man.

E. R. Bennett of Columbus, O., who was visiting Chattanooga with his wife for the purpose of purchasing $20,000 worth of property, has disappeared. He was supposed to have a considerable sum of money and it is thought he has been murdered.

A passenger train on the Santa Fe railroad ran over a calf near Valley Mills, causing the engine to leave the track, and it was completely demolished. Two engineers and a fireman was badly scalded, one of the former named Sweeney probably fatally. None of the passengers were injured.

Senator Allison will be suggested as a presidential candidate by the Iowa state republican convention, which will be held at Des Moines on next Wednesday, provided he approves of the action. A prominent republican says the senator does not wish to be premature in his consent, and will therefore defer his action until Tuesday.

FAITHFUL FLORENCE.

A Georgia Mule That Has Done Hard Work Ever Since 1860.

"Do you see that old black mule there?" said Street Overseer Simpson, of Macon, Ga., to a *Telegraph* reporter recently. "Come around and look on her left shoulder. Do you see the 'U. S.' there? Well, that mule I have known as long ago as 1860. She was put on the street force then with her mate, 'Old Beck.' We called her Florence. I suppose she was just broken then. I knew of her as long ago as 1856, when she was a frisky colt. Well, when the Yankees came down for their summer vacation along in 1865, they confiscated Florence and Beck and put their brand on the left shoulder of each. Time rocked on and the blue jackets turned their backs on Macon, and straightway we reclaimed our favorite team. The two old mules worked steadily together until the centennial freshet in 1876, when Beck got caught in the overflow at the park, and stood there all night in the water up to her middle. That proved fatal to her, but Florence survived and has been a faithful old servant ever since. For twenty-seven years she has worked for the city, and now I put her only on light jobs, and if there is any thing like hauling a few lengths of pipe or some tools I put old Florence at it. She is one of the best mules I ever saw, and her thirty odd years sit as lightly on her as one-fourth of the time does on some poke easy animals."

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 19, 1887.

Brown, Elwood Mrs	McManus, B Mrs
Collins, R J	Moore, C L Mrs
Crone, C E Mrs	Murphy, W Mrs
Casey, Bridget	Rogers, Martha
Duhre, Amey Mrs	Scott, Rachel
Dodd, Samuel	Smith, John
Frazee, B	Thomas, Emily
Green, Geo	Tenon, E W Mrs
Harrison, Arenath	Walcher, M H
Hawkins, Lizzie	White, Mattie E
Kedslie, B Mrs	Welling, Carrie R

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

PARTIES DESIRING TO MAKE ARRANGEments for board, for the Fall and Winter months, at a first-class house, can make applications now. Location best in Plainfield; five minutes walk from depot. Address "S," Plainfield, N. J. 8-23-d3tws

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-23w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

A Few Pointers.

The recent statistics of the number of deaths show that the large majority die with Consumption. This disease may commence with an apparently harmless cough which can be cured instantly by Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, which is guaranteed to cure and relieve all cases. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size free. For sale by R. J. Shaw.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution. W. K. MCCLURE, Treasurer.

Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

MUSIC HALL!

Tuesday, Aug. 23d.

Tony Pastor's Great Show.

TONY PASTOR

AND HIS

EUROPEAN NOVELTIES,

Secured personally by visit to the Capitols of the Old World. Every artist carefully selected by Tony Pastor himself. Also the Best of America's Specialty Stars, the whole

FORMING A DOUBLE SHOW.

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Backman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods delivered to any part of the city.—'88

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

18 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET,

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Good Sellers and Good Wearers.

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,

FROM

PECK'S.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

FLAUNTING THE RED RAG

SOCIALISTS SOUND THE TOCSIN OF WAR AGAINST GEORGE.

A Lively Mass Meeting in New York. Cheers for the Red Flag and Disorder—George Men Noisy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Inspector Williams, with sergeants Welsing and Gallagher and fifty more policemen, got into Cooper Union last night ahead of the socialists, who had been summoned to a mass meeting there to express their views about the Henry George party.

After the parade of the socialists the great hall was quickly packed with men. The first red flag was received with roars of applause, which died away only to be revived by the cry of "Three cheers for the red flag!" from a man in the body of the house. The standard bearer, with a heavy sash of the same blood red, grinned with delight as he waved the flag to the sound of answering cheers.

The hurrah over the red flag was well over when Chairman Thomas O'Neil opened the meeting by saying that he had received an intimation of the presence of an element which would attempt to create dissension and disturbance. He hoped that no united labor men would thus take up the methods of the old parties and their adherents, to which they were all opposed.

The long and active intrigue that had culminated in the excommunication of the socialists at Syracuse was, he said, a retrogression, a return to be led at the back of a demagogue of an hour, and a yoking with an unscrupulous cabal.

"They were afraid the tail would wag the dog," said Mr O'Neil, "and they cut it off. But in cutting off the tail they cut only just behind the ears. What's left they are welcome to. We have the heart of the honest old watch dog of labor with us here to-night."

The speaker then attacked the land doctrine of Henry George, whose name was received with hisses mixed with cheers of "Rats!"

Mr. O'Neil concluded by saying:

Let us have no one-man idea, no hero worshipping, no boss. O'Brien came near ruining the labor party because we wanted to show sympathy for him and his friends. We want no making a God of one man. We want a crusade for the amelioration of the condition of the masses.

William Penn Rogers denounced the Syracuse convention as an affair of rotten boroughs and paper conptituencies. He described McMackin as speaking very highly of the socialistic labor party on Monday, and on Thursday talking just as strongly the other way, and when he asked for the reason of this sudden change of opinion some one in the back of the hall called out "six thousand dollars."

Every mention of the name of George drew forth a storm of mingled approval and disapproval. The George shouters were pretty nearly all in one corner of the hall, and were rapidly getting into good practice with a very effectively disturbing style of cheering in unison.

Then the band struck up the "Marseillaise," the red flag was waved wildly, and the meeting rose as one man and with a cry of "Three cheers for the excommunicated socialists!"

The roar that followed drowned out the noise of the shouters in the George corner. Momentary quiet followed, and Chairman O'Neil got a chance to say, with stern face and flashing eyes:

"We will not be interrupted in our meeting; any such attempt will be punished right here. If it occurs again I shall go myself to the back of the hall. We cannot countenance this any longer."

Editor Schevitch was received with music by the band fluttering hats and cheers. He said:

I have come here to cast the lie that we want to disrupt the labor party back into the faces of those who have maligned us. Those who wanted to crowd us out in Syracuse are the traitors. I said they would ruin the labor party and they have. ["No! No! They have not!"] They have! They have! I say they have! More cries of "They have not!" Sit down! I'll have order! Blinded by their greed for offices and booty they have ruined the labor movement. Their action had one motive—to admit a republican heeler to their ranks. They have ruined the united labor party because they have disrupted the "united" part of it, and have ignored the "labor" question.

Mr. Shevitch spoke of Henry George and Dr. McGlynn as hobby riders, and as insisting upon one patent medicine for the whole labor party, and added that he must not insist that he is the "only original Jacobs" of the party. A platform had been foisted on the Syracuse convention which declared that there was no actual contest between capital and labor.

Outside of George look at the names on that ticket. Mr. Wilder is superintendent of a railway concern; another is a shoe manufacturer. There are others on the ticket, one a republican politician who stumped for Jim Blaine, the other a democrat of no account. Not one on the ticket represents organized labor. [Great cheering and cries of "Yes, there is," "No, no." "W-o-o-o-o-o."] Gentlemen, I repeat that not one single name on that ticket has been identified with the struggle of organized labor. [A voice—"Henry George!" Hissing and great cheering.]

When he could be heard he compared the enthusiasm of the labor movement last year and the silly talk at the convention about the harmony between capital and labor:

I say right here, harmony be damned once and forever. [Boisterous cheers.] The man who advanced that idea is a demagogue and his followers are a host of office-seekers.

Resolutions were passed saying that the convention excluded wage workers who were regularly elected delegates and let in lawyers, politicians, landlords and capitalists; that it was exclusively organized for the propagation of Henry George's cure-all; that the socialists pledge themselves to fight the George political machine with the others, and finally:

Resolved, That we call upon all assembly district organizations opposed to the Henry George ring within the united labor party to each elect three delegates to a conference to be held on Sunday, Sept. 4, 1887, 9 a. m., at Webster hall, East Eleventh street, between Third and Fourth avenues, and in other districts we request all members similarly inclined to organize district leagues and likewise elect such delegates; and, further, we call upon all trade and labor organizations to each elect three delegates for such conference.

Yesterday's Ball Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—The storm of yesterday afternoon prevented the game on the Polo grounds, and stopped the other three league contests at different stages, only two of the games being so far advanced as to be called games. At Philadelphia the home club won in a five inning game, 4 to 1; at Washington Detroit won in six innings, 11 to 5; at Boston the game was stopped in the third inning, each side having made one run. In the association, Brooklyn beat Cleveland 15 to 4, and the Athletic and Louisville clubs played a tie game, 6 and 6. One International league game was played. Buffalo defeated Scranton 2 to 1.

FROM BEYOND THE SEA

SECRETARY HARRINGTON DENIES STORIES.

He Says the League Does Not Resort to Unconstitutional Methods—Many Interesting Events.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Nearly all of the Irish members are absent from London planning for active opposition to the government's coercion campaign against the National league.

Mr. Harrington, M. P., the secretary of the league, in an interview, explained the plan with which the league proposes to meet the present situation. He said that while the lord lieutenant was empowered under the sixth section of the Crimes act to proclaim the league on the ground that in it was either (A) formed for the commission of crimes, or (B) for the carrying on of operations for or by the commission of crimes, or (C) encouraging or aiding persons to commit crimes, he had not taken advantage of these powers, although the grounds on which the act itself had been obtained from the house of commons consisted of the allegations on the part of the supporters of the bill that the national league had been guilty of all these things. Indeed, the government had hesitated to use the very powers on which they had formerly insisted as vital for the effectual suppression of associations antagonistic to them, and had weakly fallen back upon two minor subsections. "This," said Mr. Harrington, "is to me evidence that the government have no confidence in their own measure, and that they are too conscious of its powerlessness to accomplish the objects which they are aiming at to put the whole section into force. If the government believed when the bill was before the house, as they said they did, that the National league encouraged persons to commit crimes, why had not they the courage to proclaim it now on that ground?"

Being asked what reply could be made on behalf of the league to the allegation contained in the proclamation that the organization was one which in parts of Ireland promotes and incites to acts of violence and intimidation and interferes with the administration of the law, Mr. Harrington said that the terms of the proclamation were too vague to controvert in detail until those parts of Ireland in which the acts alleged to have been committed were specified. He could no more than deny in general terms that any such acts were countenanced by the league. A great deal depends, too, upon the construction of the phrase "interference with the administration of the law." What the government viewed as interference with the law might be considered in quite another light by the National league. So far from encouraging the commission of crime, it was a matter of common knowledge that time after time the central executive of the league had had to exercise its disciplinary powers to prevent the name of the league being used to cover proceedings which were offenses against common law. Indeed on several occasions the central executive had been forced even to suppress refractory branches of the league for disobeying its orders in this respect. The league has always countenanced strict adherence on the part of its members to constitutional means to attain their ends, and had denounced outrage and advised on all occasions that they should keep within the limits of law. "The league" added Mr. Harrington "is stronger than the conservative government. The government will not succeed in suppressing it, no matter what the ground be on which they proceed against it. The national league will flourish when the conservative government is dead and forgotten."

The *Freeman's Journal* states that eighty members of the English Gladstone liberals have signified their intention of definitely joining the league.

Mr. T. W. Russell, M. P., who left the liberal unionist party because of the proclamation of the national league, has written a letter to explain his resignation. He says: "I have done my best to persuade my party and the government from proclaiming the league, but have failed. The government, in my opinion, have sped their last bullet, and have handed over Ulster to Parnell. I confess that my heart burned with indignation to see my friends sacrificing the union and sacrificing loyal tenants to a handful of unreasonable landlords deserving of nobody's consideration."

A delegation of members of the English home rule union will soon visit Ireland in order to give expression to the good will of English liberals towards the Irish. A public reception will be given the delegation in Dublin on Sept. 14, at which the lord mayor will preside.

The government fixes Sept. 5 for the close of the committee on supply. Parliament will be prorogued on Sept. 13.

IRISH INDIGNATION MEETING.

Vigorous Condemnation of the League's Proclamation by Citizens.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—The indignation meeting to protest against the government's proclamation of the National league, which is to be held in the rotunda at Dublin, will not be composed of a class of persons that the government can afford to ignore, but on the contrary will include a large number of highly respectable and responsible Irishmen and Englishmen, exclusive of the score or more of British members of the house of commons who voluntarily signified their willingness to be present as soon as the fact was made known to them that the meeting was projected.

Mr. Gladstone is suffering somewhat from the effects of a cold, but will be in his seat in the house of commons on Thursday night to move an address to the crown appealing for the abrogation of the proclamation of the league.

It is asserted on good authority that the Irish national league has removed all its documents and papers to London for safety.

Seventeen People Drowned in Mud.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—During a regatta on the Thames, below London bridge, about thirty-five spectators clambered upon a barge laden with hay. The ropes holding the tarpaulin covering the hay broke with their weight, and the barge giving a lurch all except one person were thrown into the water. The water was only three feet deep, but the mud under it was eight feet in depth and afforded no foothold. As near as can be learned seventeen persons were drowned, and those saved were rescued with great difficulty.

First Recipients of a New Decoration.

VIENNA, Aug. 23.—Munkacsy and Angeli, the artists, have been the first recipients of the emperor's order of merits in art and science.

Wages Cut at Pullman.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—There has been a ten per cent. cut in wages at the Pullman car works, and a good deal of dissatisfaction results.

ASSASSINATION THREATENED.

Friends of the Chicago Anarchists Will Avenge Their Deaths If Hung.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Sheriff Matson, State's Attorney Grinnell and Judge Gary have received letters threatening them with death if the anarchists shall be hanged. Grinnell and Gary give little thought to the matter, but Matson occupies a closer connection with the final leave taking, and feels his position at least a tickiish one. It is said that the sheriff, in talking of the matter one day last week, said that he had no doubt that there were as desperate men out of jail as in it, who would resort to any extreme to release a comrade or revenge his taking off. "I suppose when the time comes I will go off with the seven," he is reported to have said as he dropped the subject.

It is understood that arrangements have been made whereby the sheriff shall be one of the first to know the supreme court's decision; that if it shall be confirmatory of the sentence of the court below, immediate steps will be taken to see that no explosives will be allowed to get into the hands of the prisoners. They will also be carefully searched and very likely given different cells from those they have hitherto occupied, so that nothing can be concealed. The supreme court's decision is expected within two weeks.

FROM POVERTY TO AFFLUENCE

Mrs. Mooney Borrows Money with which to go After a Fortune.

NEW YORK, Aug. 23.—Bridget Mooney, an aged Irishwoman, and her niece, Catharine Flanigan, arrived at Castle Garden last week on the Guion steamship Alaska. They came from county Clare. After remaining in the garden for five days, they informed Father Riordan, the good priest of that institution, that they wanted to go to Montana to collect a legacy of $150,000.

They exhibited letters from a lawyer in Washington vouching for the truth of their story, and Father Riordan advanced their fares to that city.

Both women have been very poor all their lives. The legacy was left to them by a son of Mrs. Mooney, who some years ago settled in Fieldbrook, Fergus county, Montana. Judge Wintsy of that place has charge of the estate, and is waiting for Mrs. Mooney.

A Lonely Wreck in the Gulf.

KEY WEST, Fla., Aug 23.—The schooner W. A. Watson, Buskin, master, arrived at Key West from Pascagoula, Miss. Capt. Buskin reports that on August 16, 77 miles south of Pensacola, he fell in with the sloop Tampson, of New Orleans, sunk with spars and rigging alongside. The sloop was freed of water and hoisted on the deck of the Watson. In the locker were found a child's gown, several pairs of children's and one pair of women's shoes, some knitting thread and needles. The captain is of opinion that the owner of the sloop, with his family, was on an excursion and capsized, probably drowning all on board. The sloop is 20 feet long, 6 feet beam and cat rigged.

Joining the Federation.

BOSTON, Aug. 23.—A convention of delegates from the various trades unions and organizations is being held here for the purpose of forming a state branch of the American federation of labor. A large majority of the trade unions have elected delegates to the convention. The forming of such a union is expected to have great influence upon the labor movement in Massachusetts, as there is a good deal of difference between the methods of the knights of labor and those of the federation.

Mrs. Cleveland Building a Tree.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 23.—Register Brocker, of Beaver Falls, Beaver county, Pa., received a letter from Mrs. Grover Cleveland last week, saying that she was getting up a genealogical tree of the president's family, and she thought she had traced some of them into Beaver county and wanted information concerning them. She was referred to Ira Cleveland, a justice of the peace at Freedom, Pa.

Maine Assassins Are Cheap.

FARMINGTON, Me., Aug. 23.—Abner Searles, of Rangley, has been arrested in the northern part of the county for attempting to poison the family of one Locklin with Paris green. The prisoner admits his guilt, and says he was hired by one Dunham for $3. So much poison was put in, however, that it was discovered before any one had eaten the food.

For Poisoning a Race Horse.

CHICAGO, Aug. 23.—Hermann Hobfizer and Arthur Frost, two young turfmen, were arrested here on a dispatch from East Saginaw, Mich., charging them with poisoning a valuable trotter which was filling an engagement at the race track there. An officer from East Saginaw will take the prisoners to Michigan to-morrow.

Peru's Cabinet Resigns.

LIMA, Aug. 23.—The cabinet has resigned office. President Caceres has requested the ministers to remain at their posts until a new cabinet is formed.

Base Ball Gossip.

Chicagos are coining money fast.

Horning is coaching for the Bostons.

Chief Roseman is covering first for the Mets.

Briody, Shindle and Burke were left in Detroit.

Tiernan's batting has taken a little drop of late.

Clarkson rubs his arm with oil after every game.

Detroit carried $4,000 out of Chicago as their share of the gate receipts in the last three games.

Rainey, of the International league, has signed with the New Yorks, and will play on third base.

Caruthers, who was sent home from Philadelphia on account of sickness when the Browns were east recently, is again playing ball.

All the talk to the contrary notwithstanding, betting is not in favor of the Detroits making the best record of the western teams in the east.

President Stearns of the Detroits, says: "If a wooden Indian was put in the box against the Wolverines and labelled 'Clarkson,' they would be shaky before him. This is a good excuse for the Detroit's inability to hit the Chicago pitcher, but suppose some of the weaker teams—Indianapolis, for instance—try it.

Frank W. Reilly, who pitched this year for the defunct Oneida club of Oneida, N. Y., is credited with having achieved a feat last Saturday seldom credited to any league pitcher. In a game against a team composed af professional players he struck out twenty-two of them, and blanked his opponents without a hit or run.

The players of the Metropolitan club are among the largest men on the diamond. The average height is five feet ten and a half, and the average weight is 180 pounds. Following are the weights: Orr, 212; Ryan, 198; Roseman, 194; Lynch, 190; O'Brien, 183; Hankinson, 175; Summers, 165; Gerhardt, 150; Radford, 143; Jones, 202; Holbert, 197, and Cushman 177.

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds. Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

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City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

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Coal Dealer.

Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

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of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,

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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

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P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

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North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,

North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer,

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.30, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.06, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p.m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.21, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.28, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.45, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS.

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,

WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10my1y

W. N. ROWE,

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.

my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.

No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,

for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR

Soda Water,

With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

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(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.)

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

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ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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Photographers,

15 E. FRONT STREET.

OUR VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

FIRST-CLASS

Stationery, etc.,

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INSURANCE AGENTS,

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DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

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Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.

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DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

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House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.

PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF

16½ EAST FRONT STREET.

D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT

Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.

New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.

AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S

Fish Market,

Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 286. my10tf

AN ADDRESS TO THE QUEEN

The Bearer Given a Private Audience and Driven in a Royal Coach.

LONDON, Aug. 23.—Mr. Frank H. Collier of Chicago, who was the recipient of a private audience with the queen at the Osborne house this afternoon and presented to her majesty the jubilee address of the residents of Chicago of British birth or parentage. In presenting the address Mr. Collier said:

Your majesty, in behalf of 50,000 people of the city of Chicago of British birth or parentage it gives me great pleasure to present to you this congratulatory jubilee address. Though separated far from our mother land, our hearts still beat warmly with love and veneration for England's queen.

The queen replied:

I thank you, and the people you represent for the address, and thank you personally for your own kind words. My answer to the address you will find in this paper.

The queen then handed to Mr. Collier her formal reply to the address, which is as follows:

I thank you for the address you have presented to me. Coming, as it does from persons of English birth beyond the seas who retain feelings of love for their mother country and sympathy for her welfare, I receive it with peculiar satisfaction. That the people of Chicago should have given expression of these kind sentiments, not only toward the Anglo-Saxon race of these realms, but also toward myself, is to me a source of much gratification and sustains me in the belief that the friendship and good will which now exists between the two countries, and which I have always endeavored to promote are of a real and enduring character.

Mr. Collier was driven from Osborne house to Cowes in one of the royal carriages, and returned to London.

RUSSIA PUTS HER FOOT DOWN.

She Will Not Permit Ferdinand to Rule Bulgaria Under Any Circumstances.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 23.—It is officially announced that the government has sent a circular to the powers declaring that it is unable to recognize the validity of Prince Ferdinand's election to the throne of Bulgaria. According to the circular Prince Ferdinand acquainted the czar with the fact of his election and requested permission to visit St. Petersburg in order to learn the czar's wishes before going to Bulgaria. The czar replied that the prince's election would not be recognized by Russia, and that the prince could by no pretext justify his journey to Bulgaria. The circular in conclusion expresses the hope that the Bulgarian people will coincide with the Russian views and not permit a flagrant violation of the Berlin treaty.

The Moscow *Gazette* says the Russian circular to the powers regarding Prince Ferdinand has given great satisfaction throughout Russia. It believes Prince Ferdinand's retirement now to be inevitable, and says that if he does not leave Bulgaria Russia will renounce her obligations under the Berlin treaty, which "she has always regarded as a bitter deception after a glorious war."

Mr. Cleveland to Visit Philadelphia.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23.—President Cleveland will go to Philadelphia on the 17th of September to attend the centennial constitutional celebration. He will probably be accompanied by Mrs. Cleveland.

Notes for Laborers.

An effort is being made in Philadelphia to have all the open trades unions become members of the central labor union.

It is reported that the Erie railroad officials are preparing to open war on the Buffalo switchmen's union, who were organized for self protection last June.

The total number of immigrants who arrived in the United States during July from the principal foreign countries (Canada and Mexico excepted) was 39,080 against 31,348 in July, 1886.

District Master Workman Dodd, of D. A. 51 arrived at Newark on Saturday with money to pay the leather strikers. The statement that the German leather workers were going to withdraw from the knights of labor is denied.

The joint committee of the knights of labor and amalgamated association, in conference with the superintendent of the H. C. Frick Coke company at Connellsville, Pa., agreed upon a scale of wages and the threatened strike has been averted. The men who struck at Moyer on Friday are still out. The strike at Rainey's coke works has been compressed and work has been resumed. The men will be paid the advance rate until a scale is agreed upon.

Charles H. Litchman general secretary of the knights of labor, has issued a circular giving reasons why a charter will not be granted to the proposed new association of iron and steel workers. He says, "that all of the assemblies applying for the new charter are not in good standing; that out of the seventeen assemblies joining the preliminary organization only three are square with the general assembly. Eleven of these assemblies are in Pittsburg. When all the laws are complied with the charter will be granted."

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 23, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Local showers, slightly cooler, winds shifting to westerly.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK August 22.—Money on Call at 4½ per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s,	1891, reg.	107⅞	108
4½,	1891, con.	109	109
4s,	1907, reg.	126½	126
4s,	1907, con	126½	126

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock.—Absolute dullness was the one and only feature up to the close to-day, and, as as usual the case in a dull market, prices [illegible] off.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	56⅜	—
Chicago, Bur, & Q.	140	139
Central Pacific	38	37
Del. & Hudson	101½	101
Del. Lack. & W.	130¾	130¼
Erie	31⅛	30½
Erie pref.	71	—
Lake Shore	94⅛	93⅞
Louis. & Nash.	63¼	—
Michigan Central	86	84¾
Missouri Pacific	97¼	96¼
N. Y. & New Eng.	45¼	44½
N. J. Central	75¾	74¼
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	108¼	108⅛
Northwestern	115⅝	114
Oregon Navigation	94½	93⅛
Pacific Mail	39½	40
Reading	55⅜	54
Rock Island	128	125
St. Paul	82⅜	8[illegible]
Union Pacific	56⅜	54⅜
West. Union Tel.	73⅛	72⅛

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	79¼	80¼	81⅜
Corn	49⅜	4[illegible]⅜	50[illegible]
Oats	31¼	31¼	31⅞

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market steady. Creamery—Eastern 25a2[illegible]c.; Western, 24a25c.; Imitation 17a19c.; Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, 2[illegible]a2[illegible]c.; western, 16a18c. Factory—Fresh, 15a17c.; June packed 16a18c.

Cheese.—Market steady. Factory—New York cheddar, 9a9¼c.; western, flat, 10a11c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs.—Market steady, Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 17½a18c; Canadian, firsts, 16½a17c; western, [illegible] 17c.

OLD BLACKY'S MELON.

The Boss Snake Story of the Season Told by a Georgia Farmer.

According to the Atlanta *Constitution*, six or eight grangers and legislators were sitting in front of the Markham House, chatting pleasantly about various subjects. Conversation turned upon snakes, and some wonderful yarns were spun. After awhile there was a pause, when Farmer Bethune said, as he mopped the sweat from his bronzed face:

"Those yarns be purty fair, I confess, gentlemen, but I kin match 'em, ef I mistake not."

He was encouraged to proceed, and he continued:

"Well, sir, you may talk about your queer varmints, but I sware the story of 'Old Blacky' will git away with all of ye. It was early in the last spring that a long, sleek, black sarpent used to crawl from under my barn, and he 'peared so kind o' friendly and harmless I never had heart to kill the brute. Regular every day he would come creeping out and sun himself, right at the kitchen door, and my old wife she tuk kindly to the poor thing, and usen to thow bits o' scraps an' the like to 'Old Blacky,' as we christened him.

"One mornin', as he was sprawled before the steps, I throw'd him a handful of watermelon seeds that I was carrying to my patch to plant. 'Old Blacky' just gulped 'em down, and crawled under the barn, and never agin did I see my old black friend until the time I am about to tell ye about. Nigh unto a month after, I noticed flush of the barn door, a mighty flourishing melon plant that grow'd and spread, and sich watermelons that grow'd on that vine, gentlemen, I never beheld. Thar was one, sir, as big as the biggest I ever did see.

"One mornin' my wife come to me and said: 'Gainey, dear, sposen to-night we just ask Parson Jones and Miss Melindy Snipes over to the cutting of our giant melon that I notice is jist ready to pull itself if we don't pull it.'

"Cordingly 'twas greed that we would, and as the melon was brought in sich words of miration you never did hear, as the parson and the ladies said. 'Bring it here, honey,' said I to Milindy, my youngest gal, who was tugging vigorously under the weight of the melon. 'Yes, pa,' said she, turning red in the face; 'but run quick, pa, it's falling,' she yelled, and down squashed the melon with a heavy thud, breaking it full in two. Gentlemen, such screeching and screaming went out as never you did hear, for out of the melon crawled "Old Blacky," and jist looked up at me as knowingly as ye please.

"The parson, he jist rolled his eyes to the ceiling. Miss Milindy, she ketched up her skirts and stood on top o' the table, while my old lady and I fust looked at one another, and then at the sarpent. 'Bless me Nancy,' said I, 'it's old Blacky come back agin.' Jist how it come about no one know'd. Nancy, she 'lowed the melon grow'd the sarpent, and I 'lowed the sarpent grow'd the melon, but Parson Jones rubbed his hands and said: 'Sister Bethune, heaven only knows just how and when; we'uns only know that growin' was done.'

"'Yes, sirs, gentlemen,'" said 'Squire Bethune, blowing a spark in his clay pipe, "if you don't bieve every word that I say, you can jist speak to Parson Jones and git the facts from him. You know a parson can't tell a lie."

The caucus immediately dissolved.

ADVICE TO MAIDENS.

The Amount of Care Which They Should Exercise Before Marriage.

According to a correspondent of the Boston *Budget* a young girl in New York, who had only been married about three weeks, committed suicide, leaving a note behind saying it was because her husband had refused to give her a home—the one thing she craved and longed for. He, it appears, like Claude Melnotte had painted their future abode in glowing colors; she, like the Lady of Lyons, took in his statements with easy confidence and trusting fondness. After marriage, when she found that the cozy, pleasant home, pictured in her mind, consisted in very truth of lodgings in a couple of rooms above the shop, her heart was broken, and she decided that death was preferable to such living. As the story goes, she had been well raised in a good neighborhood, and the descent to two up-stairs rooms in a dirty down-town locality, where she was lonely and homesick, was too much for her pride and more than she could endure.

It is quite likely that this poor, forlorn, disappointed girl had her mind filled with the romance of love, and the idea that marriage was a condition of bliss in which she would always be a queen of love to an adoring subject. That her wishes would be respected, her desires gratified, her comfort be made an object. Many girls indulge in such happy dreams. They have an idea that there is no such easy or desirable method of working for a living as getting married. All their thoughts tend to it. They think of nothing beyond. Two souls with but a single thought—two hearts that beat as one—are two crowded with bliss to consider how the two ends of an income are to be made to meet, or how the other two inevitable things connected with marriage—house rent and taxes—are to be met.

But these are precisely what a girl who is asked to marry should study. She is going into business for life, and both pros and cons should be duly weighed. When a man proposes to invest his capital in a business partnership, he wants to know the character of the proposed partner whether he is to be trusted—whether his representations are reliable—what are his antecedents—what his abilities—what advantages are to be gained in so doing. A woman entering on a matrimonial partnership should be equally on the alert, equally solicitous as to character, equally particular as to means and ability, equally sure of trustworthiness. It should be remembered that, as says the Psalmist, most men are liars when in love. They promise any thing and every thing with unscrupulous abandon. It should not be forgotten that after marriage all promises go for nothing in law.

Strategic Vienna Milliners.

In the early part of the season the ladies of Vienna introduced the fashion of wearing cheap Manila hats, and it threatened to become the rage. This made the milliners of Vienna indignant, not only because their hitherto servile subjects had dared to have an opinion of their own, but because the new fashion would cut into the profits of the milliners. So they held a meeting and decided that the only course was to bring the "penny hats" into contempt; and a day or two later a large number of scavengers and crossing-sweepers made their appearance wearing the detested Manilas. Vienna has had a good laugh at the cleverness of the milliners; but whether their strategy will have the desired effect remains to be seen.

A Little Mossy, But Good.

"Swim? Not a bit, stranger, but I reckon if ya'd drap me down in ther middle of this hyur river, I'd reach land 'thout much difficulty." "Why, how so?" "Waal, I carcalate I'd go right to the bottom."

NABBED BY WOLFMEN.

A Montana Mail-Carrier's Narrow Escape from Being Hanged.

"Vic Smith is a famous character in the Northern Territories, and though he is less than thirty-five years of age his experience as a Government scout has given him a wider knowledge of the country along the Missouri and Yellowstone rivers, the Big and Little Horn, and Powder, Musselshell and Tongue rivers than any man in Dakota. I spent a day in Vic's company last summer, and he told me an event in his life that was as remarkable as it was interesting," said a gentlemen to a San Francisco *Examiner* reporter. "He was born in Milwaukee, and ran away from home at the age of thirteen. When seventeen he was carrying mail between Fort Abercrombie, on Devil's Lake, and Grand Forks. The city of Grand Forks was then only a wolf station. That is, there was only a shed for travelers to put up at and for men who poisoned wolves for a living during the winter. They received bounty money for each tail and sold the pelts, and they did quite well during the fall and winter. It was in the fall when the frosts were heavy and biting cold that a rich prospector named Brown arrived at the wolf station and told the men that he was looking for land. He intimated that he had $5,000 upon him, and was anxious to have it laid away in some secure place for the several days he would remain in camp. The men were all supposed to be honest, and the traveler had no fear.

"In the camp was a dissolute man named Robinson, who had been lounging about for a month and making himself generally obnoxious to the other men. Brown had been in camp three days when Robinson took leave of the men with the remark that he was going up to the fort, which was one hundred and twenty miles distant and a three days' ride.

"Vic was out a day and a half from Fort Abercrombie with his mail, and was riding along at an easy canter, when Robinson rode up. 'Hello, Vic,' he said; 'that's a nice horse you're riding.' Vic answered that it was, but thought Robinson's was a much better one. Then the latter proposed a trade, and to hurry up a bargain offered Vic a premium of fifty dollars. It was accepted at once, and as they were parting Robinson handed him a pistol, which he told him to put in his saddle pouch. Vic was very happy when he pulled up at the next 'dog station' about sundown, and set to work preparing his supper of bacon and bread. He had just finished his repast when half a dozen wolfmen came up to the door. They did not speak, and after waiting some time for them to make some remark Vic told them if they wanted any supper they could come in and cook it for themselves. 'There's lot of bacon and flour, so help yourselves,' he said. They looked at each other and then roared with laughter. 'You've got considerable gall, youngster,' they said, and then one stepped in and took him out of the shanty. They bound him hand and foot, and then driving a stake into the ground, tied him to it. This done, they went in and prepared their supper. Vic was young, though spirited, and he begged that they would not leave him in that position all night, for he would freeze. They would hold no conversation with him, but turned in and slept until morning. When day broke they arose and found Vic numb and apparently lifeless. His limbs were swollen to twice their size from the hemp which had been tied so tightly about them. He was in a frightful condition, and his long, black, glossy hair was turned to white; not a black hair could be seen. One old man in the party took compassion on him and loosened his hands. A consultation was held, and it was decided to hang him at once.

"'Where did you get your horse?' they asked. He told them, but they did not believe his story. Then it just dawned upon him that the horse he got from Robinson was not his property. He was correct in his surmises. Brown left the camp the day after Robinson did, and the latter, knowing that Brown intended passing along the trail next day, lay in wait and murdered him. A traveler, passing soon after, noticed the body and informed the wolfmen at the station. They started out immediately to find the murderer, and seeing Vic with Brown's horse supposed they had the right man.

"Vic pleaded with tears in his eyes, and asked them to go up to the fort and ask the officers there whether he had not left there only two days since.

"They did not want to go to the trouble, but the old man said they should give him that little show for his life, and the others acquiesced. They decided to take him within six miles of the fort and wait there while one man went up and inquired what time Vic left. This was done and Vic's life was saved.

HOW NECKTIES ARE MADE.

A Manufacturer Tells of the Trade and Its Various Peculiarities.

The designing of silks and satins for neckties is a profession in itself. "There are special grades and designs of silks and satins made exclusively for the necktie trade," said a manufacturer to a New York *Mail and Express* reporter. "These materials are made from patterns designed by men who do nothing but study new things in this line. There are from fifty to seventy-five factories in the country and ten or twelve first-class makers. The latter usually secure exclusive rights to certain styles of goods offered to the American market, or a large portion of it. But the success of making up such goods is just like a lottery. Perhaps one season I hit upon a design that will become so popular that all the other makers are forced to adopt it, but the next season some one in Boston or Philadelphia will make a hit and I am forced to copy that. There's never any telling how a necktie is going to take until it is fairly on the market. Then it depends for success on who adopts it first. If he happens to be a swell that particular kind of necktie will sell well."

"Are the styles of making up neckties originated abroad?"

"Not now. They were until about three years ago, but now our styles are superior to the European, and they are coming over here for patterns. However, there is a tendency toward English patterns for this season.

"There are more than twelve hundred girls employed in this city alone. They work by the piece, and make money more or less according to their expertness. A good finisher can make eight dollars or nine dollars a week. She takes a necktie after it is put together and finishes each perfectly, so that it is ready to box. Three different colors of the same design and same style are twisted together to give the dealer an assortment in the one make. The finisher must see that all of this kind are exactly alike in point of finish and make-up. We have one girl who does nothing but turn bands of neckties, and she makes fifteen dollars a week. She turns twenty-five or thirty dozen bands a day."

SOME GEORGIA SNAKES.

A Few Yarns That Rival the Marvelous Fiction of Baron Munchausen.

Taylor Strickland, an intelligent colored man, was telling me about the big snake that he and James Tuttle killed a few days ago in Kelley's bottom, near Cumming, Ga., writes a correspondent of the Louisville *Courier-Journal* from that enterprising village. It was of the specie known as the bull, or horned snake, resembling in color the rattlesnake, and nearly seven feet in length. It had a large, bull-like head, a slender neck, and on the end of its tail a sharp horn two inches or more long.

At sight of us, he said, it threw himself into an angry coil, with head up, ready for battle.

"But that is not the first snake of that kind I ever saw. Years ago, before the war, when I was a boy, living with old Mass'er Strickland, we killed one during wheat harvest. The cradlers, on going to dinner, left their cradles in the shade of a large mulberry tree, and when we returned an enormous snake of this kind was found with his horn buried in the body of the tree, unable to free itself. The leaves of the tree had already withered, and the tree died. Its stump is still there, and you can see it any time."

"Dis snake," remarked an old darky, "muser had er power o' fun in de pas twenty-five years. He muser mos split his sides laffin at dis nigger runnin' one time. I wuz in dar huntin er stray calf, when I hear sumfun blow; de noise made me feel sorter lonesome like when all of a sudden it blow of ergin, den I see dat snake gittin down tords wha' I wuz; right den I fo'med de quick'us 'pinion I ever did. It wur a kase of 'mergency, and I incited dat 'mergency. It wus er time for prayer und speed. My legs never did work better nor dey did on dat kasion. Spec I run more'n a mile a minit, und ef't hadn't been fur de creek he'd ketched me sho nuf. It was wide und deep dar, but I made one spring und jis touched to top o' de water und made anoder spring und landed on de odder side. Spec de watter change he min' for I see no mo' o' Mr. Snake atter dat."

"I remember of seeing one of those snakes," said Uncle Ed Davenport, who is a recognized oracle of incidents in the far-away past. "It was about noon of a hot June day that I was riding along between Warsaw and the State bridge, in what was then Forsyth County, but is Wilkes now, when some distance ahead I noticed an object stretched across the road, which, on nearer approach, I found to be a very large snake, apparently dead, with a little king snake wrapped round just back of the head. Each was perfectly motionless, and for a time I sat there watching them, until, becoming tired, I dismounted, and walking up to them, tapped the little snake with my riding switch. It instantly uncoiled and crawled away a short distance. Curious to see the result, I stepped into the shade and sat down to watch. The king snake cautiously returned to within a few feet of the other, and flattened down to await movements of the larger; it hadn't long to wait. Soon the large snake began to show signs of life, its body moved, it swelled out a little, then slowly raised its head; quicker, it seemed, than it would take any one to bat his eye, like a flash the king snake was around in the exact place choking out its life. That evening my partner in passing saw the large snake dead, showing that the king snake had done just what it seems their mission to do—kill the poisonous one. From the stumpy appearance of its tail, I judged it to have been the horned snake with the horn broken off."

"The king snake is an interesting character in the reptile kingdom," remarked a drummer. "Years ago I had a friend who was interested in developing some coal fields on the Black Warrior, in Alabama. One day they came into a den of poisonous snakes. The place seemed a reptile's paradise. The hill was full of coal, but to stand on a moccasin, with a copperhead behind and a rattler before, placed coal at too great a discount to make it profitable. An old sand mountain citizen came forward and offered to take the contract of destroying for a five dollar bill, and only twenty-four hours' time to do it in, providing a quart of whisky was furnished to sorter cheer him up. The bargain was closed and the sand hiller left. The next evening when my friend visited the place he was horrified to see 198 venomous reptiles lying not a dozen feet from their tools, which a half dozen little king snakes had crushed the life out of."

"I seldom ever tell a little incident that came under my observation one time," said another. "I had been on the road a good while in the Northwest and needed recreation. The house suggested that I take a little trip down in Arkansas and mix business with pleasure by collecting a bad account from a broken customer, and hunting a little game by way of amusement. I gladly accepted the proposal. It only took fifteen minutes after my arrival to settle with the man, by agreeing there was no hurry about payment. A pair of pistols and nine dogs induced me into this friendly spirit; and the next day I sought the solace of the swamps. I had killed some small game and sat down on an old log to rest, when a growl and snapping sound in the direction of an old tree, a fork which had been broken off some twenty feet above ground. Imagine my astonishment when I saw up this dead tree a bear industriously hauling out honey with one paw, snapping and snarling at the bees, who were just as industriously trying to sting the old robber away. I stood thus for a moment looking at the head of brain and the myriad of bees around, when, chancing to lower my gaze, I saw one of the bear's hind legs half way down the largest snake I ever saw. To say I felt a creeping sensation would be drawing it faintly. There, within twenty yards, was the first wild bear I ever saw, and a snake of such enormous size it was swallowing it.

Did I kill the bear? Yes; and the snake, too. But I quit the swamps next day, fearing a snake would foil one man who never told a lie.

General Rosecrans' Fish Story.

General Rosecrans tells a wonderful story about a curiosity in the possession of the Society of California Pioneers. It is a section of timber taken from the side of the Powhattan, including a portion of the skin, which is four inches thick, and a piece of the abutting knee, which is nine inches thick. Transversely through the whole a swordfish has dashed his sword, and the portion broken off is still left imbedded in the timber. The sword pierced through fourteen inches of solid oak, and the fish was going in the same direction as the vessel, which was under a good head of steam. An idea of the strength which must have been exerted can be obtained from the fact that a rifled six-pounder could not have done more than pierce that thickness of wood. People on the vessel state that they felt the shock caused by the blow, and thought that they had struck something floating beneath the surface. The sword is over six inches wide at the broadest point, where it is broken off.

Senator Conger's Romance.

When Senator Conger, of Michigan, was a young man he was engaged to a young woman. They quarreled, separated, and, in time, each married. Twenty years after he, a widower, was in Congress; she, a widow, sat in the gallery and listened to his speech. It was the first time they had seen each other since their early days. She sent her card to him; he came at once to the gallery. After a little talk she asked him to call on her at her friend's, Mrs. Dahlgren's. He said he would call if he could call as he used to in those long past days of youth. In a few weeks they were married at Mrs. Admiral Dahlgren's residence.

A Georgia Hunter's Record.

Elijah Youngblood, of Coffee County, Georgia, ought to be proud of his record, as thus set forth in the Augusta *Gazette:* "Elijah Youngblood has killed 996 deer. He is one of Coffee's most successful farmers, and lives now on one of the poorest places in the county and makes plenty. It is said that since 1840 eleven families have starved on the place; but he makes plenty and sells corn, potatoes and bacon. He says any man who can not make a living in this country should not live. He is sixty-one years old, can walk all day in the woods, and can run a mile to head a deer or wildcat when he hears old 'Atman' bark. He has killed 240 wildcats."

The Salt of the Earth.

Spilling salt was held to be an unlucky omen by the Romans, and the superstition has descended to ourselves. In Leonardo Da Vinci's famous picture of the Lord's Supper, Judas Iscariot is known by the salt-cellar knocked over accidentally by his arm. Salt was used in sacrifice by the Jews, as well as by the Greeks and Romans; and it is still used in baptism by the Roman Catholic clergy. It was the emblem of purity and the sanctifying influence of a holy life on others. Hence our Lord tells His disciples they are "The salt of the earth." Spilling the salt after it was placed on the head of the victim was a bad omen, and hence the superstition.

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SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

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Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

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First-Class Market,

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Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
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BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
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Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

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ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

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$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

AT

$3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

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We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

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And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

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The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

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—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
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Are Ready to Make Estimates

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—A B. and O. excursion of thirteen cars passed through here, to-day.

—An up-country town is proud of a female blacksmith. We presume she began by shoeing hens.

—The appearance of New street, in the vicinity of Sixth, has been greatly improved by the removal of the *debris* caused by the recent fire on Mr. Wm. McCutchen's premises.

—West Seventh street is a favorite thoroughfare for Sunday afternoon trotting. Fast drivers should be a little cautious, lest they be called upon to pay a fine for violating the city ordinance.

—Rev. Dr. Talmage, whose sermon preached on Sunday at The Hamptons, appears in full on our last page to-day, tells how the scientists have always fought against God and nature. It is well worth a careful perusal.

—Tony Pastor's company gave an excellent variety performance to a small audience at Music Hall last evening. The various acts were well received and the audience showed its appreciation by loud and continued applause.

—Rev. Mr. Dilts, pastor of the Park Avenue Baptist church, says that a few dollars will repair the damage done by the lightning striking the church on Monday afternoon. The reverend gentleman says that the edifice was in no way damaged on the interior.

—Monday afternoon's storm was very severe in the vicinity of Elizabeth. Nearly two inches of rain fell, and the wind blew a hurricane. Trees were uprooted and many basements were flooded. Considerable damage was done by the lightning which struck in several places.

—J. H. McCann of Elizabethport and John Hargan of Elizabeth, visited Howell Division, S. of T., last evening. Mr. Mc Cann entertained the members with personal reminiscences of Father Matthew's Work in Ireland forty-seven years ago when he received his medal of total abstinence.

—A Newark gentleman told a *Journal* reporter that the saying that is now so popular on the street, "Meet a red-headed girl and you will see a gray horse," was originally, "Meet a red-headed girl and you will see a gray man," meaning that a red-headed girl generally takes charge of the house and husband when she becomes a wife.

—The tender of a passenger locomotive jumped the track yesterday morning on the Central Railroad, midway between Elizabeth and Elizabethport. The train, which was filled with people, was going at a high rate of speed at the time. The engineer, discovering the accident, immediately applied the brakes, bringing the train to a stop in a few seconds. There was much excitement among the passengers, but no panic. It was nearly an hour before travel was resumed.

—Among the many distinguished guests at all first-class hotels, can always be found some "swells," who swell their bills as large as possible, with any plausible excuse; finally when payment is demanded they tender a worthless check for double the amount, and take their change (if the proprietor sees fit to accept the check) and depart, in search of another victim. They are eventually overtaken by the law, and quite unwillingly accept a few years board at the expense of the State, for which they give a fair equivalent in labor.

—The thieves who stole the horse, wagon and harness from the livery-stable of Henry Keenan, at Elizabeth Sunday night, and who were tracked and caught Monday afternoon, in an auction-room at New York, where they were trying to dispose of the rig, are locked up in the Tombs and refuse to come to New Jersey. If will be necessary to get a requisition from Gov. Green to bring them to Elizabeth. It is believed that they are the same persons who recently broke into the stables of Mr. Brown at Westfield and stole a valuable horse.

A HEADLESS BODY.

FOUND IN THE WOODS NEAR BOUND BROOK.

A Colored Man Mowing Weeds is Horrified to Discover the Trunk and Legs of a Man—Supposed to be the Body of "Winkie" Conover.

It will be remembered that the Bound Brook post office was broken into and robbed during the night of Wednesday, Feb. 10th last and that one of the robbers is supposed to have been drowned in the Raritan River, while attempting to escape. Conclusive evidence was produced showing that Frank Conover, alias "Winkie" Conover, a well-known young man of Dunellen was the criminal who ran into the water hotly pursued by a crowd of excited citizens, and as all of them declare, was drowned. About 8 o'clock this morning, Jack Richey, a colored man, employed by Mr. Benjamin B. Field, on his farm one-half mile below the dam at Bound Brook, was mowing down weeds on some low land belonging to his employer about one hundred yards from the river bank. Near a barbed wire fence which divides Mr. Field's farm from that of James Polhemus, he was horrified to discover the trunk and legs of a human being, lying in a clump of weeds. The place is situated on the northeast bank of the Raritan river, and is within 500 feet of the old road leading from Bound Brook to New Brunswick. From the position of the body it would indicate that it was lying face downward, and the head, arms and entire upper portion of the body from the waist was eaten away by vermin. The colored man informed Mr. Field of his ghastly find, and the latter immediately drove to Bound Brook in search of the coroner. Messrs. John S. Bishop and W. B. R. Mason at once went to the place and viewed the remains. The body had evidently been washed down stream when the river was swollen and caught in the wire fencing. Fragments of the clothing were found on the wires, and what remained of the corpse was decomposed and discolored. The entrails were exposed to view and on the legs were a pair of pantaloons and drawers. A neat fitting gaiter was on the left foot, but the flesh had been eaten away at the ankle so as to expose the bone. The pants were drawn tightly about the waist, but there were no suspenders on them. Two collar buttons were found—one bone and the other plated. The body had evidently lain in that position for a long time, as the weeds had grown so high as to completely hide it from view. The gaiters and wearing apparel were all of good make, which would indicate that they were not worn by a tramp. Mr. Field drove over to New Brunswick and notified the County Physician of Middlesex, who will begin an investigation this afternoon.

In view of the fact that no other person is missing from Bound Brook, the supposition is that the body is that of "Winkie" Conover, and this is strengthened by the fact that the Bound Brook robber left his coat behind when he ran into the water, and his hat was seen to float down the stream. Neither coat nor hat were found with the body. The coat left by the fugitive at the time of the robbery is held by the authorities at Bound Brook, but it does not match the pants found on the body.

—A new shade of color is called "slapped baby." But how are the uninitiated to know when they get the right shade?

—When you see a man look at his watch and put it in his pocket, ask him the time, and in nine cases out of ten he cannot teli you till he has looked again.

—A curious and kind freak of nature is in supplying the large elm shade trees along some of the principal streets, with a second new dress of beautiful green foliage, the first having been perforated by insects and blown off.

—Farmers and all other persons should make an effort to destroy the rapidly accumulating Canada thistle before it goes to seed. Pull the plants out by the roots. If left undisturbed a year of two longer the land upon which the thistle is now flourishing will not be worth ten dollars an acre. Therefore, dig them out or mow them down now. The seed time draws near.

—For forty-three years the farmers living in and about the village of Piscataway, Middlesex Co., have been banded together for mutual protection from thieves, contributing annually for the maintenance of their organization and for the expenses in running down horse and chicken thieves. The forty-third anniversary of the organization took place at Piscataway yesterday, and, following a dinner at the village schoolhouse, an election of officers resulted in the selection of William M. Drake for President and P. A. Runyon for Secretary and Treasurer. Sixty-four shares of stock have been subscribed, assessments on each share being made to cover legitimate expenses in hounding thieves to the criminal courts.

WRECK ON THE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Two Coal Trains Run Together—Thirteen Cars and an Engine Piled Up—Narrow Escape of the Engineer and Fireman.

About four o'clock this morning a big wreck occurred on the Central Railroad, midway between Westfield and Cranford, which resulted in piling up one engine, a caboose and thirteen loaded coal cars in a promiscuous heap. Fortunately no lives were lost, but the engineer and fireman on one of the engines had a miraculous escape from violent death. Engine No. 187 in command of Engineer Peter Young, and Fireman Ennis Turberry, attached to an East-bound loaded coal train, passed through this city soon after three o'clock. Conductor Andrew Crater was in charge of the train. When the train reached a point about a mile and a half East of the Westfield station, the engineer brought his train to a sudden stop for some unaccountable reason. The night was dark, and a slight fog prevailed at the time. Engineer Young had just opened the throttle of his engine, and before the train was fairly under way. Engine No. 87, Engineer Jacob Walters, Fireman John Everitt and Conductor Wm. Hellems, came thundering down upon him. Presently there was a crash and immediately afterward the wreckage of thirteen cars and a locomotive were strewn along the tracks. Four tracks were completely blocked and travel was delayed for several hours. Wrecking trains were sent out from Junction, Jersey City and Elizabethport, and Superintendent Stearns and General Track Master Abbott were soon on the spot to superintend the removal of the *debris*. By eight o'clock the North siding was cleared and for an hour or two all trains were obliged to use one track in passing the wreck. An hour or two later the East siding was opened for travel, and by noon the trains were running on time as usual. The paper train was delayed several hours, and the New York morning mail did not arrive in this city until after nine o'clock. All East bound trains were held at the depot here and at Westfield awaiting orders.

THE SCENE AT THE WRECK.

When a PRESS reporter visited the scene of the accident, early this morning, everything was excitement. Engine No. 87 lay on its side, derailed, in the midst of a heap of splintered cars. The cab was torn away, the machinery bent and twisted, and the pilot and headlight completely buried under the locomotive. The tender was overturned at the side of the track about fifty yards in the rear, while the caboose, No. 833, on the forward train was torn from its trucks and thrown down an embankment several yards away. Coal covered the sleepers for a long distance. All but three or four of the wrecked cars were attached to 87 engine. The place where the accident occurred was on a heavy down grade, and fortunately the train hands on the forward train were scattered over the cars when the crash came. The side track on either side was badly twisted, and the earth was torn up for a long distance where the cars had plowed through it. Engine No. 188 in command of Engineer Jacob S. Rodenberg attached to an empty coal and freight train, was going West at the time. When the coal cars jumped the track this engine was directly alongside and its pilot and headlight were totally demolished.

THE ENGINEER'S STORY.

Engineer Walters of 87 engine told a reporter that he was running at the rate of about fifteen miles an hour. He says he did not see the train ahead of him until he was within thirty cars' length of the caboose. He blowed down brakes, and immediately reversed his engine. Then the fireman and himself jumped, and both escaped with slight bruises. When one train stops slightly in advance of another one, it is customary for the brakeman to walk back and flag approaching trains and before starting, to attach a cartridge to the track as a warning to the engineer following. Engineer Walters says there was no cartridge on the rails and that no danger signals were displayed from the caboose in front of him. From his story the whole blame seems to rest on the hind brakeman of the forward train. Superintendent Stearns told a PRESS reporter that the matter would be thoroughly investigated, and the blame fastened on the right person. The total loss to the company will aggregate thousands of dollars.

Colored People's Salt Water Day.

The Colored People's salt water day will fall on Saturday, the 27th instant, and preparations are making to have the day equal any in former years. Every year the proprietors of Florida Grove set one day apart for the colored people when they are invited to come and spend the day in whatever manner they may see fit. On that particular day the colored folks from far and near gather there and amuse themselves to their hearts content. The management announce that a grand clambake will be a feature this season. If the day should be stormy, colored people's day will be postponed until Saturday, September 3d. Officers will be present on this day to maintain the best of order.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. George Watson and family return to their Crescent avenue residence, to-morrow.

Mrs. David Snedeker and daughter Lulu, of Grove street, are home from Asbury Park.

The Rev. Dr. J. H. Vincent and family will arrive home at their Fifth street residence, to-morrow.

Miss Amelia Schafer and Miss Delia Randolph, have gone to Spring Lake, N. J., for a two week's vacation.

Mrs. Joseph Cooney, Jr., of Sixth street, has returned from an enjoyable Summer in the Blue Mountains, Pa.

Mrs. James Philpitt of East Third street, and granddaughter, Miss Lottie Smith, are visiting friends on Long Island.

Mrs. S. O. Horton, Mrs. Wm. Cory and Mrs. H. C. Randolph, are enjoying the sea air at Cedar Creek, Ocean county, N. Y.

Miss Radie Young of Vineland, N. J., returned home today after some very pleasant weeks among friends in this city.

Mr. George W. F. Randolph, wife and daughter, are at the "Palmer House," Spring Lake, for the remainder of August.

Mrs. B. A. Hegeman, Jr., of Sycamore avenue, Washington Park, has returned to her home after a sojourn in the White Mountains.

The Asbury Park *Journal* on Monday said: "Mr. J. A. Robinson, of Plainfield, one of the best stenographers in the country, is a Coleman House guest."

Mr. Charles M. Milligan, of Washingtonville, has just returned from a two weeks visit at Lake Hopatcong. He expresses himself as delighted with this charming resort, it being his first visit there.

A decree of absolute divorce was granted yesterday by the Chancellor, to Lizzie Mehl from her husband, John H. Mehl. The grounds were, wilful, obstinate and continued desertion. W. K. McClure, Esq., was the attorney for Mrs. Mehl.

The Rev. Dr. J. L. Hurlbut, Principal of the C. L. S. C., has returned from the Summer Assembly of that organization, and will now, probably, take a little rest. During the month of July alone, Dr. Hurlbut spoke in public upon ninety occasions.

Mr. Fred T. Cuthbert, whose departure for St. Paul we noticed last week, will in that city accept the offer of a very lucrative position with the Standard Oil Company. His father, ex-Councilman Cuthbert, it will be remembered, has been connected with that company for some time past.

Mr. Tom Brantford, one of the specialists in the Tony Pastor combination, besides being an actor of ability is an excellent conversationalist. He has traveled extensively and during his several years of stage life, has been a member of the leading specialty organizations throughout the country. His wife accompanies him, and assumes one of the leading roles.

Mr. Jeremiah Manning, Plainfield's popular builder, has concluded to take a short rest from business cares, and consequently has, in company with his wife, two daughters, and Mrs. Randolph, sister of Mrs. Wm. Sanford, gone to Englewood, Illinois, where Mr. Manning's brother resides, and where they will remain a short time, afterward visiting friends at Jerseyville, and other parts of Illinois where Mr. Manning has friends and relatives.

By the steamer "Brittanic" of the White Star Line, there sailed from Liverpool today, homeward bound, Miss Julia E. Bulkley, Principal of Plainfield's schools, Miss Alice Lansing, Vice Principal of the Dunellen school, and Miss Florence Rushmore, of Union avenue. This party sailed from New York by the "Germanic," June 29th. With them was also Miss Washburn, of Chicago, a cousin of Miss Lansing's, but she, however, intends to remain on the "other side" for a year or two longer.

—Here is a truth that every faithful reader of this paper ought to commit to memory: "The man who tells the least number of lies is the man who doesn't prophecy about the weather."

—The 29th annual Fair of the New Jersey State Agricultural Society will take place at Waverly on the 19th, 20th, 21st, 22d and 23d of September. The premiums are worth striving for and cover everything imaginable.

—A city belle visited friends in the country last week. She saw a hen preparing to gather her chicks under her wings, and shouted excitedly: "Oh! don't sit down on those beautiful little birds, you great ugly old rooster!"

—A prominent colored voter says: "That a candidate for sheriff in order to be elected must be a friend of the colored voters, and must not resort to any of his sharp tricks, such as putting a barbed wire fence around his hen coop, and tying his big dog loose nights. A man that does that has done gone back on the colored race, and don't got their votes."

GRAND LOAN EXHIBITION.

A Twenty Thousand Dollar Collection of Chinese Enamel to be Displayed in Plainfield.

In the course of a few weeks the attention of cultured connoisseurs and true lovers of art throughout the whole country, will be directed to Plainfield by an exhibition of probably the most valuable and certainly the most complete collection of Chinese cloisonne ware in the World. This collection of examples of one of the most marvellous of the lost arts, contains eighty-seven of the best specimens of the few that are known to exist today, and when it is remembered that the South Kensington museum of London boasts of but forty pieces, and the wealthy art collectors and public museums of this country own even less than that number in all, an appreciation of the worth—by comparison of extent, at least—of the collection to be exhibited in this city, will result.

That our readers, the public, may in advance form some idea of the great value of the collection, why it has been brought together, what it is and who has collected it—and also understand the great generosity and philanthrophy of he who proposes, for the benefit and pleasure of us all, to allow the public exhibition—is the rather pretentious intent of this article. Mr. F. X. Schoonmaker, of Putnam and Carlton avenues, is the man who controls the daily news of the Old World that is flashed through thousands of miles of wire, under millions of fathoms of sea and ocean. This news—that is received in Our World by means of but the wavering reflection on mirrors of faint and almost unapparent electric pulsations—is furnished the Associated Press and the principal papers of the country belonging to that syndicate, in a "skeleton form" as transmitted in cipher because the enormous cost of cable service necessitates the omission of every letter, word or figure that can be guessed at or supplied by the well-informed editor. Mr. Schoonmaker also edits for the papers this news, and is therefore by both culture and profession, probably the best acquainted with foreign countries—their manners, customs, governments, religions and arts, of the present epoch as well as past decades—of any citizen of this or any country, with the possible exception of the book-learned who know nothing else. By his professional contact, Mr. Schoonmaker long ago became deeply interested in the Chinese—their discoveries, their inventions, and their arts. A people who number one-third of all the inhabitants of the Globe, who after giving the "civilized" World gunpowder, paper, the manufacture of silk from worms, printing and scores of other unequalled blessings, are still called barbarians and receive nothing in return from us but the cursed opium. Among their marvellous accomplishments, the manufacture of cloisonne ware naturally attracted his attention for the same many reasons it has attracted the admiration and wonder of all art students as well as many scientific ones. The manufacture of the enamel is a lost art because of both known and unknown causes. Even were all its ingredients known, and could their combination, method of coloring and general treatment and application ever be equalled, there would still remain one preventive, at least—the sand used in the glass-like preparation, is exhausted. It was taken from the beds of streams that were turned from their courses to procure but a few handfuls of a special gravel that during thousands of years had been rolled over and over until it was as fine as flour, almost, and as transparent as crystal. The months of labor expended in constructing and finishing the vases, and vessels and placques, is apparent upon examining the pieces—and then the wonder grows that "barbarians" who lived hundreds of years before Christ, possessed the cultured taste that could harmonize colors we dare not combine; the fingers and eyes that could form shapes so true in contour and so graceful in outline that we would fail even to reproduce in like symmetry; and the skill to cover rounded surfaces of changing circumference with the most complex and intricate patterns of arabesque and conventional designs, that show no beginning nor ending. In making this collection the owner has spent years of search and many thousands of dollars, but he has never bought a piece that was not beautiful, just for the sake of increasing his collection in quantity. The result is that every specimen Mr. Schoonmaker possesses is a gem in itself, and all the handsomest pieces in design and color in the world are contained in his collection. He possesses a number of examples of work performed exclusively for the royal household, showing the imperial monogram, the royal color of yellow, and the dragon with five claws—any of which it was death for others than the Emperors to possess. The money value of the whole there is no way of computing. Probably $20,000 at the least is a fair estimate to put upon the cloisonne, but double that would not purchase it. As all the pieces in existence are contained in this collection—apart from the few owned by wealthy connoisseurs and scattered in one or two public museums—all the money in the World could not bring together another like it. These pieces now reposing in fire proof deposit vaults in New York, are to be brought here and exhibited in the Public Art Gallery—through the kindness of the owner and at his great risk—for the benefit of that institution, the instruction of the people, and the glory of Plainfield.

This Loan Exhibition will occur early in November. Besides the principal display, of which we have tried to give some idea above, will be much else of great value and interest. When space permits again, we shall tell of other works of art that are to be then exhibited.

Game Laws.

The sections of the game laws of this State, which will prove of interest to sportsmen at this particular season, are as follows:

1. Be it enacted, That from and after the passage of this act, no person shall kill, take, expose for sale or have in his possession, after the same has been killed, any woodcock, except only between the 1st day of July and the 1st day of August, and between the last day of September and the 16th day of December, in any year, under a penalty of fifteen dollars for each bird killed, taken, exposed for sale, or had in possession, contrary to the provisions of this section.

2. And be it enacted, That no person shall kill or expose for sale, or have unlawfully in his or her possession after the same has been killed, any gray, black or fox squirrel, between the first day of January and the first day of September in each year, under a penalty of five dollars for each and every squirrel so killed or had in possession.

Approved March 3, 1880.

2. And be it enacted, That no person shall kill, take, expose for sale, or have unlawfully in his or her possession, after the same has been killed, any ruffed grouse (commonly called pheasant), or quail (sometimes called Virginia partridge), except only between the last day of October and the last day of December in any year, or any rabbit except only between the last day of October and the last day of December in any year, under a penalty of fifteen dollars for each rabbit, grouse or quail killed, taken, exposed for sale, or had in possession contrary to the provisions of this section.

Approved February 8, 1883.

Glenside.

The once famous "Feltville," near Scotch Plains, has been turned into a veritable paradise, with the aid of enterprise and capital. Since the property passed into the hands of Mr. Warren Ackerman neat cottages have been erected on the sites of the dilapidated and tumble-down shanties, the grounds laid out in an artistic manner, and level macadamized roads built to and through it. The name Feltville has passed into oblivion, and "Glenside" is now its title. Beautiful flower-beds, with the name of the place and appropriate mottoes interwoven in bright letters in the centre, are scattered about the romantic grounds. The cottages are occupied during the Summer by New York people. Much praise is due to Mr. Frank Hossinger, the able superintendent of the grounds for the neat and attractive appearance of the grounds. Visitors are not prohibited from entering Glenside, although picnic parties are not allowed to use the premises as in times of old. It will repay any person to visit this beautiful spot.

Fourteenth Regiment Reunion.

Grand Army men in this section, and particularly the surviving members of the Fourteenth Regiment, New Jersey Volunteers, are looking forward to the ninth annual reunion of the Regiment which takes place at Tom's River on Friday of this week. The reunion this year will be the twenty-fifth anniversary of the regiment's muster into the United States' service. Comrades will be met at the different trains by the Reception Committee and escorted to A. E. Burnside Rooms, and welcomed as the guests of Burnside Post G. A. R., and the citizens of Toms River. A line will form in front of the Post room at 11:30 a. m., with the regiment's old Colonel at the head of the line. After a very short parade the column will halt at the Court House. Thos. W. Middleton will deliver the welcoming address. Dinner will be served at 1 p. m. After dinner an oration by Rev. A. H. Dashiell will be delivered. At 3 p. m. a business meeting will take place, followed by short addresses by eminent guests.

Smith Family Reunion.

The Twelfth Annual Reunion of the Smith Family and friends will be held in the grove on the farm of Peter Z. Smith, one mile East of Peapack, N. J., at 10 o'clock a. m., on Wednesday, August 31, 1887. Address will be delivered at 2 p. m. The German Valley Cornet Band will furnish music for the occasion. All the relatives and friends of the family are solicited to attend. Please give notice in your locality. If stormy, the Reunion will be held the next fair day. There will be no pains spared to make this Reunion a grand success.

ISAIAH SMITH, President.
ABRAHAM SMITH, Vice Pres.
JAMES C. SMITH, Secretary.

GOING OUT TO BATTLE

SHERIFF KENDALL AND HIS COWBOYS ON THE TRAIL.

Seventy-Five Against Two Hundred—Report that Chief Ouray's Widow Has Been Killed.

DENVER, Aug. 24.—No news has yet been received from Sheriff Kendall and his posse of 75 men who left here on Sunday morning to arrest the two Indians indicted for horse stealing, and fears are entertained for their safety. A courier arrived to-day and said that a band of 100 bucks from the Uintah agency had been making their towards Colorow's camp on Milk river. This news was of such a serious character that General Reardon who is camped about twenty-five miles from here with a company of militia will immediately move into Meeker for the better protection of the town. It is rumored that Chipeta, the widow of Ouray, the most powerful chief who ever ruled over the Utes, was killed by a party at one of the first encounters.

OMAHA, Aug. 24.—Gen. Crook received a despatch from Major Randlett, in command of Fort Duchene, Utah, in which he gives an account of an unsuccessful attempt to find Colorow and negotiate with him. Indian Agent Byrnes, in charge of the White river Utes at Uintah agency, has sent out a white man in company with Elney, Colorow's son, to a point near Meeker, where Colorow was supposed to be camped. On arriving there they found the camp had been burned, and domestic utensils were scattered about as if the place had been evacuated in great haste. Young Colorow said he was confident the camp had been attacked and burned by cowboys. It was also reported that Chapita, the widow of Chief Ouray, had been made away with, as she was among the missing squaws.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—This telegram has been received at the war department from Major Randlett, commanding Fort Duchesne, Utah, dated Aug. 19.

Colorow has his followers with him, about 150 in all, including men, women and children. There are no indications of his being re-enforced. All the Indians at Uintah and Ouray want peace. I believe Colorow would come to the reservation if he could get there without being attacked. Most of the party who went out with McAndrews have returned to the agency frightened back. They say that Colorow's camp could not be found. Great anxiety is manifested concerning Chapita. If the cowboys have harmed her, I anticipate it will end in serious trouble. I say to the Indians that I hope she is with Colorow, or may be is a prisoner at Glenwood Springs.

A telegram has been received at the interior department from Senator Teller at Denver to the effect that if the Ute Indians in Colorado are not returned to the reservation there will be trouble. Acting Secretary Muldrow says:

"The Indians under Colorow have been living in Colorado on the western border near the Uncompahgre reservation, in Utah, greatly to the dissatisfaction of settlers. This department has made several efforts to induce them to remain upon the reservation in Utah. Under the laws the Indians are encouraged to sever their tribal relations, and are entitled to seek homes and selections of lands on the public domain. We have no information that the presence of these Indians in Colorado is for that purpose. I recommend that while the force of troops is in the locality all proper means be used by it to induce the Indians to go to and remain upon their reservation."

As soon as the Indians are attacked by force they will not only defend themselves but will at once attack settlements of settlers, and in order to avoid an Indian war the assistance of troops will be withheld until it is necessary for the protection of citizens, and every effort will be made to induce the Indians to return quietly to their reservation. The military authorities are inclined to the belief that the state authorities did not exercise the best judgment, and were too precipitate in their attempt to serve a civil process on the indicted Indians.

THEIR CARRER CLOSED.

Two Yankee Youths Make a Big Steal and Start after the Indians.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—Lester Baxter and Isaiah B. Linnell, who were arrested at the Grand Central depot on Monday on a charge of stealing $1,000 in money and checks from the residence of Joseph Ellis, at Yarmouth Barnstable county, Mass., last Friday night, were arraigned at the Yorkville police court before Justice Ford yesterday. BAXTER, who is but 15 years old, is the real culprit, as he is the one who broke into the house and stole the money, but Linnell, who is five years older, is charged with receiving a share of the plunder.

Both are slim, hatchet faced, freckled specimens of the Yankee country boy. They did not seem at all impressed by the serious charge made against them, but rather seemed to enjoy the notoriety which they had achieved. They paid no attention to the court proceedings, and when they were remanded to the custody of Detective McMahon of the twenty-third precinct to wait the reception of requisition papers from the governor of Massachusetts, they left the court room in proud and lofty mien. Over $400 of the stolen money was found in Baxter's possession, the balance, about $200, having been spent for the rifles, &c., with which they supplied themselves to fight the Indians in the far west.

Coopers to Strike Again.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 24.—Nearly all the boss coopers of the city have signed an agreement not to accede to the demands of the journeymen for an increase in wages and the labeling of all kegs with knights of labor stamps, and in consequence all the coopers who recently resumed work after a strike of 11 weeks, will all go out again to-morrow. The strike threatens to involve all the brewery employes also, as the latter have agreed to strike if their employers accept kegs not labeled with the stamp of the knigats of labor.

Neither Will Yield.

DOVER, N. H., Aug. 24.—Martin, French & Co.'s big shoe factory is closed, and the firm says it will move out of town before it will submit to dictation by the knights of labor. The proprietors say they will not discharge the two women as demanded by the knights. On the other hand, the strikers are confident of ultimate success, and say they will never return until the men are discharged. The knights of labor have issued a notice warning all non-operatives to keep away until the strike is settled.

A Shortage Made Good.

HOBOKEN, N. J., Aug. 24.—B. N. Crane, secretary and treasurer of the Hoboken cemetery, whose accounts were discovered to be short $3,000 settled in full for that amount with Corporation Attorney Minturn. Mr. CRANE has been secretary of the cemetery over twenty years, during which time a great deal of money has passed through his hands. The speculations are supposed to have been made by his employes.

A NEW-OLD POLITICAL PARTY.

Proclamation of Principles of the American Party—Know-Nothingism Revived.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—A call for a national convention has been issued by the executive committee of the new "American party," recently organized in this city. The following specific objects among others are put forth in the call, and American citizens in sympathy with the new party are invited to attend for the purpose of completing the organization:

1. To emphasize and perpetuate the sentiment: America for Americans.
2. The restriction of immigration.
3. A thorough revision of the naturalization laws.
4. Reserving American lands for American citizens only.
5. The protection of Americans in all their rights on land and sea in all parts of the world.
6. To restrict and guard the right of elective franchise.
7. To abolish polygamy in the United States immediately and entirely.
8. To enact and inforce such laws as will tend to eradicate intemperance.
9. To develop the resources of the country by a wise system of internal improvements.
10. To protect and promote the American system of free common schools.
11. To adjust the relations between labor and capital on a permanent basis of equity and justice.

"And especially," continues the call "do we invite the representatives and members of the following organizations to meet and co-operate with us in said convention, viz.: The Patriotic Order Sons of America, the order of United American Mechanics, the order of Deputies, the Sons of Revolutionary Sires, the Political Alliance, the United Minute Men, the various Granges, and all other orders and organizations whose principles and sentiments will enable them to work in the American party on the foregoing basis."

Called to Account.

ALBANY, Aug. 24.—Superintendent of Insurance Maxwell has made a call upon the stockholders of the Fire association, of New York, to make good an impairment of $60,058.86 in its capital stock within ninety days. The call is the result of an examination of the condition and affairs of the company on July 31 last, made by the department examiners during the present month. Their report was filed on the 23d inst., showing the total assets to be $283,927.84, and liabilities $332,986.70. The company was organized and commenced business in June, 1886, with a capital stock of $200,000.

Yale Wants Her Money Back.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 24.—The president and fellows of Yale college, with Sarah E. Bowen and Josephine Hillhouse as coplaintiffs, brought suit against the city of New Haven to recover $1,200 expended by them in repairing the sea wall opposite the boat house.

Eleven Years for Murder.

LANCASTER, Pa., Aug. 24.—Alexander Leibsley, recently convicted of murder in the second degree for the killing of George W. Pontz, was sentenced to eleven years in the Eastern penitentiary.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Severe earthquake shocks occurred in Japan on July 22, doing considerable damage.

Heavy rains have fallen in Austria. Several towns are inundated, and many rivers are swollen.

Cornell university will appeal from the adverse decision of the general term in the matter of the McGraw-Fiske will.

Thousands of South Carolinas are threatened with starvation because of the destruction of the rice crop by floods.

The statement that general master workman Powderly and ex-Gov. Alger of Michigan are members of the alleged new know nothing party is denied.

The scaffolding on the new city hospital, Berlin, collapsed killing six workmen and badly injuring several others, including the architect.

Robert S. Bullard, the notorious bank check swindler, has surrended himself to the Philadelphia authorities and asks to be punished for his many crimes.

Miss Sarah H. Dodge has been arrested at Gardner, Ill., charged with murdering Mr. Babcock, the wealthy Chicago lumberman who was mysteriously shot.

Gov. Beaver has issued a proclamation exhorting the people of Pennsylvania to turn in and make the celebration of the constitution centennial anniversary a success.

Judge Kelson of Texas has refused to extradite Editor Gorza of Eagle Pass, who is wanted by the authorities of Coahuila, Mexico, because the Mexicans want to put him to death.

Contracts have been awarded for the construction of another railroad which will form a second independent route to the City of Mexico. It is to be completed within a year.

The British steamship Propitious has arrived at Baltimore, having been badly damaged by a cyclone off Cape Henry during which her commander, Capt. Nicholls, was swept overboard and lost.

Reece Hullinger and Chris. Sisson while boring a well at Marion, Ind., struck a flow of gas. They were overcome by the deadly vapor, and died before they could be rescued.

Thomas McDonald, aged 65 years, was killed on the railroad near Binghamton. He was an inmate of the soldiers' home at Bath, and was going from there to visit his sister in New Jersey.

John Parker, a farmer living near Sioux City, Ia., got drunk in that city last January, and while driving home fell from his wagon and was killed. His heirs have sued the saloonist who sold him the liquor, for $12,000 damages.

The Rev. Charles T. Goss, of Chicago, who succeeded Mr. Moody as pastor of the Chicago avenue church, and who was the Evangelist's own choice for the pulpit, has resigned because of differences with members of the congregation.

While a picnic was in progress at a farmhouse near Exeter, Neb., some railroad graders attempted to steal a keg of beer belonging to the picnickers. During the fight which ensued two brothers, John and Frank Newer, were shot dead by the robbers.

W. H. Curtney, a wealthy farmer living near Forest City, Ark., was shot and killed from ambush while riding along a road last Saturday. Nearly two years ago Curtney killed two brothers named Nicholls, and his murder is supposed to have been for revenge.

The remains of the late Mormon president, John Taylor, have been placed in a permanent tomb. The vault is built of blocks of granite bound together with heavy steel bolts. The remains of numerous Mrs. Taylors have been placed beside those of the dead president.

Edward Guthman, of New York, has perfected organizations of Germans in Rochester, Elmira, and Buffalo, whose object is to secure the repeal of the beer and music laws and other sumptuary statutes. He proposes to form similar organizations in every town in the state.

Alexander McArthur, who started two years ago to find the north pole, under the auspices of the Smithsonian institute, and who returned six months ago in disgust, having been frozen badly, died suddenly at Winnipeg. He was a confirmed opium smoker, and death is supposed to have been caused by that drug.

SHUT HIM UP TIGHT.

A Young Lady's Embarrassing Adventure in a Sleeping Car.

This sleeping-car incident is sent to the Philadelphia *American* by a young lady: "I was traveling alone between two cities, and the rules of the sleeping car forbade any one person to monopolize a whole section—to my disgust. So I bribed the porter to put up the upper berth immediately after the inspector passed through the car, because it was very warm. Awakening in the night with a stifling sensation, I found the upper berth down. Supposing the porter had forgotten his promise to put it up, I rose quietly in my berth, put my strong young head against the bottom of the upper one, and with two vigorous pushes, *shut it up tight*. Immediately, to my horror, muffled calls and cries came from the roof. Half bewildered, I put my head out and beckoned the porter to me. As he reached the spot the noise and my face told him the situation and he gasped: 'Good laws, miss, der's a man in dar!' An instant released the prisoner, who was nearly suffocated. Mortified beyond expression I slipped out an hour later and arranged with the porter to ask a gentleman on the opposite side to exchange when his berth was made up early in the morning while I was in the dressing-room. So when I took my place it was as a lady just getting on the train. The porter lived high that day. I was so afraid he would tell; and all day long I heard that story told, over and over, to every newcomer, with bursts of laughter, none more amused than the victim. I with burning ears heard him say: "I would give one hundred dollars to see the girl who did it." I do not fancy any one suspected, although just as we drew near my journey's end I fancied it possible that the porter had earned an extra fee, because the story was not told any more, and I caught two or three quizzical glances in my direction, reflected by the mirror in the car. Another dreadful experience, too, I had on a sleeping car. I always lie with my head very far front and my feet near the wall. One night I was awakened by some one stepping on my nose as it lay on the pillow. You can imagine my wrath. I never said a word, but gave the foot a most spiteful pinch, that sent it up after its owner with an exclamation point. The next day he—a very dapper young man—sat opposite me all day, and actually, the mean thing never moved without limping! And it couldn't have hurt him that bad, could it?"

RAILROAD builders are greatly encouraged by the favorable earnings of the past six months, and new projects involving the construction of 2,000 miles have recently come to light. Reports from 107 roads show an increase of fifteen per cent. for the first half of this year over the first half of last year. Railroad building and shop labor are in demand everywhere.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 19, 1887.

Brown, Elwood Mrs	McManus, B Mrs
Collins, R J	Moore, C L Mrs
Crone, C E Mrs	Murphy, W Mrs
Casey, Bridget	Rogers, Martha
Duhre, Amey Mrs	Scott, Rachel
Dodd, Samuel	Smith, John
Frazee, E	Thomas, Emily
Green, Geo	Tenon, E W Mrs
Harrison, Arenath	Walcher, M H
Hawkins, Lizzie	White, Mattie E
Kedsllc, B Mrs	Welling, Carrie B

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.
CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.
SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.
CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.
SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A LARGE ROOM IN THE CITY for storing furniture. Address Box 1359, city. 8-24-d2

PARTIES DESIRING TO MAKE ARRANGEments for board, for the Fall and Winter months, at a first-class house, can make applications now. Location best in Plainfield; five minutes walk from depot. Address "S," Plainfield, N. J. 8-23-d3tws

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-23w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Pence street.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m16tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

One of Many.

VICTOR, N. Y., Feb. 1st, 1887.

Mr. O. F. Woodward, Dear Sir: Send me ½ gross Kemp's Balsam, 50c. size, and a few *samples*. I *certainly* know that Kemp's Balsam is the best selling cough cure. I have fifteen other cough and lung remedies on my shelves, and Kemp's Balsam sells 10 to 1 best of all. Respectfully yours, F. E. COBB. Sold by R. J. Shaw, at 50c. and $1.00. Sample bottle free.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. K. MCCLURE, Treasurer.
Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,
(Successor to B. H. Bachman)
DEALER IN
BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,
MEATS OF ALL KINDS,
Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.
42 PARK AVENUE,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 8-2-tf

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.
A. M. GRIFFEN,
12 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,
No. 6 Park Avenue,
Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S
SHOES,
From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,
To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S
Storage Warerooms.
Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.
FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.
Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.
FIELD & RANDOLPH,
—PHARMACY—
21 WEST FRONT STREET.
(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)
JAMES C. FIELD,
Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy
L. WARREN RANDOLPH,
Formerly of Reynolds.
Always in stock a fine assortment of
PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.
OUR
SHERBERT SYRUP,
with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from
9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.
For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.
Good Sellers and Good Wearers.
CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,
FROM
PECK'S.
WE HAVE A
Waukenphast Shoe
FOR $2.50,
That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.
DOANE & VANARSDALE,
SHOE MERCHANTS,
22 WEST FRONT STREET.
10my

Music and Sporting Goods.
GO TO
No. 33 Park Avenue
FOR
Musical Instruments
AND
Sporting Goods.
Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,
$20.
LATEST IN THE MARKET.
Children's Wagons and Carts.
A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.
(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)
Plainfield, N. J.
my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of
Victoria Lawns,
2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at
10 CENTS A YARD,
Worth 20c.
One Lot of Ladies'
Fast Black Split Feet Stockings
AT 25 CENTS,
Real Value 50c.
AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT
POPE'S!
Headquarters for First-Class Goods.
my10y1

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.
my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE
FOR THE SEASON,
AT
LEDERER'S!
NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.
GREAT BARGAINS
In Spring and Summer Goods!
I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.
Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.
Bargains in Every Department.
No Trouble to Show Goods.
L. LEDERER,
my10tf

STATES IN CONFERENCE

DISCUSSSION ON INTERSTATE EXTRADITION.

Important Results Expected—Business Begun To-Day—The Work Mapped Out.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The Interstate extradition conference met in the lecture room of the bar association yesterday afternoon. Representatives of twenty-two states and territories were present. The conference is the result of correspondence which Gov. Hill has carried on with the executives of other states relative to the adoption of uniform rules and proceedure governing the interstate extradition of criminals. Legal complications are continually arising which are frequently of so aggravated a nature that the ends of justice are often long delayed, even if not actually defeated. New York has had a costly experience in trying to bring back offenders who have fled to other states. Each state has its own precedents and statutes regulating this question of extradition, which complicates things. It was finally decided to arbitrate on the matter, and the governors of twenty-two states have agreed to adopt such rules as the conference shall prepare. That is the main object of the present gathering, but another topic of great importance will be fully discussed. It is proposed to draft a bill which congress at its next session will be asked to enact to make extradition more comprehensive. Those who are participating in the work of the conference are in many cases the highest law officers of their respective states.

The conference was called to order by Goodwin Browne, the private secretary of Gov. Hill. After thanking the delegates on behalf of the executive of the state of New York, and welcoming them to the state, Mr. Browne made a short address showing the urgent necessity for concerted action. Then Gov. James A. Beaver, the only executive who had responded to the invitation in person, was elected chairman. The one-legged veteran ascended the rostrum, and after thanking the delegates for the honor conferred on him said that he considered the question of extradition of so great importance that he had decided to attend at least the opening session, to consult with the representatives of other states. "Possibly some states will not be represented," he said, "but if those who are succeed in arriving at conclusions on which they can agree, much of the annoyance will be spared. If neighboring states should join in a series of rules, all states would sooner or later adopt them."

Gen. Beaver announced that public business would prevent him from attending any more of the sessions, and ex-Gov. John W. Stewart, of Vermont, was therefore elected vice chairman. Goodwin Browne was made secretary.

It was suggested that the roll of states be called, and the delegates announce themselves "by spelling out their names," as Gov. Beaver put it. These were the representatives who went through this form of introduction:

California, Charles H. Phelps, of New York; District of Columbia, Alexander B. Hagner, senior associate judge of the supreme court of the District; Georgia, judge T. J. Simmons, W. W. Montgomery and Boykin White; Connecticut, Tilton E. Doolittle, district attorney of New Haven county; Idaho, ex-gov. James W. Denver, of Washington, D. C.; Illinois, ex-attorney general J. K. Edsall; Iowa, Frank W. Eichelberger; Maine, Charles A. Strout; Massachusetts, Edgar J. Sherman, attorney general; Michigan, Milo D. Campbell, private secretary of the governor; Minnesota, attorney general Moses E. Clapp; Nebraska, attorney general William Leese; New Hampshire, attorney general Daniel Barnard; New York, Goodwin Brown, private secretary of the governor; North Carolina, attorney general Theodore P. Davidson; Ohio, C. E. Pryor; Pennsylvania, Gov. James A. Beaver, W. S. Kirkpatrick, attorney general, and Charles W. Stone, secretary of state; South Carolina, W. K. Bachman, assistant attorney general; Vermont, J. W. Stewart, ex-governor; Virginia, H. W. Flourney, secretary of state; Wisconsin, L. J. Rusk.

There was some discussion as to how the work of the conference could best be expedited, for some of the representatives from a distance expressed a desire to work hard, and not waste any time. Gov. Beaver appointed the following committees, who are expected to systematize things, and keep the wheels running without friction:

Order of business—A. A. Strout, of Maine; C. W. Stone, of Pennsylvania; Judge T. J. Simmons, of Georgia.

Law—W. W. Montgomery, of Georgia; T. E. Doolittle, of Connecticut; W. S. Kirkpatrick, of Pennsylvania; Wm. Leese, of Nebraska, and J. K. Edsall, of Illinois.

Practice and rules—Daniel Barnard of New Hampshire; Chas. E. Pryor of Ohio; Thos. F. Davidson, of North Carolina; Wm. K. Bachman of South Carolina, and M. E. Clapp of Minnesota.

An adjournment was taken until to-day to give the committee a chance to map out work. They immediately went into session at the Murray Hill hotel, which will be their headquarters for the present.

A WOMAN HOLDS HER TONGUE.

Heroic Conduct of a Wife Whose Testimony is Needed.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Aug. 24.—Charles L. Card and his brother William were up for examination yesterday on the charge of killing Michael O'Hara two weeks ago. The chief witness was intended to be the wife of Charles, but she declined to answer any questions put to her concerning herself, her husband or his brother.

The attorneys for the prosecution argued, coaxed and abused her, but she never flinched, and after a long controversy between the attorneys the woman was committed to jail for contempt of court. She is a small, sickly woman, and has a babe at her breast, which she held during the long and trying scene. She seems determined to keep still. Nothing that the attorneys can do will make her speak. Without her testimony it is doubtful if either of the men can be convicted.

The Volunteer Resting.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—For the past few days the Volunteer has been lying off Nahant. She is to come up to City Point, where a few changes will be made in her sails, and the probabilities are that one of the cloths on the leach will have to be taken off, as the sail has stretched out enough without it. Gen. Paine says she will not enter in the Bar Harbor regatta, as he cannot spare the time to go, so that the chances are that the Priscilla and the Atlantic will have it out for the $500 prize, unless the Puritan takes part in the race.

Gov. Bartlett Critically Ill.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 24.—Gov. Washington Bartlett, who has been in a precarious condition for some time, was stricken by paralysis last night and little hope of his recovery is entertained. Gov. Bartlett is a democrat and was elected to the office in November. In the event of his death he will be succeeded by Lieut.-Gov. Waterman, who is a republican.

INDIGNANT FOR IRELAND

ENGLISHMEN AND SCOTS JOIN IN DUBLIN'S BIG MEETING.

The Demonstration a Success in Attendance and Eloquence—Stanley Alive. Fresh Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The indignation meeting to protest against the government's proclamation of the Irish national league, held in the Rotunda at Dublin, was a big affair. There were no tickets of admission, but it was generally understood that the seats on the platform not occupied by leading members of the league were reserved for the occupancy of American, Irish-American and English visitors, and of these there were a large number present.

Among the English members of the house of commons who indorsed the principles of the league by their presence and active participation in the proceedings were Mr. Jacob Bright, member for Manchester; Mr. Richard B. Holdone, member for Haddington; Mr. Henry Peyton Cobb, member for Rugby; Mr. Charles Fenwick, member for Wansbeck, and Mr. Angus Sutherland, member for Sutherlandshire.

Enthusiasm prevailed everywhere and not a dissenting voice could be heard within the precincts of the building. The lord mayor presided at the main meeting and ex-Commoner Leamy and Commoner T. P. Gill at the two overflow meetings. The several English and Scotch members present addressed the gatherings.

The house was filled to suffocation long before the hour for the meeting to be called to order, hundreds of people entering through the windows because of the crush at the doors.

Professor Galbraith, a protestant, moved a resolution denouncing the government's action against the league, which was carried unanimously.

THE POPE'S JUBILEE.

No Expense will Be Spared to Make the Affair a Success.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—The preparations for the celebration of the jubilee will begin at Rome in September on an extensive scale. Among the features of the celebration will be an exhibition, which will be formally opened in the presence of the pope, Dom Pedro II., Emperor of Brazil and the envoys of all the sovereigns of Europe. An ode to the pope will be written by M. Gounod and presented to his holiness on the anniversary of his ordination to the priesthood, Dec. 23, which day will be the principal one of the celebration.

It is the intention of those into whose hands the arrangements for the celebration have been intrusted, to surround the occasion with a display of magnificence surpassing any event that has occurred in Europe within the century, and no expense will be spared to achieve the results aimed at.

STANLEY A LIVELY DEAD MAN.

He Was Safe in Camp the Day After He was Reported Killed.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—A letter was received from Dr. Parke dated Aruwimi, June 20, stating that Stanley and all of the Europeans comprised in his party, were well. The followers of Stanley, the letter says, were intrenched in a camp affording all neccessary advantages, and the whole party would begin on June 28 a forced march of 400 miles to Wadelia, where they would meet Emin Bey.

These advices are one day later than any other that have been received, and completely overthrow the possibilities of the correctness of the reports announcing Mr. Stanley's death which nobody now believes to be true.

SMITH HAS NOTHING TO SAY.

A Gentleman from Bonnie Dundee Asks About the Proclamation.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—In the house of commons Mr. Edmund Robertson, member for Dundee, said that he had examined the reports from Irish officials upon which were based the government's proclamation of the National league, and found that the league was in no instance mentioned specifically. He therefore asked if the government would submit evidence upon which the house would be able to discharge its duty in deciding whether the proclamation should be confirmed.

Mr. W. H. Smith said the government would not submit any additional papers on the subject.

France Appeals to England.

PARIS, Aug. 24.—The *Republique Francaise* says an *entente cordiale* between England and France in respect to the New Hebrides could be easily secured if England were willing to stop the absurd calumnies and rodomontades of the Australians. England, who divided New Guinea with Germany, cannot oppose the annexation of the New Hebrides to France, but she can demand that the French shall not send their recidivists and convicts. The mutual exercise of good will would banish the present irritation, which ought never to have existed.

English Bicycle Contests.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—In the bicycle contests at Shields, Woodside, of Philadelphia, beat Battersby by twenty-five yards in a mile race. His time was 2:45. Temple, of Chicago, beat Wood in a two mile race, making the distance in 4:45.

Keeping the Honors at Home.

LONDON, Aug. 24.—Queen Victoria has conferred upon Princess Louise, wife of the Marquis of Lorne, and Princess Victoria, daughter of the prince of Wales, the order of the crown of India.

Death Prevented an Explanation.

NEWARK, Aug. 24.—While William O'Brien was passing by the pressed brick works near the Centre street station of the Pennsylvania road he heard groans from one of the narrow buildings near the river, and found a man lying among the bricks covered with blood. His head was mashed and the walls were spattered with blood. The man said his name was Gotlieb Seifert and that he was a longshoreman. O'Brien asked how he came to be in such a condition, and Seifert raising his head on his elbow, said, "I will tell you," but the next moment he became unconscious and before he could be carried to the hospital he died. It is feared that the man was murdered. The locality where he was found bears a bad reputation.

Movements of the Indian Committee.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Senators Jones of Arkansas, Morgan of Alabama, Ingalls of Kansas, Sabin of Minnesota, Wade Hampton of South Carolina, and Dawes of Massachusetts, members of the senate Indian committee, left here last night for an extended trip through the northwest. The chief business of the committee is to investigate and settle some trouble which lately occurred on the White Earth reservation in Minnesota.

THEIR ROMANCE SPOILED.

Arrest of an Eloping German Couple on Their Arrival in America.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 24.—When the German steamship Rhein arrived here, Detectives Seibold and Freeburger stepped aboard and arrested Louis P. Groning, aged 20 years, and Catherine Schrieb, aged 18. The couple eloped from Bremin and could have married and been happy in this country, with no one to disturb their honeymoon, had not the girl taken 13,000 marks of her father's money with her.

She is a handsome blonde, talented and well educated. She was elegantly dressed and a pair of solitaire diamonds glittered in her ears. Her lover is a fine-looking chap, and a student. He is poor and her father who is a wealthy Bremen contractor opposed her marriage. They had courted for a long time, and finally decided to elope.

Her father arrived at the North German Lloyd pier a few minutes after the steamer had sailed for Baltimore. He cabled to the German consul here to have the couple arrested, and requested the consul to take charge of his daughter and return her on the next steamer.

The girl cried and clung to her lover when arrested, and she refused to go anywhere unless he accompanied her. The couple told their story and she took out of her dress bosom the money she had stolen from her father. The consul took charge of the money and informed the authorities that there would be no prosecution in the case. The couple then went with him to his residence, where they will remain until the sailing of the next steamer. The girl's father has promised that if they will return he will not prosecute them. They are determined to wed as soon as they return to the other side again.

THE INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

The Disbandment of the Binghamton Club Causes Complications.

BUFFALO, Aug. 23.—President Gilbert of the International base ball league, when seen this morning, was undecided as to when he should call a meeting of the league directors for the purpose of considering the disbandment of the Binghamton club and taking action on the question of counting the games played with that club, but thought it would be called for Thursday morning at the Genesee house here. He said he was of the opinion that the directors would follow out the rules governing the disbandment of clubs, which provides that they shall ascertain the least number of games the retiring club has played with any club remaining in the league and then from the games first played during the season count only that number of games in the series of each club with the disbanding club. But the directors might decide otherwise and count Oswego's games with Binghamton along with Scranton's games. They would endeavor without doubt to take such action as did the least injury to the majority of the clubs.

The Clinton Yarn Company in Trouble.

SOUTH FRAMINGHAM, Mass., Aug. 24.—It is reported that the Clinton yarn company of Clinton, Mass., is embarrassed, with about $65,000 liabilities and $45,000 assets. It is stated that an assignment has been made to E. A. Brown & Son, cotton brokers, Boston, who, it is said, have a claim of $20,000 against the yarn company.

Two Cowardly Men.

MONTREAL, Aug. 24.—Messrs. Lefevre and La Fleur, accompanied by three ladies and four children, were crossing the river near Boucherville, when their boat upset. The men swam ashore, but the women and children were drowned. Six bodies of the victims have been recovered.

Gossip of the Sports.

Detroit has released Burke, the California wonder.

Ewing and Flint are in the same boat. Each has a broken finger.

"Home Run Wood," of the "Phillies," has made twelve four baggers this season.

Fifteen hits, with a total of 21, were made off Shaw by the Detroits in six innings.

Pitcher Roach, formerly of the New Yorks, and later of the Reserves, has been released by the Scrantons.

Devlin, whom the New Yorks released, and who was signed by "Harry" Wright, will probably pitch against Indianapolis.

Patsey Sheppard and Jem Carney sailed from Liverpool to-day on the steamer Pavonia. They will be due in this country about September 2.

Captain Anson will find that gloves are a nice thing after a while. The majority of his errors this season have been on muffs of thrown balls.

Shaffer, late of the Mets, and at present with Jersey City, is up to date a failure. Manager Powell, however, still expects him to do good work in the box.

Mr. May Overton, of Tennessee, last week purchased a sucking colt by Electioneer, dam Beautiful Bells, for $5,000, and a filly by Jay Gould for $3,000.

"Chick" Hoffard, Jersey City's little, fat utility man, is in every sense of the word "Davy" Force's double. Like Davy, he is small, but oh, my, can't he play ball!

George, O'Day, Shaw, Gilmore, Conway, Morris, McCormick, Henry, Boyle, Baldwin (Chicago), Baldwin (Detroit), have all pitched in more losing than winning games.

It is said that President Spalding of the Chicago club, has agreed to give Clarkson $3,000 and the other players considerable extra salary if the Chicago club win the championship.

Ed Bithers writes from Freeport, Ill., that Jay-Eye-See is there to make his first appearance at a public meeting in two years. On Thursday next he will trot against time to beat his record of 2:10.

Among the pitchers who will probably retire at the end of the season are Weidman, of the Mets, Kirby, of the Clevelands, and Shaw, of the Washingtons, or else they will have to improve their playing.

Since July 11 the league clubs have won and lost the following number of games: Philadelphias won 23 and lost 8; Chicagos won 16 and lost 16; Washingtons won 16 and lost 15; New Yorks won 16 and lost 12; Detroits won 14 and lost 17; Pittsburgs won 15 and lost 16; Indianapolis won 9 and lost 21.

Pitcher Buffington and Cacher Gunning, of the Philadelphia club, were on Sunday given a royal reception by forty-two of their admiring friends, including the members of the Diamond club, of the Twenty-eighth ward, at Burlington island. The party went up on a tug and were accompanied by a band.

On last Saturday evening, just before dark, a prize fight was going on at Glasgow Green, Glasgow, Scotland, and some one shouted that the police were coming. The two fighters and all the spectators ran off. One of the fighters, William Bell, attempted to swim across the Clyde river, but when half way across he became exhausted and was drowned. His body was recovered an hour afterward.

"German Fritz" or Fred Pfeffer is as blue as a whetstone. Like many a ball player he is superstitious. Said he to a reporter: "You just mark my words, this is going to be a disastrous trip for us. Count our players; there are thirteen of them. I am not superstitious as a rule, but I'm afraid of this thirteen business. The first day in Pittsburg the 'bus we were in broke down three times between the grounds and the hotel. Thirteen has 'hoodooed' us."

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my19tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
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Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
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A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
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Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

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Picture Frames,
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
HENRY LIEFKE,
NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.
8-16-tf

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Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

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Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges. Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

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45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

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Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
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ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J.
my9y1

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m, Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD.

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 8.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN
PIANOS and ORGANS.
FOR 30 DAYS,
AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,
33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.
SELL
OIL STOVES,
WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
10my1y

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day: $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

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Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
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INSURANCE AGENTS,
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DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,
OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

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DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
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PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
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16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
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Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

BATTLES ON THE DIAMONDS

Yesterday's League and Association Championship Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—A prettier game than that put up by the New York and Pittsburg clubs at the Polo grounds yesterday is seldom seen. The New Yorks appeared on the field in war costume. They had on their old uniforms, and appeared to be in fine condition after their long trip. The Pittsburgs, too, looked well. A small black bow was worn on the right breast in memory of their old first baseman. The field play on the New York's side was perfect, while the visitors played brilliantly up to the eighth inning, when their perfect field work was marred by two errors—a fumble and a muffed fly—which gave the New Yorks a run and the game. Smiling Mickey and McCormick were the pitchers. Neither was hit to speak of. New York got five real and two phantom hits off McCormick and Pittsburg got five real and one phantom hit off Welch. By this it will be seen it was wholly a pitcher's game.

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	—2
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1

Base hits—New York 7, Pittsburg 6. Earned runs—New York 1, Pittsburg 1. Errors—New York 0, Pittsburg 3.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24.—The home team narrowly escaped a shut out at the hands of Detroit, but managed to save themselves in the last inning. Detroit made 2 in the first and 2 in the ninth, making the score 4 to 1. Whitney and Getzein were the pitchers.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 24.—The Phillies continued their winning gait by laying out Indianapolis cold. They outplayed the visitors at every point. The summary:

Philadelphia	2	2	0	1	3	0	2	0	0	—10
Indianapolis	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	—4

Base hits—Philadelphia 17, Indianapolis 13. Errors—Philadelphia 3, Indianapolis 5. Pitchers—Buffinton, Ferguson and Shreve.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—Rain prevented the Boston-Chicago game here to-day.

NEW YORK, Aug. 24.—The summary of yesterday's association games is as follows: Athletics 14, Louisville 2; St. Louis 8, Baltimore 1; Cleveland 6, Brooklyn 0; Cincinnati 2, Metropolitan 0. International league—Scranton 0, Newark 4; Buffalo 13, Hamilton 6; Toronto 3, Rochester 2.

The Labor Party in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, Aug. 24.—A call has been issued by leading representatives of knights of labor assemblies, trades unions, land and labor clubs, united labor clubs and other similar organizations throughout the commonwealth, for a state convention to be held in this city September 10 to nominate a full state labor ticket. E. M. White has been chosen secretary pro tem., with headquarters at No. 27 Pemberton square. Among those who signed the call are a number of women prominently identified with labor unions.

Stubborn Fighting Fishermen.

OSTEND, Aug. 24.—A riot between English and Belgian fishermen occurred here and the gendarmes had some difficulty in quelling it. They were several times compelled to charge upon the combatants with fixed bayonets, and before hostilities ceased a member of the riotous fishermen on both sides were wounded by bayonet thrusts. It is thought probable that the battle will be renewed, in spite of the fact that the police are on the alert to prevent a recurrence of disorder.

Accident to Workmen in Berlin.

BERLIN, Aug. 24.—The scaffolding on the new city hospital collapsed, killing six workmen and badly injuring several others, including the architect.

Industrial Items.

The employes of nine of the leather [illegible]tories in Newark were paid off yeste[illegible] out of the strike fund raised by district assembly No. 51. The remainder of the men [illegible] will be paid to-day.

The towboys on the Bushwick railroad in Brooklyn are still on strike. They struck because one of the boys was discharged for refusing to work more than twelve hours a day. The boys are members of the knights of labor.

The Central labor union's parade committee has decided that no red flags will be allowed in line at the labor day parade. More interest has been taken in the parade this year than ever before, and it is expected to exceed all previous efforts.

The *Workman's Advocate* of New Haven has been recognized by the socialists as their official organ in the United States. There was some talk of its suspension, and to aid it a concert will be given at an early date by the German federation of trades.

It is feared that a general strike will occur shortly in the works of the Pullman car company, Pullman, Ill. The cause is due to the fact that the wages of the hundred trimmers have been reduced 10 per cent. Three hundred men, most of them employed in the brick yard, have also been laid off. It is also feared that a general cut in wages is intended. Knights of labor predominate in the shop, but they have deferred action for the present.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 24, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Local rains, winds generally northerly; stationary temperature in the eastern portion, cooler in the western portion.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 23.—Money on Call at 4½ per cent.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
[illegible] 1891, reg.	108	109
[illegible] 1891, con.	109	110
[illegible] 1907, reg.	128	128½
[illegible] 1907, con.	128	128½

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock—The weak feeling of the morning was slightly improved this afternoon and many of the stocks recovered all their loss of the morning.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	—	55⅝
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	139	140
Central Pacific	37	37¾
Del. & Hudson	101	101¾
Del. Lack. & W.	130½	130
Erie	30½	30⅝
Erie pref	—	69
Lake Shore	93⅜	93⅝
Louis. & Nash.	—	63⅝
Michigan Central	84⅛	84¾
Missouri Pacific	96⅞	94⅝
N. Y. & New Eng.	44½	44⅝
N. J. Central	74¼	74⅝
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	108⅛	107⅞
Northwestern	114	114⅝
Oregon Navigation	93½	93
Pacific Mail	40	40⅞
Reading	54	54⅝
Rock Island	125	125⅛
St. Paul	8[illegible]	82⅝
Union Pacific	54⅜	55[illegible]
West. Union Tel.	72½	72⅞

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug	Sept	Oct.
Wheat	80¼	80⅝	81¼
Corn	49⅞	50⅝	51⅜
Oats	31⅛	31⅛	31⅝

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market dull. Creamery—Eastern 23a25c.; Western, 22a25c.; Imitation, 17a20c. Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, [illegible]; Western, [illegible]. Factory—Fresh, 13a17c.; June packed 14a15c.

Cheese.—Market dull. Factory—New York cheddar, 12a12½c.; western, flat, 10a11c. Creamery—New York part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs.—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern, [illegible] 17½a18c; Canadian, firsts, 16½a17c; western firsts, 16½a17c.

"THE FACTS PROVED."

Evidences of the Gospel's Power to Save Souls.

Dr. Talmage Tells How the Scientists Have Always Fought Against God and Nature—The World to be Brought to God Through Testimony, Not Argument.

THE HAMPTONS, Aug. 21.—"The Facts Proved" is the subject of discourse by Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, D. D., to-day. His text is from the 15th verse of Acts iii: "We are witnesses." Following is his sermon in full:

In the days of George Stephenson, the perfector of the locomotive engine, the scientists proved conclusively that a railway train could never be driven by steam power successfully and without peril; but the rushing express trains from Liverpool to Edinburg, and from Edinburg to London, have made all the nations witnesses of the splendid achievement. Machinists and navigators proved conclusively that a steamer could never cross the Atlantic Ocean; but no sooner had they successfully proved the impossibility of such an undertaking than the work was done, and the National, and the White Star lines are witnesses. There went up a guffaw of wise laughter at Professor Morse's proposition to make the lightning of heaven his errand boy, and it was proved conclusively that the thing could never be done; but now all the news of the wide world, by Associated Press put in your hands every morning and night, has made all nations witnesses.

So in the time of Christ it was proved conclusively that it was impossible for him to rise from the dead. It was shown logically that when a man was dead, he was dead, and the heart and the liver and the lungs having

CEASED TO PERFORM THEIR OFFICES,

the limbs would be rigid beyond all power of friction or arousal. They showed it to be an absolute absurdity that the dead Christ should ever get up alive; but no sooner had they proved this than the dead Christ arose, and the disciples beheld him, heard his voice and talked with him, and they took the witness stand to prove that to be true which the wiseacres of the day had proved to be impossible; the record of the experiment and of the testimony is in the text: "Him hath God raised from the dead, whereof we are witnesses."

Now, let me play the skeptic for a moment. "There is no God," says the skeptic, "for I have never seen him with my physical eyesight. Your Bible is a pack of contradictions. There never was a miracle. Lazarus was not raised from the dead, and the water was never turned into wine. Your religion is an imposition on the credulity of the ages." There is an aged man moving in that pew as though he would like to respond. Here are hundreds of people with faces a little flushed at these announcements, and all through this house there is a suppressed feeling which would like to speak out in behalf of the truth of our glorious Christianity, as in the days of the text, crying out: "We are witnesses!"

The fact is, that if this world is ever brought to God, it will not be through argument, but through testimony. You might cover the whole world with apologies for Christianity and learned treatises in defense of religion—you would not convert a soul. Lectures on the harmony between science and religion are beautiful mental discipline, but have never saved a soul, and never will save a soul. Put a man of the world and a man of the church against each other, and the man of the world will in all probability get the triumph.

THERE ARE A THOUSAND THINGS

in religion that seem illogical to the mind always will seem illogical.

The weapon in this conflict is faith, not reason; faith, not metaphysics; faith, not credulity; faith, not scholastic explorations. But then, in order to have faith, we must have testimony, and if 500 men, or 1,000 men, or 500,000 men, or 5,000,000 men get up and tell me that they have felt the religion of Jesus Christ a joy, a comfort, a help, an inspiration, I am bound as a fair-minded man to accept their testimony. I want just now to put before you three propositions, the truth of which I think this audience will attest with overwhelming unanimity.

The first proposition is: We are witnesses that the religion of Christ is able to convert a soul.

The gospel may have had a hard time to conquer us, we may have fought it back, but we were vanquished. You say conversion is only an imaginary thing. We know better. "We are witnesses." There never was so great a change in our heart and life on any other subject as on this. People laughed at the missionaries in Madagascar because they preached ten years without one convert; but there are 33,000 converts in Madagascar to-day. People laughed at Dr. Judson, the Baptist missionary, because he kept on preaching in Burmah five years without a single convert; but there are 20,000 Baptists in Burmah to-day. People laughed at Dr. Morrison, in China, for preaching there seven years without a single conversion; but there are 15,000 Christians in China to-day. People laughed at the missionaries for preaching at Tahiti for fifteen years without a single conversion, and at the missionaries for preaching in Bengal seventeen years without a single conversion; yet in all those lands there are multitudes of Christians to-day.

But why go so far to find

EVIDENCES OF THE GOSPEL'S POWER

to save a soul? "We are the witnesses." We were so proud that no man could have humbled us; we were so hard that no earthly power could have melted us; angels of God were all around about us; they could not overcome us; but one day, perhaps at a Methodist anxious seat, or at a Presbyterian catechetical lecture, or at a burial, or on horseback, a power seized us, and made us get down, and made us tremble, and made us kneel, and made us cry for mercy, and we tried to wrench ourselves away from the grasp, but we could not. It flung us flat, and when we arose we were as much changed as Gourgis, the heathen, who went into a prayer meeting with a dagger and a gun to disturb the meeting and destroy it, but the next day was found crying: "Oh! my great sins! Oh! my great Savior!" and for eleven years preached the gospel of Christ to his fellow mountaineers, the last words on his dying lips being: "Free Grace!" O, it was free grace!

There is a man who was for ten years a confirmed drinker. The dreadful appetite had struck down its roots around the palate and the tongue, and on down until they were interlinked with the vitals of body, mind and soul; but he has not taken any stimulants for two years. What did that? Not temperance societies. Not prohibition laws. Not moral suasion. Conversion did it. "Why," said one upon whom the great change had come, "sir, I feel just as though I were somebody else."

There is a sea captain who swore all the way from New York to Havana, and from Havana to San Francisco, and when he was converted he was worse than when he was born. What power was it that washed his tongue clean of profanities and made him a psalm singer? Conversion by the Holy Spirit. There are thousands of people in this house to-night who are no more what they once were than a water-lily is nightshade, or a morning lark is a vulture, or day is night.

Now, if I should demand that all those people in this house who have

FELT THE CONVERTING POWER

of religion should rise, so far from being ashamed, they would spring to their feet with more alacrity than they ever sprang to the dance, the tears mingling with their exhilaration as they cried: "We are witnesses!" And if they tried to sing the old gospel hymn, they would break down with emotion by the time they got to the second line:

"Ashamed of Jesus, that dear friend
On whom my hopes of heaven depend!
Oh! When I blush, be this my shame:
That I no more revere His name."

Again I remark that "we are witnesses" of the gospel's power to comfort.

When a man has trouble the world comes in and says: "Now get your mind off this; go out and breathe the fresh air; plunge deeper into business." What poor advice. Get your mind off of it! when every thing is upturned with the bereavement, and everything reminds you of what you have lost. Get your mind off of it! They might as well advise you to stop thinking. You can not stop thinking, and you can not stop thinking in that direction. Take a walk in the fresh air! Why, along that very street, or that very road, she once accompanied you. Out of that grass-plot she plucked flowers, or into that show window she looked, fascinated, saying: "Come see the pictures." Go deeper into business! Why, she was associated with all your business ambition, and since she has gone you have no ambition left.

O, this is a clumsy world when it tries to comfort a broken heart! I can build a Corliss engine, I can paint a Raphael's "Madonna," I can play a Beethoven's "Symphony" as easily as this world can

COMFORT A BROKEN HEART.

And yet you have been comforted. How was it done? Did Christ come to you and say: "Get your mind off this; go out and breathe the fresh air; plunge deeper into business." No. There was a moment when He came to you—perhaps in the watches of the night, perhaps in your place of business, perhaps along the street—and He breathed something into your soul that gave peace, rest, infinite quiet, so that you could take out the photograph of the departed one and look into the face and the eyes of the dear one and say: "It is all right; she is better off; I would not call her back. Lord, I thank Thee that Thou hast comforted my poor heart."

There are Christian parents here who are willing to testify to the power of this gospel to comfort. Your son had just graduated from school or college and was going into business, and the Lord took him. Or your daughter has just graduated from the young ladies' seminary, and you thought she was going to be a useful woman and of long life; but the Lord took her; and you were tempted to say, "All this culture of twenty years for nothing!" Or the little child came home from school with the hot fever that stopped not for the agonized prayer or for the skillful physician, and the little child was taken. Or the babe was lifted out of your arms by some quick epidemic, and you stood wondering why God ever gave you the child at all, if so soon He was to take it away. And yet you are not repining, you are not fretful, you are not fighting against God.

What has enabled you to stand all the trial? "O," you say, "I took the medicine that God gave my sick soul. In my distress I threw myself at the feet of a sympathizing God; and when I was too weak to pray, or to look up, He breathed unto me a peace that I think must be the

FORETASTE OF THAT HEAVEN

where there is neither a tear, nor a farewell, nor a grave." Come, all ye who have been out to the grave to weep there—come, all ye comforted souls, get up off your knees. Is there no power in this gospel to soothe the heart? Is there no power in this religion to quiet the worst paroxysm of grief? There comes up an answer from comforted widowhood, and orphanage, and childlessness, saying: "Aye, aye, we are witnesses!"

Again, I remark that we are witnesses of the fact that religion has power to give composure in the last moment. I shall never forget the first time I confronted death. We went across the corn fields in the country. I was led by my father's hand, and we came to the farmhouse where the bereavement had come, and we saw the crowd of wagons and carriages; but there was one carriage that especially attracted my boyish attention, and it had black plumes. I said: "What's that? what's that? Why those black tassels at the top?" and after it was explained to me I was lifted up to look upon the bright face of an aged Christian woman, who three days before had departed in triumph. The whole scene made an impression I never forgot.

In our sermons and in our lay exhortations we are very apt, when we want to bring illustrations of dying triumph, to go back to some distinguished personage—to a John Knox, or a Harriet Newell. But I want you for witnesses.

I want to know if you have ever seen any thing to make you believe that the religion of Christ can give composure in the final hour. Now, in the courts, attorney, jury and judge will never admit mere hearsay. They demand that the witness must have seen with his own eyes, or heard with his own ears, and so I am critical in my examination of you now; and I want to know whether you have seen or heard any thing that makes you believe that the religion of Christ gives

COMPOSURE IN THE FINAL HOUR.

"O, yes," you say, "I saw my father and mother depart. There was a great difference in their death-beds. Standing by the one we felt more veneration. By the other, there was more tenderness." Before the one, you bowed perhaps in awe. In the other case, you felt as if you would like to go along with her. How did they feel in that last hour? How did they seem to act? Were they very much frightened? Did they take hold of this world with both hands as though they did not want to give it up? "O, no," you say: "no, I remember as though it were yesterday; she had a kind word for us all, and there were a few mementoes distributed among the children, and then she told us how kind we must be to our father in his loneliness, and then she kissed us good-bye and went asleep as a child in a cradle."

What made her so composed? Natural courage? "No," you say, "mother was very nervous; when the carriage inclined to the side of the road, she would cry out; she was always rather weakly." What, then, gave her composure? Was it because she did not care much for you, and the pang of parting was not great? "O," you say, "she showered upon us a wealth of affection; no mother ever loved her children more than mother loved us; she showed it by the way she nursed us when we were sick, and she toiled for us until her strength gave out." What, then, was it that gave her composure in the last hour? Do not hide it. Be frank and let me know. "O," you say, "it was because she was so good; she made the Lord her portion, and she had faith that she would go straight to glory, and that we should all meet her at last at the foot of the throne."

Here are people who say: "I saw a Christian brother die, and he triumphed." And some one else: "I saw a Christian sister die, and she triumphed." Some one else will say: "I saw a Christian daughter die, and she triumphed." Come, all ye who have seen the last moments of a Christian, and give testimony of this cause on trial. Uncover your heads, put your hand on

THE OLD FAMILY BIBLE

from which they used to read the promises, and promise in the presence of high Heaven that you will tell the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. With what you have seen with your own eyes, and what you have heard with your own ears, is there power in this gospel to give calmness and triumph in the last exigency? The response comes from all sides from young and old and middle aged: "We are witnesses."

You see, my friends, I have not put before you an abstraction or a chimera or anything like guess-work. I present you affidavits of the best men and women, living and dead. Two witnesses in court will establish a fact. Here are not two witnesses but thousands of witnesses—on earth millions of witnesses, and in heaven a great multitude of witnesses that no man can number, testifying that there is power in this religion to convert the soul, to give comfort in trouble, and to afford composure in the last hour.

If ten men should come to you when you are sick with appalling sickness, and say they had the same sickness, and took a certain medicine and it cured them, you would probably take it. Now suppose ten other men should come up and say: "We don't believe there is any thing in that medicine." "Well," I say, "have you ever tried it." "No. I have never tried it, but I don't believe there is any thing in it." Of course you discredit their testimony. The skeptic may come and say: "There is no power in your religion." "Have you ever tried it?" "No, no." "Then, avaunt!" Let me take the testimony of the millions of souls that have been converted to God, and comforted in trial, and solaced in the last hour. We will take the testimony as they cry, "We are witnesses!"

Some time ago Prof. Henry, of Washington, discovered a new star, and the tidings sped by submarine telegraph, and all the observatories of Europe were watching for that new star. O, hearer, looking out through the darkness of thy soul, canst thou see a bright light beaming on thee? "Where?" you say, "where? How can I find it?" Look along by the line of the cross of the Son of God. Do you not see it trembling with all tenderness and beaming with all hope? It is the star of Bethlehem.

"Deep horror then my vitals froze.
Death-struck I ceased the tide to stem,
When suddenly a star arose—
It was the Star of Bethlehem."

O, hearer, get your eyes on it. It is easier for you now to become Christians than it is to stay away from Christ and heaven. When Madame Sontag began her musical career she was hissed off the stage at Vienna by the friends of her rival, Amelia Steininger, who had already begun to decline through her dissipation. Years passed on, and one day Madame Sontag, in her glory, was riding through the streets of Berlin when she saw a little child leading a blind woman, and she said: "Come here, my little child, come here. Who is that you are leading by the hand?" And the little child replied: "That's my mother; that's Amelia Steininger. She used to be a great singer, but she lost her voice, and she cried so much about it that she lost her eyesight." "Give my love to her," said Madame Sontag, "and tell her an old acquaintance will call on her this afternoon."

The next week in Berlin a vast assemblage gathered at a benefit for that poor blind woman, and it is said that Madame Sontag sang that night as she had never sung before. And she took a skilled occulist, who in vain tried to give eyesight to the poor blind woman. Until the day of Amelia Steininger's death, Madame Sontag took care of her, and her daughter after her. That was what the queen of song did for her enemy.

But, oh, hear a more thrilling story still. Blind, immortal, poor and lost, thou who, when the world and Christ were rivals for thy heart, didst kiss thy Lord away—Christ comes now to give thee heaven. With more than a Sontag's generosity, He comes now to meet your need. With more than a Sontag's music he comes to plead for thy deliverance.

THE GREAT KATKOFF.

A Talented Editor Who Was the Power Behind the Russian Throne.

The recent death of Michael Katkoff, editor of the Moscow *Gazette*, was a political event. Like Alexander Hertzen and Ivan Aksakoff, and more powerfully than they, he wielded a moral sway and public influence such as would seem hardly possible in a country ruled by the absolute will of an autocrat. * * * Katkoff's great opportunity was the Polish insurrection of 1863. Russia's pride had been keenly wounded by the Crimean War, but the Emancipation of the serfs decreed by Alexander II., and the other liberal measures initiated by him, had inspired fresh hopes and opened wide vistas of freedom and greatness combined. These anticipations were nearly dashed by the insurrection, which, favored by France, Austria and England, for a moment threatened to force Russia back beyond the Dnieper. In spite of this, Hertzen, true to his cosmopolitan radicalism, agitated in favor of the Poles. Katkoff, at the head of the Moscow *Gazette*, demolished that former idol of Liberal Russia. As the champion of the Russian idea and the Panslavic future, he goaded on the government, roused the masses, and applauded the most heartless and sanguinary repression. When the storm was over Katkoff was a journalistic dictator.—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

A Valuable Invention.

A new method of melting iron has been devised in Germany. The cupola is supplied with blast through two tuyeres, one above the other, there being eighteen in each set; the tuyers are ports, with the form of a vertical slat, are directly connected with the tuyere ring. The particular feature of the cupola is that the bottom is a slightly inverted arch, which is pierced by two openings, through which both blasts, or rather imperfectly consumed gases of combustion, and the fluid can flow. Below is a small chamber in which the iron collects; it is heated by the gases forced downward from the cupola above, these being supplied with the necessary air for combustion by a special tuyere leading to the main pipe—the chamber at the same time serving to pre-heat scrap, etc., which need only to be pushed into the bath for dissolving it. Of course, considerable quantities of scrap can be used by directly charging an ordinary cupola; but it is claimed in this case the advantages presented are economy of fuel and a greater facility for making sharp, strong castings and a purer description of metal.—*Boston Budget.*

—A Burlington girl, being remonstrated with for wearing a bustle, silenced her critic by saying: "Well, we girls, like every body else, must have something to fall back on."

YOU ALL KNOW HIM.

A Numerous Individual That Positively Would Never Be Missed.

There is one style of young man that worries me, frankly declares a Chicago *Journal* contributor. Young men as a general thing do not worry me, because some years ago I was a young man myself. Of course I don't much admire the tough, the gambler, the pool-player, etc., but the particular style of young man that worries me most is the dramatically-inclined young man—the young man who goes to a theater every other day merely to "catch on" to something funny or tragic with which to regale his acquaintances. I call to mind a young fellow, in other respects extremely bright, who, on the slightest provocation, or in fact without any provocation whatever, will begin swinging his arms and strutting around, muttering something about "'Sdeath," "bludd" and other unpleasant things. At other times he will repeat a string of heart-rending jokes and puns, and possibly a funny poem of the vintage of '65. He is a fair sample of the class I refer to. He reads all the theatrical publications and bores people to death telling them how McGuffin and Gilhooly made a hit in their new play, and how he and Gilhooly used to live within a few squares of each other, and he had often seen the great Gilhooly off the stage! If some means could be devised to prevent this young man repeating the same jokes and quotations day after day, his presence would be more endurable, but in an evil moment somebody smiles at one of his imitations, and that being conclusive evidence (to him) that he is exceedingly funny, he goes through the same performance over and over again. You all know this young man; he is usually redheaded and wears his hair long, like a German musician. I wish I could suggest a remedy for this growing evil, but I can't. The only thing to do is to grit and bear it, but grin as little as possible.

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

BY THE WAY.

—The latest styles of fringes are the Asbury Spray, Niagara Rapid, Thousand Island Dot, and Chautauqua Circle.

—Regular monthly meeting of the Middlesex Gun Club, Saturday evening, Aug. 27th, at Force's Hotel, this city, at eight o'clock.

—There was a noticeable absence of fans and linen dusters on the streets this morning, and instead an occasional Fall overcoat was seen.

—The "Star" base ball club (colored) of this city will, some time during next week, go to Little Washington, to play a match game with a club from that place.

—Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., held its regular semi-monthly encampment in the post-room last evening. Only the usual routine business was transacted.

—A washerwoman's piano in the Boulevard sprang a leak yesterday, and an infant sitting on the floor came near being carried away from the musical flow under the key-board.

—The Central Railroad Company is making decided improvements at the Fanwood station. New walks have been laid in place of the old ones, and other necessary repairs made.

—Dogs are still bringing fifty cents a pound. Babbitt has full charge of the market; he gets most of his stock from the Boulevard, with an occasional shipment from New Foundland, Spitz and "Kloodletown."

—A company has just been incorporated in this State for the purpose of manufacturing Welsbach gas burners to be sold in the South. It is to be known as the Welsbach Incandescent Gaslight company, and its capital stock is $2,500,000.

—Mrs. Price of South Second street, lodged a complaint against her landlord, Patrick Moran, charging him with abusive language and threatening to kick in a door. The case came up before the City Judge yesterday, when the defendant was fined $5 and costs.

—The Reform Club that was organized at Red Bank under the supervision of Mabee and English, the temperance evangelists, about a year and a half ago and nearly succumbed, was reorganized last night. About forty out of 500 responded to the call. A new roll was opened and all those in arrears were dropped.

—A new disease has made its appearance among the horses in the lower part of the State, which has already assumed serious proportions. A number of veterinarians have been making a careful diagnosis of the disease, which bears a close resemblance to spinal meningitis. Nearly twenty valuable horses have died this week at Tuckerton and five times that number are reported dead in the vicinity. The State Board of Health has been notified.

—Tommy Ryne, aged twelve, was drowned in Peter's Brook, near Somerville, Monday forenoon. He was the son of Phillip Ryne, a railroad boss on the South Branch road. Tommy was playing by the stream with other boys, when he stepped on a stone and fell over backwards into a hole. The other boys ran for help. They got assistance and succeeded in bringing the boy to shore in an unconscious condition. A physician worked hard to resuscitate the boy, but without success.

—On Tuesday Bayonne Prince, Cad and Agnes, three horses which made good time at Waverly last week, were struck by lightning in Scott Smith's barn at Flemington. Cad and Agnes were killed instantly, and the other horse was badly hurt. Bayonne Prince's owners refused $12,000 for him after he had done half a mile in 1.12½, and Cad's owner refused $8,000 for him a few days ago. The barn also caught fire, and was totally destroyed. Mr. John S. Bishop, of Bound Brook, informs us that he importuned the owner of the building struck by lightning, months ago, to have the same protected by lightning rods, which he failed to do.

WAS IT "WINKIE" CONOVER?

Additional Facts Concerning the Body Found at Bound Brook Yesterday.

Again THE PRESS comes to the front as a model newspaper, having published in detail a full and accurate account of the finding of the trunk and legs of a human being by a colored man in a clump of weeds, near Bound Brook yesterday morning several hours before the fact became generally known. Neither were our presses stopped to "make room" for an alleged "skeleton" dispatch copied from some other paper, but the whole account was legitimate news gathered by our own representative on the spot. Surely this is a "scald" for other so-called newspapers in this vicinity. As we stated yesterday Mr. Benj. B. Field on whose property the remains were found, drove over to New Brunswick and notified Coroner Joseph Hayter. The latter went to the place about five o'clock yesterday afternoon and viewed the remains. The pockets were found to contain nothing. They were rotted out and one of them were found in the underclothing. The pants worn by the victim are in an excellent state of preservation, and some of the flesh still adhered to the bones. The clothing and gaiter are the only means by which identification can be established. What remained of the body was taken to New Brunswick this morning by Mr. Field, acting under instructions from the Coroner, and the inquest will be held at that place this afternoon.

Residents of Bound Brook are still strong in the belief that the body is that of "Winkie" Conover. Those who followed the fugitive on the night of the post office robbery claimed that he entered the waters and sank but a short distance from shore. Another point which illustrates the possibility of the body floating down stream and becoming tangled up in the wire fencing is the fact that the Raritan river on that eventful night was very much swollen from the heavy rains. The place where the remains were found is oftentimes submerged when the water in the river is high. Several reports have been put into circulation since the robbery to the effect that "Winkie" Conover has frequently been seen in various parts of the State, but no truth is attached to the reports.

LATER.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 25.—Coroner Hayter empanelled a jury to-day to ascertain the facts in the case of the remains of the unknown man found in the weeds at "Field Villa," near Bound Brook, yesterday. The jury met at the morgue, and after viewing the remains, adjourned over until Monday, September 5th. The adjournment was made so as to produce important evidence in the matter.

It is presumable that the important evidence referred to in the dispatch is to be obtained from pals of Conover, and the prisoner who was with the alleged Conover at the time of the robbery.

Granted a Divorce.

Testimony was taken before Special Master in Chancery, John H. Van Winkle, two weeks ago, in the case of Charlotte C. Morris (nee Haberle) of this city, against her husband, Charles Edward Morris for divorce on the ground of desertion. The testimony was referred to Washington B. Williams of Jersey City, to whom all ex-party cases are referred. He in turn passed upon it and Chancellor McGill yesterday granted the decree. The case was brought in the Court of Chancery by Charlotte C. Morris, petitioner, and the defendant was her husband, Charles Edward Morris, charging that "the said defendant has been guilty of wilful, continued and obstinate desertion of the petitioner during the term of three years." The decree states: "It is therefore on the 22d day of August, by his honor, Alexander T. McGill, Jr., Chancellor of the State of New Jersey, by virtue of the power and authority of this court and of the acts of the Legislature in such case made and provided, ordered adjudged and decreed that the said Charlotte C. Morris and the said defendant, Charles E. Morris be decreed from the bond of matrimony for the cause aforesaid and the marriage between them is hereby dissolved accordingly and the said parties and each of them are and is hereby freed and discharged from the obligations thereof." Signed Alex. T. McGill, Jr., Chancellor. Accompanying the decree is the following:

I, Allan McDermott, Clerk of the Court of Chancery of the State of New Jersey, the same being a Court of Record, do hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the final decree of divorce in a case wherein Charlotte C. Morris is the petitioner and Charles Edward Morris is defendant now on the files of my office. In testimony whereof I have hereto set my hand and affixed the seal of said Court at Trenton, this 24th day of August, A. D., one thousand, eight hundred and eighty-seven.

"ALEX. MCDERMOTT."

City Judge Ulrich appeared as counsel for the petitioner, and he is to be congratulated on so successful a termination of the case in so short a time after the testimony was taken.

—The usual weekly meeting of the Reform Club will take place this evening.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Dr. Geo. W. Endicott of Park avenue is home from his Summer vacation.

Mr. E. H. Holmes and family of East Front street, have returned from Block Island.

Mrs. Thad. O. Doane and son, Hervey, of West Fifth street, are at Asbury Park for a week.

Miss Carrie E. Randolph, of Central avenue, returned on Monday last, from a pleasant sojourn at Asbury Park.

Miss Kate Kimball, General Secretary of the C. L. S. C., has returned from the annual assembly at Chautauqua, N. Y.

Miss Lillie Frits, daughter of Dr. J. T. Fritts of Park avenue, has left Asbury Park for a two week's visit at Readington, N. J.

Mr. "Dore" Kurzhal, son of Mr. Theo. Kurzhal, the tonsorial artist, is enjoying himself at "The Arlington," Ocean Grove, for a few weeks.

The Misses Matie and Nellie Breen, daughters of Warden Breen, of Elizabeth, are visiting the Misses Weaver, of Grove street, North Plainfield.

Mrs. Elmore D. Moffett of this city, and wife of Recorder of Deeds in the County Clerk's office, has returned from her visit to Asbury Park.

Mr. Armstrong Mulford of East Fourth street is rejoicing over the advent of a young daughter, whose age will be recorded from Monday night.

Mr. Geo. P. Dupee and family returned yesterday to their residence on Rockview avenue from Kennebunkport, Me., where they have spent the Summer.

Mr. Charles Collins, Manager of the Criterion Theatre, New York city, is spending a few days in this city, stopping at the well-known Miller's Hotel.

Mr. Tony Pastor and "Gov" Add Ryman, the well known minstrel, were the guests of Mr. J. B. Miller of Laing's Hotel during their stay in this city.

Among the patents granted to residents of this State for the week ending Tuesday, August 23d, was one issued to Mr. Walter Scott, of this city, for a sheet delivery apparatus.

Mrs. Cleveland and party passed through Elizabeth yesterday morning on their return to Washington, on a special car attached to the Southern Express of the Pennsylvania railroad.

Mr. Edward Campbell, a compositor formerly residing in this city, but now enjoying a position in the Government Printing office at Washington, D. C., is at home on a thirty day's furlough.

Mrs. George C. Martin, her two sons, Frank and Albert, and daughter, Miss Alice, of Central avenue and eighth street, are spending two weeks in Upper New York State, starting on Wednesday.

Among the Summer sojourners in this city who are stopping at Miller's Hotel for the season, are: Mr. John B. Moore, wife, maid and three children of New York, and Mrs. G. A. Moulton, maid and family of Astoria, Long Island.

Mr. William Seaman, for many years past connected with the Patent Office at Washington, D. C., is stopping with his wife at Miller's Hotel. Mr. Seaman formerly resided in this city, but has not been here within the past twenty-five years.

A young "Gazeller" has arrived in town in the person of a male heir to Mr. and Mrs. Jeremiah Moore, of West Fourth street. The little one arrived yesterday morning, and despite the fact that his father weighed him three times, the scales would only balance 14½ pounds.

After a very pleasant visit with the Misses Green, of Eighth street, Miss Gertrude Spalding, of Syracuse, N. Y., left on Monday to visit her uncle, Rev. Mr. Chase, an Episcopal clergyman of Scarsdale, N. Y., after which she will again enter Wellesley college for another course of instruction.

Mrs. Sarah Winans, aged eighty years and six months, died suddenly at the residence of her son in North Plainfield, yesterday after an illness of two days from dysentery. Deceased was the mother-in-law of Mr. A. H. Martin of No. 37 Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, where the funeral will take place to-morrow morning at ten o'clock.

A New Coal Yard.

In another column we publish the card of Hetfield Bros., who have leased the coal yard of A. L. Cadmus, located on South street, adjoining Potter's Press Works, and are prepared to furnish estimates on all grades of coal and wood. Their offices will be located at the yard, and at the law office of Walter L. Hetfield, No. 18 Park avenue. Mr. John M. Hetfield has had nine years' experience in the coal business in the cities of Chicago and New York, and in this city. We can safely assure the public that they will receive the best quality of coal and honorable dealings from the firm.

—A grand Picnic will be held at Mount Bethel Hall, Mt. Bethel, N. J., on Thursday, September 8th, 1887. Music by Prof. O'Riely.

The Ball at Netherwood.

The subscription ball given at The Netherwood, last evening, of which we had already published the details, was undeniably the most brilliant affair of what has been quite a brilliant season. The spacious parlors were crowded with youth and beauty of the present and of the past, and besides the guests who were there, and the usual number of cottage residents, New York and other gay cities contributed a belle or two, and a swell or two for the occasion. So many marvels of beauty and art in costumes and complexions, have seldom illuminated with kalidoscopic brilliancy our suburban hotel. The dresses—many of them created especially for the occasion—were, with scarcely an exception, especially elegant; and those who graced them were, with fewer exceptions, particularly pretty. After the parlor walls had long been lined with the better dressed, and the piazza windows crowded with the more modestly attired of the spectators, the ball opened with a march led by the Floor Committee with their wives and ladies. A well selected programme of dance followed, that extended the affair into the hours of early morning. Additional pieces had been added to the regular orchestra, and the music, in consequence, was all that could be desired. Below we give the names of the committees in charge, the members of which had subscribed a purse of two hundred dollars that was tendered the orchestra for their season's service.

Floor Committee—Messrs. J. R. Plum, Jr., F. Martin, Jr., H. D. Brewster, A. P. Eckert, Wm. J. Roome.

Reception Committee—Messrs. J. L. Anthony, A. E. Benary, S. E. Buchanan, H. W. Bowen, T. H. Cullen, J. W. Condit, W. H. Eckert, W. L. Flagg, Dr. A. H. Goelet, E. B. Howard, A. T. J. Rice, H. C. Swain, Wm. Yelland, Count Marazzi, J. J. Corning, S. D. Freshman, J. A. Jansen, H. L. Jansen, D. Jesurun, Isaac Lewis, F. Martin, H. W. Martin, J. R. Plum, C. N. Parsons, C. H. Parsons, J. B. Ryer, Charles Rous, S. H. Tobey, E. M. Knowles, G. Clark, Jr., E. J. Abbs.

Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Brewster, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Roome, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Swain, Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Plum, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Knowles, Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Freshman; Miss Plum, Miss Cullen, Miss Condit, Miss Swain, Miss Yelland, Miss Knowles, Miss Lawrence; Messrs. F. Martin, Jr., J. R. Plum, Jr., A. P. Eckert, H. W. Martin, G. Clark, Jr., J. R. Talbot, H. Dunn, the Count Marazzi and the Marquis Caracce.

Other Accidents on the Central.

Besides the wreck between Westfield and Cranford early yesterday morning, as only reported correctly in these columns, the Central Railroad Company will lose several thousands of dollars by other accidents along its line during yesterday. A second blockade occurred at Bayonne that was caused by some coal cars jumping the track. Hardly had the wreck been cleared away when, at noon, a large steamer from Newark crashed into the draw over the bay bridge, partly demolishing the western side of it, and forcing the company to use the eastern tracks. How this accident happened is not clearly known, and it is claimed that the captain of the steamer was at fault. One thing is certain, the drawbridge was badly damaged by the collision and it will require considerable labor to put it into condition.

Handsome Badges.

Mr. Robert Radford of this city has furnished the Middlesex Gun Club the four handsome badges or trophies, which the members of this popular and growing club will contest for once every month. To become personal property the trophy must be won three times. The live pigeon trophies represent a gold bar with pendants and wreath. On the face of the bar is a silver hammerless gun. In the centre of the wreath is a silver live pigeon. In a circle over the bird appears in black enamel the words "Middlesex Gun Club." Below is a space left for name of winner and date. The clay pigeon trophies differ in the substitution of a silver clay bird for the live one. Three of the four trophies are now on exhibition in the show windows of the PRESS office.

Property Out of Market.

About all of the property belonging to the Central N. J. Land Improvement Company lying along the railroad for some distance west of the new factory of the Pond tool works, has been taken out of market for the present. Land that could have been purchased a few weeks ago at a fair price, cannot now be had for any price. We hope to be able in a few days to give our readers some additional facts concerning the new manufacturing establishment which is about to locate here.

—The Legislative election in New Jersey this year will be of great political importance, and the campaign is likely to be an exciting one. The Senators chosen will have a vote for United States Senator in 1889, and the joint meeting will fill two of the most important State offices, those of Comptroller and Treasurer, besides many other positions.

Base Ball.

According to the claims of Mr. Manning, Secretary of the "Lone Stars," of Westfield, that club defeated the Y. M. C. A's of this city, yesterday, in a "forfeited game" by the customary score of nine to nothing. The game had been arranged by correspondence, and the Westfield club had been written to be sure and come. They now claim that the Y. M. C. A's refused to play when it was discovered upon their arrival that the "Lone Stars" were colored. The Plainfield nine says it could not play because the grounds were too muddy. The result is that Westfield claims the game.

As will be understood by the extract below, taken from the Somerville *Gazette*, the "West End" ball nine of that town is making extensive preparation to welome the Y. M. C. A's of this city to a glorious defeat, next Saturday. Unless Plainfield sends the best team to be had, we rather incline to the belief ourselves, they will return home victims instead of victors. The article below promises that Mr. Dilts will play—which is good news as the infield is not "up to its usual form" of late. The Cadmus brothers are a battery to be depended on, and with good support then the Somerville nine will reap a distinct defeat:

"For Saturday, Aug. 27, a game has been arranged with the Y. M. C. A. club of Plainfield, which has won many games this season, and is composed of veteran college players, among whom is Rev. A. R. Dilts whose superb playing has been frequently witnessed by our residents. This will be the first time he has been pitted against his brother, George Dilts, a member of the home team, who also has a fine record as a ball player, and much good-natured rivalry is anticipated. Both will play short-stop for the opposing teams. The game will, without doubt, be the finest of the season. It is expected that the new grand stand on the West End grounds will be ready for use at the game on Saturday."

Children Must Attend School.

Under the laws of this State children must attend school at least twenty weeks each year. For the benefit of parents we herewith produce the law on the subject. Section sixth of the act is as follows:

And be it enacted, that in all cities having a duly organized police force, it shall be the duty of the police authority, at the request of the inspectors of factories and workshops, or of the school authority, to detail one or more members of said force to assist in the enforcement of this act, and in districts having no regular police force, subject to this act, it shall be the duty of the Board of Education, or of the school district officers, to designate one or more constables of said city, township or village, whose duty it shall be to assist in the enforcement of this act, as occasion may require, and said Board of Education shall fix and determine the compensation to be paid such police officer or constable for the performance of his duties under the act; members of any police force or any constable designated to assist in the enforcement of this act, as provided in this section, shall be known as truant officers; provided, that in districts where no constable resides the said board shall have power to appoint some other suitable person as truant officer.

Sections 5 and 10 of the act are as follows:

And be it enacted, that all children between the ages of seven and fifteen who are habitual truants from school, or who, while in attendance at any public school, are incorrigible, vicious or immoral in conduct, and all children between the said ages who absent themselves habitually from school, and habitually wander about streets and public places during school hours, shall be deemed juvenile disorderly persons and subject to the provisions of this act.

And be it enacted, that two weeks' attendance of children between twelve and fifteen years of age at a recognized half-time or evening school shall, for all purposes of this act, be counted as one week at a day school.

Circular to Stockholders.

The New Jersey Central Railroad Company on Monday sent out the following circular to stockholders: "We enclose for your signature an assent of stockholders in statutory form to the purchase by the Central Railroad of New Jersey of its necessary constituent railroads with a view to bring them more effectually under the general mortgage, in furtherance of the plan of reorganization, as set forth in the circular of June 3, 1887. As this company owns all their capital stocks, except minority interests in the stocks of the New York and Long Branch railroad and the South Branch railroad, which are being acquired under options reserved in the leases of these roads, the purchase of the railroads in question involves no outlay of money or issue of stock or bonds other than as provided in the plan of reorganization. The assent includes the railroads of the following companies, which are not now necessary constituent companies and the stock of which is not owned by this company, but which will be purchased hereafter if it should prove expedient so to do—viz., the Cumberland and Maurice River, the Cumberland and Maurice Extension, the Dover and Rockaway and the Ogden Mine Railroad company."

The papers sent out for signatures assents to the purchase of twelve, viz: the Constable's Hook, the High Bridge, the Lake Hopatcong, the Longwood Valley, the Manufacturer's, the Long Branch and Sea Shore, the New Jersey Southern, the New York and Long Branch, the South Branch, the Toms River, the Vineland and the West End.

DUNELLEN NEWS.

What Our Neighbors are Doing.

The Public School will re-open for Fall term on Monday, September 5th.

Mr. William J. Hamilton and family are Summering at Ocean Grove, having taken a cottage there early in the season. They will return about September 1st.

The Misses Imogene and Fannie Smith, teachers in the public school, have returned from Asbury Park, where they have been spending a portion of their vacation.

Borough Commissioner John Handren, is one of the sort of people who believes in enjoying life. Just now he is cruising with his family and a party of friends on his handsome yacht, "Rena." Late advices locate the party at Newport, and all are enjoying excellent health. The return trip will be made about the first of September.

Mrs. A. C. Craft, aged about 60 years, was last week stricken down with paralysis. She retired as usual at night, but when she awoke next morning the entire left side was paralyzed, and she was unable to talk. Mrs. Craft's late husband was a well known hotel keeper in New York city. During the Summer he conducted a large hotel at Rockaway Beach.

Mr. Abner Coriell, a former resident here, but now doing business in Tennessee, has returned on a visit. It may not be generally known, but nevertheless Abner's prolonged absence proved too great a strain on the mind of his *fiancee*, a most estimable young lady of this place, who became ill, and a letter addressed to Tennessee soon had the desired effect. Mr. Coriell and the young lady in question have been rusticating at Budd's Lake for some time past, where the latter is rapidly improving in health and spirits. Mr. Coriell's sudden return it is said, worked like a charm, and it is whispered that when he returns to the South, he will not travel alone.

SCOTCH PLAINS.

The Twilight Base Ball Club of Scotch Plains, go to Morristown, N. J., and play a match game with the crack Morris club, this afternoon, which it is expected will be a very interesting game. The Morris club is considered one of the crack clubs of the State, holding the pennant in that vicinity, and having met and defeated the Dovers, Cuban Giants, etc. In fact, their reputation is well-known. The Club was organized eight years ago, while the Twilights are a young club, composed of young players from fourteen to twenty years of age. The latter Club, however, has played twelve consecutive games, all of which they have won. It is to be hoped that the Twilights may be fortunate enough to return victorious, as they certainly show game in tackling such a Club as that with which they will compete today.

WESTFIELD.

The Board of Health have ordered ten new health ordinances printed for distribution in our township.

Emily, wife of George Keyser, gave birth to triplets on Tuesday last. One of the children died in about half an hour after its birth. The other two are healthy and strong.

A detail of eighteen men of our new Military company went to Elizabeth last evening to the Third Regiment headquarters to be sworn in and measured for their suits.

WASHINGTONVILLE.

Richard A. Rogers of New York, is spending his vacation with his cousins at Highland Farm.

A stage load of our citizens went down to Boynton Beach, today, to hunt the festive mosquito and the wily crab.

Mr. and Mrs. LeFoy of Newark, are spending the Summer at the farm residence of ex-Mayor Lary, at Union Village.

The large bridge leading to Morristown on the main road, has not been built yet, and the temporary one laid on one side is in a most dangerous condition for loaded teams to pass over, especially at night.

Concerning the K. of P.

The Supreme Keeper of Records and Seals' annual report has been published and shows the order to be in a prosperous condition. At the beginning of the year there were 2,695 subordinate lodges with a membership of 183,682. There are 11 Past Supreme Chancellors, 605 Past Grand Chancellors, 148,484 Knights, 1,404 Esquires, and 1,810 Pages. The receipts in all the lodges during the year were $1,711,927.61, which, with balances on hand, made $3,680,476.08. From this there was paid for relief and burials, $532,920.75; for current expenses, $765,157.71, leaving on hand at interest the sum of $2,382,398.52. The sum of $84,493.64 is also credited to the fund for orphan or school purposes. The Supreme Lodge fund shows $11,477.75 in the hands of the Supreme Master Exchequer, and total assets at $16,539.83 Pennsylvania is the largest jurisdiction, with 377 lodges, and 56,170 members; Ohio comes next, with 212 lodges, and 35,898 members; New York is third, with 183 lodges and 11,875 members.

GETTING DOWN TO WORK

THE UNITED LABOR PARTY LOSING NO TIME.

Sending Out Pamphlets—Rev. McGlynn Addresses a Picnic Crowd—The Socialists Very Active.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—The state executive committee of the united labor party is getting its material into shape, so that when it is ready to begin work in earnest there will be no time lost. John J. Bealin is collating and arranging into assembly districts the names of those who have at any time in the past expressed themselves as being in sympathy with Henry George or with the united labor party. Already several thousand names of such men in this state have been gathered from various sources. "Land and labor" books by the thousand are being forwarded to all parts of the state, and the managers are bending every effort to make the coming campaign on other than personal issues.

Dr. McGlynn addressed a crowd of 8,000 picnicing working people at Harlem yesterday. He was received with unbounded enthusiasm, and said:

"It is well that the workers should have time to engage in innocent merry-making, because they deserve it; but it is also well that a labor organization should hear what has been done at the great labor convention held in Syracuse. If the aims of the united labor party are attained every man will be able to have more leisure for recreation. In fact, it is the purpose of that party to obtain strict and absolute justice for the people. We do not seek more than justice, for that would mean that some would be robbed to keep others in idleness, and I have too much confidence in the toiling masses to believe that they would injure others."

He went on to say that the justice they sought was merely a free field and no favors. Their demand was nothing more than what the creator had given to all should belong to all to the end of time. They desired an equal opportunity to reach the materials on which labor, one of God's laws to men, has to exert itself in order to live. These materials were contained in the earth, which had been given equally to all men, with the sunlight, the air and water. Landlordism and aristocracy had deprived the children of men of their birthright by unnatural laws, and now they intended that those who were permitted by society to use the bounties of nature should pay the community for the use. Then monopoly in the natural elements would be destroyed. Labor would always find employment and being in constant demand would be able to regulate its hours and would consequently work fewer hours than now and receive a higher requital. Great fortunes would be no longer possible and men would be restored to nearer equality. The object of the labor movement was the abolition of poverty and by the abolition of so vile a monster many crimes of to-day would be unknown. Murderous tenements would be razed to the ground, and there would be fresh air and sunlight for all; the children and the naked would be clothed and intemperance unheard of. It would then be easier to get an honest living, and there would be no incentive to roguery. There would be no child or woman laboring from day to day for a bare pittance, and the physical condition of the whole people would be improved. Then labor would rule, and would not be so unwise as not to have what belonged to it. Then would begin the dawning of that glorious day when the will of the Father would be done on earth as it was in heaven.

When Dr. McGlynn took his seat the applause that followed could have been heard a block away. Henry George was expected, but sent his apologies, as he was busy with his paper.

August W. Mayer occupied the chair of the Tenth assembly district meeting of the united labor party last night. Among the eighty members present were Paul Meyer, Charles L. Miller, Jesse G. Miller and other knights of labor and Joe Sooder of "Big 6." An American flag was prominently displayed. Twelve new members were initiated and the pledge required of them was, "Do you renounce allegiance to the democratic, republican, socialistic, labor and all other parties?" On answering in the affirmative they were given a copy of the constitution.

August W. Meyer, in his report of the doings of the Syracuse convention, said many uncomplimentary things of the socialists, whose only purpose now, he said, was to destroy the united labor party.

Paul Meyer then presented a resolution which said that the Syracuse convention of the united labor party had adopted a declaration of principles which most fittingly voiced their sentiments, presenting their demands on a broad and comprehensive platform, calculated to meet the views of all classes who desired to unite for the advancement and improvement of society, and resolved to indorse the platform and pledged themselves to support "most energetically the candidates nominated," and inviting all fair-minded citizens to sink all minor differences for the achievement of our great cause. The resolution went through with a hurrah.

A German member berated the *Leader* and *Volks-Zeitung* for being "on the side of the capitalistic press in denouncing the united labor party." A resolution is now pending to boycott the *Leader*. It was held over until the meeting of the association Friday night.

The German branch of the Sixteenth assembly district association, which had three representatives in the regular body, withdrew from the united labor party Tuesday night. Two of its delegates, however, refused to secede and many of the branch's members joined the regular association, which elected a German delegate to the county general committee. Among the questions asked of intending members is: "Are you a member of the socialistic labor party?"

At a meeting of socialists Moses Oppenheimer caused a sensation when he said:

"Henry George received last fall a campaign contribution from a well-known anarchist, and ——"

"Who was the anarchist?" interrupted several members.

Oppenheimer refused to mention the name, but Walter Vrooman said:

"It was Justus H. Schwab." The latter is the blonde-whiskered saloon-keeper, of No. 50 First street, and when he recently went on a bond for a friend, Schwab said he was worth $30,000 in United States bonds.

"McMackin," continued Oppenheimer, "denies that George received a check from an anarchist. It was not a check, it was plain cash. How about the check McMackin received from Allen Thorndyke Rice? If George denies that he received the money, I will bring forward my witnesses, and the public can choose between them."

Editor William O'Brien Arrested.

DUBLIN, Aug. 25.—William O'Brien was served this afternoon with a summons to appear at the Mitchelston county court, September 19, to answer a complaint for obstructing the sheriffs and making inflammatory speeches on the 9th and 11th inst. He took the matter with coolness. The day is well put off, it will be seen.

PROHIBITIONISTS' CONVENTION

Chairman Wolfe's Speech—He Says Some Unpleasant Things.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 25.—The prohibition state convention is in session here. Charle S. Wolfe, of Union county, who was the prohibition candidate for governor a year ago, was made permanent chairman of the convention.

When Mr. Wolfe was introduced three cheers were given for him. He arraigned the republican party for its insincerity on the liquor question. He said that the republican party have so shaped their legislation as to hold out a bribe to the taxpayers of the state. Part of the money received from liquor sellers now goes into the county treasuries and thus increases the difficulty of enacting a total prohibition law. "Let it be understood once for all," he said, "that we are not temperance men who will accept high or low license as a practicable thing. We recognize any license as wrong. The license system has completely debauched our political system. It is all wrong. Men are not elected to the legislature because of their fitness, but because of their availability to the liquor class. This is also true with reference to monopoly interests."

Mr. Wolfe said that in 1873, while he was a member of the house of representatives, he saw an agent of the Pennsylvania railroad give legislators their orders how to vote, not only on railroads, but on other questions. Speaking of the riot bribers, Mr. Wolfe said that four of them pleaded guilty in order to save men higher in office. Before the case was tried, said Mr. Wolfe, Quay sent for him and asked him, for God's sake, not to push the suit, as it would ruin the republican party. The bribers were convicted and sentenced to imprisonment, but the pardon board, including Quay, pardoned the men the day they were sentenced. A few years ago, when Quay was elected state treasurer, Wolfe left the republican party. In closing, Mr. Wolfe said he was one of the men who helped elect Gov. Pattison, and if he has no greater sin to answer for when he comes to the bar of heaven he will rejoice indeed. The speaker then gave Gov. Beaver a whack for discontinuing the coal pool suits, and wound up by saying that the Pennsylvania railroad company furnished free trains for Blaine in Pennsylvania during the last campaign to please the republican party.

The resolutions which were adopted, declare that no political issue is so important as is the suppression of the manufacture and sale of intoxicating beverages and that the republican and democratic parties are in complicity with and under subjection of the saloon power; they arraign both parties on specific charges, and made this declaration:

We favor protection to American labor and capital the restriction of immigration, as against pauper and criminal classes, the reservation of our public lands for actual settlers, popular education with the retention of the Bible in our public schools, just pensions to our dependent soldiers or their families, civil service based on personal character and official fitness, and a wise economical administration of public affairs.

The business session of the convention last evening lasted only half an hour. All that remains for the convention to do is the nomination of candidates, which will take place to-day. It is generally conceded that Simeon B. Chase, of Easton, who was the prohibition candidate for supreme judge in 1879, will again be named, and that Capt. Dallas C. Irish, of Newcastle, will be nominated for state treasurer.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Nearly 100 cattle have died in St. Louis of Texas fever within the past three days.

Lord and Lady Lansdowne arrived in Quebec on their return from a six weeks' fishing trip in the maritime provinces.

S. S. Spangler, a stock raiser and old settler living near Ness City Kan., shot and killed Milo McCaskey in self-defence during a quarrel.

Otto Bronson of Poolville, N. Y., played base ball on Sunday, and while he was at the bat a pitched ball struck him in the temple and he fell dead.

W. J. Murphy, superintendent of the Buffalo division of the Erie railroad, has been made general superintendent in place of B. Thomas resigned.

Dr. J. E. Seeley, a well-known physician of Rochester, who is prominent in grand army circles, has been arrested by officers from Syracuse on charge of malpractice.

The will of the late Col. A. A. Talmage, the St. Louis millionaire who left the bulk of his property to his second wife, will be contested by his three children by the first wife.

MM. Stolloff and Grekoff have refused to join the Bulgarian ministry, which will apparently be composed of nonentities, as the leading men of the country are holding atoof.

Gov. Foraker made speeches at the Clinton county and Fayette county fairs yesterday. He will formally open the campaign in Caldwell, Noble county on Sept. 17.

The Cologne *Gazette* says that negotiations will shortly be opened between France and Germany regarding expulsions. France only agrees to negotiate on the reopening of the chambers, reserving meanwhile the right to retaliate for expulsions from Alsace Lorraine.

Admiral Luce gave a reception on board the flagship Richmond at Bar Harbor. Among the guests were Secretary Whitney, Mayor Hewitt and Mrs. T. DeWitt Talmage and daughter. The squadron sailed last evening, the Galena to New York to ship a crew, and the others to Newport.

The London *Times*, referring to the Manitoban railway and Canadian tariff questions, says: "The position altogether seems to be one in which the heedless haste of a few persons must precipitate the solution of a very extensive question, in which the whole future of the dominion is bound up."

The county republican executive committee has removed the name of Thomas Johnson, the present prosecuting attorney of Lawrence county, O., and candidate for re-election from the ticket. Mr. Johnson has been drinking heavily and has disappeared mysteriously, leaving unpaid about $2,000 private debts.

Morris H. Baxter, 28 years of age and unmarried, a drummer of Danbury, Conn., who went to Arizona last year as agent for an embossing oil, was found dead in bed at the Dayton house. He had written to friends in Ridgeport, but his letters were unheeded. Death resulted from rheumatism of the heart.

The superior court at Grand Rapids Mich., has granted Harriet Friant a divorce from her husband, Thomas Friant, the wealthy lumberman, giving her $95,000 alimony. Twenty-five years ago the couple were poor and lived in Muskegon county. Mr. Friant gradually grew wealthy and became a man of affairs, his wife retained her domestic tastes, and they became estranged. Friant is worth $500,000.

It is said in Berlin that Germany has agreed to support Russia in Bulgarian affairs on condition of Russian neutrality in event of a war between Germany and France, while a Cologne newspaper says that public opinion in Russia is highly suspicious of Germany, and that the strained relations between the two countries is due to this popular antipathy. Russian stocks made a further advance on the Berlin bourse.

FEMALE WORKERS.

Occupations in Which Women Are Engaged in England and Wales.

Writing to the *Pall Mall Gazette*, "A Woman" says: "The number of women employed in definite occupations in England and Wales was, at the census of 1881, 3,408,918. Of these 1,599,730 were employed in various industries, constituting a little over one-fourth of the industrial population: 64,840 were engaged in agriculture, and 1,545,302 were domestic servants. Domestic service is a perfectly womanly occupation, because it implies that complete surrender of liberty and that subordination to another's will which are the brightest jewels of the female crown: but even here woman's inferiority is duly marked by lower wages, the butler being more highly paid than the housekeeper, the valet than the lady's maid, the chef than the —— why the word has not even a feminine; we are obliged to say the female cook. The remaining women who are paid for their work are employed in teaching, nursing, laundry and other minor occupations. Outside these are 4,458,908 women who are 'unoccupied'—that is, unpaid—and of whom the census report says that they are mostly married and employed in domestic and other work. As these do not render service for pecuniary remuneration we are not here concerned with them, save to note that the women who gain their own livelihood number but 1,000,000 less than their so-called 'more fortunate sisters.'"

Sylvanus Cobb at Sea.

When the late Sylvanus Cobb, Jr., was a boy he went to sea. The commander of the ship had a literary turn of mind, and put in the spare hours of one cruise in writing a sea story. One day he came upon deck and, looking down upon a group of seamen, sung out: "Has any one got a penknife?" "I have, sir," replied young Cobb, stepping forward. "Can you make quill pens?" "Yes, sir." "What did you do before you shipped in the navy?" "I was in a printing office, sir." "You are just the one I am looking for. Come with me." Young Cobb was taken into the cabin and made a private secretary, but long before he had finished copying and arranging the captain's manuscript he concluded that he could write a better story himself and tried it.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 26, 1887.

Brown, P M S	Irley, Rebecca Miss
Boag, Peter	Kelser, Anner Mrs
Criswell, Minnie Miss	Larkin, May Miss
Davy, Denver	Mahun, Lorens
Demarest, C M Mrs	McLaughlin, John
Finegan, Wm J	Miller, John M D
Horn, Joseph	Peaslee, Anna N Miss
Hanson, Mr	Partington, Walter
Hayward, John H Jr	Quinn, Kittie Miss
Ward, Margaret Miss	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

DEATHS.

WINANS—In this city, Aug. 24th, Sarah Winans, aged 80 years and 6 months.
Services at A. H. Martin's, No. 37 Jackson avenue, Friday, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—A LARGE ROOM IN THE CITY for storing furniture. Address Box 1369, city. 8-24-d2

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL HOUSES. ENQUIRE of THEODORE GRAY. 8-25-tf

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-23w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

WEST END COAL YARD.

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1

WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

To-Night and To-Morrow Night,

And each day and night during this week you can get at R. J. Shaw's, Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, acknowledged to be the most successful remedy ever sold for the cure of Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption. Get a bottle *to-day* and keep it always in the house, so you can check your cold at once. Price 50c. and $1.00. Sample bottles free. 8-16-y1

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution. W. K. McCLURE, Treasurer.

Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

—PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Good Sellers and Good Wearers.

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,

FROM

PECK'S.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

ANOTHER CONVENTION

A THIRD STATE TICKET BEING MADE IN SYRACUSE.

The Red Flag Waving Again—This Time It is for Temperance—Prohibition-ists Getting to Work.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 25.—Frederick P. Wheeler, the bright young chairman of the prohibition state committee, was strolling around the Empire house with a queer looking oblong badge pinned to his coat.

"What's that Mr. Wheeler," asked an acquaintance eyeing the badge critically.

"That," said Mr. Wheeler with a laugh, "is a crank. We are going to wear them. The old party men say we are cranks, and we won't repudiate the appellation. On the contrary, we have made it our army badge for the war. We polled 26,000 votes last fall, and I think we shall cast at least 45,000 this fall. After that I think we can wear the badge as an honor."

Mr. Wheeler was busy all yesterday greeting the delegates to the prohibition state convention, which meets here to-day. He said that a convention of 918 members had been summoned, and he thought nearly all would be present. It looks as though his forecast would be fulfilled. The New York delegation came 120 strong, bearing a bright red banner. They were accompanied by the Brooklyn delegates forty in number. All of them were in a special train, accompanied by a Poughkeepsie brass band on the way. The New York and Brooklyn delegates were met at the Central railroad depot by the Syracuse good templars, and escorted by them to the Burns house, which, years ago, was a temperance hotel.

The New York men had in their ranks the Rev. J. K. Funk of Funk & Wagnalls, the proprietors of the *Voice*, the chief prohibition organ; W. T. Wardwell, who succeeded in polling 787 votes as a candidate for mayor against Abram S. Hewitt; W. Jennings Demorest, who ran for lieutenant-governor in 1885 against "Jones he pays the freight," and who, of course, was beaten; the Rev. C. H. McCormack, and D. F. Hoxie. Then there was present from the interior ex-Judge Wm. J. Groo, who polled 46,000 votes as the prohibition candidate for judge of the court of appeals in 1886; Henry Clay Bascom of Troy, prohibition candidate for governor in 1885, and A. A. Hopkins of Rochester, prohibition candidate for secretary of state in 1883. John B. Finch of Nebraska, the chairman of the prohibition national committee, will be here to-morrow morning. It was authoritatively announced by Mr. Wheeler to-night that St. John would not be here at the convention.

Mr. Wheeler is rejoicing over the success of the school district canvass made by the party this year. "We have had speeches made in the country schoolhouse everywhere," he said, "and I think we have gained 10,000 voters. Our plan to raise money has also worked well. In some localities they have purchased large tents with this money and have then taken them around the districts and use them as tents in which to make prohibition speeches."

The New York delegates will urge the nomination of T. Thomas Fortune, editor of the *Freedman*, the organ of the colored voters of secretary of state. Otherwise there are no candidates visible. The leaders undoubtedly have a "slate," but they will not make it public. They say frankly that the prohibitionists are as jealous of a "machine" as the members of a labor convention, and they must at least affect not to have any candidates of their own. C. B. Hitchcock of this city is mentioned for comptroller. Morris H. Smith of Brooklyn, a Broad street banker, of the firm of F. B. Wallace & Co., is pressed for state treasurer. The convention has a good many Methodist ministers among its delegates. The convention was preceded by a prayer meeting at 9 o'clock. At 11 the convention proceedings began.

A MOUNTAIN PARTED.

Strange and Startling Demonstrations on Mount Yonah.

ATLANTA, Aug. 25.—John Stevens, of this city, has received a letter from John Grinnell, which says that on Saturday the residents in the vicinity of Mount Yonah, in White county, heard a peculiar rumbling, as of distant thunder. The strange sound was repeated three times, at intervals of twenty or thirty seconds. Immediately after the last rumbling a slight tremor of the earth was felt and the trees rustled as if a storm was approaching. There are persons who say they saw loose dirt moving, at various places, down the side of the mountain. A few hours after the strange disturbance, which occurred at about 10 in the forenoon, some persons who were near the top of the mountain discovered that it had parted, leaving a long narrow chasm running across one of the peaks and extending more than one hundred yards. An examination of the crevice showed large veins of what looked like gold, some eight or ten inches thick. The representative from White county was seen by a reporter at the capitol and he said that he believed the story a canard. He lives within two miles of the top of Mount Yonah and no such news has been sent to him. Mount Yonah is in the gold belt. Mr. Stevens says he knows Mr. Grinnell well and that he is a trustworthy man.

COLORED FREE MASON'S

An Interesting and Important Body Now Deliberating in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—The national masonic convention resumed its sessions at 10 o'clock, with the venerable Lewis Hayden, of Boston, presiding. It is the first gathering of colored masons of the kind ever held in this country. Among the subjects to be discussed during the day are "The true status of Masonry in America," and "Comity among Grand Lodges." The formation of a national body as an advisory board with limited authority will also be considered.

Last evening, with very imposing ceremonies the convention celegrated the receipt from England of the warrant by virtue of which in 1774 the leading free colored citizen of Boston, "Prince Hall," was inducted into the order and raised to the degree of master workman. Orations in reference to this event, and dwelling upon the growth and progress of the order since that time were delivered by Prof. J. H. Pelham, of Missouri, and Samuel W. Clark, of Ohio, both of whom are men of wide learning and of commanding importance in their respective states.

The Ebor Handicap.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The great Ebor handicap of 1,000 sovereigns was run at the York August meeting, and was won by Mr. Brydges Willyams's five-year-old bay mare Silence; Lord Willoughby de Brokes's four-year-old chestnut colt Oliver Twist was second, and Sir R. Jardine's three-year-old bay colt Agitator third. There were seven starters.

A COUNCIL OF WAR

GLADSTONE AND HIS FOLLOWERS IN CONFERENCE.

Preparing for the Great Debate of To-morrow—Enthusiasm for the Grand Old Man—General News.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—Mr. Gladstone held a second conference with Mr. Arnold Morley, the liberal whip, in the lobby of the house of commons shortly before the beginning of the sitting. Their conversation was brief, but earnest, and it is understood that Mr. Morley informed his chief that every arrangement had been perfected to secure a full attendance of the Gladstonian members on Friday evening.

When Mr. Gladstone entered the house he was greeted with a tremendously enthusiastic reception by the liberal and Parnellite members on the floor and the crowd of home rule sympathizers that packed the galleries. Rumors were in circulation to-day, presumably set in motion by the unionists, that considerable discontent existed in the liberal ranks over the action of some of the Gladstonian members in joining the national league, and the expressed determination of others to follow their example. Careful and extended inquiry has shown, however, that the reports are baseless.

The conservative conference held at the Carlton club was entirely harmonious, and no disposition was visible on the part of any of the tory members to advise any alteration whatsoever in the programme adopted by the government for the conduct of parliamentary business or Irish affairs during the remainder of the session.

The arraignment of the government by Mr. Gladstone and his followers in the house of commons to-morrow promises to be a lively affair, and doubts are expressed by many supporters of the government that Mr. Smith and Mr. Balfour will be equal to the task of successfully defending the position of the ministry against the assaults of the ex-premier and his lieutenants. The opposition, of course do not indulge in any expectation of defeating the government on Friday, and probably would not do so if they could, their motives being wholly ulterior and with a view of achieving a much greater victory ultimately than the immediate defeat of the cabinet could accomplish.

As generally understood among the liberal and Irish members, the intention is to give the government a sharp parting wound, and devote the recess to irritate it and keep it open, trusting to wear out the enemy of home rule before parliament reassembles.

The Porte to Prince Ferdinand.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—The porte's communication to Prince Ferdinand condemning the latter's entry into Bulgaria is sufficiently definite as far as it goes, but as the sultan neglects to state what will be the consequence of the Coburg Prince's refusal or failure to comply with the conditions of the note, the settlement of the question of Ferdinand's remaining in Sofia seems as far off as ever. It is likely, however, that something decisive will be done during the next week, either by Russia or Turkey, or by both; and such action on the part of either can result only in disaster to the usurper of the Bulgarian throne.

John Bull Wants No Trouble.

LONDON. Aug. 25.—With very few exceptions the English press declare that England cannot allow the use of Canadian troops in enforcing the orders of the Manitoba courts, and demand that steps be taken to prevent the dominion authorities from committing the mistake of authorizing military interference to discipline the Manitobans in the Red River valley. The *Pall Mall Gazette* severely condemns the attitude of the dominion government, and cites many precedens to prove its untenable character.

The Anglo-Franco Embroglio.

LONDON, Aug. 25.—In spite of the very much modified tone of the French press the friction between the governments of England and France over the new New Hebrides question increases. The ground upon which France blocks the way to an amicable settlement of the dispute is most trivial, and no one can doubt that England is amply justified in maintaining the right of her attitude.

THE SUPREME COURT VACANCY.

Semmes of Louisiana Probably the Successor of Judge Woods.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—There is strong reasons for thinking now that the next new justice of the supreme court will be Mr. Semmes, of Louisiana. Since the retirement of Judge Campbell, Mr. Semmes has been the almost undisputed leader of the Louisiana bar, and, besides his personal fitness, there are other grounds for supposing that he will receive the appointment.

It is understood that the president has determined to appoint a man from Louisiana. It is desirable that the supreme court should include a representative and expounder of the Louisiana civil law, since the Code Napoleon there forms the framework of justice. Judge Woods formerly attended to this department of the supreme court's duties, but he was not born to it, and only acquired the ability to deal with Louisiana cases after taking his seat.

There are two other candidates from Louisiana. One is Judge White of the supreme court and the other is Chief Justice Bermudez. Both are learned civilians, but neither has had the same training in the common law that Mr. Semmes enjoys, he having studied in the Harvard law school under Story and Greenleaf.

Mr. Semmes, besides being qualified for the place in legal attainments, is also a Roman Catholic, and, of course, his selection would not annoy the authorities of the Roman Catholic church, some of whom, it is said, have had a special conference with the president in regard to his nomination, with the result that the president evinces a strong disposition to appoint him.

Silpath Dies from his Wound.

BURLINGTON, N. J., Aug. 24.—J. S. Silpath, brother of Mayor Albert H. Silpath, who attempted suicide on Tuesday evening of last week by jumping into the Delaware, and after being rescued cut his throat with a razor in the city jail, died yesterday after a week of terrible suffering. Silpath married a servant girl named Kate Fitzhenry, and his relatives were dissatisfied with the match when they found it out and urged him to leave her, offering, it is alleged $500 to do so; but he loved the girl and declared he would kill both himself and his wife before they should separate, and choked and left her for dead before attempting his own life. He was a drinker.

Dysentery at Orange.

ORANGE, N. J., Aug. 25.—Dysentery of an aggravated character is epidemic in this city and the number of deaths, especially of children, is alarming. It is said that not a well in the thickly settled part of the city is free from sewage.

TWO IMPORTANT ARRESTS.

A Pension Clerk and a Claim Agent Accused of Stealing Records.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Two arrests were made yesterday afternoon which promise to result in as sensational a series of developments as the Harvey case. For some time past the pension office has suspected that certain attorneys practising before it had obtained information from some one in the office by which they could know in advance the action which the commissioner would take in certain cases. A special agent was ordered to follow up the clues which had been obtained, and the result was the arrest of R. R. Brooner, a clerk in the pension office, for taking government records from the files, and Col. Allen Rutherford, a claim agent, for receiving them. This Col. Rutherford was third auditor of treasury under John Sherman. He was dismissed for crookedness in connection with the quartermaster's accounts. He was accused of collusion with a clerk in the treasury department some years ago, by which he was enabled to squeeze fees out of claimants under pretence that he could secure favorable action on their claims. The minimum penalty for the offence with which he is now charged is five years in the penitentiary.

Rutherford and Brumer were comrades during the rebellion, both having been members of the New York seventh regiment. Brumer expected to lose his place when the present administration came into power, and in that anticipation he spoke to Rutherford, who promised to assist him in finding employment, and out of gratitude, Brumer says, he suggested and undertook to perform a friendly service in return. The case will come up in the police court to-day.

BEER AT THE SOLDIERS' HOME.

Veterans Drink Up their Pension Money at the Saloon Run on the Grounds.

JAMESTOWN, Aug. 25.—John Ambros of Warren, made a trip to Bath last week, and while there visited the Soldiers' home. He says there are about 700 inmates in the home, but the number will be increased to 1,000 at the approach of winter. It is a cleanly and comfortable institution. The veterans sleep on woven wire mattrasses. The dining room is not unlike that of a first class hotel, and flower gardens and pleasant walks are encountered at every turn around the grounds.

"And yet," said Mr. Ambros, "the chronic grumbler may be met with even in the Soldiers' home at Bath. The only apparent drawback to the institution is the presence of a beer saloon on the grounds, which is run in the interest of the home. Beer is sold to the inmates without any restriction so long as a man has the requisite nickel. Many of the inmates receive a pension from the government, and I am told that frequently they don't have a dollar when the pension is due. It is all drank up at the beer saloon, where beer tickets are issued to the men and the amount deducted from the pensions. When the saloon was first started no man was allowed to buy more than four glasses of beer a day, but it was argued that the veterans went outside to drink their beer and spend their money, and so this restriction was abolished. You see, the revenue from the saloon accrues to the benefit of the institution."

Capsized and Drowned.

ELIZABETH, N. J., Aug. 25.—Steamer Pomona, while passing through Staten Island sound, near Elizabethport, ran down a rowboat, containing Alexander Maury and Joseph Shearer, employes of the Tidewater Oil company, who were closing a valve of a bursted pipe line. Maury was drowned and Shearer had his head crushed by the paddles of the steamer.

Base Ball Gossip.

About the only thing the Pittsburgs need is an infield captain to coach the men and keep them from interfering with outfield balls.

Harry Lyons, of the Binghamton club, has been signed by the Philadelphias. He is a good baseman, but will be used as an extra outfielder.

Few catchers are any more active, plucky or better players than little George Miller, of the Pittsburgs. As the small boys say, he is a "Jim Dandy."

Mutrie has indeed secured a prize in catcher Brown. A more willing player is not to found on the diamond than New York's tall back stop.

The offer of the Boston management to its players is an admission on the part of the former that they knew the team was not playing as well as it knew how.

President Day again tried to secure the services of Stagg and Tyng, the collegiate pitchers, who are such rivals in Bergen Point and Staten Island teams respectively, but he was unsuccessful.

A novel game will be played on the Philadelphia grounds on Monday, September 22, when the Snorkeys, composed of one armed men, and the Hoppers, one-legged men, will contest for supremacy.

Doescher is head and shoulders above any umpire on the league staff. He knows his business, he minds his business, and he allows no player to interfere with his business. He is master of the field.

One reason advanced for Esterbrook's disappearance is that he has a very good offer to cover third base for Chicago next year and is therefore anxious to get in first class condition and will play no place this year.

Manager Barnie thinks that eastern people are not educated to the proper standard of appreciation for coaching, and until the time arrives when eastern spectators will back a club's efforts in this respect the east will be behind the west in base running.

Says the Boston *Courier*: "Buck Ewing did not impress people favorably here as captain of the New York nine. He repeatedly wilfully committed infringement of the rules and kicked without cause. He lacked the bearing and dignity of ex-Captain Ward."

In twenty-four games Richardson of the Detroits, has played at second base he has made but eight errors. He put out eighty-four men and assisted seventy-eight, a field average of .953. He is the fourth Detroit player to make his 100 actual hits of the season.

Scarcity of pitchers accounts largely for the Browns' poor play of late. Foutz has a broken finger, Hudson has been called to Chicago by the serious illness of his mother and Caruthers is just recovering from illness. This leaves King to do all the pitching

Not since Getzein has been a member of the Detroit club has he manifested such a determination to pitch a winning game as at present. He feels that much is expected of him, and since the management of the club has shown a disposition to properly appreciate his hard work he is willing to put forth his best efforts.

Says Umpire Doescher:—"The man who imagines it is all fun to umpire a game of baseball as it should be umpired had better make a trial of it himself. I am wearing a mask for the first time, and I don't like it, because it is hard for me to see all the points, though, of course, it is a protection. I have had my face all battered up this season already, and only a couple of weeks ago had to have stiches put in my neck where I was hit with a ball; so I thought it was about time for me to adopt some protection."

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

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A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

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Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

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City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Coal Dealer.

Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder.

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c., Paper Hanging A Specialty.

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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,

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QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

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Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

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North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

R. THORN,

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Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges. Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

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45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON, **Florist**

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

SHARKEY & BLIMM,

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Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
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The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer.

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 1.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.09, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.06, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 6.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.30, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS.

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,

WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.
10my1y

W. N. ROWE,

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.

my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,

7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.

No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,

for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR

Soda Water,

With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 19 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN,

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 1? East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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Photographers,

15 E. FRONT STREET

Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

FIRST-CLASS

Stationery, etc.,

Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,

The Book Seller and Stationer,

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J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

A. D. COOK & BRO.,

Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD.

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All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK

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DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,

House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.

PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF 16½ EAST FRONT STREET.

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BOOTS AND SHOES AT

Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.

New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.

AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE. my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S

Fish Market,

Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

THE K. OF L. AND THE TARIFF.

Master Workman Dodd's Circular was of His Own Make and Property.

NEWARK, Aug. 25.—Master Workman Dodd has finally given the inside fact respecting the circular that John Jarrett showed George A. Halsey, in which the republican party was threatened with disaster unless Mr. Halsey and the other leather manufacturers succumbed to the knights of labor in the present strike. Mr. Dodd says:

I am and have been willing to bear the responsibility for that circular, and I admit freely that I wrote it. I am not a democrat. I am a republican, and I believe that these men are hurting the republican party. I believe in tariff to protect the manufacturers and workingmen of this country. I have voted the republican ticket from the time of Abraham Lincoln. I wrote a letter to Mr. Jarrett, who is my personal friend, explaining the state of affairs here and giving him my political views on the matter. He sent me back a letter, and in the meantime I wrote the circular.

In his reply to my letter Mr. Jarrett says there certainly has been a tendency among employers to bring about the disorganization of workingmen, and especially the disorganization of the K. of L. The employers do not seem to see that in destroying organizations they are choosing anarchy instead. Mr Jarrett then goes on to say that he is surprised to hear that the Newark manufacturers are against the K. of L., and also refers to the opposition of the trade unions to the K. of L. Jarrett saw the circular on Monday of last week and advised against its being used. It is my private property. Of course the knights knew I was doing something that they didn't know about, and when the circular was shown to them they endorsed its sentiments.

THE PHILLIES GO UP HEAD.

They Win While the Giants Lose—Summary of Games.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 25.—The base ball enthusiasts of this city are fairly crazy with delight over the wonderful work of Harry Wright's leaguers, who have been pulling with such a steady stroke toward the front ever since early July. Yesterday's victory places them in third place and even with Chicago in games won, and even bets are now freely offered that they will pass both Chicago and Detroit. Yesterday's game was a lively one and there was some heavy hitting as may be seen by the summary:

Philadelphia	2	4	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	—10
Indianapolis	2	5	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	— 9

Base hits—Philadelphia 16; Indianapolis 12. Errors—Philadelphia 2; Indianapolis 5. Pitchers—Maul and Ferguson and Feitner.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—Pittsburg turned the table on the Giants yesterday and won by the same score by which they lost the day before. Galvin did it. He outpitched Tim Keefe. The grounds were very wet and prevented lively plays, although the New York fielders made some fine catches.

Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—2
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits—Pittsburg 14, New York 9; Earned runs—Pittsburg 2. Errors—Pittsburg 1, New York 1.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Detroit lengthened its lead by completely paralyzing the home club by the following score:

Washington	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	— 1
Detroit	5	2	4	0	3	2	1	3	.	—20

Base hits—Washington 7, Detroit 22. Errors—Washington 10, Detroit 1.

NEW YORK, Aug. 25.—By the Pittsburg's victory yesterday, and Philadelphia's victory over Indianapolis, the New York and Philadelphias have changed places. New York is now fourth and Philadelphia is third.

American association—Cincinnati 5, Metropolitan 3; Cleveland 7, Brooklyn 3; Louisville 8, Athletic 15; St. Louis 22, Baltimore 6.

International league—Buffalo 5, Hamilton 5; Wilkesbarre 1, Syracuse 0; and Newark—rain.

News for Laborers.

The number of colored men belonging to the knights of labor in the United States is placed at 60,000.

District Master Workman Cavanaugh, of Cincinnati, says the knights of labor there are stronger than ever.

It is estimated that over 100,000 children, under 14 years of age, are employed in the workshops of New York state, contrary to law.

The Plasterers' union of Philadelphia have adopted a uniform to be worn on the day of the parade in honor of the constitution. The uniform will consist of white jackets and overalls, such as the plasterers use when at work.

Garfield local assembly No. 1,634 knights of labor, composed of women shoeworkers, appropriated $200 last night for the support of the locked out knights of labor at Knighley's shoe factory in Vineland, N. J. Shoe cutters' assembly No. 1,913 has also voted $100 for the same purpose.

No arrangement has been made as yet for another conference of the window glass workers and the manufacturers in Pittsburg. A manufacturer said: "We will not pay the demands of the men. If they remain firm our factories will not be lighted on the first of the month."

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25, 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Cooler, fair weather, northerly winds.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 24.—Money on Call at 4½ per cent.

		Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s,	1891, reg.	109	107¾
4½,	1891, con.	110	109¾
4s,	1907, reg.	125¾	125¾
4s,	1907, con	126½	127

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock—The first flurry over, the market became rather dull, but steady, with a slight attempt at reaction, but the movement is slow and uncertain and without much apparent significance.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	55⅛	55¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	140	139
Central Pacific	37¼	36¾
Del. & Hudson	101¼	—
Del. Lack. & W.	130	128¾
Erie	30⅝	30½
Erie pref	69	68¾
Lake Shore	93½	93¾
Louis. & Nash	62½	61⅝
Michigan Central	84¾	84½
Missouri Pacific	92½	94½
N. Y. & New Eng.	44⅝	43¾
N. J. Central	74⅝	73
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	107¾	107½
Northwestern	114⅝	113¾
Oregon Navigation	94	93
Pacific Mail	40¼	39¾
Reading	54¼	53¾
Rock Island	125⅛	125
St. Paul	82⅜	81⅞
Union Pacific	55⅛	54¾
West. Union Tel.	72⅜	72⅜

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug	Sep	Oct.
Wheat	79¼	79⅛	81
Corn	49¼	4?⅛	50⅛
Oats	31⅛	31⅛	31⅝

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market dull. Creamery—Eastern 23a25c.; Western, 22a25c.; Imitation, 17a20c.; Dairy—Eastern, half-firkin tubs, 18a22c.; western, 15a18c. Factory—Fresh, 15a17c; June packed 15a16c.

Cheese—Market dull. Factory—New York cheddar, 11½a12c.; western, flat, 10a10c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs—Market steady. Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 17½a18c.; Canadian, firsts, 16½a17c; western, firsts, 15½a16c.

IN AN INSANE ASYLUM.

Hallucinations of Unfortunates Condemned to Life Incarceration.

In an asylum for the insane. The lusterless light of a dying day falls through the high, narrow, iron-barred windows into a long, gloomy corridor.

With the tirelessness of a caged tiger, says the Philadelphia *American*, a few men, most of whom are barefoot, afflicted with a milder type of dementia, pace the floor and gibber to themselves.

Ranged on either side of the corridor are cells, and here and there can be discerned a pair of wild eyes glaring sullenly through the small apertures in the door.

The weird notes of a flute fill the air. The tune is impromptu, and is well adapted to the disordered fancy of the players.

Now its sounds are low and pathetic, such as to make tender-hearted women weep, and now it is shrill and exultant, a wild series of high-pitched trills.

The music ceases, and the player, casting aside his instrument, with a grating, meaningless laugh, hastens down the corridor with desperate energy.

When he arrives at the other end he has forgotten his errand, and he slowly retraces his steps to obey the next capricious dictates of his imbecile mind.

The reporter, conducted by a keeper, ascends to the floor above.

The cell nearest the stairway is tenanted by a dark-featured man, who clutches at the bars of the door with a fury that threatens to snap them like so many match sticks.

There is no danger, however.

"This," said the keeper, "is one of our most violent patients. He is a German, and was educated in Heidelberg. His story is rather romantic. Upon the completion of his scholastic career he made a tour of the continent. While at Nice he saved the daughter of some nobleman from death. He fell deeply in love with her.

"She returned his affection, and they were engaged to be married. Before that event could be consummated the girl was taken ill with a malignant fever and died. Her death deeply affected the man before you, and at the solicitation of friends he left Nice. He wandered from place to place, finally coming to this country. Being in opulent circumstances, and rendered insensible to every thing good and pure by the untimely death of his betrothed, he plunged into dissipation in the wildest form, which eventually made him a mental and physical wreck."

During this conversation the insane man gave utterance to exclamations of an incoherent character, and as soon as the keeper had ceased, burst into a passionate recital. He fancied that he had cast his affianced into a flaming pit and that her death shriek still rang in his ears.

"Ha! ha! ha!" he laughed, wildly. "They think she died, but she didn't, ha! ha! ha! I killed her. Yes, killed her. Oh, my, but wasn't it a fine night for such a devil's deed? The darkness was frightful. Lightning blazed forth with demoniacal fury from the heavens. The thunder made the earth quiver like a reed in the blast. All the imps of Patala were out."

The maniac paused in his excessive frenzy and dashed from his distorted face the great beads of perspiration that trickled from his forehead, and continued in the same wild manner:

"I stole her when she was asleep, and fled like some arch-demon from the blackest abyss of Hades with her, out—out into the night. She, ha, ha, ha, ho, ho, struggled like some frightened bird. But what good did it do? I—I had her. On we went, through the fierce nocturnal storm, until we came to a plateau. A blazing pit yawned before us. Oh, how merrily the yellow and blue-tongued flames curled up. The air was filled with an infernal din—whoops, agonized screams, yells and laughter. Saturnalian demons played with gleaming rods of flame on shining death heads, and serpents hissed in their ambuscades. I held the one I loved aloft, and with arms of iron hurled her into the pit. Her cry—that of a lost soul—still haunts me."

And the maniac sank exhausted to the floor.

"It seems strange," said the keeper, as the twain descended the stairs, "that a man afflicted so violently with insanity can talk so coherently at times. That man's imagination is as powerful and wonderful as was Poe's."

TOLD THE USUAL LIE.

Some Marvels of Vegetation Observed by a Dakota Farmer.

A man from the East was driving through the country in Charles Mix County, Dak., one day last summer looking at the land with a view of purchasing. He stopped and, according to the *Dakota Bell*, got into conversation with a settler.

"I understand that vegetation makes some remarkably rapid growths in this country," remarked the prospective landbuyer.

"Y-a-e-s," replied the other rather doubtfully, "I reckon. If you mean that green things sometimes just hump themselves, yer 'bout right."

"Could you relate a few instances of rapid growth?"

"I s'pose I might if you'd like to hear 'em."

"I should—go ahead."

"Well," replied the other as he bit a piece of tobacco in two and put the smaller piece in his pocket, "things gene'lly hump themselves the wust immedi't'ly follerin' a rain. I had a piece of young wheat onct which, after a rain, begun growin' so fast that it pulled off at the top o' the ground an' flew up'n the air."

"Is it possible?"

"Fact! Garden truck the same way. I went out to my garden one mornin' after a shower an' found the cab'ges with their heads up on the top board of the fence sort o' lookin' over at me."

"That beats any thing I ever heard of!"

"I reckoned it would. The same summer I had some pole beans. It got pretty dry on 'em, but one day there come a good shower. They had poles 'bout twenty feet long. I went out jes' as the shower stopped an' was lookin' at 'em an' in 'bout five minutes, when the rain had soaked down, them beans begun to climb them poles so fast that they pulled themselves up by the roots an' went on twisting 'round the poles clear to the top with the roots dangling in the air."

"Say! aren't you putting that just a trifle strong?"

"Not a bit of it, sir! I've saw trees in this country grow so they would split the bark open like a gun. Hop vines usually shoot up so fast that they don't have time to twist, an' stick up'n the air straight's a string. Corn sometimes hurries up so that it seems to kinder forgit to have any ears on it a-tall and—"

"Hold on, hold on, I don't believe half you are telling me."

"Don't believe it? Well, all right—you needn't. It's the regular story I tell to all you fellers that comes 'long looking for land an' ye'r the first one to doubt it. Mebbe the story is a little mixed—I don't know. Say, ain't got any terbacker 'bout yer, I s'pose?"

HIGH-TRAPEZE WORK.

A Female Performer Tells How She Acquired the Tricks of Her Trade.

The circus woman who rushes into the ring, bows, catches a strap with her teeth and is hauled to the top of the tent, where she finds rest on a single swinging trapeze bar, has no sinecure. Every motion is the result of years of labor and hard practice. A New York *Mail and Express* reporter interviewed one of these queens of the air and found that her sawdust title was not gained without courage and patience. She said:

"The art of balancing on a swinging trapeze is more difficult than active gymnastics. I began to accustom myself to the circus ring at six years of age. At seven I could turn hand-springs. My mother was a slack-wire walker, and her ambition was to have me follow in her footsteps, so to speak. Somehow I had an antipathy to the slack-wire, but gradually I was taught to balance on it. At the age of ten I could do a little walking on the wire, but I always kept the wire swinging to and fro. In a few years more I could do any thing on the slack-wire, and grew ambitious to perform other feats. I was between seventeen and eighteen years old when I first ascended to a high trapeze bar. A network was spread under to catch me if I fell. The more I looked below the more certain I became that I could never get used to the high trapeze. My instructor shouted up to me not to look down at all, but to keep my eyes fastened on the ropes that supported the trapeze bar. I should have known that before, because in balancing on the slack wire I always kept my eyes fixed on a level in front of me. I obeyed orders and began to try what is known as the simple balance position. I slipped and whirled through the air to the netting below. I wanted to give it up then. All my ambition seemed to ooze out of me. But I was made to go right up again and try it over. That angered me and I became reckless. I succeeded admirably, and found that by keeping the bar in motion I could balance myself much better. I fell several times while practicing, but received no injuries on account of the netting below. Day after day I would go up and work four or five hours steadily.

"After six months I was permitted to perform for the public. I did not do so many positions, as we call them, as I did afterward, but I felt that I should be a success. I gained some applause for doing one of the easiest feats on the balancing trapeze, so I concluded the easiest and most picturesque positions I could assume would please the public more than difficult feats. This idea was the means of my attaining great success and unexpected skill. I did only the most graceful and easy positions. In several years I was at home on the bar, and gave up slack-wire walking altogether. Did I ever fall? Yes, but fortunately that night I had the network to catch me, because I feel certain I'll never fall. How did I fall? I was engaged to be married to an acrobat and rider, and in a foolish moment I turned my eyes down to the ring to see him, and, losing my balance, before I could grasp the rope I tumbled off very ungracefully and fell in a heap on the network below. I am married now, so I see enough of my husband without looking at him while performing."

DEMONS OF THE WOODS.

A Superstition That Has Sincere Believers in Many Countries.

From the Tyrol, from Switzerland, from Germany, or from Britany, says the *Gentleman's Magazine*, come well-ascertained accounts of the popular belief in certain wild spirits of the wood, who are painted in all the most frightful shapes the imagination can suggest, and are characterized by their delight in every possible form of malevolence. They kidnap and devour children, bewitch the cattle and lead men to lose their way in the forest. They can assume any size, from the diminutive to the most gigantic; nor is any form of bird or beast an impossible personation of them. The Skongman, the forest spirit of Sweden, is like a man, but tall as the highest tree; he decoys men into the woods, and, when they have hopelessly lost their way, and begin to weep for fear, leaves them with mocking laughter. The conception is wellnigh identical with that found among the natives of the forests of Brazil, showing with what uniformity similar conditions produce similar effects upon the human mind. But the Russian spirits Ljeschi (from a Polish word for wood) are even more significant; for not only are the usual diabolical attributes assigned to them, such as the leading of men astray or the sending to them of sickness, but also the conventional diabolical features. Their bodies are after the human pattern, but they have the ears and horns of goats, their feet are cloven and their fingers end in claws. The Russian wood spirit is, in fact, the devil of mediæval imagination and nothing else, a fact which strongly ports the inference that it is from the wood and from the wind rustling over the treetops that the idea of the supernatural agency of devils first took possession of the imagination of mankind.

It is in no way inconsistent with this theory that beside devils of the forest there are those of the air of the water. The conception is one which would have met with no barrier to the extension of its dominions, and the devil of the tree or forest would from the first be closely associated with, if at all distinguished from, the spirit that moved in the trees and was powerful enough to overturn them. In this way the wild spirits of the woods would pass insensibly into those spirits of the air which our ancestors identified with the Wild Huntsman, and which English peasants still often hear when they listen to the assage of the Seven Whistlers.

The First Published Waltz.

The researches of a German composer have been rewarded with the discovery that the first published waltz which we possess dates from exactly a hundred years ago. It was written by a certain Vincent Martin, about whom nothing more seems to be known. The waltz itself is, however, very much older than Martin's time, there being good reason to identify it with the old Provencal "Volta," which is known to date as far back as the twelfth century. Popular as the waltz has become, it is curious that hardly any two nations in Europe dance it alike. There are differences of rhythm, time and style, which cause no small confusion when partners of different nationalities dance it together.

The Population of China.

Occidental statisticians have long been accustomed, for some reason, to regard with doubt the periodical reports concerning the population of China, but inasmuch as the Chinese law requires every householder to hang at his front door a list of the inmates of his house, it seems as though it ought to be easy to make an accurate census. By one which the officials of the empire have recently ordered, the population is four hundred and fifty million.

SPORTSMEN'S PARADISE.

Charms of the Lake Region of the Parishes on the Upper Red River.

Not one of the least important items in the attractions and advantages Louisiana offers to tourists and immigrants is its rich resources of game for the gun and rod of the sportsman. A writer from Shreveport to the Dallas (Tex.) *News*, enlarging on the charms of the lake region of Caddo and adjoining parishes on the upper Red river, says:

"In winter ducks and fish are so plentiful that the margins of the lakes have become the scene of shameful slaughter, when sportsmen, unable to control their instincts, degenerate into killers. To the Northern seeker after amusement, who is not drawn to Florida in search of the springs of perennial youth which Ponce de Leon immortalized in fable, the quietness and balm which hang over those lakes when Jack Frost has closed the gates of the North offer an irresistible charm, and the fact of those lakes not being generally advertised accounts for their not being the most frequented winter-resorts in the United States. The shooting lasts from the middle of October until April, during which time boats of suitable size and model can be hired at a trivial cost. Ducks of every variety and in numbers that almost obscure the sun, when the quacking tribe rise between it and the observer, frequent those lakes and can be shot at either en masse or in line, as the hunter may elect. There is the canvas-back duck—without question the finest that flies, as well as the largest and gamest—the redhead, but little inferior to the canvas-back: the mallard, blue and green winged teals, the wood duck, deliciously tender; the pin-tail, which feeds on the chincapin, and any other number of ducks, from the rarest to the toughest and most hardened. Of other birds adjacent to the lakes there are snipe, plover, curlews, kildees, sandpipers, and other select varieties. Here, unlike in Florida, the hunter has not to go miles to find an egg to make his egg-nog. Darkies' cabins are everywhere on hand in Caddo Parish, and there is no darky's cabin without a supply of eggs.

"The lakes swarm with fish, which readily answer to bait or fly, and so are caught in great numbers and with but little trouble. The most common varieties are the cassepargard, cat and buffalo, but there is an abundance of perch and trout—the latter might be correctly classified as bass—which are retailed in the Shreveport market-house or shipped to other points, and yield an estimated income of from $15,000 to $20,000. Bass fishing is the most exciting, and with many is considered a more sublime amusement than base-ball playing, especially in hot weather. In these beautiful lakes a lethargy never falls upon the birds or fishes, and the sportsman is invaribly the first to give out."

This is only in one district. Every part of the State has its special advantages, each distinct from the other. When the sportsman tires of lake fishing and duck-shooting, he can go to the coast and angle for sea fishes and shoot deer near the salt marshes. Bear and panthers are also to be found.

WELL-TRAINED FISH.

They Come When Their Owner Rings a Bell and Follow His Boat.

Three miles north of Springfield, Mo., is a private park belonging to Colonel J. M. Doling, one of the most prosperous and wealthy of Springfield's citizens, says the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat*. In the midst of this park is a beautiful lake covering about three acres of ground and having an average depth of five feet. No one is permitted to angle there without the consent of the owner, who for the past ten years has been stocking it with game fish from all parts of the country. The result is that he has a lake full of the most beautiful fish, and they have learned to know and love him.

Not a day passes without his going to the lake to look after his pets, and it is one of the prettiest sights in the world to see him feeding the fish. He has a platform extending into the lake some thirty or forty feet, and only a few inches above the surface of the water. Going out on this platform every morning and evening he rings a cowbell very vigorously for a few minutes, when the water around him becomes perfectly alive with fish. They churn it into foam with their antics and sports, and seem to be literally in a whirlpool of joy and excitement so long as their friend and benefactor is in sight. From a basket he scatters bread and morsels of meat upon the waters, and such capers as those fish then cut it does one's soul good to see.

The German carp are the most bold and voracious, and the black bass the most timid. The larger portion of the number are splendid specimens, ranging from one to six pounds. After the feast they linger around the platform so long as Colonel Doling remains. If he takes a boat for a spin across the lake, they show their appreciation and friendship for him by following like so many dogs, proving beyond all question that they know him. They will respond to the ringing of the bell at any time.

ANECDOTE OF KRUPP.

An Incident Which Marked Emperor William's Visit to Essen.

The German papers continue to publish numerous anecdotes of the late Herr Krupp. The Vienna *Extrablatt* gives the following interesting incident which marked the visit of the Emperor William to the Essen Works: The Emperor displayed great interest in the working of the steam hammer, and Herr Krupp took the opportunity of speaking in high praise of the workman who had special charge of it. "Ackermann has a sure eye," he said, "and can stop the falling hammer at any moment. A hand might be placed on the anvil without fear, and he would stop the hammer within a hair's breadth of it." "Let us try it," said the Emperor, "but not with a human hand—try my watch," and he laid it, a splendid specimen of work richly set with brilliants, on the anvil. Down came the immense mass of steel, and Ackermann, with his hand on the lever, stopped it just the sixth of an inch from the watch. When he went to hand it back, the Emperor replied kindly, "No, Ackermann, keep the watch in memory of an interesting moment." The workman, embarrassed, stood with outstretched hand, not knowing what to do. Krupp came forward and took the watch, saying: "I'll keep it for you if you are afraid to take it from his Majesty." A few minutes later they again passed the spot, and Krupp said: "Now, you can take the Emperor's present from my hand," and handed Ackermann the watch wrapped up in a thousand-mark note.

A Slap at Love's Young Dream.

He had an auburn-haired girl, and promised to take her out riding. She met him at the door when he drove up in a buggy and exclaimed: "Hello. Ready?" She misunderstood him, and they don't speak now. Thus slang makes another slap at love's young dream.

THE FISHING SNAKE.

A Pleasing Variety of Reptile With a Remarkably Useful Tail.

I think the strangest snake I have seen is what I call the fishing snake, says the serpent editor of the *Dakota Bell*. I saw one on a log floating in a little arm of slack water running in from the river. It was long and slender, and one or two coils were on the log and its head raised about a foot. Suddenly I saw it make a quick movement, and a small fish seemed to leap up out of the water, which the snake caught in its mouth and proceeded to swallow. I could not imagine how the snake got the fish, and went further, where I could see it better. I watched it catch two more and saw how it was done. It had its tail in the water for the length of about three feet, and the fish bit the end of it and was jerked out. I understood it still more thoroughly when the snake left the log and swam to the shore, where I killed it. On the end of its tail there was a sort of bone fish hook. It was double and much the shape of an anchor. It was very sharp, like the teeth of some fish, and the snake had baited it with a large grasshopper. The whole length of its body was seven feet. It was of a yellowish, clayey color, much the same as the water in which it was fishing. I think it must be confined and intended for the Missouri river, which is always of the same muddy, milky color.

Since killing that one I have seen a number of others. One day last week I saw three on one log, and fishing very intently. While I was watching them one hooked a larger fish than it could land. It was a catfish which would weigh as much as six pounds. The snake coiled around the log and hung on, but it could have never drawn the fish out had not the others come to its assistance, reached down their tails coiled them around the fish and finally landed it. It was too big for them to swallow, and after unhooking it from the first one's tail they let it slide back.

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Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

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Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

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None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

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First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to undersell as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

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The Company are now making contracts for lighting in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

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ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., FRIDAY, AUGUST 26, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

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J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—To-morrow will be colored folks' salt water day at Florida Grove.

—The decided change—for the better—in the weather is a God-send to sweltering humanity.

—The teachers examination in Somerset county for third grade certificates will take place at Somerville to-morrow.

—Several wagon loads of mud was yesterday afternoon scraped from the road bed under the Park avenue railroad bridge.

—Peter Friday, a peach peddler, was this morning fined two dollars and costs by the City Judge, for peddling without a license.

—Sylvester Randolph, a carpenter, lost $80 in money and some valuable papers in a lumber yard on Park avenue this morning.

—Regular monthly meeting of Middlesex Gun Club at Force's Hotel, to-morrow night. Attend all ye members. Important business.

—The panel of petit jurors for the Fall term of the Somerset county courts will be drawn at Somerville on Saturday, September 3d.

—It is said by oystermen that the oyster crop this year will be larger and of finer quality than last season. This is good news to epicures.

—Massa Ross at Rasbury is a little color blind; he might have a heap-of-'stingished Kustum frum de cream eaters of Merica, twasant for dat 'ficiency ov his off I.

—Mr. Theo. Gray, mason and builder, to day places his card among our numerous advertisers. We can cheerfully recommend him as a skillful workman.

—James Babbitt, the dog catcher is still on duty. He has succeeded in catching several dogs during the week. Jim is watchful, although he does not always catch the lively canine.

—THE PRESS has been in great demand among our citizens the past two evenings, and our faithful newsboys have reaped a golden harvest from sales. All on account of accurate and interesting news.

—As will be seen in another column Justice V. W. Nash will sell at auction, on Tuesday next the entire stock of watches, clocks, jewelry, etc., contained in the store of Jacob Moraller, East Front street.

—Accidents to the electrical machinery at the plant of the Electric Company having been remedied, the public may rest assured that hereafter the arc lights will behave in a more en-lightened sense than they have the past few days.

—A case of cruelty to animals is reported to have taken place on Park avenue at one o'clock today when a plumber is alleged to have cruelly beaten a horse with a harness. Several persons witnessed the affair and all declare that the brute should have been arrested.

—Providence permitting, the Rev. Thomas Eling, Missionary among the Canal Boatmen, will call upon the citizens of this place in the course of the coming week, to solicit their sympathy and co-operation in this good work. Their kind donations will be thankfully received for the cause.

—Constable Smith last evening arrested Frank Hollenback for having in his possession stamped bottles and boxes belonging to Charles Greader, of North Plainfield. A hearing in the case will be had before Justice Nash to-morrow afternoon. Hollenback is now under $1,000 bail for similar offences.

—No additional facts have been brought to light concerning the identification of the body found at Bound Brook on Wednesday, as described in detail by us on that day and yesterday, but the general supposition prevails that the body is that of Frank Conover. We have reliable information from the family that young Conover has not been seen by any of them since last Thanksgiving Day, notwithstanding all to the contrary.

AN EXCITING RUNAWAY.

Driver Drunk, Wagon Wrecked—Who is Responsible for the Accident?

About one o'clock yesterday afternoon a young man named Smalley, a son of highly respectable parents, went to Higgins' livery stable on Sycamore street and told the proprietor that he wanted a horse to drive over to Boynton Beach. Mr. Higgins fitted him out with the best rig he had in the barn, valued at $700, and the boy drove away. Between nine and ten o'clock last evening, Robert Binning, the engineer at the electric light station was engaged in trimming an arc lamp on East Front near Berckman street when his attention was directed to the noise made by a horse kicking, about a hundred yards further on. He immediately went to the place and found Mr. Higgins' horse lying in the ditch, making desperate efforts to free himself. Every kick by the maddened animal reduced another section of the buggy to kindling wood. One of the wheels was off, several spokes were broken out of another, the dash board was bent and twisted, and the buggy was turned completely upside down. The whip, lap robe and whip socket were missing, and near the wreck, in the gutter lay young Smalley, scarcely eighteen years of age in a beastly state of intoxication. A companion of his; whom he later said was named Schenck, was wandering aimlessly about the place, also drunk. Mr. Binning obtained assistance and soon liberated the horse by cutting the harness in several places. He then took the horse back to the stable and informed Mr. Higgins of the accident. The latter, in company with a PRESS reporter drove to the scene of the accident *and found everything as described above.* The wreck was complete. Scattered along the road were the seat, blanket, curtains and some of the nets from the wagon. The two boys, however, had by this time been spirited away and Night Watchman Frank Moran was keeping watch over the buggy.

After the wreckage had been collected, then a search was instituted for the two young men. Smalley was found asleep under some trees in the yard at the corner of Front and Richmond Sts. Special Officer Moran placed him under arrest and marched him off to the station house. The prisoner appeared to be dazed and could not account for his being in such a condition. His companion could not be found. On the way to the lock-up he told a *rambling story. He said that during the* afternoon he drove over to Boynton Beach with a young lady from Scotch Plains, and was returning along East Front street after leaving her at home when the horse began to kick, finally upsetting the wagon. He also said that he had taken but three drinks—one at Woodbridge and two at some other place. The supposition is that the two young men were driving toward Scotch Plains, and when attempting to turn around the horse was driven on the sidewalk and the buggy overturned. Their escape from probably fatal injuries, is considered wonderful. The horse was badly cut and bruised about the hind legs, so that he will not be fit for use for several weeks to come. The buggy was damaged to the extent of about $100, and twenty dollars will be required to put the harness in good order again. At the station house this morning the young man was very penitent, and Judge Ulrich suspended sentence. It is understood that Smalley's father will pay all damages incurred by the accident and will prosecute the persons who sold his son the rum.

—This weather most people prefer to sea bathing rather than sea batting; what few do go into the sea, want to see shore soon. But we don't see many in the sea at this season.

—The friends of the Rev. Mr. Glazebrook, rector of St. James' church, at Elizabeth, N. J., have assured him that that they will see that he has fair play in the investigation which is to be made of the charge that he has conducted himself in a manner unbecoming a clergyman. The accused says the story published about him and a young lady of Elizabeth is a "barefaced and ignoble lie, started by some young men who were jealous."

—The New Brunswick *Fredonian* says: "The Union and Middlesex counties' fair as *in previous years, will be* held jointly on the grounds near Plainfield. No date has yet been fixed upon for the beginning of the fair." Our esteemed contemporary has been misinformed. For several years past no fair has been held on the grounds near here, but instead the Gentlemen's Driving Park Association usually have a Fall meeting, lasting for several days. The order will not be changed this season.

—County Physician Westcott, of Scotch Plains, has directed undertaker Durning, keeper of the morgue at Elizabeth, to bury the body of Andrew Pugaske, the Polander who was killed by the fall of a derrick at the Baltimore and Ohio bridge several days ago. There was a conflict of opinion between the authorities of Staten Island and New Jersey as to which should dispose of the remains. The man was struck on the Staten Island side of the Sound, but died on the Jersey shore while on the way to the hospital. The Island authorities would not take the body back. The controversy is now settled.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

J. W. Handren and family, of Dunellen, have returned from their yachting cruise.

Mrs. Robert Williams is lying very ill at her son John's residence on Liberty street.

Mr. and Mrs. Morris C. VanArsdale of North Plainfield, have returned from Peapack, N. J.

The Asbury Park dispatches locates Mr. and Mrs. R. MacDonald of this city at the Coleman House.

Mrs. B. T. Barnes, wife of the popular confectioner, is at Peekskill, N. Y., for the remainder of the season.

Mr. George D. Van Dusan of this city was yesterday registered at "Wilburton-by-the-Sea;" Spring Lake.

Tee Kay will be home on Saturday from his sojourn in Connecticut. Look out for reports of prodigious scores at "bats."

Mrs. Lizzie Finch, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting her old friends, ex-Councilman S. C. Ryder and wife of Central avenue, this city.

Harvey Platt, a son of Health Inspector Platt of this city, is home on a vacation from Constable Hook, where he is employed in the Ocean Oil Works.

Mr. Edward Searing, a faithful employee of this office, is confined to his home on Third street, with a severe cold. We hope to soon see "Ed." about again.

Miss Emma S. Birdsell of Larchmont Manor, N. Y., returned home to day, after an enjoyable visit among friends in North Plainfield, accompanied by Miss Lillian A. Force of Duer street.

Mr. Frank C. Green and wife entertained a number of friends at their residence on West Fourth street, last evening, in honor of the introduction of electric light into his home.

A party of young people were agreeably entertained at the residence of William Mattox, on Union street, last evening. Dancing and refreshments were prominent features of the evening's enjoyment.

Miss Lizzie Dunn and sister Jennie have returned home from their Summer visit at Rocky Hill and other points of interest in Somerset county, looking and feeling better from their enjoyable vacation.

Rev. Mr. Schenck, pastor of Trinity Reformed Church, who has been spending a few weeks at Asbury Park, left there today to spend a week or so at Philadelphia, before returning to his people on Sunday week.

James Manning has broken ground for the construction of a fine residence at Evona, and Mr. Jeremiah Manning has sold a lot adjoining to parties who will at once commence the erection of another fine dwelling. Evona has taken a start. About September 1st, a large grocery store will be opened there near the depot.

The *Society Times*, of London, speaks in the highest terms of America's famous female shooter, Miss Annie Oakley, who is with the Wild West show in that country. A lady correspondent of the *Times* speaks of her as a "splendid little lady," and says "her ways and manners are entirely different from some of the other members of the Wild West who have visited Wimbledom Camp."

A Pull of Another Kind.

Last evening a family of wealth and distinction in Plainfield, gave a "taffy pull," inviting a number of young people to share fun. The taffy was made in wholesale quantity, for there were to be a good many "pullers." In due time, the guests—a bevy of gay girls and joyous beaux—arrived, and the taffy was carefully set to cool in the cellar, while mirth prevailed above stairs. Meanwhile, a *young lady who had been invited, but for* reasons did not wish to attend, decided to have a "pull" of another kind. Confiding her sweet intentions to a party of choice spirits on festive thoughts intent, who waited in a house near by, she softly wended her way to the back door, slid down the cellar stairs, and, striking a noiseless match, found the pans, seized them, and working through the darkness, re-joined her waiting friends—scarcely able to "climb the golden stairs" for laughter. Then followed another and more hilarious "taffy-pull" on "the other side of Jordan"—across the Brook—whilst the original "pullers" were vainly hunting and seeking here, there and everywhere with lamps and candle and improvised torches for the strangely missing taffy. P. S. The pans are safe and will be duly returned.

A Receiver Appointed.

Justice V. W. Nash has been appointed by Chancellor McGill, Receiver of all the goods and chattels of Jacob Moraller, the jeweller, and yesterday he received official notification to that effect. Justice Nash filed his bond with the clerk of the court, and will proceed to dispose of the business. A motion was made two weeks ago to dissolve the injunction obtained by Michael Dunn, of Paterson, but the Chancellor declined to dissolve and would not even modify it so as to allow Justice Hetfield an opportunity to sell the goods.

—There will be trotting at the Fair Grounds to-morrow afternoon.

A North Plainfield Man Killed.

John Bodenshime, an old resident of North Plainfield, received injuries near Messrs. Coddington Bros.' ice houses in the Notch, yesterday afternoon, which resulted in his death this morning. He was engaged with other men making repairs to the river bank, a part of which was washed away by the late freshet, when a portion of the earth fell on Bodenshime. By the fall he was thrown astride a wheelbarrow and injured internally. He was immediately taken to his home and medical aid summoned. The attending physician was unable to discover any broken bones, but pronounced him seriously injured. He lingered in great agony until this morning, when death relieved him of his suffering. The deceased was about 55 years of age, and was a veteran of the late war. He was a member of Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, G. A. R., of this city, and was awaiting a pension from Washington for injuries received in the war, his papers now being in Washington awaiting disposition by the authorities. The funeral service will take place from his late residence on Sunday afternoon at half-past two o'clock, Rev. Mr. Koechli officiating. Eleven *months ago today the wife of the* deceased died.

Corner Stone Laying.

A number of people assembled yesterday to witness the laying of the corner stone of the chapel at Willow Brook. The exercises had been arranged for Wednesday, but owing to the inclemency of the weather they were postponed. The Sunday school assembled in the morning for a picnic at Boiling Spring, and at three o'clock they marched in procession to the site of the chapel, and stood around the stone, the children assisting in spreading the mortar. The exercises were conducted by Rev. Mr. Owen, of the Westfield Methodist church. Speeches were made by Rev. K. P. Ketcham of Plainfield and Rev. C. E. Dunn, of Hempstead, Long Island. The latter gentleman was born in the vicinity, and the Willow Brook Sunday School was the first he ever attended. The corner stone laid yesterday is on the site of his great grandfather's farm. A report of the school from its organization in 1826 was read by Mr. James Clark of Westfield. Among the papers placed in the stone was a copy of the DAILY PRESS, which was the only Plainfield newspaper used on the occasion. After the exercises, the school and guests returned to the grove where ice cream and cake were served.

Base Ball.

The American Athletic Base Ball Club, of Brooklyn, will play a match game with the Athletics of this city on the Potter grounds to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock.

One of the District Messenger boys handed the following account of a base ball match to a PRESS reporter, last evening, with the request that it be published verbatim. Here it is:

"A game of Base Ball was played on the grounds of West Fourth street between the Little Gaints & Stars Daniel Whites curve pitcher of the L. Giants was knocked all over the field. Daniel While the principle rag-chewer says we would beat the Stars only for his brother Dave's wild throwing. F. Nelson the umpire was hit in the head with a ball and had to be taken home in a swill wagon. Score L. Gaints 8 Stars 17.

"Two ball nines, the "Young Stars" and the "Quicksteps," engaged in base ball practice on the grounds near the Potter press works, yesterday afternoon. The battery for the Stars was composed of J. Scott and T. Lyon, while Dan Mack, otherwise known as the "prize gum chewer," and C. Ginssee performed similar duties for the Quicksteps. Considering the youthfulness of the players, the result of the game is commendable. At the close the score stood 7 to 5 in favor of the Young Stars."

Twilights to the Front

The Twilight club of Scotch Plains went over to Morristown yesterday afternoon to play with the Morris ball club of that place. George Cadmus of the Plainfield Y. M. C. A. nine was unable to play and McMurray was substituted in his place. The Twilights are mostly boys scarcely out of their teens, and the Morris club was sure of victory when the Twilights arrived on the ground. Messrs. Haskett, Cadmus, Chamberlin and Hand of the Scotch Plains club played exceedingly well. At the close of the game the score stood 13 to 9 in favor of the Twilights. Following is the

SCORE BY INNINGS

Twilights	2	1	2	0	0	3	3	2	13
Morris	0	2	1	0	6	0	0	0	9

The Morris club has played nine games this season, and lost but one, while the Scotch Plains nine has won thirteen consecutive games, and have lost none.

—Martin Grinnix, of Bloomsbury, has been in the service of the Central Railroad company as track walker, for over twenty-two years, and during all that time has traveled twelve miles per day on an average.

Effie Ellsler.

On next Thursday, Sept. 1, our citizens will have an opportunity of witnessing a performance that will rival anything that has ever been presented on the stage of Music Hall. On that occasion Effie Ellsler who reigned so long over the destinies of the Madison Square Theatre will present the powerful domestic play of "Woman against Woman." Miss Ellsler is one of the few young actresses of our day who has had a thorough stock training and is familiar with the traditions of her art; and best of all, she invests with a charming womanliness every role she portrays.

The New York *World* recently said of her: "There is a good deal of talk about the power of bulk and the power of beauty on the stage. There is neither one nor the other in Effie Ellsler, and her success was all the finer and more creditable. Her pathos was true and genuine, unaffected, natural, delicate, and yet so fine and strong as to be irresistible in its appeal. Her passion was quiet, intense and full of suppressed power. Her methods were easy, her approaches gradual, and her final climax really superb. She proved herself to the manner born, natural and effective under all circumstances.

Cement Pipes No Good.

When the North Plainfield Council was wrestling with the matter of establishing water works in the Borough recently, there were several propositions before that body for consideration. Some of them provided for the laying of cement pipes, and when a vote was taken on the subject all but one of the Councilmen voted against the use of cement pipes. The following from the Middletown, (N. Y.) *Daily Argus*, where cement pipes were used in laying the mains, shows that they are liable to break at any time:

"The water main in Orchard street burst about 11 o'clock last night, just at the brow of the hill, in front of A. H. Nanny's residence, and the gates having become rusted the water could not be turned off and it flowed all night and until 9 o'clock this morning. The street had just been covered with a coating of gravel (?) and most of this was washed away and is doubtless now in the bottom of Walkill River. The main is one of the old cement pipes and the break is just such an one as may be expected at any time as long as there is a section of the cement pipe remaining in Middletown."

Off for Toms River.

Messrs. E. P. Thorn, Alonzo Townley, Abram King, William Pangborn, and Chris Pope, are among the surviving members of the Fourteenth Regiment, N. J. Volunteers, who left town this morning to attend the ninth annual re-union of the regiment which is taking place at Toms River today. The re-union today will be the twenty-fifth anniversary of the regiment's muster into service, and will be a memorable event. The delegates from this city will be the guests of Burnside Post, and the citizens generally of Toms River. Capt. Thomas W. Middleton will deliver the address of welcome this afternoon, and Rev. A. H. Dashiell will deliver the oration. The usual business meeting will bring the festivities to a close. Last year the re-union was held in this city.

State Board of Agriculture.

At a meeting of the Executive Board of the State Board of Agriculture held on Monday, the havoc wrought by depredating insects was discussed. In the forthcoming report of the Board considerable attention will be paid to this subject, which will be of great advantage to fruit growers and farmers. The President deprecated the fact that the Board had no permanent quarters for the safe-keeping of its records and data. The authorities have promised the Board a room in a new addition to the State House. The Board decided upon a form of circular to be sent out to county boards for data to be embodied in the annual report. The answers to the questions contained in the circular must be handed in by December 15.

Coal Thieves.

For years the Central Railroad Company has been annoyed at all points along the road by the depredations of coal thieves. In this city, as elsewhere, many arrests have been made and the culprits forced to spend ten lonesome days in the county jail, while those better financially situated have paid their fines and been released. All attempts by railroad detectives to arrest the gangs in large numbers have proved futile, and the wicked practice allowed to go its way unabated. The first wholesale arrest was made last week at Phillipsburg, and the guilty parties given the choice of a hearing or an opportunity to acknowledge their guilt. One-half of the number are women.

Reform Club Meeting.

There was a small attendance at the Reform Club meeting last evening. In the absence of the President, Judge Nathan Harper presided, and Mrs. King led the singing. George Rogers presided at the organ. Interesting and pointed remarks were made by Dr. Burnet, Daniel J. Marshall, Edgar Laing and others, after which the meeting came to a close.

New Jersey County Fairs.

The following are the dates upon which will occur the various County Fairs throughout New Jersey:

Atlantic county, at Egg Harbor, Aug. 23, 26, 28.

Hunterdon county, Flemington, Sept. 27, 30.

Mercer county, Trenton, Oct. 4, 7.

Salem county, Woodstown, Sept. 13, 15.

New Jersey State Fair at Waverly Park, beginning Sept. 19 and closing Sept. 28. Secretary, P. T. Quinn.

The Egg Harbor City Agricultural Society give the only fair held in Atlantic county. It is held at Egg Harbor Sept. 22 to 26.

The Burlington County Society have extensive and well-appointed grounds at Mount Holly. A new iron grand stand is now in course of erection. The opening day will be Monday, Oct. 10, and will continue until Saturday, Oct. 15. Secretary, Henry H. Budd.

The Cumberland County Society Fair will be held at Bridgeton, Sept. 6 to Sept. 8. Secretary, W. O. Garrison.

The Vineland Fair Association will have an exhibition about the latter part of September. The date is not yet announced.

The *Essex County Society's* fair will be held at Caldwell Sept. 12 to 17.

The farmers of Hudson county will devote the better of the last week of September to attending the Fair of the Hudson County Agricultural Society, which will be held at Flemington Sept. 27 to Sept. 30. Secretary, F. S. Holcombe, of Flemington.

The third annual fair of the Mercer County Agricultural Society will be held in Chambersburg from Oct. 4 to Oct. 7. Franklin Dye, Secretary.

Secretary C. D. B. Forman, Freehold, announces that the Monmouth County Exhibition will be the best in the history of the county society. It will be held at Freehold, Oct. 4 to Oct. 6, inclusive.

The West Jersey Agricultural and Horticultural Society's *Exhibition occurs* at Woodstown. Secretary J. D. Lawson announces that the date this year will be from Sept. 13 to Sept. 15.

The Somerset Society will have a display of local products at Somerville, Oct. 4 to Oct. 6. Secretary, W. S. Potter.

A. S. Konkle, of Newton, Secretary of the Sussex County Agricultural Society, states that the people in Sussex expect an unusually excellent display of what that county can produce at a fair which will be held at Newton, Oct. 4 to Oct. 7.

The Moorestown Society in Burlington county had only a Spring exhibition.

The Squirrel Law.

A statement inadvertently appeared in the columns of the PRESS on Wednesday last relative to the law of this State about the legal months in which squirrels may be killed. The item made it appear that squirrels may legally be killed during the month of September. This is erroneous. The last enactment of the New Jersey Legislature regarding this subject was approved April 28, 1886, and reads:

CHAPTER CCVIII.

An act for the preservation of squirrels.

1. Be it enacted by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That no person shall kill, take, expose for sale or have unlawfully in his or her possession after the same has been killed, any gray squirrel, except during the months of October, November and December in any year, under a penalty of fifteen dollars for each gray squirrel killed, taken, exposed for sale, or had in possession contrary to the provisions of this act.

2. And be it enacted, That the penalty provided for in the foregoing section shall be recovered in the manner provided in the act entitled "An act to provide a uniform method of procedure for the recovery of penalties for the several laws relating to game and game fish," passed March sixteenth, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five.

Approved April 28, 1886.

WESTFIELD.

Dr. F. A. Kinch, Sr., is seriously indisposed at his residence.

The cool weather somewhat interfered with the attendance at the gospel meeting in the tent last evening.

The several clergymen have raised $150 to pay for the large tent wherein the gospel meetings have been held during the Summer.

The public school will re-open on Monday, September 5th. The new Principal, Marcus Ward, will then take charge, and Prof. Demarest, the retiring principal, will assume charge of a school at Nyack, N. Y. The trustees, it is said, will strictly follow the law, compelling children to attend school.

To Reform Summit.

Anthony Comstock and several other prominent residents of Summit intend to prefer complaints to the next Grand Jury of Union County against nineteen unlicensed places in that township where liquor it is alleged, is openly sold in violation of the law. A pamphlet has been issued and in it the intentions of the law and order men set forth. Copies of this document has been sent to the offending parties.

WANT BIG WHITE MAN

COLOROW DISDAINS TO TREAT WITH COWBOYS.

Two Hundred Bucks Corraled by Fifty-Two Cowboys—What Gen. Terry Reports.

GREENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 26.—A courier arrived at 4 o'clock with the following message sent to Gov. Adams by Maj. Brooks:

To Governor Adams, Denver:

Major Leslie has Colorow corralled with 200 bucks. They want to see big white man—won't talk to cowboy whites; want little fight; soldiers must go back or have little fight. Kendall has fifty-two men. That is positive. All other information on this point is false. J. M. REARDON, Brigadier-General.

To Governor Adams, Denver:

Please come to Glenwood Springs immediately, even if it requires special, to meet General E. Test, and county commissioners Gregory and Reynolds. Emergency exists which requires your presence at once.

Governor Adams telegraphed Secretary Lamar asking him to instruct General Crook to send troops into Garfield and Koutt counties for the purpose of driving Colorow and his band of renegade Utes back to the reservation and keeping him there.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Adjutant-General Drum has received the following telegram from General Terry:

Your dispatch of yesterday reached me this morning and I have sent it to General Crook for his information and guidance. But as I understood the information, perhaps imperfect, that I have, the present trouble is entirely within the boundaries of the state of Colorado, and has arisen from an attempt to execute the process of a civil court of that state. The sheriff has called out a posse and a detachment of militia has been sent to him or is on the way to him. Under these circumstances and in view of section 15 of the army appropriation act, approved June 18, 1878, I do not see that the troops of the United States can be lawfully used in aid of the sheriff unless the legislature or governor of Colorado shall represent to the president that an insurrection exists, and shall call upon him for aid in suppressing it, nor does there seem to be any other action that military officers can take. So long as the sheriff with his posse, and the militia are pressing the Indians and threatening an immediate attack, efforts to induce Colorow and his followers to return to the agency would in all probability be useless. The only course of action that appears to me to be feasible is to induce the state authorities to suspend the execution of their process until an effort can be made by United States authority to induce the Indians to return to their homes. As yet no troops have been sent to the scene of action though they are ready to march. In view of the severe penalties imposed by the act of 1878 on military officers who shall unlawfully use troops in aid of the civil authorities, I ask for more implicit instructions for my guidance.

THE DEATH OF AGNES RYAN.

Testimony at the Inquest Makes It Look Like a Case of Malpractice.

DANBURY, Aug. 26.—Coroner Holt conducted the inquest in the case of Agnes Ryan, who was found dead at her aunt's house on Sunday. Platt S. Osborne a liveryman, testified that on Sunday afternoon Dr. G. C. Richards called him to take a young woman to the Westville district. He did so, and the woman was very sick on the way. Dr. Barber of Bethel said that the post-mortem examination revealed the fact that Miss Ryan had been harshly treated, and Deputy Coroner Straton was of the opinion that an operation had been performed a few hours previous to the girl's death.

Dr. George S. Richards admitted that Miss Ryan came to his office on Sunday and complained of feeling ill, but he did not prescribe for her nor lay a hand on her. He was acquainted with her delicate condition, as she had called his son, Dr. Herbert G. Richards, to attend her. Dr. Herbert Richards testified that she had asked him to get her out of trouble, but he refused.

Mrs. Mary McDonald testified that soon after arriving at her house Agnes was very sick, and that she died in great agony, refusing to tell what ailed her. The inquest was continued.

Inhumanity in Convict Camps.

ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 27.—For several days Gov. Gordon has been in receipt of private information that the convicts in camps Nos. 2 and 3, owned by James E. English and W. B. Low, had been inhumanly flogged because they gave information to the legislative executive committee. The headquarters of these camps is the Chattahoochie brick company, near Atlanta. The principal keeper found that from the back of four of them strips of flesh had been cut out with the lash. When the fact was reported to Gov. Gordon, he signed an order requiring the lessees to show cause on September 1 why the lease should not be annulled. Another order dismissed whipping Boss Bingham and said that he should never more be employed in the state, and still another placed Principal Keeper Towers in charge of the camps in the name of the state.

Jake Sharp Gets a Stay.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Jake Sharp has escaped Sing Sing for some time to come, and perhaps forever. News that Judge Joseph Potter of the supreme court had granted a stay of the execution of the sentence reached the city from Whitehall early yesterday, and an application for Sharp's release on bail will follow. District Attorney Martine, who was at Long Branch when the news came, says that he will demand that bail be fixed at $1,000,000. He had anticipated that a stay would be granted, and several days ago he applied to Gov. Hill, asking him, in case a stay was granted, to convene an extraordinary session of the general term, so that the argument on appeal can be heard at once.

Mr. Oberly Will Not Resign.

WASHINGTON, Aug 26.—The report from Chicago that civil service commissioner Oberly is to resign, to accept the chairmanship of the democratic national committee, is discredited by his friends here. They say that Mr. Oberly is a poor man and could not afford to enter politics again. There is a general belief that in the event of Commissioner Miller's resignation, which is quite likely on account of his ill health, Mr. Oberly would be made commissioner of internal revenue.

Lynched by Negroes.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 26.—John Mycick, colored, was lynched in Henry county last night by 100 people of his own race. Last week he assaulted a white lady, Mrs. Basmore. Parties scoured the woods for him and a crowd of colored men found him, strung him up to a tree, and riddled his body with bullets.

A QUESTION OF CIVIL SERVICE

The Chicago Report Completed, but It May Not be Published.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Commissioner Oberly has completed his report upon the Chicago Federal offices. It is devoted chiefly to combating the position taken by Commissioner Edgerton with respect to the local civil service associations which he has so severely attacked.

Mr. Oberly says that the civil service commissioners are glad to receive the suggestions of local associations or leagues, or organizations of any sort, or of individuals, who desire to aid in improving the character of the civil service and of securing the execution of the civil service act and regulations, and that the commission will always be ready to investigate any well-established charge of irregularity or of violation of the act or rule.

It appears that, in the matter of publicity, the Philadelpeia report and the Chicago report stand on a different footing. The Philadelphia investigation was ordered by the commission itself upon the basis of charges made directly to the commission. The Chicago investigation, on the other hand, was ordered by the commission because of charges which were made directly to the president and which were by him referred to the commission.

The latter report of the commission will, therefore, be addressed to the president and will not be published unless the president gives his consent.

THE ARREST OF EDITOR O'BRIEN

The Summons will be Obeyed and a Test Made of His Case.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—The summoning of Mr. William O'Brien, M. P., to appear before a magistrate for having uttered inflammatory and seditious speeches at Mitchelltown a fortnight ago, is the first gun of the Irish executive anti-league campaign, and it is likely that further summonses will at once be issued for other nationalists who have denounced the action of the government.

The action against Mr. O'Brien is peremptory, and he has no option in the matter except to appear as commanded or keep himself without the jurisdiction of the law under which the summons was issued. This, of course he will not do, but on the contrary will demand an immediate hearing and prompt disposition of the case one way or the other. It is regarded by both side sides as a test case.

More Crooked Financiering in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Aug. 26.—More crooked transactions in the management of state finances by the emocratic officers during the last four years have been discovered. In 1885 they collected from the counties $249,646 of revenue that legally belonged to the next fiscal year, and this was not properly credited on the books. They also charged to increased receipts $600,000 of temporary loans, which represents a refunding transaction at 4 per cent. In 1886 they also anticipated the revenues to the amount of $213,087.15. By these methods they succeeded in making it appear that the state was in a better condition financially at the end of the democratic administration than it really was, when as a matter of fact, they took charge of state affairs with a balance of over $600,000 in the treasury, and left it worse than bankrupt.

Indignant Mrs. Cleveland.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Gen. A. W. Greely, who acted as Mrs. Cleveland's major domo during her recent sojourn in Marion, said yesterday that the president's wife was greatly annoyed by the reports telegraphed to many papers with regard to her manner of spending the Sabbath. Said he: "Mrs. Cleveland was reported as going out to dine at the Nickersons' and other places, as making and receiving calls on Sunday and participating in various excursions. She was greatly disturbed by these stories, which were absolutely untrue. She is very conscientious in these matters and invariably spent the Sabbath quietly at home."

Fined for Sunday Ball Playing.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 26.—On Sunday last the Cleveland and Metropolitan clubs played a game of base ball in this city, and on Monday Captain Stricker of the Clevelands was arrested for violating a state law prohibiting Sunday games. The case came up in the police court this morning and Stricker was fined $10 and costs. There is a city ordinance permitting Sunday ball playing, and the case was considered a test of the conflicting laws. The court decided the ordinance to be illegal.

A Piece of Strategy.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—It is charged here that the object of the attack on Northern Pacific is to bring out the Oregon transcontinental's block of 135,000 shares. This block, in opposition to the managers, has been hanging over them as a threat since Villard's time. It is alleged to be proposed now to force the stock out of hands, holding it as collateral for Oregon transcontinental loans, and have it distributed on the market.

Failure of a National Bank.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 26.—The First National bank of Danville, N. Y., James Faulkner, president, and L. Kuhn, cashier, has closed its doors. The cause of the failure is unknown here, but it had been expected for some time, as the bank had begun to let its notes go to protest. None of the banks of this city is affected so far as known. The capital stock of the bank was $50,000, and the surplus given by the last report was $22,000.

Canada Cheers the President.

MONTREAL, Aug. 26.—Messrs. Clayes and Fisher, members of parliament; Auger, ex-member for Shefford; E. P. Johnson, H. M. Rider and Fontaine spoke at Shefford last night to an enthusiastic audience urging commercial union with the United States. A letter of regret from Erastus Wiman was read. The meeting closed with cheers for the queen and the president.

Wiping Out the Cartwrights.

MANNINGTOWN, W. Va., Aug. 26.—The old Cartwright feud, which has caused so much bloodshed in Marion county, has broken out again. While John Cartwright was standing in front of the house of Frank Jones, where he made his home, he was fired upon with a rifle by some unknown person and killed.

To Settle Some Disputed Games.

BUFFALO, Aug. 26.—The date of the meeting of the directors of the international league has been changed to Tuesday next instead of to-day. President Gilbert says the question of the Binghamton games will not be decided until the close of the season.

The Cyclone Gone to Sea.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The signal office reports that the cyclone heretofore reported has moved east of Hatteras, and is apparently following the course of the Gulf Stream.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 26, 1887.

Brown, P M S	Irley, Rebecca Miss
Boag, Peter	Kelser, Anner Mrs
Criswell, Minnie Miss	Larkin, May Miss
Davy, Denver	Mahun, Lorens
Demarest, C M Mrs	McLaughlin, John
Finegan, Wm J	Miller, John M D
Hogn, Joseph	Peaslee, Anna N Miss
Hanson, Mr	Partington, Walter
Hayward, John H Jr	Quinn, Kittie Miss
Ward, Margaret Miss	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m. to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

LOST—IN THIS CITY TODAY A POCKET-BOOK containing a sum of money. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the office of this office. 8-26-d1

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL HOUSES. ENQUIRE of THEODORE GRAY. 8-25-tf

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-23w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

BOARD WANTED—BY A YOUNG MARRIED couple in central part of city. Address, with terms, P. O. Box 629, Plainfield. 8-16-tf

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN with or without board at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL!

SEPT. 1 THURSDAY SEPT. 1.

Grand Opening of the Season. Engagement of

THE FIRESIDE FAVORITE,

EFFIE ELISLER,

Supported by a Powerful Company, under the management of Mr. Marc Klaw, presenting Frank Harvey's Powerful Domestic Story

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

Tickets on sale at usual places, Monday, Aug. 29.

Receiver's Sale of Jewelry.

The subscriber will sell at public auction at the store of J. Moraller, 19 E. Front St., this city,

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 30th,

at 7 o'clock, all the Jewelry contained in said store, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Bracelets, Rings, Charms, Clocks, etc.

VINCENT W. NASH, Receiver.
August 26th, 1887. 8-26-d4

THEODORE GRAY,

Mason and Builder.

Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

WEST END COAL YARD

HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1

WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M. HETFIELD.

Interested People.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam, for Coughs and Colds, does it is indeed wonderful. He authorizes R. J. Shaw to give those who call for it a sample bottle *Free*, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c and $1.00. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consumption.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,

WESTFIELD, N. J.

FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.

BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.

GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties, for prosecution. W. K. MCCLURE, Treasurer.
Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,
Worsteds,
Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

P. H. BENNETT,

Successor to B. H. Bachman

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

HARDWARE,

Plumbing,

STEAM AND GAS FITTING,

Sheet Iron and Heater Work.

TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,

13 EAST FRONT ST.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished with First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,
CHEMICALS,
TOILET ARTICLES
AND
DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

Good Sellers and Good Wearers.

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY,

FROM

PECK'S.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD--Cor Third street and Madison ave.

my10tf

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

THE SALOON MUST GO

PENNSYLVANIA AND NEW YORK PROHIBITION CONVENTIONS.

Large and Enthusiastic Gatherings in Both States—The Pennsylvania Ticket.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 26.—The state convention being held here by the prohibition party is like a funeral when compared with that of the united labor party last week. In numbers the prohibitionists exceed by at least 700, and the Alhambra hall is well filled, spectators occupying all of the available space after the delegates are seated. As a consequence, those in one end of the hall cannot be heard in the other. There are 178 delegates present, besides half as many alternates.

There was a prayer and praise meeting in the morning at the rink at 10 o'clock, and the regular proceedings were not begun till an hour later.

Frederick B. Wheeler, of New York, called the convention to order and made a speech. Among other things he said that the prohibition party was the best and the only party with which to operate against the liquor traffic. The last convention had been held just after the defeat of the republicans in a presidential campaign. That result had been brought about by the sturdy band of prohibitionists in this state.

Alluding to President Cleveland, Mr. Wheeler said that he was making a manly fight to be the president of the whole party and he was succeeding fairly well. Since 1884 the prohibitionist vote, he continued, had been increased by 11,000. The increase would keep going right on, he thought, and soon the cry would be heard: "We're coming, Father Abraham, three hundred thousand strong." As for the democratic party, Mr. Wheeler said it pleaded guilty to the crime of aiding in the perpetuation of the saloon and of the saloon system, and the fight of the prohibitionists with that party was on a square and open basis.

Upon the conclusion of the address I. K. Funk, of Brooklyn, took the platform as temporary chairman, in accordance with the recommendation of the state committee, and addressed the convention briefly. H. D. Messenger, of Madison county, and Joseph A. Bogardus, of New York, were chosen temporary secretaries, and then the Silver Lake quartet sang a selection in which democrats and republicans were told about the happy prohibition time that was coming next year.

Committees on credentials and permanent organization were appointed and then Judge Groo, last year's candidate for judge of the court of appeals, rose to move for a recess, but gave way for a moment to Mr. Wheeler, of Kings county, at whose suggestion it was decided to send the following dispatch to Harrisburg, Penn.:

Eighteen hundred delegates of the prohibition party convention of the empire state send greeting to the prohibition party convention of the Keystone state. The saloon must go!

Judge Groo then renewed his motion, and the convention decided to take a recess until 2:30 o'clock.

The reports of the committee were heard first at the opening of the afternoon session. The chairman of the committee on credentials reported that the list of delegates as furnished by the chairman of the state committee had been found to be correct. The committee on permanent organization reported as follows:

Chairman: H. Clay Bascomb, of Troy; vice-chairman, Horace Waters, of New York; C. C. Leigh, of Kings county; Dr. M. Downing, of Poughkeepsie; the Rev. C. F. Noble, of Essex county; Dr. C. W. Huntington, of Cattaraugus; E. E. Candee, of Cayuga, and Professor Z. P. Taylor, of Monroe county; secretaries, T. E. Werner, of Fulton county; Joseph A. Bogardus, of New York, and L. S. Freeman, of Niagara.

After the acceptance of the report of the committee on permanent organization, H. Clay Bascomb was introduced to the convention by Temporary Chairman Funk. The delegates received him with cheers. Addressing the convention, Mr. Bascomb said that he accepted the honor as a pledge of the confidence reposed in him. He then proceeded to arraign the republican party for its affiliation with the dram shops.

Despite the opposition made by some of the country delegates the convention decided to allow three names to be handed up from both the New York and Kings county delegations to be placed on the state committee.

A large mass meeting was held last evening. The convention was called to order again at 11 o'clock this morning and after a song and prayer service the reports of committees were announced in order preparatory to the nomination of officers.

PENNSYLVANIA'S CONVENTION.

Simeon F. Chase for Supreme Judge, and D. C. Irish for Treasurer.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 26.—The prohibition state convention completed its work yesterday with 523 delegates representing 54 counties in attendance. Simeon F. Chase, a lawyer of Eaton, was unanimously nominated for judge of the supreme court, and Capt. Dallas C. Irish, of New Castle, for state treasurer.

Mr. Chase is a native of Pennsylvania and was born in Susquehana county April 28, 1828, and was educated at Hamilton college, New York. He was a republican from the organization of that party, having presided over the first republican state convention in 1857, that nominated D. Wilmot for governor. He presided over the first national prohibition convention at Columbus, Ohio, in 1872, and was the candidate for governor of Pennsylvania in the same year. In 1879 he was nominated for supreme court judge. He is an elder of the Presbyterian church and has been a Sunday school superintendent for thirty-four years.

Capt. Irish is a native of Lawrence county, and a resident of New Castle, where he is engaged in the real estate business. He is about fifty years of age, and in 1886 was the candidate of the prohibitionists for congress. Capt. Irish was identified for many years with the republican party, though he has not been an active politician. In 1884 he voted for the Blaine electors, and the following year actively entered the ranks of the prohibitionists.

A. A. Stevens, of Tyrone, and Joshua L. Baily, of Philadelphia, were elected members of the prohibition national executive committee.

Charles S. Wolfe was elected chairman of the state committee and appointed the following executive committee: James Black, Lancaster; D. C. Babcock, M. E. Clark and John B. Scott, Philadelphia; G. Findley, and John A. McConnell, Pittsburg; A. Ricketts, Wilkesbarre; A. A. Stevens, Tyrone; S. C. Freed, Linfield; Leroy Gleason, Canton; Charles J. G. Miller, Franklin; H. A. Pennock, Chester; John D. Gill, Greensburg; Joseph A. Meers, Scranton, and J. C. Rommel, Shippenburg.

Construction in the Northwest.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—The building of the Duluth, Fergus Falls, and southwestern road threatens to deprive Minneapolis of much flour business. The Manitoba is also building southwest from Fergus Falls which will assist Duluth.

THE GRAND OLD MAN

HE OPENS VIGEROUS WAR UPON THE GOVERNMENT.

Received With Greatest Enthusiasm—He Insists that Parliament Shall Know What It Has to Act Upon.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—An immense crowd congregated in the palace yard to await the arrival at the house of commons of Mr. Gladstone, and when the liberal leader came he received an ovation fit for a king. Nor did the enthusiastic greeting of the grand old man stop here. His entrance into the house was the signal for a burst of cheering, hand clapping, hat tossing and handkerchief waving that lasted for several minutes.

In marked contrast to the reception of Mr. Gladstone by the people assembled outside of the parliament house was that accorded by the populace to Lord Salisbury, Lord Randolph Churchill and Mr. Goschen. Mr. Goschen's, in particular, was unmistakably severe, and the spectacle of the chancellor of the exchequer cringing and shrinking before the derisive howls, jeers and hisses of a representative crowd of Englishmen was extremely pitiful.

The absence of Mr. John Morley from his seat was conspicuously noticeable and was the cause of much comment of varied character. The purpose of Mr. Gladstone in moving against the government's proclamation of the league is merely to place the liberal party squarely upon record as branding the action of the ministry as outrageously unjust and unprovoked. Had Mr. Morley's voice been heeded he would have been in his seat.

The arguments of Mr. Gladstone and his followers, as set forth in the debate, were to a great extent based upon the report of General Sir Redvers Buller, under secretary for Ireland, which was exhaustively discussed at the conference of liberal members. Presuming that General Buller's sources of information as to the state of Ireland were ample and reliable, and that his report embodies the most damaging evidence against the National league that could be secured, the liberals contend that by Buller's and consequently the government's own showing the ministry's proceeding against the league was without warrant in fact or suspicion.

The cabinet council, which was in session two hours, devoted its time to discussing the national league questisn, and, it is understood, without reaching any other decision than the one arrived at when the coucil last met.

Mr. Gladstone in the house of commons moved a resolution setting forth that the government's action proclaiming the Irish national league was unwise, unjust and unreasonable, and in submitting the motion said:

The Viceroy of Ireland in declaring that the league incited violence must have acted upon information, but where is the information? If the facts are withheld, the opposition must urge upon the house and the government these propositions: First, it is a slight and almost an outrage upon the dignity of parliament to suppose that the house was to discharge such an important statutory duty as granting its sanction to the proclamation without knowing the grounds for such action. Secondly, it reduces to utter destruction and absurdity the main contention the government advanced during the discussion of the Crimes act, and the safeguard which the government promised through the operation of that act has proved to be a farce.

What is the value or meaning of the approval of parliament given in ignorance of the facts? Why not follow the course adopted by Wellington and Peel in 1829 regarding the Catholic league and suppress the national league altogether? What could the house think of information that they knew would not bear the light?

I have always concluded that the government is legislating against combinations apart from crime, and now is the government's time and opportunity to prove me wrong. But, no, the government shrinks from the test, and declines the challenge. To proclaim the national league is very nearly approaching a declaration of war upon the Irish people. The government is pressing Ireland very hard, and it is evident that it is intended to work the crimes act by summary jurisdiction.

I hope the Irish people will continue to bear the pressure; they will not have to suffer long. The people of Ireland believe that the policy of the government does not have the sanction of the British nation. The government's action shows that its strength is fading, and Ireland, seeing this trusts that the English nation will fulfill her reasonable wishes.

Mr. Balfour said the difficulty was not in finding evidence to justify the proclamation of the league, but in selecting it from the enormous mass in possession of the government. There was sufficient justification in the columns of the local newspapers without going into the government's confidential reports. Mr. Gladstone, he said, had proclaimed the land league and imprisoned Mr. Parnell at a time when parliament was not sitting, and had not even informed any one concerned of his grounds for such action.

Mr. Balfour quoted from documents to show that the league was guilty of boycotting, coercion, intimidation, and inciting to breach of law and violence.

Sir William Harcourt asked if the documents from which Mr. Balfour quoted would be submitted to the house?

Mr. Balfour said that the government declined to submit them to the house, and continued to cite instances of criminal acts on the part of the league.

Sir William Harcourt appealed to the speaker to decide whether Mr. Balfour was not bound to lay upon the table the official documents from which he cited.

The speaker: "Mr. Balfour is not bound to submit confidential documents. With official papers, which the house might want to verify, the case would be different."

Sir William Harcourt, turning to Mr. Balfour, after the speaker's ruling, said he would expect the papers to be tabled.

Mr. Balfour: "I shall not submit the papers. My documents are of three sorts, *public, confidential, and my own private* notes. If the people realized the nature and workings of the national league, they would support the government regardless of creed or party."

Mr. Timothy Harrington commented severely on the character of the documents which the government had quoted but had refused to lay upon the table, and declared them to be utterly worthless. He asserted that the plain duty of the league was to continue its work and not to shrink from the consequences

Mr. T. R. Buchanan (liberal unionist) said the government's action had been ill timed. Mr. Balfour, he asserted, had not given a fair account of the doings of the league which organization had been largely instrumental in reducing rents in Ireland. The English people, he said, desired that the Irish difficulty should be treated amicably.

Forty Liberals for the League.

LONDON, Aug. 26.—Forty members of the liberal party of parliament met in the house of commons and resolved to support the national league in opposition to the government. Twenty other liberal members have written resolutions of sympathy None of the liberal leaders were present at the gathering.

NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH.

The Nanticoke Mine Suddenly Flooded, Miners Wade Out.

NANTICOKE, Penn., Aug. 26.—Terrible excitement was caused in the fatal No 1 shaft at this place by the breaking away of earth barriers that separated a worked-out portion of the colliery from the chambers where mining is in progress and the sudden precipitation of a large body of water into a gangway where over three hundred miners were at work.

For a long time past a huge subterranean reservoir had been forming containing millions of gallons of water. This underground lake was 570 feet below the surface. The chamber where the men were at work was 150 feet further down, and about the same distance from the mined galleries. The first intimation the men had that the mine was flooded was the sudden appearance of water in the chambers.

As it increased in depth many hurriedly quit work and rushed to the bottom of the shaft. By this time a regular exodus from all parts of the colliery set in, the miners wading through water breast high before the last of them got out. The work of rescuing the men was proceeded with promptly, the steam carriage taking up twenty at a time.

All sorts of rumors were set adrift, and the mouth of the mine was crowded with anxious women and children exhibiting the usual alarm and frantic demonstrations. Luckily all the men were taken out safely. Ninety mules perished. Work will be suspended for an indefinite period, as the water is still running in. Had the earth fissure been wide enough to admit the whole volume of water at once, not a man would have been saved.

UNHAPPY FATE OF STRIKERS.

The Money is Not Forthcoming—A Bad State of Affairs.

NEWARK, Aug. 26.—The boycotted leather workers were not happy yesterday, for they were told by Master Workman Dodd at the headquarters of disrict 51, K. of L., that he did not know where he would get more money for them from the general executive board. He had told General Master Workman Powderly that not less than $10,000 would be required to help the leather workers win against the manufacturers, and Mr. Powderly replied that so much could not be legally drawn from the treasury without considerable delay.

Mr. Dodd secured $2,000 in Philadelphia, however, and about $1,000 had been collected from local assemblies. All this this money had been given to needy strikers, and Mr. Dodd could not say when the district would get another supply. He urged the men to stand firm, but many of them quitted headquarters disheartened.

The leather manufacturers reported at their meeting that they have all the men they need, 750 new men having arrived in Newark from other cities. Some of the manufacturerers were in favor of taking back some of the old employes who went out on strike after they withdrew from the knights of labor, but others said they will give new men the preference.

Called Out to be Murdered.

HOLDEN, Mo., Aug. 26.—Dr. Kenyon, who lives in Centreview, is lying in a critical condition, owing to an assault which was made on him last night by three men. About midnight the men rode up to his house. Two of them went to the door, while the third held the horses. When they knocked the doctor asked who they were. They told him that a Mr. Rusview was sick and they had been sent to call him. He then opened the door, when one of the men struck him with an axe and knocked him senseless. The man with the axe then struck him two more blows. His companion fired three shots at the prostrate body. The men then drove off. The city marshal was notified, and at once went to Kingsville, five miles west of here, where he arrested two brothers, John and Sam Glenn, and brought them here this morning. Dr. Kenyon married a cousin of the Glenns, and since that time he has had a good deal of trouble with her family on account of his alleged ill treatment of her.

An Innocent Minded Clerk.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Pension Clerk Brouner, who was arrested on a charge of stealing records from the government, was arraigned in the police court, and pleaded guilty, with the qualification that he had no idea that the papers were of any value, or that he was doing wrong in taking them away from the pension office. He was released on $2,000 bail. Brouner confessed that he had given the records to Claim Agent Rutherford, who was also arrested for receiving stolen property, and whose case will be called to-day. Rutherford yesterday denied all knowledge of the papers, although some of them were found in his office, and laid it all upon a discharged clerk of his, but he declines to say anything further.

His Dream of Wealth Came True.

WASHINGTON, Ind, Aug. 26.—Four years ago Reuben Boger had a dream in which the location of a quantity of money was pointed out. *Boger paid little attention to* the dream, though it was repeated time after time. Two days ago he passed by the spot described in his dream, and it occurred to him to investigate. He dug into the ground in a depression amid a clump of oak trees. Two feet below the surface he found an iron pot with a quantity of gold and silver in it. Its presence at the spot was accounted for by the tradition that it belonged to an Irishman who worked on the Wabash and Erie canal in 1850. Before his death he told of having buried a pot of gold and silver, but it was never found.

Anti-Canal Convention.

SYRACUSE, Aug. 26.—The farmers' anti-canal convention assembled and considered resolutions against putting all the taxes on real estate. Ex-Railroad Commissioner John O'Donnell offered a long series of resolutions. *Orlando B. Potter of New York* is here to take a hand in it. Seth Fenner of Erie county called the meeting to order. Editor Brockway presided temporarily, and Mr. Fenner was made permanent chairman. The committee on taxation reported a resolution that personal property should be taxed the same as real estate. Mr. O'Donnell wants a special tax laid on the railroads to pay the expenses of keeping up the canals.

Shooting Scrape at Hillsdale.

HILLSDALE, N. J., Aug. 26.—Last night about 10 o'clock Isaac Van Hoan of this place shot Abraham Van Allen, with whom he had some difficulty. The wound is a dangerous one. The victim is being attended by Dr. Zabriskie at West Wood. Van Horne has been arrested. The load of shot entered Van Allen's right thigh, causing an ugly wound.

Big Comet in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 26.—The largest comet that has appeared in many years was visible here last night in the northern sky. Its outline is somewhat dim, but is perfectly plain to the naked eye. It was first noticed about 10 o'clock.

WM. K. McCLURE,

Attorney-at-Law.

Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

JACKSON & CODINGTON,

Counsellors-at-Law,

Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,

Counselor at Law.

Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

A. M. RUNYON & SON,

Undertakers and Embalmers.

58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,

Funeral Directors.

and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

P. HOAGLAND'S

City Express.

Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,

Coal Dealer.

Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,

Picture Frames.

of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,

Carpenter and Builder,

31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

A. SWALM.

Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c., Paper Hanging A Specialty.

No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,

Bookseller and Stationer.

No. 7 Park Avenue.

A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,

HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,

No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET. 8-16-tf

CHAS. SEIBEL,

Furniture and Freight Express.

P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,

Livery Stables.

North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121, my9tf

R. THORN,

No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.

Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges. Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S

Furniture Express.

45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,

Florist

Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

SHARKEY & BLIMM,

Grocers

Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
S Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

ARNOLD,

The Grocer.

Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

MEDICATED

Sulphur and Vapor Baths,

followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,

Furniture Dealer.

21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS.

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,

WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings. 10myly

W. N. ROWE,

HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE

PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.

18 EAST FRONT STREET.

WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.

WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

HEADQUARTERS FOR

WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.

my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,

SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.

Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day, $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is

AN OLD FISHING GROUND,

and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.

A FINE SANDY BEACH

large Bathing Houses and all

NEW FLANNEL SUITS

for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.

LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM

fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address

JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.

No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,

Homoeopathist.

(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

C. P. WHEELER,

Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,

for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,

Bottler

of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention myl8 f

DR. PLATT,

90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.

Office Hours, until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

H. C. DRAKE,

House Painter.

Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR

Soda Water,

With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my1 tf

C. E. JOHNSON,

(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.)

CARPENTER and BUILDER.

Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,

Tin and Coppersmith,

Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,

Photographers,

15 E. FRONT STREET

Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, **$3.50 per Dozen.** my10y1

FIRST-CLASS

Stationery, etc.,

Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,

The Book Seller and Stationer,

No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,

INSURANCE AGENTS,

No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

A. D. COOK & BRO.,

Lumber and Coal Merchants,

CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,

PLAINFIELD.

All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.

ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

DON A. GAYLORD.

DEALER IN

Lumber and Masons' Materials,

OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,

House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc

PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.

OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF 16½ EAST FRONT STREET.

D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT

Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.

New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.

AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,

(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of

Fresh and Salt Meats,

etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S

Fish Market,

Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,

PURE SPRING WATER ICE,

Delivered daily to any part of the city at the

LOWEST MARKET PRICE.

Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10 f

PHILLIES STILL CREEPING UP.

New York Wallops Chicago—Summary of Yesterday's Games.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 26.—The home team gained another point in the race and at the same time had a picnic with the leaders. The game appeared to be mortgaged to Detroit up to the sixth inning, when the Phillies made their first runs and tied the score, which remained thus until the ninth when the home batsmen made a remarkable rally and pounded Getzein for six runs. Ten thousand delighted people saw the game.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	6	—8
Detroit	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—2

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Those who in the middle of the season began to regard Welch as a back number have lately changed their opinion, as he is now pitching equally as good a game as Keefe and is winning more games than he loses. Smiling Mickey was always a puzzle to Chicago and *yesterday he paralyzed them, keeping* them down to five actual hits. He outpitched the great Clarkson by a large majority. The game was replete with brilliant plays on both sides. Rainey made his first appearance on third base with New York and earned unstinted applause by his fine work. The first time he faced Clarkson he hit him for two bases. Nearly 10,000 New Yorkers were pleased with the acquisition and the work of the team.

New York	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	4	0	—9
Chicago	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Base hits—New York 16, Chicago 7. Earned runs—New York 4, Chicago 5.

BOSTON, Aug. 26.—Pittsburg was defeated in a closely played game yesterday as follows:

Boston	0	0	0	0	1	7	0	1	0	—9
Pittsburg	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	5	0	—8

Base hits—Boston 13, Pittsburg 12 Errors—Boston 9, Pittsburg 11. Pitchers—Radbourne and Morris.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The tail-enders played a very good game, and Washington shoved Indianapolis still a little down the hill defeating them 3 to 1 Whitney and Healy were the pitchers. Base hits—Washington 7, Indianapolis 4.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—The summary of association games is as follows: Cincinnati 12, Metropolitan 6; Athletic 8, Cleveland 6; St. Louis 14, Baltimore 8. International league—Toronto 5, Buffalo 2; Rochester 12, Hamilton 9; Wilkesbarre 9, Syracuse 8.

Arrested After Many Years.

TROY, Aug. 26.—"Bat" Jackson was arrested at Knickerbocker charged with murdering Miss Gertrude M. Hover of that place on Sept. 6, 1885. Miss Hover was found dead in her house with evidences of a terrible struggle. Her throat was cut and she was wounded in many places. She was 60 years old, and lived alone in a cottage on the outskirts of Kinderhook. Two colored men were arrested at the time, but were released, as they could not be connected with the crime. Jackson waived examination, and was committed to jail to await the action of the grand jury. The evidence against him is strong and is accumulating.

A Rough Joke on the President.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The *Times'* Washington special says: "A country fair association in New York state has circulated wide and far a statement that President Cleveland had offered a prize of $10 in gold for the best set of triplets to be exhibited at the fair. These gentlemen, in their desire to advertise their local show, evidently gave no thought to the consideration that such a publication placed the president of the United States in an attitude of coarse indelicacy before the people. No such offer nor anything like it has been contemplated by Mr. Cleveland."

Hamilton and Dayton Bonds.

NEW YORK, Aug. 26.—Messrs. Kuhn, Loeb & Co. said to-day that it was not true that the Hamilton and Dayton bonds and Dayton and Michigan stock, which were sold at auction yesterday, were for the account of H. S. Ives & Co. The former firm had dealings with the latter house. The securieties were collaterals in the loan of another stock exchange firm.

Convict Labor Must Go.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Aug. 26.—Much indignation has lately been aroused on account of convicts being employed on public works in this city, and a mass meeting has been called to protest and take such action as may be deemed necessary for their immediate removal. The people are very determined and say that convict labor must go.

Ate Up Her Whole Family.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 26.—Letters from Fort Chippewa state that the starvation of last winter caused several cases of cannibalism. One old woman admits having killed and eaten her whole family at Little Red river.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26. 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, slight rise in temperature.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK August 25.—Money on Call at 4 and 5 per cent.

BONDS.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4½s, 1891, reg.	108¾	108
4½s, 1891, con.	109⅛	10[illegible]
4s, 1907, reg.	125⅝	126⅝
4s, 1907, con	127	126⅝

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock—The market recovered somewhat at the close the whole list being toned up.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	55¾	54½
Chicago, Bur, & Q.	135	135
Central Pacific	36¼	35
Del. & Hudson	—	101
Del. Lack. & W.	128½	12[illegible]
Erie	30¼	30
Erie pref	68¾	—
Lake Shore	92¼	92¼
Louis. & Nash.	61⅛	61¼
Michigan Central	84⅛	—
Missouri Pacific	93½	90½
N. Y. & New Eng.	43¼	43
N. J. Central	73	72⅞
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	107⅛	103½
Northwestern	113¼	112⅜
Oregon Navigation	91	90
Pacific Mail	39¾	39½
Reading	53¼	51⅛
Rock Island	125	125
St. Paul	81⅛	81⅝
Union Pacific	54¼	54½
West. Union Tel.	72⅞	72⅛

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug	Sep	Oct.
Wheat	79½	79¼	81⅞
Corn	—	49¼	49⅞
Oats	31¼	31¼	31⅞

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market dull Creamery—Eastern 23a25c; Western, 22a25c; Imitation, 17a19c. Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, 18a22c; western, 15a16c. Factory—fresh, 15a17c; June packed 15a16c.

Cheese—Market dull. Factory—New York cheddar, 11½a12c.; western, flat, 10a10½c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs—Market dull, Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 16½a17c: Canadian, firsts, 16c; western, firsts, 15½a16c.

HOTEL-RUNNERS' TRICKS.

How a Country Couple on a California Ferry-Boat Were Terrified.

An unfailing source of entertainment to the regular passengers on the Oakland ferryboats, says the San Francisco *Chronicle*, are the maneuvers of the hotel-runners in inducing people to patronize their respective hostelries. When arrivals are light party feeling runs high, and ingenious devices are resorted to for the purpose of enticing away customers already secured by a rival runner.

The other morning among the arrivals by the southern overland train were a respectable couple well advanced in years. They were seized upon by a runner, and while his rivals were busy with other passengers the runner secured them as guests for his hotel, and took possession of their baggage checks. When the others discovered what had been done they immediately set to work to undo it. One of them got into conversation with the couple, and soon learned that they had been recommended to that particular hotel by a young man whose acquaintance they had made on the train. He left at once without comment, conferred at the other end of the boat, and in a few minutes two of the runners took off their badges, sauntered back to where the old couple were located, seated themselves close to them, and entered into conversation in a tone which guaranteed every word being heard by the travelers.

"Well," said No. 1, "I see there was another robbery at the Blank House last night."

"Is that so? Who did they get away with this time?"

"Oh, a couple from the country, as usual. A man and his wife were found this morning in their room just recovering from the effects of chloroform. The trunk had been broken open and ransacked. The pockets of the clothing of both of them were turned inside out and every cent the poor people had in the world was gone. Why, they even took the ear-rings out of the woman's ears and the man's watch from under his pillow."

"How did they happen to go to such a dreadful house, if they were respectable people?"

"Oh, the old racket. They met a young man on the train who got acquainted with them and recommended the place as a decent lodging-house. Of course the young man was 'Hotel-Room Bob.' That is the way he usually works it. The proprietor is in with him, and, once in the house, the victim has no chance. The police ought to close the place up. There is an average of three robberies a week there right along."

They got up and sauntered off, leaving the old couple, who had heard every word, in a state of astonishment and terror. Just then the runner, who had put up the trick came up again and the woman sprang forward, caught him by the arm, and said: "Look here, mister, what sort of a place is that Blank House?"

"Well, madam," said the joker, "I don't like to say any thing against the rival house, but I must say I am surprised to see respectable people like you go there."

The old lady turned and held a whispered consultation with her husband, who rushed off, collared the runner who had taken his checks, and made him relinquish them. Returning, he gave the checks to the successful trickster, and he and the old lady sat down and indulged in mutual congratulations at having escaped robbery and perhaps murder in the deadfall, the character of which had so providentially been made known to them. The runner for the much-maligned house, which by the way is a perfectly respectable one, is cudgeling his brain to know how he lost his customers.

BULL-FROGS FOR FOOD.

How They Are Caught in the Marshes in and About Chicago.

A rare and dainty dish is that of the batrachian reptile, commonly known as the bull-frog, says the Chicago *Mail*. The pathos of his voice comes up from every inland pond with varied intensity of sound. He is nature's deceptive ventriloquist—for he can throw his voice at will. Aristophanes signified him long ago by his comedy of "Frogs," in the chorus of which he is made to sing "brekekekex koax koax!" To Galvani and Volta the sensibility of his muscles to galvanic currents served in the most important discoveries of electricity. To Faraday it indicated the greatest results in the physiology of the nervous system; and to Day it brought out the finest solutions in the chemical constitution of bodies—but more than that, he has become an almost universal favorite for food, and is sought for by the eater of the most luxurious taste. Therefore, his plaintive eyes blink at you from every restaurant pond, a cruel exposure of one who loves so much the retreats of solitude. He is found mostly in stagnant and sluggish waters, but also in creeks. The inland dams are full of them. After he has thoroughly awakened and fattened out of his winter torpitude the fisherman finds him good game from June to the last of July.

The simplest method to secure him is to use a common gig-light and the bare hand. A frog is attracted and charmed by light. He will swim to land toward a torch. At night he rests on the tangled edges of the water, about a foot within, but always with head toward his destination. You must not reach for him from the rear, but always catch him by the head. This sport can be continued up to two o'clock, but after midnight his dolorous cries have ceased. You must then find him by accident.

The red flannel catch is adapted to day as well as night sport. Any thing red pleases the frog's fancy. Three hooks adjusted to a line, half hid by the flannel, and slowly let down within near reach of the frog, will induce him to leap for the object, and a simultaneous jerk of the rod will catch the game. A more scientific arrangement is to take four hooks of two-foot lines, arrange them around a cork with a string, bring the four lines together into a knot above and affix to a rod. A clover head plucked from the field and strung to the cork and then let down to the view of the game will make a sure catch every time. A fisherman will deem it good luck when he can blow out his light over a bag of one hundred and fifty frogs, and he will say of some that they are large when they measure eighteen inches.

Queen Victoria's Specs.

At the Imperial Institute corner-stone laying, it is said, Queen Victoria used glasses for the first time in public. Mr. Matthews had forgotten to bring the reply to the address, which as Home Secretary, it was his duty to draw up and hand to her Majesty, so that she might read it at the proper time. So when the proper time came the document was not forthcoming, and Mr. Matthews hastily scrawled from memory a reproduction of the document over which he scratched his head and chewed his pen the night before. The scrawl was too much for the Queen, and she produced from her pocket the small hand lenses which she uses for reading by lamplight.

THE BASE-BALL CURVE.

Some Theories Concerning the Seemingly Erratic Movements of the Ball.

The pitcher had a little ball and it was white as snow and where the striker thought it was, that ball it wouldn't go. It had a sudden inshoot curve, it had a fearful drop, and when the striker wildly struck, that ball it didn't stop. "Why does the ball fool strikers so?" the children all did cry. "The pitcher twirls the ball, you know," the teacher did reply.

The chances are, declares a writer in the *Detroit Free Press* that the teacher didn't know himself why the ball exhibited all the eccentricities that base-balls are up to. Nearly every body has his own theory about the cause of the curves, and as a general thing no two of those theories are the same. A Detroit scientist recently gave an elaborate explanation which went to show that base-ball curving was all in your eye. That is, that you thought it curved, but that it did not. A Detroit pitcher admitted that the reasoning was without a flaw, and he confessed that he had no theory, still he asked the scientist to view a little exhibition and then make some explanations afterward.

The pitcher set up three stakes exactly in a line. Then he stood back and threw the ball. It went in on the right side of stake No. 1, on the left side of stake No. 2 and on the right side of stake No. 3.

"There," he said, "I am willing to admit that your theories are sound, but still if that ball didn't curve, how did it get around those stakes in the way you have seen?"

The scientist went down before this practical demonstration and is now remodeling his theories.

Prof. Proctor devotes a number of pages in an English magazine to show why the ball curves. He tells how the English cricketers witnessed a base ball game in Philadelphia, but expressed their unbelief in a ball curving in mid-air. They could understand how it curved if it touched the ground, but as it had equal pressure all round and as it touched nothing substantial they disbelieved in any curve. They were mistaken in thinking that the ball touched nothing substantial after it left the pitcher's hand. The ball touches something very substantial, although to the ordinary eye invisible. This is the cushion of compressed air that the ball pushes ahead of it.

The captain of the cricket club was invited to take a base-ball bat and try to hit the ball. Thirteen balls passed him, each one of which he struck at, but not one of which he hit. When at last he did hit a ball, he did so by striking where he thought the ball wasn't, and that scratch hit he admitted was purely by accident. That cricketer now believes in base-ball curves.

Even a pitcher can give very little reason for his puzzling curves. He will tell you how he does it, but the why and wherefore he does not trouble his head about. For instance, here is a pitcher's description of how he throws the drop ball.

"I get my fingers well around the ball—hook my two first fingers right into it—no, sir—that feeling around the ball before it is thrown is not for show—we have to be mighty sure about our holt every time. I swing back my arm and then give it a sort of over-head motion, the hand coming quickly forward level with the top of my head; then I bring the forearm and hand down and forward with all the force I have, and just before I let go the ball I bring the wrist sharp down and let the ball roll off under my two first fingers. That gives it the whirl, and if it is rightly done that ball will drop before it gets to the striker in a way that will make his head swim. Why? Oh, I don't know, I only know it does, and if there is any other way to do it I would like to know how."

Now here is the way, according to a professor in the Windsor High school who has given a good deal of thought to the subject. The explanation differs from that of Prof. Proctor or any other that has yet been placed before the public.

"The speed of the base-ball is oftened likened to that of lightning," remarked the high school man, "and in the zigzag motion of a flash of lightning, is the explanation of the base-ball curve. The electric spark goes through the air with such velocity that it pushes ahead of it a ball of compressed air. This ball gradually develops more and more resistance until the spark seeks relief, which it obtains by flying off at a tangent and striking its course again. Then another ball of compressed air results and the same thing happens again. Thus we see the zigzag course of a lightning flash through the air. Now by the time a base-ball, driven with tremendous force, reaches to within a few feet of the striker it is pressing against a cushion of compressed air that is getting every moment more difficult to force its way against. If the pitcher has given a roll to the ball besides forward momentum, the instant the pressure of that compressed air becomes strong enough that ball will roll on it as it would on a board in whichever direction the pitcher has given the motion around its axis. For example take the case of the drop ball already mentioned. The pitcher, in bringing down his wrist at the moment before delivering the ball, lets the ball roll out from under his hand; the ball has a rotary motion that will cause it to roll downwards the moment the compressed air gets palpable enough for it to roll against. The axis of this revolution is parallel with the earth's surface. If he gives it a revolution that is around an axis perpendicular to the earth's surface, then it will be an inshoot or an outshoot just as he gives the rotary motion one way or another. The same principle governs any modification of the inshoot or outshoot or drop ball. Just take a ball in your fingers and give it a slow rotary motion without letting it out of your hand. Doing this, bring it to any flat opposing surface, and notice by continuing the rotary motion, with the ball in your fingers, which direction the roll would cause it to take when it presses against the opposing surface, and then for that flat surface imagine a bulk of compressed air, and you will understand the whole thing."

The Appomattox Table.

A war relic of considerable interest is in the possession of Mr. Gunther of this city, and occupies a place in the second-story of his store on State street, says the Chicago *Tribune*. It is a massive table, supported by outspreading legs, the top being a cracked marble slab about three feet square. The following inscription is on it: "The Appomattox table. Upon this table the papers for the surrender of General Lee to General Grant were made, and ended the late civil war." Mr. Gunther bought it for $1,000 from Mrs. Ord, the widow of the late Major-General Ord of the Union army. She had an autograph letter from General Grant, stating that the table is the identical one upon which the historical papers were signed in the courthouse. It is an ordinary piece of work and of cheap material. General Ord was present at the surrender and was shrewd enough to take possession of the table.

OHIO'S GRETNA GREEN.

How the Matrimonial Knot Is Spliced by a Famous Buckeye 'Squire.

Knowing that readers have often heard of the "Gretna Green" of America, where young couples flee to get married when their parents raise objections, a Chicago *Times* correspondent has concluded to give them a short history of this famous little village and biographical sketches of the two "'squires" who have united in wedlock over ten thousand couples. Aberdeen is a beautiful village of one thousand inhabitants, located on the North side of the Ohio river, sixty-five miles above Cincinnati, directly opposite Maysville, Ky. It was laid out July 5, 1816, by Nathan Ellis, and additions to the town were made by James Powers and John Beasley. The first business man of the village was Arthur Mitchell. The first justice of the peace was Nathan Ellis, after whose death Thomas Shelton was elected, and held the office for fifty-four years—till his death, in 1869. He was born in Stafford County, Va., in 1776, and in 1812 emigrated to Brown County, O. He was perhaps the most remarkable man of his section, from the fact that he had officiated at the solemnization of more marriages than any person in the United States. It has been estimated that he united in the bonds of wedlock over six thousand couples. In his old age he kept no record, and many marriages were not recorded. Hundreds of young people whose parents were unfavorable to their plans have fled to the old "'squire" and found his services an efficient remedy for their misfortunes. He always claimed that the majority of his marriages were happily made, and if they turned out to the contrary he consoled himself with the reflection that his own part was well done, and that he was not to blame. The old gentleman for many years previous to his death had a peculiar passion for watches and knives, and if the prospective groom had not the requisite amount of money to pay for his marriage ceremony, he would take a watch or knife in exchange, and when death claimed him he had in his possession over three hundred brass and silver watches and many old knives. He would also bury his money, and after his death his relatives dug out of the ground several jars of gold coin. He was a member of the Baptist Church, and his remains lie buried in the Carr graveyard, in Mason County, Ky. After the death of Shelton, Massie Beasley was elected to fill the vacancy, and is now the justice of the peace, having been in office seventeen years, and up to the present time has married three thousand eight hundred couples. He was married March 4, 1832, at the age of twenty-one, his wife being a Miss Jane T. Cropper, who preceded him to the grave several years since. He has two children living, Thomas M. and Eliza Jane. The former is a pilot and a captain on the steamer Gretna Green, which plies between Aberdeen and Maysville. Gretna Green is a place just beyond the Scottish border, where couples could get married without a license. The weddings were recognized by the laws of England and Scotland. So 'Squire Shelton took this as a precedent and commenced to marry couples from Kentucky directly after his election in 1816, without a license, and the Legislature of that State at one time legalized all marriages made at Aberdeen, O., the same as those made within the State, in consequence of litigation growing out of marriages from the State of Kentucky, and they stand in divorce cases, as it has never been shown where a divorce was granted in consequeuce of said marriages, the Appellate Court of Kentucky and the Supreme Court of Ohio confirming the same. 'Squire Beasley is a well-preserved man for his age, being seventy-six years old. He has never married but the one time, but has had numerous proposals from "bells" of the Blue-grass region. His marriages never run less than one a day, and often go up to seven. Many persons from all parts of the United States have had their marriage rite solemnized here, but the majority are from Kentucky, Indiana and the Virginias. He has married couples from St. Louis, Mo., and even New York. His fees run from one dollar to ten dollars, and has several times been paid as high as twenty dollars, and one party from New York, who came here for the notoriety of the occasion, paid him forty dollars. In the winter time, when the river is full of floating ice, and it is considered dangerous for any one to attempt to cross the stream, may often be seen a wedding couple battling with the ice, and frequently they are carried several miles below the city before they effect a landing.

The 'squire will never marry a couple when he is forewarned, and will never marry one younger than fourteen years, and has often sent them away begging him to marry them. He also marries quite a number of Ohio people, but he requires them to get a license at the county seat before he will perform the ceremony. I have also secured two of his rituals, which differ materially from those used by the ministers of this day. The first is the one he uses when the couples are in a hurry, and when they expect some one to interfere with the marriage:

"Join your right hands. Do you both by virtue of your marriage vows pledge to each other your plighted faith in holy wedlock, to love, honor and obey each other as a dutiful husband and wife, thereby forsaking or leaving off all others, living to each other alone, t ll it shall please Almighty God to separate you both by death; to this do you both agree? —— I pronounce you man and wife. Take your seats."

This is a sample of the ceremony when he has plenty of time and desires it to be a very solemn affair:

"Marriage is a solemn ordinance instituted by an all-wise Creator for the mutual benefit and happiness of each other, for upon it will depend your future happiness or misery as to the issue of the same. Marriage between man and woman is a solemn pledge of plighted faith to each other, which is to last during our lives, as nothing but death shall release your marriage vows. Join right hands," etc.

The office of justice of the peace is a gift of the people, and he is elected to serve three years. The person elected is the one who officiates at these marriages, and, of course, the place is a paying one, worth about $3,500 or $4,000 per year, including the other fees of the office. There are always numerous candidates.

An Editor Who Is Not Scared.

From the Bathgate (Dak.) *Democrat:* Jud Lamoure said that he had made up his mind to shoot our head off our shoulders if we dared to publish comments on his actions at Neche, but the dignity of the profession demands that we give the plain truth without regard to personal consequences, or forever be regarded as a coward, not fit to serve the people in the capacity of an honest newsgatherer. His actions were cowardly, brutal and unbecoming the dignity of a man. If the column rules of the *Democrat* are turned upside down next week the good readers may know that this relic of barbarism has kept his word.

LUMBER is in great demand in San Francisco, the supply not being equal to the wants of all buyers. All coast mills are running and new ones are being built.

Undertakers' Newspapers.

There are several newspapers devoted exclusively to the undertaking trade, among which are the *Shroud*, the *Tomb*, the *Casket*, the *Grave*, and the *Stiff*. The *Stiff* is a humorous publication, devoted exclusively to the retailing of small jokes concerning fatal accidents and mortuary affairs. The others are pretentious, solemn-looking journals, profusely illustrated with the latest patterns in coffins, shrouds and other pleasantries connected with the grave. A special department entitled "Chit-Chat of the Trade" adorns the editorial page of the *Shroud*. It is illustrated with a cut of two gentlemen, who look as though they had just risen from the grave, and who, seated upon a couple of coffins, are smoking cigarettes and evidently discussing the benefits of the latest medicine. In the same paper, one portion of a column only is devoted to levity. The department is called "Nut-Crackers", and embellished with a cut representing a person with a ferocious mustache standing on a coffin, and breaking nuts with a shinbone on the top of a gravestone.

Philosophy for the Home.

No man cares much for puddings unless he can have his beefsteak an potatoes well cooked, and he never can expect to have them well cooked unless his wife knows how to cook them; and as for shirt buttons, men don't wear them at all any more. A man likes to see a woman sewing petticoats and nobby jackets, and putting new ribbons on a hat. The idea that a woman could be expected to sew on shirt buttons never cuts any figure, and was abandoned long enough ago. Every girl should be anxious to learn plain cooking and plain sewing, not that she may devote her exclusive attention to them, but because they are in general more valuable than any other accomplishment she can learn in the same time and with the same ease.

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions.

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6: 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

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Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

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FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to moopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

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Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND, PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS, BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS, JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

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Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

We will close out our immense line of

ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

AT

$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

AT

$3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST. my 0

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

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OFFICE--35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

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LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
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For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
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1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

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5-28-m3

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NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

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A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

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IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

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—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
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Our Railway System Embraces

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—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

Today THE PRESS makes a new departure, and hereafter each issue will be printed on pure white paper. This change is actuated at the urgent solicitation of many of our readers, who claim that their eyesight is impaired by reading the print on tinted paper at night.

PRESS POINTERS.

—The Y. M. C. A. ball club play at Somerville this afternoon.

—Old railroad men say that travel was never so heavy as it has been this season.

—A band of Irish bag-pipers were about the city this morning discoursing "melody."

—The next Quarterly Meeting of the Society of Friends in this city will be held in February, 1888.

—An Ohio lover shot his sweetheart because she refused to kiss him. Our girls do not require any such extreme modes of persuasion.

—Special Officer Noel is on the alert for unlicensed peddlers. This morning he warned another one of his danger in peddling without a license.

—The last excursion of the season from this city, will occur on Tuesday next, when the Crescent Avenue Sunday School and its friends will excurt to Asbury Park.

—The shipments of peaches from Bound Brook for the past week make a total of 2,106 baskets, and were sent as follows: August 19, 434 baskets; 20th, 14; 22nd, 524; 23d, 230; 24th, 371; 25th, 533. Of these 106 baskets went to Newark, 208 to Philadelphia and the remainder to New York.

—Some fishermen while angling in the Hackensack River between the two bridges yesterday hooked on the dead body of a man floating near the bank. The body was badly decomposed and looked as if had been in the water for some days. It was taken to Speer's Morgue in Jersey City.

—Decided improvements are being made in the public roadway at the Notch, North Plainfield, through the efforts of Mr. Jasper Wilson, who, in blasting the rocky sides of the mountainous thoroughfare to secure material for his stone crusher at that point, is doing a long-needed service by making the roadway wider and more accommodating for the travelling public.

—The Reform Club will hold an interesting meeting to-morrow night. The Rev. William Wolf, of Washington, D. C., formerly a Chaplain in the Army, and whose war record is an interesting one, will take charge of the devotional exercises and deliver an address. The Rev. gentleman is well known to old Plainfielders, who will be glad to listen to him. Mr. William H. Sampson, who has also spoken at Reform Hall on former occasions, is announced to speak.

—A drive over the macadamized road known as Johnston Drive, on top of the mountains back of North Plainfield, shows that the work was well done by the contractors a number of years ago. Only the Western end of the "Drive," at its steepest point, commencing at Somerset street, shows any serious damage from the heavy rains of the past Summer. A small amount of money judiciously spent, would put that portion of this elegant thoroughfare in a decent and passable shape.

—The decomposed remains of a girl were found in a slip at the Central Railroad coal piers at Elizabethport yesterday afternoon, and is believed to be the body of eleven-year-old Minnie Lowther, whose disappearance in November last caused such a sensation. She was last seen going in the direction of the river. Philip Dackerman, a mute, was arrested on suspicion of abducting her. He was released under bail. Nothing but the trunk of the body and one limb remain. A fragment of a dress and a gaiter is identified by Minnie's friends.

—Business will be resumed at the Union county Court of Special Sessions at Elizabeth on the first Tuesday in September, when the panel of petit jurors for the Fall term will be drawn.

—Mr. J. Hervey Doane has not yet succeeded in ascertaining the name of the owner of the lost carrier pigeon which sought refuge from the storm in Mr. A. M. Griffin's barn a few days ago.

—In the Court of Special Sessions at Somerville yesterday a young colored girl convicted of stealing money was committed to the State Industrial School until she arrives at the age of 18 years.

—There is said to be an unlicensed saloon near the depot at Dunellen where liquor and beer is sold openly. One man who is alleged to have come from the place, drunk, nearly lost his life in attempting to cross the railroad track, a few days ago.

—A serious runaway accident is reported to have taken place near the Jackson School House, Terrill Road, a day or two ago. The horse became frightened at the cars, and running away threw the driver out, dislocating one of his shoulders. The wagon was badly wrecked.

—We are creditably informed that the widow of the late David Squires, who has two small children, one an infant only six months old, is in very destitute circumstances, and for the past few days has subsisted on dry bread alone. Those who are charitably disposed can leave articles at her residence, Stiger's Alley, and receive her heartfelt thanks for their kindness to one in great need.

—An ingenious contrivance, in the shape of a telephone is being experimented with on the Holly farm near the fair grounds. The instrument is entirely without batteries and is stretched from the hennery to a house, about one mile distant. It is said that the slightest sound is transmitted over the wire so as to be distinctly heard at the other end. The experiment is made with a view of placing the instrument on the market, at a much cheaper rate than that asked for the use of the telephone.

—The case of Frank Hollenbeck who was charged with unlawfully having in his possession two beer boxes and a soda water bottle belonging to Charles Greader of North Plainfield, was called before Justice Nash at two o'clock this afternoon. The plaintiff identified the articles as belonging to him, and the defendant claimed that the boxes were in the house when he moved there. The bottle, he said, was left at his house by a painter. His wife and brother-in-law corroborated his statement. Justice Nash reserved his decision until Monday.

A Fish Story.

Ex-Councilman Love and ex-Marshal Weaver, of North Plainfield, quietly stole away to a stream of water near the Green Brook tanks yesterday afternoon, bent on winning the belt from ex-Mayor Rockfellow, who in turn came in possession of it from Freeholder Vanderbeck. They cast their lines in the running water and after several fouls the ex-Marshal succeeded in landing a small bass, which he afterward threw back to ripen. The exact spot was marked, and the two fishermen will return to the place next season. Ex-Councilman Love, it is said, was severely injured while walking along the bank on his return home. A bass jumped out of the water and bit him on the leg. Dr. Brakely, of Dunellen, dressed the wound. The patient will recover.

A New Grand Army Post.

Arrangements are making for the organization of a new Grand Army Post in this city, and a meeting for the purpose was held on Thursday evening. Mr. N. Runyon was chosen as chairman and Dr. Titsworth was secretary. Several committees were appointed and after transacting some important business the meeting adjourned, subject to a call by the chair. The new post will start out with a total of twenty-six charter members, and application for a charter has already been made.

Garden Party at Netherwood.

Extensive arrangements are making for a grand garden party to be held at the residence of Mr. James Anthony at Netherwood on the afternoon and evening of Thursday, September 7th. The ladies of Netherwood who have the matter in charge will leave nothing undone to warrant the success of the undertaking. The receipts will be devoted to the organ fund of the Netherwood chapel. An entire brass band will furnish excellent music, and during that day Mr. Anthony's extensive kennels will be opened for inspection.

Bids Opened.

Bids for the construction of a new bridge near William Spencer's residence in Washington Valley, and also for the erection of a stone culvert at the foot of Holmes' hill, were opened at Demler's Hotel yesterday afternoon. The contract for the new bridge was awarded to Isaac Colthar, for $345, and David D. Smalley received the contract for building the stone culvert for $74.50.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Mr. James Smith of Elm street is back from his trip on Long Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrie Cottier, of Brooklyn, N. Y., are guests at Force's Hotel.

Mr. E. N. Erickson and family of Eighth street will return from Block Island today.

Proprietor Miller of the Netherwood Hotel, reports everything booming about the hotel.

Rev. Mr. Burdick of New Market will preach in the Congregational church tomorrow morning.

Mr. and Mrs. George Taylor of Netherwood have returned from their Summer outing at Sea Girt.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter Dunn of West Front street returned home yesterday from Southold, Long Island.

Rev. J. B. Cleaver of this city will preach in the Presbyterian church at Dunellen to-morrow morning.

Mrs. W. A. Schutt and three sons, Alle, Louis and Will, of Duer street, North Plainfield, are at Asbury Park.

Dr. Vincent and W. D. Bridge, with their families, will return to this city from Chautauqua, on Monday, the 29th inst.

The family of Mr. W. E. Lowe of Park avenue have arrived home after an absence of several weeks from the city.

Miss Mary L. Runyon, the elocutionist, was in town today, visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Runyon of Park avenue.

Mrs. James Tiffany and Miss Josie Sliker of Easton, Pa., are visiting at the residence of J. T. Case, Vine street, North Plainfield.

There will be but one service in Trinity Reformed church to-morrow. Rev. George J. Van Neste of Catskill, N. Y., will preach in the morning.

Dr. M. B. Long of Park avenue has introduced electricity into his house, and has located a brilliant incandescent lamp in front of his office door.

Superintendent Burns of the penitentiary at Blackwell's Island, is the guest, for a few days of the family of Patrick Daly of Chatham street, North Plainfield.

Rev. Dr. K. P. Ketcham, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, officiated in the Seventh Day Baptist church this morning, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. Dr. Lewis.

Mr. George Hartfelder a former resident in the Borough, but latterly residing at Savannah, Georgia, has returned to the North on account of an attack of the chills and fever.

Services in the Park Avenue Baptist Church to-morrow. Preaching by the pastor, Rev. Asa R. Dilts, at 10:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m. Morning text: "And they laughed Him to scorn."

Miss Maria Toohey and Miss Mattie Burns, of South Second street left today for Harlem, N. Y., where they intend to stay until Monday, when they will go to Quouge, L. I., for a few weeks.

The Victoria kennels, of which Mr. Percy C. Ohl of this city is the owner, has recently incorporated the entire Scarsdale kennel of mastiffs, including Hilderburt, Regina, Regina second, Lady Florence and other noted dogs.

Capt. Hand took a stage load over to Boynton Beach on Thursday, and among the party was LaVere, the clown, who was perched on top of the stage and astounded the natives along the road by his queer antics and quaint sayings.

Mr. Wm. D. Murray, President of the Association will lead the young men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. Rooms on Monday evening next. Topic: "Watch," Mark 13:37. Members are earnestly requested to be present themselves and bring some young men with them.

Rev. R. S. Holmes, Registrar of the C. L. S. C., who has been summering with his family at Chautauqua left there this week and is now enjoying a short vacation in the Adirondacks, after which he will join his wife at Williamsport, Pa., and return to this city about the middle of September.

It was Miss Ella, not Miss Jennie Dunn that returned home from a two weeks' outing at Rocky Hill and other points of interest in Somerset County this week. Miss Jennie and her brother "Ran" will start on Monday morning for a Summer vacation at Ocean Grove, stopping at the Russell House.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Winans, widow of John L. Winans, deceased, took place from the residence of her son-in-law, Mr. A. H. Martin, on Jackson avenue, North Plainfield, yesterday afternoon. Rev. J. B. VanMeter officiated, and at the close of the service the remains were taken to Mount Horeb for interment.

Mr. Thomas Keller, Foreman of No. 2 Eng. Co., returned from his two weeks' visit at Mystic Island, where he has been practicing day and night at shooting clay bats, with the hopes that he may, in the future, down the "scatter gun." While he has been engaged in his sly work, a new Smith gun has been made which makes a much better pattern than the "scatter gun." Loog oud.

Reunion.

The surviving members of the 14th Reg. N. J. Vols., of this city, who attended the re-union of the Regiment at Toms River, yesterday, say they had a most enjoyable time. The citizens showed their appreciation of the event by decorating their houses and places of business with bunting and flags. About 300 of the survivors of the Regiment were present. Among the notables present was the old commander of the 14th, Gen. W. L. Truax, United States Senator Rufus Blodgett, and Congressman Buchanan, who made addresses which were loudly cheered. The Fourteenth Regiment was mustered into service at Trenton, Aug. 26, 1862, and went at once to the front. They were engaged at Manassas Gap, Wapping Heights, Culpepper, Bristow Station, Kelly's Ford, Brandy Station, Locust Grove, Mine Run, Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Po River, North Anna River, Hanover Court House, Cold Harbor, Monacacy, Winchester, Fisher's Hill, Cedar Creek, Petersburg, and were present at Lee's Surrender. An idea of their fighting qualities may be found in the fact that of 950 engaged at Monacacy only two officers and ninety-four men responded to roll-call after the battle. No regiment in the service has a more honorable record. The next re-union is to be held at Asbury Park, Aug. 26th, 1888. The survivors of the 14th, who went from Plainfield to attend yesterday's re-union were, Sergeant E. P. Thorn, Chris Pope, Alonzo Townley, Abram King and Thomas Clark, the latter serving as Gen. Truaxs' orderly during the war. He was recognized at once by his old commander, who warmly greeted him.

New Company Organized.

Articles of incorporation were filed in the office of the County Clerk at Elizabeth yesterday, organizing the "Cuba Manganese Company." The principal part of the business of said company within this State is to be transacted in Plainfield. The objects for which the company is formed are: A general mining and development business, except so far as forbidden by the laws of this State. Total amount of capital, $150,000, divided into 1,500 shares at $100 each. The company will begin operations with $150,000. Following are the names of the stockholders, together with their residence and number of shares held by each: Edward H. Woodward, Plainfield, 450 shares; Nelson J. Botsford, New York City, 450 shares; Richard A. Cauldwell, New York City, 300 shares; J. Terrer, Santiago, Cuba, 300.

Salt Water Day.

Today is known both "far and wide," as colored folks' day at Florida Grove, and for several hours this morning there was a steady outpouring of colored cambrics and dusky damsels from this city, all going to salt water. Every conceivable mode for transportation, from the board wagon to the carry-all, was brought into use, and it is said that a buggy with a single spring contained a whole family of fourteen and a dog. The event of the day will be a clam bake, and how the festive bivalves will disappear when some of the "gentlemen of leisure" from this city lay their tongues around them. Telephonic communications between here and the Grove are cut off, consequently we are unable to report in detail the day's proceedings.

Meeting of the City Rep. Ex. Com.

The City Republican Executive Committee held a meeting in the Republican Association rooms on East Front street, Thursday evening. Present—Messrs. P. A. Dunham, N. Runyon, W. R. Codington, J. B. Coward, Geo. M. Stiles, C. M. Goddard and one other gentleman. Mr. C. M. Goddard acted as Chairman of the meeting, and Mr. J. B. Coward was chosen Secretary. The following officers were elected: President, C. M. Goddard; Vice-President, George M. Stiles; Secretary, Joseph B. Coward; Treasurer, Orville T. Waring. The meeting adjourned subject to a call by the Chairman.

Somerset County Freeholders.

A committee of three from the Somerset County Board of Chosen Freeholders met a similar committee from the Union County Board, on the ground Monday and awarded to Joacom G. Todd the contract for building a new platform bridge, 20 feet span, 18 feet between the walls, near Guerrier's Hotel. The consideration was $237.50. The whole Board from Somerset County met the Mercer County Board at Stoutsburg on Wednesday, and held a consultation with reference to granting a new line bridge at that place.

Open Air Concert.

Drake's Zouave Band of Elizabeth, has been engaged by the Miller Bros., proprietors of Laing's Hotel, to give a grand open air concert in front of that hotel, on Friday evening, Sept. 2d. This band is the one that accompanied Drake's Zouaves on their trip to California several months ago.

The entries for the bench show at the coming State Fair are coming in very encouragingly. Mr. P. C. Ohl of this city alone sent in twenty-six entries yesterday.

What "The Press" Would Like to Know.

Who stole that pan of taffy?

When the fire alarm boxes will be located on the streets?

Who will be the successful candidate for Sheriff this Fall?

Who eat the most crabs at a place in the Second Ward on Thursday evening?

What farmer's watermelon patch has not suffered from raids within the past week?

The name of the female who was baptized in a bath tub on Central avenue, recently?

Why the Central Railroad Company does not get up an excursion to the "Fall of Babylon?"

Whether the decomposed body found at Bound Brook, Wednesday morning, is that of "Winkie" Conover?

The names of the hoodlums who delight in making themselves obnoxious to residents in the vicinity of the city Park?

Who sold rum to the young men who became drunk on Thursday night and wrecked a $700 rig belonging to Morris Higgins?

When the Board of Fire Commissioners will take the matter in hand and offer a substantial reward for the arrest and conviction of the fire bug?

What portion of the expense incurred in macadamizing East Fifth street from Park avenue to Richmond street, was borne by the property owners?

What has become of the husband of a West Front street belle, who unceremoniously took his leave, along with his wife's money, a short time since?

Whether the controversy has ever been settled over the ball game between Mr. "Josh" Allen's club, the "Centrals," and the "Twilighters," of Scotch Plains?

What has become of Vincennece Palermo, who deserted his family after cruelly beating Embly Stewart and his wife, the old couple living in Stiger's Alley a few weeks ago?

Who it was that accidentally stepped into and crushed the silk hat in a North avenue apartment house a few evening's since, and which of the young ladies was the most frightened at the time?

When that sidewalk on the south side of Seventh street near Plainfield avenue will be repaired and the board walk on Central avenue between Seventh and Eighth streets torn away?

When these questions are answered THE PRESS will give its readers some valuable information

Concerning Incendiarism.

The Bound Brook *Chronicle*, in its issue today, says:

"The Plainfield *Press* expresses the opinion that acts of incendiarism in that city will soon reach a climax. Hasn't the climax already been reached? In any other town than Plainfield where three or four fires a week destroy thousands of dollars' worth of property the good citizens would privately form a vigilance committee and place the entire city under close surveillance for a few nights. The fire-bugs could soon be caught and treated to a dose of their own medicine, and after a few fresh-roasted bodies had been found in the ruins the fire department could have a rest for some time."

All efforts to catch the alleged fire-bugs have proved unavailing, notwithstanding the fact, however, that large rewards have been offered by the Board of Fire Underwriters and by private citizens. Probably an effectual remedy would be for the owner of each barn to keep a pack of trained dogs about them at night.

Effie Ellsler.

Announced for the opening of the season at Music Hall next Thursday evening is the appearance of Effie Ellsler and her New York company in "Woman Against Woman," a play in which Miss Effie Ellsler has duplicated the wonderful success she attained when she delighted nearly every theatre goer in the land as "Hazel Kirke." Effie Ellsler's name has always been indentified with all that is pure, and loftiest in the artistic world, as the Chicago *Herald* in a recent criticism said of her: "One finds pleasure in praising so conscientious an artiste. She possesses charms peculiarly her own. Her pathos appeals irresistibly to the hardest breast, and her comedy is of the kind that makes the heart laugh. She is of the pure type of womanly woman which should furnish entertainment for our mothers, our wives, our sisters and our sweethearts. Would the stage had more like Miss Ellsler."

To Race for Medals.

A series of four bicycle races for handsome gold trophies will be held this afternoon on the Boulevard, between Waverly and Elizabeth, under the direction of the Iderian Cycling Club, of Bergen Point. The races will be run over a course one mile in length, and the winner of the best two heats out of three will be presented by Capt. George W. Yates, the President of the organization, with a gold medal. For the wheelman who makes the best time over the course P. S. Tunison, the captain of the club, has offered another medal. This prize is, however, open to competition on the last Saturday of each month. The races are open to club members only, the first heat being scheduled to be started at 3:30 o'clock.

BY THE PRESS SPECIAL SERVICE.

ENGAGEMENT WITH INDIANS.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 27.—A courier just in from Meeker and the White River reports an engagement between Sheriff Kendall's posse of fifty-five men supported by 100 cavalry on one side, and a band of 100 Utes under Colorow on the other. Nine Indians were carried from the field dead. Deputy Sheriff Ward, of the Sheriff's posse, was killed and several others of his men and of the troops were seriously wounded. The fighting began Thursday morning early, upon the arrival of Sheriff Kendall's forces to the support of the troops. The scene of the battle is at Wolf Creek, thirty-five miles down the White River from Meeker. The engagement was conducted in Indian fashion, from behind all the protection that rocks, gullies and trees would give, and it lasted until after dark Thursday. Another engagement was expected Friday morning.

SCOTCH PLAINS ITEMS.

What Our Neighbors are Doing.

George Stelges is improving his residence by the addition of another story to the same.

Robert Jahn is doing a fine business in the tinsmith's line, receiving the patronage he deserves.

The name of Prince Brown's deceased canine was "Tah-hoo." Only Prince knows how to pronounce it.

Mr. John Cook is running his stone cracker on full time, and has more orders at present than he can supply.

The new arch bridge on "Midway" is nearly completed, under the immediate supervision of William Johnson, the contractor.

A trotting horse belonging to Harry Insley, escaped from the pasture field yesterday. Harry, look out for the pound master.

Thomas Whitenack lost one of his best horses this week, by death, which greatly interferes with his success as a competent and reliable teamster

THE PRESS is now delivered regularly to our residents since carrier Roulston has assumed charge of the route, New subscribers are being added to the list daily.

A valuable hunting dog belonging to Mr. Prince Brown was shot by some miscreant on Thursday night. The dog was of the hound breed and was highly prized by its owner.

David Totten of New Providence, one day this week, hooked on to a monster black bass in the Passaic River, near New Providence, which defied his skill to land. His tackle was destroyed and David made to wear.

The Fanwood Stone Crushing Company, of which George Kyte is the President, steamed up for the first time yesterday, and it is expected that the works will be in operation by Monday. The facilities of the works will enable the Company to turn out fifteen tons an hour. Mr. Chas. Mooney is the efficient Superintendent.

Mr. Daniel Allen has recently became the owner of a valuable (?) team of trotters which he purchased for about $30. He is frequently seen seated in Roulston's skeleton wagon, speeding down the road. With careful nursing and an extra feed every day it is thought the animals will become scratch coated before the opening of the Fall circuit. The horses have a record—for eating.

Mr. Thomas Paff is constructing a novel craft which he intends to use for fishing purposes. On the running gear of a wagon he is building an arrangement boat-shaped in appearance and water-tight on the bottom, so that when he arrives at a stream of water, the boat can be easily adjusted and floated on the surface of the water. It is to be used for a double purpose—that of a wagon body and also a boat. He has not applied for a patent on his own novel creation. When completed he will name it "Mosquekonk."

WESTFIELD.

The grounds in front of the M. E. church have been greatly improved by removing the front fence and shrubbery, grading the lawn and the laying of flag pavement to the street.

At 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, the barn located in the rear of the dwelling house, on Broad street, occupied by Mr. Wm. Barton, was discovered to be on fire in the hay-mow. The fire department promptly responded to the alarm and succeeded in extinguishing the fire after the roof had been burned off. Mr. Barton kept his horse, carriage and harness in the barn, which together with the hay and grain was fully insured. His loss consisted of one ton of hay, a hay cutter and part of the harness; the rest were removed from the barn. The building belonged to Mr. Wm. H. Moore, which was fully insured; loss $300. It is supposed the barn caught fire from the sparks of a brush heap which was burning in an adjoining yard in close proximity to the barn. The Little Giant got first water, Engine Co., No. 1, second and Empire Engine Co., third.

PROHIBITION NOMINEES

THE NEW YORK STATE TICKET MADE OUT.

Headed By a Clergyman—An Increased Vote Predicted—To Enter the Presidential Contest of 1888.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 27.—The prohibitionists closed their state convention after a very harmonious two day's session. There were no features to characterize the convention, as there was no factional strife, and the best of feeling prevailed throughout.

There was a breeze in the meeting of the committee on nominations, but the public knew but little about it. The Rev. Dr. D. C. Huntington had learned that there was some opposition to his nomination for secretary of state, and he called on several members of the committee and he declined to head the ticket. E. P. Ide, of Brooklyn, was not favorable to the doctor's nomination.

It would be unwise, he said, to put a clergyman at the head of the ticket.

The members of the nominating committee, one of whom was a Catholic, disagreed with him. Dr. Huntington, they said, was just the man they wanted, and if his name was presented to the delegates he would carry the convention by storm. They were sure, too, that he would be a strong candidate before the people.

In this connection the fact was mentioned that when the Rev. Dr. Olin ran for member of assembly in Broome county several Catholic priests added in his election and urged the people from the altar to support him at the polls. The committee finally decided to place the doctor's name at the head of the ticket, which was reported as follows:

For secretary of state, the Rev. Dr. D. C. Huntington, of Olean; for state comptroller, C. B. Hitchcock, of Cortland; for state treasurer, W. W. Smith, of Poughkeepsie; for attorney-general, Silas W. Mason, of Westfield, Chautauqua county; for state engineer and surveyor, John G. Gray, of Ulster county.

There was no opposition in the convention, and the nominations were indorsed. The different planks in the platform called out considerable discussion. They were of the usual prohibition stamp except three. Of these, one called for enfranchising women, and the other two were as follows:

For the wage-earners we demand the prohibition of the liquor traffic as the most important reform; that the health and safety of workers in the performance of labor should be secured by law; that laws relating to child labor and compulsory education should be strictly enforced and their provisions extended; that postal savings banks and telegraphs should be established; that a just system of profit sharing between employer and employes should be encouraged; that the establishment of co-operative business enterprises by laboring men be promoted by wise legislation; that differences relating to the rewards of labor should be settled by arbitration; that equal wages for equal work be paid alike to men and women; that we are opposed to the holding of large tracts of land for speculative purposes by any individual or corporation, and demand that the public land be reserved for actual settlers; that such franchise as for street railroads, stage routes, ferries and gas companies should be disposed of to the individual or company that would agree to serve the community at the lowest rates and not to the highest bidder; that all men should pay taxes on what they own and not upon what they owe, and that the legal interest of this state should be reduced to 5 per cent.

And, finally, that as proofs of the subserviency of the republican and democratic parties to the rum power, we cite the failure of the republican party for four consecutive years to fulfill its pledge to submit to the people a constitutional amendment and the passage by the recent legislature of the mandamus bill, the Mooney excise bill, the Crosby high license bill avowedly to popularize beer and wine, and the Vedder tax bill, a shameless attempt to bribe citizens, and the Ives pool bill by an application of the license principle, thus legalizing gambling and sharing with the gambler his profits, and the Cantor beer bill, thus increasing the enticements of the saloon by music and song, and by similar acts of party leaders and representatives.

The voluntary contributions to the campaign fund amounted to $5,731.65, as against $4,200 raised at the last convention two years ago.

In conversation with a correspondent some of the leaders of the party declared that they would conduct their fall campaign on a broad plan and that they had the assurance that they could poll nearly 10,000 more votes this fall than in 1884. A national convention will be held in 1888 and a candidate will be named for president of the United States. They claim that they will hold the balance of power again in that year, and that their total vote will almost be doubled. The recruits will be principally from the republican party, they say.

IT WILL BE A POETIC CAMPAIGN

A Union Labor Candidate who will Fight George in Verse.

HORNELLSVILLE, Aug. 27.—The union labor party men hereabouts are not saying much now, but they are getting ready to pitch in to Henry George when the proper time comes. There is a feeling of indignation among them because of the treatment accorded their committee of fifteen at the Syracuse convention of the George party, and they have determined to retaliate with a vengeance.

Orville Preston of this village, the union labor party's candidate for secretary of state, has announced his intention of making a vigorous canvass of the state. He will follow George from place to place and make speeches appealing to the farmers to steer clear of the land tax rock.

Beside speechmaking, Mr Preston will read a series of poems which he is now composing. The first stanza of one of these odes came into the hands of a correspondent by mere accident. Here it is:

The farmer he toiled at his plough;
While the honest sweat dropped from his brough;
A Georgite did tax,
Him to pay double tax,
But he said: "I'm paying too much [illegible]"

Pierced by a Six-Foot Drill.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 27.—Miner George Eyere, a German, aged 50 years, and a man of family, was killed to-day in the Gaylord slope, of the Kingston Coal company at Plymouth. He was using a drill six feet long and an inch and a half in diameter. While pounding the powder vigorously it ignited by friction and the drill passed entirely through his right breast, killing him.

Forcing the Archbishop's Hand.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Archbishop Feehan, of Chicago, has declined to open the coming national convention of German Catholics on the ground that he has other engagements, and the projectors of the scheme regard this as evidence that he is unfriendly to the convention. The invitation was designed to force the archbishop's hand.

WOULD NOT MARCH UNDER IT.

G. A. R. Men Make a Detour in the Gutter to Avoid Mr. Cleveland's Portrait.

WHEELING, W. Va., Aug. 27.—The unfurling of a large banner in front of the *Daily Register* office in honor of the annual reunion of the Society of the Army of West Virginia, in progress during the past four days almost brought on a serious row. The banner bore a large portrait of President Cleveland, with the sentiment "God Bless the President, Commander-in-Chief of the Army and Navy." A telegram was sent from this city to the Pittsburg *Dispatch*, describing this banner, and intimating that it had been hung out as an insult to the Grand Army of the Republic, and with a view of provoking trouble.

Two thousand veterans arrived in the city from Pittsburg, in a conditon of great excitement over the telegram. When the procession started over the line of march this feeling had been spread broadcast among the many posts in the city, and threats were made to tear down the banner. Finally it was resolved not to march under it, and as the various posts came up to the banner they turned aside and filed along the gutter with trailing flags, amid cheers from sympathizers in the crowd of spectators which filled the street for squares in a solid mass. The dodging of the banner went on, and the excitement grew as democrats who had heard of the trouble began to crowd around from other parts of the city.

The last organization to approach the banner was encampment No. 1 of the union veteran legion of Pittsburg. It swung up the street 200 strong, headed by a band of forty pieces, flag-staffs erect, and went squarely under the banner, the members raising their hats in salute, while the hisses of the G. A. R. men and their sympathizers filled the air. The cheers of the democrats drowned the hisses, and the throng seemed for a moment to be on the verge of a riot. Epithets were fiercely hurled back and forth, but the affair was stopped short of violence.

The city is much excited and threats have been made to tear down the banner.

COLOROW ASKS FOR PEACE.

Governor Adams of Colorado Talks with the Chieftain.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—Acting secretary of the Interior Muldrow has received a dispatch from Governor Adams of Colorado stating that Colorow has expressed a willingness to return to his reservation, but that he is desirous of having a talk with representatives of the government. The governor added that he hoped a peaceful settlement of the matter would be speedily reached, and suggested that some action be taken.

After conference with the secretary of war, Mr. Muldrow sent a dispatch stating that General Crook and Indian Agent Byrne had been directed to proceed to Garfield county and there confer with the Indians.

FIGHTING BEGUN.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 27.—Bernstein, who lives about four miles below Meeker, is just in. A battle has taken place between Sheriff Kendall's men and Colorow's band of Ute Indians. Deputy Sheriff Jack Ward is killed and several are wounded. Several Indians are reported killed. Several were seen to fall and to be carried off. So far as known the fight was stopped by darkness, and it is thought it is almost certain to be resumed.

Fish Dying by the Million.

GALENA, Ill., Aug. 27.—Within the past two or three days the fish in many of the streams in this region have died by the million, and the few that are left are rapidly dying. The banks of the Galena river branches are lined with dead fish of all sizes and varieties, from the tiny minnow to the mammoth cat and sturgeon. At Buncombe, Wis., a few miles from this place, dead fish are so numerous on the banks that the stench arising from them is almost unbearable. At Lancaster, Wis., the scene on the river bank beggars description, upward of fifty wagon loads of dead fish being in sight. There are many theories afloat as to the cause. One is that the recent rains have filled the water with mud, so that the fish have been unable to breathe, and, struggling to the surface for air, have died.

A Brutal Revenge.

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Dayton Urick, an ex-convict, is charged with aggravated assault. While drunk he quarreled with his wife, whom he attacked with a long knife, stabbing her in the back, arm, side, face and neck, besides cutting off her left ear. As Mrs. Urick fell senseless to the floor Urick's mother, hearing the noise, ran in. Urick seeing his mother stabbed her in the abdomen inflicting a deep gash, and then ran into the adjoining rooms occupied by Henry Thompson and wife. Urick attacked Thompson, cutting him in the shoulder and arm, and cutting his wife in the wrist. Then, frightened by the cries of his victims, he crawled under the bed, and was soon afterward arrested. Mrs. Urick's ante-mortem statement was [illegible] to-day.

A Prisoner Enjoying Liberty.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Aug. 27.—Warden Patten, of the Southern Indiana penitentiary, was before the mayor charged with allowing a convict to appear at liberty upon the public street. The convict in question was Spencer Hollingsworth, the defaulting treasurer of Knox county. Warden Patten was fined $15. Although Hollingsworth had been sentenced to three years' hard labor, Patten had for some time allowed him to do much as he liked in the way of going outside of the prison gates. Richard Hilliard, an ex-guard caused the arrest of both and claimed the legal reward of $50 for capturing an escaped convict, but this suit is dismissed.

The Wise-Gaudaur Race.

ORILLIA, Ont., Aug. 27.—The Wise-Gaudaur race was rowed last evening. The water had been lumpy all day, but towards evening calmed down, and when the race was pulled there was scarcely a ripple on it. The men started together. Wise, who was pulling thirty-four to Gaudaur's thirty, soon had half a length on him; but Gaudaur settled down to work, overhauled Wise, and was leading him at the three-quarter mile by five lengths. After that Wise started to gain steadily and passed him at the mile. Wise won by about two lengths, in slow time, at 14:02. After the race a liberal purse was made up for the loser.

The Colorado Railroad Wreck.

DENVER, Aug. 27.—When the train on the Union Pacific road was wrecked, because a part of the bridge over the Sand creek was washed away, yesterday, a young man named Coadder, who was stealing a ride on the front end of the baggage car, was found near the bank of the creek badly scalded about the head and with his chest and ribs badly crushed. He was taken to his father's residence in this city, and died at noon. The body of the engineer, Masterson, was burned under the engine.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 26, 1887.

Brown, P M S	Irley, Rebecca Miss
Bogg, Peter	Kelser, Annie Mrs
Criswell, Minnie Miss	Larkin, May Miss
Davy, Denver	Mahun, Lorens
Demarest, C M Mrs	McLaughlin, John
Finegan, Wm J	Miller, John M D
Horn, Joseph	Peaslee, Anna N Miss
Hanson, Mr	Partington, Walter
Hayward, John H Jr	Quinn, Kittie Miss

Ward, Margaret Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS SUITABLE FOR dressmaking; centrally located; must be moderate rent. Address MRS. H HARDING, Dunellen. 8-27-d3

FIRST-CLASS STONE WAGON; iron axles, for sale; also set of double harness. Price $80 for both. BRITTIN'S HOTEL, Scotch Plains, N. J. 8-27-d1

PARTIES DESIRING TO MAKE ARRANGEments or board, for the Fall and Winter months, at a first-class house, can make applications now. Location best in Plainfield; five minutes walk from depot. Address "S," Plainfield, N. J. 8-23-d3tw4

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL HOUSES. ENQUIRE of THEODORE GRAY. 8-25-tf

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-23w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized rooms and board at 21 Peace street.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL!

SEPT. 1. THURSDAY SEPT. 1.

Grand Opening of the Season. Engagement of

THE FIRESIDE FAVORITE,

EFFIE ELLSLER,

Supported by a Powerful Company, under the management of Mr. Marc Klaw, presenting Frank Harvey's Powerful Domestic Story

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

Tickets on sale at usual places, Monday, Aug. 29.

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

Would You Believe

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for Coughs and all Throat and Lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial bottle Free at R. J. Shaw's. Large Size 50c. and $1.00.

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. K. McCLURE, Treasurer.

Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

--NO. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS.

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

Receiver's Sale of Jewelry.

The subscriber will sell at public auction at the store of J. Moraller, 19 E. Front St., this city,

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 30th,

at 7 o'clock, all the Jewelry contained in said store, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Bracelets, Rings, Charms, Clocks, etc.

VINCENT W. NASH, Receiver.

August 26th, 1887. 8-26-d4

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue—7-30-tf

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

PHARMACY—

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream, a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

AT

PECK'S STORE

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND

FINE GOODS

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50,

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,

WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.

10my1y

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

SET-BACKS FOR GEORGE

ANOTHER TILT WITH SOCIALISTS RESULTS IN DEFEAT.

The Socialists Obtain Control of the Organ. McMackin's Socialistic Successor. Mr. Sweet Declines.

NEW YORK, Aug. 27.—The socialists and the Henry George men had a hard struggle last night to get control of the *Leader* the labor evening newspaper, and the George men were defeated by an immense majority. The *Leader* was started last fall to help George's candidacy for mayor, but after the campaign was over the socialists captured it and have kept it ever since. The newspaper is a co-operative concern, and every labor man with a spare dollar purchased a share in it. It takes five shares to enable a person to have a voice in running the paper, which was $3,000 in debt several months ago.

The socialists, having learned that the Georgeites had made up their minds to capture the *Leader* in the interest of George, they gathered in great numbers at Clarendon hall called to elect a president and chairman.

George Block, who was ousted from the convention because he is a socialist, was almost the unanimous choice for chairman. Then eighteen new members, all socialists, were elected, in spite of the Georgites raising the point of order that it was a special meeting.

After considerable discussion and short speech-making, the meeting proceeded to nominate candidates to fill John McMackin's seat as president. A socialist in the rear of the hall said:

"I nominate Johann Most, the anarchist. He is well fitted to occupy the chair. He should be the real head of our movement."

There were slight cheers in response, but the great mass of people protested. Heinrich Emerich, secretary of the International furniture workers' union was thereupon placed in nomination by Alexander Jonas. The United labor party members refused to name a candidate, as they claimed that "the whole proceeding was illegal. Mr. Leubuscher made a long speech in denunciation of the socialists' action, and ended with: "This is nothing more than a circus." A rumpus was then raised because Mr McMackin's written resignation was not read.

"Where is it?" they all cried.

"The reporters gobbled it up," said one of the socialists. The Georgeites claimed that it was illegal to proceed without the resignation, but Chairman Block decided otherwise. The vote for Mr. McMackin's seat stood: Emerich, 247; Anarchist Most 8; John Bordolia 5; Crowe, Clays and Hawkes, united labor men, were also nominated but refused to run. The meeting approved the policy of the *Leader*, which is denouncing George. The George men protested without avail. They will now start the *Evening Standard*, with Dr. McGlynn and Henry George at the helm.

Sylvanus H. Sweet, the democrat whom the united labor party nominated at Syracuse for state engineer and surveyor, declines to run on that ticket. Mr. Sweet lives at White Plains. He said:

"The nomination was made without my knowledge or consent, and I do not know why I was nominated. I know nothing about the labor party; never took any part in their councils; never consulted with them or they with me. I was not a candidate for the nomination, did not seek it, do not want it, and will not accept it. I received yesterday the official notification of my nomination."

Mr. Sweet said that he had not replied to the notice, but he should send in his letter of declination next week. He had been called upon by two or three democratic politicians, who urged him to stand, but he had no faith in their sincerity, and should pay no attention to their advice.

Ex-Congressman Gibson Jailed.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 27.—The feeling caused by Judge McGinnis having ex-Congressman McGinnis arrested, fined and jailed last Wednesday for contempt of court runs high in Cabell county, but is in favor of Gibson. The gentlemen have not been on good terms for some time. Gibson had criticised the court in rather severe terms at the hotel in Barboursville by saying he could not get justice for his client. It is claimed that the judge decided then to get even with his enemy. A writ of error will likely be granted, and when Gibson is a free man again it is believed that trouble will arise of a much more serious nature. Gibson comes from a fighting family and Judge McGinnis also is known to be fearless. Friends are endeavoring to have the affair settled without further trouble.

Missionary Doane Released.

BOSTON, Aug. 27.—Edward F. Doane, the missionary of the American board at Ponate, in the Caroline Islands, who was arrested some three or four weeks ago and imprisoned by the Spanish authorities on the pretext that he had incited the natives to disloyalty to their governor, has been released. This intelligence has just been received by Rev. Dr. Smith, secretary of the foreign board. It is thought that all is not well yet with Mr. Doane. His associates fear there is a gloomy prospect for their mission. "Spain will ignore our rights," they say, "and send away the scholars, and in this way break up our missions."

More of Lightning's Work.

[illegible], Mich., Aug. 27.—During last evening's storm in this vicinity the house of W. G. Ketchum was struck by lightning and shattered in almost every part without seriously affecting any of the eight persons who were eating supper at the time. The electric fluid shivered the rafters and joists into splinters, tore off the clapboards, made holes through the roof and caused nearly all the plastering to fall. Every picture in the two parlors was destroyed. One bedstead was overturned, while a single pedal was wrenched from the melodeon, leaving the rest of the instrument unharmed.

Texas to Have a Candidate for Doorkeeper

WASHINGTON, Aug. 28.—Texas will have a candidate for doorkeeper of the next house in the person of William H. Nichols of Galveston, at present an inspector in the custom service there. He is a business man of prominence at home and will have cordial support in the race. The other candidates are Captain Donaldson of Tennessee, the present incumbent, and W. [illegible] Hurst of Mississippi.

Sixteen Men Supposed to be Drowned.

BOSTON, Mass. Aug. 27.—The owners of the fishing schooner Lydia T. Crowell, of Beverly, have given her up for lost. She was ninety-five tons burden, built nine years ago at Essex, and for the first three years was run to the West Indies, and later to the banks. It is believed all on board are lost. She was in charge of Capt. Moses Lackie, of Nova Scotia, and had a crew of fifteen men. The vessel was insured.

PUT TO THE TEST

THE GLADSTONE MOTION DEFEATED—MAJORITY 78.

Trevelyan's Warning—He Condemns the Government—Healy's Defiance—All the News From Europe.

LONDON, Aug 27.—The house of commons was crowded with strangers, public interest in the division on Mr. Gladstone's motion being intense. Among the members, too, there was a feeling of anxiety, but this chiefly arose from the uncertainty as to how certain unionists will vote rather than from any doubt of the result.

The course of several leading unionists has for some days been a source of curiosity to a great many persons, as well as a matter of much speculation, and a great many bets, large and small, have been laid on the turn of their votes. Lord Hartington and Mr. Chamberlain, in spite of their anomalous relations with one another, support the government, but the latter does so with many qualms.

The continued hobnobbing of Mr. Chamberlain with Mr. Trevelyan in the lobbies during the past week has attracted a great deal of attention and provoked considerable criticism of the Birmingham man's discretion in thus leaving himself open to attack upon the charge of treating with the enemy for terms of surrender. And a charge against Mr. Chamberlain would be groundless, however, as all who know him have faith that he would openly return to the liberal party if he went back at all and not stoop to unquestionable methods of making terms with his former political companions.

Mr Trevelyan's attack upon the government's proclamation was a masterly argument, and created a great impression upon the minds of several wavering unionists, which, however, was removed by the subsequent able speech of Lord Hartington, who was also at his best.

Mr. George O. Trevelyan, resuming the debate on Mr. Gladstone's motion, said the late government did not ask parliament to pass their crimes bill on hearsay evidence, but based their demand upon parliamentary returns showing that grave outrages had been committed. He contended that the house should see tabulated and only statistics of Irish crime. To mention one case here and another there was not sufficient. Mr. Trevelyan denied that the general operations of the league increased crime.

"Let the House understand," said Trevelyan, "if the government's proclamation is sanctioned, every Irishman belonging to the league who refuses to leave it at the command of the government will be liable to be punished as a common criminal, and that that liability will not depend upon any judicial proceeding worthy the name."

He complained that the statement of Mr. Balfour in justification of the government's action were only given last night, thus leaving no time in which to examine their character.

A stirring speech was made by Mr. Healy, who delared his readiness to go to prison rather than renounce his membership in the league at the government's despotic bidding. Thus he would show the Irish people how to meet the tyranny of the tories.

Mr. Parnell did not speak and a vote was taken. Mr. Gladstone's motion was defeated by a larger majority than either he or the government expected, the common estimate setting the number at sixty. When the list came the majority was seventy-eight, the vote standing one hundred and ninety-four ayes and two hundred and seventy-two noes.

The result was received with animated cheerfulness by the government supporters. At intervals their clamor was almost drowned by the derisive noises made by the Parnellites, who sought in every way to express their derisive defiance of the ministers.

ONE TAKEN, THE OTHER LEFT.

The Viscount Died from a Fox Bite, While the Coachman Lives.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The death of Viscount Doneraile from hydrophobia draws attention to M. Pasteur's system of treatment for rabies. Lord Doneraile and his coachman were bitten by a rabid fox last January and were both treated by M. Pasteur. Neither showed any unfavorable symptoms after the treatment, and the coachman is alive and well to-day, never having suffered the slightest inconvenience from his wound since it was healed, or exhibited any signs of hydrophobia tendencies.

Lord Doneraile's attack of hydrophobia and consequent death are attributed by his physicians and friends to his age, and not to the inefficiency of M. Pasteur's system, but many persons contend that the coachman will yet succumb.

Alleged Attempt to Shoot the Czar.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—It is reported in Berlin that a fresh attempt to kill the czar was made on the 20th inst. A nihilist, disguised as an officer of the guards, approached the imperial carriage on a journey from St. Petersburg to Krasno Selo and fired a revolver twice. The first shot missed the czar, but the second perforated his coat. The czarina has since been suffering from nervous prostration.

Drowned in the Thames.

LONDON, Aug. 27.—The pleasure yacht Ilfraconibe, while sailing in the Thames to day, turned back to recover a boat hook which had fallen overboard, when she was struck by a squall and capsized. There were twenty-one persons on board all of whom were thrown in the water. Assistance was ten minutes in arriving, and those who were still afloat were rescued by small boats, but twelve persons were drowned, and up to this time their bodies have not been recovered.

The Latest Fashion in Sea Serpents.

RONDOUT, N. Y., Aug. 27.—A fisherman said he saw in the Hudson, near Barnegat Point, to-day, something which seemed to him to be eighteen or twenty feet in length. Its head protruded from the water three feet. It had a large horn growing at a point where its nose might have been, and ears that reminded the fisherman of an elephant.

The Chatsworth Disaster.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Iowa, Aug. 2t. -A petition fund has been started by Grand Chief Foreman Tutor, of the railway section-men's association, to secure a fair trial for Tim Coughlin, the section foreman charged with the responsibility of the Chatsworth railroad disaster, and to sustain his family until his guilt or inudcence is proved.

Reading Railroad Earnings.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—The July earnings of Reading were $447,029 in excess of those of July 1886. The statement for eight months show net earnings of $3,752,432 in excess of those of the same eight months ago.

CLEVELAND'S ST. LOUIS VISIT.

The President and His Wife Expected to Remain There Three Days.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 27.—It is definitely settled that president and Mrs. Cleveland will be the guests of mayor and Mrs. Francis from Saturday evening, Oct. 1, the time of their arrival, until the following Monday morning, when the first public reception will be given at the Lindell or Southern hotel.

Mayor Francis has a very pretty residence on Vandeventer place, just west of Grand avenue, and the president and wife will be permitted to enjoy a quiet Sabbath if they desire it. It is expected that they will attend service at the Second Presbyterian church in the morning, and if agreeable to them a drive in the suburban parks will be taken in the afternoon.

The programme of the public entertainment has not been perfected, but it will include visits to the exposition, fair and veiled prophet's ball, the presidential party leaving at the close of the latter on Tuesday night, for Chicago.

MR MILLER WILL NOT RESIGN.

Hence, Mr. Oberly Will Not Take His Place, and Both Are Happy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The report that Civil Service Commissioner Oberly is to be appointed commissioner of internal revenue in place of Mr. Miller, to resign, lacks for its basis the essential fact that Mr. Miller is to resign. A letter has been received from him, in which he states that he has recovered his health, and will be at his desk in a few days. He is much annoyed at the persistent statements that he is dangerously ill.

Mr. Oberly has expressed no dissatisfaction with the work of the civil service commission, but, as he is a poor man, would very probably accept a congenial place, to which a higher salary is attached.

Remains of a Girl's Body Found.

ELIZABETHPORT, Aug. 27.—The decomposed remains of a girl were found in a slip at the Central railroad coal piers, and is believed to be the body of 11-year-old Minnie Lowther, whose disappearance in November last caused such a sensation. She was last seen going in the direction of the river. Philip Dackorman a mute, was arrested on suspicion of abducting her. He was released under bail. Nothing but the trunk of the body and one limb remain. A fragment of a dress and a gaiter is identified by Minnie's friends.

The Fourteenth New Jersey Volunteers.

TOMS RIVER, N. J., Aug. 27.—The reunion of the Fourteenth regiment, New Jersey volunteers is in progress in this town and has attracted an immense crowd of spectators. Among the prominent persons here are General John. C. Fremont and Representatives Buchanan and Phelps. The survivors of the regiment 250 in number are parading the streets and from every available point flags are flying are bunting displayed. The Fourteenth New Jersey took part in more than twenty engagements in the war of the rebellion.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

Gov. Barlett's physicians look for his death within a week.

The society of the army of West Virginia has elected Major-Gen. Brook president.

Judge Daniel Goodwin, who has been called the Nestor of the Michigan Bench, is dead.

The Spanish government has acquired territory on the Red Sea littoral, near Assab bay.

Gov. Lounsbury, of Connecticut, announces that he will call no special session of the legislature.

A Swede named Charles Sweezy was killed by a Shore line train at Stony Creek, Conn., last night.

James D Fish, the ex-president of the defunct Marine bank, who is a resident of Auburn, has entirely recovered his late failing health.

King Kalakaua is an inveterate unsuccessful poker player. Adventurers from San Francisco find him an easy and profitable victim.

William Montgomery, who fatally shot Iona Kittson in Owen county, Ky., three months ago, is trying to starve himself to death in jail at Louisville.

Warden Patten of the southern Indiana penitentiary, who allowed the convict ex Treasurer Hollingsworth to appear at liberty on the public streets, has been fined $15.

Peter Russell, aged 13, son of B. W Russell, has distinguished himself at Marblehead neck by rowing out a mile and a half during a heavy storm and rescuing the occupant of a capsized dory.

Prof. H. G. Widney and Lulu Haynes, a 10-year-old daughter of Henry Haynes of Excelsior, were drowned yesterday in Lake Minnetonka, near St. Paul. Prof. Wildney lost his life while endeavoring to rescue the girl and his own two children.

A race war is in progress in Lonoke county, Ark. Six whites and four blacks have been killed. A number of the latter are under arrest, and a mob of 100 negroes has been organized to rescue them.

There is a difference of $40 between the First National bank of Chicago and the sub-treasury which bids fair to enlist the services of the treasury department at Washington as arbitrator. The difference arose from a shortage of four $10 bills from a $1,000 package.

John G. Lockwood, who said he was a commercial traveller from San Francisco, was arrested in Buffalo yesterday charged with stealing several hundred dollars worth of jewelry from William King, Jr., of New York at the Genesee hotel. Lockwood has forwarded the jewely to Chicago, but it was recovered at the express office.

A conflict is imminent between the French government and the Paris municipal council, growing out of the former's decree annulling the latter's resolution to invite delegates from all the municipal councils in France to participate in a grand congress in Paris. The government threatens the meeting.

The old Cartwright feud, which has caused so much bloodshed in Marion county, W. Va., has broken out again. Yesterday John Cartwright was standing in front of the house of Frank Jones where he made his home, when he was fired upon with a rifle by some unknown person. The ball struck the old man just above the heart, and he died instantly.

Christian Roth, aged 21 years, a member of a prominent family of Orangeburg, Rockland county, is missing. Much alarm is felt by the family. He went away from home a week ago on an excursion and has not been heard from since. He had considerable money with him, and it is feared he has met with foul play. He was deformed and not in good health.

Seven Mormon families have settled near Medicine Hat, Northwest territory. They have intimated to the authorities that they do not propose to carry out the principles of their religion, at least in as far as marrying more than one wife is concerned. The government will therefore not molest them. The Northwestern papers have welcomed the new arrivals.

Little Pete, a Chinaman, has been convicted in San Francisco of giving bribes. He is the agent of a powerful secret society of Chinese highbinders who have spent large amounts of money in his defense. Pete has defeated the ends of justice in many cases involving Chinese criminals. Certain politicians always acted with him, and his convictions somewhat surprising.

Professional Cards.

WM. K. MCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery, Notary Public, Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot.
my9

B. FOSGATE, JR.,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner, Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37.
Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon.
my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

P. HOAGLAND'S
City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9tf

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1367. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

A. SWALM,
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave., opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turnouts day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

R. THORN,
No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges, Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S
Furniture Express.
45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 5.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 5.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.45, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.35, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7 14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2 25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1,22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9,30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J.
my9y1

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works.—8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD. JOHN M HETFIELD.

SHARKEY & BLIMM,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
S. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm.
my9tf

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER,
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day; $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Lindn avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10 tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
[Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.]
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

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Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET
OUR VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

FIRST-CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD.
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my15

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF
16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE.
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P O Box 986. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer.
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

EASTERN FAVORITES DEFEATED

New York Loses on Errors—Philadelphia's Defeat—Other Games.

NEW YORK Aug. 27.—Had the Giants won yesterday they would have tied Philadelphia in third place. But they didn't. Chicago won with four less hits than were credited to New York. Keefe pitched grandly, but was miserably supported. New York made nine errors, every one costly. But for a momentary rattle of the Chicagos in the ninth inning the home team would have been shut out.

Chicago.....0 2 0 3 0 0 0 0 0—5
New York.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—2

Base hits—Chicago 5; New York 9. Earned runs—Chicago 2. Errors—Chicago 6, New York 9.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 27.—It was Detroit's game from the start, they having no difficulty in batting Casey, while the Phillies did little better than nothing with Conway.

Philadelphia...3 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—5
Detroit.....0 1 4 0 2 0 0 0 0—7

Base hits—Philadelphia, 6; Detroit, 15. Errors—Philadelphia, 4; Detroit, 4. Pitchers—Casey and Conway.

WASHINGTON, August 27.—Indianapolis won with 11 hits, 6 runs and 4 errors. Washington, 10 hits, 4 runs, 12 errors. Pitchers, Boyle and Gilman.

NEW YORK, Aug 27.—The summary of other games yesterday is as follows: St. Louis 15, Metropolitan 8; Louisville 11, Brooklyn 0; Cincinnati 11, Baltimore 19; Athletic 7, Cleveland 1. International league—Buffalo 14, Hamilton 3; Syracuse 9, Wilkesbarre 7; Jersey City 13, Scranton 10.

The New York management has bought the release of Titcomb and Murphy, Jersey City's crack battery. Price, $3,000. The Jersey Citys have also sold their first baseman, O'Brien, to the Metropolitans. Price not known.

INTERSTATE ON ITS TRAVELS.

It will Reopen Business in New York City in September.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The members of the interstate commerce commission will begin work, after their Summer vacation, with an important hearing in Rutland, Vt., on Sept. 1. The case is that of the Boston and Albany railroad against the Boston and Lowell, and other New England roads, and involves alleged violation of the long and short haul section of the law in competition for freight from the west to the seaboard.

After the hearing at Rutland, the commission will go to Chicago, and begin hearings there on Sept. 7. From Chicago they will go to New York city, arriving there about the middle of September, and then probably return to Washington.

Denied Masonic Honors.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 27.—Great commotion has been caused among the Knights Templar of this city by the refusal of Eminent Commander Lyman Johnson of New Haven commandery, No. 2, to issue a call for the knights to turn out to the funeral of George Crabtree, which occurred yesterday noon. Johnson's reasons are that Crabtree had belonged to Hiram Lodge, which is at swords' points with the Grand Lodge. Mr. Crabtree had belonged to the knights for thirty years, and had held the office of eminent commander for two years.

Provided for Himself.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Aug. 27.—The latest developments in regard to the failure of the First National Bank of Danville, Livingston county, put a bad look on it. On the day of the suspension, there were recorded at the county seat, Geneseo, mortgages from James Faulkner, president of the defunct bank, as follows: Two of $15,000 each to John Hyland, and one of $10,000 to the Wadsworths. There was recorded yesterday a mortgage of $20,000 from Faulkner to Hyland.

Shot Down in the Dark.

TORONTO, Aug. 27.—The body of William Priestman, the Toronto agent of the Chicago Masonic Insurance association, was found lying on the sidewalk on Dufferin street with a bullet hole above the left ear, and his pockets rifled of everything valuable. Priestman, who was about 45 years of age, and leaves a widow and three children, left home at 9 o'clock last evening to visit friends. The police think he was waylaid and killed by footpads.

Burglars Frighten Money Out of a Bank.

BREWSTERS, N. Y., Aug. 27.—Enterprising New York burglars are attending to business in Putnam county. Frightened depositors of the Putnam ings bank have been drawing out their money for fear the burglars may break in. One day this week $60,000 was handed over the bank's counters. More or less of the money is now hidden away in old trunks.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27. 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, northwest winds, slight changes in temperature.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 25.—Money on Call at 3½ and 4 per cent.

BONDS.

	Closing Yesterday.	Closing To-day.
4s, reg.....	108	108
4s, con.....	109	109
5s, reg.....	125¾	125¾
5s, con.....	126¾	125¾

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock—A quiet feeling settled over the market during the afternoon, and gradual improvements in the price of most of the stocks, those that fell the farthest recovering most on the rebound, but in no instance was the break made good.

CLOSING PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canada Southern.....	54½	54¾
Chicago, Bur. & Q.....	136	137
Central Pacific.....	35	35¾
Del. & Hudson.....	101	101
Del., Lack. & W.....	128¾	128¾
Erie.....	30	29¾
Express.....	—	97
Lake Shore.....	92¼	91¾
Louis. & Nash.....	61¾	61¾
Michigan Central.....	—	88
Missouri Pacific.....	90½	90
N. J. & New Eng.....	44	42½
N. J. Central.....	75½	75¾
N. Y. Cent. & Hud.....	110½	110¾
Northwestern.....	112¾	112¾
Oregon Navigation.....	90	90
Pacific Mail.....	39½	39¾
Reading.....	31¾	31¾
Rock Island.....	125	—
St. Paul.....	81¾	81¾
St. Paul Pacific.....	34½	34
West. Union Tel.....	82¾	82¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Wheat.....	77½	80	82
Corn.....	49	50¾	50¾
Oats.....	31½	32¾	33¾

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market dull. Creamery—Eastern fancy, Western, 22@25. Imitation, 17@18. Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, 18@22; western, 15@16c. Factory—Fresh, 15@17c; June packed 14@15c.

Cheese.—Market dull. Factory—New York cheddar, 11¼@12c.; western, flat, 10@10½c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8@9c.

Eggs.—Market dull. Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 16@17c; Canadian, firsts, 16c; western, firsts, 15@16c.

WELL-TRAINED CRABS.

A Galveston Fisherman's Queer But Highly Accomplished Pets.

Of all the queer characters that ever existed in Galveston Fisherman Brown is the queerest, says the *News*. Fisherman Brown has his habitat upon Kuhn's wharf, where he ekes out a miserable existence by catching and selling crabs. He is as dark as a Moor, and wears old and shabby garments. Yesterday the tide had receded to an unusual degree, leaving boats of every description high and dry on ground. Around Kuhn's wharf the water was particularly low, but Fisherman Brown seemed to like it. In the slip which the wharf company had cut out for erecting dry docks Brown had pulled his boat, and was eagerly peering over its gunwale into the sluggish-running water. As soon as he saw a reporter who happened to be in that locality Brown began to tell what he knew about crabs. Information oozed from him like the precious attar of roses, and he grew quite enthusiastic.

"Oh, about crabs," he said, presently, as he drew up a net; "not many understand the ways of crabs. Crabs have their tastes like people, and many times have I seen a crab tell another crab what to do. When the water is smooth and green and the day overflowing with sunshine, then is the time I watch the little creatures. I pull them up in my net and wait to see what they will do. Sometimes I haul up half a dozen of different sizes, and they act just like people; they are greedy and selfish. The big sea-crabs give the little crabs a sound trouncing for being in the way, and then the big crabs claw at each other around the meat. They act so human like that I am much amused. Crabs, sir, are divided into many families. There is the blue-claw family, the streaked-back family, the brown-backed family and the green-back family. You do not often see those of the streak-back family tribe in Galveston waters, but many are caught around Padre Island down the coast. I speak only of crabs to be found in the Gulf and bay. As for other crabs, they abound in many waters. I have seen men catch many crabs as large as an ostrich. Ah! you smile, but I speak in truth. On the Japanese coast the crabs look like huge birds running over the sand. They come up on the sand dunes just like turtles, and run away with the speed of the wind when any one approaches them. How they fight! Their bodies are small, but their legs are long and tough, and if caught they catch you with their legs like a grappling-iron. They have vicious little green eyes, and they look at you like a serpent. When off the Japanese coast one time we all put to shore and made a great chase after the big crabs. The only way we could catch 'em was to break their legs by sweeping them with a big stick or cutlass, and even then they'd show fight.

"I have long studied the habits of crabs in Galveston waters, and I know 'em well. They know me, too, for sometimes I make pets of my crabs. You no believe dat? Come; I show you."

Leading the reporter to the stern of the boat the browned fisherman lifted a cloth from the stern and revealed a small tank in which several crabs were swimming around. The tank had holes bored through the bottom, letting in a constant supply of fresh water.

"Now you watch what I do," said Fisherman Brown.

He took a small stick and beat a tattoo upon the stern of the boat, the while addressing the crabs as though they were human beings and giving each a name. "Come up, my beauties, there is a gentleman come to see you," he said, which was followed by such exclamations as: "Don't be afraid. The pot's not ready, yet, neither is the purchaser." After each exclamation of this character he would resume his tattoo vigorously. Whether it was from the effect of his adjuration or from a desire of their own is not known, but the crabs were not long in heeding his invitation, and began to rise to the surface and paddle across from side to side. "Now," said Fisherman Brown, "you see me make a crab mind." Taking up an ordinary fishing-line with sinker attached, he suspended it over the back of the crabs and said: "Sink, my hearty, sink." The crab had been paddling lazily about, but as soon as the voice was heard it immediately sank and sent up a number of bubbles. This seemed to please Fisherman Brown to a surprising degree, as he drew in the line and chuckled to himself. Presently he picked up two pieces of lines one polished smooth on one side, and said that was for calling the crabs to dinner. "They know the difference in the tattoo and the stone sound," said Brown, "and they come up quickly when they hear the stones, just like chickens when called." First taking a handful of shrimp cut into minute pieces, Brown began to pound the stones together very vigorously. The stones made a harsh and grating kind of noise, but they caused a great change to take place in the tank.

Where a moment before all had been quiet, there was now great commotion. The crabs came up in a body and snapped and clawed viciously at each other in their endeavors to get a good position. They would attempt to climb up the sides of the tank, but would fall back exhausted each time, owing to the planks being too slippery. Laughing quietly, Fisherman Brown then threw the handful of shrimp to his queer pets, and then it was a scene of evolutions and revolutions in the water. Each crab made a grab for a piece of shrimp, and a general melee ensued. There was not quite enough to go around, and a pitched battle took place in consequence among the hardshell pets. It was a strange thing to look beneath the water and see two or more crabs hacking away at each other for the possession of a piece of shrimp. They would clinch and rise to the surface, but never let go until the shrimp was demolished or one had gained the victory. It would certianly seem that Fisherman Brown had the crabs pretty well trained, but how he managed to do this with crabs will remain a mystery.

"Ah! the crab is a noble animal," said Fisherman Brown, with a sigh, as he readjusted the cloth on the stern of the boat; "and people ought not to be cruel to them, for they are not like people? 'Tis true they eat dead people when they get a chance, but do not the people eat them also? Yes, sir. The crab is a much abused animal, but they have their days when a ship is wrecked. That is the time when they have a rich feast beneath the ocean with the rulers of the water."

After saying this Brown relapsed into deep meditation, watching the water slide away as the sun sank to rest below a fiery horizon. And in this mood the reporter left him—and his queer crabs.

Chicago a City of Pie Eaters.

Chicago will consume during 1887 9,000,000 pies from the pie manufactories, to say nothing about the vast quantities made by the regular bakers and in the thousands of homes where the baking is all done by the resident domestics. Truly we are a pie-eating people.

TWO COMMUNITIES.

Brief History of Some Socialistic Experiments in the State of Iowa.

The Icarian community near Corning, Ia., has, according to the Sioux City *Journal*, practically dissolved. The trouble was that the youngest members would not not brook the restraints imposed by the laws and rules of the society. The old men were sticklers, and too rigid in their interpretation, and the young men rebeled. The society had its origin in France, and settled in a body at Nauvoo, Ill., but moved to the present location in 1854, before the organization of this section into counties. The founder was Etienne Cabet. The society, unlike most other communistic bodies, has no religious forms, believing that the essence of religion exists rather in practice than in creed, the members regarding Sunday as a day of amusement. Although atheists, the principal feature of the Icarian scheme is the one text of the New Testament which underlies all communistic experience, to be found in Acts ii., 44, 45: "And all that believed were together, and had all things in common: and sold their possessions and goods and parted them to all men, as every man had need."

For nearly a generation as time is measured in the life of man the Icarians dwelt happily and contented. Their property, a farm of three thousand acres, was owned in common. A council of the oldest men controled affairs and designated the work each person was to perform. There was little association for many years with the outside world. The language spoken was French and the old men were slow in getting knowledge of English. As already intimated, the young people who have grown up since coming here were anxious for more progressive methods and ideas. Of course the elders opposed any innovation of changes in plans or policy, and the differences of opinion culminated several years ago in a division of property, the old members leaving the homestead to the children, while the elders betook themselves to a new location a half mile distant from the original nest. The young people in the old home kept the old name. "The Icarian Community," and the old people called their split off "The New Icarians." The latter in their new location built after the old plan of grouping their cottages around a square, in the center of which was a large building used for lecture, amusement, dining and cooking purposes. They believe in the sacredness of the marriage relation, and each family has its own home, but all eat together in the central dining room. The elders took with them to their new home a large library and a fine collection of instruments for scientific experiments. Among the older members were men of profound learning, and in the earlier days of their life here the lecture hall was the scene of many a fine exposition of scientific subjects. Many of them, too, possessed histrionic talent, and Sunday evening was usually given up to the performance of some theatrical play.

For several years they printed a little weekly paper upon type brought from France. Icaria stands upon a pretty eminence three miles east of this place, south of the railroad track, and in plain view of the car windows. This is in Adams County, in the southwestern part of the State. The chief occupation of the Icarians is agriculture, in which they have been moderately successful. While thrifty, careful, economical and industrious, they do not think that the sole aim of life is to work hard and hoard up money. They have some highly ethereal ideas, which, indeed, if they could be made to work, would bring a millennial period to mankind. They believe that the man who lives quietly and calmly, developing his mental and moral faculties, and emancipating himself from the baser cares and demands of "the world, the flesh and the devil," does wisely and well, however poor he may be. When the long time quiet and peaceful community became twain there was a membership of one hundred and fifty or more. Young and ambitious members withdrew every once in a while, the community paying them a stipend from the common treasury, and off they went to try life on the American plan of "every man for himself and the devil take the hindmost." When the split took place the older heads took away forty or fifty persons, most of them white-haired, venerable old people, whose very appearance seems to prove that the claim they make of living a better and more advanced life than those of the world around them is not altogether groundless. They are proverbial for their politeness and demeanor to each other and to those with whom they come in contact. The young colony is anxious to sell its land and go to California, where a good many of its members are already living. Within a few years at the most this remarkable experiment in communistic life will live only in history.

Iowa has one other communal society, the Inspirationists, at Amana, in Iowa County. This society, however, is rich, its possessions covering some 25,000 acres of land, with a population exceeding 1,500, divided into seven villages. The people engage variously in manufacturing and farming. They have several woolen, saw and grist mills and tanneries, and their goods are staple articles in the market. Each family has its house, like the Icarians, and all cook and eat together in centrals. At the table, however, the men and women are separated "to prevent silly conversation and trifling conduct." At the head of the organization is a woman who is supposed by the members to speak by the direct "inspiration of God." Hence their name. They came from Germany to New York State in 1842, and to Iowa in 1856. The society owes its foundation to an ignorant servant maid, who for many years was the "inspired oracle" of Amana. The name Amana is taken from the Song of Solomon, iv., 8. Though a woman founded the society and is considered the "oracle" through whom come the commands of God, yet the women of the community are required to work hard, dress plainly, and avoid association with mankind, notwithstanding which there are marriages and much domestic comfort and happiness. One of their leading writers advises men to "fly from intercourse with women as a very dangerous, magnetic and magical fire." Amusements generally are forbidden; even photographs and pictures are not allowed. Their rules of daily life are very strict and severe, enjoining abstinence, penitence and deep devotion. This society is successful, financially, to say the least. The members are good citizens, pay their taxes, avoid litigation, and, if they find happiness in complying with their rigid rules of government, who can say them nay?

No Happiness in Idleness.

The keenest sorrows of the world are in the homes of people of affluence, who are so much envied by those who struggle in daily toil for bread; but if the skeletons of the homes of the honest sons of labor could be compared with the skeletons of the homes of the rich both would learn that there is no happiness in idleness; no wealth but the content of industry.

SMART OLD FARMER.

Story of a Granger Who Knew Which End of the Elephant Had the Tail.

Darwin Davis, an old-fashioned and well-to-do farmer of the neighboring town of Norwich, tells the New York *Times* of a recent interview with a couple of affable strangers, as follows: "The other day a man called at my house and wanted to buy a farm. He said his name was Dr. Miles and that he lived in Rutland, Vt., and that he wanted the farm for his sister, a rich California widow, who wanted to settle down with her children in this part of the country. His sister, he said, had a pile of money, and he inquired if the banks were sound around here. I told him I did not know much about any of the banks except the old Norwich Bank, and I considered that good enough to keep money in. He said my farm had been recommended to him as just the one he wanted, and he had called to look at it. So the doctor and I started off up the road to look over the farm. Pretty soon we were overtaken by a well-dressed and glib-spoken young fellow in a buggy, who hailed us and inquired how far it was before the road turned to the left. I gave him the information he wanted, and he got out of the buggy and came up to us, and began talking about a big advertising scheme he was working among the farmers for a firm in New Orleans. He said he was from New Orleans, and was a nephew of General Beauregard, but he didn't go into the army because he wasn't big enough at that time. Then he said if we had time to spare he'd show us a new game of draw that was all the go down in New Orleans; so he pulled out four cards, three with black spots and one with red spots, and he shuffled them up and turned them over, face downward. The game was, he said, to pay a quarter and draw, and if you drawed the red card and showed five dollars, then you got five dollars. He wanted us to try it, just for the fun of the thing, and see what our luck would be. Dr. Miles drawed and got the red card first draw, and then I tried and got the red card the same way. 'Beauregard said we had extraordinary luck, but he'd bet us one thousand dollars against five dollars in earnest that we couldn't both of us draw the red card again the first time we tried it. Dr. Miles took the bet and drawed, and sure enough he got the red card, and then I drawed and I got it, too. Beauregard said he wouldn't play no more draw with such lucky men as we were—he'd lost enough. But his firm always told him to be honorable and do just as agreed, and as he had lost one thousand dollars he'd pay it, provided that we could show that we were responsible and honorable and had one thousand dollars to pay with in case we lost that amount. Then he pulled out a big roll of bills and commenced counting out the one thousand dollars. Dr. Miles said he hadn't got so much money with him and offered a check on the Rutland bank, but Beauregard said he must show the cash. Then the doctor proposed that I should go to the Norwich bank and get the one thousand dollars and bring it there and show it, and he would give me half the one thousand dollars he had won. 'About this time I began to see a nigger in the wood pile, and the more I thought about it the bigger that darky got to be. So I said to Beauregard: 'Young man, you might just as well put that money back in your pocket, for I don't want it. I've seen the elephant and I know which end his tail is on.' With that Beauregard got mad and jumped into his buggy and rode away. Dr. Miles and I started back toward my house, and on the way I told him that I thought Beauregard was trying to play a confidence game on me, and that he had a hand in it. 'Why, Davis,' said he, 'how can you think so? I belong to the Presbyterian Church up in Rutland, and our minister don't allow us to handle cards.' Pretty soon Dr. Miles went away, and that's the last I've heard about his buying my farm."

A MODEST REQUEST.

An Anecdote of the Czar Nicholas and a French Traveler.

The Czar Nicholas is the subject of the following anecdote, which is vouched for as authentic by Aurelian Scholl: The Czar, returning from paying an early visit to one of his daughters, noticed at the door of a hotel a young man with a cigar in his mouth. Nicholas could not tolerate the smell of tobacco. "You are a foreigner, sir?" he asked. "Yes, General," was the reply: "I have just arrived from Paris." "Then you are unware that smoking in the streets of St. Petersburg is forbidden. I warn you lest your ignorance get you in trouble." "Thanks, General." And the Parisian threw away his cigar. But if smoking was not allowed, neither was it permitted to address the Emperor, and scarcely had the latter passed out of sight when two police officers approached the traveler, and he was soon on his way to the station, where he remained until ten in the evening in the society of the thieves and drunkards who had been arrested the previous night. When the superintendent questioned him he told his story; how an officer in General's uniform who was passing had advised him to throw away his cigar, and that he had at once done so. "And you didn't know who the General was?" "I don't know." The official set the Frenchman at liberty, and made his report to the chief of the third section. The latter, thinking the adventure might have some unpleasant political consequence—that the Frenchman might lodge a complaint with his Ambassador, and that he (the chief) might be blamed for the action of his subordinates—decided to inform the Emperor of what had happened. His Majesty seemed annoyed. "Go find the traveler," he ordered, "I wish to express to him, personally, my regret for the outrage to which he has been subjected." When an officer in uniform came to his hotel the Frenchman had visions of Siberia, and began to regret bitterly having yielded to his desire to visit "the empire of the north." He was only restored to his usual equanimity when Nicholas explained to him the cause of his unpleasant adventure. "Forget this little misunderstanding," added the Emperor, "and if you remain any time in Russia it will give me pleasure to prove to you that we are not as uncivilized as we may seem to be." "Since your Majesty is so kind," replied the traveler, "may I make one request?" "What is it?" "That if your Majesty should meet me again you would not notice me."

Result of Eating Bad Meat.

The Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* telegraphs: "A death is reported of a grazier named Pomarede from eating a steak taken from an ox belonging to him which had died of blood poisoning from the sting of a venomous fly. Pomarede had a grass farm at Forque, near La Selve. He died six hours after having eaten the steak. Decomposition was so rapid that the mayor of his commune judged well to authorize his burial within the time prescribed by law.

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THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., MONDAY, AUGUST 29, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

BY THE WAY.

—Now for a paid Fire Department.

—Read to-morrow's PRESS. We could not get it all in today's.

—No service was held in the First Baptist church yesterday.

—But one more week of vacation remains for the school children.

—Several of the school teachers in this city and North Plainfield have returned from their summer vacation.

—The man who lives home to spend the summer with his family has just returned. The summer is not yet spent, but his money is.

—It is reported that the City Council held a private conference yesterday afternoon, but the result of the meeting was not made known.

—Jackson is alleged to have recently sent threatening letters to certain residents in this city, who had refused to engage him to watch their property.

—One lady remarked to Special Officer Jones last evening that she could now go to bed feeling safe, as for a long time past she had almost been afraid to retire at night.

—The Y. M. C. A's defeated the great "West Enders" of Somerville, at that place, Saturday, most gloriously. The score was 7 to 3, and the details of the game, crowded out today, will appear tomorrow.

—The seaside and mountain season is fact drawing to a close. It will be succeeded by agricultural, horticultural and floricultural shows, interspersed with horse trots and probable balloon ascensions and political speeches.

—THE PRESS stated recently that the matter of burning barns in this city would soon reach a climax. The climax was reached early yesterday morning, and the result of the "quiet investigation" was a surprise to all.

—The wife of one of the prisoners in the station house, had the forethought last evening to send a mattress to the lock-up, so that her husband could rest easily during the night. Of course the authorities refused to admit it.

—Councilman Tunis J. Carey's barn it is said was the next place down on the "list," to be fired by the incendiaries, and the barn in the rear of Officer Grant's residence on West Seventh street, was also included in the programme.

—Edward Kennedy, a representative from "Bull Frog City," was found lying helplessly drunk on the sidewalk on East Front street, late last evening. Special Officers Noel and Hope arrested him, and he is now awaiting a hearing at the station house.

—Late of last night, among the many telephone calls from the great dailies of other cities, was one from New York asking the "names of the New York officers who captured those incendiaries." The proud reply went back at once, that they were all *Plainfield* officers who accomplished that glorious work.

—The annual reunion of the survivors of the gallant 7th Regiment, N. J. V., will take place in Morristown, Sept. 19th next. The veterans and their guests will be entertained by A. T. A. Torbet Post No. 24. It is expected that the Posts of the Grand Army in various parts of the State will take part in the exercises.

—An affecting incident took place at the station house entrance yesterday afternoon, when the wife of George Reed, one of the prisoners, appeared on the scene with her children and sought to gain an interview with her husband. She was refused admission to the jail and wept piteously when told that she could not see her husband.

—On the 20th of April at the time of the firing of Mr. Noah W. Pike's barn on East Front street, that gentleman hurried at once from his house to meet facing him across a hedge, one of the Van Nests who is now in jail. The latter shouted that he "seen them! they run over into Second street. They're tramps; I seen 'em all day round here."

—The rumors current all day of yesterday as to who really had been arrested as incendiaries, were very strange in view of the fact that one or two were mentioned as surely in the jail yet it could not have been known that they were even suspects. And the fact is also that they are not arrested yet. Why should the crowd think they were? Merely because they had not been seen?

—From early morning until late last evening, a large crowd of persons hung around the station house, eager to ascertain the latest facts concerning the wholesale arrests of the alleged fire-bugs. People congregated on the street corners and freely discussed the matter, so that the police were frequently compelled to make them "move on." Numerous theories as to cause, etc., were advanced and reports, greatly exaggerated, were sent out, passing like wild-fire from one to another. All who were in possession of any of the facts in the case, went about with closed mouths, and not an outsider was admitted to the station house or even given an opportunity to look at the "select few" within its walls.

EXTRA!

SNARED!

AN INCENDIARY CAUGHT IN THE ACT.

The City Jail Filled With Suspects.

Councilman Carey the Hero of the Day.

Murphy Gives away the Combination.

PLAINFIELD SAFE FROM FIRE-BUGS AT LAST.

The Act--The Capture--The Accused.

The Crimes, The Penalties, The Fires of the Past, The Wives' Stories.

WHO DID IT—WHO TRAPPED THEM—AND WHO HAS DELIVERED US.

Just half an hour after midnight of Saturday, and as another Sunday was beginning in a flood of moonlight that illuminated the city like midday, Councilman Tunis J. Carey, Chairman of the Police Committee, laid his hand on Night-Watchman John M. Jackson, and said, "I'll take care of you for the rest of the night." And Plainfield's principal incendiary jumped three feet in the air, and was at last in captivity.

A short time before, Mr. Carey had arrived quietly on the spot with Officer Patrick Lynch and Mr. John C. Moore, and they had carefuly hidden themselves in the shrubbery surrounding an empty house on Union avenue, beyond Clinton, and awaited the arrival of the fire-bugs whom they were informed would at midnight fire the premises. The house was a commodious one belonging to the Messrs. Lee, and but a week or two before the furniture of its last occupant—the proprietor of the Brandeis Kennel of St. Bernard dogs—had been removed. Officer Lynch and Mr. Moore secreted themselves in bushes from which they could see almost all sides of the house, and Mr. Carey concealed himself behind the corner of a grape arbor in the back yard and but a few feet from the rear door into the house. At about half-past twelve the wretch they expected entered the front gate, passed around the house and up onto the back stoop. The night was as light as day and those watching could see every expression on the villain's face, which was the face of night-watchman Jackson. His countenance was as unruffled as that of the moon that shone down upon him. With hardly a casual glance about him, he pushed open the back door which was unfastened and opened into a pantry. Through this he stepped lightly into a pantry, took a quantity of paper from his pocket and wadded it into a loose ball. From another pocket was taken a bottle of kerosene, and in the same way and as calmly as he formerly shook salt on his daily food (but he'll enjoy no such luxuries hereafter) he sprinkled and thoroughly saturated the paper with the inflammable liquid. A match struck and touched to the combustible lump was followed by a quick flash and a blaze that threw deep rays of red flame out through the windows into the white light of the night. Dropping the mass of flame on the floor, the incendiary turned and left the house as he had entered it, slamming the door behind him so loudly that the sound could be heard almost a hundred yards. Using paper instead of waste—which latter has been the Plainfield incendiary's kindling material for the last 3 years—the floor was hardly lighted and the flames burned out in a few moments. As Jackson stepped off the stoop he turned the path he had come, and Mr. Carey started around the other side of the house to meet him at the front.

With the incendiary had come a companion named Ed. Murphy, who waited for Jackson outside. As the latter came out, Murphy whispered a taunt about his not knowing how to light a fire that would burn, and Jackson seemed about to turn back. A rustle in the bushes where the other watchers were concealed, however, startled him and he walked towards the street again. Then Councilman Carey stepped up and seized Jackson with the words, "I'll take care of you for the rest of the night." And his prisoner replied, with the question, "What have I done?" Jackson and Murphy were taken to the City Jail at once, and the arrests of others immediately followed upon information received from the same source as told of Saturday's night's fire.

HOW THE GUILTY WERE APPREHENDED.

During the month of March last a machinist named Edward Murphy came to this city from down-east and secured a position in the Scott Printing Machinery Works. That he was a good workman is proved by the fact that he helped build the presses on which this paper is printed. Being thus assured of continuous work he sent for his wife and a son nine years of age, who are now living here with him. Shortly after his settling in Plainfield the Scott Social Club was formed among the employees at the Works, and Murphy because of his social nature and capability of telling a good story and singing a good song, was made its Chairman. THE PRESS has told from time to time of the many evenings the Club had enjoyed together, and also how the members of No. 2 Engine Company had on many occasions joined with them. In this way Murphy was brought into close companionship with the firemen, and at once joined No. 2's Company. The Club has since disbanded, but Murphy has continued to be an active member of the Engine Co. ever since—in fact, as the sequel will prove, a little too active. He, by his sociability, soon ingratiated himself with those who are the accused incendiaries, and knew it all in a very short time. The authorities who have long tried every means to catch a "squealer," at last noticed signs that pointed plainly to Murphy as being a possible accomplice. In fact his actions had been so suspicious for some time that Officer Mattox and others had, as the saying is "been onto him." Shortly before Chief Dodd left for Europe, it is said he attempted to induce Murphy to give the mystery away. Murphy told one of his fellow workmen that Dodd had sent for him to come to the police station, but that he (Murphy) supposed the Chief wanted him about a board bill he failed to settle. Some days subsequently when Murphy was accused of having the police after him for seven dollars for board, he boasted, "Dodd did not want me for that but offered me $1,500 to blow on the fire-bugs." "You know nothing about that business or you wouldn't be shooting it off," he was answered. "All right," replied Murphy, "but I never squeal. And that man knows, too," he is said to have added, pointing to Skinner, the driver of No. 2's truck who was just delivering a box near where the speakers were standing. Whether this is so or not, the fact is Chief Dodd was unable to "work" the case, and before he left for Europe, August 6th, he told Councilman Carey, Chairman of the Police Board, what he had done but confessed his failure to make anything out of it. Mr. Carey took the matter in hand at once, and in about two weeks has so skilfully and courageously manipulated matters and men, that an end has at last come to the years of incendiarism's terrible reign in Plainfield, and the City Jail holds seven of the accused with more to follow. When and where Saturday night's fire was to be was told Mr. Carey by Murphy, and the result was as we narrated at the beginning of this article.

WHO IS MURPHY?

There is lots to learn yet in the matter, but it is mostly a question of evidence and as to the additional arrests. But one thing yet to be developed is the status of Murphy. Who is he? Is he a Pinkerton detective working on a salary paid by the National Board of Underwriters? If so he is one of the smartest and shrewdest in his line. Or is he only an unprofessional tempted by the promise of big money to give away the confidence of the incendiaries? Whatever he is, he has done this city noble service in two instances. He first helped to build the presses that print THE PRESS; now he has broken up the band of fire-bugs that has destroyed our property and endangered our lives for months and months. From the mass of conflicting tales and surmises that are told our reporters by his fellow workmen and companions, we have sifted out the story of his coming to and his "goings on" in Plainfield since March, as told in a former part of this article. He is living here in a house at a rental of $50 a month, and in which his wife is keeping a number of boarders. But there is one reason why it may seem that he is a professional detective. Many months ago one of Pinkerton's men by the name of Eppel[illegible] was sent here by the Board of Underwriters to work up the case. He did all he could, which, however, was nothing of use although a few of the honest ones of our firemen lent willing hands in assistance. When he left he said he would send a man or two that could take hold in the city as mechanics and laborers, and who would accomplish the job with patience and cunning. Men were thus sent, and it may be that Murphy was one though we do not incline to that belief. One of the men was sent to Cook Bros., and those gentlemen understanding the case were willing to employ him. But the detective rather weakened when he saw the work to be done, and said he rather guessed he couldn't handle lumber and coal day after day. The Cook Bros., expressed their willingness to permit him to do only as much work as he pleased, but the detective justly thought such a soft snap would throw doubt on the appearance of his game, and went elsewhere. But this was not Murphy. It therefore still seems possible that Murphy is one of a gang that he has given away.

HOW JACKSON CONVICTED HIMSELF.

So soon as Jackson and Murphy were taken to the City Jail and locked in separate cells, the other police officers were called up and dispatched in different directions to arrest others accused by Murphy of participation in and knowledge of the past incendiary fires. All left the jail but Moore who was one of the trio that had made the capture and had been employed for some time to assist in the night watches of the past that had formerly been unsuccessful. As he sat in the hall leading to the cells, he hardly breathed; and Jackson, who could hardly see even the three walls and the grated door that enclosed him, felt that he was alone and within hearing of no one. But suddenly he was startled by a hoarse whisper from another cell, and his companion in guilt, as he thought, and one who must share the penalty with him, called out, "Are you there, Jack?" A few words of assurance from Murphy that he "heard them all go out," encouraged Jackson to talk; and, as had been arranged, Moore writing faster than he ever did before or will again, copied down the conversation into a book that is now safely locked in the City Judge's desk in the City Jail's court room. Murphy began by accusing Jackson of getting him into "a nice scrape," and led him on and on, by questions and contradictions, until the night-watchman had woven with his own tongue a rope of evidence long enough and strong enough to send him to State Prison for the rest of his miserable life.

THE PLACE AND THE ACT.

The house where the act was committed that Jackson was caught in, is located and was last occupied as we have described. Mr. James H. House, of East Front street, is the agent for it and the large additional properties of Messrs. Frazee and Robert Lee. He had occasion to go to the premises during Tuesday of last week, and found a window open in the very pantry leading from the back door to the kitchen, where the act of Saturday night was committed. Under this window, on the inside, was stood on end a sheaf of straw. A window in the cellar was found broken open. An inspection of the premises this morning showed the room to be about 5x10 feet in size. The window that Mr. House had shut and fastened was broken and the sash had been raised after reaching and slipping back the latch. Somebody must have then crawled in and unfastened the catches of the back door previous to the time of Jackson's last appearance on the scene, because, as we are informed, the door yielded to his touch. Traces of the slight fire that started and died out are shown by a scorched door-casing and a base-board burned for two or three feet. The cinders of the paper used seem to be the remnants of a colored excursion poster or auction bill. The bottle that contained the kerosene was found on a shelf in the room, and had the name of H. Strauss blown in its glass side. It contained soda water when Jackson bought it at Caspar's saloon on East Second street early Saturday evening. After he had emptied it he walked into ex-Councilman Cutter's grocery with Murphy and had it filled with kerosene, as night-watchman are in the habit of doing for use in their lanterns. With Jackson, when he bought it, was Murphy, who purchased a box of cigars and after filling his pockets from it asked clerk Bachman to send the balance to him the next day.

THE OTHERS IN CUSTODY.

The others arrested on the information of Murphy, and who are now reposing—or are rather, very wide awake—within the walls of the jail, are the following: who where all called up out of their beds during the early morning and taken into custody.

George Reed, who is employed at Scott's Press Works. He was the driver of No. 2's hose cart that maliciously ran over Mr. John H. Dunning at the time of a fire that occured during the evening of March 20th, 1885.

Robert Skinner, a driver of No. 2's company, whose insubordination at fires has caused innumerable complaints to the Board of Fire Commissioners, and whose bold assertions that he would do as he —— pleased, have been continuous and generally executed.

Horace Van Nest, a night watchman, whose beat extended along West Seventh street and joins that of Jackson who "watches" Crescent avenue and the Easterly side of that vicinity. When the officer knocked at his house about four o'clock of Sunday morning, and told who he wanted, Mrs. Van Nest said her husband was off on his beat. The officer replied that that was not so, and that he must see Van Nest at once because there had been a burglary committed on his beat. Van Nest then appeared and was promptly collared.

Louis Van Nest, a brother of the above, who was once a grocer, and also the inventor of a reversible backed lounge. The latter he patented, and sold the titles for $800 and a gold watch to some capitalists of this city. He hasn't done anything since—unless he is guilty of incendiarism.

Theodore VanNest, another brother, and the least cross-eyed of the family of many sons. He is employed in the livery establishment of Mr. A. Hedden. He has one brother who is not one of the accused, but who had his jaw almost kicked off by a mare he was teasing a year or so ago. Mr. Hedden says there must be a mistake in the arrest of Theodore, as he knows him to be straight in all his dealings with him, and that he did not travel with the other brothers suspected.

Philip B. Hapenny, janitor of Alert Hose Company and a young man generaly respected. He was also a member of No. 2 company, a drummer in the Plainfield Band, and a painter by trade. In his case, for some reason, it was thought necessary that a warrant should be issued, and consequently he was not arrested until about ten o'clock of Sunday morning.

These with Jackson and Murphy, complete the first installment of suspects awaiting a hearing. Early yesterday morning, City Judge Ulrich was telegraphed for to preside at the hearing that some of the authorities thought was made compulsory by law within twenty-four hours. All day he was expected, although it was not even known that he had received the telegram. It was however discovered that Sunday did not count in any time restriction, and up to the hour of our going to press—at break of day, this morning—no examination had been held. During today a hearing will undoubtedly take place, to which the public will not be omitted.

THE CULPRIT'S PEDIGREE.

John M. Jackson, Jr., the rascal upon whom suspicion has rested for a long time, and who was on Saturday night caught in the act of firing a dwelling house, is an unprepossessing individual, and rather slinking in his manner. He is thirty-seven years of age, about medium height, slender, and wears dark-brown curly hair. He is a son of the late John M. Jackson, of Rahway, who died many years ago. His mother also died when he was an infant but two years old. The other members of the family consist of three half-brothers and one sister, one of the former a member of the well-known firm of Hetfield & Jackson, the carriage manufacturers of Rahway. The other brothers are named respectively James and George, both of whom reside in Rahway. Mrs. Geo. V. Kelly, of Woodbridge, the wife of a carpenter, is the sister. Jackson never obtained a thorough education, and was considered ignorant. He was always of a roving disposition and took delight in remaining out late at night. He was also from his youth addicted to strong drink, and oftentimes drank to excess. Jackson came here some time previous to 1879. May 1 of that year he was married to Miss Estelle Hawley, a daughter of Mr. Seth E. Hawley, who is engaged as a private watchman by Messrs. Cook Brothers in their extensive lumber and coal yard on Park avenue. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Bond, deceased, at the parsonage of the First Presbyterian Church in this city in the presence of Catharine L. Bond and Mrs. Margaret L. Heath, the latter a sister of the pastor. After their marriage Jackson and his wife went to live at Elizabeth, where they remained for about three years, and later, after a residence of two months in Centreville, came to this city in the latter part of 1882, occupying William Moore's house on West Fourth street. The family has since resided at various places, namely: on Cottage place, East Fourth street, East Third street, again on West Fourth street, at Sixth and Division sts., East Front street, and are at present located at the corner of short Second and Elm streets, on property belonging to the Land Improvement Company. Jackson's excessive drinking was the cause of turning his relations against him, and his sister is the only one of the family that has visited him since he left home, although at one time he laid at the point of death for a long time during his residence at Elizabeth. Since their marriage four children have been born to them, and Mrs. Jackson is now in delicate health. For the past three years, off and on, Jackson has been employed as a private watchman in the vicinity of Broadway and Crescent avenue, averaging from $55 to $65 a month for his services. Last May he threw up his position on account of ill-health. Since then he has done odd jobs about the city, and part of the time has been employed by Mr. William J. Nelson, the driven-well man, who speaks of him as a workman in the highest terms.

MRS. JACKSON'S STORY.

When a PRESS reporter went to interview Mrs. Jackson, yesterday afternoon, she was not at home. Later she was found at her sister's in the rear of French's mill. Mrs. Jackson is a modest looking woman, 29 years of age, of medium height, and looked as though she had passed through a heap of trouble. Her eyes are sunken, and from her own statement she has been a much abused woman during the last year. She says her husband would come home drunk, at two, three and four o'clock in the morning and when she asked him where he had been he would only laugh at her; when she pleaded with him to stop drinking and spend his evenings at home he would abuse her, and when she sobbed, he would only ridicule her. Mrs. Jackson also says that her husband has been known to absent himself from the house on many occasions, remaining away for several days and nights at a time. When she remonstrated with him, he told her to apply for a divorce. A week ago Saturday, she says, he gave her four dollars out of the nine he had earned during the week, and last Saturday night he gave her six dollars, all the money he had, besides buying a pair of shoes for the baby, for which he paid one dollar. Jackson was very close-mouthed, and was one of the kind who never confided any of his private affairs with his wife. His greatest companion was Horace VanNest, who married Mrs. Jackson's sister, Mary. Jackson on Saturday evening, took one of his children to a store and purchased some candy for the child. After eating his supper he started for town, and the first intimation Mrs. Jackson had of her husband's arrest was this morning, when Phœbe VanNest went to her house and said "where's Jack?" Mrs. Jackson replied: "Oh, down to 'Hot' VanNest's playing cards, I suppose." "No, he ain't," said Phœbe, "he's in the jug." Mrs. Jackson, in answer to a question as to whether she was ever suspicious that her husband was implicated in the barn-burning business, says that she never suspected him, and claims that he must have been led into the matter by others. She says that her husband was continually drunk and that she had appealed to the W. C. T. U. and had been advised to notify the saloon keepers not to sell anything to him. She had purchased note paper for the purpose of notifying the liquor dealers, but had neglected to do it. About two years ago she notified a certain dealer to that effect and subsequently caused his arrest for failing to comply with her request. She obtained counsel and the case was tried as an experiment before the City Judge. Mrs. Jackson won the suit, and the saloon keeper appealed the case, and later it was tried before Judge McCormick at Elizabeth. The Judge reserved his decision for two weeks and finally reversed the decision obtained in the lower court. Mrs. Jackson says her husband has formerly been very kind to his family, but during the past year he has cruelly abused her. After she caused the arrest of the saloon keeper, Jackson said to her "You've fixed me so I can't get a drink any more." At the time of the arrest and conviction, Rev. Mr. Rodman warmly commended the action taken by Mrs. Jackson, from the platform in Reform Hall. During the interview she told the reporter that her husband came home at ten o'clock and was asleep on the night Mr. Albert J. Dent's house was burned on West Fifth street, and that he was also at home when several of the other fires have been started recently. By the arrest of her husband she is now left destitute, and will probably fall back on the city for support. She takes the matter philosophically, but cannot be induced to believe that her husband is guilty of so great a crime.

MRS. VAN NEST'S STATEMENT.

Mrs. Horace VanNest, the wife of another of the alleged fire-bugs, was next interviewed. In answer to a similar question as to whether she thought her husband was guilty of the crime, she said, indignantly, "Yes." She also said that he had never told her that he was implicated in the matter, but she considered him none too good to do it, after associating with such a crowd. She appeared to be the most jovial of the two women, and said "they ought to have taken the old man, too—then they would have the whole family. Horace, she says, had often remarked that he would sooner serve out a sentence in jail than [illegible] on any other. During the past two weeks he has been laid up most of the time by sickness, and has not yet returned to his post of duty. Mrs. VanNest [illegible]

home when the Dent fire occurred, and also at the time of the burning of Isaac P. Brown's barn, a week ago.

JACKSON SEEN AT OTHER FIRES.

It has now come to light that Jackson is the mysterious individual who was seen to pass under the electric light on West Fifth near Liberty street early on the morning of Sunday, August 14th, and but a few minutes before the fire was discovered in Mr. McCutchen's barn at Sixth and New streets, which was totally destroyed. When he was discovered passing along West Fifth street, evidently on the way home, he is reported to have staggered like a drunken man, but he was nevertheless one of the first to arrive at the fire as reported by us at the time. He was closely watched all during the progress of the fire and appeared to be very nervous. He was pointed out to several persons as the party suspected of firing the barn, but as he was not caught in the act he was not arrested. Wednesday night about half past eleven o'clock Jackson was seen to pass along West Seventh Street. He was followed, but finally lost sight of. About the same time Horace Van Nest was discovered by an electric light employee passing along West Sixth street, going in the same direction. Whether an attempt was made to fire any place on that evening or not is not known, but the men's actions were considered very suspicious.

LOSSES OF OVER $100,000.

The following is a list of fires attributed to incendiarism, occurring in Plainfield the past two years and over. In the hurry of its capitulation some may have been omitted, but probably not many:

1885.

Feb. 10—John A. Benner's barn, West Second street. Three horses and contents. Loss $525. Nine o'clock p. m.

Feb. 16—A. D. Cook & Bros. stable on Fourth street near Park avenue. Ten o'clock p. m. Loss $1,500.

Feb. 19—Residence of Mr. Wilton Randolph, Belvidere avenue, Netherwood. Loss $10,000.

Feb. 27—Barn of P. Lynch, on Elizabeth street and Plainfield avenue. Loss $600.

March 5—City Hotel sheds. Loss $500.

March 31—Old stable building on East Sixth street. Loss $200.

April 5—Barn of Miss Mary Roll, Peace street. Loss $500.

April 14—Barn of Isaac P. Brown on Broadway, two o'clock in the morning. Loss $400.

April 19—7:30 p. m., Moore Bros. stable on French's race, rear of the Alvah Gardner property. Fire extinguished before much damage was done.

April 20—Chas. Hyde's barn, afternoon. North Plainfield.

May 1—Manning Stelle's barn. About midnight. Loss $9,000.

May 16—Lattice work of stoop of No. 47 Peace street, set on fire at 11:30 p. m. No loss.

May 18—Barn of Dennis O'Brien, Sixth and Sycamore streets. Midnight. Loss $400.

Oct. 6—Unoccupied dwelling on Leland avenue, North Plainfield, belonging to Joseph McArthur of New York. Loss $1,500. Midnight.

Oct. 8—Barn on Madison avenue, back of Fourth street, afternoon. Loss $250.

Nov. 14—Aaron L. Jimmerson's barn on Leland avenue, five o'clock in the morning. Loss $1,200.

Nov. 15—Barn belonging to Samuel S. Moore, on Harmony street, North Plainfield. Loss $1,200. 10.30 p. m.

Nov. 20—Barn of Wm. H. Voorhees, occupied by Isaac Melbourne, on Washington street. Midnight. Loss $3,500.

Nov. 21—Barn of E. P. Thorn, East Front street, midnight. Loss $500.

1886.

July 31—Barn and stables of John W. Laing, adjoining Laing's Hotel. Loss $15,000. Half-past three o'clock in the morning.

Aug. 23—Ten o'clock in the evening, hennery of Mr. J. C. Pierrerz corner of Union and Grant avenues. Loss $2,000.

Aug. 28—Barn back of G. W. F. Randolph's residence on Peace street, 8 p. m. T. J. Pruden's barn also destroyed. Loss $1,000.

Aug. 30—Mysterious fire in basement of Mr. J. A. Peeble's hardware store, 40 West Front street. Midnight. Discovered in time.

Sept. 6—Barn of Mr. John Truell, on New street, between Third and Fourth streets, about 8 p. m. Loss $500.

Sept. 29—Barn of Samuel C. Allen on Mountain avenue, four o'clock in the morning. Loss $4,000.

Oct. 6—Barn of Wm. C. Smith, on Race street, North Plainfield, 8 p. m. Loss $800.

Nov. 1—Dwelling of Mr. Alex. Titsworth, Second street, two o'clock in the morning. Loss $2,000.

November 8—Paint shop of Rowe & Westervelt, back part of C. O. Meeker's store on East Front street, ten p. m. Put out before much damage was done.

Dec. 26—City Hotel sheds, midnight. Loss $1,000.

1887.

Jan. 12—Barn of Mr. P. M. French, 8:30 p. m. Put out before doing any damage.

March 4—Paint shop of Mr. James Smith, on Elm street, midnight. Loss $400.

March 15—Dwelling house on Union avenue, belonging to Cannon Parse and occupied by H. VanNest and family, whose sons are implicated. Fire shortly after ten p. m. Loss $5,000.

April 5—Barn of Rev. J. B. Cleaver, on Central avenue, two a. m. Loss $200.

April 13—Barn of A. J. Leader, North Plainfield, 9:30 p. m. Loss $500.

April 14—Barn of Wm. L. Jones, Sixth street, between Park avenue and Sycamore street, half-past three o'clock in the morning. Loss $3,000.

April 23—N. W. Pike's barn, East Front street, half-past twelve a. m. Loss $1,000.

April 26—Barn of Mrs. Alfred Berry, back of Opera House, 9:15 p. m. Loss $500.

May 8—Mrs. J. S. Harberger's barn, West Front street, three o'clock in the morning. Loss $4,000.

June 11—Barn of W. K. Thompson, corner of Sixth and New streets, 10:30 o'clock in the evening. Loss $5,000.

June 21—Park House stables on East Sixth street, one o'clock in the morning. Loss $3,000.

July 12—Barn of Mr. L. J. Denton, on Hillside avenue, half-past one in the morning. Loss $2,500.

July 17—Nine o'clock in the evening. Barn of John H. French, Exchange Alley. Loss $800.

Aug. 14—Barn of William McCutchen, corner of Sixth and New streets, two o'clock in the morning. Loss $500.

Aug. 19—One o'clock in the morning. Dwelling house of Mr. D. J. Dent, on W. Fifth street. Loss $5,000.

Aug. 22—Two o'clock in the morning, barn of Isaac P. Brown on Broadway, (second time.) Loss $1,500.

THE PENALTY.

The following are the sections of the revised statutes of New Jersey that cover the crimes of them all:

84. If any person wilfully and maliciously shall burn, or cause to be burned, or aid, counsel, procure, or consent to the burning of the dwelling-house of another, or any kitchen, shop, barn, stable or other out-house that is a parcel thereof, or belonging or adjoining thereto, or any other building, by means whereof a dwelling-house shall be burnt, then, and in every such case, the person so offending shall be adjudged guilty of arson, and he proceeded against for a high misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by fine, not exceeding two thousand dollars, and imprisonment at hard labor, for any term not exceeding fifteen years, or either of them.

85. If any person wilfully and maliciously shall burn, or cause to be burned, or aid, counsel, procure, or consent to the burning of any barn, stable, or other building of another, not a parcel of a dwelling-house, or any shop, storehouse, ware-house, malt-house, mill, or other building of another, or any ship, boat, or other vessel of another, lying within the body of any county of this state, or any church, meeting-house, court-house, work-house, jail or other public building, then, and in every such case, the person so offending shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by fine, not exceeding one thousand dollars, and imprisonment at hard labor, for any term not exceeding ten years, or either of them.

86. If any person shall wilfully and maliciously set fire to, or aid, procure, or consent to the setting fire to any church, meeting-house, court-house, work-house, jail, or other public building, or any dwelling-house, kitchen, shop, storehouse, ware-house, malt-house, mill, barn, stable, or other house or building of another, or any ship, boat, or other vessel of another, lying within the body of any county in this state, with intent to burn the same, then, and in every such case, the person so offending shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on being thereof convicted, shall be punished by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars, and imprisonment at hard labor, for any term not exceeding five years, or either of them.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Kitty Case of Ninth street, is home from New York State.

Miss Cora Mooney of Grove street, North Plainfield, is spending a few days at Asbury Park.

Miss Wilson of Green Brook road, returned on Friday from a two month's trip through Scotland.

Rev. Mr. Burdick, of New Market, preached in the Congregational church yesterday morning.

The family of Mr. Taft of Park avenue will return to their Brooklyn residence about the middle of September.

Mrs. Annie E. Clark and son, Orson, of Westerly, R. I., is visiting the family of Mrs. Clark's brother, Mr. William H. Williams of Madison avenue.

The wife of one of the alleged fire bugs told a reporter yesterday afternoon, that the city was now full of poor folk's children, since all means of support had been cut off by the arrest of the men now locked up in the City Jail.

The funeral of the late John Bodenheimer, whose death resulted from injuries received by the caving in of some earth near Coddington Brother's ice houses in the Notch, where he was working a few days ago, took place from the late residence of the deceased on Somerset street, yesterday afternoon. The Grand Army Post, of which the deceased was a member, accompanied by the fife and drum corps, were present in a body. Rev. Mr. Koechli, offered the opening prayer. The Grand Army ritual was read by Mr. E. C. Morse, after which a volley was fired by the members of the Post, and the body consigned to the grave.

An attempt was made a few evenings since to burn the stables on Sycamore street, occupied by Mr. M. Higgins, the proprietor of the Park House stage line. Mr. Higgins was aroused and frightened the intruders away. The night was very bright on Saturday, and Mr. Higgins confided that another attempt would be made to fire his stable. He loosened his two dogs and compelled one of them to keep watch at the front door and the other at the rear door, while himself and two men with loaded guns awaited the advent of the incendiaries. Fortunately Mr. Higgins' help was not on the spot for that night, or some one would probably have received a load of shot. A barn belonging to Mr. Thatcher, at Fourth and Sycamore streets, was also singled out a few evenings since, and would in all probability have been burned to the ground, had not Mr. Thatcher heard the rascals and frightened them away. Two men were seen to jump over the fence and disappear in the darkness.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 26, 1887.

Brown, P M S	Irley, Rebecca Miss
Boag, Peter	Kelser, Agner Mrs
Criswell, Minnie Miss	Larkin, May Miss
Davy, Denver	Mahun, Lorena
Demarest, C M Mrs	McLaughlin, John
Finegan, Wm J	Miller, John M D
Horn, Joseph	Peaslee, Anna N Miss
Hanson, Mr	Partington, Walter
Hayward, John H Jr	Quinn, Kittie Miss
Ward, Margaret Miss	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS SUITABLE FOR dressmaking, centrally located; must be moderate rent. Address MRS. H HARDING, Dunellen. 8-27-1t

FIRST-CLASS STONE WAGON, iron axles, for sale; also set of double harness. Price $50 for both. BRITTIN'S HOTEL, Scotch Plains, N. J. 8-27-1t

PARTIES DESIRING TO MAKE ARRANGEments for board, for the Fall and Winter months, at a first-class house, can make applications now. Location best in Plainfield; five minutes walk from depot. Address "S," Plainfield, N. J. 8-23-d3tws

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL HOUSES. ENQUIRE of THEODORE GRAY. 8-25-1t

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-24w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-1t

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN with or without board; at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL!

SEPT. 1. THURSDAY SEPT. 1.

Grand Opening of the Season. Engagement of

THE FIRESIDE FAVORITE,

EFFIE ELISLER,

Supported by a Powerful Company, under the management of Mr. Marc Klaw, presenting Frank Harvey's Powerful Domestic Story

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

Tickets on sale at usual places, Monday, Aug. 29.

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-1o1tf

Would You Believe

The Proprietor of Kemp's Balsam gives Thousands of bottles away yearly? This mode of advertising would prove ruinous if the Balsam was not a perfect cure for Coughs and all Throat and Lung troubles. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Don't hesitate! Procure a bottle to-day to keep in your home or room for immediate or future use. Trial Bottle Free at R. J. Shaw's. Large Size 50c. and $1.00.

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. E. MCCLURE, Treasurer.

Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture

Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS.

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOY'S AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

Receiver's Sale of Jewelry.

The subscriber will sell at public auction at the store of J. Moraller, 19 E. Front St., this city,

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 30th,

at 7 o'clock, all the Jewelry contained in said store, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Bracelets, Rings, Charms, Clocks, etc.

VINCENT W. NASH, Receiver.

August 26th, 1887. 8-26-d4

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large Airy Rooms, well Ventilated and finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

YOU

CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR?

TRY

DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

We have in connection a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

CHEMICALS,

TOILET ARTICLES

AND

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention paid to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

AT

PECK'S STORE

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND

FINE GOODS

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

WE HAVE A

Waukenphast Shoe

FOR $2.50.

That excels anything for the money ever produced in this city.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

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KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,

WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.

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Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

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One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

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CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

A LAUGHING FAMILY.

A New Jersey Home Where Merriment Reigns Supreme.

The Peculiar Affection of a Clan of Men, Women and Children, Who Laugh Twice a Day Just Because They Have To.

The story of New Jersey's laughing family is certainly one of the oddest that ever reached the ears of that State, says the New York *Mail and Express*. That a family with such a peculiar malady, and one so evidently interesting to the medical profession, should have lived so long in a thickly-populated community without attracting public notice and getting into the newspapers except in a brief and remote way years ago, is strange. The family reside in a large, substantial house, not far from the Delaware river, in Huntingdon County. The father and sons are well-to-do farmers. The entire family are chronic laughers, having an affection of the muscles of the mouth and throat that compels them to give vent to apparent merriment at stated intervals. The malady first appeared in the father about a dozen years ago. He was usually a very quiet man, enjoying fun, but manifesting his enjoyment without much noise. He was seated at the dinner table one day, eating steadily and not engaging in the conversation which the other members of the family were carrying on. Suddenly, and without cause, he burst into a loud fit of laughter so extremely different from his accustomed laugh that all were attracted by it. When asked for the reason for his sudden outburst he made no reply. Some of the boys thought he had hysteria and pounded him on the back, but in vain. After a few moments he made motions for pencil and paper, wrote that he was unable to control his risibility and asked them to send for a doctor. The rural physician came, but could give no remedy that stopped the laughter. Peal after peal of what sounded like the heartiest kind of laughter came from him, and nothing would avail to prevent it. The doctor finally came to the conclusion that he was the victim of a nervous attack, and, leaving a nervine, departed. The father continued laughing until sundown, when he suddenly stopped and fell to the floor completely exhausted. He soon grew better, however, ate a supper and spent the evening much as usual. No signs of a return of the trouble appearing, he went to bed and was soon asleep. About two o'clock his wife was awakened by his laughter, and the same symptoms as before manifested themselves. He kept it up until seven o'clock, when the affliction suddenly ceased and did not return again until dinner time. Thus it continued, recurring each day shortly after noon and in the night about two o'clock, and has done so ever since. As weeks passed he grew so accustomed to the disease that he was caused little inconvenience. He did not get fatigued as at first, and soon was able to go about his farm work, while laughing immoderately. He could not talk while under the spell, but carried a slate and pencil with him, after the fashion of a deaf and dumb person.

For eighteen months the father was the only one of the household afflicted with the malady. Several of them had complained from time to time of an inclination to join the father in the laugh, but none of them did so until nearly two years after he was taken, when Susie, the youngest child, suddenly burst into a similar fit during one of her father's attacks. From that time she laughed at about the same hours with her father. One by one the other members fell victims to the strange complaint, until two years ago only Charles, the eldest son, was free, and long exemption led him to believe that he would escape. But he was mistaken, and it is said he had his first attack while proposing for the hand of a girl in Wilkesbarre, Pa. So frightened was the maiden by Charles' queer behavior that she ran from the room, and it was weeks before an explanation could induce her to see him again. She is now one of the family and never minds the hideous chorus which twice a day resounds through the house. Several eminent physicians from this city and Philadelphia are understood to have visited the house and become interested in the case. They all confessed themselves baffled and wanted some of the family to come to New York for treatment. This they refused to do. Their noticeable misfortune has rendered them very sensitive and they will not travel where they will be subjected to public scrutiny and remark. They go to church or the store in the village close by, and attend social gatherings occasionally in the evening, but only among lifelong friends. People within a radius of a few miles are now so accustomed to the thing that they have ceased to discuss it; consequently, few people outside of the immediate vicinity, and the physicians who attended them, are cognizant of the circumstances. People passing the house, especially in summer, have thought it exceedingly strange to see a father and his sons in the field, plowing and sowing rods apart, yet each laughing as though he had just heard the best joke of the year.

Several years ago two young men came from the interior of the State to attend a party at Easton, Pa. It was a warm night, and they did not start until late. They drove past the house of the laughing family soon after the regular nightly attack had begun. The windows were all open, as it was early summer. As they approached, they heard the most unearthly noise. The horse took fright and nearly ran away. Coming to the conclusion that, at least, the place was haunted, they hurried house, and the next morning spread the news. Parties were formed to investigate the matter, but none of them solved the mystery, until informed by a man in the village near by as to the nature of the case.

The years of incessant laughter have told somewhat on the faces of the family, but not so as to be very noticeable. There are scores of lines under the eyes and above the cheeks, caused by the drawing up of the skin. Then their mouths have become wider, and they keep them closed with difficulty. The most marked result of the disease, however, is in the voice. The entire family talk in the same tone, resembling as nearly as any thing the voice of an alto singer. Males and females have the same inflection and intonation. Most of them have more or less trouble with their eyes, several having become very near sighted. The pupils have contracted and the eye-ball is diminished in size. This is accounted for by the contraction of the eyes while laughing and the effort required in working or reading while under an attack. Very little physical annoyance is caused the laughters. They read and write, sleep and work without any trouble. The only thing they seem unable to do, while attacked, is to eat, and that can be really understood. Several grandchildren have been born, and in all but one instance they were taken, soon after birth, with stated attacks at the same hours as their parents. Of course they do not laugh as the older ones do, but they crow and express all the signs of baby glee twice a day.

PLACE YOUR HAND IN MINE.

'Tis five-and-twenty years to-day
Since we were man and wife—
And that's a tidy slice, I say,
From anybody's life.
And if we want, in looking back,
To feel how time has flown,
There's Jack, you see, our baby Jack,
With whiskers of his own.
Place your hand in mine, wife—
We've loved each other true;
And still, in shade or shine, wife,
There's love to help us through.

It's not been all smooth sailing, wife—
Not always laughing May;
Sometimes it's been a weary strife
To keep the wolf away.
We've had our little tiffs, my dear;
We've often grieved and sighed;
One lad has cost us many a tear,
Our little baby died.
Place your hand in mine, wife—
We've loved each other true;
And still, in shade or shine, wife,
There's love to help us through.

But, wife, your love along the road
Has cheered the roughest spell,
You've borne your half of every load,
And often mine as well.
I've rued full many a foolish thing
Ere well the step was ta'en;
But, oh! I'd haste to buy the ring
And wed you o'er again.
Place your hand in mine, wife—
We've loved each other true;
And still, in shade or shine, wife,
There's love to help us through.

'Twas you who made me own the Hand
That's working all along,
In ways we can not understand,
Still bringing right from wrong.
You've kept me brave and kept me true,
You've made me trust and pray;
My gentle evening star were you,
That blessed the close of day.
Place your hand in mine, wife—
We've loved each other true;
And still, in shade or shine, wife,
There's love to help us through.

—*Frederick Langbridge.*

TO DIE AT HIGH NOON.

A French Scout's Narrow Escape from a Horrible Death in Mexico.

There was not a more daring and active scout in Bazaine's army than Pierre Danton.

When Pierre volunteerd to slip into Quinquambo, to see what the Mexicans were doing, it never occurred to him that there was the slightest danger.

Quinquambo was a little mountain village, with a small garrison, and Pierre determined to appear in the role of a deserter. The son of a Spanish mother, he did not look much like a Frenchman, and spoke the language of the country like a native.

But there was one thing the scout had not thought of. Colonel Campos, then commanding the post of Quinquambo, had served on the eastern coast in the early part of the war. If Pierre had known this fact he would have blown out his brains rather than play the spy in the vicinity of the terrible Campos.

At sunrise the Frenchman walked boldly into the village and gave himself up to the first sentinel he met.

His story was plausible enough. He had lost faith in Maximilian and his cause, and had grown weary of hard fighting and scanty rations. Moreover, he had fallen in love with a black-eyed senorita, and could no longer bear arms against Mexico.

The sentinel called a corporal, and the story was repeated. To these simple soldiers it seemed that the deserter was telling the truth, and nothing but the truth.

"Ah, that French devil, Bazaine!" said the corporal, "he is frightened, is he not?"

"Comrade," replied Pierre, "you have spoken truly. Bazaine is in despair. His men are deserting by hundreds. They have nothing to eat, and the usurper is without money to pay them."

"In a few weeks they will be driven into the sea," said the enthusiastic corporal.

"You speak like a prophet," answered the spy.

In the presence of Colonel Campos the Frenchman measured his words. The veteran listened without showing any interest or surprise. His brown, leathery face never changed its expression, and his eagle eyes were apparently fixed upon the ground.

"And you would serve the republic?" he asked, coldly.

"Try me," was the enthusiastic response.

"How am I to know that your story is true?"

"Let me swear——" began Pierre.

"No!" shouted the Colonel in a voice of thunder.

The officers and soldiers gave a start of surprise, and for the first time Pierre felt uneasy.

"Bind him hand and foot!" was the unexpected order.

Despite his protestations two men carried out the Colonel's instructions, and then braced the prisoner in a sitting posture against a convenient wall.

"A year ago," said Campos, "I captured that fellow near Vera Cruz. I shot off the little finger on his right hand, and he marked me here on the forehead with his saber. The villain escaped that night, but another prisoner told me all about him. He is not a soldier. He is a spy. He has caused more trouble than any other man in Bazaine's army. Now, Pierre Danton, what have you to say?"

"The Colonel is mistaken," said Pierre, "I never saw him before, and I am no spy. My name is Jean Rouville."

"Look!" exclaimed a soldier.

A glance showed that the prisoner's right little finger was missing.

"Only a coincidence," muttered Pierre.

"Guard him well," said the Colonel. "No court martial is wanted here," and the grim soldier walked off.

Securely pinioned as he was, Pierre saw that he could not escape. His eyes roved restlessly about, but there was nothing to encourage him.

"The barbarians," he growled. "They will butcher me in cold blood. I doubt whether they will be kind enough to hang me. That Campos looks like a fiend, and the chances are that he is even now inventing some diabolical torture. Well, it is the fortune of war."

Quinquambo did not look very interesting to the spy as he sat there propped up against the Colonel's headquarters. There was a plaza and a few scattered houses around it, except on one side, where they had been destroyed by fire. There were no citizens. The inhabitants had abandoned the town, leaving it to the garrison.

"There are not more than three hundred of the yellow rascals," mused the spy. "Lord! Wouldn't I like to see some of our cavalry come along. They would take the place in the twinkling of an eye."

Just then two soldiers came along, and lifting Pierre in their arms, carried him to the center of the plaza. The captive at first thought that his hour had come, but the men proceeded in sullen silence to tie him to the mouth of the solitary cannon, an old-fashioned twelve-pounder, pointed at the vacant side of the square. They lashed him with his breast to the muzzle of the gun, so securely that it was impossible for him to move.

Pierre thought of the brutal British fashion of blowing Indian rebels from the mouths of cannon, and wondered whether he was to be served in the same way.

"It will be talked about all over Mexico," said Colonel Campos, coming up. "The French will get it into their heads that they are all to be treated in this way, and very few will be willing to face such a death."

"Comrade," said Pierre to one of the soldiers, after the Colonel had gone, "does he mean it?"

"When the noonday sun strikes that," replied the soldier, "it will be all over."

Pierre looked, and noted an iron framework over the breech of the gun. On the top of this was a round object so bright and dazzling that it made his eyes blink.

"I do not understand," he said.

"The burning glass there," explained the soldier, "is so placed that it fires the powder exactly at noon. It never fails."

The victim shuddered. There was something horrible in the idea of being killed by the bright luminary whose rays had all his life given him light and warmth.

He knew that even in the large cities of Mexico what was called the midday gun was fired in this ingenious fashion during the dry season. For six months in the year there was never a cloud in the sky, and the action of the lens was as sure as fate itself.

The guard paced up and down his beat, and Pierre was left to his meditations.

He struggled until his strength was gone, trying to loosen his bonds, but it was useless.

His head fell upon his breast, and he closed his eyes. But he could not calm himself, and he again looked around the square. All of the soldiers were marching off with the exception of one company. It was evident that the French were not supposed to be in the neighborhood.

"Stranger things have happened," thought Pierre, "I may yet be rescued."

His eyes turned upward, and he saw that the sun was almost directly overhead.

He glanced down the gun to the priming, and it seemed to him that he could hear the fizzing noise of the powder.

The sun was intensely hot, and this inspired terror.

"Saints above!" groaned the poor wretch. "On such a day as this the gun will go off ahead of time!"

What did it matter? A few minutes would not save him. The glass shone with an infernal brilliancy, and not a speck of cloud was to be seen.

"If ever I do get out of this," grunted Pierre.

He did not say what he would do. There was no use in making any promises.

Higher and higher in the heavens moved the flaming orb. Surely it was noon!

The half-fainting prisoner held his breath. The muscles of his face twitched nervously, and his eyes were fixed with an intense stare upon the other end of the gun.

Like the echo of an echo came a familiar sound wafted upon the mountain breezes.

"God!" gasped the miserable man through his pallid lips.

Was it a bugle? Even if it was it was too late. If relief came it would have to be at once.

Louder, clearer, sounded the triumphant note, giving forth the sweetest ring that the listener had ever heard. He threw his head back, and the light of hope and courage danced in his eyes.

"The devil!" he shouted, "whether I am saved or not, these yellow dogs will soon bite the dust!"

The Mexicans heard the French bugles, and in another moment Quinquambo was in a tumult of disorder.

But the defenders of the town, weakened by the departure of their comrades in the morning, were unable to cope with any thing like a strong force, and no sooner did the French dash through the outposts than the Mexicans fled to the woods, fully half of them being shot down before they reached shelter.

Pierre's bonds were cut by a trooper, who, with three whacks of his saber set the prisoner free.

To Pierre's immeasurable gratification, Colonel Campos and his command had been captured on the way and brought to town by the raiders.

"I must see him," said the spy. "I have a little settlement to make with him."

Boom!

"Sacre!" yelled Pierre, "I had forgotten all about the gun!"

The smoke slowly lifted, and on the open side of the plaza was seen a group of dead and dying Mexicans. The discharge had occurred just as the prisoners were marching by.

One of the unfortunates was lying on his face, but his uniform showed him to be an officer of high rank.

Pierre turned this man over, gave one look at his face, and then fell upon his knees in a prayer of thanksgiving.

In the dead man he had recognized Colonel Campos!—*Wallace P. Reed, in Atlanta Constitution.*

THE PONY EXPRESS.

How the Late Ben Halliday Reduced Time to San Francisco.

The death of Ben Halliday continues to revive stories of the trials and speculations and triumphs of overland transportation before the period of transcontinental railroading, says the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican.* Halliday was a born speculator and organizer. Back of him stood W. H. Russell, of St. Louis, who really originated both the Pike's Peak and Overland Express Company and the famous pony express, although Halliday was the active agent and ultimately became the owner. In 1859 Russell sent Halliday to Salt Lake to sublet a contract to supply the Government with flour at three and one-half cents per pound. But the transportation was twenty-two and one-half cents more. Halliday discovered that Brigham Young had wheat in great quantity stored up, and bargained with him to mill and deliver it for seven cents, by which Halliday cleared $150,000 by keeping his eyes open. Mr. Russell had organized the Pike's Peak and Overland Express, but Halliday was made president, advanced $40,000 and then foreclosed on the property, which he after a time sold to Wells, Fargo & Co. for $2,000,000 The pony express was a branch of the overland company. All mail had been previous to 1860 carried by the Pacific Mail Company. A new stage route had been organized to run south of the snow line in opposition to the overland express. The time for the trip was calculated at twenty days, and after a million had been spent upon it the announcement appeared in the papers that on the 8th of April, 1860, ponies would start from San Francisco and from St. Joseph, the riders alone, the overland express route being provided with frequent relays. There were no less than ten thousand people gathered at St. Joseph as the pony started west from the banks of the Missouri, and in eight days and four hours the letters were delivered at San Francisco. The pony express walked off with the Government contracts and, as letters were five dollars beside postage, there was money in it.

Beggar Children for Hire.

Extract from an article in the London *Echo:* Loan of one child without grub, 8d; two ditto, 1s; if out after twelve at night, for each child, extra 2d.

Professional Cards.

Wm. K. McClure,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

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Architect,
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PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

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Counsellors-at-Law.
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

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Homoeopathist.
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

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Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. Hornish, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 8-27-tf

A. M. Runyon & Son,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 3[illegible] Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

Ford & Stiles,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
Geo. C. Ford. my9tf Geo. M. Stiles.

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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

John Johnston,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. Flower,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

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Carpenter and Builder.
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

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Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
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Bookseller and Stationer.
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A full line of Croquet, Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

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HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS.
No. 5 W. Front Street. my10y1

Theodore Gray,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 350. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

Chas. Seibel,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

Richard Day,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 1[illegible]. my9tf

R. Thorn,
No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick Set and Portable. Brick Set Ranges, Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9[illegible]

Carey's
Furniture Express.
45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second-hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

Carl Peterson,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 216, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.18, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.30, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.35, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a. m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

Arnold,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

West End Coal Yard
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works. 8-25-y1
Walter L. Hetfield. John M. Hetfield.

Sharkey & Blimm,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
S. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm. my9tf

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day, $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing—GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
[illegible]
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the House for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the [illegible]. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

C. P. Wheeler,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

Frank Linke,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Lindon avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail, Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention. my18tf

H. C. Drake,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

For
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my1tf

C. E. Johnson,
(Of late firm of Shepherd, Johnson & Godown)
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10

Robert Jahn,
Tin and Coppersmith.
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work. Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

Fisher & Montfort,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, $3.50 per Dozen. my10y1

First-Class
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. Pope & Co,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. Front Street. my10y1

A. D. Cook & Bro.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
Alfred D. Cook. my10y1 Robert H. Cook.

Westfield Hotel,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

Don A. Gaylord,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1

Weaver Bros.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF
16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. Weaver. [P. O. Box 331.] P. Weaver. my10tf

Boots and Shoes at
Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE my10tf

J. W. Vansickle,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10

David W. King's
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-[illegible]

John Morton,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's shoe Store, [illegible] Box 986. my1[illegible]

R. R. Fairchild,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

IN DANNEMORA PRISON.

Daily Routine Life of a Famous Penal Institution.

How Convicts Are Punished for Speaking to Each Other While Marching to or from Meals—Clothing Made by Prison Birds.

At present there are 737 convicts confined in Dannemora State prison, with terms ranging from one year to life sentences. Of the latter there are thirty-five. Upon the arrival of a convict, says the Albany (N. Y.) *Argus,* he is taken into the main office, where his name, age, nativity, etc., are asked him and placed in the prison records. He is then searched and every thing found upon him is placed upon a table; next he is taken into another room where he is thoroughly examined by a physician. He is then placed in a bath and thoroughly washed. Then comes the prison suit, which consists first of a heavy shirt made of bed-ticking, pants and coat made of a heavy gray material, with black stripes, and a cap of the same material. The shoes are of a heavy, durable kind (warranted not to crack). Arrayed in these garments the convict is assigned to his cell, and the next day after his arrival is given a certain work. The clothing worn by the convict to the prison is never returned to him, but when his time expires he is given a suit made at the prison and a reasonable amount of money to carry him to his journey's end. No newspapers are given to a convict, but all such sent by friends are stopped by the deputy warden at the office and carefully placed in a waste-paper basket. Occasionally a religious paper is given to them, and even the most hardened criminal in the institution reads every word in it, not with the intention of receiving any spiritual benefit, but simply that it is a newspaper and came from the outside world. The convicts are still employed in making clothing. A market for these goods is found in the far West and Southwest, and about four hundred suits are turned out daily, which are guaranteed to "fit like the paper on the wall." At the workshop the men are allowed to talk with those working alongside of them, but in a low tone of voice. Consequently, when a new arrival comes in, the following questions are always put to him: "Hello, Johnny, what's your name? Where did you come from? How long are you in for? and what's the racket?" (meaning his crime). Then he is questioned as to events in the outside world. His answers are passed up and down the long line of tables, and soon every convict in the prison has his "pedigree." At 6:30 a. m. the prison bell is sounded and all hands make ready for their day's work. Breakfast is served in the cells, after which they are marched to the workshop, where they remain until 11:45. They then march to their dinner, which is placed in pans, and return to the shop, where it is eaten. At six they enter the cells, and soon after "lights out" is sounded, and they retire. A certain amount of work is laid out for each man for the day, and three-fourths of them are able to finish it by two or three o'clock in the afternoon, after which they may return to their cells for the balance of the day. When marching to or from meals or the workshop, should a convict speak with another, or chance to look at a visitor, he is either placed in the dark cell and given a gill of water and a small slice of bread daily, with a stone floor for a bed, or he is taken to the guard-house and strung up by the wrists. One dose of the latter medicine generally lasts the convict some time. The punishment is one in which the offender is hung up by the wrists by a strong catgut cord. By his side stands the prison doctor, who holds a watch in his hand and keeps his eye on the face of the convict. After hanging a minute the fingers turn black, and later the prisoner loses consciousness and his head drops over on his breast. At the instant he is let down on the floor, a bucket of water is dashed in his face, and upon his coming to he is taken back to his cell to recover his strength. Hardly any prisoner, especially if he is a heavy person, can stand it to be hung up over two minutes, and no keeper will go on with the punishment unless the physician is standing by. About the jolliest convict in the prison is one who is now allowed the liberty of tending to the big prison-gate. The man has about completed a sentence of fifteen years, and has only about fifty days yet to serve. There are times when he could easily open the gate and walk into the street, but that would be of little benefit to him, as certain capture would follow. A standing offer of fifty dollar is made by the State for the return of an escaped convict, and the Frenchmen who live in that locality always keep a sharp eye on the prison walls and surrounding country.

Emmett O'Neill, of Schenectady, is the book-keeping for the workshop, having succeeded Rev. Albert F. Veeder. His books are carefully kept and well systematized. D. J. Armitage, the man convicted of setting fire to the Chariton Hotel, has entered upon his penance of seven years. The commutation in his case is two years and three months. Armitage being deformed to the extent that he has no use of his legs, and is compeled to walk with his hands, in each of which he carries a small black, was the center of all eyes on his way to the prison, and after entering it. It was a matter of some speculation what work would be assigned him, but it was quickly settled by his being ordered to the kitchen, where, for the balance of his term, he will peel potatoes, and this is no easy task, when it will be remembered that there are over seven hundred mouths to feed. Every Saturday every convict is allowed a plug of tobacco and a pound package of smoking tobacco. These plugs are used the same as money, and if a convict wants a favor of another convict he pays him in plug tobacco, and should his plug be used up before the next one is due, he can borrow of his shop neighbor.

One convict is here who is the child of wealthy parents residing in New York City. Having committed a murder he received a life sentence. The other week he received a visit from his two sisters, who had not seen him for eleven years, and who remained at Dannemora for nearly a week, paying him a visit every day. The man is still young, and has the same hopes, as do all the convicts, that he will soon be pardoned. His cell is covered with Brussels carpet, and upon the wall hang expensive pictures, all with the object of making the unfortunate young man feel as at home as possible.

A Cure for Rheumatism.

The *[illegible] Mechanic* prints the following as a speedy cure for rheumatism: One quart of milk, quite hot, into which stir one ounce of alum; this will make curds and whey. Bathe the part affected with the whey until too cold. In the meantime keep the curds hot, and, after bathing, put them on a poultice, wrap in flannel, and go to sleep (you can). Three applications should be a perfect cure, even in aggravated cases.

MATRIX AND MOULD.

The old Chaldean seers and scribes,
Of Aryan and Semitic tribes,
Her chronicles imprinted on
The storied walls of Babylon;
And printing in some form we trace
Through all the records of our race.

The signets worn on princely hands,
The Roman stamps and Grecian brands;
The stencilled cards whose king and knave
Allured alike the gay and grave,
And image prints of colors bright
To charm my lady and her knight;
The sturdy blocks carved to secure
The pictured Bible of the Poor,
And letters singly graved and stamped
In lines awry and pages cramped—
All served a purpose in their time,
As preludes to our Art sublime.

But Printing in the form that gave
Strength to the free, hope to the slave,
Came not till kindred arts could give
Their greater sister help to live;
Waited perforce till Time was ripe
To welcome in the perfect type.

The streams of knowledge, deep and strong,
In narrow channels sweep along—
Rich fruits upon their borders seen,
But vast and arid wastes between;
While over all with arms ap roved,
Restless with eager brood ng, moved
The Spirit of the Age!—strange force,
Omnipotent in deed and source.

Then typographical Printing came—
Sum of all trials in that name;
Came not by inspiration wrought,
By aimless chance or sudden thought,
But, by mechanic skill controled,
Came with the matrix and the mould!
To these alone can types belong
Perfect in feature, straight and strong,
The potent agents mind must use
The streams of knowledge to diffuse;
And fitly thus they stand apart—
Key to the typographic art!

For Printing, then, in truest sense,
With all its grand beneficence,
Mankind the debt of homage owes
To him whose busy brain, with throes
Of genius, and whose hand as bold,
Wedded the matrix with the mould.

The matrix shapes the head and face,
Well-poised and marked with lines of grace,
The mould the body forms complete
And true from shoulder unto feet;
And thus each type is singly cast,
A unit free in concourse vast,
Yet all dependent each on each
Their work to do and lessons teach,
And active only when in place
Held firmly by the rigid chase.
So he a fruitless course must own
Who lives and acts for self alone,
And happier, wiser those who find
Place in the column of mankind.
Move, true of heart and firm of soul,
Shoulder to shoulder for the goal,
And, bravely earnest to be free,
In perfect law find liberty.

—*Eugene H. Munday, in Journalist.*

TOOK IT ALL BACK.

Why Tom Traxall Changed His Opinion of School-Ma'ams.

Mrs. Birch was in the wide farm kitchen, making pies, when Tom came in, whistling merrily. Tom was her nephew, of whom she was wont to say:

"Going to college never spoiled Tom one bit. He is just the same manly, obliging fellow he was before he went to Harvard, and never turns up his nose at the quiet country ways of his old home."

"Here you are, auntie!" he cried, depositing a basket on the table—"eggs, butter and beans! The mammy will be over after dinner to help you. How many new boarders to-day?"

"Only one, Tom. That makes four in all. The last one is a friend of Miss Elmore's—teaches in the same school."

Tom whistled, but it was a signal of dismay, not a cheery tune.

"Now, Tom," his aunt pleaded, "perhaps she will not be so dreadful as you imagine."

Tom looked doubtful.

"A friend of Miss Elmore's, and a Yankee school-marm, and not *dreadful!* Oh, auntie!"

"You saucy boy! Don't you want to get me an armful of wood? Sarah is down at the dairy."

The armful of wood deposited beside the stove, and several other little "chores" cheerfully performed, Tom started homeward again, the clear musical whistle once more ringing out in a brisk tune. He was a handsome fellow, Thomas Traxall, of Woodhaven, the owner of a splendid farm, where his widowed mother reigned as a queen. He had gone to college to please her, studied faithfully, graduated honorably, and added the polish society gives to the inborn courtesy of a true gentleman. But he did not care to study a profession, or establish himself in a city business, loving the free out-door life on the farm, and using his brains to direct the hands of the men he employed. He was a rich man in the small country place, and his mother had servants to do her bidding, and, as her neighbors said, half enviously, "never need wash so much as a tea-cup unless she'd a mind to."

"Mother," Tom said, entering the cozy room where the old lady was sewing, "send Jerry over to Aunt Sarah's for awhile, will you, and tell him to do any little work she wants done. I'm not going over."

"Why, Tom," said his mother, "whatever is the matter?"

Then her face caught the reflection of a suppressed merriment in his, and she laughed, softly but heartily.

"Miss Elmore?" she said, presently.

"No, but a friend she has sent. Come, mammy, put away your work; I'm going to drive you over to the Falls until dinner time."

The Falls, a favorite resort of Woodhaven people, was a branch of the river two miles away, and fell over great rocks in a wood, where the murmur of the leaves was drowned in the rush and roar of the cataract.

As the carryall drove up, Tom's eyes espied a stranger seated upon the trunk of a fallen tree, watching the tumbling, foaming waters. The noise of their approach was lost in the soft grass and roar of the waters, and the lady did not look up as the carryall drew near.

So Tom had a fair chance to see a face whose beauty of coloring and feature had the charms of youth as well. A crown of short golden curls was half hidden under a large shade hat, pushed back to leave exposed a small oval face, with large violet eyes and delicate features. The figure was small, and daintily clad in a gray traveling suit, and the tiny foot, half hidden by the gray skirts, wore a stout walking boot. She started as the young man sprang from his seat to fasten the horse, but, seeing the sweet-faced old lady Tom was carefully assisting, sank back on her seat again.

"Good morning," Mrs. Traxall said.

"Good morning," the stranger answered, in a low, sweet voice. "Please tell me, are you from Woodhaven?"

"Yes."

"Then you can direct me there. I start from the D—— station to walk over to Woodhaven. I have walked until I am tired, and am resting here."

"But you must have made the wrong turning at Smith's Farm."

"Where the roads fork?"

"Yes. You took the one to the left. Well, you must be tired. But we can drive you back, that's one comfort."

"Oh, thank you! But—have you the room?"

"Seats for four, and we are but two. Where are you stopping at Woodhaven?"

"I am to board at Mrs. Birch's."

"My sister's!"

"Oh, is she? That is nice. My name is Browne—Fanny Browne."

"And mine is Traxall! This is my son?"

And Tom, who had not lost one word of this conversation, came forward to be formally introduced.

There was much pleasant, easy chat as he lay on the grass at his mother's feet, where his eyes could rest upon the lovely face that grew animated with conversation and gradually lost the weary look it had worn at first. They talked of books, of scenery, of Boston, and Miss Browne was frankly pleasant.

"I guess, Tom, you will have to go over to your Aunt Sarah's, after all," said Mrs. Traxall, with merry eyes. "She depends on Tom," she explained, "to show her boarders the beauties of Woodhaven, and Tom—"

"Mother!" cried Tom.

"Well, you see," said Mrs. Traxall, not heeding the imploring look, "Sarah's got a Yankee school-marm coming there to board, and Tom's afraid of her."

"Afraid?" cried Miss Browne, puzzled.

"Yes, afraid," said Tom, stoutly. "There was one there last summer, and it took me all winter to recover from the shock she gave me! She wore spectacles, and she used to glare through them in a manner that sent cold, creeping shudders all over me. She knew every thing—absolutely every thing! I had a faint idea that I was not utterly ignorant, but she convinced me of my error. Her name was Medusa Elmore."

"The whistle, Tom!" his mother cried. "Time to drive home. You must dine with us to-day, Miss Browne, and Tom will show you the way to Sarah's. When you know it be sure you come over it often to see me."

"Indeed, I will!" was the quick reply.

And but that the solid ground does not wear out there would have been danger to the path "across lots" that led from Mrs. Birch's to Tom Traxall's. Did Fanny Browne's dainty feet fail to trip across one way, Tom's long stride was sure to go the other, and the stride was shortened to an easier gait when the two slowly walked to and fro.

Mrs. Traxall was delighted to have a young visitor who could talk of something besides cows and poultry, and actually proposed to Tom to buy a piano, to accompany the sweet voice that sang all her favorite ballads for her. Tom nodded, but waited.

For Tom, who had not escaped some flirtations in his college life, was yet heart-whole until those summer walks and drives with Fanny Browne stole away the entire love he had never before given. She was the brightest, sweetest woman he had ever met, and his mother was fond of her, an added attraction to Tom.

"For," he thought, loyally, "I never could marry a woman who would make home uncomfortable for the mammy."

It was at the Falls, where he had first seen her, that Tom ventured to speak his love. Not all at once, cautious Tom, but gently feeling his way by asking her if she could live her life in so quiet a place as Woodhaven, after the bustle of a city.

"But I have only lived in Boston one year," she said. "I was born in just such a quiet home as yours, but my parents died when I was a child, and the minister gave me a home and an education until I was nineteen. Then I went to Boston to earn my own living. I had a cousin there who got me a situation."

There was a suspicious quiver in her voice as, with downcast eyes, she added:

"It was in a school, and her name—my cousin's—is Medusa Elmore."

"I take it all back," cried Tom. "I am ready to swear by Venus and Cupid that there lives nothing in this world so lovely, so charming as a Yankee school-marm, and the one desire of my life is to win one for my own. Fanny, forgive my fatal ignorance and take pity on my heart."

"Well, well," Mrs. Traxall said, "just to think, Tom, how you have been dodging Sarah's boarders all summer for fear of meeting Miss Elmore's friend. It is too funny."

But Tom could laugh with his mother, for the love he coveted is all his own; and his wife Fannie rules the farm-house, and resigns, without a sigh, the delights of city life and the dignity of a school-marm.

—*N. Y. Ledger.*

TWO MIGHTY HUNTERS.

Horrifying Adventures of a Couple of Youths Who Found Big Game.

Two Sacramento "dude hunters" went to Shasta, Cal., according to the *Courier* of that city, armed with Winchesters and supplied with a tent and hunting outfit. They employed a guide and directed him to take them to good fishing, and especially where the "bear and California lions were thick," as they proposed to exterminate a lot of these pests. The guide complied, and on the afternoon of the second day out from Shasta made "permanent" camp, and the fierce hunters plunged boldly into the shady forest, telling the guide to stay and keep camp, and to come with the pack-horse after bear-meat or venison when he heard a rifle crack. In about two hours he heard halloing and yells of "Help! help!" Starting in the direction of the cries he soon met one of the bold hunters coming at full speed, hatless, and with eyes bulged out as though he had been struck in the back with a sandbag. When he got wind enough he explained that in passing through a thicket they came upon a large bear and a cub. The cub took to a small pine and the old bear made a move for the hunters, growling and snapping her teeth. This so terrified the hunters that one dropped his gun, and with one accord they both took to their heels, becoming separated in their flight through the brush. The chap who first made camp expressed the belief that his companion had been overtaken by bruin and foully dealt with. The guide left the exhausted nimrod to keep camp this time and set off to find the missing partner or his remains. After traveling about a mile his "hallos" was answered, and he found his man about fifteen feet up a digger pine, and his gun and hat were found about fifteen yards away. The young man said he had not seen the bear after he turned to run, but thought it chased him. The other gun was soon found, and on gaining camp he found the camp-keeper perched on the forks of a live-oak. Night having almost come on, they gave the guide $5 if he would agree to collect logs, limbs and stumps and build up a fire that would burn all night and frighten "varmints." Next day the bear killers started for Redding, procured shotguns, and contented themselves with dove shooting—and they were not very good, at that, either.

ROMANTIC CAREER.

History of King Kalakana's Deposed Prime Minister.

The Nomadic Life of Walter M. Gibson—His Career as Coachman and Schoolmaster in the South—Other Interesting Data.

An interesting sketch of the romantic and checkered career of Walter M. Gibson, King Kalakana's deposed Prime Minister, comes to the St. Louis *Globe-Democrat* from Anderson, S. C., where he spent many years of his early life. The facts in this story have been gathered from several old citizens of Anderson, who knew Gibson as a boy nearly fifty years ago, and with whom he roved the hills of the Blue Ridge in pursuit of game that has long since disappeared to the deeper fastnesses of the great mountains beyond.

About 1830 Mr. William Van Wyck, a wealthy planter of Anderson County, was married to Miss Maverick, and the young couple started to New York on a bridal trip. In New York Mr. Van Wyck advertised for a driver to take his coach back to South Carolina, and among the applicants who came in answer to the advertisement was young Walter M. Gibson, then a mere boy, but already had he gathered enough experience and knowledge of the world to form the basis for a respectable dime novel. Of Gibson's life previous to this time nothing definite was known, but it was said that he was of foreign birth, and that he had already been in prison in Greece, but had escaped by the aid of the keeper's daughters, and that he had returned to New York, for he had previously spent some time there.

Gibson saw the advertisement of Mr. Van Wyck, and, being out of funds, and also to gratify his roving, romantic spirit, he applied and was accepted. Gibson drove the horses from New York to Norfolk, Va., where his employer, who had come by a different route, joined him with his wife, and were driven from Norfolk to Pendleton, S. C. While on the road Mr. and Mrs. Van Wyck were carrying on conversations in French and German, until Gibson told them that if they wished him not to understand them they must use some other language. This led to inquiry, and Mr. Van Wyck discovered that his boy coachman was a scholar, and, though a coachman, he was treated as one. A white servant was something unusual in the South at that time, and Mr. Van Wyck's driver excited a good deal of attention, especially as he always had a book with him, and would spend his time reading while those he drove were visiting. That Gibson was strongly attached to his employer and his family is seen in the revered way he speaks of them in a book written after his escape from the Dutch in Sumatra.

Gibson remained in Anderson County for about ten years, and during that time he taught in the family of his employer for about three years. He afterward married a daughter of Mr. Jesse Lewis, of the Sandy Springs neighborhood. He speaks very fondly of his love for this fair, gentle girl, whom he wedded "long ere I was a man." After his marriage he taught school both in Anderson and Pendleton, but teaching was not to his taste. He longed for adventure, and spent much of his time wandering over hills searching for the silver mines of the Indians. He found some silver, but not a great deal.

After his wife died he ran a boat for a short time on the Savannah river. His wife bore him three children, two sons and a daughter, and died about 1848, and now lies buried in the old Lewis family burying ground near the old homestead. Gibson always visits his wife's grave when he returns to America.

There was some difference of opinion regarding the character of the man, though the great majority of the people thought very highly of him. He left South Carolina in 1850, leaving his children here.

What he did for the next few years is uncertain, as he, in his books, tells one tale, and many others are told elsewhere. At all events, he followed his inclinations, and became a free-trader in his little vessel, which was originally intended for one of the ships in the Missionary Centralian navy.

It was at this time that he was captured by the Dutch on Sumatra and imprisoned in Welterreden. His escape from the prison was in itself a romance. He was almost worshiped by the natives. There was a woman who did a great deal to assist him in his escape. The plot was laid and the vessel ready. He had been furnished with a woman's dress, and, shaving off his beard and changing his costume, he managed to pass the guards and escape. This was in 1853.

He returned immediately to Anderson, but remained only about six months. During this visit the citizens of Pendleton held a meeting and expressed their sympathy with him, and passed resolutions asking Colonel J. L. Orr, just elected to Congress, to take the matter in hand and recover damages from the Dutch. The matter was afterward dropped. Taking his children with him he set out for Salt Lake City. He remained there several years, and was there during the civil war. From Salt Lake he went to the Sandwich Islands, and his history from that time is well known to the newspaper reader.

Mr. Gibson has been back once to his old home since he became Prime Minister. That was about 1877, and he delivered a lecture in the Masonic Hall, which nearly induced all the young men to go out there to raise sheep, but the next day he blasted his own hopes by letting it out that there was leprosy there. So he did not carry off any of the boys. Mr. Gibson has many warm friends and sympathizers in Anderson County, and he is connected by marriage with many of its best people. He has a sister who is now keeping a candy store on Broadway, New York.

A Bad Parrot Reformed.

John H. Arnold, of Ballston, N. Y., has a curiosity in the shape of a parrot. Some time ago it was noticed that the bird would try and follow Mr. Arnold's little girl when she said the Lord's Prayer on retiring at night. The bird has kept on from night to night, until he can repeat the whole prayer. Some evenings he will repeat it several times. But at no other time of the day is it possible to get him to repeat it, and no one can induce him to repeat it more than once in the evening but Mr. Arnold's daughter. We are informed that the parrot used to be very profane, but lately he has given up the habit of using oaths.

Struck a New Kind of Drink.

A remarkable drinking contest took place in a saloon in Carson, Nev., recently—remarkable because the liquid consumed was water. The wager was twenty dollars, and the man who won it drank eleven large glasses of water and was none the worse for it. The other fellow drank nine glasses and became ill.

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33 EAST FRONT ST.

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Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. Neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."
SUNDAY HOURS.
Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions.
AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.
Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.
A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

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Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled
NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.
Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.
Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.
J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.
my10m3

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28 NORTH AVENUE,
First-Class Market,
Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to mopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we do sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.
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Etc., at less than New York Prices.
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Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

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BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor. Third street and Madison ave.
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We will close out our Immense line of
ALL WOOL
PANTALOONS
AT
$2 and $2.50.
FINER GRADES
AT
$3, $3.50, $4 and $5.
Time is room for our Fall stock.
SCHWED BROS.,
NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.
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NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.
(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

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LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
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And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
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NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings.
Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost.*

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

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ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS
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NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
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Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,
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A First-Class Family Resort.
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ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,
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Are Ready to Make Estimates
—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
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—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., TUESDAY, AUGUST 30, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

IS AN EVENING EDITION OF THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTIONALIST AND IS ISSUED EVERY DAY—EXCEPTING SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS—AT FOUR O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON; SENT THROUGH THE POST OFFICE AT $5.00 A YEAR, OR DELIVERED BY CARRIER AT 10 CENTS A WEEK. SINGLE COPIES, 2 CENTS.

IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

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W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

OUR "HIGH-WATER MARK."

We just crave a moment's time and a few inches space to tell of our circulation of yesterday.

Our presses were started at five o'clock a. m., and the first paper was bought by a passing night-watchman on his way home to bed.

Again and again during the day were big editions run off, and at seven o'clock in the evening steam was once more "got up," and the last run was made.

The record of sales is:

To 7	a. m	730
" 9	a. m	1,977
" 11:30	a. m	2,503
" 2	p. m	3,207
" 8	p. m	3,582

PRESS POINTERS.

—In another column is offered for rent a thoroughly furnished house of convenient size on most reasonable terms.

—The accused persons in the lock-up are fed regularly from "Doc" Vincent's restaurant, and are allowed to call for anything they want.

—Edward Kennedy who was arrested on Sunday night, for being intoxicated, was yesterday sentenced to pay ten dollars or be committed for thirty days.

—A large crowd of curiosity seekers hung around the station house all of yesterday and today, eager to get the latest intelligence concerning the incendiary cases.

—The 9:52, a. m. train to New York, yesterday, was delayed an hour at Elizabethport. Its locomotive dropped a pin, and it was necessary to send for a new engine.

—The gentleman who rides the home-made bicycle, Mr. Charles Vanderveer, rode to Somerville, the town with a pretty good ball club, in one hour and forty-five minutes.

—The members of the Chimney Rock Sunday School held a picnic at that place on Saturday. About two hundred and fifty of the scholars were present, and thoroughly enjoyed themselves.

—A grand game between the Y. M. C. A's of this city, and the "West Ends" of Somerville, on the Park avenue grounds, to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock. We beat Saturday, but have got to look out for a probable return of the compliment.

—Two strange and suspicious looking individuals were seen loitering around the barn on the old Bronk property on Grove street, late on Thursday night, and it is reported that they have been identified as two of the prisoners confined in the station house.

—It has been a matter of much speculation as to what length, by law, the alleged fire bugs can be kept in the station house. We have it on good authority that the limit is three days from the time of returning the warrants. No warrants had been returned up to last evening.

—Samuel Gibson was found lying on the sidewalk at the corner of Park and North avenues, this forenoon, inebriated. Officer Lynch locked him up in the station house where he is now sobering up. The same officer arrested an unlicensed peddler. He was fined two dollars, with the warning to leave town.

Where the Credit Belongs.

If Edward Murphy, the informant in the cases of the accused and the suspected incendiaries, is a professional detective—or even an amateur one who went into the business, *from the beginning*, with the intention of bringing the guilty to justice—then the credit for the snaring of the captives and those to follow, belongs to him. We *mean* by this just what we say—the entire credit for the whole matter belongs exclusively to him. What officers and other authorities have done must have been only in the way of backing and obeying him.

DOOMED.

The Prisoners Arraigned.

JACKSON PLEADS GUILTY ON TWO CHARGES.

All the other Prisoners Plead "Not Guilty." Skinner held in $500 Bail to appear as a Witness. The Examination Set Down for Thursday Afternoon, September 1st.

All the prisoners who were arrested early on Sunday morning, charged with being implicated in one or the other of the incendiary fires in this city during the present year, were arraigned at the station house at five o'clock this afternoon. Judge Ulrich presided, and beside him at the bar was seated Mayor Male. Corporation Counsel Marsh appeared for the prosecution.

The court room was filled with Counsel of the prisoners, reporters and the police and a few others. The first prisoner called was John M. Jackson. He was charged by Edward J. Murphy with setting fire to the dwelling house belonging to the Lee Brothers on Union avenue, Saturday night, the 28th instant, when he was caught in the act. Jackson stated that he had no Counsel. Corporation Counsel Marsh read the complaint, and when Jackson was asked to enter a plea, he said in a clear, loud voice, "guilty." He was remanded for an examination on Thursday at 2 p. m.

Corporation Counsel Marsh called Horace Van Nest next. He was charged jointly with Jackson by Murphy with firing the Denton barn on July 12th 1887. To this charge Jackson pleaded "not guilty" and Van Nest also pleaded "not guilty." As in the above case the examination was set down for Thursday afternoon.

Theodore Van Nest was next called by Mr. Marsh he was charged jointly with John Jackson, by Edward J. Murphy, of firing, on Aug. 14th, 1887, the McCutchen barn. Jackson when asked to plead to the charge, said "guilty." Theodore Van Nest pleaded "not guilty."

Louis VanNest, John Jackson and Horace VanNest were called forward to the bar, charged in the complaint by Edward Murphy with complicity in the firing of the Carmon Parse house, on Union avenue, the night of the 15th of March, 1887. Jackson and Horace VanNest pleaded not guilty. Counsellor W. R Codington requested permission to speak with his client, Louis VanNest, which was granted, and the latter subsequently *pleaded the same. The examination of* all three was set down for Thursday at two p. m.

Robert Skinner was called but no complaint was entered against him. He was held as a witness in the case, and bail for his appearance when wanted was fixed at $500.

The Court said that two warrants had been issued by Justice Wadsworth one for George Reed and one for Philip Hapenny. Justice Wadsworth called the first, Reed, who was brought forth. He was charged in the complaint by Officer George Grant for participation in the firing of the barn of Isaac P. Brown. Arthur P. Miller, Esq., appeared for the accused. He plead not guilty, and was committed for examination, Thursday, two p. m.

Hapenny was called and charged on the affidavit of Edward Murphy with participation in the same fire and others in 1887. He had no counsel. He pleaded the same, and his examination was set down for the same time and place.

Upon his request, Counsellor Suydam was granted permission by the Court to visit and confer with his clients from time to time prior to the examination.

The crime charged is not bailable, and the prisoners must remain in their cells.

The Hero of the Night.

The whole glory of the arrest of Incendiary Jackson in the act, belongs to Officer Lynch. He did it! After spending two months of night-watching in the grass and bushes, he deserves all the credit of seizing the man. The glory of the arrest we gave Councilman Carey, yesterday, was because we misunderstood him to say that he was the first to do it. Mr. Lynch when the right moment came, stepped quickly up behind Jackson, pushed his revolver's muzzle in front of the man's face, and said quietly, "what are you doing here?" Jackson turned like a flash and faced the officer. "Oh!" he gasped, and jumped a foot. "Your jumping's over," said Lynch. Mr. Carey then stepped up with another pistol drawn, and said, "throw up your hands." Officer Lynch fastened his prisoner's wrist to his with hand-cuffs. Now that those who know can talk, some facts are obtainable, and we are justly proud that, with the exception of the above misunderstanding, THE PRESS account of yesterday morning has since been proven true in every particular.

And yesterday's PRESS is still selling. Is not that remarkable? It was published a whole day before any attempt of an account, even. It was published when everybody connected with the matter refused everybody else any information, and when nobody else knew anything—excepting "we." Right here is time and place to thank our friends for their congratulations, and the public for its patronage.

Mr. John C. Moore's Statement.

Mr. John C. Moore, one of the three men who were lying in wait for the incendiaries on Saturday night when Jackson was taken into custody, makes the following statement which was taken down as dictated by him: He says that he was stationed about 80 feet east of house near the fence and under a tree. Carey was located about 80 feet south of house, near fence, and also under a tree. Soon after they were got in position Moore thought he saw a head bobbing up and down in the grass. He went to Carey and said: "There's one of them out in the lot now." Carey said: "The —— they are." Carey then changed his position and moved about 35 feet under the grape arbor. Moore then went to Lynch who was stationed back of out-house near the barn which he was watching, expecting that it was the objective point. Moore said to Lynch, "there's some of them out in the lot now." Lynch said, "find a place and lay down." Moore then went into outhouse where the window facing the south was open and in plain sight of Lynch. After waiting there for a few minutes Moore saw some one moving toward Lynch, and supposing it was Carey remained silent. Soon after he saw a man approach from the rear of the house, enter the building and saw fires. Moore then crept through vacant lot just South of Carey's first location to front fence, crossing to opposite side of street, (7th) under a tree, to await the exit in front. Moore saw someone cross the street towards him with a revolver in his hand. He drew his revolver and started towards him, thinking one of them had got to go down. As they met he saw it was Murphy who whispered "For God's sake, lay low" and turned back into the front yard of the house behind Jackson who was then seized by Lynch. (What transpired when Carey and Lynch pounced upon Jackson is best told in an account elsewhere.) Lynch took Jackson in charge, Carey took Murphy. Murphy had a slight tussle and struggle with Carey. Murphy said: "Jackson I'm going to try and get away." Jackson did not answer, but said to Lynch, "What am I arrested for?" "You'll find out; come along with me," said Lynch. On the way to the station house Jackson continuously asked for a bottle and some tobacco. On the way Murphy accused Moore of being a "spotter," and said to Jackson: "Do you remember him going in the City Hotel to-night when we stood on the corner?" Jackson said: "Yes, Moore, you are a 'spotter.' I did not think that of you, Jack." Moore answered, "Jackson, you know better than that; I am paid for watching, and I have been paid before, not expecting you would come in my way, *and of course I have got to perform my* duty." Murphy said to Moore, "Jack, I will get square with you yet; I never thought you were a spotter; you have got us now, but our turn will come." Moore said, "Murphy, I am sorry you are caught in such bad company." Murphy said, "Jack, I am in bad company and very sorry for it." When passing the spot where the McCutchen barn stood, Lynch said, "Jackson, do you remember that fire? We weren't far behind you that night"—meaning himself and Moore. The rest of the way to the lockup was passed without conversation.

The Truth of the Matter.

THE PRESS yesterday did not contain a line referring to Mrs. Lewis Van Nest, as has been alleged. It did, however, contain a short interview, almost verbatim, which a reporter had with Mrs. Horace Van Nest. At the time of the interview there were but four grown persons in the room, namely: Mrs. Jackson, Mrs. Horace Van Nest, another lady whose name is not known, and the reporter. Several small children passed in and out of the room at will. The interview was carefully recorded by the reporter, as published yesterday, and some of the more important questions were asked over for the second time. There could be no mistake—and there was none—as the following will prove. Mrs. Horace Van Nest called at this office yesterday, and said she had been informed that the item referring to the interview with her, did not do her justice. She said she had not read the account, and called merely on the strength of what she had heard. A paper was produced, and in the presence of witnesses, the item was read, every word of which she admitted telling the reporter but said: "I didn't suppose you was *going to put it in the* paper so plain;" adding: "I'll bet I'll keep my mouth shut, after this." Before leaving, Mrs. Van Nest was assured that THE PRESS would do neither herself nor her husband any injustice, and that its only aim was to get at the facts in the matter. She expressed herself as thoroughly satisfied. And so are the public and we.

—The excitement in the neighborhood of the station house has subsided.

—Fourteen cars were required to convey the scholars and friends of the Crescent Avenue Sunday School to Asbury Park this morning.

PARTICULAR MENTION.

And school begins again, next Monday.

Mrs. John Kilbride, of Broadway, is recovering from her recent severe illness.

A. V. P. Sutphen and family of Dunellen are spending a few days at the Highlands.

Mrs. T. O. Doane and son of West Fifth street, are at home from Asbury Park.

Mr. John Dunning has returned to Brooklyn, after spending two months in this city.

Miss Annie Murphy, daughter of the Rev. T. Logan Murphy, is visiting friends in Philadelphia.

Mr. G. Warren Watson, children and maid, of East Front street, are at The Coleman, Asbury Park.

Mrs. Raymond T. Jones of Elmira, N. Y. is visiting her sister Mrs. Chas. H. Davis, of Ninth street.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Van Dyke, and Miss Maud, of East Front street, are at The Waverly, Ocean Grove, for two weeks.

Murphy the "Detective," is said to be a good singer, his favorite song being "I'm the man you don't meet every day."

A letter was received from Chief Dodd, yesterday, postmarked Dublin, and stating that he was well and enjoying himself.

Mr. W. D. Murray led the young men's meeting in Y. M. C. A. Hall last evening. The exercises were interesting throughout.

Misses Annie Flaig and Emma Lee, of East Front street, and Miss Emily Coriell of Church street, are at The Waverly, Ocean Grove.

Mr. E. A. Campbell, City Treasurer of Elkhart, Ind., was the guest during Monday of Mr. William T. Haskard, of East Second street.

Mr. Mansfield Duckworth of Clinton, N. J., was the guest, during Saturday night and Sunday, of Mr. Walter Bird of West Front Street.

Miss Mamie Bradshaw of Newark, returned home today, after a very pleasant visit of a few weeks with relatives and friends in this city.

Mr. E. C. Cloyd, of Duer street, North Plainfield, left on Monday for a well deserved and much needed vacation of two weeks in the Adirondacks.

Miss Lizzie Irwin, daughter of Henry Irwin of Ninth street, returned home Sunday morning from a three months trip to England and the Continent.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Miller are expected home from Groton, R. I., to-morrow. Miss K. C. Ayers, Mrs. Miller's sister, who has been visiting at Westerly, returns with them.

Miss Nettie M. Hetfield is enjoying the beginning of a visit with relatives at Cambridgeport, Mass. Her uncle, Mr. G. W. Wendell, formerly of this city, is now a resident there.

Mrs. Sarah M. Taylor, the aged mother of Mrs. Sarah Sanders, of North Plainfield, died at her residence, in Newark, early yesterday morning. Interment at Irvington, on Thursday.

Mrs. J. Tiffany and Miss Josie Sliker who are visiting Mrs. J. T. Case of Vine Street, contemplate visiting friends at Dunellen and High Bridge before returning to their home in Easton, Pa.

Mr. T. B Brown, Jr., of Plainfield, was Precentor at the Presbyterian church, Dunellen, Sunday evening. The richness of his voice was highly appreciated by the congregation. Rev. J. B. Cleaver preached a very impressive sermon in the morning.

At eleven o'clock this morning, after months of patient suffering, there passed away all that was mortal of Mrs. Robert Williams, the mother of our well-known news dealer, Wm. Williams. She leaves five children to mourn her loss. She died as she had lived, a devout christian. Her age was 71 years.

Murphy Speaks.

Edward J. Murphy, the alleged detective, who was instrumental in causing the arrest of the suspected persons now confined in the station house, was interviewed by a PRESS reporter this morning. Mr. Murphy said that as yet he had made no statement of the part he took in the matter, but when the proper time comes he will tell all. He says that notwithstanding the fact that reports have been put into circulation, alleged to have come from his own lips, they were used without his authority, and were purely imaginary. He also says that many reporters have visited him at his house, but in each case he positively refused to make a statement, preferring, he said, to furnish these papers with the facts, when the proper time comes.

Remember This.

In giving credit to one and another of our brave officers for the part they have each taken in the apprehension of the incendiaries, do not forget Acting Chief of Police, George W. Grant. Since Chief Dodd's departure for Europe, he has been untiring in his efforts to bring about the arrest of the accused, and deserves as much credit—even if no more—as any officer of the entire force.

Reform Club Meeting.

Reform Hall was crowded Sunday evening by a very appreciative audience, President French being in the chair, and Freeholder Vanderbeek at the head of a full choir, with George Rogers as organist. Rev. William Wolf, now of Washington City, but who twenty-two years ago was minister of a German church in Plainfield, conducted the religious exercises. Mr. William E. Samson, of this city, was the first speaker, and in his usual sound and convincing manner warned against the many existing perils, both individual and public, and particularly that of liquor drinking, urging all to take the pledge of total abstinence and to seek the aid of a Higher Power than human to keep it. Mr. Samson was listened to with marked attention. Rev. Mr. Wolf followed and gave a very interesting discourse, which drew out frequent demonstrations of approval. He graphically sketched his life, and services in the Union army, making apt illustrations, reciting many anecdotes, and urging the need and blessings of reform. After a few remarks by President French soliciting signers to the pledge, the meeting closed with the benediction by the Rev. Mr. Koechli, of North Plainfield.

Middlesex Gun Club.

At a regular meeting of the Middlesex Gun Club held at Force's Hotel, this city, Saturday evening, Aug. 27th, the following resolution was passed:

Resolved, That from this date the Live Pigeon Trophies shall be contested for on the grounds of the Club, at Dunellen, N. J., on the second Wednesday of each month, and the Inanimate Target Trophies on the third Saturday of each month, at 3 o'clock, p. m. The entrance fee to be $3 for live birds and $2 for inanimate targets.

The regular Club shoot days at live birds is the second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. The third Saturday of each month is set apart for exclusive inanimate target shooting. The regular meetings of the Club are held the last Saturday of each month at 8, p. m., at Force's Hotel, North avenue, this city.

Home Again.

Mrs. E. Chapin from Schooley's Mountain.

Mr. Jos. W. Yates, Mrs. Yates and Miss Yates.

Duncan Morgan, Esq., of Front street, from Vermont.

Mr. E. F. Wright of Seventh street, from Long Island.

Ex-Mayor John H. Van Winkle and family from Asbury.

Mrs. O. T. Waring and family from Roger Rock Hotel, Lake George.

Mrs. John Taylor Johnston and maid from Bar Harbor to-morrow.

Miss Clara Dunn and Miss Nettie Worth, who have been visiting an uncle at Tenafly.

Dame Rumor Says.

The trio of benedict dominies, who so long have been the targets of the bright eyes of the maidens beneath the shadows of their respective pulpits, are to lose one of their number, in a few days. A happy *and a blessed union of sects and* sexes is to effectuate the Rev. Asa R. Dilts will be married to the daughter of an Episcopal clergyman. The bachelor pastors of the Congregational and the Trinity Reformed churches can thereafter only make one pair between them. Mrs. Grundy, however, says the latter "soon will be," but even gossip is silent regarding either the hopes or the successes of the former.

Broke Three of his Ribs.

Duncan Walker, a man residing on the Short Hill road, was seriously injured near his home a few days ago, by being thrown from a load of logs. He was emerging from a strip of woodland, seated on top the logs, when a sudden jolting of the wagon threw him forward to the ground, striking on a stump. As soon as assistance arrived, he was taken to his home; and Dr. Hedges of this city was summoned. The doctor found that three ribs were broken, and he was otherwise badly bruised about the body. Later advices report him as improving.

Quite An Excursion.

The children of the Netherwood Chapel are to be taken "Around the World in Eighty Days," for fifteen cents the round trip, adults twenty-five. The start will be made from the "Church of our Savior" at eight o'clock P. M., Thursday evening. Stereoscopic views of all the places and scenes visited, will be shown, and an efficient guide and interpreter will accompany the party.

One of the Accused Hung.

George Reed, one of the accused fire bugs, now in that uncomfortable situation called "durance-vile," was hung in effigy by the employees of the Scott Works, yesterday morning. Reed was once a fellow workman of theirs, but has since been employed at the Potter Works. We are assured by Foreman Keller that Reed never was a driver of No. 2 Engine company.

Y. M. C. A., vs. West End.

On a beautiful field, with a diamond bare of grass and smooth as a table—provided for their home club by the bounty of the citizens of Somerville—the above-named clubs for the first time joined in battle, on Saturday last. An enclosed stand crowded with beauty and great groups of on-lookers resting on the verdant turf, lent additional interest to the scene, and with smiles and cheers rewarded individual excellence. The game was spiritedly and carefully contested. Few errors were made, but were costly in results. One bad throw in the fourth inning gave two unearned runs to the West End; and a like error advanced by the same number the Y. M. C. A's score in the eighth. *All played well, but McCutchen* deserves most credit upon his team by taking three difficult flies. Chamberlain made three catches, and Doane's unexpected and marvellous one-handed catch "brought down the house." Frelinghuysen, Major and C. Cook did most effective work for the West End. Cadmus, for the Plainfield nine, pitched as usual a steady and effective game throughout, and did more than double his share of winning the game. He struck out eleven men. Bedford, the pitcher of the Y. M. C. A's of New Brunswick, occupied the box for Somerville. He was very effective in striking out more of our home club than any pitcher they have yet met. He also led his side in batting. The return game will be played on the Park avenue grounds to-morrow, (Wednesday) at 3 p. m. Following is the score of Saturday's play in detail:

Y. M. C. A.

	AB	R	O	1B	SB	LB	PO	A	E
Dawe, c	5	1	4	1	0	0	9	2	2
W. Cadmus, p	5	1	2	2	1	2	0	1	0
McCutchen, 2 b	5	1	3	1	0	1	3	1	0
Demarest, c. f	5	0	3	1	0	1	1	0	0
McMurray, r. f	5	1	3	2	0	1	0	0	0
Jarrett, 1 b	4	1	3	1	0	0	10	0	1
Doane, 3 b	4	1	3	0	0	0	1	1	1
Cornwell, s. s	4	1	2	2	2	1	0	2	0
Chamberlain, l. f	4	0	4	0	0	0	3	0	0
	41	7	27	10	3	6	27	7	4

WEST END.

	AB	R	O	1B	SB	LB	PO	A	E
Davenport, 2b	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	2	1
Dilts, s. s	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bedford, p	4	1	2	1	0	1	0	3	0
Major, 3 b. & l. f	4	1	3	1	0	0	3	1	2
Smith, s. c. f	4	0	3	0	0	1	0	0	0
C. Cook, 1 b. & 3 b	4	1	3	1	0	0	8	1	1
Frelinghuysen, r. f	4	0	2	1	0	2	2	0	0
A. Cook, c	4	0	3	0	0	1	10	2	3
Gaston, l. f	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Conkling, 1 b	1	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0
	35	3	27	4	0	5	27	9	7

Y. M. C. A.....1 2 1 0 0 0 0 2 1—7.
WEST END.....0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—3.

Earned Runs—Y. M. C. A., 3; West End—1. By Cadmus, Struck out—Dilts, 2, Smith, 2, A. Cook, 2, Davenport, 1, Major, 1, C. Cook, 1, Gaston, 1, Frelinghuysen, 1. Hit with Ball—Smith, 1. Base on Balls—A. Cook, 1. By Bedford—Struck out—Dawe, 3, McMurray, 2, Chamberlain, 2, Dawe, 1, Cadmus, 1, Cornwell, 1. Hit with Ball—Cadmus, 1. Base on Balls—McCutchen, 1. 1st Base on Errors—McCutchen, 2, Bedford, 1, Frelinghuysen, 1. Flies caught—Y. M. C. A., 9, West End, 9. Time of Game—1:55. Umpire—G. Cadmus.

Intuition.

The presence in the city yesterday of Corporation Counsel Marsh, was not because of the common causes that brought together the other legal lights. Prosecuting Attorney Wilson arrived from Europe the day before because he could not help himself. In fact, if he could have got away after he was fairly into the midst of the "Umbria's" somewhat sportive trip, he would not have been here yet. Both he and City Judge Ulrich were summoned by wire, but intuition governed the journey of Counsel Marsh.

He was away amid those swell resorts of Massachusetts, at Stockbridge near Lenox. But Sunday—although the telegrams sent to summon him failed to reach their destination—he "felt" he should be at Plainfield. This feeling was so strong that in spite of the persuasive powers of his mother and his wife, he started Sunday night. Then occurred an annoyance that would have caused a less persistent man to give up his intention. The berth he had engaged was found to be occupied by one who on being awakened insisted that his name was Marsh and that he intended to keep the place he had paid for. The City's Attorney, however, was bound to come in spite of everything. The conductor accommodated him elsewhere, and Mr. Marsh arrived *in time* to direct the affairs of the municipality in its relation to the case.

NEW MARKET.

The Lehigh Valley Railroad special excursion to Mauch Chunk, on Wednesday next, August 31st, will stop going and returning at New Market depot, affording parties who have never been on this route to view the magnificent scenery of the Lehigh.

The main road between New Market and Dunellen is being macadamized by the district road master at the New Market end, and if the borough commissioners had spent the money raised on a thoroughfare that is traveled ten times more than the side road they have laid stone on, we should now have a first-class drive to the Queen City.

Justice V. W. Nash, receiver of the goods and chattels of Jacob Moraller, will offer at auction the entire stock of watches, clocks, jewelry, etc., at the store on East Front street, this evening.

HIS PLANS FAILED

NARROW ESCAPE OF A PENNSYLVANIA MAIDEN.

Wooed and Nearly Wed to an English Gambler Who was After Her Fortune—Attempted Murder.

WEAVERSTOWN, Pa., Aug. 30.—Baird Knox Snyder, a young Englishman, attempted to murder Mabel Harton in the parlor of the handsome residence of her father, James Harton, near this place, last evening. He had been her affianced lover, and she had just told him that she could no longer receive his attentions, when he drew a revolver and fired two shots at her, one taking effect in her left ear. Their meeting and the causes which led to the shooting are told by Miss Harton as follows:

"Owing to ill health, my father was advised two years ago to make a trip across the ocean, and together we sailed for Europe, where almost a year was spent. In England we became acquainted with an Englishman who gave his name as Baird Knox Snyder. He was a guest at the hotel where we were stopping. He appeared to be a man of means, and, seeing that my father was an invalid, took a deep interest in it. He was kind an courteous, and spent much of his time with my father, who was rapidly growing weaker. Mr. Snyder said that he had never been in America, but was making arrangements for a trip across the ocean, with the view of making America a permanent place of residence, and that it would be a great favor if he could accompany us on our return home. We gladly acquiesced in this, and said we would give him ample notice of our departure, so that he could join us. Several months later, during which there was but little improvement in my father's condition, his attending physician said it was useless to remain any longer, that his patient was beyond any hope of recovery; that he could get just as good medical treatment at home, and that the trip across the ocean might be beneficial. We at once decided to return, and in two weeks, with Mr. Snyder, we sailed for New York. His kindly attention to my father made a favorable impression that left no doubt that it would end in a love affair. The third day of our voyage he approached my father and asked his consent to our marriage. It was a surprise, but not wholly unexpected, and my father expressed himself as satisfied, but said that the matter rested entirely with me. There was so much tenderness and apparent sincerity in his proposal that I consented, but on account of my father's feeble condition I refused to set a time for our nuptials. My mother's death having occurred some years ago, my father was very much worried about my future in the event of his death, but the turn affairs had taken on the voyage seemed to enliven him, and, strange to say, a marked improvement took place. The trip to New York was so enjoyable that at the request of my father, I urged Mr. Snyder to accompany us to our home here, where we would be pleased to have him remain until he decided where to locate. The offer was accepted, and after a stay of five weeks he went to Pittsburg, where he decided to remain. The most affectionate letters were exchanged between us and our wedding was set down to take place the latter part of September.

"After Mr. Snyder's departure father talked about our approaching nuptials, and as I was the sole heir to his estate, which was considerable, he suggested very wisely that ere it would be too late, it would be well, as Mr. Snyder was a perfect stranger, to inquire into his business in Pittsburg. My father, therefore, decided to go himself, having much improved, and he started forthwith to Pittsburg, where he remained about four days, unknown to Snyder. He learned, however, to his utter astonishment that he was looked upon as a gambler and confidence man, and that he was a frequenter of the worst dens in that city. To remove all doubt, my father employed a private detective, who shadowed Snyder and discovered that he was traveling under an assumed name, and that all the rumors about Snyder's character were true. My father returned home much depressed and disappointed. He soon communicated the result of his mission to me. I was deeply effected, but at once resolved to break off the engagement, and wrote Snyder a letter saying that obstacles over which I had no control had arisen, and that a union between us was now impossible. The next mail brought a letter from Snyder containing a peremptory demand for his accuser's names, but I sent no reply."

Last evening Snyder came to town and appeared at the Harton mansion, but Mr. Harton refused to admit him. Snyder refused to go away until he was heard, and finally succeeded in gaining admission, with the understanding that the interview was to be the last, and that he would discontinue further attentions to Mabel. The young couple met in the parlor, while Mabel's father sat in the adjoining room. Snyder demanded to know who his accusers were, that he might promptly disprove what he proclaimed to be base slanders. Mabel said she had the most convincing proof of the truth regarding his character, and that it was useless to attempt to deny it. Snyder grew violent and assumed a threatening attitude, declaring unless she revealed the names of his accusers they would both die together. He drew from his coat pocket a revolver, and fired two shots in quick succession, one of which entered her left ear and embedded itself in the jam of the door. With a piercing shriek she fell to the floor. Her father rushed into the room and in his feeble condition grappled with Snyder but the young Englishman violently flung him to the floor, and then hastily left the house exclaiming:

"You will never be the wife of another, and the man who has villified me will meet the same fate."

In a few minutes Mabel recovered consciousness, and arose with the blood oozing from her wound, which is not considered dangerous. Forgetting herself she directed her attention to her father, who is so completely prostrated by the shock that it may result fatally.

Miss Harton is only 20 years of age, and is an amiable and accomplished young lady. She says she saw Snyder point the revolver at her, but was powerless to move or give an alarm before the shots were fired. She thinks had she attempted to leave the room he would have shot her dead.

Snyder has not been heard from since. Miss Harton is positive that when he saw that in the event of her father's death, which was then rapidly approaching, she would come into possession of all his property, he arranged his plans to share its enjoyment, and that it was her wealth and not her happiness he was so anxious about. Snyder is about 28 years of age, of prepossessing appearance, and highly educated. Nothing further is known about him, but it is certain that his true character was revealed at Pittsburg.

A RACE TO DEATH.

Exciting Scene on the Saratoga Track Yesterday.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 30.—A sensational scene was enacted during the first race on the Saratoga track. Ten two-year-olds had gathered at the five-furlong post and Starter R. R. Wheatly had consumed over half an hour in vexatious efforts to get the youngsters off. When he finally dropped his red flag they shot down the diagonal chute like a cyclone. As they swung into the main track a riderless horse was observed. It was feared that one of the riders had been crushed, but a moment later Jockey D. Barrett, slight jarred, but unscathed, crawled under the fence into the east field.

But the excitement soon increased in intensity. A quarter of a mile from where Barrett was unhorsed an accident occurred. Haggin's Music stumbled, and Jockey Winchell left the saddle as though shot from a catapult, but he escaped with a few slight bruises. The accident to Music caused Croker's Sadie Mc (Jockey Penny), and Colonel Zeb Ward (Jockey West), to mix up in the swerving, and there was a general collision. When the dust rose and hundreds started to the scene, West and Penny lay on the track apparently lifeless. It was at once reported that they were dead, and many despatches were sent out to this effect.

The injured boys were removed to "horse haven" and physicians were summoned. In a few hours West was reported to be able to be up, and it was thought that there was a possibility of his recovery. Dr. F. M. Boyce reported in the evening that West was still alive, and that Dr. C. S. Grant and that Dr. W. H. Hodgman were at his bedside in consultation over his case. It is feared that West's skull is fractured.

Penny was painfully injured about the shoulders and back, but his injuries are not considered serious.

Investigating the Glazebrook Scandal.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Aug. 30.—Chancellor Williamson and Mr. W. W. Thomas, senior and junior wardens of the Rev. Mr. Glazebrook's church in Elizabeth, N. J., with Mr. Glazebrook's oldest son, arrived in Durham to make inquiry regarding the scandal involving Rev. Glazebrook and a woman of his flock. The committee drove to Samuel Loper's and Mr. Loper told the story as told him by the boy Latham. He expressed his confidence in Latham's honesty. The committee then went to the Fowler lot in the cemetery, and were shown just where the boys stood, and where Mr. Glazebrook sat. Mr. Williamson then called on Mrs. Atwell, mother of the boy the father being out of town, and politely asked her about the affair, but she refused to talk. Mr. Williamson called on Senator Oscar Leach who would not talk. The committee left Durham for New York. Chancellor Williamson said that his committee was in no sense a whitewash committee, but they wished to learn the truth. They would not question Atwell or Latham, and did not do so. L. M. Hubbard of Wallingford was in Durham as counsel for Atwell and Latham. He did not see the committee, but instructed his clients to refer all questions to him. The boys obeyed his instructions. Chancellor Williamson expressed great sympathy for Glazebrook and his family.

Hermit Denmead Gone Mad.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 30.—Three days ago Samuel Denmead the famous hermit showed signs of mental weakness, and his condition yesterday was so much worse that it became necessary to call City Physician Shannon, who after examining the old hermit pronounced him insane. Denmead has an idea that the old barn occupied by his brother and himself is filled with gas, and for two days and nights he walked about the place looking for gas. For three nights he has slept on a manure pile. He has scratched his mouth and chin until the blood runs. Steps will be taken immediately to have him removed to the Morristown asylum. He is seventy-three years old.

A Pious But Dishonest Letter Carrier.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 30.—Albert Howell, aged 30 years, a letter carrier, was arranged on a charge of embezzling letters, and was held in $1,500 bail for the September term of court. Howell never stole the letters on his own route, but took letters from the boxes of other carriers before they had been put in the pouches. Howell is a church member and carried his religious zeal into his business, always keeping a bible upon his desk, which he read during noontime, and made himself very conspicuous in this particular. The officers think he has been stealing for six months.

To Parade in Philadelphia.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 30.—Major-Gen. Plume, commander of the national guard, has issued an order directing the second brigade, Gen. W. J. Sewell commanding, to rendezvous in Camden on Sept. 16, to participate in the military parade at the constitutional centenary in Philadelphia.

Movements of the North Atlantic Squadron

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Aug. 30.—The North Atlantic squadron, from Bar Harbor, left Buzzard's bay for Newport. Only the Dolphin arrived at Newport last night.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

The horse epidemic has appeared at Camden, N. J.

The Bald Knobbers all escaped with small fines.

A severe outbreak of trichinosis is reported at Hamburg.

Arrangements have been perfected for the establishment of a school in Worcester, Mass., by a colony of the christian brothers of the Roman Catholic church. Land has already been purchased, and the erection of the necessary buildings will be begun at once.

The London *Times* has commenced a series of articles describing a visit to America. In an editorial it says: "Such an experience is one of the most wonderful that can happen to man. Our correspondent will give a full account of the prodigy of cities, New York, and then pass to the great cities westward."

The Chinese government has granted a banking monopoly to an American syndicate which is represented by Count Mitkiewicz and Mr. Wharton Barker of Philadelphia. The company has a capital of $70,000,000. It will have the sole right to coin money, construct all public works, receive and disburse all government funds, and has a monopoly of the telegraph, telephone and railway business for fifty years.

Charles Madison, a colored boy of North Hale, Ala., while on his way to school stole a watermelon from his grandfather's melon patch. When he returned home he was stripped of his clothing, bound hand and foot, thrown on the ground, and severely beaten with stout hickory switches by his father and two other negroes. He was then "bucked" and whipped. There was no place on the boy's body that was not terribly lacerated. As a consequence he had to remain in bed for about ten days, hardly being able to move during the time. The three brutes have been held for the grand jury.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 26, 1887.

Brown, P M S	Irley, Rebecca Miss
Boag, Peter	Kelser, Annar Mrs
Criswell, Minnie Miss	Larkin, May Miss
Davy, Denver	Mahun, Lorens
Demarest, C M Mrs	McLaughlin, John
Finegan, Wm J	Miller, John M D
Horn, Joseph	Peaslee, Anna N Miss
Hanson, Mr	Partington, Walter
Hayward, John H Jr	Quinn, Kittie Miss
	Ward, Margaret Miss

Persons calling for above please say advertised.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE; 8 ROOMS; terms reasonable. Inquire 56 E. 5th street, P. O. Box 772. REV. K. P. KETCHAM. 8-30-d2

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WOULD TAKE charge of a residence for the Winter. Satisfactory references furnished. Address A. B., Box 975, Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A NEW TWO-SEAT EXTENSION top Surry, or will exchange for single phaeton. Lock Box 902. 8-30-d2

TRY POND LILY TOILET WASH. FOR SALE by Barbers and Druggists. 8-30-w1

HANDSOME FOUR SEATED EXTENSION TOP phaeton, with harness. Price $150. Address PHETON, care of DAILY PRESS. 8-30

WANTED—TWO ROOMS SUITABLE FOR dressmaking; centrally located; must be moderate rent. Address MRS. H. HARDING, Dunellen. 8-27-d3

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL HOUSES. ENQUIRE of THEODORE GRAY. 8-25-tf

NOVELTIES IN CARRIAGES AT HOMAN & RYERSON'S, 29 and 31 Somerset street. 8-23w1

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

CHARLES E. RUNK,

Coal Dealer,

39 NORTH AVENUE.

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30-y

MUSIC HALL!

SEPT. 1. THURSDAY SEPT. 1.

Grand Opening of the Season. Engagement of

THE FIRESIDE FAVORITE,

EFFIE ELLSLER,

Supported by a Powerful Company, under the management of Mr. Marc Klaw, presenting Frank Harvey's Powerful Domestic Story

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

Tickets on sale at usual places, Monday, Aug. 29.

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

The Excitement Not Over.

The rush at R. J. Shaw's still continues and daily scores of people call for a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Kemp's Balsam, the standard family remedy, is sold on a guarantee and never fails to give entire satisfaction. Price 50c. and $1.00. Trial size, free.

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. K. McCLURE, Treasurer.

Plainfield, Aug. 20th, 1887. 8-20-m1

--No. 8--

PARK AVENUE.

Fancy Goods,

Worsteds,

Notions,

STAMPING!

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS,

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in stock a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

Receiver's Sale of Jewelry.

The subscriber will sell at public auction at the store of L. Moraller, 19 E. Front St., this city,

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 30th,

at 7 o'clock, all the Jewelry contained in said store, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Bracelets, Rings, Charms, Clocks, etc.

VINCENT W. NASH, Receiver.

August 26th, 1887. 8-26-d4

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and finished in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate floors for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy.

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream; a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are contained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

AT

PECK'S STORE

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND

FINE GOODS

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

We have just received a lot of the

GENUINE WIGWAM SLIPPERS

Men's, Women's and Boys' Sizes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city.

8-2-tf

KEEP COOL!

J. P. Laire & Co.

SELL

OIL STOVES,

WITH TOP AND OVEN, $5.

Refrigerators, Ice Cream Freezers, Water Coolers, Hammocks, General Hardware and House Furnishings.

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Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

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CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

FIGHTING THE INDIANS

COWBOYS AND MILITIA AGAIN ATTACK COLOROW'S BAND.

U. S. Officers Allege Treachery on the Part of the Colorado Militia—Five Whites Killed in Battle.

FORT LECHENNES, Utah, Aug. 30.—The following despatch comes from Lieut. Burnett, Ninth cavalry, who, with twelve troopers, was sent, by request of Indian Agent Byrnes, to prevent the invasion of the Indian reservation by the Colorado state troops and cowboys near the border of the reservation:

Col. Byrnes, Indian Agent:

The Colorado militia, under Major Leslie, and some cowboys surprised Colorow's camp about 6 a. m. on Aug. 20. They had assured Colorow at Wolf creek the day before that they would be allowed to go back to the reservation unmolested. The attack was a complete surprise to the Indians. One child was killed and one man and one woman slightly wounded. The Indians returned the fire, killing one cowboy and wounding three others, and mortally wounding three militiamen. I talked with Major Leslie this morning explaining the situation to him and came to an understanding. He assured me he would not cross the reservation line without orders from the proper authority. I sent a reply to Sheriff Kendall giving him your message that if he had any warrants to serve to serve them through you. This was in reply to a letter from him in regard to warrants in his possession for Colorow and others. I am satisfied that my presence prevented serious fighting and much loss of life, thanks to the influence of Interpreter Curtis. Indians Ungaskel, Wass, Cavapaum, and many others, want peace if possible, or then war to the knife. I think the trouble is over. Most of the Indians left at once to see you. I will camp to-night about twenty-five miles from the agency and come in to-morrow, if nothing prevents.

Capt. Randlett telegraphs:

Agent Byrnes has shown great discretion constantly. He has the confidence of the Indians perfectly, and, if they are not attacked on their reservation, will hold them securely. None of those who have lived on the reservation went to Colorow's assistance until after the attack. If further pursuit is made by the Colorado troops they will stay and make a terrible tale of bloodshed. The tribe is armed and preparing for the defensive.

DENVER, Aug. 30.—A telegram from Meeker by way of Glenwood, says information has been received that at Thursday's battle with Colorow there were five whites killed instead of two, and four wounded. Seven Indians and two squaws were killed and five wounded. Over 600 Indians are camped within six miles. The Indians are ready to fight at the least provocation. The loss of nearly 300 ponies and their squaws has made them wild, and they are ready for revenge. Colorow, it is reported, says he can get "heap young bucks from White river, heap Uncompahgre, heap Navajo, who are young and want heap fight, and unless white man go back Colorow send for them." If he should make an attack the militia and settlers estimate it would take the efforts of 2,000 regulars to drive them back to the reservation.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Aug. 30.—F. H. Swindler has just sworn out a warrant for Colorow on the charge of murder. The warrant will go forward to Sheriff Kendall by courier to-night. The first one was for simple misdemeanor, resisting an officer. This being for felony, it will make it difficult for the authorities, federal and stete, to settle matters without the surrender of old Colorow.

Words Without Meaning.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Aug. 30.—The following letter was received by Farragut Post, G. A. R., in response to an invitation to attend the reunion of the blue and the gray on the 20th to 23d of next month:

"ASHFIELD, Mass., August 24.

"*T. J. Graves, Secretary:*

"DEAR SIR: I thank you sincerely for the card of invitation to the reunion of the survivors of the Federal and Confederate armies at Evansville on the 20th of September. Such a meeting is a striking symbol of that renewed and hearty sympathy of every part of the country which is the earnest of fraternal and invincible union. The great questions which still remain to be settled will be happily and harmoniously adjusted by the patriotic conviction that in such a union the welfare of each state is the interest of all states. Respectfully,

"GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS."

Idaho's Boundary Line.

SHOSHONE, Idaho, Aug. 30.—United States Senator Hearst, Gov. Stevenson, and Delegate Boss recently held a conference here regarding the proposed enlargement of the boundaries of Idaho, with reference to statehood, which Idaho expects soon to demand, with other territories. Senator Stewart's scheme to annex Nevada to Idaho entirely collapsed at the conference. It was suggested that the Idaho line be extended northward through Montana so as to take in the counties of Beaverhead and Missoula.

Where the Salvation Army Will Encamp.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Aug. 30.—The salvation army will hold a seven days' camp meeting at Binghamton, commencing tomorrow. Capt. Webster, with his singing pilgrims; Capts. Agar, Craven, Perry, Davis, McFaul; the Swedish singers, Polly Bryan, Capt. Horton and wife, Mary Anderson, the Scotch singing lass; Weeping Lucy, Forward March Rush, Sarah Smith, the tambourine girl, and a host of salvation soldiers will attend.

Manager Spalding Makes a Denial.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—"There is not a word of truth in it," said President Spalding referring to the alleged disintregation of the Chicago base ball club, reported in dispatches from New York. "Nothing has been reported to me, and there certainly would be if any serious disagreement existed." President Spalding intimated strongly that any fines ordered by Capt. Anson would stand.

He Shot Two Men and Pleads Accident.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 30.—In Kansas City, Kansas, Pat Shea, aged 21, shot and killed his stepbrother, John Collins, aged 18. Later in the night Shea, while being pursued by Officer Fleming, in this city, shot him in the left shoulder. Shea says that the shooting of Collins was accidental and that he did not fire at Officer Fleming.

Killed While Cleaning Out a Barroom.

OWENSBORO, Ky., Aug. 30.—John B. Blake a young married man of good family, was killed at Whitesville, Ky., by Frank Sparks a barkeeper. Blake was drunk and became very violent upon Sparks's refusal to sell him any liquors. He cleaned out the saloon and was making for the proprietor when the latter killed him.

Prohibition in New Jersey.

NEWARK, Aug. 30.—The prohibition campaign in this state will open next week. Thomas V. Cator, chairman of the state committee, has issued a call for a meeting of the committee in this city on Thursday of next week.

NEWS FROM EUROPE

DEBATES AND REPORTS IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Balfour's Tart Reply to Dillon—Lansdowne Explains—Gladstone's Invitation. Continental Affairs.

LONDON, Aug. 30.—In the house of commons Mr. Dillon protested against a credit of £762,000 for the maintenance of the Irish police, as a scandalous waste of public money. The police force, he said, was kept up to evade the provisions of the mutiny act by maintaining a larger military force than was sanctioned by parliament. The effect of employing the police was only to exasperate the people. The police did not collect rents nor enforce the law. Mr. Balfour said the responsibility for the heavy police force in Ireland rested entirely upon those persons engaged in fomenting discontent and resistance.

Sir Henry Holland, colonial secretary, read in the house of commons a cablegram from Lord Lansdowne declaring false the report that Sir John A. Macdonald had said that he would not hesitate to invoke the aid of the imperial government to put a stop to the construction of the Red river railway. "The provincial act for the construction of the Red river railway," Lord Lansdowne cabled, "was disallowed by me upon the advice of responsible advisers and upon the ground that a line to tap the Canadian Pacific would injure the whole country."

Mr. Gladstone writes to the Nineteenth *Century* an article under the caption "Electoral Facts of 1877," in which he says that the general election of 1886 indicated not the conviction, but the perplexity of the country. Mr. Gladstone contends that the results of the recent elections are equivalent to an increased liberal strength of twenty-two per centum.

Allowing to the conservatives all the benefits which the new elections leave them, they would be in a minority of 103 on this basis, which, however, is too narrow to allow any demonstration of victory or undue confidence. But, viewing these facts in cold blood, a rational tory or dissident will probably regard them as being of marked significance and may even begin to inquire, in a reflective temper, where is all this to end!

The League Not to be Suppressed Yet.

DUBLIN, Aug. 30.—An extraordinary and hastily convened session of the Irish privy council, was held at Dublin castle, which gave rise to reports that the government intended to immediately begin active operations to suppress the National league. The rumors were unfounded, however, the business considered by the authorities having been of the usual formal and routine character.

EXONERATED THEIR PASTOR.

The Elders Did Not Believe that He Pulled His Wife's Hair.

KINGSTON, N. Y., Aug. 30.—The elders of the Elmendorf Street Presbyterian church have just completed an investigation of charges against their pastor, Rev. J. F. Hooper, who was accused of having abused and ill-treated his wife, and also of having paid undue attention to some of the ladies of his congregation. It was said that Mrs. Hooper had her hair torn out and was choked. The congregation, after hearing a statement from the pastor and others, listened to the report of the committee, which completely vindicated the pastor After the reading a member of the congregation asked if Mrs. Hooper had been heard and receiving a negative reply, said he was not satisfied. He was greeted with hisses and cries of "Put him out," "He's a kicker" etc., and amid much excitement the pastor stepped up and pronounced the benediction. Many women then flocked to the pulpit and tearfully proffered assistance to Pastor Hooper.

Pastor Hooper married the daughter of A. B. Case, a wealthy Californian. A few weeks ago Mr. and Mrs. Case came here and are now with Mrs. Hooper and her three children, stopping with relatives. Mrs. Hooper desires to go to California with her children, but to this Pastor Hooper objects, and there will be a legal fight over the possession of the children.

Phil Armour on the Dressed Beef Trade.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Philip D. Armour, when asked if it was true that the dressed beef men and railroads were scooping in all the profits in the trade, leaving the cattle raisers, the retail butchers and the poor consumers out in the cold, said: "There is absolutely nothing to all this outcry. No business in the world that I have had anything to do with is run so close as this dressed beef business. It is like weighing gold dust. The railroads have never been friendly to the dressed beef business. They feel they are drawing so many pounds less and then their men are interested in the stockyards all over the lines. The trouble is there are more cattle coming to market than are wanted The government is opening up cheap lands to the people, and a great many cattle are being forced in here prematurely. All this will tell on the cattle trade in a year or two from now, and will probably end in making the prices very high.

National Conference of Charities.

OMAHA, August 30.—More than three thousand people attended the meeting of the National conference of charities and corrections. Dean Hart of Denver spoke in the afternoon on the subject of "Charity." In the evening addresses were made by Fred Sanborn of Massachusetts, Miss Alice Fletcher, late missionary among the Omaha Indians, Mrs. Sarah Hills of Wisconsin, and Rev. Dr. Hill of Oregon.

The Pacific Railroad Investigation.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30.—Commissioner Litfler of the Pacific investigation, complains that the California papers belittle the commission's work. He says that the president desires a thorough investigation The commission will meet here September 12 to look into the old Sioux City and Pacific railroad affairs, and will finish the work in New York where it will meet September 20.

Texas Fever Among Cattle.

READING, Pa., Aug 30.—John G. Seltzer and C. P. Moyer, of Womelsdorf, this county, purchased a number of car loads of cattle at the Buffalo stock yards, which were sold to farmers here. This morning ten were found dead in their stalls. Others were driven on South Mountain to die. The state veterinarian says the disease is Texas fever.

Death in a Dentist's Chair.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 30.—George Hoffman, a clerk at the Harrisburg foundry went into the office of Dr. Richie and requested him to pull an aching tooth. The dentist gave ether to allay the pain. A short time afterward it was discovered that Hoffman was dead.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT IN A MINE

Two Men Torn to Pieces by the Explosion of Dualin—Two Others Injured.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 30.—George Lasson, Robert Martin, and Henry and Joseph Zimmermann, descended the slope of the Draper colliery in Gilbertson, about a mile from here, and called at the underground storehouse for their day's supply of powder, oil, &c. Lasson obtained three sticks of dualin, two of which he placed in the leg of his boot and carried the other in his hand. Martin took two sticks, which he carried inside his shirt, and Zimmerman, who got a supply for several parties, carried about fifty pounds of the explosive. They had gone a short distance only from the bottom of the slope, when the stick which Lasson carried in his hand exploded from some unknown cause and tore away his right leg and arm. An instant later the two sticks which Martin carried close to his stomach exploded and tore him to pieces. Zimmerman and Henry who were walking a short distance behind, were hurled along the gangway a distance of over fifty feet. Henry was so badly injured that he was supposed for a time to be dead, and Zimmerman's hearing was destroyed. John Parfit, aged 17 years, who was near by, was taken out of a pit unconscious. He will recover. Lasson was taken to the Miners' hospital at Ashland, where he died a few hours later. He was 33 years of age, and leaves a widow and four children. Martin was 27 and unmarried, but was the only support of a widowed mother.

Cruelty to a Child.

MONROEVILLE, Ind., Aug. 30.—The child so brutally abused by its stepfather, John Waterside, at Smiley, near here, died yesterday. The husband and wife took delight in maiming the child, and finally the surgeons had to amputate an arm and leg weeks after the child should have had medical aid. For two weeks after the operation was performed, on August 16, the mother would tie the little cripple to a bedstead and leave it there for hours without nursing, although the child was screaming with hunger. There is danger that Waterside may be lynched. The child was born four months after the marriage of the Watersides, and its father is unknown.

Another Trestle on Fire.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 30.—As freight train No. 12 on the Cleveland and Marietta railroad neared Oldham's trestle it was seen to be on fire. The engineer called for brakes, but as the trainmen thought it was too late to save the train, several of them jumped. Fireman William Adams had a leg broken and was otherwise hurt. He may die. The jumping trainmen was severely injured. The engine and all the train except three cars passed over the trestle, sixty feet of which fell with the last three cars, dropping them forty-seven feet. The cause of the fire is unknown.

Escape of a Large Elephant from a Circus.

INGERSOLL, Ont., Aug. 30.—Robbins, the largest elephant, got away from the circus and swam across Smith's pond. It then went through the town at a lively pace, turned west, and followed the river for some distance, destroying any fences that were in its road. It got into a field where there were a number of cattle, and, after chasing them around for a while without doing much damage, it got on the Grand Trunk railroad track, and is still on the road, west about six miles from here. There are a number of men and two other elephants after it.

Bound to Exterminate the Tollivers.

MOREHEAD, Ky., Aug. 30.—"Cal" Tolliver, the lad who was spared by the Logans during the massacre in which Craig Tolliver was killed, was fired on yesterday near town by persons in the bushes, but he escaped. A number of the Logans' followers, who are supposed to have participated in the massacre, were indicted and are hiding in the mountains heavily armed, and cannot be arrested. It is expected that fighting will begin as soon as the troops leave, which will be when the court adjourns.

Mr. Mackay Not in the Wheat Deal.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 30.—John W. Mackay repudiated the statement attributed to him in an interview printed in New York a few days ago, to the effect that he was a large holder of wheat. He said the Nevada bank had loaned a large amount of money on wheat but that neither the bank nor its officials were directly interested in the deal, and he was willing to throw open all his books to show this to be a fact.

Perhaps the Boys Lied.

HARRISON, Mich., Aug. 30.—Three unknown men, presumably tramps, on Saturday visited the farm of Ben Sippon, locked his three young sons in the upper story of the house and then set fire to it. The children escaped by jumping from a window. The house was destroyed. The boys say that the men watched the burning and threatened that if the boys broke out to cut their throats.

Prospects of a Lively Convention.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 30.—The primaries of the union labor party of Hamilton county, were largely attended all over the city and county and there is a prospect of a lively convention. The convention will consist of 633 delegates. The flattering indications of success have brought an army of candidates for every office into the field.

Sporting Gossip.

Straub, Tomney and Williams have been signed by Scranton, and Catcher Derby has been released by Newark.

Bushong, Fulmer, Kerins, Flint and Ewing, five of the best catchers in the country, are all laid up with broken fingers.

There is talk of forming a Canadian league for 1888, the proposed members being London, Toronto, Hamilton, Bellville Kingston and Ottawa.

Rainey, new third-baseman of the New Yorks, had a record of 3 put outs, 13 assists, 0 errors, July 27, 1885, when playing third base for the Torontos.

The wrestling match between H. M. Dufur and John McMahon will occur on Saturday, September 3, at the Marlboro baseball grounds. The result will decide who is the world's champion.

The latest mail from Sidney, N. S. W., brings a challenge from J. Deeble, the principal backer of oarsman Beach, offering to back the champion against Jake Gaudaur on the Paramatta championship course, for $500 a side or upward. The challenge was at once cabled to Mr. St. John, backer of Gaudaur, and a reply is being anxiously waited for.

The proposed Saratoga regatta for professionals is now an assured fact. A citizen's purse for $2,000 has been raised and the regatta will last four days. The contestants will include Teemer, Bubear, Ross, Hamm, Plaisted, Conley, Courtney, and James H. Reilly. These oarsmen are all at the lake, with the exception of Conley and Courtney, who arrive to-day. The sport is to begin on Wednesday of this week and will last through until Saturday.

Professional Cards.

WM. K. McCLURE,
Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE, JR.,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L. JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist
(Successor to Dr. South) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
Office Corner Front and Somerset Sts. my9tf

DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

MEDICATED
Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

A. M. RUNYON & SON,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue, Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

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City Express.
Opposite the Depot, North Ave., Plainfield, N. J. Baggage, Furniture and Freight conveyed to or from the Depot to all parts of the City, at all hours. Pianos removed, boxed and shipped at reasonable rates. my9y1

JOHN JOHNSTON,
Coal Dealer.
Yard and office South ave. P. O. Box 1467. The best quality of screened coal at the Lowest Market Prices, for Cash. Bowker's Fertilizers for sale. my9tf

S. E. FLOWER,
Picture Frames.
of all kinds at New York prices. Studio 28 West Front street. Strainers for drawing and oil painting. my9tf

C. NIELSEN,
Carpenter and Builder,
31 Grandview avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. P. O. Box 1567. Stair-building and cabinet work a specialty. 6-13-tf

A. SWALM.
Painters' Supplies, Wall Papers, &c.,
Paper Hanging A Specialty.
No. 6 North Avenue. my9y1

M. ESTIL,
Bookseller and Stationer.
No. 7 Park Avenue.
A full line of Croqu[illegible] Baby Carriages, Base Balls, Bats, &c. my9tf

F. A. POPE,
HATS AND GENT'S FURNISHINGS,
No. 5 W. FRONT STREET. my10y1

THEODORE GRAY,
Mason and Builder.
Residence—Front street, between Plainfield and Grant avenues. P. O. Box 450. Jobbing promptly attended to. 8-26-y1

CHAS. SEIBEL,
Furniture and Freight Express.
P. O. Box 75, Plainfield, N. J. All goods shipped in my care will receive prompt attention. my9tf

RICHARD DAY,
Livery Stables.
North Ave. opp. Depot. Carriages to meet all trains. All kinds of Turn-outs day or night. Family riding a specialty. Telephone Call 121. my9tf

R. THORN,
No. 2 Park Ave., 2d Floor.
Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron Worker, also Sole Agent for the "Anthony" Steel Plate Furnace, both Brick, Set and Portable. Brick-set Ranges, Pumps, Sinks and Lead Pipe. Stoves stored for the season. my9tf

CAREY'S
Furniture Express.
45 West Front Street. Large Jumbo Covered Trucks. Satisfaction guaranteed. Goods delivered to any part of the United States. Second hand Furniture bought and sold. my9y1

CARL PETERSON,
Florist
Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New Y[illegible]—Foot of Liber[illegible] S[illegible].

Time Table in Effec[illegible] 7, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND [illegible]RK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, [illegible] 7.30, 7.59, 8.02, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11[illegible] a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, [illegible] 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Su[illegible] 8.01, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, [illegible] 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from [illegible] Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.1[illegible], 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, [illegible] 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.1[illegible] 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m. [illegible] m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00 p. [illegible]

PLAINFIELD AND [illegible]

Leave Plainfield 5.4[illegible], 6.0[illegible] [illegible] 8.40, 9.32, 10.57, 11.08, 11.12, a. m. [illegible] 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, [illegible] 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.5[illegible] [illegible] 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.2[illegible] p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, [illegible] a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.30, [illegible] 5.30, 6.20, 7.10, 7.[illegible] 8.20, [illegible] p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., [illegible] p. m.

Passengers for Newark change [illegible]

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield [illegible] a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.33, 4.54, 5.16, [illegible] 8.08, 8.17, 9.29, 11.4[illegible] p. m. Sunday [illegible] a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.4[illegible] 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, [illegible] 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.[illegible] 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday 8.[illegible] 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.[illegible] p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21 a. m. [illegible] 4.34, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday [illegible] a. m. [illegible] p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.[illegible] p. m. Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00 p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, [illegible] connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

4.34, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.32, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.45*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.45, a. m., 6.30, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30 a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 9.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.00, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

J. H. OLHAUSEN, Gen'l Sup't.
H. P. BALDWIN, Gen'l Pass. Agent

ARNOLD,
The Grocer.
Cor. Somerset and Chatham Streets,
North Plainfield, N. J. my9y1

WEST END COAL YARD
HETFIELD BROS., Proprietors.
Dealers in all kinds of COAL. Estimates promptly furnished to parties desiring to lay in Coal. Offices—No. 18 Park avenue and South Second St. Yard—South Second Street, near Potter's Press Works. 8-25-y1
WALTER L. HETFIELD JOHN M. HETFIELD.

SHARKEY & BLIMM,
Grocers
Provisions, Flour, Feed, Grain, Baled Hay, Straw, &c. Vegetables, &c., No. 76 East 3d St. Orders Delivered Free of Charge to any part of the City or North Plainfield.
S. Sharkey. J. H. Blimm my9tf

W. N. ROWE,
HOUSE, SIGN AND DECORATIVE
PAINTER AND PAPER HANGER.
18 EAST FRONT STREET.
WALL PAPER AND WINDOW SHADES AT NEW YORK PRICES.
WHITE LEAD, LINSEED OIL AND PAINTERS' SUPPLIES, AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
HEADQUARTERS FOR
WINDOW AND DOOR SCREENS.
my16tf.

SEWAREN HOUSE,
SEWAREN BEACH, N. J.
Now open for Summer guests. Rates—$2.50 per day. $10 and $12 per week. The Sewaren Beach is
AN OLD FISHING GROUND,
and one of the best in the State. Fishermen will find all the requisites for fishing. GOOD DRY BOATS, (with awnings) Fishing Tackle, Bait, etc.
A FINE SANDY BEACH
large Bathing Houses and all
NEW FLANNEL SUITS
for hire. Good sheds for horses, to accommodate parties driving down for the day, with hostler in attendance. Ice Cream, Soda, Cigars and Mineral Waters sold at the stand in the hotel.
LUNCH AND ICE CREAM ROOM
fitted up in the Hotel for the accommodation of those wishing refreshments, with polite waiters in attendance. The proprietor solicits the patronage of the public. Parties wishing to secure rooms, address
JOHN P. TURNER, Prop'r,
7-15-m3 SEWAREN, N. J.
No Intoxicating Liquors Sold on the Premises.

C. P. WHEELER,
Boots, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,
for everybody. No. 69 Somerset street, North Plainfield. Correct Styles, Low Prices, Good Goods. 6-29-tf

FRANK LINKE,
Bottler
of Ballantine's Export, Lager Beer, Ale and Porter. Philip Best's Milwaukee Beer, and dealer in Guinness' Porter and Bass' Ale. Linden avenue, North Plainfield, N. J. Orders by mail. Box 1335, city, will receive prompt attention my18tf

H. C. DRAKE,
House Painter.
Residence, 12 North ave. All work guaranteed. Estimates furnished. my10y1

FOR
Soda Water,
With real Fruit Syrups, patronize Miller's Pharmacy, No. 10 E. Front street. my10tf

C. E. JOHNSON,
(Of late firm of SHEPHERD, JOHNSON & GODOWN.)
CARPENTER and BUILDER.
Office adjoining City Hotel, on Second street, near Park avenue, PLAINFIELD. Residence, 15 East Second street.
JOBBING A SPECIALTY. my10tf

ROBERT JAHN,
Tin and Coppersmith,
Scotch Plains, (Fanwood) N. J. Roofing, Stove and Heater work, Pumps, Tinware, and all kinds of sheet metal work. The best and the cheapest Smoke and Ventilation Caps. Repairing promptly attended to. 7-22-tf

FISHER & MONTFORT,
Photographers,
15 E. FRONT STREET
Our VERY BEST CABINET PHOTO'S, **$3.50 per Dozen.** my10y1

FIRST CLASS
Stationery, etc.,
Less than New York prices, at J. H. Allen's,
The Book Seller and Stationer,
No. 23 EAST FRONT ST., 10my

J. C. POPE & CO,
INSURANCE AGENTS,
No. 6 E. FRONT STREET. my10y1

A. D. COOK & BRO.,
Lumber and Coal Merchants,
CORNER PARK AVENUE AND RAILROAD,
PLAINFIELD.
All Lumber and Coal UNDER COVER.
ALFRED D. COOK. my10y1 ROBERT H. COOK.

WESTFIELD HOTEL,
WESTFIELD, N. J.
FRED'K COOMBS, Proprietor.
BOARDERS BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH.
GOOD STABLING ATTACHED. 8-23-m3

DON A. GAYLORD,
DEALER IN
Lumber and Masons' Materials,
OFFICE AND YARD—SOUTH SECOND ST. 10my1y

WEAVER BROS.,
House and Sign Painting, Graining, Etc.
PAPER HANGING AND KALSOMINING A SPECIALTY.
OFFICE AND SHOP IN THE REAR OF 16½ EAST FRONT STREET.
D. WEAVER. [P. O. BOX 331.] P. WEAVER. my10tf

BOOTS AND SHOES AT
Randolph's, 12 W. Front street.
New Goods, Latest Styles, Best Materials, at Reduced Prices.
AGENTS DOMESTIC SEWING MACHINE my10tf

J. W. VANSICKLE,
(Successor to Van Sickle & Terry.) Dealer in all kinds of
Fresh and Salt Meats,
etc. Game in season. No. 10 North avenue, Plainfield, N. J. Telephone No. 102. Orders called for and promptly delivered. All bills payable to me. my10tf

DAVID W. KING'S
Fish Market,
Somerset street, (formerly conducted by Andrew Huff.) A full line of *Fresh* Fish every day. All kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, etc. Open at six o'clock every morning. A trial of our goods solicited. 6-4-tf

JOHN MORTON,
PURE SPRING WATER ICE,
Delivered daily to any part of the city at the
LOWEST MARKET PRICE.
Orders received at Sherwin's Shoe Store. P. O. Box 986. my10tf

R. R. FAIRCHILD,
Furniture Dealer,
21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

NEW YORK AGAIN THIRD.

Philadelphia Defeated—Summary of Yesterday's Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Three thousand people saw a very loosely played game between New York and Indianapolis and the giants came very near throwing away another opportunity, but managed to save themselves by a rally in the tenth inning:

New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	1	—5
Indianapolis	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Base hits—New York 11, Indianapolis 5; Earned runs—New York 2, Indianapolis 1. Errors—New York 6, Indianapolis 10.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 30.—The Phillies were defeated after an exciting and well-played game as follows:

Pittsburg	3	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	—7
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	—6

Base hits—Pittsburg 9, Philadelphia 16. Errors—Pittsburg 2, Philadelphia 1. Pitcher Morris and Buffinton

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The champions defeated the home team in seven innings, 5 to 2. Pitchers, O'Day and Baldwin.

BOSTON, Aug. 30.—Stemmeyer was badly punished by Detroit in the latter part of the game, 21 hits being made. The score was 16 to 2 in favor of Detroit.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The victory of New York and the defeat of Philadelphia again puts New York in third place and even with Chicago on games won, but New York has played and lost four more games than Chicago, and is therefore 25 points behind on percentage. The summary of yesterday's games received here is as follows: American association—Louisville 14, Metropolitan 3; St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 5; Cincinnati 7, Athletic 5; Cleveland 8, Baltimore 6. International league—Syracuse 2, Jersey City 1; Newark 5, Wilkesbarre 1; Toronto 9, Hamilton 6.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Capt. Anson of the Chicago club said last night that all reports about trouble in the nine are untrue. "There is absolutely no trouble among the players in the Chicago club. I found it necessary to discipline one of my men—Pfeffer, the second-base man—and I suppose that because he was fined he talked about it, and that it was from this source that a rumor of a row came. Aside from this everything is harmonious. Pfeffer is still here, and will remain with us."

A Good Man in a Cheap Place.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Consul Burchard of Honduras, whose removal is said to be desired by the Honduras government, was appointed under the Hayes administration. His salary is only $1,000 per annum, and there have been no applications for the place since Secretary Bayard assumed office. The report which is said to have subjected the consul to adverse criticism was published a year ago, and was mainly directed against the licensing of the liquor traffic by the Honduras government. No complaint against Mr. Burchard has been made by the government, and as the consul is regarded as a faithful, efficient officer it is not probable that he will be disturbed.

Zunigas's Earthquake Gets There.

CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 30.—The earthquake predicted by Zunigas occurred this morning in an extremely modified form, and nineteen days late. The following official statement was obtained from the National Meteorological bureau: "A sharp earthquake shock occurred to-day a few seconds before 7 a. m.; movement oscillatory and from north to south, duration ten seconds." Senor Ceballos, governor of the federal district, said that no damage to life or property has been reported from any city within his district.

Labor Gossip.

The administration board been ordered to make arrangements for the call of a national convention of Waiters' Unions.

Strikers have been arrested at Rondout, N. Y., for assaulting the employes of the Newark Lime and Cement company at that place.

The Hart bagging mill on Second avenue, South Brooklyn, closed on Saturday night for the remainder of this year. About 100 girls were thrown out of employment.

The picnic committee of the Central labor union reported that only the American flag and those of trade unions will be allowed in the parade on labor day, and that no mottoes relating to politics will be tolerated.

The typographical union held a meeting in Chicago yesterday afternoon. Nearly 400 members were present. The object of the gathering was to take action on the proposition to the effect that nine hours should constitute a day's work. It was unanimously adopted that on and after Nov. 1 next all printers should insist upon it.

Arrangements for the labor parade in New York on next Monday have been nearly completed. The number of persons expected to turn out is as follows: Building trades, 20,000; tobacco trades, 6,000; clothing trade, 6,000; printing trades, 5,000; food producing trades, 5,000; metal trades, 4,000; visiting organizations, 3,000; mixed trades, 5,000. The police department has issued a permit for 100,000 men to march.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30. 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, slight changes in temperature, winds shifting to east and south.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

[illegible] YORK August 29.—Money on Call at 4 per [illegible]

BONDS.

		Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
[illegible]	1891, reg.	1[illegible]8	108½
[illegible]	1891, con.	109	10[illegible]
4s,	1907, reg.	125¾	126
4s,	1907, con.	125¾	126

STOCK MARKET.

Three o'clock—A bear feeling continued throughout the afternoon.

PRICES.

	Closing Saturday.	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	54½	55
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	137	13[illegible]
Central Pacific	35¾	37½
Del. & Hudson	[illegible]09¾	1[illegible]
Del. Lack. & W.	128¾	12[illegible]
Erie	29¾	30
Erie pref	67	68
Lake Shore	91¼	[illegible]2¾
Louis. & Nash.	[illegible]1¼	62
Michigan Central	83	—
Missouri Pacific	93	94
N. Y. & New Eng.	42¾	43¾
N. J. Central	72¾	73¾
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	106¾	[illegible]
Northwestern	112¾	11[illegible]
Oregon Navigation	89	—
Pacific Mail	33¾	—
Reading	50¾	[illegible]1¾
Rock Island	124	125
St. Paul	81½	82
Union Pacific	54	[illegible]3¾
West. Union Tel.	71¾	[illegible]1¾

PRODUCE MARKET.

	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
Wheat	79¾	79½	80¾
Corn	49½	49¼	50¾
Oats	31¼	31¾	31¾

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market quiet. Creamery—Eastern 23a2[illegible]; Western, 23a25c.; Imitation, 17a20c. Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs [illegible]; western, 15a18c. Factory—Fresh, 15a17c.; June packed 16a18c.

Cheese.—Market dull. Factory—New York cheddar, 11¾a12c.; western, flat, 10a10½c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs.—Market firm, Fresh—Eastern, firsts, 17a1[illegible]c; Canadian, firsts 16[illegible]a16½c; western, firsts [illegible] 6[illegible]

JEAN ROCET'S PARADOX.

A Man Who Shivers in Summer and Glows in Winter.

He Puzzles All Scientists and Makes His Sweltering Hoosier Neighbors Envious—The Story of a Singular Human Being.

The people of Wabash will not soon forget the awful heat of that Saturday and Sunday of last July when the brassy skies looked down upon the white limestone which glowed in the hot sunshine and sent up currents of heat if any thing more unbearable than the burning rays that descended from above. On the evening of that sweltering Saturday the Chicago *Mail's* Wabash (Ind.) correspondent met a being so strange and out of harmony with his surroundings that a repetition of his wonderful story can not fail to interest the reader, even though that reader may take no thought of its scientific phase, which, if it has a counterpart in the whole world of experience, is unknown to the writer. Just at dark the writer, as he was passing the Wabash depot, trying every possible way to keep cool, noticed a large-sized man standing near the depot building, apparently just arrived on an incoming train. He looked like a laboring man, and would not have attracted attention anywhere except for one thing: He was dressed in heavy winter clothing, such as no sane man would have worn with the thermometer at 96 degrees, as it was then. Was he an invalid, whose blood was too thin and poor to be affected by the terrible heat, in common with his fellows? He was too vigorous and healthy-looking, and that theory had to be abandoned. Was he a tramp, whose wardrobe did not afford a hot-weather suit? He did not look like a tramp, besides he had on surplus clothing, even to an overcoat that he might have carried. He did not look heated. On the other hand, he had much the appearance of a man chilled and suffering with the cold. His overcoat collar was turned up about his ears and his hands were thrust deep into his pockets. Your correspondent had not watched him long until he grew curious and concluded to investigate the phenomenon. He accordingly took a position near the stranger and remarked, while he fanned himself vigorously with his straw hat: "'Tis warm to-night." "So they tell me," replied the man in broken English, with a mixture of French; "I do not know."

"But you certainly do not have to be told that it is hot to-night," said the correspondent, who was faintly suspicious that the stranger was trying to "guy" him. A closer inspection, however, showed him that the man was not suffering from heat, warmly as he was dressed, for there was not a particle of perspiration about him. "I have not been warm since last winter, except when I was by a warm stove or in bed," said the stranger, in a serious tone, that banished the idea that he was joking.

"Mine is a strange case," he continued. Would you care to hear it? It is not long."

"I should certainly like to hear the history of a man who is not warm to-night, dressed as you are in heavy woolens," said your correspondent.

"Well, then, I was born forty-two years ago in the northern province of France in Alsace, of peasant parentage. There is nothing in my history that is of interest, but there is something in me that has interested many—a peculiarity that has puzzled science and that is without a parallel in the whole world, so far as I know or have ever heard. The peculiarity consists in the fact that when others are warm I am cold, and vice versa. I shiver with cold under a July sun, and swelter with heat amid the snows of winter. My name is Jean Rocet, and my father was a laborer in a brewery in Alsace, and had a large family, of which I was the youngest, except one, a sister, who was born three years later. None of my brothers or sisters possessed my peculiarity. My mother first discovered that I was not like the other children when I was about one year and a half old, before I can myself remember. My parents and the neighbors were greatly puzzled at the phenomena, but not more so than were the scientific men who examined me in later years. I was the wonder of our neighborhood as I grew up, for while other children in winter went about in heavy woolens and shivered with cold at that, I played by the roadside wearing thin summer clothing, while my body was flushed with heat and my face suffused with perspiration. When summer came again, and birds sang, and the sun's fierce rays beat upon the white roads of Alsace, and my little companions frolicked upon the green sward and waded the brook, I cried with the cold and sought warmth indoors. The seasons were just reversed for me."

"But when you touched the ice and snow were they not cold to you?" was asked.

"Yes, as they would be to you in the summer time. The frozen ground, too, was cold, but the icy atmosphere that swept over it was as stifling to me as a sirocco. What was most peculiar, perhaps, was the fact that the lower the thermometer sunk the warmer I got, and the higher it arose the colder it seemed to me. To prove to you that this is not imagination with me, feel of my hand," said the stranger. The scribe touched it. It was as cold as ice, and the mercury stood at 96 degrees.

"I lived in Alsace until about ten years ago, when I came to this country to work at my trade, that of a stone-cutter. I have lived in Jersey City until a few days ago, when I started West. I am unmarried, and have never had a sick day in my life. That is my history, and, as you see, uneventful enough, except for this peculiarity in my physical make-up which turns winter into summer and balmy summer into dread winter."

"But can you think of no explanation for this phenomena? What do scientific men say of it?"

"Nothing that is not guess-work. It is said that a few days before I was born the hot July weather in Alsace was broken in upon by a severe storm, in which the elements were strangely mixed. Thunder and lightning, combined with hail and even snow, swept in furious torrents over Alsace, and continued for more than twenty-four hours. Scientists connect the storm with my birth in explanation of my peculiarity. But, after all, that explanation rests upon unproved theory. I only know the facts. I do not attempt to explain it."

Origin of a Quaint Phrase.

The New York *Journal of Commerce* explains the origin and significance of a quaint phrase. A lady has found in a work she was reading the injunction "Never touch your eye but with your elbow," and she is quite at a loss to understand its meaning. Her remark that she and a number of friends tried the experiment but the most supple of them could not hit the eye with the elbow, gives the key to its meaning. It is a very old proverb, and means never rub your eye with any thing. Nothing is more injurious to the vision than rubbing the eye, and if it is touched with nothing but the elbow it will never be touched.

SOME GOOD ADVICE.

Open Letter to a Man Overwhelmed with Business.

Why Some Men Never Succeed—Aimless and Unnecessary Talk—The Effect of Worry on the System and the Mind.

You'll excuse me, writes Prentice Mulford in the San Francisco *Chronicle*, I trust, for saying so, but I don't see any sense or any use in your being "overwhelmed with business." You should not let any thing overwhelm you. You're the worse off for being overwhelmed by any thing. The fact is, more than half you do and expend your time and struggle on isn't business at all. You'll stand and talk with a man for half an hour when neither of you have any thing to say, and when you're through you'll suddenly recollect you're late for you're train or your interviews with somebody else. Then you rush off in a hurry. You carry hurry with you. You infect every body with it you meet. You carry on your interviews in a hurry, thinking all the time of the next thing you've got to do. You leave the business concerned in that interview about half done because you were not able to fix or center your mind wholly on it. You leave business with tags and loose ends. You are always in a fret and worry because of the consequences of your hurried state of mind—and you call all this "business."

You have "forty things" to think of and do at once. You shouldn't have forty things to do at once. You should have only one thing to do at once. That's business. You mislay things. You forget things. You tuck important papers away in unimportant and obscure rat holes, hardly conscious of what you're doing. You lose minutes, hours and strength in looking for them. You call that business. All of your mistakes and worries you dignify by the name of business. You get in a worry and a hurry, and forget where you've laid your hat, and you call the hunting of that hat "business." Well, it is business, but it's the wrong kind of business. You get your thread in a tangle instead of a properly wound ball, and you call the tangle business. You carry a tangle around with you in your head and call it business. You carry your tangle to bed with you. You think it over and over. The same old tangle all night, instead of sleeping as you should to get strength for to-morrow, and you call that "business." Real business is making a business of sleep when the time comes to sleep, and not going to work when you should go to sleep. You've no more business carrying your work to bed with you than a wood-sawyer has to carry his saw and buck to bed with him.

You're a worry and a pressure and a nuisance at times to your friends and those who are trying to be your friends in always talking about the load you have to carry in your business. The less of a load business is to a man the better he does business. If you're a horse-jockey and its a pleasure for you to sell horses, you'll sell horses and possibly sell the people you sell them to. But if it's a load and a worry and an annoyance for you to sell horses, then you won't sell many. The more a man loves his work the less of a load is it to him and the better he succeeds in his work. The thing that's best done is the thing or act that gives most pleasure in the doing. A live salesman loves to sell goods. A dead salesman who looks like a funeral when he's selling goods and mourns while selling them that he must sell them won't sell many goods. Your idea of "business" for the last ten years has been the borrowing of $10,000 from any body who was simple enough to lend it to you to "start the business." You will then in three years' time spend $3,000 on yourself, lose the other $7,000 and wind up with nothing.

You had no idea of doing any one a wrong or deceiving any one. But when you got the money you cheated yourself into the delusion that your own expenses were a very necessary part of the business and you were tempted to enlarge the expenses. You're always in this way chasing a phantom and getting out of one business into another. Your real business is that of losing other people's money. Your real business is that of cheating other people into your own delusions. You are the most dangerous of all swindlers, because you are really honest and a believer in your own swindle. You see "millions in it," and magnetize other people in seeing your own shadowy millions. You have considerable ability as a talker, a reasoner, a prevailer. You are the man who can make others see a gold mine in a hill of barren rock. You are the man who can cover in imagination a mud flat or sand waste with a full-built town and make corner lots worth thousands before the stakes are driven and while the frogs are concerting upon them.

When you are talking business you don't talk to the center, the pith, the rule of the thing. You don't aim at any bull's-eye. You hum and haw, and talk all round the board, and all round what you've got to say or to propose, because you're afraid to say it. You never know exactly what you want yourself. Of course you can't then make others know what you want. You always want to get a little more out of a man than what you say you want. That's one reason why so many times you get nothing at all. You lose too much time in feeling around and taking soundings. When the main channel is marked and buoyed out straight before, and that channel is the talking straight out of what you want to do to the other man, if he'll do it, well and good; if he won't, he won't, and there's an end of it. More real business can be done in five minutes than you do sometime in five hours.

You'd get along and do well if you didn't carry your brains as loosely as you do your papers in your hat. Your brains, like your papers, are always flying away when you take your hat off. You're a cyclone, you are—plenty of force, wind, which could, properly applied, sail a ship or run a windmill; but the way you let it on tears things all to pieces—including yourself.

A Monster Hive of Honey.

According to the *Revue Horticole*, the French National Society of Acclimation has lately published the following astonishing fact: "Dr. E. Guilmeth, during an exploration which he was making in Australian forests, in 1884, perceived, one day, at the summit of an eucalyptus tree, which measured 23 feet in diameter and 325 feet in height, a sort of hut rounded at the top. Almost immediately he noticed a multitude of black insects, which were flying and buzzing around this mass, in which he recognized a hive of the black bees of Tasmania. After having felled the tree, the doctor extracted from the hive 7,716 pounds (3,500 kilogrammes) of honey, the empty hive still weighing about 2,200 pounds (1,000 kilogrammes). This honey is said to possess some particular medicinal qualities."

BARBER PHILOSOPHY.

A Mint of Information on an Interesting Subject.

Points from an Observer Who has Shaved His Fellows for Thirty Years—How Preachers, Doctors and Brokers Wear Their Hair.

"It is not true that peachy-cheeked boys are the easiest to shave," said one of the officers of the Barbers' Union, who has worked at his trade over thirty years, to a New York *Sun* reporter. "The easiest men to shave are fat men. The fatter a man is the less work it is for a barber to shave him. It is not the size of a man's face so much or the strength of his beard as the chance a barber has to get at it. When a man is thin and the bones of his face stick out at angles a barber must be careful or he will run his razor through the skin by trying to cut too long and wide at a stroke. With a thin man he must go along a little at a time, while on a fat man he takes a heavy razor with a wide edge and mows the beard off.

"Boys are not easy to shave well. The hair on their face has no strength, and the razor glides over it without taking it off, or the barber leaves patches which he doesn't notice. The sharper a razor is the worse it is to shave fuzz with it. It takes some time for the fuzz to toughen, and until it toughens and has some resistance to it the barber is bothered in shaving. It is not so much the strength of the beard that causes trouble in shaving as it is the tenderness of the skin. The skin of boys and young men is more tender than the skin of older men. That makes the barber take more care to avoid cutting through. A tough beard on a tough face is not so bad as an easy beard on a tender face.

"Red beards are worst. I do not mean auburn beards (I have an auburn beard myself), but those red beards that grow out like wire and have thin skin under them. There are black beards that are as tough as those wiry red ones, but a man with a tough black beard usually has a tough skin, and you can mow the hair off him, while red-bearded men have cranky skins. It is better to have the same barber shave you, on account of the peculiarities of hair and skin that every man has. The hair of the face does not grow in an even grain, and no barber who shaves you the first time will take it just right. If you have a tough skin, improper shaving will not matter so much; but if your skin is tender, little pimples will break out where the razor went the wrong way. Then, a barber becomes acquainted with the soft and hard spots of your face, and makes allowances. It is better to have a fairly-good barber shave you steadily than to change around among the best.

"Curly hair is easier to cut than straight hair because it is softer. The softer and finer hair is the less work it is to cut it. Most people think that curly hair is hard to cut, but that depends on the toughness of it. Some hair is so tough that it blunts the scissors. The oftener hair is cut the harder it is to cut it. Black or red hair is the hardest to cut, as the hair is stronger. Fair, curly hair, is easiest. It is a great deal with hair-cutting as with shaving. The barber who knows about you will give you better satisfaction than the barber who doesn't.

"There is one thing about barbers that I have often wondered over. There are more bald barbers in proportion than there are bald men in any other business. I do not know why barbers become bald. Perhaps it is worry, or, more likely, it is thought. Barbers are great thinkers. Their toil at shaving or cutting hair is, to a certain extent, mechanical, and it leaves the mind free. That may account for the number of bald barbers, but I have never been able, quite, to explain it. Barbers used to wear their hair long, and take great care in having each lock oiled and carefully curled, but only some of the old-time barbers do that now. The new barbers have become dandies, and wear their hair short. They are too careful about their personal appearance.

"Preachers take more care of their hair than any body else. They have all kinds of beards and hair, just as other men, but they arrange their hair and beards differently. Now, there isn't any man that I would rather have shaved than Henry Ward Beecher. He had a nice, fat, easy face. But Talmage—well, he's too thin in the face, and his lower jaw is not smooth enough. There are angles in the jawbones, and I'd be afraid to scrape the skin off one of them. Catholic priests are seldom bald, especially the priests who have their tonsures shaved. That preserves the hair on the top of the head. Protestant preachers usually wear long hair. As a class their hair is longest.

"Doctors are careful of their hair, but many of them grow bald or gray. I have a theory that grayness is caused by the loss of lime and iron in the system, and doctors must lose their lime and iron quicker than preachers. Some doctors think it helps them in their practice if they grow gray young.

"Brokers build a lot on their personal appearance, but they do not pay sufficient attention to their hair. They put it off on their barbers instead of looking after their hair themselves. A man must brush his hair often if he wants it to look right.

"Newspaper men take less care of their hair than men in any other business. They wear it cut short to save them the time and trouble of brushing it. Men who work on newspapers are a short-haired race.

"Store-keepers, except in the dry-goods line, do not wear short hair. The further up in the store you get the longer is the hair worn. The clerks and salesmen have short spruce hair, while the heads of the firms could tickle their noses with their back hair.

"Bartenders and actors are among the men who travel on their personal appearance, but they do not impart sufficient individuality to their hair. They give the whole care of their head over to some barber, who, possibly, is not competent for the task. A man should take an interest in his own hair. It is something to be thought over and to be made something of. A man should try different arrangements of his hair and beard to see which are most becoming, and should consult with his barber as he does with his physician. A barber can not do what's best for a man unless the man takes a personal interest in it. The owner of the hair should supply the fullest information to the barber, who then can act with intelligence."

Nothing Slow About This Girl.

Celia Forbing, of Kenton, O., was walking through the new court-house at Tiffin with some young friends. Suddenly she stepped up to the marriage record and dared any young man present to take out the papers and make her his. The challenge was accepted by a young man of the party and the knot was tied at Fostoria the same night.

The Same Messenger Boy.

A letter has just been disentombed in Pompeii, just where the district messenger boy lost it 303,000 years ago. The boy is supposed to be still alive, wandering along in the direction of the house at which the letter was to be delivered.

HARDWARE,
Plumbing,
STEAM AND GAS FITTING,
Sheet Iron and Heater Work.
TELEPHONE CALL—6.

A. M. GRIFFEN,
13 EAST FRONT ST.

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Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS
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10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11 tf

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Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)
Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP Drugs."
SUNDAY HOURS.
Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions,
AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.
Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.
A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD
Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled
NEW ENGLAND BREAD.
None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.
Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.
Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.
F. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.
my10m3

FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,
24 NORTH AVENUE,
First-Class Market,
Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to compete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

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65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,
Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.
ROSE, WINTER KING,
PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.
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Etc., at less than New York Prices.
PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO. 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.
All pure goods at popular prices.
Telephone Call. 113. my10tf
Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 30 R. Orders will receive prompt attention.

John A. Thickstun,
DEALER IN
BEST QUALITIES
COAL, WOOD,
AND
BLUESTONE
YARD—Cor Third street and Madison ave.
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We will close out our immense line of
ALL WOOL
PANTALOONS
AT
$2 and $2.50,
FINER GRADES
AT
$3.50, $4 and $5,
To make room for our Fall stock.
SCHWED BROS.,
NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.
my.0

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.
THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.
OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.
(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)
LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue
LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE.
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.
NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.
Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings.
Existing gas fitting can be used.
The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.
DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.
The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.
The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.
See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.
ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS
FRANK E. MILLER.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.
5-28-m3

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NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.
A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.
Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
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Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

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Proprietors,
FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,
PLAINFIELD, N. J.
A First-Class Family Resort. my10tf

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—AND—
ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,
OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.
We Furnish Electric Motors
—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—
Our Railway System Embraces
—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—
Are Ready to Make Estimates
—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—

THE DAILY PRESS.

ESTABLISHED May 10, 1887. PLAINFIELD, N. J., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 31, 1887. PRICE, TWO CENTS.

THE DAILY PRESS.

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IT IS DEVOTED, LOCALLY, TO THE INTERESTS OF THE CITY OF PLAINFIELD, ITS SUBURBS AND ITS NEIGHBORING TOWNS; AND, POLITICALLY, TO THE ADVANCEMENT OF THE PRINCIPLES OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY—"THE GREATEST GOOD TO THE GREATEST NUMBE "

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED ON ALL MATTERS OF PUBLIC CONCERN, BUT PUBLISHED ONLY WHEN ACCOMPANIED BY THE NAME OF THE WRITER, IN CONFIDENCE, AS ENDORSING THE TRUTH AND HONEST INTENT OF THE COMMUNICATION.

ADVERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION AT THIS OFFICE. NOTICES OF CHURCH ENTERTAINMENTS, FAIRS, SOCIABLES, LECTURES, CARDS OF THANKS, LODGE RESOLUTIONS, ETC., INSERTED FREE.

W. L. AND A. L. FORCE, - PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

J. A. DEMAREST, - - MANAGING EDITOR.

PRESS POINTERS.

—Vacation days are drawing to a close.

—Summer sojourners are now homeward bound.

—After years of waiting and anxiety, Plainfield is at last delivered from the terrors of the fire-bugs.

—On our last page today is the Rev. Dr. Talmage's sermon of Sunday last on the subject of "Woman's Rights."

—The biggest blaze the bugs ever kindled is the blaze of excitement that Plainfield has been in since Sunday.

—Justice Nash will continue the auction sale to-night of the entire stock of jewelry, etc., belonging to Jacob Moraller.

—The store of Schwed Bros., of East Front street, will hereafter be open every evening until 9 o'clock, and until 10 o'clock on Saturdays.

—Next Saturday's ball game on the Park avenue grounds will be between the Y. M. C. A's of this city and the "Browns" of Harlem, at four o'clock.

—Dog catcher Babbitt says the excitement of the past few days has seriously interfered with his business. Yesterday he only gathered in three unmuzzled dogs.

—Jackson, the convicted fire-bug, realizes his doom, and says he expects to spend the remainder of his days behind the prison walls. He also says it is too late now to reform.

—A merry-go-round has strayed away from the seashore and located at the corner of Somerset street and Linden avenue, North Plainfield. In consequence thereof the children are delighted.

—At Effie Ellsler's appearance at Music Hall, to-morrow evening, the new scenery will be used, and an opportunity will be afforded of trying the effect of the tests made for the improving of the acoustics.

—It will be a great ball game this afternoon on the Park avenue grounds between the "West Ends" of Somerville and our Y. M. C. A's. Last Saturday the score was in favor of the visiting nine. Today it won't be.

—Samuel Gibson, who was arrested by Officer Lynch, yesterday morning for being drunk, was last night paroled to appear this morning and pay a five-dollar fine. Gibson says "they" paroled him to make room for more prisoners.

—The Rev. Edward McGlynn, D. D., is to speak again at the "Perrine Mountain House," near Summit, Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock, sharp. Conveyances will be at the Westfield station on the arrival of the 9:00, a. m. and 12:00, m. trains from New York.

—The wife of one of the prisoners accused of being an incendiary, is reported to have said that she would sacrifice everything, even to her child, for the sake of making a better man of her husband. Another one said she married her husband for better or for worse—but she got the worse.

—*It is reasonable to suppose that* Jackson's incentive for burning the house belonging to the Lee brothers on Union avenue, was purely out of revenge. It is said that the prisoner was ejected from a house on East Front street last Winter, belonging to Lee brothers, and that he then declared that he would have revenge.

—The waiters of Netherwood Hotel, this evening, will give a grand dance in the large barn belonging to the hotel. The building has been all cleared out for the occasion, and will be decorated and illuminated with Japanese lanterns. Fine music has been engaged, and they and their ladies and their friends will have a big time.

—Last night three drunk and disorderlies were gathered in, but as the jail was already full enough, two were released and room made for the other by releasing a recent prisoner who had sobered up. The one released was in a cell with a firebug and he says the minute the new man was put in he clinched his fellow prisoner. Probably neither of them slept well all night.

—Next Monday will be labor holiday.

—A pint of whiskey was taken from Jackson's pocket when searched at the station-house, on Saturday night.

—Tomorrow oysters will be ripe, and we hope they will shell-out well for we want to be present at the opening.

—John M. Jackson, the fire-bug, will probably be in the neighborhood of sixty years of age, when he is again allowed to walk out from behind the prison bars, a free man.

—A report was circulated on Wall street yesterday that during the past few weeks the operating expenses of the Central Railroad of New. Jersey had been reduced fully ten per cent. below last year's figures. The company has lately ordered 1,000 new cars for coal traffic.

—Albert Cook who was arrested in the borough two weeks ago today, and paroled by Mayor Cooley with the understanding that he was to return within two weeks and pay a fine of five dollars or be committed for ten days, has not yet surrendered himself, and Mayor Cooley will probably make application for extradition papers.

—The excursion of the Brotherhood of Firemen of Jersey City and Phillipsburg, passed through this city on the way to Lake Hopatcong, this morning. About twenty persons from here took passage on the train, but they were obliged to go to Dunellen, as the train only stopped at stations along the line where round-houses are located.

—The original and only bottle that contained the oil used by the fire-bug to complete his work on Saturday evening, is now in possession of Mr. James H. House, of East Front street. Some of the ashes of the paper lighted by Jackson were gathered up by Mr. D. W. Little, of North avenue, and all of these articles will probably be required when the grand jury meets. Some of the ashes can be seen in the window of this office.

—Jackson, the culprit, was taken sick at the station house yesterday afternoon, and for a time it was thought that the services of a doctor would be required. He was led into the open air, and finally recovered sufficiently to return to his cell. After pleading to his charges, yesterday, he stood in the court room, carefully watching the reporters taking notes, and did not seem to realize the fact that the State Prison was staring him in the face.

—William Donnelly, a brakeman on the Central Railroad, living at Newark, was struck and fatally injured by his head coming in contact with the Cherry street bridge early yesterday morning at Elizabeth, while he was running over the top of some freight cars on a train. The blow knocked him off the train, and he was picked up insensible at one side of the track. He was taken to the city hospital, where he lies in a comatose condition, suffering from concussion of the brain.

—THE PRESS stated on Monday that it had now come to light, on information obtained from Special Officer Flannigan that Jackson was the person who was seen to pass along West Fifth street on the night the McCutchen barn was burned, just a few minutes before the fire was discovered, and that he was pointed out to several persons at the fire, as the party suspected of starting it. Sure enough, the assertion was proved by Jackson himself, when he plead guilty to the charge of starting the fire.

Murphy, Go Slow!

Edward J. Murphy, the "Cow-Boy Detective"—who was never a cow-boy and never a detective—is just now high in the *hearts of the people because of their* feelings of thanksgiving and rest. He has delivered them from the torch of the incendiary. But even Murphy must go slowly. He burst into our office last evening and arrested without cause or provocation two gentlemen who had come in to see our presses run. They were of course immediately discharged by the authorities.

If Murphy sees fit to growl and grab at every citizen that does not please him, he will soon overcome the gratitude of the public, and lose even some of the admiration of those who approve the ways of informants.

Assisting Justice.

Jackson pleads guilty to two fires, and thus saves the State the necessity and expense of convicting him.

Why did he so plead in those particular cases only?

Because one—the Lee house—the officers caught him in the act of firing.

Because the other the McCutchen barn—THE PRESS caught him in the act of leaving, and convicted him in its columns.

That kind of newspaper enterprise will never defeat the ends of justice.

He's No Hog.

Horace VanNest, one of the sextette of boarders once confined in the city jail, said to officer Mattox, this morning, "Mattox, I've always been a friend of yours; you've been on duty lately, and look worn out; give me your club and uniform and I'll go on duty a day or two for you—there's no hog about me."

THE INCENDIARIES GONE!

FIREBUGS SENT TO ELIZABETH.

Prosecuting Attorney, Wilson, sent a request yesterday to City Judge Ulrich, that the accused incendiaries held under complaints before him be committed to the County Jail at Elizabeth to await a further hearing. Consequently on the 11:08 train this morning Jackson and the three VanNests were taken to Elizabeth in custody of Acting-Chief Grant and officers Lynch and Flannigan. They were there delivered into the custody of the Jail Warden, under instructions set forth in the commitment requiring that they be produced in Plainfield *tomorrow* at the time and place set down for a further hearing. This gives more room in the City Jail for any to come. Reed and Hapenny were subsequently committed in the same way by Justice Wadsworth, and were taken to Elizabeth on the 2:57 train this afternoon. Councilman Dunham of the Police Committee is now relieved of his control of the prisoners and may take a deserved rest.

From Netherwood to Hopatcong.

A special palace car chartered for the occasion carried a rollicking party of Hotel Netherwood guests to Lake Hopatcong, yesterday. There was included Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Brewster, Major T. H. Cullen and family, Mr. J. B. Ryder and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Benary, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Goelet, Captain A. A. Drake and family, Mr. H. C. Swain and family, Col. W. H. Eckert and family, Mrs. W. J. Roome, General and Mrs. F. E. Miller.

The grand trip was a treat of its kind seldom excelled, and the day spent at so magnificent a spot so finely situated was a charm and a pleasure greatly increased by perfection of weather. A dinner was served the party at Hotel Breslin, and the arrival home at nine o'clock was followed by a supper that so filled every desire of the gentlemen especially, they raised Bonny Face Miller up on their shoulders and swore he was the finest into whose hands the Hotel—and its guests—had ever fallen.

Compliments from Abroad.

One of the New York theatrical journals has the following very pretty notice about something that has been going on in Plainfield: "At Music Hall, Seymour Parker, the scenic artist of the Criterion Theatre, Brooklyn, N. Y., has just finished re-painting the scenery. Mr. Parker received the congratulations of the Board of Directors upon the excellent manner in which he has executed his work. Stage manager Mattox has been busy all Summer superintending carpenters, painters etc., re-decorating the house. Mr. Mattox has remedied to a certain degree the heretofore bad acoustics of the house by stretching invisible wires across the gallery in front of the proscenium-arch. Mr. Mattox has been stage-manager in various theatres in New York, Newark, N. J., and at this house for twenty-five years, and is very popular with the profession."

The Rahway Mystery.

Prosecutor William Wilson arrived home from Europe Sunday evening, and at once set about arranging for the coming investigation of the noted basket clue in the case of Rahway's unknown girl murder. Mr. Wilson, ex-Chief Kernan and Chief Jenkins, of Elizabeth, and Mayor Daly, of Rahway, are to hold a conference today, it is said. The Prosecutor will be made familiar with all the developments in the mysterious case during his stay abroad, and then the Grand Jury will listen to the affidavits of the three witnesses who claim they identify the basket as the one they saw in Baker's grocery store in Milton. Stewart Baker and his mother and wife will be brought before the Grand Jury.

The Rewards.

The only publicly offered rewards, now in force and existence, covering the matter we are all so happy over, are two of $500 each. They are offered by the National Board of Fire Underwriters. One for information that will lead to the arrest and conviction of the incendiary who fired the Jones barn near the corner of Park avenue and Sixth street; and the other for him who fired the Parse house on Union avenue. If the guilty parties are the same, however, only one reward will be paid. Before the reward is paid the guilty must be actually in jail under sentence of the Court for the crime.

Now He's Got the Plainfield Belt.

The *Hotel Mail* of New York says: "A cottager at Asbury Park, N. J., Mr. George F. Brown, came within one of winning the gold medal offered by Mr. James Bradley, founder of the Park, for the largest fish caught from his pier. Mr. Brown's sea bass was nearly a yard long and weighed about 16 pounds. Fish and fisherman exchanged elements before the former was safely landed."

PARTICULAR MENTION.

Miss Minnie Roberts of Easton is visiting relatives in this city.

Miss Annie Gilbert of Prospect avenue left Monday evening for the Catskill.

Mr. C. F. Powlison of North Plainfield, returned yesterday from Saratoga Springs.

Miss Maude Ayers of Crescent avenue, will spend the Winter months in New York city.

Mrs. Edward Pound and children, of West Fourth street, are home from Asbury Park.

Mrs. A. C. Baldwin of Park avenue, has returned after a pleasant season at Schooley's Mountain.

Rev. E. M. Rodman, Rector of Grace church, returned yesterday from his vacation on Long Island.

Mrs. J. C. Shaw, who has been summering in the Taylor house on Ninth street, has returned to New York.

Mrs. Winter and daughter, Summer residents at La Grande avenue and Franklin Place, left this city today.

Mr. John M. Clark and wife of Park avenue, leave today for a two week's trip to Woodburne, New York.

Miss Ella Milligan of West Fourth street is spending a few weeks with relatives in Hunterdon county.

Mr. S. H. Jacobus, wife and son of East Front street have returned from Blue Mountain Lake in the Adirondacks.

The Misses Waters and Whitney, teachers in the Plainfield public schools, have returned from their summer vacation.

Miss Bertha Morris, of Asbury Park, returned home yesterday, after a few week's visit with relatives on West Fifth street.

Mrs. Vaughn and family left the city today for their home in New York, after spending the Summer months on Grove street.

Mr. Corydon Tyler and Miss Lulu Tyler are visiting a very few of their very many friends in this city. They will remain a week or so.

Mr. George P. Suydam requests us to deny the erroneous report in circulation that he has been engaged to defend Jackson. It is not so.

Mr. J. B. Scott and family who have been summering in Plainfield, occupying Mrs. C. E. Ryder's house on East Front street, returned to New York today.

Mr. and Mrs. John H. Evans have returned from Spring Lake and are entertaining at their country seat, "Oakwood," Mr. and Mrs. C. deLacey Evans, of Baltimore.

The Seventh Day people in this vicinity will regret to hear of the death of Prof. E. P. Larkin of Alfred University, which occurred at his home in Alfred Centre, N. Y., last week.

In *Good Housekeeping* for Sept. 3d, appears a picture of "Catherine Owen"—Mrs. Helen Nitch of North Plainfield—accompanied by a sketch of her life written by Mr. Clark W. Bryant, the publisher.

Miss Louise Green, of Eighth street, started today to visit her sister, Mrs. Orville Stillman, at Westerly, R. I., after which she will enter Wellesley College, graduating from that institution in June next.

Councilman S. P. T. Wilbur was so unfortunate yesterday as to lose his pocketbook. It contained about $200, his commutation ticket, and some valuable papers. If the finder will hand it to him, or leave it at this office, he will be well rewarded.

Mr. Eugene Allison died this afternoon at his residence on Somerset street and Mountain avenue. The deceased had been ill some time, and leaves a large family. He was Superintendent of the world known establishments of Delmonico of New York.

Mr. George Newman of Orange, brother of Mr. H. Otis Newman of West Fifth street, spent Sunday in this city and charmed the congregation of Crescent Avenue church with his pure tenor that rang out clearly above the rest of that morning's choir.

Dr. Still Bailey of Chicago, a former partner of Dr. Frank Wells, was in this city during Monday visiting friends. He left for his home the same evening. Dr. Bailey arrived from Europe on the "Umbria" the day before, after a terrible passage. He was unable to eat anything during the entire trip.

Whether He Is or Isn't.

We said yesterday:

"If Edward Murphy, the informant in the cases of the accused and the suspected incendiaries, is a professional detective—or even an amateur one who went into the business, *from the beginning*, with the intention of bringing the guilty to justice—then the credit for the snaring of the captives and those to follow, belongs only to him."

But we should have gone further, so as not to be misunderstood later. We mean as well, that he deserves credit for assisting the authorities in quenching the firebugs at last, even if he is not a detective.

Another Out-Door Concert.

Messrs. Joseph and George Miller, the bounteous proprietors of Laing's Hotel, are always doing something for the pleasure and gratification of their friends. Now they are trying, without considering the expense, to satisfy the entire public by giving them all the music they want. They were the only ones among us generous enough to start the out-door band concerts, and since the first was appreciated so thoroughly by the three thousand who heard it, we are to have another Friday evening. For this has been engaged the celebrated Drake Zouave Band of Elizabeth, under Mr. William McDowell Drake, Musical Director. Commencing at eight o'clock of Friday evening, in front of the Hotel, this Band will render the following

PROGRAMME.

1. March.....Wandering Bell.....Williams
2. Waltz.....Dolores.....Waldteufel
3. Jolly Musicians.....Der. Linden
4. Selections.....Erminie.....Jakobowski
5. Schottische.....Little Gracie.....Casey
6. Description Piece. Recollections of War. Beyer

Introducing the assembly, sun rise gun, the march to victory, the prayer on the eve of battle, the battle, the star spangled banner, the vacant chair, etc.

INTERMISSION.

7. Overture.....Machlette.....Verdi
8. Patrol Comique Johnny Git the Gun Hindley
9. Cornet Solo.....Selected.....W. McDowell Drake
10. Idyll.....The Forge of the Forrest" Blacksmith—Mr. Robt. Drake of Newark.

Description—Night, Morning, with the sound of Coo Coo, Lark, etc., by the brook with the running of the water, the steeple bell strikes fire, the blacksmith prepares for work, while the band performs the morning prayer. Finale—The Forge in the Forest.

11. *The Rage in Ireland*.....Beyer
12. Polka.....Our Babies.....Laney

A Horse in Tiers.

About half-past ten o'clock this morning, a valuable horse, attached to a buggy, the property of Mr. Ellis A. Campbell, broke loose from its fastenings in front of Mr. E. P. Thorn's in Park Avenue, and dashed through to Front street. Futile efforts were made to stop the animal, by pedestrians, but he continued on in his flight, barely missing numerous vehicles standing on Front street. Reaching Liberty street, the runaway turned in and ran to Eighth street, where he collided with the horse and buggy of Mr. Wm. R. Clarkson. That gentleman, who was the only occupant, was thrown out and his buggy and harness damaged. The runaway continued on through Eighth street to Peace, passing through that street to Front street, where he collided with the horse and wagon of Mr. Wm. Scribner. He then turned into Tier's Lane, and running into one of that gentleman's heavy ice-wagons, was thrown to his side by the collision and secured. The animal received scratches on the off hind leg. The buggy suffered from a bent axle and scratches. Mr. E. P. Thorn followed after the runaway in his wagon.

Centennial Anniversary.

The Centennial Anniversary of the adoption of the Federal Constitution will be held at Philadelphia on September 15th, 16th and 17th. On account of this the Central Railroad Company will issue special excursion tickets to and from Philadelphia, as the following circular to its agents will indicate:

"On account thereof we will sell Special Excursion Tickets to Philadelphia from September 13th to 17th, inclusive, good to return until September 20th, inclusive, at single first class fare. For military and other organizations, traveling in a body on one ticket in each direction, and consisting of not less than twenty-five persons, you can name rate and arrange therefor at one (1) cent per mile per capita, for distance traveled from starting point to Philadelphia and return (using short line distance from competitive points). The sale of tickets at rate of one cent per mile for military, &c., &c., to apply only from September 13th to 17th, 1887 (inclusive) and limited for return until Sept. 20th, 1887 (inclusive) and agents arranging for such organizations will apply at ticket office Special Ticket."

A Busy Architect.

Our very talented Architect, Mr. B. Fosgate, Jr., a resident of Plainfield, whose card is in our "professional" column, states that his office is on North avenue opposite the depot. He is architect for the Central New Jersey Land Improvement company and in charge of all their extensive improvements at Grant avenue and Evona stations. He has now over thirty dwelling houses in course of erection, which are contracted for to be finished ready to be occupied by December 1st. Much of our city's attractiveness consists of its beautiful buildings, many of which are from designs of Mr. Fosgate's—erected under his supervision. We should congratulate ourselves on having such able architectural ability to depend on.

Picnic.

The annual picnic of the Girls' Auxiliary to Garfield League will take place on Friday, September 2d, at Vail's Spring. The girls residing in Plainfield will meet at the residence of Mrs. E. J. Olssen, No. 116 East Second street, and those residing in North Plainfield at the residence of Mrs. J. Mackey, at half-past eight o'clock on Friday morning. Should the day prove stormy the picnic will be postponed until further notice.

WASHINGTONVILLE

Mr. and Mrs. Cherry of Jersey City Heights who have been spending the Summer with friends in the Valley, have returned home much improved in health.

The local freight on the D. L. & W. R. R. while waiting at Summit station was run into by a peach train yesterday. Several of the cars were badly broken up and the track was blocked for some time so that trains was delayed several hours.

The quarry belonging to Mr. Ackerman at Washingtonville is being worked again. The top layer of dirt has been removed before the road exposing a face of stone better than any yet taken out. This is the quarry from which the stone for the First Baptist church was taken.

A fire near Berkely Heights last Sunday afternoon about two o'clock destroyed the dwelling of John Ricke. Mr. Ricke and wife were away visiting neighbors and their two young daughters were at Sunday school thus leaving the house alone for the first time in three years. All the furniture was destroyed except one rocking chair. The loss is heavy and there was but $150 insurance on the building and contents. The cause of the fire is attributed to an incendiary. A few years ago an attempt was made to burn the house but the fire died out before doing much damage.

An Invitation to Winfield Scott Post.

The following circular, received by the Post Commander, of Winfield Scott Post No. 73, G. A. R., of this city, will explain itself:

HEADQUARTERS WINFIELD SCOTT POST, No. 111, DEP'T PA., G. A. R.
No. 2038 Ridge Ave., Philadelphia, Pa., September 2d, 1887.

COMMANDER, OFFICERS AND COMRADES:

At the regular stated meeting of this Post, held at their hall on Monday Evening, Aug. 22d, it was unanimously passed that this Post extend to Winfield Scott Post, No. 73, of Plainfield, N. J., an invitation to participate with us on the 18th of October, 1887, at the unveiling of the General Meade Monument in this city. We will be glad to have you with us and will endeavor to make your stay with us as pleasant as possible and give you a soldier's welcome. We also expect to have Dupont Post, No. 2, of Wilmington, Delaware, with us. Please let me hear from you and I will give you all particulars in due time.

I REMAIN YOURS IN F. C. L.,
A. L. REIFF,
2513 Front St. ADJUTANT.

Slander.

Among the amusing inaccuracies of the reports given by other papers of Plainfield's great glory and sensation, the following is the New York *Telegram's* description of our proud jail, its imposing site and fascinating surroundings:

"Standing on a country road, just on the outskirts of the city and which leads up a hill and is much used by teamsters and farmers from the surrounding country, is a ramshackle, dilapidated looking structure, whose old bricks are barely hidden by a coating of brown mortar that has evidently been doing duty so long that it feels the need of a change and is dropping off piecemeal.

This building is dignified by the title of police station; but even the name that the average resident gives it—the "lock-up"—is no doubt too good for it. On the ground floor is the examination, or rather court room, for it is the only place that Plainfield has which can be used for such purposes. Another part is taken up with the office of Chief Dodd, of the police force, and then what is left of the ground floor of the twenty by thirty building, which is not much, is occupied by the seven cells, each of which holds one of the accused. The second, which is also the top floor, is tenanted by the keeper's family.

Effie Ellsler.

Effie Ellsler who charmed New York for three years as the local Hazel Kirke, will appear at Music Hall Thursday evening in a somewhat similar role, Bessie Barton, the heroine of Frank Harvey's powerful dramatic play, "Woman against Woman". A great deal of Effie Ellsler's success is due to her womanliness. Her selection of plays is womanly, and appeal directly to women. She dresses, looks and acts womanly. Is it any wonder then that as soon as Effie Ellsler's name is heralded a domestic interest is at once awakened. It is safe to predict that Music Hall will be filled with our best citizens on her appearance here. The sale of seats opened this morning.

The Smith Family Re-union.

The twelfth annual re-union of the Smith family and friends was held in the grove on the farm of Peter Z. Smith, one mile east of Peapack, N. J., today, beginning at 10 a. m., August 31, 1887. An address was delivered at 2 p. m. The German Valley Cornet Band furnished music for the occasion. The invitations were signed by Isaiah Smith, President; Abraham Smith, Vice-President; James C. Smith, Secretary.

Paste This In Your Hat.

This is the only newspaper that has published one single fact or more in the incendiary matter that was not already publicly known.

Our Monday morning's issue contained the whole story of the case before the few that knew it would say a word.

NEW YORK DEMOCRATS

MEETING OF THE STATE COMMITTEE AT SARATOGA.

A Vote Said to Show the Relative Strength of Cleveland and Hill—Date of Convention.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The meeting of the democratic state committee was short, sharp and decisive. There was scarcely a hitch anywhere, the machinery being oiled to perfection. Some wise political prophets gave it out that a contest would arise in some shape between the forces of Cleveland and Hill. Such prophecies, however, were doomed to be negatived in an emphatic manner. A number of prominent politicians were present at the gathering. Among them were:

Ex-Mayor Grace, ex-Sheriff Reilly, ex-Register Reilly, ex-Congressman O'Brien, Judge Muller, law partner of Gov. Hill; Charles F. McLean, ex-police commissioner and nephew of Samuel Tilden; Judge Morris J. Power, county democracy leader; Richard Croker, Tammany leader; John O'Brien, Assemblyman Sheehan, democratic legislative leader of the sesssion of 1887; ex-Senator Creamer, James N. Ridgeway, brother of Kings county's district attorney; James J. Martin, deputy register; Senator Michael C. Murphy, Corporation Counsel O'Brien, Superintendent of Insurance Maxwell, Congressman Tim Campbell, Assemblyman Ed. Moore, of Richmond; District Attorney Martine, William Bourke Cockran, ex-Senator Fitzgerald and several others.

The committee met in the club-room of the Grand Union hotel. Several proxies appeared for state committeemen, among them being Charles F. McLean for ex-Mayor Cooper, and Nicholas Muller, Jr., for his father, Congressman Muller. The only breeze of any particular consequence during the proceedings arose over the filling of the vacancy in the committee occasioned by the resignation of United States district attorney Daniel N. Lockwood, of Buffalo. This gentleman had the honor of nominating President Cleveland in convention for the positions of sheriff, mayor, governor and president.

Mr. Bissel, law partner of Mr. Cleveland, had been selected for the vacancy, but that gentlemen declined the honor. General Peter C. Doyle and assemblyman William F. Sheehan contested for the place. The latter's partner, Mr. F. C. Faber, is a strong candidate for attorney-general. It appears that General Doyle had the indorsement of his local organizations and this proved a "sockdologer" to the ambitious Sheehan. A test vote proved that Doyle had a majority of the committee. Sheehan then did the handsome thing and moved that Doyle be selected for the vacancy. A unanimous vote on that side was the result. Then the committee named Saratoga as the place and September 27, as the date for holding the next December convention. Without further action the committee adjourned until the evening immediately preceding the convention September 26.

It is said by some that the struggle between General Doyle and Assemblyman Sheehan for committee membership was really a test of the relative strength of the Hill and Cleveland forces. That story is not entirely true. White Sheehan is undoubtedly a Hill partisan to the backbone, he is also understood to be friendly to Cleveland. Had a direct issue, however, been raised as to the actual strength of the two factions, it is apparent that the president's friends would have easily won.

The vote on the McKane motion, to table the whole matter as to filling the Lockwood vacancy, stood 13 yeas, 18 nays.

SWEPT BY A HURRICANE.

Four British Steamers Have a Rough Experience.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 31.—A fleet of four British steamships arrived in port from various ports in Spain. All of them encountered the terrible hurricane which resulted so disastrously to the steamer Propitious. The steamers were the Orpington, Capt. Mountain; the Triumph, Capt. Forster; the Ashfield, Capt. Sutherland, and the Kathleen, Capt. Mackay. The Orpington had the roughest experience and suffered the greatest damage. She cleared Aug. 7, and had ordinary weather, somewhat rough, until just after midnight on Thursday, Aug. 25. Then began the hurricane. It lasted 24 hours, and swept away both boats, the boat davits, the chart house, the steering gear, the compass, and the sails. The scenes were indescribable and the atmosphere was so thick that the sky could not be seen. On Saturday, August 27, in latitude 39 deg and 22 min. latitude 71 deg. 20 min. west, a large sailing-vessel painted black and on fire aft was passed. Her mainmast and foretopmast were gone, and the mizzenmast was on fire. The Orpington went close to her but could see no one board. Capt. Mountain states that the vessel could not have lasted much longer, as the fire had a firm hold on her. Boatswain Butler was injured by being knocked down by a heavy sea. The other three boats had exciting experiences. The Triumph lost two boats.

Strikers' Pickets Held for Conspiracy.

BROCKTON, Mass., Aug. 31.—The case against Joseph McLaughlin and Patrick O'Brien, who have been doing picket duty near W. L. Douglas's shoe factory since the strike of the lasters began there, and who were arrested last Saturday charged with conspiracy to injure the business of the proprietor by inducing lasters to stay away from the factory, was brought before Judge Sumner in the police court, and the men were held for the grand jury, each being placed under $1,000 bonds for appearance at the fall term of the superior court at Plymouth.

Bulgaria's Tribulations.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 31.—The *Vorest* says that the porte has accepted Russia's proposal to send Gen. Ernroth as provisional governor of Bulgaria and Eastern Roumelia until a new Sobranje shall legally elect a prince for the Bulgarian throne. The paper adds that the porte is seeking the assent of the powers to the carrying out of the proposals, and that the sultan has guaranteed that Turkey will assist Gen. Ernroth to carry out his mission and supply him with a Turkish army if necessary.

Queen Emma's Officers in Washington.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—A party of Dutch naval officers attached to the Queen Emma, made a formal call on the acting secretary of the navy, Commodore Harmony, and Commander B. H. McCalla, acting chief of the bureau of navigation. They were presented to the secretary of state, who accompanied them to the White House, where they were presented to the president.

A Two-Headed Infant at Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Aug. 31.—Prof. Moses C. White, of the Yale medical school, received from Hayti the embalmed body of a two-headed infant, which lived but 12 minutes after birth.

FAILED FOR OVER A MILLION.

The Big Coal Mining Firm of Hare, Powel & Co. Makes an Assignment.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—Robert Hare Powel & Co., of Huntingdon, Penn., and Robert Hare Powel Sons & Co., of this city, have failed for a million and a half of dollars. These firms are, perhaps, the most prominent in the pig iron industry, having furnaces at Huntingdon with a capacity of 2,000 tons a month, and offices and agents in nearly every large centre in the country. The Powel estate is valued at from $10,000,000 to $20,000,000. The firms were once conspicuous in the mining of bituminous coal, having extensive fields at Tyrone, Penn., on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad.

The assignment was made to the Guarantee trust and safe deposit company, of this city, and a letter setting forth the exact state of affairs was sent to each of the creditors. The firms had limitless credit. Consequently the number of creditors is not large, but the amount due each is enormous.

The indebtedness of the two firms is estimated at $1,578,000, and the assets at $4,000,000.

All sorts of rumors as to the cause of the assignment were current on the streets to-day and there was almost a panic. Some said it was all caused by their dealings with the country banks, which were unable promptly to afford assistance when it was most needed. The real cause of the embarassment is explained in the following circular which the firm issued:

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29, 1887.—The inability of the firm of Charles E. Pennock & Co. to meet its paper maturing to-day, of which we are this morning apprised, has made it necessary for us in the interest of our creditors and ourselves to make an assignment. We have accordingly conveyed our property and claims to the Guarantee Trust and Safe Deposit company of this city. The indebtedness of the two firms is estimated at $1,578,000. The assets are estimated at over $4,000,000. We do this at a time when we might at some loss or risk continue our business, but we believe it wiser to place our affairs in such a shape as to secure not only those to whom we are indebted, but also to ourselves a valuable property. Our object is to secure an extension, and this, if granted, will enable us, we believe, to pay all that is due, principal and interest.

A $50,000 Fire in a Kentucky Town.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 31.—Lebanon, Ky., telegraphed here for aid in fighting a fire, as the town seemed in danger of destruction. Three engines and hose reels were immediately shipped by railroad, but were only a short distance from the city when word was received that the flames were under control. The loss is $50,000. Among the burned buildings is the *Standard-Times* office.

Levanna, Ohio, Almost Destroyed.

LEVANA, Ohio, Aug. 31.—Over twenty dwelling houses, besides the large mill known as the Boyd manufacturing company's works, were burned by yesterday's fire. The town is almost destroyed. Loss, $100,000.

CONDENSED TELEGRAPH NEWS.

The grading of the Red river valley railroad has been completed.

A fire at Lebanon, Ky., destroyed te= buildings. Loss $75,000.

Frank Hurd, of Toledo says he will not be a candidate for congress again.

M. Dubait, editor of the Paris *Nationale*, has challenged M. Claretie to fight a duel.

M. Stambuloff has informed Prince Ferdinand that he will undertake to form a ministry.

The census of Italy, taken last December, shows a population of 29,943,607, an increase of 243,822 since 1885.

The failure of the Faulkner bank at Dansville, N. Y., has brought business in that town to a complete standstill.

The prohibitionists claim that they could control the politics of Dakota if it were admitted to the union as a state.

Orders have been issued opening up to settlement more than 5,200,000 acres of forfeited railroad lands in the west.

Eight sub-commissioners have been appointed in Ireland under the new land act. Four of them are Presbyterians.

One hundred soldiers and 300 policemen are encamped on the O'Grady estates where the tenants are being evicted.

A jury has been obtained in the trial of Gilbert Applegate, one of the sixteen Bald Knobbers indicted for the murder of Green and Edens.

The various telegraph companies have severed their connections with the Chicago bucket shops and have been readmitted to the board of trade.

Yon Phon Lee, Yale, '87, who recently married an American lady of New Haven, has accepted a position on the editorial staff of the New Haven *Register*.

Dr. A. G. Abodelat, one of the board of pension examiners at Lawrence, Kan., has been arrested on the charge of extorting money from claimants.

Albert Muller, a Yale student from Nevada has turned adventurer. He has succeeded in swindling Lawyer Bennett of New York out of $1,000, and a New Haven bookseller has suffered to the extent of $300. He has fled and his whereabouts are unknown.

Prof. Moses C. White of the Yale Medical school has received from Hayti the embalmed body of a two-headed infant, which lived but twelve minutes after birth. The body will be used by the professor in illustrating his lectures before the medical students.

Sam Goins shot and killed Frank Wilson near their homes, fifteen miles from Versailles, Mo. They were neighbors, and both got water from the same spring. Wilson drove Goins' children away from the spring, and the murder was the result.

Charles Zeninger, a train despatcher at Emporia, Kan., lost his young wife recently. Last night he became violently insane and imagined that he had wrecked a train and that a mob sought to hang him. It took several men to subdue him, and he is now a raving maniac.

The czar contracted a cold on his journey between Constadt and Copenhagen and has since suffered from an accute attack of rheumatism in his left shoulder. He was unable to attend church on Sunday. He was confined to his room and was compelled to carry his arm in a sling.

Young Colburn, who found a package of greenbacks in an old feed trough in a tumble-down barn at Dedham, Mass., last week, refuses to disclose the amount of his find. From some careless remarks he has dropped it is believed that the package contained upward of $20,000. It is thought the money once belonged to old "Joe" Haskell, who died several years ago.

The board of stock commissioners of Montana has been furnished with a full account of the outrages of Canadian customs officers in selling American cattle that had strayed across the line. Instances are known where Canadian mounted police have crossed the border to Montana and driven the cattle to the Canadian side, where all trace of them was lost. The matter will be fully investigated and brought before the authorities in Washington.

Stewart Sneckler of Bucyrus, Ohio, promised to take Cora Miller to the militia encampment at Galion, but failed to do so. The disappointment led Cora, who is 21 years old and quite pretty, to commit suicide. She shot herself with a revolver. The bullet entered the left side below the heart, and lodged in the muscles of the back. The girl may die, and young Sneckler says that if she dies he will kill himself.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS.

REMAINING IN PLAINFIELD POST OFFICE FOR WEEK ENDING AUGUST 26, 1887.

Brown, P M S	Irley, Rebecca Miss
Boag, Peter	Kelser, Anner Mrs
Criswell, Minnie Miss	Larkin, May Miss
Davy, Denver	Mahun, Lorens
Demarest, C M Mrs	McLaughlin, John
Finegan, Wm J	Miller, John M D
Horn, Joseph	Peaslee, Anna N Miss
Hallson, Mr	Partington, Walter
Hayward, John H Jr	Quinn, Kittie Miss
Ward, Margaret Miss	

Persons calling for above please say advertised.
W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

NEW YORK MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 and 10.00 a. m.; 2.00 and 5.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—7.30, 9.20, 11.45 a. m.; 2.30, 5.30 p. m.

SOMERVILLE, EASTON, ETC., MAILS.

CLOSE—8.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.
ARRIVE—9.20 a. m. and 6.10 p. m.

SUNDAY MAILS.

Arrive at 5.10 a. m. Office open from 9.00 a. m. to 10.00 a. m. Mail closes at 7 p. m.

Mail for Warrenville closes Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 m.

Post Office opens at 7 a. m. and closes at 7.30 p. m. Saturdays closes at 8.00 p. m. Open every evening until 8.30 p. m., to owners of lock boxes.

Money order office open from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Saturdays to 4 p. m.

W. L. FORCE, Postmaster.

WANTS AND OFFERS.

Advertisements under this heading, one cent for each word, each insertion.

LOST—LIVER-COLORED BROWN SETTER Dog, with ring strap. Return same to owner, corner Central avenue and 8th St.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE, 8 ROOMS, terms reasonable. Inquire 56 E. 5th street, P. O. Box 772. REV. K. P. KETCHAM. 8-30-d2

A GENTLEMAN AND WIFE WOULD TAKE charge of a residence for the Winter. Satisfactory references furnished. Address A. B., box 975, Plainfield.

FOR SALE—A NEW TWO SEAT EXTENSION top Surry, or will exchange for single phaeton. Lock Box 302. 8-30-d2

TRY POND LILY TOILET WASH. FOR SALE by Barbers and Druggists. 8-30-w1

HANDSOME FOUR SEATED EXTENSION TOP phaeton, with harness. Price $150. Address PHAETON, care of DAILY PRESS. 8-30

FOR SALE—TWO SMALL HOUSES. ENQUIRE of THEODORE GRAY. 8-25-tf

TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE ACCOMMODATED with good-sized room and board at 21 Peace street.

FOR SALE—A SECOND-HAND, TWO-HORSE, "Peerless" power. In good order. Sold cheap, for want of use. Apply S. B. WHEELER, Netherwood Farm, Plainfield, N. J. 6-22-tf

A SMALL PLEASANT ROOM TO LET WITH board. Location near depot. Terms reasonable. Private family. Apply, THIS OFFICE.—m10tf

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET TO GENTLEMEN (with or without board) at No. 16 W. Second street. MRS. HANNAH STAATS.—my10tf

FOR SALE—THE LOT SOUTH-EAST CORNER of Jackson avenue and Somerset street, about 160 feet square. For price and terms apply to O'REILLY BROS., Archt's and Storage Warehouse, from 109 to 123 E. 44th street, N. Y. city.—my20tf

MUSIC HALL!

MONDAY SEPTEMBER 5,

THE WORLD'S GREATEST MINSTREL ORGANIZATION,

Thatcher, Primrose & West's.

45 GREAT ARTISTS 45

Attired in the purple and fine linen of royalty, and grouped in the midst of an amazing and unparalleled presentation of Spectacular Grandeur, immeasurably strengthened and perfected for the season. Come and see the revolution in minstrelsy, the instruments and vocalists appearing sans cork. Genuine old-fashioned minstrelsy after first part. New Songs, New Specialties and the funniest after-piece ever produced on the minstrel stage.

THE BLACK ERMINE.

Tickets on Sale at Usual Places, Sept. 31.—8-31-5

CHARLES E. RUNK,

Coal Dealer.

20 NORTH AVENUE

Hard Lehigh Coal from the Lehigh region. Free burning Coal from the Wyoming region. All well screened and prepared. 8-30-y

MUSIC HALL!

SEPT. 1 THURSDAY SEPT. 1.

Grand Opening of the Season. Engagement of

THE FIRESIDE FAVORITE,

EFFIE ELISLER,

Supported by a Powerful Company, under the management of Mr. Marc Klaw, presenting Frank Harvey's Powerful Domestic Story

WOMAN AGAINST WOMAN

Tickets on sale at usual places, Monday, Aug. 29.

TRY OUR

QUEEN and NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

HENRY LIEFKE,

NO. 27 WEST FRONT STREET.

8-16-tf

A Family Gathering.

Have you a father? Have you a mother? Have you a son or daughter, sister or a brother who has not yet taken Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, the guaranteed remedy for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles? If so, why? when a sample bottle is gladly given to you free by R. H. Shaw and the large size costs only 50c and $1.00.

FIRE TAXES.

Notice is hereby given to the taxpayers within the fire limits of the City of Plainfield and the Township of North Plainfield that the Fire Taxes in said district, for the year 1887, are now due and payable; and that if the said taxes be not paid by the 14th day of September next, the names of the delinquents, with their respective taxes, will be returned to Justices of the Peace for Union and Somerset counties for prosecution.

W. K. McCLURE, Treasurer.
Plainfield, Aug. 29th, 1887. 8-30-m1

GREEN'S

Furniture Warerooms

ARE

NOW OPEN!

EVERYTHING NEW.

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.

BED-ROOM SUITS	$16.00
LOUNGES	$ 6.00
BED LOUNGES	$ 7.00
GOOD MATTRESS	$ 3.50

REPAIRING AND UPHOLSTERING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES.

GOODS TAKEN ON STORAGE.

7-25-tf

BARGAINS IN

PIANOS and ORGANS.

FOR 30 DAYS,

AT A. VANDERBEEK'S,

33 PARK AVENUE.

A. WILLETT,

No. 6 Park Avenue,

Has in store a large and well-selected stock of MEN'S, BOYS AND YOUTH'S, LADIES', MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S

SHOES,

From the BEST MANUFACTURERS,

To which he calls the attention of all Shoe Buyers, fully confident of being able to please, both in QUALITY AND PRICE. my10tf

Receiver's Sale of Jewelry.

The subscriber will sell at public auction at the store of A. Moraller, 19 E. Front St., this city,

Tuesday Evening, Aug. 30th,

at 7 o'clock all the Jewelry contained in said store, consisting of Gold and Silver Watches, Bracelets, Rings, Charms, Clocks, etc.

VINCENT W. NASH, Receiver.
August 26th, 1887. 8-26-d4

M. QUINN'S

Storage Warerooms.

Large, Airy Rooms, Well Ventilated and Finished up in First-class Style.

FIRE-PROOF BUILDING.

Separate Rooms for Carriages, Furniture, Sleighs, etc. Warerooms, No. 8 E. Fourth street, near Park avenue.—7-30-tf

YOU CAN'T GET A GOOD CIGAR? TRY DOBBINS' CIGAR STORE,

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT. HE MANUFACTURES THEM HIMSELF.

TELEPHONE CALL 109.

FIELD & RANDOLPH,

PHARMACY

21 WEST FRONT STREET.

(Successors to Wm. H. Voorhees.)

JAMES C. FIELD,

Formerly of Shaw's Pharmacy

L. WARREN RANDOLPH,

Formerly of Reynolds.

Always in stock a fine assortment of

PURE DRUGS, CHEMICALS, TOILET ARTICLES AND DRUGGISTS' SUNDRIES.

OUR

SHERBERT SYRUP,

with or without French Ice Cream, a refreshing drink. The Standard Root Beer for quenching the thirst. All syrups are obtained in Glass Tanks, and are made from Pure Fruit Juices. Personal attention given to compounding physicians' prescriptions. Pharmacy open Sundays from

9 a. m., to 1 p. m.; 4 to 6; 7 to 9 p. m.

For the dispensing of medicines only.

PECK'S CORNER.

AT

PECK'S STORE

YOU WILL ALWAYS FIND

FINE GOODS

AT

POPULAR PRICES.

We have just received a lot of the

GENUINE WIGWAM SLIPPERS

Men's, Women's and Boys' Sizes.

DOANE & VANARSDALE,

SHOE MERCHANTS,

22 WEST FRONT STREET.

10my

P. H. BENNETT,

(Successor to B. H. Bachman)

DEALER IN

BUTTER, EGGS, AND PRODUCE,

MEATS OF ALL KINDS,

Fruits and Vegetables in their Season.

42 PARK AVENUE,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

Goods Delivered to any part of the city. 8-2-tf

J. P. Laire & Co.

GENERAL HARDWARE,

HARNESS AND BLANKETS,

HOUSE FURNISHINGS,

STOVE REPAIRS,

STOVES AND HEATERS,

AS USUAL CHEAP.

10my1y

Music and Sporting Goods.

GO TO

No. 33 Park Avenue

FOR

Musical Instruments

AND

Sporting Goods.

Winchester Repeating Shot Gun,

$20.

LATEST IN THE MARKET.

Children's Wagons and Carts.

A. M. VANDERBEEK & CO.'S.

(Successors to A. Vanderbeek.)

Plainfield, N. J.

my10y1

One Lot of Manufacturers' Remnants of

Victoria Lawns,

2 to 9 Yard Lengths, at

10 CENTS A YARD,

Worth 20c.

One Lot of Ladies'

Fast Black Split Feet Stockings

AT 25 CENTS,

Real Value 50c.

AND MANY OTHER BARGAINS AT

POPE'S!

Headquarters for First-Class Goods.

my10y1

CLEARING-OUT SALE

FOR THE SEASON,

AT

LEDERER'S!

NO. 9 W. FRONT STREET.

GREAT BARGAINS

In Spring and Summer Goods!

I quote no Prices, but I am Selling First-Class Goods Cheaper than any house in this City.

Store open evenings. Do not pay high prices at another store.

Bargains in Every Department.

No Trouble to Show Goods.

I. LEDERER.

my10tf

COLOROW WANTS PEACE

HE HAS GONE BACK TO THE RESERVATION.

The Excitement Has Died Out Among the Indians—Squatters to be Removed—False Reports.

FORT DUCHESNE, Utah, Aug. 31.—Colorow and all his following are now at Ouray agency, fifty miles from Colorado, and manifest a disposition to remain on the reservation. There is no more excitement among the Indians. The militia and cowboys hold 300 horses and 2,000 sheep and goats belonging to Colorow and Chipeta, Ouray's widow. This stock was grazing on the land claimed by Indians as belonging to their reservation, and where they have been permitted by their agent to live for years. Colorado settlers have claimed locations there, and have at last succeeded in driving the Indians away. Colorow has not in this trouble been on the warpath, and has made his way to the reservation, avoiding hostilities as far as possible.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—This telegram has been received from Ouray Agency, Utah:

Colorow and his followers are now at the agency. They say they are not mad, and don't want to fight. They express willingness to remain on the reservation. Major Leslie, who fired on these Indians on the border of the reservation, took possession of and ran off about 300 head of the Indian horses that were grazing on the public lands near the reservation line. The horses were corralled at Rangely, Col., by Major Leslie, who informed Lieut. Harnett that he would hold them until certain Indians were delivered up to him. The cowboys are keeping these Indian horses for their own use. Unless something is quickly done these horses will not be recovered. These Indians, when pursued by Sheriff Kendall, were compelled to abandon 2,000 sheep, besides large herds of goats, which should also be recovered with the horses. The Indians, when attacked in Colorado, were on a peaceful hunting expedition, and they believed that they had a right under the treaty of 1874, to hunt upon these lands in Colorado. Please send authority by telegraph. BYRNES, Agent.

A telegram was sent to Mr. Byrnes telling him to remove from the reservation all persons found thereon contrary to law. The military will be ordered to co-operate with him. A despatch was also sent to Gov. Adams of Colorado requesting him to take all proper measures to restore the property of the Indians to them.

The interior department officials have about settled in their own minds that the war in Colorado is about as one-sided an affair as an attack by bush-whacking cowboys upon a party of Indians could possibly be. Agent Byrnes's telegram, which he says that Colorow has been on the reservation since Aug. 27, has shed some little light upon the methods and purposes of the Colorado people. A Colorado man said here to-day: "The main idea of our people is to get rid of the infernal Indians, and that's why we all rather favor the idea of an Indian war." The department will give Byrnes such powers as will enable him to secure the Indians' property and protect them from the encroachments of the whites.

A telegram from General Terry, dated Chicago, was received at the war department. He suggested that Indian Agent Byrnes be instructed to remove from his reservation all persons who may intrude upon it, and that the military commander at Fort Duchesne be instructed to give him all the assistance he may require. Gen. McFeely, acting secretary of war, submitted this telegram to the president at the cabinet meeting to-day and the situation was carefully consideaed, resulting in telegraphic instructions being sent this afternoon by the president through the interior department to Gov. Adams of Colorado to confine the action of the civil authorities strictly within the limits of the statutes, so as to prevent the sheriff's posse or the militia from crossing the reservation border. Should such precipitate action be taken it is feared that a disastrous outbreak of the reservation Indians would follow, and everything possible will be done to avoid such a result.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., Aug. 31.—The Associated Press despatch of the 29th, saying the whites provoked the present Indian trouble is absolutely false and flatly contradicted at military headquarters. All the Ute bucks have left their reservation. This makes about 600 Indians against 250 ranchmen and state troops now in the field. Gov. Adams is at Meeker, awaiting a conference with Gen. Crook and Colorow. The situation is regarded here as very serious.

PENNSYLVANIA DEMOCRATS.

The State Convention Begins To-day. Randall Said to be on Top.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., Aug. 31.—The democratic state convention is in session here to-day to nominate two candidates and endorse a platform that shall settle the struggle between Sam Randall and the free traders. A delegate said: "Mr. Randall has this convention by the tail, and he can shake out of it any kind of bark he wants."

Mr. Randall will be on the floor of the convention to meet the tariff reform element, and will also be a member of the committee on resolutions from the second senatorial district. The Philadelphia members of the resolutions committee have been practically determined upon. It is believed the delegation stands for Randall 4; for the Singerly-Scott tariff reform plank, 3; doubtful, but probably for Randall, 1.

The fight for members of the resolutions committee was protracted far into the night. The Randall people claim 33 of the 50 members, and the tariff reform people say that the count stands 14 for Randall and the Chicago plank, 23 for an endorsement of the president's views on the platform and 14 doubtful.

Conservative observers say that the figures stand 13 for each of the contesting elements and 12 doubtful. Ex-Mayor Richard Vaux is here with a half and half platform, which he proposes to offer on the floor of the convention as a compromise.

Ex-congressman George W. Post of Susquehana is said to be temporary chairman, and ex-senator S. P. Peal, of Lock Haven, permanent chairman of the convention.

St. Paul's Sympathy with Manitoba.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 31.—E. V. Smalley introduced into the chamber of commerce a resolution expressing sympathy with Manitoba in her efforts to direct her trade in its natural channel toward the Minnesota cities. The resolution will be discussed next week.

An Irish League Meeting at Omaha.

OMAHA, Aug. 31.—A largely attended meeting of the Irish national league of America was held here. Patrick Egan delivered an address, and resolutions were adopted denouncing the proclamation of the league in Ireland, and praising Gladstone and Parnell.

ON THE WAR PATH.

HEALY DENOUNCES BALFOUR AND KING HARMAN.

An Exciting Scene in Parliament—Editor O'Brien's Speech at Dublin—Other Interesting Foreign News.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—In the house of commons in the debate on the vote for the Irish secretary's office. T. M. Healy denounced Mr. Balfour as a Scotchman, ignorant and careless of the duties of his office. He then made a long and violent attack upon Col. King Harman, the under secretary, and was loudly called to order for referring to the under secretary as a convict because he had once been imprisoned for making an assault upon the police at Cremorne. He accused King Harman of inducing *Times* reporters to suppress his admission in the house of commons that he had threatened to kill one Weldon. The chairman reminded Mr. Healy that Col. King Harman was absent. Mr. Healy retorted that he was within call Proceeding, Mr. Healy said that Balfour was a mere shadow but not so King-Harman, who had been hand and glove in Fenianism, had stood for parliament as a home ruler, and had been secretary of the home rule league. He had been informed that the chief secretary's brother, Gen. Balfour, had stated that Arthur had been appointed chief secretary because he despised Ireland. [Parnellite cheers].

The chairman, on an appeal from Mr. Balfour, ruled Mr. Healy out of order. Mr. Healy accepted the ruling, but repeated the allegation amid an uproar on both sides. After denouncing Col. Harman's connection with Orangemen, who, he said, had committed 500 murders to ribbonmen's one. Mr. Healy declared that the parnellites objected to dealing with a secretary "through glass darkly." Since they had to deal with King Harman they preferred to deal with him as chief secretary

At this point Col. King Harman entered the house and for his edification Mr. Healy repeated the charges he had made. He added that his appointment was a disgrace to the government. He was glad, however, to notice that Col. King Harman was abandoning his combativeness. It seemed to have dawned upon him that he was not a minister of the Orange society, but of the people of Ireland. He advised him to sever his connection with Orangemen.

Col. King-Harman here complained of the attacks made upon him in his absence, but the chairman informed him that Mr. Healy desired that he should be called into the house. Continuing, the under secretary said that the Cremorne affair was a boyish escapade. As to the allegation that he had threatened to shool Weldon, he would state that that was an abominable falsehood.

The chairman begged the speaker to be moderate in his language.

Col. King-Harman said he regretted that such a scene had occurred in the house, but the matter touched his personal honor. [Ironical cheers from the Irish benches.]

Mr. Healy, resuming the attack, said he did not blame Col. King-Harman for accepting office, but he blamed the government for appointing a notorious lawbreaker and released convict.

Mr. Balfour testified to the ability, efficiency and industry of Col. King-Harman, and accused the Parnellites of inventing and exaggerating charges against him.

The chairman called Mr. Balfour to order.

Mr. Balfour defended himself against the charges made against him. He said that few chief secretaries had been Irishmen.

Mr. W. H. Smith repeated Mr. Balfour's good testimony regarding Col. King-Harman, and said he hoped the time would soon come when the Irish would cease such personalities, whereupon Mr. Bigger exclaimed: "These remarks come with peculiar force from a vendor of 'Parnellism and crime.'" [Parnellite cheers.]

Healy's motion was negatived—113 to 52.

EDITOR O'BRIEN PRESIDES.

A Large Meeting of the League—Mr. O'Brien Gives Good Advice.

DUBLIN, Aug. 31.—William O'Brien editor of *United Ireland*, presided over the fortnightly meeting of the Irish national league in this city. The meeting was unusually large. A number of Catholic clergymen were present. Mr. Harrington announced that Mr. Charles Augustus Vansittart Conybeare (radical), member of parliament for Northwest Cornwall, and Mr. Charles Ernst Schwann (liberal), member for North Manchester, had joined the league. Mr. O'Brien said that the first branch of the league against which the government should issue a proclamation would hold its meetings with closed doors and refuse to open them for the police, even if they demanded admittance. This would leave the police nothing to do but break their way in if they were determined to enter. As the police would probably resort to this violence, the Central branch of the league would then ask the lord mayor to grant them the use of the city hall, with special police to defend it during league meetings therein. A majority of Dublin city council, as well as the lord mayor, are strong nationalists and leaders in the league.

Affairs in Germany.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—The annual assembly of German Catholics opened at Treves. Three thousand delegates were present. Herr Windthorst, in an address, said that the *entente cordiale* which existed between the pope and the emperor was highly important as indicating a turning point in their relations. He proposed the health of the two potentates. The police order forbidding the socialists to celebrate the death of Ferdinand Lassalle did not have the desired effect, as thousands of the followers of the great labor union organizer made the pilgrimage to Grunau. A row occurred during the day, and several arrests were made by the police.

Advice on the Railroad War.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—The *Standard*, referring to the Manitoba railway trouble, says: "The more clearly the rights of the question are understood the more emphatic will be the opinion here that the Manitobans are trying to derive an unfair advantage from their geographical position. The best prospect for a settlement lies in the direction of a compromise, of which a preliminary ought to be the immediate suspension of operations on the Manitoba railway line. No effort should be spared to conciliate the Manitobans, but they must be made to conform to their duties as British subjects and Canadian citizens."

Canadian Rifle Matches.

OTTAWA, Aug. 31.—The Dominion rifle association matches were begun yesterday. The prizes in the various matches amount to $7,000 in cash besides numerous medals and cups. The weather at the opening was favorable, but later a very tricky wind somewhat baffled the marksmen. The score, however, was very good.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR IN POLITICS

A Full Ticket Will be Put in the Field at Detroit—An Unexpected Element.

DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 31.—It has been definitely settled by the knights of labor to put a full city ticket into the field this fall. The democrats expected to have a walkover in the elections, especially as they have 2,500 recently naturalized Polanders to fall back upon as stupid as horse blocks and completely purchasable because so densely ignorant, but this decision of the workingmen introduces a new and unexpected element into all calculations. At one time the democratic leaders cherished the hope that the summary discharge of republicans and the appointment of a score or more of knights in the customs service by Collector Campau had stemmed the tide, and that the knights would be made to see that their interests lay in the democratic party. The knights, however, wanted to test their strength, as well as to demonstrate their sincerity to their principles, and whether with or without the hope of election, a full line of candidates will be nominated.

This will insure a three cornered fight in the approaching city election here. The knights of labor as made up are fully seven-tenths democrats, so that the determination to nominate a ticket will create no little consternation in the ranks of their old party, and is likely greatly to disturb the calculations of the politicians. Doubtless an effort will be made by both the old parties to capture the assistance of the new party by preliminary dickers or subsequent indorsement, with what success remains to be seen.

Outrages of Canadian Customs Officials.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 31.—The territorial board of stock commissioners has been furnished with a full account of the outrages of Canadian customs officials in insisting on selling American cattle that have strayed across the line. A special messenger was sent for that purpose to Alberta. In several instances cattle that have strayed over the line have been seized and sold illegally. Instances are known where Canadian mounted police have crossed the border into Montana, and driven cattle to the Canadian side, where all traces of the cattle were lost. The matter will be fully investigated and will be brought before the authorities in Washington.

Arrested in Saratoga for Larceny.

SARATOGA, Aug. 31.—R. Starke Battershall of New York, was arrested for grand larceny in having drafts on New York firms endorsed when he knew they would not be honored. He caught a large number of people here, but after his arrest the drafts were made good by his father. Battershall is a clerk in Jones, McCormick & Kennett's office, and he has been living faster than his salary would allow. He has been travelling in good society here and putting on style on money raised in this manner. He gave bail for his appearance before the grand jury.

Gone Mad From Grief.

EMPORIA, Kan., Aug. 31.—Charles Zeninger, train despatcher for the Santa Fe at this place, suddenly went insane. He became possessed of the idea that he had been the cause of a terrible wreck and that a mob sought to hang him. He finally became so violent that it took several men to overcome him and take him home, where he now lives, a raving maniac. About two weeks ago he lost a young and beautiful wife, to whom he had been married about a year, and this is supposed to have preyed upon his mind to such an extent that he lost his reason.

The Chinch Bug in Illinois.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 31.—State Entomologist Forbes says the chinch bug is very destructive in thirty counties. It occurs in large numbers in sixteen others, in moderate numbers in seventeen, and in numbers not especially injurious but sufficient to threaten harm another year in twenty-five, while from thirteen counties it is reported as practically absent.

Cremated in Her Cell.

CLARION, Pa., Aug. 31.—Mrs. Belle Feely, an insane inmate of the county jail was cremated in her cell by a fire which she had kindled with paper torn from the walls. It is thought that she intended suicide.

A Jury for a Bald Knobber.

OZARK, Aug. 31.—A jury has been obtained for Gilbert Applegate, one of the sixteen Bald-Knobbers indicted for the murder of Greene and Edens.

Sporting Gossip.

Rumor has it that Keefe has rheumatism in the arm.

One-armed Daily, of the Clevelands, has the rheumatism.

The Athletics expect to have "Bob" Barr during September.

Boston now realizes that one Kelly cannot win the championship any more than one sparrow makes a spring.

President Von der Ahe says Detroit will win the league pennant, but he will play out the series of games he arranged with Chicago.

Boston's left fielder, Hornung, is doing good work with the stick. He has failed to hit in but twelve of the seventy-four games he has played.

From a raw boned country boy to a first class fielder is one of the feats accomplished by Anson with Sunday, the sprinter of the Chicagos.

Van Haltren wants one more chance to face the Detroits and will stake his reputation on the result. Van has become very merry and is verily itching for work.

Tom Connors, the English wrestler, and Matsada Sorakichi, the Jap, have arranged a match, catch-as-catch-can, for $500 a side, to take place in Pittsburg on September 19.

Jake Kilrain will enjoy the distinction of a farewell testimonial at the academy of music on September 8, before sailing for England. The wind-up will be between Kilrain and Mitchell.

When Harry Wright left Boston after the last visit of his club, he said the Phillies would beat the Bostons out and he was laughed at. The Reds then had a clear lead of seven games. The Phillies seem to be in a good way to make good the prediction.

The "Phillies" have one tie game with New York to play off, but no date has been arranged to play it off. A postponed game with Indianapolis will be played off on September 15, but there is no open date to play off a postponed game with Washington.

Buffalo will very reluctantly release Grant, their colored second baseman. He is a modest fellow and a heavy batter. In Saturday's game against the Torontos he went to the bat four times and made three hits, two home runs and a triple and got a base on balls.

The veteran, Jack Manning, is to be tendered a complimentary benefit on the Boston grounds in the middle of September at which an excellent and attractive programme will be offered. Among those who will be seen again on the diamond are his old comrades, Andy Leonard, Tom Bond, Harry Shafer, Tim Murnan, Lew Brown, Sadie Houck and Dave Birdsall. Manning will retire this season.

Professional Cards.

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Attorney-at-Law.
Master in Chancery. Notary Public. Commissioner of Deeds.
Offices, North Avenue, Opposite Depot. my9

B. FOSGATE, JR.,
Architect,
North avenue, opposite depot.
PLAINFIELD, N. J. 8-27-y1

JACKSON & CODINGTON,
Counsellors-at-Law,
Masters in Chancery, Notaries Public, Commissioners of Deeds, etc. Corner Park avenue and Second street. my10tf

O. L JENKINS, M. D.,
Homoeopathist
(Successor to Dr. South.) 58 East Front street, near Peace. Office Hours—7 to 9 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. my18tf

CRAIG A. MARSH,
Counselor at Law.
Supreme Court Commissioner. Solicitor and Master in Chancery. Notary Public.
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DR. PLATT,
90 Park Avenue, Cor. 6th St.
Office Hours until 10 A. M. 5 till 7 P. M. my9tf

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Sulphur and Vapor Baths,
followed by a thorough rubbing with alcohol. For men only. Hours 8 to 11 a. m.; 1 to 3 p. m. H. HORNISH, 25 W. 2d street, Plainfield, N. J. Refers to Drs. Probasco, Endicott, Fritts, Tomlinson, Judge Suydam and T. S. Armstrong. 5-27-tf

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Undertakers and Embalmers.
58 Park Avenue. Telephone Call No. 40. Residence, 48 Madison Ave. Telephone Call No. 37. Office of Hillside Cemetery.
A. M. Runyon. Elmer E. Runyon. my9tf

FORD & STILES,
Funeral Directors.
and Practical Embalmers. Office, Warerooms and Residence No. 14 E. Front street. Telephone call No. 44.
GEO. C. FORD. my9tf GEO. M. STILES.

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Peace St., opp. North Ave., near Depot, Plainfield, N. J. A large stock of Bedding Plants at Low Prices. my9tf

Central Railroad of New Jersey

Station in New York—Foot of Liberty Street.

Time Table in Effect June 27, 1887.

PLAINFIELD AND NEW YORK.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 7.59, 8.07, 8.23, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a.m. 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.30, 5.54, 6.32, 6.55, 7.02, 8.40, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—3.27, 801, 8.57, 10.33, 11.32 a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.20, 7.28, 9.23 p. m.

Leave New York from foot of Liberty Street, 4.00, 6.00, 7.30, 8.30, 9.00, 10.15, 11.00 a. m., 1.00, 1.30, 2.30, 3.30, 3.45, 4.00, 4.30, 5.00, 5.15, 5.30, 5.45, 6.00, 6.30, 7.00, 7.30, 8.15, 9.30, 10.30, 12.00 p. m. Sunday—4.00, 8.45, 9.00, a. m., 12.00, m., 1.30, 4.00, 5.30, 6.30, 9.30, 12.00, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND NEWARK.

Leave Plainfield 5.43, 6.32, 7.02, 7.30, 8.02, 8.40, 9.52, 10.37, 11.08, 11.42, a. m., 12.33, 1.21, 2.25, 2.57, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, 6.55, 7.02, 8.46, 9.18, 11.16, p. m. Sunday—8.57, 10.33, 11.32, a. m., 1.27, 3.30, 5.16, 7.28, 9.23, p. m.

Leave Newark—6.20, 7.34, 8.35, 9.05, 10.35, 11.00, a. m., 1.05, 1.35, 2.40, 3.40, 4.00, 4.35, 5.05, 5.35, 5.50, 6.20, 7.10, 7.35, 8.20, 9.40, p. m., 12.00 night. Sunday—8.50, a. m., 12.20, 1.45, 4.10, 5.35, 9.15, p. m.

Passengers for Newark change cars at Elizabeth.

PLAINFIELD AND SOMERVILLE.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 7.14, 8.32, 9.21, 11.30, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 3.35, 4.34, 5.16, 5.31, 6.02, 6.38, 7.01, 7.38, 8.05, 8.17, 9.29, 11.45, p. m. Sunday—5.10, 10.14, a. m., 2.45, 5.14, 6.43, 10.45, p. m.

Leave Somerville 6.05, 6.35, 7.00, 7.39, 7.55, 8.15, 9.25, 10.15, 11.15, a. m., 12.55, 2.00, 3.25, 5.00, 5.32, 8.15, 8.40, p. m. Sunday—8.30, 11.05, a.m., 1.00, 4.50, 7.00, 8.50, p. m.

PLAINFIELD AND EASTON.

Leave Plainfield 5.10, 8.32, 9.21, a. m., 2.08, 2.16, 4.36, 5.16, 6.38, p. m. Sunday—5.10, a. m., 6.43, p. m.

Leave Easton 6.55, 8.57, a. m., 12.40, 4.15, 7.00, p. m., Sunday—7.15, a. m., 7.00, p. m.

WESTWARD CONNECTIONS.

LEAVE PLAINFIELD

5.10, a. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg and Mauch Chunk, connecting at High Bridge for Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, etc., daily, including Sundays.

7.14, a. m.—For Flemington.

8.32, a. m.—For High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, Wind Gap, and Mauch Chunk.

9.21, a m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, Williamsport, Tamaqua, Nanticoke, Upper Lehigh, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

2.08, p. m.—For Flemington, Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

3.36, p. m.—For Easton, Wind Gap, Mauch Chunk, Tamaqua, Shamokin, Drifton, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, &c.

5.16, p. m.—For Flemington, High Bridge Branch, Schooley's Mountain, Lake Hopatcong, Easton, &c.

6.02, p. m.—For Flemington.

6.38, p. m.—For Easton, Allentown, Reading, Harrisburg, Mauch Chunk, &c.

Long Branch, Ocean Grove, &c.

Leave Plainfield 3.27, 8.02, 8.40, 11.08, a. m., 1.21, 2.25, 3.51, 5.25, 5.54, p. m. Sundays (except Ocean Grove) 8.57, a. m., 3.30 p. m.

BOUND BROOK ROUTE.

Leave Plainfield for Philadelphia and Trenton, 1.22, 5.10, 8.14, 9.45, 11.44, a. m., 2.16, 3.35*, 6.02*, 8.17, p. m. Sunday—1.22, 5.10*, 9.35, a. m., 6.20, p. m.

RETURNING—LEAVE PHILADELPHIA

Ninth and Green streets, 8.30*, 9.30, 11.00, a. m., 1.15, 3.45, 5.15, 7.00, 12.00, p. m. Sunday—8.30, a. m., 5.30, 12.00, p. m.

From Third and Berks streets, 8.20*, 9.05, 10.30, a. m., 1.00, 3.30, 5.00, 6.00, p. m. Sunday—8.15, a. m., 4.30, p. m.

Leave Trenton, Warren and Tucker streets, 1.25, 5.10*, 10.10, 11.35, a. m., 1.54, 4.15, 5.50, 7.40, p. m. Sunday—1.25, 9.18, 9.40, a. m., 6.15, p. m.

Plainfield passengers by trains marked* change cars at Bound Brook.

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NEW FLANNEL SUITS
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21 East Front street. Parlor, Dining-room and Bed-room Furniture. A Large Stock at New York prices. Call and see for yourselves.—5-23-tf

NEW YORK PASSES CHICAGO.

The Giants and Phillies Both Winners. Summary of Games.

NEW YORK, Aug. 31.—Yesterday's game was a much different one from that of the day before. Both clubs played sharply. Smiling Mickey occupied the box and did himself proud by holding the visitors down to four actual hits. Indianapolis presented a new man, Leitner, who made a most excellent and promising record.

New York	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	—2
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Base hits—New York 10, Indianapolis 5. Earned runs—New York 1. Errors—New York 2, Indianapolis 3.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 31.—The Phillies won another well played game yesterday as follows:

Pittsburg	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	1	0	—4

BOSTON, Aug. 31.—The Bostons were again defeated by Detroit 9 to 8, notwithstanding the local players made 16 hits off Conway to 13 for Detroit off Madden.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The champions took another drop at the hands of the senators who defeated them 7 to 1. All the run making was in the first two innings. Both sides got one man around in the first and Washington made six in the second. Whitney and Van Haltren were the pitchers.

NEW YORK, August 31.—Yesterday's games changed the standing of the league leaders somewhat, although all are in the same positions. Detroit now has a lead of four games won on New York which comes second with 54. Philadelphia and Chicago are tie on games, having won 53 each. New York and Philadelphia having played more games than Chicago are still slightly behind on percentage. The association games were as follows: Cincinnati 7, Athletic 2; Baltimore 8, Cleveland 2; St. Louis 7, Brooklyn 4; Louisville 23, Metropolitan 5. International league—Syracuse 5, Jersey City 2; Newark 1, Wilkesbarre 0; Hamilton 8, Toronto 4.

A Young Girl's Strange Disappearance.

ROCHESTER, N. H., Aug. 31.—This town is in a state of excitement over the mysterious disappearance of Miss Molly Hassey, aged 14. She has been despondent since her mother's death, upon whose grave she has been in the habit of placing flowers daily. She left home for this purpose and has not since been seen. The flowers were found upon the grave, but the girl had disappeared. She was traced to Great Falls depot. Business has been wholly suspended, and the citizens have formed into searching parties and are scouring the country in hopes of finding the missing girl.

Young Women to Play Baseball.

HILLSDALE, N. Y., Aug. 31.—Young women in this part of Columbia county have organized a baseball club and are now busy making handsome uniforms. The prospective players are members of well-to-do families.

Whale Hunters Having Great Luck.

NEW BEDFORD, Aug. 30.—The Arctic whaling fleet is having big success already, and 9,000 pounds of whalebone have been secured. Letters received in this city from San Francisco gave the catch of the fleet up to July 1 as fifty-three whales.

Industrial Items.

The coopers' union will have a national convention in Detroit on Sept. 11.

The Brooklyn central labor union has requested the board of education and the administrators of the Catholic schools to close the schools on labor day.

The executive council of the American federation of labor held a session in Philadelphia yesterday. It was stated that the present membership is over 600,000.

At the last meeting of the Brooklyn Central labor union it was unanimously resolved that no uniformed policeman should be allowed in the park during the picnic on labor day.

Typographia union No. 7, which controls the German compositors of New York, has promised to aid the printing trades in enforcing the nine hour day. No. 7 has already established the eight-hour work day.

The generel executive board of the knights of labor has issued a charter to members of the order employed by the Pennsylvania railroad company, and they have been organized into district assembly No. 12.

No meeting has been arranged at Pittsburg between the wage committee of the window glass manufacturers and the workmen. A manufacturer said that he did not propose to pay the advance and that a strike of employee was practically inaugurated.

The Denver *Labor Inquirer* puts at the head of its editorial page the following: "For president in 1888, any man who will go as a servant to the people and not as their boss, and to understand that poverty can only be abolished by the abolition of the wage system and the inauguration of state socialism.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31. 6 a. m.—Indications for 36 hours covering Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, New York and New England: Fair weather, slightly warmer, easterly [illegible] to southerly, winds.

NEW YORK MARKETS

NEW YORK, August 30.—M[illegible] 5 and [illegible] per cent.

BONDS.

	Closing Yesterday.	To-day.
[illegible]91 reg	108½	[illegible]
1891, coup	10[illegible]	[illegible]
1907, reg	125	6
[illegible]	126	[illegible]

STOCK MARKET.

The latter part of the after[illegible] [illegible]lized by a determined and ex[illegible] upon the market, under which [illegible] point or more in half an hour,

PRICES.

	Closing Yesterday	Closing To-day.
Canadian Pacific	[illegible]	54¼
Chicago, Bur. & Q.	135	135
Central Pacific	37½	—
Del. & Hudson	100½	99¾
Del. Lack. & W.	120½	127½
Erie	[illegible]	24¾
Erie pref	68	66
Lake Shore	[illegible]	91
Louis. & Nash.	6[illegible]	59¼
Michigan Central	—	82
Missouri Pacific	91	91¼
N. Y. & New Eng.	43⅝	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	73¼	7[illegible]
N. Y. Cent. & Hud	10[illegible]	105⅝
Northwestern	113½	112
Oregon Navigation	—	85⅝
Pacific Mail	—	37
Reading	51⅝	[illegible]
Rock Island	125	125
St. Paul	8[illegible]	[illegible]
Union Pacific	53¾	[illegible]
West. Union Tel.	71⅝	[illegible]

PRODUCE MARKET

	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.
W[illegible]	79¼	79¼	80⅝
Corn	49[illegible]	49¼	50⅝
Oats	31[illegible]	31¼	3[illegible]

MERCANTILE EXCHANGE.

Butter—Market quiet. Creamery—Eastern 23a25c.; Western, 22a25c.; Imitation 17a20c. Dairy—Eastern half-firkin tubs, 18a22c.; Western 15a18c. Factory—Fresh, 13a17c.; June packed 16a18c.

Cheese.—Market dull. Factory—New York cheddar, 11¾a12c.; western, flat, 10a10½c. Creamery—New York, part skims, 8a10c.

Eggs.—Market firm. Fresh—Eastern, firsts, [illegible]; Canadian, firsts 16[illegible]a15½c; western, firsts [illegible]6.

"WOMAN'S OPPORTUNITY."

Dr. Talmage Discourses on the Subject of Woman's Rights.

The Home Her Realm and Her Influence Almost as Wide as Eternity—Better be the Queen of Home Than to Wear Victoria's Coronet.

THE HAMPTONS, Aug. 28.—"Woman's Opportunity" was the subject of discourse by Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., to-day; and his text: "So God created man in His own image, the image of God created He him; male and female created He them." Genesis i. 27. Following is the sermon in full:

In other words, God, who can make no mistake, made man and woman for specific work, and to move in particular spheres—man to be regnant in his realm; woman to be dominant in hers. The boundary line between Italy and Switzerland, between England and Scotland, is not more thoroughly marked than this distinction between the empire masculine and the empire feminine. So entirely dissimilar are the fields to which God called them, that you can no more compare them than you can oxygen and hydrogen, water and grass, trees and stars. All this talk about the superiority of one sex to the other sex is an everlasting waste of ink and speech. A jeweler may have a scale so delicate that he can weigh the dust of diamonds; but where are the scales so delicate that you can weigh in them affection against affection, sentiment against sentiment, thought against thought, soul against soul, a man's world against a woman's world? You come out with your stereotyped remark, the man is superior to woman in intellect; and then I open on my desk the swarthy, iron-typed, thunder-bolted writings of Harriet Martineau, and Elizabeth Browning, and George Eliot. You come on with your stereotyped remark about

WOMAN'S SUPERIORITY TO MAN

in the item of affection; but I ask you where was there more capacity to love than in John, the disciple, and Robert McCheyne, the Scotchman, and John Summerfield, the Methodist, and Henry Martin, the missionary? The heart of those men was so large that after you had rolled into it two hemispheres, there was room still left to marshal the hosts of heaven and set up the throne of the eternal Jehovah. I deny to man the throne intellectual. I deny to woman the throne affectional. No human phraseology will ever define the spheres, while there is an intuition by which we know when a man is in his realm, and when a woman is in her realm, and when either of them is out of it. No bungling Legislature ought to attempt to make a definition, or to say: "This is the line and that is the line." My theory is that if a woman wants to vote she ought to vote, and that if a man wants to embroider and keep house, he ought to be allowed to embroider and keep house. There are masculine women and there are effeminate men. My theory is that you have no right to interfere with any one's doing any thing that is righteous. Albany and Washington might as well decree by legislation how high a brownthrasher should fly, or how deep a trout should plunge, as to try to seek out the height or the depth of woman's duty. The question of capacity will settle finally the whole question, the whole subject. When a woman is prepared to preach, she will preach, and neither conference nor presbytery can hinder her. When a woman is prepared to move in highest commercial spheres she will have great influence on the Exchange, and no boards of trade can hinder her. I want woman to understand that heart and brain

CAN OVERFLY ANY BARRIER

that politicians may set up, and that nothing can keep her back or keep her down but the question of incapacity.

There are women, I know, of most undesirable nature, who wander up and down the country—having no homes of their own, or forsaking their own homes—talking about their rights; and we know very well that they themselves are fit neither to vote, nor fit to keep house. Their mission seems to be to humiliate the two sexes at the thought of what any one of us might become. No one would want to live under the laws that such women would enact, or to have cast upon society the children that such women would raise. But I shall show you this morning that the best rights that women can own, she already has in her possession; that her position in this country at this time is not one of commiseration, but one of congratulation; that the grandeur and power of her realm have never yet been appreciated; that she sits to-day on a throne so high that all the thrones of earth piled on top of each other would not make for her a footstool. Here is the platform on which she stands. Away down below it are the ballot-box, and the Congressional assemblage, and the legislative hall. Woman always has voted and always will vote. Our great-grandfathers thought they were by their votes putting Washington into the Presidential chair. No. His mother, by the principles she taught him, and by the habits she inculcated, made him President. It was a Christian mother's hand dropping the ballot when Lord Bacon wrote, and Newton philosophized, and Alfred the Great governed, and Jonathan Edwards thundered of judgment to come. How many men there have been in high political station, who would have been

INSUFFICIENT TO STAND THE TEST

to which their moral principle was put, had it not been for a wife's voice that encouraged them to do right, and a wife's prayer that sounded louder than the clamor of partisanship! Why, my friends, the right of suffrage, as we men exercise it, seems to be a feeble thing. You, a Christian man, come up to the ballot-box and you drop your vote. Right after you comes a libertine, or a sot—the offscouring of the street—and he drops his vote; and his vote counteracts yours. But if in the quiet of home life a daughter by her Christian demeanor, a wife by her industry, a mother by her faithfulness, casts a vote in the right direction, then nothing can resist it, and the influence of that vote will throb through the eternities.

My chief anxiety then is, not that woman have other rights accorded her; but that she, by the grace of God, rise up to the appreciation of the glorious rights she already possesses. This morning I shall only have time to speak of one grand and all absorbing right that every woman has, and that is to make home happy. That realm no one has ever disputed with her. Men may come home at noon or at night, and they tarry a comparatively little while; but she all day long governs it, beautifies it, sanctifies it. It is in her power to make it the most attractive place on earth. It is the only calm harbor in this world. You know as well as I do, that this outside world and the business world is a long scene of jostle and contention. The man who has a dollar struggles to keep it; the man who has it not struggles to get it. Prices up. Prices down. Losses. Gains. Misrepresentations. Gougings. Underselling. Buyer depreciating; salesmen exaggerating. Tenants seeking less rent; landlords demanding more. Gold fidgety. Struggles about office. Men who are in trying to keep in; men out trying to get in. Slips. Tumbles. Defalcations. Panics. Catastrophes. O woman!

THANK GOD YOU HAVE A HOME,

and that you may be queen in it. Better be there than wear Victoria's coronet. Better be there than carry the purse of a princess. Your abode may be humble, but you can, by your faith in God, and your cheerfulness of demeanor, gild it with splendors such as an upholster's hand never yet kindled. There are abodes in the city—humble, two stories; four plain, unpapered rooms; undesirable neighborhood; and yet there is a man here this morning who would die on that threshold rather than surrender it. Why? It is home. Whenever he thinks of it, he sees angels of God hovering around it. The ladders of heaven are let down to that house. Over the child's rough crib there are the chantings of angels as those that broke over Bethlehem. It is home. These children may come up after awhile, and they may win high positions, and they may have an affluent residence; but they will not until their dying day forget that humble roof, under which their father rested, and their mother sang, and their sisters played. Oh! if you would gather up all tender memories, all the lights and the shades of the heart, all banquetings and reunions, all filial, fraternal, paternal, and conjugal affections, and you had only just four letters with which to spell out that height, and depth, and length, and breadth, and magnitude, and eternity of meaning, you would, with streaming eyes, and trembling voice, and agitated hand, write it out in those four living capitals, HOME.

What right does woman want that is grander than to be queen in such a realm? Why, the eagles of heaven can not fly across that dominion. Horses, panting and with lathered flanks, are not swift enough to run to the outpost of that realm. They say that the sun never sets upon the English empire; but I have to tell you that on

THIS REALM OF WOMAN'S INFLUENCE,

eternity never marks any bound. Isabella fled from the Spanish throne, pursued by the nation's anathema; but she who is queen in a home will never lose her throne, and death itself will only be the annexation of heavenly principalities.

When you want to get your grandest idea of a queen, you do not think of Catherine of Russia, or of Anne of England, or Marie Theresa of Germany; but when you want to get your grandest idea of a queen, you think of the plain woman who sat opposite your father at the table, or walked with him arm-in-arm down life's pathway; sometimes to the thanksgiving banquet, sometimes to the grave, but always together—soothing your petty griefs, correcting your childish waywardness, joining in your infantile sports, listening to your evening prayers, toiling for you with needle, or at the spinningwheel, and on cold nights wrapping you up snug and warm. And then at last on that day when she lay in the back room dying, and you saw her take those thin hands with which she toiled for you so long, and put them together in a dying prayer that commended you to the God whom she had taught you to trust—O, she was a queen! The chariots of God came down to fetch her; and as she went in all Heaven rose up. You can not think of her now without a rush of tenderness that stirs the deep foundations of your soul, and you feel as much a child again as when you cried on her lap; and if you could bring her back again to speak just once more your name as tenderly as she used to speak it, you would be willing to throw yourself on the ground and kiss the sod that covers her, crying: "Mother! mother!" Ah! she was the queen—she was the queen. Now, can you tell me how many thousand miles a woman like that would have to travel down

BEFORE SHE GOT TO THE BALLOT-BOX?

Compared with this work of training kings and queens for God and eternity, how insignificant seems all this work of voting for aldermen and common councilmen, and sheriffs and constables, and mayors, and presidents. To make one such grand woman as I have described how many thousands would you want of those people who go in the round of godlessness and fashion, and dissipation, distorting their body until in their monstrosities they seem to outdo the dromedary and hippopotamus; going as far toward disgraceful apparel as they dare go, so as not to be arrested by the police—their behavior a sorrow to the good and a caricature of the vicious, and an insult to that God who made them women and not gorgons, and tramping on, down through a frivolous and dissipated life, to temporal and eternal damnation.

O, woman, with the lightning of your soul, strike dead at your feet all these allurements to dissipation and to fashion. Your immortal soul can not be fed upon such garbage. God calls you up to empire and dominion. Will you have it? O, give to God your heart; give to God your best energies; give to God all your culture; give to God all your refinement; give yourself to Him for this world and the next. Soon all these bright eyes will be quenched, and these voices will be hushed. For the last time you will look upon this fair earth. Father's hand, mother's hand, sister's hand, child's hand will be no more in yours. It will be night, and there will come up a cold wind from the Jordan, and you must start. Will it be a lone woman on a trackless moor? Ah! no. Jesus will come up in that hour and offer His hand, and he will say, "You stood by me when you were well, now I will not desert you when you are sick." One wave of His hand, and

THE STORM WILL DROP;

and another wave of His hand and midnight shall break into midnoon; and another wave of His hand and the chamberlains of God will come down from the treasure-house of Heaven, with robes lustrous, blood-washed and Heaven-glinted, in which you will array yourself for the marriage supper of the Lamb. And then with Miriam, who struck the timbrel of the Red Sea, and with Deborah, who led the Lord's host into the fight; and with Hannah, who gave her Samuel to the Lord; and with Mary, who rocked Jesus to sleep while there were angels singing in the air; and with Florence Nightingale, who bound up the battle wounds of the Crimea, you will, from the chalice of God, drink to the soul's eternal rescue.

One twilight, after I had been playing with the children for some time, I lay down on the lounge to rest. The children said play more. Children always want to play more. And, half asleep and half awake, I seemed to dream this dream: It seemed to me that I was in a far-distant land—not Persia, although more than Oriental luxuriance crowned the cities; nor the tropics, although more than tropical fruitfulness filled the gardens; nor Italy, although more than Italian softness filled the air. And I wandered around, looking for thorns and nettles, but I found none of them grew there. And I walked forth and saw the sun rise, and I said: "When will it set again?" and the sun sank not. And I saw all the people in holiday apparel, and I said: "When will they put on workingman's garb again, and delve in the mine, and swelter at the forge?" but neither the garments nor the robes did they put off. And I wandered in the suburbs, and I said: "Where do they bury the dead of this great city?" and I looked along by the hills where it would be most beautiful

FOR THE DEAD TO SLEEP,

and I saw castles, and towns, and battlements; but not a mausoleum, nor monument, nor white slab could I see. And I went into the great chapel of the town, and I said: "Where do the poor worship? where are the benches on which they sit?" and a voice answered: "We have no poor in this great city." And I wandered out, seeking to find the place where were the hovels of the destitute; and I found mansions of amber, and ivory, and gold, but no tear did I see or sigh hear. I was bewildered; and I sat under the shadow of a great tree, and I said: "What am I, and whence comes all this?" And at that moment there came from among the leaves, skipping up the flowery paths, and across the sparkling waters, a very bright and sparkling group; and when I saw their step I knew it, and when I heard their voices I thought I knew them; but their apparel was so different from any thing I had ever seen, I bowed, a stranger to strangers. But after awhile, when they clapped their hands and shouted, "Welcome! welcome!" the mystery was solved, and I saw that time had passed, and that eternity had come, and that God had gathered us up into a higher home; and I said: "Are we all here?" and the voices of innumerable generations answered: "All here;" and while tears of gladness were raining down our cheeks, and the branches of the Lebanon cedars were clapping their hands, and the towers of the great city were chiming their welcome, we began to laugh, and sing, and leap, and shout: "Home! Home! Home!"

Then I felt a child's hand on my face, and it woke me. The children wanted to play more. Children always want to play more.

MEXICO'S WEALTH.

Facts Showing That Cortez Did Not Find as Much Gold as He Reported.

Though gold in the ore is rich and plentiful in the Mexican country, the inhabitants could not have been aware of any better method of obtaining it than by sifting it from river sands. Notwithstanding his numerous observations of marvelously wrought gold objects in Mexico, Bernal Diaz's own words should establish this fact. Montezuma, he says, informed them that their gold "was obtained from the province of Zacatula, where the earth which contained it was washed in wooden vessels, and the gold dust sank to the bottom." It was also to be had in Tustepec, where it was collected from the beds of rivers." Again, speaking of the expeditions sent out by Cortez in search of mines, he says that Gonzalo de Umbria, who went to Zacatula, reported that "the natives washed gold out of the sand in small troughs."

If this were the only means employed it is improbable that the Spaniards saw it in all the instances and in the great quantity that Cortez and Bernal Diaz describe, and that their statements in this regard are grossly exaggerated is evident from the fact that with the exception of a few small trinkets not a relic of the beautiful things of which they speak remains. Neither do the chronicles record a very great amount actually gathered by the rapacious conqueror, yet all the schemes which his mind could conceive must have been directed to this one object, not for personal greed only, but to meet the expectations of the Emperor, to whom, when he feared that he was to be deprived of his command, he had promised wealth and treasure. Though torture of the most barbaric description were employed to induce the natives to reveal the riches that they were supposed to hide no more were obtained, and in order that the Spanish King and those about him might afterward understand the absence of the treasure in the kind and quantity which he had led them to expect, Cortez cautiously wrote that it was all lost in that disastrous revolution which first drove him from the city.—*Popular Science Monthly.*

POWER OF COURAGE.

An Element That Enables Men to Overcome Troubles and Trials.

Courage is an element in a person's nature that exerts a powerful sway over his life and happiness. Some individuals, at the least obstacle give up and sit down in despondency—fold their hands in despair; while others, apparently in the same circumstances, seem to rejoice in overcoming difficulty, and press ahead with new determination and strength. This difference is natural in a great degree. One sees courage or cowardice developed in children at an early age. Perhaps education has to do with it in some measure, but still it seems as if it were a part of nature. One child will be frightened at a shadow, while another never sees any thing to alarm it, and is as fearless in the dark as in the sunshine. Courage saves one many sad days and gloomy hours. A courageous heart is never borrowing trouble, looking for trials that may not come. "As long as a person keeps his courage up there is hope," said a physician, speaking of one of his patients, who was hovering between life and death. "I never give up a sick person who thinks he is going to be saved; but one who has no courage to live or try to get well—there is not much use in trying to make him well." There was much wisdom in the remark, but sometimes it requires more courage to live than it does to die. Many a person has fought with trials, curses at last, who would gladly have shrunk into the grave in preference to facing the world and keeping on a bold front. To make the best of trials and afflictions and to keep the skeleton of sorrows away from mortal sight, is far better than to escape the grief to the breast and lie down in despair. Always remember that into every life some rain must fall.—*Baptist Weekly.*

Emperor Nicholas' Tips.

The most magnificent visitor ever known in the annals of the English court was the Emperor Nicholas, who, when he was here in 1884, left $2,000 to be distributed among the servants at Windsor Castle, while the housekeeper there was given a parure of diamonds worth £1,000. The six Lords who were in waiting during his visit each received a splendid gold snuff-box with the Emperor's portrait set in diamonds; each equerry and the grooms in-waiting got a similar snuff box with the Imperial Majesty's cipher in diamonds; a bushel of rings, watches and brooches were distributed among minor functionaries. £2,800 was given in charity, and $500 for the cup at Ascot, which was continued annually for ten years.—*London World.*

—"Say," said Berkley to his wife yesterday at dinner, "you didn't say anything to any one about what I was telling you night before last, did you? That's a secret." "A secret? Why, I didn't know it was a secret," she replied kind of regretfully. "Well, did you tell it? I want to know." "Why, no. I never thought of it since. I didn't know it was a secret."—*Newport (Ky.) Journal.*

—Old lawyer—"I don't like that case and am sorry you took hold of it." Young lawyer—"Oh! it's all right. We'll win." "Have you arranged for the witnesses?" "No, but I've arranged for the jury."—*Omaha World.*

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Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Color, etc.

MACHINERY OILS

OF ALL GRADES.

10 PARK AVENUE. 7-11-tf

REYNOLDS' PHARMACY.

Cor. Park and North Avenues, near R. R. Station. (Established 1868.)

Only the highest grades of Drugs and Chemicals obtainable are used in this Pharmacy. I neither buy nor sell "CHEAP DRUGS."

SUNDAY HOURS.

Reynolds' Pharmacy is open on Sundays for the dispensing of Medicines and Prescriptions.

AND FOR NO OTHER TRAFFIC.

Hours—9 to 1; 3 to 6; 7 to 9.

A Registered Dispenser always in attendance. my10tf

VOEHL'S QUEEN BREAD

Should be tried. Ask your grocer for it, and also try our unequalled

NEW ENGLAND BREAD.

None of the latter is genuine except bearing our label.

Also a variety of Cake made out of the best materials.

Thankful for past favors we solicit the continued patronage of our friends.

J. VOEHL. H. A. VOEHL.

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FLEMING & ANGLEMAN,

24 NORTH AVENUE,

First-Class Market,

Where can be found a full line of all kinds of Fresh, Salt and Smoked Meats. Special attention given to Poultry, Vegetables and Fish. Having the largest stock in the city we intend to moopete as near as possible with New York Market Prices. We solicit a call that we may convince that we *do* sell CHEAPER than anyone in Plainfield. Telephone No. 30. 5-25-tf

L. HEYNIGER,

65 & 67 SOMERSET STREET,

Dealer in Flour, Feed, Baled Hay, Etc.

ROSE, WINTER KING,

PILLSBURY & BONNY FLOUR.

WOODENWARE

Etc., at less than New York Prices.

PURE FEED, WINTER BRAND,
PURE CORN MEAL, CLIPPED OATS,
BARLEY OATS, NO 2 OATS,
JERSEY OATS.

All pure goods at popular prices.

Telephone Call 113. mylotf

Branch Store, No. 9 North avenue. Telephone call 39 B. Orders will receive prompt attention.

John A. Thickstun,

DEALER IN

BEST QUALITIES

COAL, WOOD,

AND

BLUESTONE

YARD—Cor. Third street and Madison ave.

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We will close out our immense line of

ALL WOOL

PANTALOONS

AT

$2 and $2.50.

FINER GRADES

AT

$3.50, $4 and $5.

To make room for our Fall stock.

SCHWED BROS.,

NO. 7 EAST FRONT ST.

my.0

NOTICE!

We would call the attention of our patrons to the Gas Cooking Stoves made by the American Meter Company. We have no hesitation in saying that these Stoves perform all the operations of cooking in the most satisfactory manner; in fact for broiling and baking they are more efficient than the best coal range. We offer these stoves to our consumers at cost—that is 25 per cent. less than the list price—and will furnish a separate meter for each stove and make special rates for the gas so used, so that the cost will compare favorably with the use of coal. We also rent the Stoves on moderate terms. A kitchen may be kept comparatively cool and comfortable in warm weather by using a Gas Stove, for it is evident that as soon as a meal is cooked the gas may be turned off and the Stove will cool rapidly. A number of the Stoves are already in use in Plainfield, and we hear nothing but good reports from them. You are invited to inspect the Stoves at the Company's Office, corner of Fourth and Washington streets. Any one desiring to test the capacity of a Stove may bring articles to be cooked, and the gas for such tests will be furnished without charge.

THE PLAINFIELD GAS LIGHT CO.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co.

OFFICE—35 and 37 NORTH AVENUE, Opposite R. R. Station.

(MULFORD'S REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

LIGHTING STATION—Madison Avenue

LIGHTING BY INCANDESCENCE,
For STORES, OFFICES AND BUSINESS PURPOSES.
For PUBLIC BUILDINGS, CHURCHES, &c.
And for DOMESTIC LIGHTING.

NO HEAT. NO VITIATED ATMOSPHERE.
NO SMOKE.
NO FIRE. NO TARNISHED GILDINGS.
NO MATCHES. NO BLACKENED CEILINGS.

Houses can be wired without defacement to walls and ceilings. Existing gas fitting can be used.

The Plainfield Electric Light Co. keep a staff of expert wiremen, and do all wiring at *cost*.

DOMESTIC RATES:

1st	Lamp,	$8 00	Per Annum.
2d	do.	7 00	do.
3d	do.	6 00	do.
4th	do.	5 00	do.
5th	do.	4 00	do.
6th	do.	3 00	do.
7th	do.	2 00	do.

And all additional Lamps at $2 00 per annum each.

The extension of the Incandescent lines will be made at once, and an addition made to capacity of Station.

The Company are now making contracts for lighting, in order to have the wiring completed concurrently with the extensions.

See Crescent Avenue Church: The Company's Office, opposite the Depot; also Private Show Parlors at Green's Furniture Store.

Hotel Netherwood.

ONE OF THE MOST HEALTHFUL AND CONVENIENT RESORTS. FOR TERMS ADDRESS

FRANK E. MILLER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO DRIVING, LUNCHEON AND DINNER PARTIES.

5-28-m3

FORCE'S HOTEL.

NORTH AVENUE, NEAR R. R. DEPOT.

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

JAMES H. FORCE.....Proprietor.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

Transient Guests taken at Reasonable Rates.

E. P. THORN,

No. 17 Park Avenue,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Wines, Liquors, Ales, Beers, &c.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC SEGARS.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge. my10y1

Laing's Hotel!

J. B. MILLER & BRO.,

Proprietors,

FRONT ST., opposite MADISON AVE.,

PLAINFIELD, N. J.

A First-Class Family Resort.

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Van Depoele Electric Motors

—AND—

ELECTRIC Railway SYSTEM,

OPERATING MORE ELECTRIC RAILWAYS THAN ALL OTHERS IN THE WORLD.

We Furnish Electric Motors

—FOR ANY ELECTRIC SYSTEM AND FULL—
—OUTFITS OF GENERATORS, MOTORS,—
—ETC., FOR ELECTRIC POWER—
—STATIONS.—

Our Railway System Embraces

—EITHER OVERHEAD, UNDERGROUND—
—OR SURFACE CONDUCTORS, AND—
—IS PROTECTED BY OVER—
—THIRTY PATENTS IN—
—THE U. S.—

Are Ready to Make Estimates

—FOR THE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—
—OF STREET RAILWAYS AND TO—
—CONTRACT ON BASIS OF—
—ESTIMATE.—